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MIRROR

OF

PARLIAMENT.

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THE

MIRROR

OF

PARLIAMENT.

FOR

THE FIRST SESSION OF THE
THIRTEENTH PARLIAMENT OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

IN THE

FIRST AND SECOND YEARS OF THE REIGN OF QUEEN VICTORIA,

APPOINTED TO MEET NOVEMBER 15. 1837, AND FROM THENCE
CONTINUED TILL AUGUST 16. 1838.

EDITED BY

JOHN HENRY BARROW, Esq.

BARRISTER AT LAW

SECOND SERIES,

COMMENCING WITH THE REIGN OF QUEEN VICTORIA.

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1838.

HOUSE OF LORDS, SABBATI, 4° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838.

APPEALS.

Irvine (or Douglas) *v.* Kirkpatrick. — Respondent ordered to answer peremptorily in a week.

The EARL of SHAFTESBURY sat Speaker.

House adjourned during pleasure, and resumed by the LORD CHANCELLOR.

COMMISSION.

The following Bills received the Royal assent: — Merger of Tithes Extension; Prisons (West Indies); Conveyances of Estates; Local Commissioners' Relief; Turnpike Acts Continuance; Gibraltar Lighthouse; Arms and Gunpowder (Ireland); Turnpike Acts Continuance (Ireland); Dublin Police; Entails (Scotland).

INSANE PERSONS (ENGLAND) BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), and passed.

LIVERPOOL CLERGY ENDOWMENT BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

COUNTY OF CLARE TREASURER BILL.

Read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House on Monday next.

COAL TRADE (PORT OF LONDON) BILL.

Read a third time (according to order); amendments made; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

RECOVERY OF TENEMENTS BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), with the amendment; Bill *passed, and* sent to the *Commons.*

PUBLIC RECORDS BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), with the amendments; another amendment made; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

Message from the Commons, for a conference upon the subject matter of the amendments made by their Lordships to the Bill; on motion, agreed to, and a present conference appointed; and messengers again called in, and informed thereof; managers named; House informed, that the managers were ready for the conference; conference had accordingly; and Report made, that the Commons had delivered a paper, agreeing to some and disagreeing to others of the Lords' amendments, and also containing amendments to the amendments of this House, with their reasons thereupon, together with the Bill. — The said amendments and reasons to be printed, and to be taken into consideration on Tuesday next, and the Lords summoned.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

Order of the Day for receiving the Report of the amendments, and the Lords summoned, read. — Amendments reported accordingly; and Bill to be read a third time on Monday next, and the Lords summoned.

COPYRIGHT BILL.

House in committee (according to order); Bill reported, without amendment; and to be read a third time on Monday next.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

LORD FITZGERALD and VESCI presented a petition against parts of the *measure,* — of Protestant clergymen of the united dioceses of Killaloe and Kil-

fenora. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

GRAND JURY CESS (IRELAND).

LORD FITZGERALD and VESCI presented a petition of Jeffries Kingsley, lieutenant half-pay Third Dragoons, praying that some method may be adopted for better equalising the taxes which are applotted by the grand juries. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

PARLIAMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

The EARL of CHICHESTER presented a petition against, — of the provost, baillies, and others of Greenock. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

MAILS ON RAILWAYS BILL.

The EARL of CHICHESTER presented a petition against, — of the Glasgow, Paisley, and Greenock Railway Company. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

LORD BROUGHAM presented a petition for the prevention of, — of the Kendal Church Missionary Association. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

POOR LAWS AMENDMENT ACT.

The EARL of CHICHESTER presented a petition of labourers of Warbleton, complaining of many parts of the Act, and praying relief. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Recommitted to a committee of the whole House on Monday next, and the Lords summoned.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

IDOLATRY (INDIA).

Petition from Allonby, against the interference of British functionaries. — To lie on the table.

VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.

Reported; to be read a third time on Monday next.

AFFIRMATIONS BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

BANK OF IRELAND REPAYMENT BILL.

Reported; to be read a third time on Monday next.

PENSIONS BILL.

Reported; to be read a third time on Monday next.

MESSAGE TO ATTEND THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS.

The House went; and, being returned, Mr. Speaker reported the Royal assent to sundry Bills; for particulars of which see Lords' Report.

MILITIA PAY BILL.

Reported; to be read a third time on Monday next.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

Reasons reported, and agreed to; conference to be desired *with the Lords.*

SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL.

Read a second time, and committed for Monday next.

MESSAGE FROM THE LORDS,

That they have agreed to — Insane Persons (England) Bill; Liverpool Clergy Endowment Bill, without amendment; Coal Trade (Port of London) Bill; Advocations (Scotland) Bill; Recovery of Tenements Bill, with amendments.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

LORD VISCOUNT MORPETH appeared at the bar, and reported that, having been with the Lords to desire a conference on the subject matter of the amendments made by their Lordships to the Bill intituled "An Act for the Regulation of Municipal Corporations and Borough Towns in Ireland," the Lords do agree to a conference, and appoint the same immediately, in the committee room No. 5.

Ordered, That the committee who were to draw up reasons, to be offered to the Lords, at a conference, for disagreeing to certain of the said amendments, do manage the conference; and the names of Lord Seymour, Sir Hussey Vivian, Mr. John Parker, Mr. Robert Steuart, Mr. Edward John Stanley, Sir Thomas Troubridge, Mr. Yates, Mr. Serjeant Talfourd, Sir Charles Lemon, and Mr. Pendarves were added to them.

Then the names of the managers were called over, and they went to the conference; and, being returned, Lord Viscount Morpeth reported, that the managers had been at the conference, which was managed, on the part of the Lords, by the Earl of Shaftesbury; and that they had delivered the reasons for disagreeing to the said amendments; and had left the Bill and amendments with their Lordships.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES).

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER having moved the Order of the Day for bringing up the Report on the resolutions on tin duties, the said resolutions were reported accordingly; viz.,—

1. That the duties of customs payable on the importation of tin and tin ore shall cease, and, in lieu thereof, the following duties shall be paid, that is to say: —

	£	s.	d.
Tin, the cwt. . . .	0	15	0
Tin ore, for every 100*l.* of the value	10	0	0

2. That the duties payable on the coinage of tin in the counties of Cornwall and Devon shall be abolished.

3. That, in lieu of the coinage duties on tin in the counties of Cornwall and Devon, the commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury be authorised to direct the issue to her Majesty, or the personage entitled to the revenues of the duchy of Cornwall, of an annual sum out of the consolidated fund, equal to the net average annual amount of the said coinage duties.

4. That the commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury be authorised to make compensations, out of the consolidated fund, to all officers and others employed in relation to the said coinage duties, for any loss they may sustain by the abolition thereof.

Motion made, and question proposed, "That the said resolutions be now read a second time."

Mr. HUME. — I beg leave to protest against these resolutions, which I hold to be, to a certain extent, extremely objectionable in principle. I object to them, because the practical effect of these resolutions must be, to authorise the tin proprietors of Cornwall to rob the Exchequer for their own private benefit. I complain that this subject has been brought in irregularly at a late hour of the night, and at a period of the Session when almost every Member of Parliament has left town. I did not, myself, leave the House, last night, till after twelve o'clock. The resolutions were not brought in then, and must have been smuggled in afterwards, when scarcely a soul was in the House. I, and others, have been most anxious to obtain an account of the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall and of the Duchy of Lancaster. That account has been long promised, but has never been presented till last night, when it was given in along with these resolutions. For my own part, I do not object to the reduction of the duty on foreign tin from 20*s.* to 15*s.*; but I do object to our paying to the Crown, out of the consolidated fund, *the amount of the duty so* reduced. I say, I denounce these resolutions as one of the most astonishing and audacious robberies of the Exchequer which I have ever known to be proposed. The Chancellor of the Exchequer ought to be ashamed of sanctioning it. Dark as the night is, these resolutions are much blacker; and they were, therefore, very properly brought in after midnight. If the Chancellor of the Exchequer had not broken his solemn word to me and to the House, or if he had laid these papers on the table at an earlier period of the Session, everybody would have voted for sending them for examination to a select committee. I move, as an amendment, that the Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER. — However fairly I might be tempted, by the conduct and example of the Honourable Member for Kilkenny, to apply language to him as strong as that which the Honourable Member has applied to me, I know too well the respect due to the usages of the House, to the usages of society, and to the feelings of gentlemen, to follow such a course. The course which the Honourable Member has just adopted only proves that which was before well known, namely, that the Honourable Gentleman's want of sensibility to the effect of the language which he uses, and of the attacks which he makes, is such as almost to discharge those against whom his invectives are levelled from the necessity of meeting them,—inasmuch as they cannot hope that any refutation will convince his understanding, or that any force of reproof will produce a salutary effect upon his conduct. I wish, however, that the House would decide, in the capacity of jurors, between the Honourable Member for Kilkenny and myself. The Honourable Member has stated that, at twelve o'clock on Friday night, I, in submitting these resolutions to a committee of the whole House, perpetrated an act as black as the blackness of the night. Now, I wish to call the attention of the House to the principle on which these resolutions are founded. I will undertake to show, first, that these resolutions do not emanate from Government, and that the House has not been taken by surprise with them; and, next, that they are neither unjust to the Exchequer, nor advantageous, unduly, to the Crown. The resolutions, or rather the proposals, which contained the germ of them, came from a public meeting held in the county of Cornwall, some time before the meeting of Parliament, and

were urged on the attention of her Majesty's Government by a Noble Lord who does not agree with me in politics, when the settlement of the Civil List was under consideration. Her Majesty's Ministers, on that occasion, told the tin proprietors of Cornwall that, if they wished to be relieved from their local burdens, they must meet the public, from whom that relief must come, by acceding to a remission of duty on the importation of foreign tin. Government engaged that the duty on tin should be reduced, granting compensation, at the same time, to all parties whose interests would be injured by the change. That pledge they now redeem; and this measure they propose to accompany with a reduction of the duties on foreign tin, to such an extent as, by admitting a considerable quantity into the country, will replace to the revenue the loss arising from the alteration here suggested. There will, therefore, be obtained for the public the repeal of obnoxious duties, materially interfering with a branch of domestic industry; and the substitution, for a prohibitory duty on foreign tin, of one which will prove a productive duty, or which, if it should not, must be made so. The measure was announced as in contemplation months ago; it has been long considered and discussed; it was known that it would be introduced this Session; yet the Honourable Member affirms that the House has been taken by surprise. With respect to the promised account of the income and expenditure of the Duchies of Cornwall and Lancaster, it was made out immediately on the close of the first year since the accession of the Sovereign, and is now on the table. As to the condition of their revenue during his late Majesty's reign, I have distinctly stated, when the subject was before Parliament, that I would not attempt to interfere in any manner with what was then the private property of the Crown. According to the terms of the resolution, compensation will be given to those employed in the collection of the tin duties, and to no other functionaries. It would be most unjust and unworthy of Parliament to deprive of their due those persons against whom the Honourable Member—as far as his small powers will go—has endeavoured to excite public odium.

SIR CHARLES LEMON. — I beg leave to confirm, in every point, the statement which has just been made by the Right Honourable Gentleman the Chancellor of the Exchequer. I beg to assure him that I am obliged by the candid statement he has made, and that I shall cordially support the resolutions which he has proposed.

LORD ELIOT. — I also beg to repeat all that the Honourable Baronet has just said, and to add that the Right Honourable Gentleman has treated this subject (which is one of vast importance in a commercial point of view) with perfect candour and fairness.

Question proposed, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the question." Amendment, by leave withdrawn; main question put, and agreed to; resolutions read a second time, and agreed to; Bill ordered to be brought in by Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer and Mr. Baring.

WAYS AND MEANS.

Resolutions reported: —

1. That, towards making good the supply granted to her Majesty, there be issued and applied the sum of 151,780*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*, being the surplus of ways and means granted for the service of any preceding years.

2. That, towards raising the supply granted to her Majesty, the sum of 11,044,550*l.* be raised by Exchequer bills, for the service of the year 1838.

3. That, towards making good the supply granted to her Majesty, the sum of 5,570,000*l.* be issued out of the consolidated fund of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the service of the year 1838.

Resolutions agreed to; Bill on the first and third resolutions ordered to be brought in by Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer and Mr. Baring; Bill on the second resolution ordered to be brought in by Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer and Mr. Baring.

CONSOLIDATED FUND BILL,

"To apply a Sum out of the Consolidated Fund, and the Surplus of Ways and Means, to the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight." — Presented, and read a first time; to be read a second time on Monday next.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL,

"For the Abolition of the Duties payable on the Coinage of Tin in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, and for giving Compensation in lieu of such Duties, and to reduce the Duties of Customs payable on Tin." — Presented, and read a first

time; to be read a second time on Monday next, and to be printed.

EXCHEQUER BILLS BILL.

"For raising a Sum of Money by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight."— Presented, and read a first time; to be read a second time on Monday next.

ANSWER TO ADDRESSES

For papers (28th and 30th July, and 3d of August) reported.

RETURNS, &c.

Western Australia. — Returns presented, of extracts of a Statistical Report which accompanied Sir James Stirling's despatch of 15th of October, 1837; and copy of a despatch from the Governor of Western Australia to Lord Glenelg, dated 3d of December, 1837 (address, 26th of June and 3d of August).

Foreign Slave Trade. — Copy presented, of a memorial to the Queen from the Assembly of Jamaica (address, 3d of August).

Promulgation of the Statutes. — Copy presented, of the scheme of distribution under the order of the House (ordered 27th of July).

To lie on the table.

Liverpool Port (Post Office Packets). — On the motion of LORD VISCOUNT SANDON, a copy was ordered —

Of the memorial of certain merchants and tradesmen of Liverpool, to the Treasury, respecting their claims upon the late agent for the Post Office packets at that port, and of any Treasury minutes made in reference to such transactions.

Private Business Committee. — Power to report observations, together with minutes of evidence.

Report brought up, and read. — To lie on the table, and to be printed.

ROYAL EXCHANGE REBUILDING BILL. — HACKNEY CARRIAGES (METROPOLIS) BILL. RECOVERY OF TENEMENTS BILL.

Lords' amendments to these several Bills to be considered on Monday next.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF LORDS, Lunæ, 6° die Augustii, 1838.

APPEALS.

Fraser *v.* Gordon. — Petitions of the appellant and respondent for further time to lodge cases. — Severally read, and referred to the Appeal Committee.

Sir J. G. Craig, Bart. *v.* Sir T. J. Cochrane. — Leave for a recognisance to be entered into for the appellant.

Forbes (pauper) *v.* Wilson; Horne *v.* Mackenzie. — Petition of the appellants for further time to lodge cases. — Read, and referred to the Appeal Committee.

LETHBRIDGE'S DIVORCE (INDIA) BILL.

Returned from the Commons, agreed to; and the depositions transmitted from India communicated to the Commons (pursuant to the message of the 25th of July last) returned.

DUKE OF HAMILTON AND BRANDON'S ESTATE.

Returned from the Commons, agreed to.

PRISONS BILL.

The Earl of Shaftesbury presented a petition against the clause limiting the number of persons entitled to receive religious instruction, — of the deputies from the several congregations of Protestant Dissenters of the three denominations, Presbyterian, Independent, and Baptist, within twelve miles of London. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

POSTAGE.

The Marquess of Salisbury and the Marquess of Lansdowne presented petitions for reduction of the rate of, — of the dean and faculty of procurators in Glasgow: and of inhabitants of Adlingfleet; Lochwinnock; and Teigh. — Read, and ordered to lie *on the table.*

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

The Bishop of London, the Earl of Roden, the Earl of Chichester, the Earl of Ripon, and the Earl of Lichfield presented petitions for the prevention of, — of members of the United Church of England and Ireland of Eastersnow: of officers and committee of the Derby and Derbyshire Church Missionary Association: of dissenting congregations of Colchester; Brighton; Ipswich; Northampton; Ripon; Sutton-upon-Trent; Eastbourne and Hellingby; Oldham and Middleton; and Chelmsford: of inhabitants of Ferry-Fryston; Bury St. Edmonds; Thetford; and Bourn: and a petition of persons signing. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

The Bishop of London presented petitions against, — of the bishop and clergy of the diocese of Elphin; and of clergy of the united dioceses of Cork, Cloyne, and Ross. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

CUSTOMS BILL.

Read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

ESTABLISHED CHURCH (IRELAND).

The Bishop of London presented a petition for the support and protection of, — of clergy of the diocese of Limerick. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

STAMP DIES BILL. — VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.

Brought from the Commons; read a first time, and to be printed.

PENSIONS BILL.

Brought from the Commons; read a first time; to be printed, and to be read a second time on Thursday next.

BANK OF IRELAND REPAYMENT BILL. — MILITIA PAY BILL.

Brought from the Commons, and read a first time.

OATHS' VALIDITY BILL.

Returned from the Commons, agreed to, with amendments.

FISHERIES (IRELAND) BILL. — TURPENTINE PENALTIES BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to.

RECOVERY OF TENEMENTS BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendment agreed to.

AFFIRMATION BILL.

Returned from the Commons, agreed to.

BEER ACT.

LORD SEGRAVE. — I beg leave to present a petition from the Grand Jury for the county of Gloucester, assembled at the summer assizes, 1838, for the repeal of the Beer Act, the operation of which, by permitting beer to be consumed on the premises, they describe as having been most mischievous. All the petitioners are magistrates of the county of Gloucester, and amongst them are the two chairmen of the quarter sessions. In the statements contained in this petition I most fully concur.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I am extremely glad that the Noble Lord has expressed his opinion on this subject, and given the sanction of his authority to the necessity of altering the existing law.

Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

COPYRIGHT BILL.

On LORD BROUGHAM moving the Order of the Day for the third reading of this Bill, —

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE said: — I was not aware that this Bill had arrived at the present stage. It has not yet been discussed, and I hope the Noble and Learned Lord will allow it to stand over for a day or two, in order that your Lordships may make yourselves acquainted with its details.

LORD BROUGHAM. — The Bill is so unexceptionable in its provisions, that I cannot anticipate any objection to it. It steers perfectly clear of the great objection which was made to the measure introduced elsewhere — namely, that of extending property in copyright to a term of sixty years, while it provides that an author or his assignees may appeal for an extension of the existing term.

The third reading was then postponed till to-morrow.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

The EARL of RODEN presented a petition of George Hoyte, Sir Nicholas William Brady, Knight, John Drummond, Charles Carolin, and Sir Richard Baker, Knight, being the junior aldermen of the honourable the corporation of Dublin, praying for compensation in the event of the Bill passing into a law. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

The EARL of RODEN presented petitions against, and for protection of their rights, — of the lord mayor, sheriffs, commons, and citizens of the city of Dublin; and of the corporation of shoemakers or guild of the Blessed Virgin Mary, Dublin. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

MAYNOOTH COLLEGE.

The EARL of RODEN presented a petition against any further grant of money for the support of, — of inhabitants of Bath. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

FINES AND RECOGNISANCES (IRELAND) BILL.

House in committee (according to order); amendments made; the Report thereof to be received to-morrow; and Bill to be printed, as amended.

COUNTY OF CLARE TREASURER BILL.

House in committee (according to order); amendment made; the Report thereof to be received to-morrow.

SHIP VIXEN.

The EARL of RIPON. — I beg leave to present a petition from Mr. George Bell, merchant; Mr. Alexander James Polden, and Mr. Thomas Morton, shipowners, all of Fenchurch Street, London. Of one of these individuals, Mr. George Bell, your Lordships have probably heard, in connection with a transaction that occurred some time ago, when a British ship (the Vixen) was captured and condemned by a foreign power, respecting which proceeding certain papers were laid before this House. The petitioners complain that they have suffered great loss and hardship in consequence of the seizure of the vessel, of which they are proprietors. They state that the ship was off the coast of Circassia when she was taken by a Russian vessel of war and carried to Sebastopol, where she was condemned, not on the ground of having broken a blockade, but because, as was alleged, certain quarantine or customs regulations had been infringed. The petitioners allege they have endeavoured to procure justice from the Russian Government, in vain; and that their application for redress to the Government at home has equally failed: and they further allege that they were induced, to a certain degree, to take this voyage, which has been productive of the most disastrous results to them, in consequence of the course pursued by my Noble Friend at the head of the Foreign Department. They therefore call for inquiry into the facts of their case, and pray your Lordships to grant them such redress as you may think proper. It is not my intention, at this late period of the Session, to raise a question of such grave importance as is connected with the transaction out of which this petition has arisen. I do not mean to make any observations on the subject, or to offer an opinion as to the accuracy *of the facts stated in the petition, neither shall I hold myself bound* to bring forward the question at any future period; but I must say that the state of our commercial relations with the east of Europe, with Asia Minor, and with Persia, is such as to require the most careful and vigilant attention on the part of Government.

Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

CANADA.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I beg to ask the Noble Lord the Secretary for the Colonies, when the Canada papers, including the proclamations and ordinances issued by the Governor, which have been moved for, will be produced?

LORD GLENELG. — They will be ready on Thursday.

KING OF OUDE.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I wish to know whether there will be any objection to laying upon the table a copy of the subsidiary treaty which has been entered into with the prince who now occupies the throne of Oude?

LORD GLENELG. — I must decline laying the document before your Lordships, because, in fact, it has not been ratified by this Government, and cannot, therefore, be regarded as a treaty.

LORD BROUGHAM. — That is no reason for its non-production; for, whether ratified or not, I believe that it has been acted on.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — To assert that there is no treaty in existence because it has not been ratified at home, is not a correct representation of the fact. The treaty was ratified by the Governor General, and certainly may have been acted on.

LORD GLENELG. — The President of the Board of Control has refused to produce this document, and the House of Commons has coincided in the propriety of that decision.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I cannot see that any ground has been shown for withholding the treaty merely because it has not been ratified. If anything so monstrous should be disclosed in these papers as that you, at midnight, extorted from your puppet an engagement that he would — at any time — sign any treaty which you

might choose to dictate, and that such an engagement has been acted upon, unless Parliament is ready, at once, to abdicate all its functions of superintendence and control over the colonial and East Indian administration of the empire, your Lordships are bound to insist on the production of such a document.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — I do not rise for the purpose of entering into the question as to any objection that may exist to produce this paper. I am bound to admit that there is on the face of this transaction what must naturally have attracted the attention of Parliament; but I am sure my Noble and Learned Friend will hear with much satisfaction what I have now distinctly to state, that not only did my Noble Friend at the head of the Government in India, immediately on being informed of this treaty, express his disapprobation of the manner in which the promise to secure it had been drawn from the Sovereign of Oude, but he also caused it to be intimated in the most explicit manner to that prince, that he was in no degree bound by the promise to sign such a treaty, and was entirely relieved from any stipulations or conditions which it imposed.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I think that declaration amounts to little better than nothing. This poor man engaged, under duress, to sign any treaty that should be dictated to him; and what does it signify that Lord Auckland said to him, "Whatever you may have signed is not at all binding on you?" The fact is, after that release he was found to have signed a treaty giving us seventeen lacks of rupees. Why did he sign or execute that treaty? He executed it *post hoc, ergo propter hoc.*

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — I entirely agree with the Noble and Learned Lord in thinking that the treaty should be produced, and that the person who transacted it should immediately have been recalled.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

On the DUKE of WELLINGTON presenting a petition against the eighth section of the Bill, and praying for its expulsion, of persons signing, —

LORD BROUGHAM said: — The amendments made in the Imprisonment *for Debt Bill by the House of* Commons, putting off its operation for a couple of months later than was contemplated, is a most cruel change for the hundreds of wretched prisoners who have, looking forward to this means of release, omitted to petition for their discharge. I believe that the excuse for this alteration is, that certain rules and regulations are required to be framed by the judges before this Bill comes into operation, and that those learned persons cannot be expected to devote their attention to the subject till after the recess. Sure I am, however, that if those learned persons were applied to on the subject, they would willingly forego a few weeks' recreation in the country, in order to come up to Serjeants' Inn to frame the necessary regulations for the release of these unfortunate men.

Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I beg to postpone, till to-morrow, the third reading of the Irish Tithe Bill, in consequence of the absence of a Noble Lord (Lord Fitzgerald and Vesci) who has some further amendments to propose.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

The MARQUESS of DOWNSHIRE presented a petition for the insertion of a clause, to prevent the applotting of tithe to the full amount on lands let on lease, and subjected to the payment of three halfpence an acre for tithe, — of landholders of the townlands of Gilnakirk and Tullycarnet, parish of Knockbreda. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS BILL.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — In proposing the third reading of the Juvenile Offenders Bill, I have merely to observe that the amendments moved on a former evening by the Noble Lord opposite (Lord Lyndhurst) have been incorporated.

The Bill was then passed, and sent to the Commons.

CONSTABLES ON PUBLIC WORKS BILL.

Read a second time (according to order), and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

MAILS ON RAILWAYS BILL.

The EARL of LICHFIELD.—I do not think it necessary to trouble your Lordships with any remarks respecting this measure, because, should any objection be made to it, I should wish the discussion to take place upon the motion for going into committee, which I mean to propose for Thursday next. In consequence of the opposition which the Bill has encountered, it has undergone considerable modifications; but I have no hesitation in saying that my opinion is favourable to it, as it was originally framed. At the same time I feel confident that, if any circumstances should arise to render the interposition of the Legislature necessary, Parliament would willingly give its aid on this subject: it is merely an experimental measure; and if it fail now, something more stringent must be proposed.

The Bill was then read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House on Thursday next.

MEDITERRANEAN POSTAGE BILL.

Read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House on Thursday next.

PRISONS BILL.

In moving the Order of the Day for the House to be put into committee upon this Bill,—

The LORD CHANCELLOR said:—The object of this measure is twofold—first, to make prisons in borough towns, having sessions of their own, and to put them upon the same footing with the prisons of the county; and, also, to give the borough justices within their respective jurisdictions, the same powers with respect to the prisons as the county magistrates have. I do not anticipate any objection to this part of the Bill. There is another part, however, to which opposition will probably be given, on account of the additional expense that it will have the effect of throwing upon counties, and also because a new subject matter is introduced. By the 18th clause, justices are empowered to make rules and regulations for the classification of the prisoners, and if the present prisons are not sufficient in point of magnitude or construction to enable them to carry those rules and regulations *into effect, then the justices* at quarter sessions are to have the power to make provision, by presentment, for the erection of new prisons, of such form and structure as shall admit of the regulations being carried into effect. That this provision will have the effect of throwing upon counties a great additional burden and expense, I am willing to admit; but, at the same time, I think that if the regulations be proper and useful ones, considerations of expense ought not to be taken into account.

The MARQUESS of SALISBURY.—I really think I have a right to complain that a Bill of such great extent and importance, involving so many interests, and which has now been three years under the consideration of the Under Secretary of State, should have been brought before your Lordships at so late a period of the Session. The Bill was not brought up until the 24th of July, and it is altogether impossible that your Lordships can be at present prepared to enter fully into the consideration of a subject of so much difficulty and importance. The Noble and Learned Lord upon the woolsack is not quite correct in supposing that there is no opposition intended to be given to that part of the Bill which relates to borough prisons. A petition was lately presented from Liverpool, in which the petitioners complained that the expenses they had incurred in making preparations for effecting a classification of prisoners under the old law were so grievous as almost to cause the ruin of many of the ratepayers. The Bill also introduces a new power upon a subject which is attended with considerable difficulty, and upon which great difference of opinion prevails—I mean the separation of prisoners. If a further separation is desirable, as in my opinion it is, the experiment ought, in the first instance, to be made in a public prison, under the superintendence of the Under Secretary of State. The present Bill is objectionable in many other respects. One of the clauses, in particular, is most extraordinary, and altogether new. I allude to that in which power is given to the justices to appoint, as chaplain, one not a clergyman of the established church. I hope I have stated sufficient to satisfy your Lordships that the Bill ought to be postponed till next Session; and with that view I beg to move that it be committed this day three months.

LORD LYNDHURST.—I am disposed to agree in the motion of my Noble Friend. The effect of the Bill is, in substance, to enable the Under Secretary of

State to establish a system of solitary confinement in every gaol throughout the kingdom. It is well known, however, that there is not a single prison in any county of the kingdom adapted to that system. The consequence is, that every one of our existing prisons must be altered or pulled down, and a new one built in its stead; so that the Under Secretary of State will virtually have, under the Bill, an uncontrolled power of taxation. That such will be the necessary consequence of the measure, I hope I shall be able to prove to your Lordships. As the law now stands, magistrates have the power to make rules and regulations respecting the management of prisons, and these are then submitted, at stated intervals, to the consideration of the Under Secretary of State, who has the privilege, each time, of altering them, and making such other rules and regulations as he shall think proper. All the rules and regulations are, therefore, absolutely under the control of the Under Secretary of State. The person who can from time to time alter them has clearly absolute power and control over them. Such is the state of the law as it at present stands. It is considered, however, that an order for separate or solitary confinement will not come within the rules and regulations, the making of which is sanctioned by the Act. Fresh powers, therefore, become necessary; and, accordingly, a clause is introduced into the present Bill, enacting that any rules and regulations which may be made respecting confinement in separate cells shall be considered as rules and regulations sanctioned by and within the meaning of the former Act. That provision, in effect, comes to this — that the Secretary of State may establish a system of solitary confinement in every prison throughout the kingdom. To give to one individual, and that individual a Minister of the Crown, power to establish throughout the kingdom a system of solitary confinement, is an alteration in the former Bill, and an augmentation of power never intrusted to any single individual. I do not mean to say that the separate system may not be a proper system. It is still in its infancy; it is in controversy in America, and the question of the superiority of the one plan over the other has been discussed in a variety of publications, and is still going on. Are your Lordships prepared to establish the separate system, or, in other words, solitary confinement, with additional labour, and nothing to make up for the change but the use of books—to such of the prisoners as can read? By the law, at present, *it is said that solitary* confinement cannot be inflicted for a longer period than a month at a time, or three months in a year. The present Bill contains no such limitation, so that a prisoner, after being in solitary confinement for one month, may, the very next day, be committed for another month, and so on from month to month over the whole year. I would not consent to leave, in the discretion of any individual, absolute power to establish separate gaols in this country — first, because I do not choose to intrust to any one such immense and monstrous power; and also because I would, farther, have the absolute power of taxation without control. I know, from what I have heard respecting the gaols of Middlesex, that the expenses of making the necessary alterations will be enormous. I therefore say that, at this late period of the Session, your Lordships have not time to make the necessary inquiries, and that a subject of so much importance ought not to pass hastily through your Lordships' House, but ought to receive full, mature, and deep consideration.

LORD WHARNCLIFFE.—I entirely concur in the observations of my Noble Friend who has just sat down, respecting the excessive powers which this Bill confers upon the Secretary of State, and of the importance of not hastily passing a measure which, in my opinion, will throw a great additional burden upon counties. If we are to have an alteration in the prison discipline of the country, for God's sake let that alteration be reasonable.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I agree with my Noble and Learned Friend that such extensive powers of taxation are objectionable. I think there is some mistake about the matter, and that it must have been the intention of the framers of the Bill, though that intention cannot be collected from the words, to allow such of the present prisons to stand as might be made to answer the purposes of the Bill. I do not mean to say that anything of the kind is stated in the Bill, but it might possibly be the intention, and therefore the alteration might be made in committee. If this be not done, I shall oppose the measure. I have not heard enough to convince me that we ought to intrust such extensive powers to a Minister of the Crown. I do not think the Secretary of State ought to possess the privilege of altering and aggravating the punishment which may be directed by the judges of the land.

The EARL of CHICHESTER. — I entreat of your Lordships to allow the

Bill to go into committee. I do not consider that it contains those extraordinary powers which the Noble and Learned Lord asserts that it does; and I believe that your Lordships will be able to modify the separation clause; and if you do, I conceive that such an alteration will obviate the principal objections to the measure.

The DUKE of RICHMOND. — In my opinion, all the objections to the measure may be got over by means of alterations in committee; and as I hope that some benefit will be effected by the Bill, I should regret to see the present opportunity of passing it lost. I profess myself the advocate of the silent system, with partial separation, to such an extent as may be necessary for preventing contamination; and I trust that if the Bill be committed, your Lordships may be enabled to put back the clauses to the point recommended by a committee of your Lordships' House.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I consider that the real objection to the Bill is, the power which it gives to the Secretary of State. I shall certainly object to going into committee with the view of making a fundamental alteration in the measure, for it is not the practice of your Lordships' House to commit a Bill for the purpose of wholly altering its principle.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — The observations made in opposition to the present measure have not involved a single objection to that portion of it which relates to borough prisons; for the arguments which your Lordships have heard, turn upon the construction which my Noble and Learned Friend puts upon one of the clauses. The power of which my Noble and Learned Friend complains will be vested, not, as is said, in the Secretary of State, but in the person authorised by law to make rules and regulations. If the prisons are not large enough, the Secretary of State can order larger gaols to be erected, and to that his power is limited. Unless the magistrates neglect to make the necessary rules, then, and only in such a case, can the Secretary of State himself issue rules and regulations.

LORD LYNDHURST. — By the 5th & 6th of Will. IV. the magistrates at quarter sessions can make rules and regulations, but they are bound to transmit them to the Secretary of State. He possesses power to *alter them as he thinks* proper, and to add to the rules and regulations so submitted to him. Surely, it will not be denied that, if a certain person has the privilege of altering and adding to certain rules and regulations, it is quite clear that he has absolute control over them. The magistrates at quarter sessions may suggest, but the Secretary of State can do as he pleases with the rules and regulations.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — It certainly never was the intention of the promoters of the Bill to confer upon the Secretary of State those large powers which the Noble and Learned Lord supposes it to give. The Bill will merely give the power to the person who by law is authorised to make the rules and regulations. I shall certainly support the proposition for going into committee with a view to amend the measure, so as to remove all doubt respecting the powers which it gives; and this, I think, may be effected by only expunging the word "add,"— for in this power of addition, as I consider, the whole of the objectionable powers lie.

The House then divided; when there appeared —

Content	. .	32
Not content	. .	33
Majority	. .	1

The House to be put in committee on this day three months.

SLAVERY.

LORD BROUGHAM. — In the absence of my Noble and Learned Friend the Chief Justice of the Court of Queen's Bench, I wish to make a motion, to which I presume there will be no objection. On the 10th May last, the House of Commons agreed to an address to her Majesty, representing that the slave trade still continued with great intensity, and that they thought a general concurrence of the great powers professing Christianity necessary in a declaration that the slave trade ought to be punished as piracy, and praying that their wishes and hopes might be made known to foreign courts, in such manner as to her Majesty might seem best. What I have to propose is, that your Lordships do adopt an address to the same effect, in order the more to strengthen the hands of Government as regards this matter. I therefore beg that

an humble address be presented to her Majesty, dutifully to submit to her Majesty that the slave trade, which the Congress of Vienna most justly described as having degraded Europe, desolated Africa, and afflicted humanity, nevertheless still continues with great intensity; that, notwithstanding the various treaties and conventions which have been entered into by her Majesty and her royal predecessors, with different powers, for the suppression of this traffic, and notwithstanding all the endeavours of successive Administrations at home, and of her Majesty's Ministers and agents in foreign countries, and of her Majesty's naval force employed in this service abroad, the trade has been aggravated in all its horrors; and that it is the opinion of this House that a general concurrence of the great powers professing Christianity, in a declaration that the slave trade, by whomsoever carried on, is piracy, and ought to be punished as such, is, under the blessing of God, one of the most probable means of effecting the abolition of that trade:

That this House is further of opinion that in all treaties to be contracted between her Majesty and her allies, the concession of a mutual right of search of their commercial vessels, respectively, would be another of the means likely to attain this most important object; and that this House most respectfully implores her Majesty to represent these, their opinions and wishes and hopes, in such manner as to her Majesty shall seem most likely to be effectual, to her Majesty's several allies:

That this House cannot refrain from expressing to her Majesty the deep concern with which they have observed, from the papers which her Majesty has caused to be laid before them, that Portugal has not yet fulfilled the engagements which she has taken towards this country, by concluding with Great Britain an adequate treaty for the suppression of the slave trade.

The same was agreed to, and ordered, *nemine dissentiente.*

PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Order of the Day for the House to be put into committee (on recommitment), and the Lords summoned, read; House in committee accordingly: the amendments made by the select committee *agreed to; and* the report thereof to be received to-morrow, and the Lor moned.

TRADING COMPANIES .

House in committee (accordin der); report of amendments to be to-morrow.

BANKRUPTCY.

On the motion of LORD BR AM, ordered to be laid bef House, copy of any direction give Lord Chancellor to his secre bankrupts, imposing any restricti the power of petitioning creditors to have a fiat of bankruptcy dir the Court of Bankruptcy, in prefe country commissioners. — Ordere laid before the House.

REGISTRATION OF ELEC BILL.

House went into committee (ac to order).

Clauses 1. to 12. agreed to, wit amendments.

On Clause 13. being proposed, -

LORD LYNDHURST said: - to move, as an amendment to this that mortgagees, unless in actu pation of the holding, or in recei rent of the same, shall not be en vote.

The House then divided; whe appeared —

Content . . .	
Not content . . .	
Majority . .	

The amendment was accordingl to. The remaining clauses of were then agreed to.—Report ord be received on Thursday next; to be printed, as amended.

LOAN SOCIETIES (IRE BILL.

Read a third time (according to with the amendments; Bill pas sent to the Commons.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

Petition for the abolition of,—of inhabitants of Kilvemnon, Cloonen, and Drangan.—Read, and ordered to be received as the petition of H. C. Maher (the chairman), and E. Kickham (secretary), who only, have signed it.

PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Petitions praying that the rule of assessment, as proposed by the Bill, may be altered, — of the provost, magistrates, and town council of Cupar (Fife); and of magistrates and council of Dumfries.—Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

PRISONS BILL.

Petition against the insertion of a clause providing for the appointment of teachers, other than clergymen of the Church of England, to officiate in gaols; of a committee of the Derbyshire Auxiliary Society for promoting the Interests of the Established Church. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

PARLIAMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Petition against parts of the measure,—of the provost, magistrates, and town council of Musselburgh. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

ELECTIONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Petition for some provision for the protection of electors, —of electors and inhabitants of Selkirk.— Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

ECCLESIASTICAL APPOINTMENTS.

Petition against the suspension of,—of the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral and Metropolitical Church of Christ, Canterbury.—Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

FACTORIES.

Petition for the better regulation of,—of the Short Time Committee of Factory Operatives of Huddersfield. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

BEER ACT.

Petitions for repeal of, — of inhabitants of Poole; and of the president, vice-president, and other guardians of the Halstead union.—Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

SLAVERY.

Petition for the emancipation of negro apprentices, — of the congregation of Salem Chapel, North Shields. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

POST OFFICE BILL.

To be read a second time on Thursday next.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

Further consideration of the Commons' amendments (which stood appointed for this day) put off till to-morrow.

SCHOOLS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Third reading (which stood appointed for this day) put off *sine die*.

SLAVE TRADE (TUSCANY) BILL. — SLAVE TRADE (SICILY) BILL. — JOINT STOCK BANKS BILL.

To be read a second time to-morrow.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PRIVATE BUSINESS.

St. Saviour's (Southwark) Grammar School Bill. — Read a second time, and committed to CAPTAIN ALSAGER and the Surrey List.

Ordered, that the committee have leave to sit and proceed on Thursday next; provided that the parties give notice, in some newspaper circulated in the county of Surrey, that the said committee have leave to sit and proceed, and that the same be proved before the committee.

Duke of Hamilton and Brandon's Estate Bill. — Reported, without amendment; read a third time, and passed.

Lethbridge's Divorce Bill. — Read a third time, and passed.

Ordered, that the depositions transmitted from India, relating to the said Bill, be returned to the Lords; and that Mr. WINTHROP PRAED do carry the same.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

ROYAL EXCHANGE RE-BUILDING BILL.

Consideration of Lords' amendments deferred till to-morrow.

MISCELLANEOUS PETITIONS.

The following petitions were severally presented; namely, —

Bank of Ireland, — By Mr. THOMAS MARTIN, — from Tuam, against renewal of the charter.

Tithes (Ireland) Bill, — from Kilmoylan and Cummer, for abolition.

Employment of the Poor, — By Mr. JOHN FIELDEN, in favour of a plan for the employment of the poor, — from Paisley; Padiham; Huddersfield (chairman of a meeting); Leigh; Chowbent; and Hyde.

Universal Suffrage, &c., — By Mr. *JOHN FIELDEN, for* universal suffrage, vote by ballot, and annual parliame from Hyde; Northowran; Almon Ambler Thorne; Heptonstall; Mi Chairman of a meeting of members Cobbett Club; Mixenden; Queen Stainland; Coulden in Heptonstal land; Halifax; Bradford (York) Wadsworth.

To lie on the table.

Poor Law Amendment Act, — JOHN FIELDEN, for repeal or altera from Maldon; Joseph Pelham; a friston (chairman of a meeting). ferred to the Select Committee o Law Amendment Act.

Sale of Beer Act, — By Mr. and another Honourable Membe repeal, — from Fareham; and Poo

By Mr. MARK PHILIPS, — from chester, against repeal.

Handloom Weavers, — By Mr. FIELDEN, — of the chairman and tary of a meeting at Norwich, fo regulation of wages of handloom we

Parochial Assessments Bill, — EARDLEY WILMOT, against, — fro deanery of Ewell (north division Archdeacon of Coventry.

Bonding Warehouses, — By Mr FIELDEN, for establishing inland warehouses, — from Crompton a ham.

Duchy of Cornwall (Tin Dutie — of William Plater Bartlett and Boswell Beddome, against.

Idolatry (India), — Against ference of British functionaries, Southampton; and Innismacsaint

Ecclesiastical Duties and R Bill, — Of the Chapter of South against.

To lie on the table.

Postage, — From Oxford, for a uniform rate. — Referred to the Committee on Postage.

PUBLIC PETITIONS COMMITTEE.

Thirty-ninth Report brought up, and read; to lie on the table, and to be printed.

RECOVERY OF TENEMENTS BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

DISTRICT COURTS IN BOROUGHS BILL.

Second reading put off for three months.

CONSOLIDATED FUND BILL.—EXCHEQUER BILLS BILL.

Read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

STAMP DIES BILL.—MILITIA PAY BILL.—BANK OF IRELAND REPAYMENT BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.

Read a third time; amendments made; Bill passed.

OATHS' VALIDITY BILL.

Read a third time, and passed, with amendments.

EXCHEQUER BILLS (PUBLIC WORKS) BILL.—FOUR AND A HALF PER CENTUM DUTIES BILL.—COUNTY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL.

Read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL.

Considered in committee; to be reported to-morrow.

RETURNS, &c.

The following Papers and Returns were severally ordered to be printed; namely,—

West India Prisons Bill.—Paper (presented the 27th of July).

Loan Societies.—Return (presented the 3d of August).

Advertisement Duty.—Return (presented the 3d of August).

Australia.—Returns (presented the 3d of August).

Muncipal Corporations (England and Wales).—Reports by J. T. Hogg, Esquire (presented the 3d of August).

Western Australia.—Paper (presented the 4th of August).

Foreign Slave Trade.—Paper (presented the 4th of August).

Parochial Schoolmasters (Scotland).—Return (presented the 9th of February, 1836) referred to the Select Committee on Education (Scotland).

Justices' Clerks (Lanark).—Copy presented, of the warrants under which the clerks to the justices of the peace for the county of Lanark hold their appointments (address the 3d of August).—To lie on the table.

COAL TRADE (PORT OF LONDON) BILL.

Consideration of Lords' amendments put off for three months.

COAL TRADE (LONDON, &c.).

Act (1 and 2 Will. IV. c. 76.) read; Bill, "to continue the Act regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals in the Cities of London and Westminster, and in certain Parts of the Counties adjoining thereto," ordered to be brought in by Mr. LABOUCHERE and LORD SEYMOUR.

Bill subsequently presented, and read a first and second time, and committed for to-morrow.

FISHERIES (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

PENSIONS BILL.

Read a third time.

On the question, "That the Bill do pass," —

Mr. O'CONNELL said:—I am anxious that the further proceedings on this Bill should be postponed until to-morrow, as I have a clause which is now engrossing, and which I am desirous to see inserted. It relates to Lady Westmeath's pension, which, I think, ought not to be continued during her husband's lifetime. It is quite impossible that any one living can say anything in disparagement of that noble lady; but I contend that, under the peculiar circumstances of the case, this pension ought to be discontinued. The truth is, the highest testimony can be borne to her character, for she has gone through a most afflicting ordeal, and come out of it triumphantly. The facts of the case are just these: — Sir John Nicholl decreed a separation between the parties, on the ground of great cruelty by the husband, and fixed the alimony of the wife at 700*l.* a-year, independently of her pension of 385*l.* That decree was appealed from, by Lord Westmeath; but it was confirmed in every respect, except so far as the pension of Lady Westmeath was concerned, the sum, to which it amounted, 385*l.*, being struck out, and the alimony to be paid by Lord Westmeath being thus reduced to 315*l.*, on the ground that Lady Westmeath received this pension of 385*l.* Now, I think that nobody will contend, under these circumstances, that a reward should be given to the Marquess of Westmeath to the amount of Lady Westmeath's pension, for nothing else but having committed acts of cruelty towards that lady. I submit to the House, then, whether it would not be right to allow me to bring up a clause to suspend (I ask nothing more) this pension during the lifetime of the Marquess of Westmeath. The consequence will be, that Lady Westmeath's pension would remain what it is, and that her husband will not be relieved from the payment of this sum to the extent of 385*l.*, as he is at present, by having (in effect) this pension given to him. It may be said that this pension, being granted under an Irish patent, is a legal one. I am not disposed to quarrel with the position which the committee have taken with respect to this class of pensions; because I certainly pay more deference to the opinion given by the Attorney and Solicitor General in their favour, than to that of the Honourable Member for Kilkenny against them. But the Attorney and Solicitor General have not stated—nor was it necessary for them —*the* entire law on the subject; and I am *of opinion that pensions granted* by patents are liable to be repealed by information or *scire facias*. There is no necessity, however, for my recommending such a course in this case, because I do not mean to impeach the original grant; but I do not think that the Marquess of Westmeath ought to get a pension in mitigation of a deserved punishment for cruelty to his lady. I shall therefore move that the further proceeding on the said Bill be deferred till to-morrow.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — I am glad to find that the Honourable and Learned Member agrees with my opinion on Irish pensions granted by patent, which is opposed to that of the Honourable Member for Kilkenny. But if the Honourable and Learned Gentleman concurs in my view of the law, I do not see in what light his present motion can be considered, but as being inexpedient, — nay, unjust, — seeing that the pension of Lady Westmeath is for her life, and can be taken from her by no legal proceeding, —by nothing, in fact, but by an Act of Parliament. Now I do not think it is proper to deprive this lady of a vested right by the introduction of an Act of Parliament on the subject. On the question of the propriety of the original grant I cannot give an opinion, one way or the other; but I do not think that the House ought to deprive Lady Westmeath of a pension which she has enjoyed for a considerable period.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER. — The committee have given this case the best consideration they could. They may be wrong, but they have recommended the continuance of the pension. I put it to the Honourable and Learned Gentleman, therefore, whether he will press his motion, when he reflects that there will remain the same objection to it to-morrow as on this day.

Mr. O'CONNELL. — I believe that the committee have not duly considered this case. The pension is vested in the lady, and a court of law has given it, in effect, to her husband.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER.—The committee have had before them the notes of the judge and counsel who conducted this case, and came to their decision partly on the grounds there set forth.

Amendment put, and negatived; Bill passed.

DUCHIES OF CORNWALL AND LANCASTER BILL.

Read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

BRIGHTON FISHERIES.

CAPTAIN PECHELL. — I have to complain of the non-production of certain papers complaining of aggressions by French vessels on the Brighton fisheries, which were ordered to be laid on the table on a motion of mine. I hope the Noble Lord will state why these Returns have not yet been furnished.

VISCOUNT PALMERSTON.—These papers have been received by the Foreign Office at a date posterior to the order of the House of Commons, and therefore I did not regard them as within that order; but I have no objection to lay upon the table the papers in question, with a counter statement which I have since received; when the House will be enabled to form a judgment for itself.

BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL.

Order of the Day read for consideration of the Lords' amendments.

LORD J. RUSSELL. — I beg to state that I concur, generally, in the amendments; but there are some few, of comparatively trifling import from which I shall dissent.

Mr. AGLIONBY. — I object to the omission of Clause 3. by the Lords. The object of that clause is to prevent any person having a living of 1000*l.* a-year from holding any other exceeding 500*l.* a-year; and also to prevent any person having a living of 500*l.* a-year from holding any other living exceeding 1000*l.* The effect of the omission of that clause will be, that any man, hereafter, may hold the rich rectory of Stanhope together with the bishoprick of Durham. I shall move, therefore, that the Commons do disagree from the Lords in this amendment. I move, in amendment in pr. 3., l. 36., to leave out from "preferment" to "and" in pr. 4., line 18.

LORD J. RUSSELL. — I agree with the Honourable and Learned Gentleman in thinking that the clause is a very useful clause, and I regret its omission. Hereafter it may be proper and necessary to legislate on *the subject; but, at present,* I am not inclined to disagree with the Lords' amendment in this particular.

Motion made, and question put, "To disagree with the Lords in the said amendment."

The House divided: —

Ayes . .	28
Noes . .	54
Majority for the amendment of the Lords.	26

Lords' amendments to Clause 5.

Mr. AGLIONBY. — I object to the amendment here made, which substitutes 300*l.* for 150*l.*, in the cases of parishes having a population of 2000 being added to livings within ten miles.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — With respect to this amendment, I certainly think that 150*l.*, as originally provided in the Bill, is a much better sum than 300*l.*, with a population of 2000; and I shall propose to disagree to the Lords' amendment, and to restore the Bill, in this respect, to its former state.

Lords' amendment disagreed to.

Other amendments, up to Clause 56., also clauses K to W, 58. and 59., severally agreed to.

On Clause 60. being put,—

Mr. HAWES said: — I beg to move that a clause be introduced to the following effect: — "And be it enacted, that when, from representations made to the archbishop, it shall appear that any bishop of his diocese is incapable, by reason of age, sickness, or any other unavoidable cause, to perform the duties of his office, it shall be lawful for him to convene a meeting of six bishops, who shall carefully inquire into the circumstances, and shall state the result of the investigation to her Majesty's Privy Council, and that her Majesty, in that case, shall take such steps as to her shall seem fit." I do think that, looking to the past history of the church, it is only just and desirable that this power should be given.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL.—It appears to me that the amendment of the Honourable Gentleman does not come at all within the scope of this Bill, which, by

its title, purports to be a Bill solely for putting a stop to pluralities. I do not wish to discuss the proposition, because it is not at all in point. No doubt there may be an inconvenience sustained under the circumstances to which the Honourable Gentleman's clause applies; but that is really not a matter which ought to come under the operation of this Bill.

Mr. WILLIAM GLADSTONE. — I perfectly concur, in opinion, with the Noble Lord, that this is a provision which cannot, with any propriety, come within the scope or province of this Bill.

DOCTOR LUSHINGTON. — I agree with the Noble Lord that the present is not the time to discuss the subject; but I look on it as a question well worthy the future consideration of the House. During my experience, it so happens that three cases have occurred in which it appeared that one archbishop and two bishops were incapacitated, either by physical or mental imbecility, from ever attending to their spiritual duties; and yet doubts existed as to the legal right to appoint any parties in their places. I do think that the suggestion of the Honourable Member for Lambeth is one which requires very grave consideration.

Mr. ESTCOURT. — Without entering upon the subject at the present moment, I merely beg to say that I reserve to myself the power of opening this question whenever it shall be brought forward in a tangible shape.

Amendment, by leave, withdrawn.

On the reading of the Lords' amendment, for the omission of Clause 62., relating to the appointment of additional curates in parishes where further spiritual aid may be required, and where the expenses of such appointment are to be defrayed by the parishioners,—

Mr. HAWES said:—I hope the Noble Lord will not object to the re-insertion of the clause which stood here before, empowering the parishioners to procure a clergyman to assist the incumbent in the discharge of his duties. I think that, the clause having been generally approved of when the Bill was before in this House, the Noble Lord will not object to its re-insertion. I therefore propose, as an amendment, pr. 70., line 16., to leave out from "benefice" to "and," in pr. 71., *line 19.*

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — I admit that the clause has been generally approved of in this House; but it met with very considerable opposition in the House of Lords; and it was argued, there, that the incumbent would be jealous of this power of procuring a new clergyman being conferred on the people. I think that the objection is a very natural one.

Motion made, and question put, "To disagree with the Lords in the said amendment."

The House then divided: —

Ayes	26
Noes	46

Other amendments considered; some agreed to; others agreed to, with amendments.

Committee appointed to draw up reasons, to be offered to the Lords, at a conference, for disagreeing to the said amendments: — Lord John Russell, Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Lord Viscount Morpeth, Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Solicitor General, Sir Robert Price, Sir Robert Harry Inglis, and Sir Thomas Acland; three to be the quorum.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL POSSESSIONS BILL.

Second reading put off for three months.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER having moved the second reading of this Bill, —

Mr. AGLIONBY said: — I object to the motion, on the ground that the House is not in possession of sufficient information on the subject. This is a matter that ought to originate in a select committee. The Bill was only ordered to be printed last Friday, and Honourable Members have not had time to become acquainted with its provisions. I regret, much, that so many Bills should have been delayed to this period of the Session. Although the Parliament has been sitting since November, upwards of sixty Bills have been introduced since the 1st of July, and it is utterly impossible that they can be attended to. I trust that this Bill will not be passed during the present Session.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER. — It is not particularly for the interest of the Government that this Bill should pass; but it is of the highest importance to the mining interest in Cornwall, and the public, as the consumers of tin, that it should not be allowed to stand over until next Session. This measure is also immediately connected with the provision for the reduction of the duty on foreign tin. Nothing could be more inconvenient than to let this matter remain in a state of uncertainty and doubt.

The Bill was then read a second time, and ordered to be committed to-morrow.

WAYS AND MEANS.

Order for committee read, and discharged.

HACKNEY CARRIAGES (METROPOLIS) BILL.

On the motion of SIR M. WOOD, the Lords' amendments were taken into consideration.

Amendments agreed to, with a few verbal amendments.

CHURCH BUILDING ACTS AMENDMENT BILL.

Committee deferred till to-morrow.

SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) BILL.

Mr. M. J. O'CONNELL having moved that the House resolve itself into a committee on the Spirit Licences (Ireland) Bill, —

Mr. SHAW said: — I must repeat my objection to this Bill, on the ground of the immoral effects produced by the practice it sanctions. As Government must be convinced of the pernicious consequences of that practice, and as two years' warning have been given, with a clear understanding that no further indulgence would be granted, there can be no reason for this Bill. I move that it be committed this day three months.

Mr. LUCAS. — I second the motion.

Mr. O'CONNELL. — There have been ten or eleven divisions *on the Bill already*; and I think the House ought not to countenance the system of opposition pursued by the Right Honourable and Learned Gentleman in regard to it. A committee of this House has reported in favour of the grocers; and when it was proposed to take from them the privilege of selling spirits, a deputation from that body satisfied the Government of the injustice of such a proceeding. The grocers of Dublin may be prepared for terminating their retail trade in spirits; but in the country towns an immediate prohibition would be productive of ruin to many, as they are not aware that such a measure is even contemplated. All they want is, one year more, to enable them to take their capital out of this branch of their trade, and to dispose of the stock on hand. I may mention to the House that not a single grocer has lost his licence for misconduct, and I do therefore hope that the House will consent to allow the Bill to proceed.

Mr. LUCAS. — I shall give my most determined opposition to this measure, as I believe the mischiefs of the system of permitting grocers to sell spirits cannot be got rid of in any other way than by throwing out the Bill. The Honourable and Learned Member for Dublin has stated that no grocer has lost his licence for misconduct; but it is impossible to find the grocers guilty of improper conduct, because there is not the same power over them as over the keepers of public houses.

SIR W. SOMERVILLE. — I shall give my vote in favour of going into committee upon the Bill, because I wish the grocers to have an opportunity of disposing of their stock; but I think the system of permitting grocers to sell spirits ought to be put an end to.

The House then divided: —

Ayes	35
Noes	25
Majority . . .	10

The House then went into committee; Bill considered; House resumed; Bill ordered to be reported to-morrow.

KYAN'S PATENT.

SIR R. PRICE. — Sir, I shall, for the present, withdraw my motion for calling the attention of the House to the circumstance of the use of Kyan's patent in the

Dutch navy, with a view to its adoption, also, in the naval yards of this country, and for returns. But I will take this opportunity of asking whether any experiments have been tried in the Government dock-yards, and what has been the result?

Mr. BROTHERTON. — I hope the Honourable Gentleman the Secretary to the Admiralty will pause before he gives anything like a decided opinion on this subject, because there is another plan in the course of experiment, which, I understand, is likely to be much more satisfactory.

Mr. C. WOOD. — In 1835 experiments were tried, under the superintendence of Mr. Kyan, and all that I am justified in stating is, that nothing was elicited in the course of those experiments which enables me to express any decided opinion one way or the other, on his invention. Some other processes are under trial, and they are of so important a nature that it would be unwise to give a decided opinion, at present.

Mr. O'CONNELL. — I do not wish to interfere in the matter; but I cannot help thinking that the fact of the Dutch (so celebrated for their valuable shipping) having adopted Kyan's patent, is, in some measure, an answer to the question, perhaps as important as the negative opinion of the Honourable Member for Halifax.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

Mr. WALLACE. — At this late period of the Session I shall not press my motion for calling the attention of the House to a petition from Greenock, presented on the 3d of August, complaining of the introduction of public Bills affecting trade, &c. at a late period of the Session. But I now give notice that early next Session I shall submit to the consideration of the House a resolution having the same object in view.

DUBLIN ELECTION.

On the motion of Mr. O'CONNELL, the minutes of proceedings and evidence taken before the Dublin Election Committee, in the present Session, were ordered to be laid before the House.

NAVAL OFFICERS.

ADMIRAL SIR E. CODRINGTON. — I rise, Sir, to move that there be laid before this House a Return of the grounds on which the late Commander Edwards, Mr. William Boyce, late surgeon, and Mr. Rowland Milner, late a lieutenant of her Majesty's navy, were deprived of their rank and half pay.

CAPTAIN PECHELL. — I second the motion.

Mr. C. WOOD. — Sir, I must give this motion my most decided opposition, on the ground that this House is not the proper tribunal to investigate transactions of this sort. The Board of Admiralty is the competent tribunal to do so, and has decided upon these cases, as upon all others of the kind, after the most complete and patient investigation.

Notice taken, that forty Members were not present, House counted; and forty Members not being present, —

The House adjourned at ten o'clock.

HOUSE OF LORDS, MARTIS, 7° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838.

CAMOYS BARONY.

A witness to attend on Thursday next, to produce a certain document.

The EARL of SHAFTESBURY sat Speaker.

House adjourned during pleasure, and resumed by the LORD CHANCELLOR.

THE QUEEN'S ANSWER TO ADDRESS OF YESTERDAY.

Reported.

COUNTY OF CLARE TREASURER BILL.

Amendment reported (according to order), and Bill to be read a third time to-morrow.

LIVERPOOL COURT OF PASSAGE BILL.

Read a third time, with the amendment; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

CUSTOMS BILL.

Reported, without amendment, and to be read a third time to-morrow.

MILITIA PAY BILL.— MILITIA BALLOT SUSPENSION BILL.

Read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House on Thursday next.

FINES AND RECOGNISANCES (IRELAND) BILL.

Amendments reported (according to order), and Bill to be read a third time to-morrow.

SCHOOLS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Read a *third time, with the amend*ments; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

The ARCHBISHOP of CANTERBURY, the DUKE of RICHMOND, the EARL of CARLISLE, and LORD WHARNCLIFFE, presented petitions for the prevention of,— of the rector, churchwardens, and others of Birkin; of dissenting congregations of Dalkeith; Leith; Edinburgh; Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Stockport; Newark-upon-Trent; Whitby; Weymouth; Stafford; Southwark; Lewes; Wigan; Pemberton; Blackrod; Aspull; and Wolverhampton: and of inhabitants of Southborough, and Allonby. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

JOINT STOCK BANKS BILL.

Read a second time (according to order), and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

HACKNEY CARRIAGES (METROPOLIS) BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to, with amendments; Commons' amendments considered, and agreed to.

POOR LAWS AMENDMENT ACT.

The DUKE of RICHMOND presented a petition against the alteration of,—of the guardians of the Eton union.—Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

LORD BROUGHAM.—I beg to ask the Noble and Learned Lord on the woolsack whether he has any objection to the production of the new charter granted to the London University?

The LORD CHANCELLOR.—I have not.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Then I beg leave to move for a copy of the new charter granted to the University of London.

THE EARL OF DURHAM'S ORDINANCES.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Having looked over the papers relative to Canadian affairs, which have been laid on the table, I must reiterate what I have before asserted, that the ordinances issued by the Earl of Durham are wholly illegal. I, on a former occasion, declared that to be my opinion; and I am, now, perfectly convinced that my opinion is a correct one. It is quite clear, by the obvious construction of the Coercion Bill, that no power was given under it to the Governor and council of passing sentence amounting to a measure of pains and penalties, or by ordinance. The words of the Act are perfectly plain; they authorise the Earl of Durham to make "such rules and regulations as are necessary for the good Government of the province;" meaning, of course, general laws, and nothing else. But there is an express exception, which ties up the Governor of Canada from altering any Act of the British Parliament. Now, in the very outset, I find that one of the recently issued ordinances contravenes the provisions of the 7th of William III., "for the trial of all treasonable offences." If the Earl of Durham has a right to dispense with that Act, — if he has a right, under the powers which have been granted to him, to condemn in every case, as traitors, men against whom no witness has been examined, into whose alleged offence no inquiry has been made, — if he can do this, setting at nought all those prudent and salutary safeguards which the law has provided for accused parties,—then there is nothing to prevent him from interfering with any other law or enactment of the Parliament of England. It may be alleged that the parties thus proclaimed have absconded. But what was the course adopted by Parliament in the rebellion of 1715? What was the course pursued by Parliament with respect to the parties connected with the projected assassination of King William? The accused persons were absent, and Parliament passed a Bill of attainder against them. But witnesses were examined to convict them; a solemn inquiry *took place; and all the difference* between that and a regular trial was, that they were convicted before Parliament, and not before the ordinary court. If the Governor in council be intrusted with the power to make laws, they ought to be drawn up in a manner as precise, clear, definite, and intelligible, as if they were the work of the Legislature itself. But let your Lordships mark the whole course of this marvellous proceeding. The Earl of Durham's ordinance does not begin, as in the case of a Bill of attainder, by declaring "that A., B., and C. have been guilty of high treason;" but, without any such allegation, it directs that such and such persons shall be carried to Bermuda, and if they leave their place of banishment, then they shall be considered guilty of high treason. This is prospective high treason, — high treason, not for any act committed in Canada, but simply for leaving Bermuda! Such a proceeding is opposed to the statute of the 25th of Edward III., which most salutarily limits treasonable offences to a very small number indeed. Again: there is another part of the ordinance which calls for especial notice. Twelve or fourteen persons are named as the murderers of Lieutenant Weir; and it is expressly stated, in this official document, that nothing contained in any proclamation of her Majesty shall be held to extend to the cases of those persons. So that if her Majesty should issue a proclamation of pardon (which she has a right to do, unless the Governor of Canada is viceroy over her Majesty, and can control her), — if she issue such a proclamation (which might be, for aught I know, the most wise and salutary course), — yet is it declared by the ordinance that nothing contained in that proclamation shall extend to this particular offence! All this is done, I suppose, under colour of the Coercion Act. But what right does that Act give to adopt such proceedings as these? The Coercion Act does not extend to Bermuda. But the Governor of Canada assumes the power of transporting to Bermuda, and of visiting with the penalty of treason, those who escape from their place of banishment. The Earl of Durham, I know, is not a lawyer, neither is Sir C. Paget, who is, however, no doubt, a very meritorious officer; and therefore they ought to have been cautious in the framing and promulgating of ordinances. But the Earl of Durham says, "Under all the circumstances, I have determined on sending those persons to Bermuda" ("which," his Lordship might have added, "I had no power to do"), "where they can be placed under a strict and severe *surveillance*." Now, I would

advise the Governor of Bermuda not to attempt to place any of these people under a strict and severe surveillance; for, if he do, he will render himself liable to an action for false imprisonment. The Governor General might just as well have passed a law for the exercise of this system of *surveillance* towards the same parties, in the county of Middlesex, or the city of Westminster. The penalty, be it observed, is not confined to the appearance of these people in Canada, if they escape from Bermuda; it is to attach to them if they are found at large anywhere. Even if they come to London, they are to be held to be liable to punishment. There are, also, in these ordinances, acts which prove the desire to make a mere wanton display of power. Contrary to the laws of James I. and William III., any justice may issue a search warrant for the apprehension of persons tippling, not only in a tavern, but in a boarding-house, and for imprisoning and keeping them to hard labour for a period not exceeding two calendar months. Well: then punishment is decreed against any individual "for over-loading, over-driving, or otherwise ill-treating a horse, dog, or other animal." This means, I presume, animals of the domestic kind; but, according to the words, it may include hunting a hare, or it may be construed into beating a sheep or a hog to take away their lives. All this looks, unquestionably, very absurd; but it is no light matter that the monstrous unconstitutional powers granted to the Governor of Canada should be used in the manner they have been. It is no fault of mine that I feel it necessary to call your Lordships' attention to these matters. We were told, when it was proposed to grant extraordinary powers to the Governor General of Canada, and when the danger of granting such powers was pointed out and insisted on, that no mischief could result from such a measure, because all the proceedings of the Governor General would be subjected to the observation and superintendence of Parliament. That such observation, scrutiny, and superintendence are most necessary, and are most clearly called for, is, now, perfectly apparent. I shall say nothing of twenty-four sentences having been passed on individuals, contrary to a regulation of council, in one day; but I must advert to the appalling fact of fourteen persons, and M. Papineau, making fifteen, being adjudged to suffer death, if they appear in Canada, not one of those individuals having been previously tried. Such a proceeding is *contrary to every principle* of justice, and is opposed to the genius and spirit of English law, which humanely supposes every accused party to be innocent until he is proved to be guilty.

LORD GLENELG. — I am not about to enter into a discussion of the subject introduced by the Noble and Learned Lord who has just sat down; but I cannot help remarking, with respect to the first ordinance alluded to, that as the Governor's jurisdiction does not extend to Bermuda, it cannot be of any avail. But the main object for the House to consider is, the purpose for which these extraordinary powers were granted to the Earl of Durham, and the effect which has been produced by the way in which they have been exercised. We are to look at the great principles and motives by which the Noble Earl has been actuated. The object for which he entered on his mission was, to subdue alarm and agitation; and whatever may be the opinions of your Lordships as to his conduct, I know that the general feeling in the country over which he rules is decidedly in favour of the course he has pursued. The Earl of Durham was called upon to consider the situation of certain prisoners in Lower Canada who were supposed to be guilty of very high offences. It was a difficult task for him to decide whether he should exercise the extreme rigour of the law, or take that more lenient course which he adopted, and which gave universal satisfaction to all parties concerned. As to those persons who pleaded guilty, I do not think the propriety of the ordinance in their case can be fairly questioned. With respect to the others who have absconded, and against whom warrants of treason have issued, surely, whatever may be the palliation of their conduct (if any such can be found), the step taken by the Earl of Durham was one demanded by prudence and precaution. I firmly believe that the course taken by the Noble Earl is calculated to promote peace and tranquillity. The accounts which have been received show that that object has been, to a great extent, effected; and I have no doubt that the proceedings which have brought about so desirable an end will be continued, with, even, increased success. As to the second ordinance to which the Noble and Learned Lord has adverted, as being contrary to the law of England, I suppose that every minute municipal regulation is not expected to be strictly, and to the letter, in accordance with that law, especially when such a state of things prevails as that which the Earl of Durham has to encounter. On

the whole, I am convinced that the more this subject is discussed, the more the conduct of the Earl of Durham will appear to any reasonable mind to be consistent and just; and, great as the authority of the Noble and Learned Lord may be, I cannot agree that these proceedings are illegal.

LORD BROUGHAM. — All which the Earl of Durham wished to do he might have effected without breaking the law. If he had said to parties accused or suspected, "I won't bring you to trial if you conduct yourselves properly," then he would have done, legally, for the peace and tranquillity of the colony, all which he is said to have done, but which he has done illegally. The Earl of Durham does not declare these people to be traitors; but he says, "I shall send you to Bermuda; and if you leave that island, you shall be adjudged guilty of high treason." But how can his Lordship declare them guilty of high treason? What legal or justifiable right can he plead for doing so, when they never have been arraigned, when they never have been tried, when they never have been found guilty of that offence? Such a proceeding as this was never before known, even in the worst times of this country. Even in them, individuals were served with notice; they were informed of what they were accused; but the people designated in the Earl of Durham's ordinance are to be declared guilty of high treason, not for what they do in Canada — no, no! but for coming from Bermuda, where the Governor General has no right to send them, and appearing in Canada. If it be said that the words of the Act enabled the Earl of Durham to proceed as he has done, I must regard such an assertion as a mere quibble. Am I to be told, because the words of the Act are so wide and comprehensive with respect to the power of issuing ordinances "for the peace, welfare, and good government of the province," that, therefore, the Earl of Durham was authorised to proceed as he has done? Will any man say that this provision gives that Noble Earl the right to hang individuals, or to visit them with pains and penalties, they not having been brought to trial? I should like to have the opinion of the learned judges as to the construction that is to be placed on this Act. If one of them — even one of them — were of opinion that the Earl of Durham's construction was a correct one, I should be exceedingly surprised. I am quite confident that your Lordships never intended to grant any such power. I declare that, if *any one of the judges, who are* in the habit of construing Acts of Parliament, dec that the Act in question authorise steps taken by the Governor Gene Canada, then I would at once acknow that I am wrong, and would, of cc give up my argument. I have cons some of the best lawyers in Westm Hall on this point, and they do not ex the shadow of a doubt on the subjec my Noble and Learned Friend o woolsack were to declare, after the e tion which I have pointed out, that proceedings are legal, I should be to reconsider my opinion. But I say that I shall not be ready, o authority of a Minister of the C speaking under the pressure of deba on the authority of an equity la whose attention has not been turn the consideration of questions of nature, to forego or give up my d rately formed opinion. What does th say with respect to the laws which Earl of Durham and his council are powered to make? It expressly forth, "Nor shall it be lawful by any law or ordinance to repeal, suspen alter any provision of any Act o Parliament of England." Now, th the Earl of Durham and his council c repeal the Act of Edward III., or th of William III., yet they seem to that they may arrive at the same end different road, namely, by making, in particular man's case, a law contra those statutes. Is that consistent wit principles of English law? If her jesty's Ministers suppose so, I wish joy of their legal knowledge. The of Durham is not, I know, a profess man; but he has a council, and complain that that council should sanctioned these ordinances. The E Durham has appointed a Special Cou the Secretary to the Government lawyer; he is the legal adviser of Special Council; and I blame that cou who might have availed themselv legal assistance, more than I do the of Durham, for the promulgation of ordinances. I know, perfectly well, the Noble Earl is in a very peculiar s tion, and I feel for the difficultie which he is placed as much as the N Lord does. But other and greater siderations impel me to bring this su under the consideration of your L ships. I am anxious for the best inte of Canada; I am anxious for the c of the Government of that colony; I anxious for the peace and tranquilli that colony; and I will say that if man were to rack his brain for the pose of discontenting, and not content

a colony, for the purpose of undoing all which the Earl of Durham has been commissioned to do, he could not have hit upon a more effectual scheme, or a more certain plan for accomplishing that purpose, and for prostrating all those hopes and expectations which were held out of tranquillising Canada, than by making and publishing these most obnoxious ordinances, which bear the impress of ignorance, of haste,—of a total neglect of what is lawful, and of an anxious disposition to do that, for the doing of which not one particle of law, or of justice, or of equity can be pleaded.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — It must have struck your Lordships, on consideration of all the circumstances which led to Lord Durham's mission, that the great powers — no less than legislative powers — to be exercised by him in connection with a council of his nomination, being of an unusual and extraordinary nature, must be used in an unusual and extraordinary way. I therefore implore your Lordships to consider the circumstances of the colony — to consider the circumstances in which the Earl of Durham is placed — to consider the difficulties which he has to contend with — and also to consider what I have before alluded to, namely, his being on the spot, and being aware of the whole of the facts, and, consequently, being the best judge as to what measures were necessary or expedient to adopt: a much better judge than your Lordships possibly can be. I must say that it is not convenient, it is not expedient, it is not fair, it is not just — I do not mean to the Earl of Durham — it is not just to yourselves, it is not fair to the steps you have already taken — it is not just to the interests of this great empire, to consider these measures in such a manner as to suffer yourselves to be too much struck by any anomaly which may appear on the face of them, or by any disparity which may exist between the practice in Canada and that which prevails in this country in a settled state of society, in times of perfect tranquillity, without peril and without danger. If your Lordships consider that these powers have been imprudently, unjustly, and improperly exercised — if you think they have been exercised in such a manner as to hazard the interests of this country in that part of the world, it would unquestionably be wiser for your Lordships to interfere, decisively, in order to prevent such a course being persevered in. I do not understand the Noble and Learned Lord to propose that mode of proceeding; but, if your Lordships do not see ground for interfering, then, I say, there is but one other course — to exercise some confidence, to place some reliance, instead of constantly interrupting proceedings by perpetual comments on them, weakening your own authority, and the authority of Government, by condemnations which you do not mean to follow up. All Governments, it is most true, have their faults and their errors — their *ingenita vitia*; and, in consequence of party strife — in consequence of political attacks, one upon another — in consequence of personal dislikes and animosities — the enemies of the country, whether foreign or domestic, find their greatest assistance and encouragement in the bosom of the legislative assemblies of the nation. That has always been the case; and, certainly, it is a very great misfortune. The Noble and Learned Lord, who sits on my right hand, is perpetually twitting and reproaching me for my ignorance of the law; I will not, therefore, venture to say anything on that subject upon the present occasion. Indeed, it is perfectly useless that I should do so; because, undoubtedly, my opinion can carry with your Lordships no authority or weight whatsoever. But I beg leave to assure your Lordships that, with the exception of that part of the ordinances which relates to the Island of Bermuda,— as to which there has been an evident mistake in the Governor General and council, erroneously supposing that their power extends beyond the given bounds of their own jurisdiction, — I believe that the most eminent lawyers agree that the whole of the remainder of the ordinances is perfectly legal, and warranted by the powers committed to the Earl of Durham.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — I am glad it has been admitted by the Noble Viscount that that part of the ordinances relating to the transportation of these eight persons to the Island of Bermuda is altogether unlawful; it appears, however, to me, that the latter part of the same ordinances, with respect to those persons who are to be punished on their return to Canada, is also contrary to Act of Parliament — contrary to the law of England — contrary to the 7th of William III., to the 14th of George III., and to the provisions of the Act passed at the commencement of the present Session. It is quite true that very great powers are delegated, by that Act, to the Governor General, in conjunction with his council; and it is likewise quite true that we cannot,

in all cases, judge of the expediency of the measures which the Governor General in council may adopt; but the objection taken by my Noble and Learned Friend, in which I altogether concur, is, not merely that these Acts are inexpedient, unjust, and calculated to do a great deal of harm instead of good; but — that they are unlawful. This objection is by far the most important; because, whatever popularity a measure may enjoy, at any particular moment, in this or in any country, if in itself unlawful, it must, ultimately, produce resistance on the part of the people. I feel perfectly confident, if it be the desire, as it must be, of the Earl of Durham and his council to govern Canada with advantage, they will act within the parliamentary provisions under which they derive their powers in the most constitutional manner. The further they depart from the true principles of the constitution, the more the danger is increased. I am confident that, in this instance, as in any other, it will be apparent that the smallest deviation from constitutional principles, on the part of a constitutional Government, is fraught with danger. Governments having some other origin may venture on courses consistent with despotism; but a constitutional Government never can do so without injury to its subjects, and great danger to itself. With this conviction, I have joined my Noble and Learned Friend in pressing on your Lordships' attention what has recently been done in Canada. I shall continue to do so, because I am convinced it is our duty to supply, by our parliamentary vigilance, as far as we can, the want of that constitutional government which has been taken away. The more our observations and arguments lead the Government of Canada to take that course which is most consistent with the constitutional principles of this country, from which it derives its origin, the more shall we, in fact, be contributing to the benefit of England and the tranquillity of Canada. And I really hope I do not understand the Noble Baron at the head of the Colonial Department, in one argument he put forth, as if he were disposed to justify measures admitted to be, in some material points, contrary to law, on the ground of their expediency and necessity, under the circumstances in which Canada is placed. That is the argument which justifies all tyranny — an argument which has been repudiated at all times in this country, and which I trust there is spirit enough left among *us, still, indignantly to repudiate*, notwithstanding the grave and solemn of the remonstrances uttered by the Viscount at the head of the Ac stration, deprecating all observation government in Canada, because suc servations cannot be made witho greatest injury to a Government th violated the constitutional principl which it should have acted.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I hav told by the Noble Viscount that la have been found to say that these ac legal; I beg, therefore, to give that I shall, when this House next r move for a copy of such opinion; and move for the dates at which Sir C Paget first attended the council, inas as he was not on the spot when formed, and it may turn out that onl instead of five were present when ordinances were passed. I never, ti night, heard — and I did expect th this House (the highest court of j in the kingdom), in this Parliamen temple of English liberty), I never s have heard — the ears of your Lor outraged and insulted by the prin which the Noble Viscount has pr gated, — that the more extreme the p are which you have felt it necessar deemed it your duty to confide to vernor, the more extravagant the a rity which your Coercion Bills hav posed in his hands, — the less watch becomes you, the senate of Engla be, how he exercises those extraor powers; — that if an ordinary privil conferred on him, if an everyday a rity is communicated to him, — if h out with the law of England, commo statute, to administer by the p known to that law, — then, indeed, yo scrutinise, then you may watch; a he should overstep the ordinary rest limits of that common authority, then it becomes the duty and the province o liament to interpose: but that whe arm him with dictatorial power, — whe say all law shall be silent except that you enable him to make, — when yo him he shall have legislative powers a very slight restriction, and withi amplest conceivable limits — (but sti without some restriction, not wi some limits, as the very Act under he derives his authority plainly attes the more extreme the powers, the extravagant the privileges with whic arm him, the more it becomes you to your eyes and fold your arms, an quiescent, while he exceeds those e sive powers. I should humbly thought the more authority was

the more vigilance was required as to the manner in which it is to be exercised; and I have always hitherto been taught to believe that the larger the powers conferred on any officer, the less excuse has he for taking more than is given him, and exceeding the ample authority already placed in his hands. Then came another general observation on the evils of a popular Government — from the head, too, of a liberal Administration — from the representative of Whig principles in this country. "A popular Government, like all others, has its evils." Who denies it? But I was not prepared to expect that that should be set down among the mischiefs which I reckon the greatest duty, the highest benefit, the most ample advantage, the consummate glory of a popular constitution, namely, that it abhors arbitrary power, that it courts publicity and investigation, that it challenges inquiry, that it defies opposition, that it stands on its own merits, and never seeks to skulk in the recesses of arbitrary power, to escape from scrutiny — above all, to overrule the principles of justice, by planting in the place of known, defined law, that wretched substitute which consists in law vague and unknown; and if anything yet more alien to the principles of a free constitution can be imagined, it is, that expediency should be pleaded as an extenuation for what cannot be defended, namely, illegal acts; and, above all, that the expediency should be most pressed upon us, the ampler, the more extravagant the powers with which the wrongdoers are for the time invested. Am I to be told, and taunted with the charge, that party feeling is at the bottom of this inquiry—that factious strife is the cause? Am I to be told that, at the end of the Session, during the earlier part of which I, upon every occasion, resisted the passing of this Act, solemnly protested against its being made law, and, after having stated that I would narrowly watch it when it came to be exercised, that I would scrutinise it, and take care that its powers should not be exceeded — am I to be told — and, indeed, I am much surprised at being told — that personal feelings have any share in these observations? But I am surprised a good deal more, for this just and plain reason, that when the Noble Earl (the Earl of Durham) was unfairly attacked for the last part of his conduct that has come before the House, namely, the appointment of Mr. Turton,—and when no one member of the Government, who are now so sensitive upon the subject, and who now say that any scrutiny upon his conduct is unfair, rose to *defend* him,—I was the *only person in the House* who ventured to say a word either in defence or extenuation of his Excellency. I think, therefore, that in these circumstances I may defy the charge that has been levelled against me, of allowing party feeling or personal influence to guide my conduct with respect to this matter. I deem this question to be of the highest interest, of vast importance to the peace of Canada, to the credit of the law, to the credit of this House, to the credit of the Government itself. The Noble Viscount has asked why, if I disapprove of the conduct of the Earl of Durham, I do not interpose further obstructions to the course of his Excellency and to the councils of his administration? But, my Lords, there is a wide difference between at once moving an address to recal the Governor of Canada and to stop his administration in the outset, which might give rise to very great evils, of which I would not undertake the responsibility — there is a wide difference between that and shutting our eyes and folding our hands and doing nothing. I am neither prepared to remove the Earl of Durham, nor to leave him absolute in Canada — to put him above all law, and allow him to supersede the very authority which sent him there. So far from being against the Earl of Durham, so far from being hurtful to him, these discussions, which the Noble Viscount says have been prematurely, but I maintain necessarily, indispensably, unavoidably entered upon, by calling his attention to the fact of his not having vested in him absolute discretionary powers, will be the best thing, the most wholesome thing, the safest thing, which can be desired for the Noble Earl himself.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — I cannot but agree with the Noble and Learned Lord that those parts of these ordinances, which have been admitted by the Noble Baron (Glenelg) and the Noble Viscount (Viscount Melbourne) to be illegal, are fit subjects of inquiry in this and the other House of Parliament. They are not only fair subjects of inquiry, but it is absolutely necessary for Parliament to look at them, and apply a remedy; otherwise it will be impossible to say what may be the consequences to those who carry these ordinances into execution. There is one part of this despatch which has excited in me no slight surprise: — "I did not think it right," says the Earl of Durham, "to transport these persons to a convict colony." Was the Noble Earl indeed aware what he was doing? It really appears to me that some step

should be taken in this country to set the Government right with respect to this transaction—of the illegality of which the Government in Canada seem to be completely ignorant. I have no wish to attack the Earl of Durham, night after night, upon this subject; but when acts of this description are performed, in which the conduct of his Administration is positively illegal, it is absolutely necessary for this and the other House of Parliament to adopt some measure which may, I repeat, really set the Government right on the subject, and apply a remedy as soon as possible. There is another paragraph in this despatch which has much excited my surprise, — it is, perhaps, the most incautious paragraph that ever was penned. I allude to the following passage: — "These measures have met the entire approbation of Sir John Colborne and the heads of what is called the British party." I cannot but think such a reference to Sir John Colborne, to whom the country is so deeply indebted, in connection with the heads of any party, is most unfair and altogether unjustifiable. I hope the Noble and Learned Lord, in bringing this matter forward, will consider it with a view to apply a remedy for the evil; that is the great object—and not attacking this or that individual — which we all have in view.

LORD GLENELG. — With regard to what the Noble Duke has read, I must say that I do not believe that there was any intention to connect Sir John Colborne with the leaders of the British party, and, until the Noble Duke suggested the idea, I never heard any allusion of the kind. In the midst of the animosities and contentions by which the province is distracted, Sir John Colborne, at the head of the Government, as well in Upper as in Lower Canada, has always kept himself free from the taint, — nay, clear of the suspicion, of being mixed up as a party man with the politics of the colony. This is a tribute which is only due to that excellent and gallant officer, for the care and moderation with which he has conducted himself. I am persuaded that the Noble Earl who wrote the letter never had any such intention as that imputed to him. It would be contrary to the whole tenour of his correspondence, as well as his own feelings, and to the real character of Sir J. Colborne.

LORD LYNDHURST. — It is not my intention to enter into the question of the *legality or illegality of the acts* done by the Noble Earl who has been appo Governor General of the Canada: asmuch as my Noble Friend has notice of a motion upon the subject, the whole question will be brought and fairly before your Lordships' sideration. I rise merely for the pu of pressing upon your Lordships' tion the absolute necessity of comin decision, and a speedy decision, up legality or illegality of these ordin They may possibly have been a acted on. Some persons may have found at large, may have been s brought within the jurisdiction c Canadian courts, tried there, and tenced to undergo the punishmen rected by the ordinance. It the becomes indispensably necessary fo Lordships to interpose your autho as to prevent the consequence o system being acted on. I trust, fore, that my Noble Friend will per bringing forward his motion at an day, that your Lordships may hav opportunity of proving to be illeg well that which is admitted by the Viscount to be so, as that which the Viscount has referred to the law a rities in this country, and says tha consider legal. I pray the House t the subject speedily into consider and guard against the consequence dangerous a proceeding.

LORD BROUGHAM.—There is another reason which renders it i sible for your Lordships to stop The Government of Canada see think that the Act, *per privilegia*, c upon it the power of passing atta and bills of pains and penalties. M opinion is that the Act confers no power; and in that opinion several yers, to whom I have spoken on th ject, concur. If any doubt is enter upon the subject, there must, of c be a Declaratory Act; and, ther the shape in which it will be most venient to raise the question will me to present to your Lordships a explaining and declaring — ay, and cessary, limiting — the powers of th sent Act. I now beg to move f dates at which Vice Admiral the Ho able Sir Charles Paget, G.C.H., General Sir James Macdonnell, K and G.C.H., Lieutenant Colonel th nourable Charles Grey, Colonel C K.H., and Charles Buller, Esquire attended the council of the Earl of ham, the Governor of Lower Ca and the names of the councillors p when the ordinance of the 28th of

last was passed; and the date of the appointment of the council.

The motion was then agreed to.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — With regard to the rewards for the apprehension of offenders, I suppose they will be continued, as the object is to keep them out of the country. There is a very extraordinary difference of value set by Lord Gosford and the Earl of Durham on some of these persons, for while Lord Gosford offers 500*l.* for a traitor, the Earl of Durham offers 1000*l* for a thief.

POOR LAWS AMENDMENT ACT.

Report from the Select Committee on the operation of the Poor Laws Amendment Act. — Read, and to be printed; minutes of evidence, with index, also reported, and to be delivered out.

PRISONS BILL.

Lord Wharncliffe presented a petition against the clause providing for the appointment of chaplains other than clergymen of the Church of England to officiate in gaols, — of clergy and inhabitants of Kingston-upon-Hull.—Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

On the Order of the Day for the consideration of the Commons' reasons and amendments on this Bill, and the Lords summoned, being read, —

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE said: — When this Bill was last under the consideration of your Lordships, I took the liberty of stating that some of the amendments would probably not be concurred in elsewhere, and of expressing a hope that any alteration which I might introduce into them would be received by your Lordships in a spirit of candour and fairness, and that some of them, at least, you would be disposed to admit. It is not my intention to go into a general statement of the amendments, as I think the most convenient course will be to consider them as they arise; and I shall therefore move them in the order in which they stand.

Clause 4., with the *amendment made by* the Commons, in altering certain words, and empowering the Lord Lieutenant to appoint a person to make a freemen's roll, was then agreed to.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — In moving that your Lordships agree to the proviso added by the Commons to clause B, for the purpose of enabling the Lord Lieutenant to alter the boundaries of any borough which he thinks may require alteration, I will only observe that your Lordships have ingrafted upon the measure the whole of the provisions which relate to boundaries. I certainly think it was trying the patience of the Commons pretty well, to send them down the Bill with an entire new measure added in the middle of it.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I think that it is much more convenient to define the boundaries in the present Bill than leave it to be done by a separate enactment. Now, what was the course which your Lordships pursued in defining the boundaries in this Bill? You took the Report of the Government Commissioners, — a Report sanctioned by the Government itself, and upon which the Noble Lord the Secretary of State for the Home Department founded the measure which he introduced in the other House. Could anything be more fair and reasonable? But the Noble Viscount opposite suggests that, contrary to what your Lordships did in the English Municipal Bill, and also in the Scotch, you should leave the defining of the boundaries to the advice and discretion of the Privy Council. It is impossible that your Lordships can accede to such a proposition. Not only is power given to alter the boundaries, but also to make a new distribution of wards; and this power would not be exercised by the Lord Lieutenant, but would, as a matter of course, be handed over to Mr. Secretary Drummond, and, in fact, to Mr. O'Connell, who would, by it, advance his own political interests in the different boroughs throughout Ireland. I therefore suggest to your Lordships the utter impossibility of agreeing to such an alteration.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I wish to know why Government do not now consider the boundaries assigned by the commissioners, and introduced into the Bill of last year, as good as they formerly did?

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — It has

been since discovered that the commissioners have made some mistakes.

LORD PLUNKET. — I am unable to comprehend how the Noble Lord can say that the Privy Council of Ireland is under the direction and control of Mr. O'Connell. They are the sworn officers of the Crown; and does any one suppose that they would sacrifice their sworn duties? Is it fair to say that they cannot be intrusted with the performance of the duties which this Bill gives to them?

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — I see no reason why the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council of Ireland should be intrusted with any such power as that of dispensing with Acts of Parliament.

The MARQUESS of CLANRICARDE. — I beg to observe that the proposers of the measure originally intended to introduce a Boundary Bill giving the power to Parliament, instead of the Privy Council, now so much objected to. In my opinion, the parliamentary boundaries of counties of towns are not applicable to the cases of municipal corporations.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — The persons who are to settle the boundaries, under the Act, will be appointed by the Government. That body will therefore become an object of patronage; and, from past experience, I should say, will probably be under the direction of the Gentleman whose name has just been mentioned. That of which I think just complaint can be made is, that the Bill has been introduced without the preliminary steps having been taken which were necessary to the preparation of such a measure. I think it would be much better to have a new Bill in the next Session, for settling the boundaries, than agree to such an amendment as that which is now sent to us from the Commons.

The DUKE of RICHMOND — I cannot help regretting to hear such frequent mention of the name of Mr. O'Connell, for it has the effect of making that gentleman appear of much greater importance than he really is. I shall vote against the Commons' amendment; and I think, on the whole, that it would be much better to postpone the measure till the next Session of Parliament. For my part, I see no objection to a separate Bill for settling the question.

LORD HATHERTON. — It took a *year to perfect the details of the Parliamentary Boundary Act, and* I think it would take much longer to settle those of the Municipal Bill.

The amendment of the Commons was then negatived.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I beg to move that the next amendment of the Commons be agreed to; it is that which, in effect, fixes the qualification at 8*l.* I shall not trouble your Lordships with any remarks upon the subject, for you must all be already aware of the arguments on both sides of the question. I hope that your Lordships will not persevere in the absurdity of seeking to establish the larger qualification in the poorer country.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I still adhere to my former opinion — indeed, I think, that instead of 5*l.*, the qualification should simply be, as in England, a household qualification.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I understand the amendment to be an 8*l.* qualification with a rate, and I am pleased to find that the other House has shown so great a disposition to concur in the views of your Lordships. It is my opinion that this House ought to meet the Commons in the same spirit, and agree at once to the amendment.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — For my part, I consider that the mode in which the Commons effected the change is objectionable, and I would rather take the original proposition than the amendment now before your Lordships.

The House then divided; when there appeared —

Content . .	67
Not content . .	144
Majority against the Commons' amendment.	77

Upon the amendment proposed by the Commons for the reduction of the qualification of the mayor and aldermen of the smaller boroughs, in schedule B, from 1000*l.* to 500*l.*,—

LORD LYNDHURST said: — There is no objection to the principle of a smaller qualification for the mayor and aldermen; but that is followed up with an application of the principle to the qualification of the voters. We will agree to the amendment of the Commons as it relates to the restoration of the clause, but we must negative the amendment made upon it.

The clause was accordingly restored, making the qualification of the mayor and aldermen in the smaller boroughs 500*l.*, but keeping the qualification of the voters therein at the same rate.

On the clause relating to the administration of charity trusts,—

LORD LYNDHURST said: — We intend to insist on our amendment.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — I beg to ask whether it is the wish of Noble Lords opposite to confer the administration of these charities upon the present corporators for ever?

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — Such is not our wish; but I do think that, until Parliament shall otherwise provide, it would be better to leave them in the hands of those to whose direction it was the intention of the donors that they should be intrusted, than that they should be placed in the hands of the Noble and Learned Lord opposite (Lord Plunket), who must be totally unacquainted with persons and local interests, and must necessarily be surrounded by persons who have political and personal partialities to gratify, and who would negotiate for the appointment of their friends to these offices. I certainly think that perverting charities to political purposes is little less than sacrilege. There is no principle in which I would concur more readily than that; but till Parliament can devise a better system of charity administration, I think, that it would, upon the whole, be better to leave these trusts in the hands of the present corporators.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — I quite agree in the doctrine laid down by the Noble Baron; but the question is, whether he will effect his object of preventing the sacrilegious perversion of charitable funds to political purposes, by keeping them in the hands of the parties who now hold them,—and this too, after they cease to be members of the corporations? The Noble Baron seems to think that nothing would be more easy than to devise some plan for the better administration of these charities in which Parliament might concur. But the English Municipal Bill has been for some time the law of the land, and Parliament has not yet succeeded in contriving any satisfactory plan for the administration of the English charity trusts. Such an object has been aimed at, but it has not been *attained. I will remind your* Lordships that you were frequently warned during the progress of the English Bill, that the effect of not settling the question of trustees would be the sacrifice of a large portion of the charitable funds, for it was evident that if they came into Chancery, a considerable portion would remain there. It has been said, in the other House of Parliament, and elsewhere, that these trusts have been applied to the furtherance of political and party purposes. I am glad that I have now the opportunity of explaining to your Lordships the real state of the case, and of removing any erroneous impressions which may exist on the subject. I believe that there are 102 cases in which applications have been made to the Court of Chancery for the appointment of trustees. These applications, according to the usual and established rule of the court, were referred to the Master, and certain regulations were made for the saving of expense, and so great was the satisfaction with which both the parties applying and opposing viewed the appointments made, that, four or five cases excepted, there was no appeal from the Master's decision, and in all of these cases, but one, the Master's choice was confirmed. That individual case related to the question, whether a particular estate was left for church purposes, in which instance the rule was laid down, that being a case not provided for in the English Bill, although it was in the present, the trustees appointed should all be members of the Church of England. The Master was of opinion that the property was not left specifically for church purposes, and he appointed some trustees who were not members of the Church of England; but, upon the best consideration which I could give to the subject, it appeared to me that the property in question was left for church purposes, and therefore the Master's Report was so far varied. Your Lordships, consequently, may feel assured that, as to the applying these trusts to the furtherance of political and party purposes, I have not had the opportunity of doing so. But what do your Lordships propose to do by the clause as it stands? You will appoint parliamentary trustees, over whom the Court of Chancery will have no control; the trustees may pervert the trusts to any purposes, but the Court of Chancery cannot remove them. It is most unfortunate that no arrangement has been made for the better administration of these charities; but there is no comparison between the advantages of the mode proposed by the House of Commons and that which is contained in the Bill.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — The proposition of the Noble Baron amounts to this, — that it is less desirable that the Lord Chancellor, subject as he is to the control of public opinion, should be intrusted with the appointment of these trustees, than that the management of the charitable funds should remain in the hands of the ex-mayor and the ex-aldermen, — of the very parties who have been accused and convicted, before Parliament, of having perverted their charities to party uses. It is to correct the abuses perpetrated by those by whom the charities are now administered that the present change is proposed. What reasonable objection can there be to the appointment of trustees by the Lord Chancellor until Parliament shall otherwise determine?

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — Parliament has just passed a poor law for Ireland, and it is now the interest of every person so to administer the charities as to reduce the rates. I look from the carrying out of that Bill to see my way out of this difficulty.

LORD PLUNKET. — A Noble Lord has remarked that the Lord Chancellor of Ireland is a person liable to political partialities. No doubt I have my political feelings, in common with other persons; but if I had ever allowed them to influence my conduct as Chancellor, I should have been most base and unworthy of my trust. I repel the imputation which has been cast upon me with scorn, of which it is impossible for me to state the degree. If I am a person of that sort and description who would listen to the representations of political partisans, I must be unfit and unworthy for the high office I have the honour to fill, and ought to be removed from it. But by the mode in which these appointments are made, — a mode precisely similar to that pursued by the Court of Chancery in England, — it is impossible for me, as Chancellor of Ireland, to interfere, except on a disputed appointment. The Chancellor never takes upon himself any one of these offices, and if any person should come to him with a political story in his mouth, and recommend individuals as trustees or receivers, that person would be guilty of a gross contempt of court, and the Chancellor, if he listened to any such application, would be guilty of a gross abandonment of his duty. All these appointments are made on a reference to one of the Masters of the Court, and the *Chancellor* himself knows nothing about *them unless exceptions are taken* to the Master's Report; and, on behalf of the Masters of the Court of Chancery in Ireland, I beg to state that no set of men can discharge the duties imposed upon them more faithfully and impartially: but if political bias can have any effect, as has been suggested, and which I deny, upon those who have sworn duties to perform, I must remark that the great proportion of the Masters in Chancery, in Ireland, are gentlemen with whose politics I have not the good fortune to agree. I must add that this has been a most wanton and uncalled-for attack upon individuals who have sworn to administer impartial justice. I am sure that the Masters in Ireland have not pursued any course of conduct which was not the result of their unbiassed judgment. For myself, I will say that I have no desire to undertake the discharge of the duties connected with these appointments; and, with regard to what has been suggested, I will only add that the whole of my conduct in the court over which I have the honour to preside, and my whole life, is the best answer to the imputation that I have violated a sworn duty.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — I must beg leave to deny that these appointments are made, in England, as the Noble and Learned Lord (Lord Plunket) seems to suppose. On the contrary, it is matter of notoriety that, notwithstanding all the Learned Lord says, — and the alleged purity of conduct as to these appointments by persons of high judicial station in England, — they have, within the last two or three years, been made matter of appeal to your Lordships' House.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — The case to which the Noble Duke alludes was that of the city of Norwich; but I must remind your Lordships that the question raised by the appeal was a point on the construction of the Act of Parliament, and not with reference to the appointment of the trustees. If the Noble Duke has any curiosity to see what took place in the Court of Chancery on that appointment, it is most fully reported, and the decision then come to has been since unappealed against.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I have before co-operated with my Noble and Learned Friend on the woolsack in arranging Bills of very great and vast importance, and I beg to assure him that I shall be most happy to co-operate with him in the production of a measure for the regulation of trusteeships, generally,

throughout the country. I will not say one word as to the manner in which my Noble and Learned Friend has exercised the duties imposed upon in reference to the trusteeships of corporation charities; but I am bound to observe that I continually receive, from all quarters, statements complaining that the great majority of the trustees appointed through the intervention of the Court of Chancery — not immediately under the eye of my Noble and Learned Friend — are warm and violent political partisans; and to obviate this evil it is that I, for one, object to the alteration in this clause which has been introduced by the House of Commons. Owing to the indisposition of a Noble and Learned Friend not now in his place (Lord Brougham), the proceedings with his proposed Bill for the regulation of charitable trusteeships have been suspended, and the appointments have, consequently, been thrown into the hands of the Court of Chancery; and the result has, practically, been (though not intended by my Noble and Learned Friend on the woolsack), that party appointments have been made. I received, a few days ago, a letter from Bristol on this subject, from which I will read one passage. It is from a gentleman with whom I am wholly unacquainted. It is dated the 7th of July, 1838, and signed "Christopher George," who describes himself to be a town councillor of the city of Bristol; and he states that in that city the management of the municipal charities has fallen into the administration of a set of trustees, twenty-one in number, and of whom eighteen are what are called Liberals, and a large number of these are Dissenters. He goes on to add, "that the members of the established church in Bristol regret to see the charities founded by the pious Whiteson and Carr, for the advancement of the Protestant established church, superintended and conducted by a board of trustees composed of Baptists, Socinians, and Quakers. Surely," adds the writer, "surely this ought not to be." It is my wish to remedy the evil; and for this purpose I think that the administration of the charitable trusts in Ireland ought to remain in the hands of the persons who now hold them, until Parliament shall pass a general measure for the regulation of charities. I do not deny that there are difficulties in the way; but I shall be happy to co-operate, most heartily and cordially, with my Noble and Learned Friend on the woolsack in meeting them.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — I cannot answer an *opinion of Mr. Christopher* George, — an individual whom my Noble and Learned Friend does not know, — nor can I vouch that any such person exists. I can, however, state that the case of Bristol was never brought before me, for the Master's Report was confirmed without opposition, all parties being satisfied with the appointments that were made.

LORD LYNDHURST. — The appointments were made by the Vacation Master, a gentleman who is a violent political partisan on the liberal side, as evinced when a Member of the House. At the same time, I admit he is a very respectable individual.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I think there is great weight in what has fallen from the Noble and Learned Lord on the woolsack, as to the trustees to hold office under the amendment being irresponsible to the Court of Chancery. It would be easy to introduce words into the clause to bring them under the control of that court; and I am of opinion that such an addition would be a great improvement in the Bill.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — I feel it my duty to take the sense of the House on the amendment, for the purpose of protesting against that which I consider to be most inexpedient and most unjust in its consequences.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH — I quite agree with the Noble Earl, that these persons should be put under the control of the Court of Chancery; and, with regard to the day on which the present trustees should cease to hold office, I would propose the alteration of the words of the amendment to the 1st of October, 1840.

The amendment, so altered, was then agreed to.

The amendments of the Commons, on Clauses 74., 75., and 76., agreed to.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I beg leave to move that your Lordships do disagree to the Commons' amendments on the 81st clause.

Amendments disagreed to accordingly.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — I beg to propose that the amendments of the Commons, vesting the power of appointing sheriffs in the corporations, be disagreed

to; and that the power of nominating the sheriffs shall be vested in the Crown.

Motion agreed to.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I beg to move that your Lordships do agree to the Commons' amendments relating to the appointment of commissioners.

LORD LYNDHURST. — As your Lordships amended the Bill, the towns to which corporations were to be granted were limited to eleven; but it was provided that other towns should have the power of applying for charters of incorporation to the Lord Lieutenant. It might happen, however, that those charters might not be applied for, or that they might be refused; and it consequently became necessary to take some steps for the proper administration of the corporate property. For that purpose, your Lordships proposed the appointment of commissioners, the power of those commissioners to be limited, exclusively, to the objects for which they were to be appointed. The Commons have disagreed to that proposal, and suggested to appoint commissioners of another description, and to invest them with all the powers contained in the Act of the 9th of Geo. IV. Now, I contend that the Commons were wrong in making that proposal on the third reading of the Bill. The question is one relating to taxation; and if such a provision were required, it should have been introduced in the first stage; but it is both unreasonable and unnecessary.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — After what has fallen from the Noble and Learned Lord, I shall not insist upon this amendment.

The remaining amendments were then agreed to.

A committee appointed to prepare reasons, to be offered to the Commons, at another conference, for the Lords insisting on some of their amendments, and disagreeing to some of the Commons' amendments; the committee to meet to-morrow, at four o'clock.

SLAVE TRADE (SICILY) BILL. —SLAVE TRADE (TUSCANY) BILL.

Read a second time (according to order), and committed to a committee of *the whole House to-morrow.*

STAMP DIES BILL. — TRA FER OF FUNDS (WAR FICE) BILL. — ECCLESIA CAL APPOINTMENTS PENSION BILL. — BANK IRELAND REPAYMENT B

Read a second time, and committ a committee of the whole House to- row.

TRADING COMPANIES BI

Amendment reported (according der), and Bill to be read a third ti Thursday next.

VALUATION OF LANDS (LAND) BILL.

Read a second time, and committ a committee of the whole Hous Thursday next.

CONSTABLES ON PUBL WORKS BILL.

House in committee (according der); Bill reported, without amend and to be read a third time to-morr

PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BI

Petition in favour of, — of a g meeting of the commissioners of s of the county of Fife.—Read, and or to lie on the table.

CORN LAWS.

Petition for reduction of the du the importation of foreign corn, — lord provost, magistrates, and cou Glasgow. — Read, and ordered to the table.

ESTABLISHED CHURCH NADA).

Petition for the protection of, — ministers and elders of the Genera sembly of the Church of Scotland, Edinburgh. — Read, and ordered to the table.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL COPYRIGHT BILL.

Third reading (which stood app for this day) put off to Thursday ne

PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Report of the amendments (which stood appointed for this day) put off to Thursday next, and the Lords summoned.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

Further consideration of the Commons' amendments (which stood appointed for this day) put off to Thursday next.

PAPERS.

Account of all sums of money paid or advanced by order of any British authority, on account of or for the use of her Majesty the Queen of Spain, since the signature of the Quadruple Treaty: Also,

Account of all arms, naval or military stores, provisions, or other supplies, furnished by any public department, or supplied from her Majesty's ships serving on the coast of Spain, or elsewhere, for the use of the forces of the Queen of Spain, or of the British Auxiliary Legion, since the signature of the Quadruple Treaty; together with an account of the value of the same: Also,

Account and estimate of all supplies made to vessels of war belonging to the Government of Spain, and the amount of all expenses for refitting and repairing Spanish vessels in our ports: Also,

Copies or extracts of all correspondence relative to their pay and demands, which have passed between the officers of the Legion and her Majesty's Government: Also,

Copies or extracts of the original contract or engagement entered into by the Government of Spain, or through their ambassador, with any of her Majesty's Ministers, or officers in command, or in her Majesty's service, respecting any engagement of British subjects serving under the Orders in Council: Also,

Copies or extracts of General Alava's letter, praying a special order to raise, in the United Kingdom, a body of 10,000 men; and Lord Palmerston's letter, dated 11th of June, 1835, stating that it was the intention of his Majesty's Government to give every encouragement to half-pay officers, to avail themselves of the permission granted to his Majesty's subjects: Also,

Copies or extracts of any correspondence between the Foreign Office and Colonel Wylde, relating to the re-organisation of the late British Auxiliary Legion: Also,

Copies or extracts of any correspondence relating to the payment for supplies to her Majesty's Government from that of the Queen of Spain, with any statement of any sums or securities received: And, also,

Copies or extracts of all remonstrances and applications made to the Queen of Spain's Government, regarding the atrocities of the war (since the last papers presented to the House), and showing if any, and what, further steps have been taken to promote the observance of the Elliot Convention.

Delivered (pursuant to address of the 19th of June last), and ordered to lie on the table.

Copies of correspondence which has taken place between the Principal Secretary of State, Sir De Lacy Evans, the superior officers of the Legion, Mr. Black (the commissary-general), and Mr. Bradburn (the agent), and Sir De Lacy Evans's reply, on the subject of the claims on the Spanish Government. — Delivered (pursuant to address of the 27th of July last), and ordered to lie on the table.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PRIVATE BUSINESS.

Cirencester Hundred Court Bill.—Petition presented,—of inhabitants of Stroud, complaining that the Standing Orders have not been complied with.—To lie on the table.

Of inhabitants of Stroud, against the same Bill.—Referred to the committee on the Bill; counsel ordered.

Dublin Corporation (Compensation to Officers).—Bill, "to provide Compensation for certain Officers of the Corporation of the City of Dublin," ordered to be brought in by Mr. SHAW and Mr. O'CONNELL.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

LIBRARY COMMITTEE.

Report brought up, and read.—To lie on the table, and to be printed.

RETURNS, &c.

Factories.—On the motion of LORD ASHLEY, an address was ordered for—

Returns of all the mills and factories, specifying the firms which have neglected to transmit Returns to the inspectors when called upon, at any time during the twelvemonth ending 30th of June, 1838.

Of the number of persons employed in cotton, woollen, worsted, flax, and silk factories of the United Kingdom; distinguishing counties and parishes, the description of manufacture, the horse power, and whether moved by steam-engines or water-wheels; also, the moving power, if steam and water together; and, finally, the actual power; likewise the number of children under nine years of age, the number also of children between nine and thirteen, and of young persons between thirteen and eighteen, the total number of hands employed in all cases, distinguishing the sexes; according to the plan adopted by Mr. Inspector Rickards, in the Return ordered to be printed, March 30. 1836.

Of the names of mills and firms from which answers have not been obtained for the purpose of the above Return.

CHURCH LEASES COMMITTEE.

On the motion of Mr. VERNON SMITH, power to report minutes dence.

Report brought up, and read.—on the table, and to be printed.

DUBLIN ELECTION.

Minutes of proceedings and e taken before the committee, prese To lie on the table.

MISCELLANEOUS PETIT

The following petitions were s presented; namely,—

Idolatry (India).—By SIR INGLIS, Mr. FINCH, LORD ASHL LASCELLES, Mr. THORNELY, an Honourable Members, against inte of British functionaries,—from Winkfield; Ipswich; Southwar petitions); London (two petitions bourn; Middlesex (Liverpool Ro pel); Rochester; Brompton; S Woolwich; Weymouth; Wakefie petitions); Wolverhampton; Bla Bury St. Edmunds; and Sturmin

Tithes (Ireland).—By SIR W BRABAZON, for abolition,—from K and Burrishoole.

Employment of the Poor,—BROTHERTON, for the adoption of m for the better employment of the from Stockport; Rochdale; Halif Bath.

Established Church (Canada),—Ingoldmells, in support.

Parochial Assessments Bill,—Durham and Winchester, against.

Sale of Beer Act,—From Hor repeal.

St. Saviour's (Southwark) G School Bill,—By Mr. HARVEY, —from the Rev. Mr. Short and and inhabitants of St. Saviour's, wark.

y,—From Faversham, from abo-

aws,—By Mr. Poulett Scrope, Stroud, for repeal.

Law Amendment Act, — By Mr. for repeal or amendment,—from Roberts; Coggeshall; Newcastle-ne; Taunton; Darlington; e and Bocking; Thundersley; ge, Southwark; and Thurston-

on the table.

s Kinder, — By Lord Viscount —two petitions of Thomas Kinder, ing of the conduct of the Mexican ent in their transactions with of the inadequate support afforded by her Majesty's Government t of the same.

senting the above petitions, the rd said: —These petitions are of nature as will compel me, I fear, trench on the ordinary usage of e, and to trespass at some length indulgence of Honourable Gen- The first of these petitions is . Thomas Kinder, merchant, of who, it appears, was formerly nsively connected with the trade outh Atlantic states of America. ear 1824, when this country was oint of recognising the independ- many of the states of South Ame- lication was made by the Mexican nent to the partner of the peti- Mr. Staples, who was then residing o, for the loan of a considerable money, for the purpose of repress- ion and anarchy within its terri- Mr. Staples applied for advice to el Harvey, who, at that time, British Minister in Mexico, and from that gentleman something arantee for the repayment of the f he chose to advance it, on the he British Government; and this hich I hold in my hand, from Mr. sanctions and recommends the ing. Under the encouragement l out to him, Mr. Staples entered ntract with the Mexican Govern- ereby he undertook to advance it of 1,500,000 dollars. Before the r could consult his partner on the a bill for 100,000*l.* came over to m Mexico, which he was obliged t, and in a short time afterwards lls, which made his advances to ican Government amount, alto- to 170,000*l.* *Some time after-* wards, the Mexican Government, having made another contract for a loan with Mr. Goldsmid, offered to repay the petitioner the sums which he had advanced to it, but refused to pay him either interest or commission upon them. The petitioner refused to accede to their offer, and since that time has been unable to obtain payment of the sums which he considers to be due to him. The complaint of the petitioner is, that, though the British Government have interposed with the Mexican Government in his behalf in the way of kind offices for the satisfaction of his claim, such remonstrances have not been made by it as are required on behalf of British interests so deeply involved, and involved, too, under a contract which his partner made by and with the advice of Mr. Lionel Harvey, the British Minister to the republic of Mexico. It is true that Mr. Harvey was subsequently dismissed by Mr. Canning for having given greater encouragement to this loan than he was authorised to do by his instructions.

The petitioner claims of the House that it will cause inquiry to be made into the allegations contained in his petition, and will grant him such relief as, in its wisdom, it may think proper. For my own part, as I have not had time to read, carefully, the papers connected with this petition, which the petitioner has intrusted to me for perusal, I cannot say whether the petitioner is entitled to any stronger interposition than that which has been already made for him; but if, on going through the papers, I find that they make out the case stated in the petition, I shall certainly move, next Session, that they be referred to a select committee.

The other petition which I have to present comes from the same individual, and is connected with a transaction of still greater extent. Through the agency of his partner, Mr. Staples, the petitioner purchased an estate in Mexico for 300,000*l.* Of this estate he has been completely deprived, through the chicanery and political intrigues which are always so rife in countries going through the ordeal of violent revolutions. He has thus been reduced from a state of great wealth to a condition of comparative indigence. On this, as on the other case, he submits a complaint that his claims have not been supported as they ought to have been by the British Government. This latter case is mixed up with some complicated points of Mexican law; but, as far as I am able to comprehend them, it certainly does appear to me that Mr. Kinder has received extremely injurious treatment from the abuses of Mexican law. I admit that, as the peti-

tioner's case has been before a tribunal of the country in which the contract was made, the petitioner would not have had any just cause of complaint against her Majesty's Government for not interfering in his behalf, had that country been under the steady rule of settled laws; but the treatment which the petitioner has suffered is peculiar to a country in a state of revolution, and therefore requires more than the ordinary interference of her Majesty's Government. The question certainly does arise, whether this gentleman is not, and was not, entitled to a more determined interposition on the part of the British Minister? I shall now content myself by moving that these petitions do lie on the table.

Mr. POULETT THOMSON. — I merely wish to say that I think the Noble Lord would have done better if he had laid the petitions on the table, and had afterwards given notice of his intention to call the attention of the House to their contents, at a time and when, according to the rules and orders of the House, it would have been in our power to answer the allegations set forth by the petitioner. I must, however, on this occasion, say that, as regards the claim of Mr. Kinder, the petitioner, I know that his case has received every possible attention from the department to which it was referred. It happens, however, that Mr. Kinder has, unfortunately, got a notion that this Government will interfere in his behalf in a way which it is quite impossible for it to adopt. It is quite clear that this Government cannot go to the extent of demanding redress for a bargain which has been made in Mexico, and on which the Mexican courts have come to a formal decision against the petitioner. I am also sorry that the Noble Lord has made himself a party to bringing a charge against a public officer in Mexico, which, on examination, he will find to be not well founded ——

LORD VISCOUNT SANDON. — I beg leave to state that I have made no charge against any individual. But I do mean to say, from the circumstances narrated, I believe that some bias on the part of those ——

The SPEAKER. — Order, order! The House will see the imperative necessity of our adhering to one general and uniform practice. The Noble Lord must be aware that he is out of order in attempting to raise a discussion on the p ation of a petition, without notice.

Petitions ordered to lie on the ta

POOR LAW AMENDMENT COMMITTEE.

On the motion of Mr. POU SCROPE, power to report observa

Report brought up by Mr. P Scrope, and read.

Mr. FIELDEN. — I cannot l Report be brought up without sa few words as to the manner in wh committee have conducted their i gations, and upon that document w the result of it. My propositio that the committee should examin whom nobody could doubt to be t witnesses — the labouring people a ratepayers. I proposed, at th meeting of the committee, that we procure certain Returns from those in which the rates have been redu per cent. This was objected to, ground that the returns would be t borate and too difficult to procure. proposed that we should take those in which the reductions have been cent.; and the first three on the this description being Ampthill, B and Woburn, the committee order Returns from those unions. I se men down into Bedfordshire, to ma quiries as to the condition of the whom the Returns showed to be de of parochial relief under the new and I was in hopes that the com would have gone into a full exami of the ratepayers and labourers o unions, as well as into the examina commissioners, guardians, and offi the new law. But I have been grie disappointed. The House will fi looking at the evidence, that the mittee has been engaged no less thirty-six days and a half in exa commissioners and guardians. I the commissioners, alone, have twenty days out of the fifty-two da the whole examination has take Four days have been allotted to th dical inquiry, leaving ten and a hal for the examination of witnesses a the law;—and this, notwithstandin nearly half a million of persons ha titioned against it, stating their re The commissioners, and the gua too, are persons actually upon their

they are persons who have been complained of; and the committee was originally appointed for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not those complaints were just. Will the House be satisfied — will the country be satisfied — that this committee has conducted an impartial examination, when it is found that thirty-six days and a half out of fifty-two have been allotted to the examination of persons who are on their trial? My main objection to the law is founded on my firm conviction that it will reduce the wages of the labouring people; and if I had nothing more than even the assistant commissioners to satisfy me upon that point, their evidence has shown me that that has already been the result. The House should have foreseen this before it passed the law. When it affected to throw men upon their resources, it should have been certain that they had those resources; but the cruelty of this law is now becoming obvious in all times of depression of trade, and in the intervals between the different harvests in the agricultural parts of the country. This Report states, in utter contradiction to what is the fact, "that the real interests of all classes of the community have been consulted in the operation of the law." I am so thoroughly satisfied that this is unfounded, —I have seen such strong proof that it has brought misery upon the labouring classes, — that I have thought it my duty to move an amendment to this part of the Report. Honourable Members will perceive that it is stated, on the authority of Mr. Overman, vice-chairman of the Ampthill board, that the wages of the labourers in his neighbourhood had been raised since the law came into operation. Indeed, in illustration of the fact, he states what he, himself, paid upon his own farm in 1834, and what he paid in 1837; that *is to say*, he gave a table containing the weekly payments for every week in those years to his labourers, and the totals showed an increase in the gross amount in the year 1837. So far Mr. Overman made out the case very well; but, in his previous examination, he stated, not only that wages had been raised, but that many more men had been employed on the land. And here Mr. Overman failed to establish his case, but completely succeeded in establishing the point which I aim to prove, namely, a reduction in wages. Mr. Overman, in 1834 and 1835, employed twenty men and thirteen boys, and the gross amount which he stated he paid to them in the year was 775*l.* 6*s.* 1*d.* He stated that, in 1837 and 1838, his gross payments in *wages were* 870*l.* 8*s.*, which was, doubtless, a considerable increase in the money spent in wages; but he employed, in the latter year, eleven boys and twenty-six men, which, as anybody will find by calculating it, proves a reduction of 11*d.* per week in money wages. As Mr. Overman and his table are cited in the Report to prove an advance in wages, I proposed an amendment to that part of the Report, which I will read to the House. It is as follows:—

That so far from the real interests of all classes having been consulted by the administration of the Poor Law Amendment Act, as expressed in page 25. of this Report, the interests of the poor have suffered by the withdrawal of relief and reduction of wages, as appears by the evidence 15,305., 15,318., 15,361. (Ceeley); and 16,472. and 16,474. (Rawson); and 14,345., 14,349., 14,353., 14,354., 14, 370., 14,479., and 14,480. (Overman). The statement of weekly wages paid for farm labour during four years by Mr. T.W. Overman, accompanied by the list of labourers in his employment, from July, 1834, to July, 1835, and from July, 1837, to July, 1838, in the former of which years he had 20 men and 13 boys, and in the latter 26 men and 11 boys, shows the following result. In this calculation 5*s.* per week, only, are allowed forthe boys in both years, although Mr. Overman, in his evidence (14,378.), says boys' wages had been advanced.

1834 and 1835.	£	s.	d.
13 boys, each 52 weeks, or 676 weeks for one boy, at 5*s.* .	169	0	0
20 men, each 52 weeks, or 1040 weeks for one man, at 11*s.* 8*d.* .	606	13	4
	£775	13	4

Amount paid, as per Mr. Overman's statement . 775*l.* 6*s.* 1*d.*

1837 and 1838.			
11 boys, each 52 weeks, or 572 weeks for one boy, at 5*s.*	143	0	0
26 men, each 52 weeks, or 1352 weeks for one man, at 10*s.* 9*d.* .	726	14	0
	£869	14	0

Amount paid, as per Mr. Overman's statement . 870*l.* 8*s.*

A reduction of labourers' wages in money, of from 11*s.* 8*d.* per week, in 1834-5, to 10*s.* 9*d.* per week in 1837-8, or 8 per cent., is thus shown by Mr. Overman's statement; and 11*s.* 8*d.* would buy the labourer 129½ pints of wheat, at the average price of wheat per quarter (46*s.* 2*d.*), during the year 1834; whereas, 10*s.* 9*d.* would purchase him only 99 pints of wheat at the average price (55*s.* 9*d.*) during the year 1837, being a decline in his command over wheat of 25 per cent., and, taking wheat at the average price of the week ending 5th of July last, his command over wheat then, as compared with 1834, is reduced 37½ per cent.; and this has been going on under the operation of the New Poor Law, notwithstanding Mr. Overman stated in his evidence that there is an increased demand for labour (14,396. and 14,397.), no scarcity of work (14,132. and 14,467.), that wages have been advanced and the men do more work (14,183., 14.185., and 14,209.), and that farming

has not been so prosperous for many years as in 1837 (14,507.).

I moved this resolution, when complaining, in the committee, of the whole Report; and I ask whether I had not a right to complain of such a delusive statement being sent forth to the country as that which I have just pointed out? Before I became a member of this committee, I imagined that the handloom weavers, and some others in the north, were the most miserable of all the English labouring people; but I have heard enough, I confess, in the committee, to show me that, if the people of the south are not, now, as badly off as the handloom weavers, it will take but a short time to bring them to the condition of those miserable people. I will pause, in order to ask the House whether it is not both cruel and impolitic to continue this wicked and obnoxious law, if there be even any chance that its results will be such as I have spoken of? I could point out good, honest, and industrious labourers, men whose characters are not disputed, who, with their families, are living, now, upon 3*d.* per head per day. Mr. Ceeley, a surgeon from Aylesbury (whose evidence, by-the-bye, is well worthy of being read), stated that he was in considerable practice — that he was well acquainted with the neighbourhood of Aylesbury and the labouring people within it, and he gave it as his opinion that, sickly and distressed as they were before, their lot had become considerably worse since the new law came into operation; — that he had inquired, from what he deemed the best sources of information, — the tradespeople, — those who sold to the labourers the food on which they live; and all had told him that they sold, now, less provisions to this class of persons than they did before the new law. If this be a fact, I would ask whether anything can be more convincing? If the baker, and the grocer, and the cheesemonger are now selling less food to the labouring man than they did before the new law, is not the conclusion forced upon us, that the new law has deprived the labouring man of the means that he had before it? In the Report of the committee it will be found that Mr. Weale, the assistant commissioner, has made a statement of the wages of the agricultural labourers in Somersetshire, Gloucestershire, and Worcestershire, and the average rate of wages afforded 1*s.* 5*d.* per head per week for the labourer and his family. Mr. Rawson, a manufacturer at Leicester, stated, on his own experience, that wages had been reduced one *third since the* new law came into operation, and he apprehended a continued reduction. I sent two men down into the neighbourhood of Ampthill, to make inquiries in that neighbourhood, and they took a survey of the parish of Westoning in particular; they obtained the name, number in family, and earnings of every labouring man within the parish for the years 1834 and 1837; and the result — which I will state as shortly as possible — was, to show a reduction of 16 per cent. on their means of living. The tables establishing these matters were put in by Mr. Turner, one of the persons whom I sent to make the inquiries. They were attacked in the committee, and Mr. Pierce, chairman of the Woburn board, was brought up to the committee to refute them; and, according to Mr. Pierce, these labourers were in the receipt of much more money than Mr. Turner had made out in his tables; but how was it? Why, Mr. Pierce found that the earnings of the families of the labourers, that is, the earnings of the wives and children of the labourers in Westoning, at straw-plaiting, made an important difference in the total earnings of the family during the year. Mr Pierce found little to dispute as to the wages of the labouring men. All the difference that there was between his table and Mr. Turner's consisted in this, that Mr. Turner had stated the earnings of the families at too little according to Mr. Pierce's account. I was prepared to dispute the truth of Mr. Pierce's statement. I had the names of the witnesses ready, and amongst them the names of persons who could have spoken, from experience, and with authority, upon the subject; but these witnesses I could not get before the committee. In the absence of them, however, the House may find, by turning to Mr. Pierce's evidence, that when it was the object of the different boards of guardians in Bedfordshire to send families into the north of England to the factories, then the earnings of the wives and children were set down, in Mr. Muggridge's returns, as amounting to little or nothing. The earnings of a mother and all her children were stated, in one instance, at 3*s.* 6*d.*, only, per week, whereas Mr. Pierce stated that a young woman in Bedfordshire, of from thirteen to nineteen years of age, could earn from 5*s.* to 7*s.* a-week at straw-plaiting. As to the men taking their earnings as they are stated by Mr. Pierce himself, the House will find that they are getting no more than will afford 1*s.* 10*d.* per week per head for themselves and their families.

I think I have stated enough already,

citing even the authority of commissioners and guardians, to prove to the House that it is necessary to keep a watchful eye on the condition of the agricultural labourers. I have received letters from all parts of the country, from so far west as Barnstaple, and so far east as Norwich, from Carlisle, and from many places in the interior of the country, addressed to me, by magistrates, clergymen, guardians of boards, and by tradesmen, all complaining of the operation of this law, and all stating it to be now producing the effects which I anticipated with dread, and which I have often stated to the House. It was only yesterday that I received a communication out of Devonshire, in which, amongst other things, great complaints are made of the enormous size of the unions, causing what is equal to a denial of relief to all but those who are able-bodied enough to walk fifteen or twenty miles to wait upon a board of guardians. And this brings me to page 16. of the Report before the House. A compliment is there paid to the commissioners for the "skilful and judicious" arrangements which they have made, and for the great discrimination which they have shown in adapting their operations to local peculiarities. But this compliment is not in unison with an opinion given in page 14., where the same Report says, "Your committee are of opinion that it does appear that the size of the medical districts, in many instances, is inconveniently large;" while, again, in the 24th page of the Report, the House will find a specific recommendation to it to give the commissioners powers to reconstruct their own unions! This, I apprehend, will require a statute; so that these "skilful and judicious" men have formed a set of unions so inconvenient even in themselves, that they are already applying to Parliament, through this committee, for powers to undo their own work! Why, it appears to me that these persons have shown a total want of ability in the only part of their duties which required wisdom. To alter the established divisions of the country, and form a set of new ones that shall be more convenient to the poor, is, doubtless, a matter which requires judgment and discrimination; but these persons have shown that these faculties are not possessed by them, in this particular, at any rate; and therefore I protest strongly against this part of the Report, which pays them a compliment, in one page, on the very subject on which, in another page, it condemns them. At the same time that the Report recommends that the commissioners *should have the* means given to them of reconstructing the unions that they have already formed, it also recommends that they should have power given to them to dissolve all the Gilbert unions, and to nullify all provisions of local Acts all over the country relating to the relief of the poor. I hope that the Gilbert unions, and those places where the relief of the poor is now administered under local Acts, will watch this subject well. I hope that the representatives of the people will be reminded of their duties, and that the country will not be thrown into additional confusion by additional powers being given to those persons who are obliged, by this, their application for a fresh Act, to confess their incompetency. I not only hope that the commissioners will have no further powers given to them; but I hope that the representatives of the people will come up to Parliament, in the next Session, prepared to negative any proposition that may be made to Parliament for continuing the powers that they at present have, and that ——

LORD GRANVILLE SOMERSET. — I rise to order. I do not wish to interrupt the Honourable Gentleman in stating his own views upon the subject; but when he enters into circumstances of which the committee alone is cognisant, and of which the House as yet knows nothing, I put it to you, Sir, and the House, whether the Honourable Gentleman is treating either the committee or the subject quite fairly?

The SPEAKER. — I have not had the good fortune to collect much of what has fallen from the Honourable Member; but the greater part of that which I did hear certainly appeared to me to relate to matters of which the committee is exclusively in possession. The Report of the committee is now placed upon the table. If the Honourable Member dissents from any part of it, it will be competent to him to state his objections at length on some future day, after the Report shall have been printed and placed in the hands of the House; but I put it to the Honourable Member whether, at the present moment, it is either fair or reasonable to enter into a long discussion on a Report, of the contents of which the House is not yet in possession?

Mr. FIELDEN. — I am opposed to the bringing up of this Report; and therefore I think it my duty to state —

The SPEAKER. — Order! That Re-

port has been brought up, and is now on the table. If the Honourable Member dissent from the statements set forth in that Report, it is competent for him, as a member of the committee, to give notice, and bring forward a motion or recommendation on the subject. But I wish, especially, to impress upon the Honourable Gentleman (and I am quite sure that in that opinion I shall meet with the support of the whole House), that it is not fair nor reasonable to discuss the merits of a Report, of which Honourable Members are not yet in possession.

Mr. FIELDEN. — I wish to state that the whole of the Report is exceedingly unsatisfactory to me.

The SPEAKER. — Nothing can be more correct than for the Honourable Member to enter his protest against the Report, and to state that, as a member of the committee, he does not concur in it. All that I object to is, his going into the details of a Report of which the House is not yet cognisant.

Mr. FIELDEN. — I requested the committee to allow me time to draw up a protest before the Report was presented to the House; but my request was not complied with. I was, therefore, anxious to take the first opportunity of expressing my dissent. If the forms of the House will not allow me to enter into details, I will, upon this occasion, content myself by entering my protest against the whole of the Report.

Mr. P. SCROPE. — From the more immediate vicinity of my seat to that of the Honourable Member, I have enjoyed the singular advantage of hearing much that has fallen from him, and I beg to assure the House that the Honourable Member has gone through the greater part of the Report, and has raised an objection to every page of it. His charges, I am convinced, are without foundation; and I must say, that of all the members of the committee, the Honourable Member for Oldham has the least reason to complain, and least right to say that due attention was not given to the evidence he produced. In fact, the utmost latitude of indulgence was extended to the Honourable Member, both as to the bringing up of, and the attention paid to his evidence. The case of the Ampthill union, to which I understood the Honourable Member to refer, occupied the committee a greater time than any other; they patiently examined all the witnesses produced by the Honourable Member, persons whom he himself had prev sent down; and I think it is too after this, for the Honourable Mem make that case a ground of charge a the committee. I shall not follo Honourable Member into the det the Report, nor attempt to answ statements; I shall content mysel leaving the Report to speak for being satisfied that when the public to peruse it, they will feel that the mittee were fully justified in the they pursued.

Report ordered to lie on the tabl to be printed.

RETURNS, &c.

The following Papers and Return severally presented; namely, —

Poor Law Amendment Act. — presented, of Returns relative t weekly diet of labourers in the di counties (Address 8d of August).

Outrages (Ireland). — Return sented, of outrages and assaults mitted upon Protestant ministers i land (ordered 1st of May).

To lie on the table.

MESSAGE FROM THE LO.

That they have agreed to—Loan ties (Ireland) Bill; Public Records Juvenile Offenders Bill; Schools land) Bill, with amendments.

That they do communicate a c the evidence taken before the com of their Lordships on the colonisat New Zealand.

PUBLIC RECORDS BIL.

Lords' amendments to be conside Thursday.

BENEFICES PLURALITY I

Report from committee appoint draw up reasons to be offered to the l at a conference, brought up, and conference to be desired with the L

PRIVATE BILL DEPOSI BILL.

Further consideration of Repor ferred till Thursday.

IDATED FUND BILL.

committee read; instruction , that they have power to re- e of appropriation; Bill con- mmittee; to be reported to-

)RATE PROPERTY (IRELAND).

train the alienation of cor- rty in certain towns in Ire- to be brought in by LORD ORPETH and Mr. ATTORNEY Ireland.

QUER BILLS BILL.

l in committee; to be re- rrow.

JER BILLS (PUBLIC) BILL. — FOUR AND PER CENTUM DU- ILL.

l in committee; to be re- rrow.

XCHANGE REBUILD- ING BILL.

endments agreed to.

TRADE TREATIES BILL.

and recommitted; instruc- mmittee that they have power former Act; Bill considered e; to be reported to-mor-

OF CORNWALL AND NCASTER BILL.

d in committee, and reported; third time to-morrow.

ATE PROPERTY (IRE- LAND) BILL,

rain the Alienation of Corpo- ty in certain Towns in Ire- esented, and read a first time; *second time this day.*

DUBLIN CORPORATION (COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS) BILL,

"To provide Compensation for certain Officers of the Corporation of the City of Dublin." — Presented, and read a first time; to be read a second time this day.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL.

On the motion of the CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER, the House went into committee on this Bill.

Clause 1. having been put, —

LORD GRANVILLE SOMERSET said: — I do not know whether the Right Honourable Gentleman has had much communication with their trade on the subject of this Bill; but I understand that Christmas should be the time at which the reduction of duty on tin ought to commence.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER. — In reference to the question of the Noble Lord, I have only to state that the Government, in order to meet, as far as possible, the views of all parties, have thought it better to take the 10th of October as the day from which the alteration shall take place. If it were left to Christmas, I apprehend that the mining districts would be thrown into great confusion.

Clauses, up to No. 8., agreed to, with sundry verbal amendments.

The CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER. — Perhaps it will be more convenient to the committee, and to the Noble Lord, if the Noble Lord at once brings forward the amendment of which he has given notice.

LORD GRANVILLE SOMERSET. — I am obliged to the Right Honourable Gentleman, and I will endeavour to save the time of the committee as much as possible. I certainly much regret that the select committee have come to the determination of making the import duty on tin, 15*s.* per cwt.; because I have communicated with individuals in different parts of the country, and I find that the trade are satisfied with the present ad valorem duty, and that they will be much dis-

satisfied with the contemplated change; and I am sorry that they have not had free access to the Right Honourable Gentleman. I shall endeavour, in the few observations which I have to make, to confine myself to the question having immediate reference to the motion of which I have given notice, that the duty of 15*s.* per cwt. on tin, imported for the purposes of home consumption, shall be reduced to 12*s.* per cwt. It is not my intention, in proposing this alteration, to interfere with the native product of the county of Cornwall and of Wales. It is far from my wish to prevent the proprietors of these mines from receiving a remunerating price for their ore; but, on the other hand, I think that, when the country is called upon to pay 20,000*l.* to 25,000*l.* a-year as a *bonus* for raising it, and for which we have been hitherto saddled by a heavy seignorage, the effect of this duty of 15*s.* per cwt. will operate worse than a prohibition. I do not wish that Cornwall and Devon should have a monopoly of tin, to the exclusion of the foreign article. Neither do I wish that that monopoly should be broken down in such a rude, abrupt manner as to admit a flood of foreign tin into the market. I wish the duties to be so balanced that the public may enjoy the advantage of a reduction, while, at the same time, there shall be some check upon the effect of the removal of the monopoly. I have been led to this conclusion, by reading a very able pamphlet lately written by an Honourable Member of this House. I regret much that the question has been reserved for so late a period of the Session; because whatever statements I, or any Honourable Member opposed to me, may now make, there is no possibility of sustaining them, no means of enforcing their truth upon the House. If the question had been brought forward at an earlier period, and conflicting statements had then been made, it would have been easy to refer the matter to a select committee. Now, let the committee refer to a few facts; and I think they will see that, notwithstanding the acumen displayed in the Honourable Baronet's (Sir Charles Lemon's) pamphlet, in stating the grievances under which the Cornish miners labour, he does not quite make out his case. He shews the average prices of tin at various periods. The average, in 1831, he puts at 3*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* per cwt.; but I hold in my hand a statement made in the Government Returns, which gives the price of tin, throughout the year 1833, at 76*l.* 6*s.* per ton, instead of 65*l.* 5*s.*, which it would amount to at 3*l.* 5*s.* 3*d.* per cwt. *I find that, from certain Custom House Returns prepared in the present year, 1838,* that the average price of every s tin, one with the other, has been per cwt., whereas the Honourable net's pamphlet quotes it at 3*l.* 5*s.* 3 is clear that this official document be wrong, and therefore the statem the Honourable Baronet the Memb Cornwall must be incorrect. A mistake into which the Honourable net has fallen is this, — that he tak prices of common tin as a part average; but, even then, I do n how he supports an average of 3*l.* per cwt. I find similar discrepanci respect to the prices of 1832, in whic the Honourable Baronet states the p 63*l.* 6*s.* per ton, whereas my infor affirms it to be 77*l.* 10*s.*, being a diff of 14*l.* 4*s.* I also find a difference of between the statement of the value per cwt. in another year, as given Honourable Baronet, and that given Custom House Returns. The Hono Baronet says that the Cornish miner have a fair field for his exertions. I, also; and I think the difference b the price of foreign and home ti leave an ample field for such exe The price, under the reduced duty per cwt., will be 86*l.* per ton. f foreign tin, and 82*l.* for the home. difference will, I think, fully prot Cornish tinner. Indeed, I am in whether it will not leave him too m a monopoly. I now move that the 12*s.* be inserted, instead of 15*s.*, duty per cwt. to be paid on foreign

The CHANCELLOR of the EX QUER. — I have listened, with attention, to the statements whicl been made by the Noble Lord, ar doubtedly I have no reason to co of the manner in which that Nobl has introduced his amendment; theless I feel in duty bound to that amendment, though I fully con the general principle of the Noble that, if the effect of the duty of 1 cwt. on foreign tin should be such as a monopoly to the home miners, it in effect, be putting into their pock amount of duty which has been take the consolidated fund by the reduc the existing duty to 15*s.* That wou state of things in which I should nc cur. When a delegation from the i interest waited on me, at the comr ment of the Session, they stated th trade would be satisfied with the red of the duty on foreign tin to 15*s.*, they got the duty which they aske I, at the same time, told them that, should amount to such a prohibitio deprive the public of the advant

competition, I should feel it my apply to Parliament again on the , and to ask for a reduced foreign nd I now own that I have great as to the effect of this duty of 15*s.*, ing an end to the home monopoly. asked why I do not make the duty ign tin lower than 15*s.*, my answer if it be in the first instance too low, work an injury to the home manu- r which it will not be easy to repair; much more easy to induce Parlia- take off a tax which is thought to be h than to get it to reimpose one if o be reduced too low. However, that, if the working of the duty per cwt. on foreign tin should be ive us of the advantage of foreign ition, I shall be ready to propose to ent a lower duty.

HAWES. — I certainly think that ht to be much obliged to the Noble r having drawn the attention of the o this subject, though his advocacy estion springs from rather an inter- ource, namely, from the miners of ll. I think that, although the miners manufacturers may agree in fixing ount, yet the interests of the public, sumers, ought to be taken care of, nd, from the representations made apprehend that the duty of 15*s.* will, amount to a prohibition of the tin, and that it will be continuing tection to the Cornish miner, whilst ound on which that protection exists ve been swept away. If, therefore, ble Lord goes to a division, I will ly vote with him.

CHARLES LEMON. — I can on the best authority, that a duty s. per cwt. will hold out a fair n or inducement to the importation ign tin. I have the figures before prove that such is the case.

POULETT THOMSON. — I beg that the question before the com- to whom this question was referred hether or not the duty should be r cwt., as proposed by the Govern- or whether the proposition of the Lord should be acted upon. I ittle to add to what has fallen ıy Right Honourable Friend, — I ly say that I have, for a long time, ost anxious to reduce the duty on tin; but a great difficulty has in effecting this desirable object, on t of the special case made out for rnish proprietors. *I say, I have been most anxious, for a long time,* to procure a reduction of the duty on tin; but I have been hitherto successfully opposed, because of the local burdens of the mine owners, and the fear of the operation which such a reduction might have upon the working of their mines. But when the proper time arrived for a reduction of the duty, coupled with a reduction of the dues, I stated to the miners that if these dues were taken and charged on the consolidated fund, there must be such a reduction of the duty as would be likely to make up the deficiency to the revenue. My opinion, however, is, that we shall be ultimately compelled to make a further reduction of duty; but this is no more an argument for a duty of 12*s.* than for a duty of 15*s.*; for, in the absence of adequate information, — which can be obtained, only, by the test of actual experience, I cannot say what amount of duty it is proper to impose; and when those who have some such information say that 15*s.* will effect the object that I desire, I have no right to make any objection to them. But I repeat what has been stated by my Right Honourable Friend the Chancellor of the Exchequer, that if the experiment does not answer as fully as Government expects, I will move to reduce the duty still further, with the view of obtaining an importation of tin for the benefit of the trade. I regret that the duties in foreign countries are so high; but I am not a minister there; and I am of opinion that if we were to make our own produce as cheap as possible, we need not fear that we should not obtain a fair share of trade. The Honourable Member behind me (Mr. Hawes), I know, imagines that the interests of the consumers have been overlooked; but I can see no difference in this instance between the interests of the tin plate worker and those of the consumer. I know this is not the case with the manufacturers in general; but I can see no sinister interest on the part of the manufacturers; and I was, therefore, willing to take their opinion as to the proper amount of the first reduction.

LORD ELIOT. — This is a question of itself, and ought not to be disposed of on the abstract principles of "free trade," but on a due consideration of the peculiar nature of the mines, and the necessity of constantly working them. I do not know whether it would be better to fix the duty at 12*s.* or 15*s.*; but, as an experiment, I will at first support the smaller sum, and if that amount be found insufficient, the President of the Board of Trade may move to increase it.

Mr. AGLIONBY. — I am surprised at the

attempt to legislate in this matter without that information which might have been obtained; and, for myself, I cannot see why the amount of duty should not be reduced to 12*s*., or even 6*s*.; and I will, therefore, support the smaller duty, on the same principle on which I advocate the repeal of the corn laws.

SIR R. H. VIVIAN.—When Honourable Members recollect the number of persons engaged in the mines of Cornwall, the staple of the county, the nature of its soil, and the effects which must be produced by stopping any one of the great mines, I am quite certain they will not argue in favour of any measure that would hazard the probability of such consequences. I can assure Honourable Members that if they conceive large profits are derived from the mines, they will find themselves much mistaken. Have not the Cornish miners as much right to protection as the great manufacturers? I have very strong opinions on the subject of free trade; but in this case we should have some sort of protecting duty. On these grounds I rejoice at the experiment now proposed by Government.

Mr. FINCH.—I think 15*s*. a proper duty. Upon every principle by which this House is guided in its general dealings with our commercial affairs, such an article as tin ought to be taxed at the lowest possible amount.

Mr. FRESHFIELD.—I think that that is an unfortunate doctrine to introduce on this subject. My alarm is, that if the duties are much reduced, the importation of tin to which it will give rise will prove most injurious to the county of Cornwall. I am quite ready to support the duty of 15*l*. per ton, and I wish we had even a higher protection.

LORD GRANVILLE SOMERSET.—I do not repent having brought forward this question for discussion. I think I have ascertained from her Majesty's Ministers that the 15*s*. is intended only as an experiment, and that, if it do not answer, they will be prepared to reduce it to 10*s*. or 12*s*. I have got that declaration as well from the Right Honourable Gentleman the Chancellor of the Exchequer as from the Right Honourable Gentleman the President of the Board of Trade. I therefore think I shall consult the interests I represent if I do not press my present proposition to a division. I beg, however, to say that I shall feel it my duty, again, to call the attention of the *House to* the subject at the commencement of next Session, if, in the time, I find that this duty has n the effect which I think it ought tc for I am determined, as far as 1 ertions will go, that there shall no be that monopoly which has for s years past existed. Under these c stances, Sir, I will not press my to a division; but I shall call the at of the House to the subject earl Session, if I find that foreign tin come into a fair competition.

Motion withdrawn; Bill consid committee; House resumed; Bil reported to-morrow.

Mr. AGLIONBY.—I give noti I shall move for a Return of th amount of the annual tin duties years, and the expense of collect duties in those years.

COUNTY TREASURERS LAND) BILL.

Considered in committee; to ported to-morrow.

COAL TRADE (LONDON BILL.—CHURCH BUIL ACTS AMENDMENT BI

Considered in committee; to ported to-morrow.

CORPORATE PROPERTY LAND) BILL.—DUBLIN PORATION (COMPENSA TO OFFICERS) BILL.

Read a second time, and commi to-morrow, and to be printed.

SPIRIT LICENCES (IREI BILL.

Report deferred till to-morrow.

SITTING OF THE HOU

On the motion of VISCOUNT PETH, House, at rising, to adjou two o'clock to-morrow (this day).

PAPERS, RETURNS, &

Schools. — On the motion BARING, copy ordered — of T minute respecting schools, towa erection of which grants have bee by the public.

Copy presented accordingly; to lie on the table.

Spirit Licences (Ireland). — Return presented — of retail spirit licences now in force in Ireland (ordered 24th of May). — To lie on the table.

Liverpool Port (Post Office Packets). — Copy presented — of memorial of certain merchants and tradesmen of Liverpool, respecting claims upon the late agent for Post Office packets, with the Treasury minutes thereon (ordered 4th of August). — To lie on the table.

Pensions. — List presented — of pensions granted between the 20th of June, 1837, and the 20th of June, 1838, and charged upon the Civil List (by Act). — To lie on the table.

Adjourned, at eight o'clock, till two o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF LORDS, MERCURII, 8° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838

APPEAL.

The Society of Shipowners of Leith *v.* the Lord Provost, &c. of Edinburgh.— Petition of appellants for further time to lodge cases. — Read, and referred to the Appeal Committee.

The EARL of SHAFTESBURY sat Speaker.

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

The BISHOP of LONDON presented petitions for the prevention of, — of dissenting congregations of Hyde; Brunswick chapel, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; New Road chapel, Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Ashton-under-Lyne; and Clitheroe: and of inhabitants of Louth. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS (WAR OFFICE) BILL.—STAMP DIES BILL. — SLAVE TRADE (SICILY) BILL. — SLAVE TRADE (TUSCANY) BILL. — BANK OF IRELAND REPAYMENT BILL.

House in committee (according to order); Bills reported, without amendment, and to be read a third time to-morrow.

FACTORIES.

LORD REDESDALE presented petitions for the better regulation of, — of clergy of Bath and Bristol; and of inhabitants of Leeds. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

COUNTY OF CLARE TREASURER BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), with the amendment. — Bill passed, and *sent to the* Commons.

CONSTABLES ON PUB. WORKS BILL.

Read a third time (according to and passed.

CANADA GOVERNMENT DECLARATORY BILL

LORD BROUGHAM presented a declaring the true intent and mea an Act passed in the present Se Parliament, intituled, "An Act t temporary Provision for the Gove of Lower Canada," and for indem those who have issued or acted u certain ordinance made under cc the said Act. — Read a first time printed, and to be read a second t morrow; and the Lords summone

SHERIFF COURTS (S LAND) BILL. — ADVOC (SCOTLAND) BILL. — SONAL DILIGENCE (S LAND) BILL.

LORD WHARNCLIFFE presented tion in favour of, — of the so writers or solicitors in Dundee. - and ordered to lie on the table.

MUNICIPAL CORPORAT (IRELAND) BILL.

Report from committee, of re be offered to the Commons, at conference, for the Lords disagr some of the amendments of the C to the amendments of the Lords Bill, and for the Lords insisting tain of their Lordships' amendn the Bill, to which the Commons d — Read, and agreed to; and ord be printed, together with the ments.

CUSTOMS BILL.

Third reading (which stood appointed for this day) put off till to-morrow.

ECCLESIASTICAL APPOINTMENTS SUSPENSION BILL.

Committee (which stood appointed for this day) put off to Friday next.

COURT OF SESSION, &c. (SCOTLAND) BILL.

To be read a third time to-morrow.

JOINT STOCK BANKS BILL.

Committee (which stood appointed for this day) put off till to-morrow.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PRIVATE BUSINESS.

SAINT SAVIOUR'S (SOUTHWARK) GRAMMAR SCHOOL BILL.

Mr. HARVEY. — I rise to move that the Order of the House (6th of August), "That the committee on the St. Saviour's (Southwark) Grammar School have leave to sit and proceed on Thursday," &c., be read, with a view to discharging the said Order. I make the present motion, because I consider that it will be an act of kindness to all parties concerned in the measure, that it should not be pressed forward any further during the present Session. It is utterly impossible, in the present state of the House, that the Bill can pass in the present Session. The object of the Bill is, to enable the trustees of the school to erect a new school and master's house, at an expense of 4,000*l.*, while there are, still, no accounts audited. The school has been established three centuries ago, for objects which, by the lapse of time, have become unnecessary.

Order discharged accordingly.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

POSTAGE COMMITTEE.

Leave to committee to sit this day, during the sitting of the House.

CONSOLIDATED FUND (APPROPRIATION) BILL. — EXCHEQUER BILLS (11,044,550*l.*) *BILL. — EXCHEQUER BILLS (PUBLIC WORKS) BILL. — FOUR AND A HALF PER CENTUM DUTIES BILL. — SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL.*

Severally reported; to be read a third time to-morrow.

DUCHIES OF CORNWAL. LANCASTER BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

STANDING ORDERS RE COMMITTEE.

Leave to committee to sit during the sitting of the House.

COUNTY TREASURERS LAND) BILL. — COAL (LONDON, &c.) BILL. — C BUILDING ACTS A MENT BILL.

Reported; to be read a third morrow.

CORPORATE PROPERT LAND) BILL.

Considered in committee; ported to-morrow.

CHURCH BUILDING AMENDMENT BIL

Petition from St. John the E Waterloo Road, Lambeth, agai lie on the table.

DUCHY OF CORNWAL DUTIES) BILL.

Reported; amendments ag amendment made; Bill to be re time to-morrow.

IDOLATRY (INDIA

Petitions presented against in of British authorities, — by Lushington, — from Limeho Poplar. — To lie on the table.

RETURNS, &c.

Justice Clerks (Lanark). — Paper (presented 6th of August).

Poor Law Amendment Act. — Returns (presented 7th of August).

Schools. — Paper (presented 7th of August).

New Zealand. — Copy of evidence (communicated from the Lords 7th of August).

Pensions. — Paper (presented 7th of August).

Severally ordered to be printed.

Adjourned at half after two o'clock.

HOUSE OF LORDS, Jovis, 9° die Augustii, 183

APPEALS.

Greig *v.* Christie. — Petition of appellant for further time to lodge cases. — Read, and referred to the Appeal Committee.

Thomson *v.* Shanks. — Appeal presented, and respondent ordered to answer in four weeks.

The Earl of Shaftesbury sat Speaker.

House adjourned during pleasure, and resumed by the Lord Chancellor.

CAMOYS BARONY.

Committee for Privileges met; counsel on behalf of Thomas Stonor, Esquire, Henry L'Estrange Styleman, Esquire, Sir Jacob Astley, Baronet, and Sophia Della Cainea, heard on the authorities cited by Mr. Attorney General, with reference to the question of attainder; and committee adjourned to Tuesday next.

THE QUEEN'S ANSWERS TO ADDRESSES OF TUESDAY LAST.

Reported.

LIVERPOOL COURT OF PASSAGE BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to.

FINES AND RECOGNISANCES (IRELAND) BILL.

Read a third time, with the amendments; further amendments made; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

STAMP DIES BILL,

Read a third time (according to order), and passed.

LOAN SOCIETIES (IR BILL. — ROYAL EX REBUILING BILL. — NILE OFFENDERS ADVOCATIONS (SCO BILL.

Returned from the Commor amendments agreed to.

SCHOOLS (SCOTLAN

Returned from the Commor amendments agreed to, wi ments; Commons' amendme dered, and agreed to.

CHURCH BUILDING AMENDMENT BI

Returned from the Comm to, with amendments.

COUNTY TREASURE LAND) BILL. — DU CORNWALL AND TER BILL. — SLAVE TREATIES BILL. — RATE PROPERTY (IR BILL. — DUCHY OF WALL (TIN DUTIES)

Brought from the Commo first time; to be printed, and a second time to-morrow.

COAL TRADE BILL (EXCHEQUER BILLS EXCHEQUER BILLS LIC WORKS) BILL. AND A HALF PER DUTIES BILL. — C DATED FUND BILL.

Brought from the Common a first time.

BENEFICES PLURALI

Message from the Commons

ıpon the subject matter of the nts made by their Lordships to on motion, agreed to; and a onference appointed; and mes- ıgain called in, and informed managers named; House in- hat the managers for the Com- re ready for the conference; e had accordingly; and Report ıt the Commons had delivered a reeing to some of the amend- ade, and disagreeing to two of s inserted by their Lordships;), containing amendments to he amendments of this House, r reasons thereupon, together Bill; the said amendments and o be printed, and to be taken ideration to-morrow, and the nmoned.

'LATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

BL of ALBERMARLE and the EARL UTH severally presented petitions prevention of, — of dissenting tions of Worcester (city); Great h; Wallsall Circuit; Lynn (Nor- ing's Lynn; and St. Ives (Corn- Read, and ordered to lie on the

R LAWS AMENDMENT ACT.

UKE of RICHMOND presented a in favour of, and praying for ı of the law respecting the rating tenements, — of guardians of lon union. — Read, and ordered the table.

BLISHED CHURCH (CANADA) BILL.

ARL of FALMOUTH presented pe- ır the protection and encourage- — of the clergy of the diocese of er; and of clergy and other in- ı of Weymouth and Melcombe · Read, and ordered to lie on the

CIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

ge to the Commons, to desire a conference; Commons agree to ference; managers *named; con- had; and Report made, that the* Lords had delivered to the Commons, at the conference, the reasons for the Lords disagreeing to some of the amendments of the Commons to the amendments of the Lords to the Bill, and for the Lords insisting on certain of their Lordships' amendments to the Bill, to which the Commons disagree; and had left the Bill and amendments with them.

SOUTH AMERICA.

VISCOUNT STRANGFORD. — I beg to give notice that I shall, on Monday next, call the attention of your Lordships to the present state of our commercial relations with the states of South America.

CUSTODY OF INFANTS.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I rise to give notice that I shall, in the next Session of Parliament, introduce a Bill, similar to that which your Lordships recently rejected, on the subject of the custody of infants.

CANADA GOVERNMENT ACT DECLARATORY BILL.

On the Order of the Day for the second reading of this Bill, and the Lords summoned, being read, —

LORD BROUGHAM said: — The incidental conversations which have taken place on the important subject to which this Bill relates, and the preliminary discussions to which it has given rise, suffice to show the necessity of introducing a measure of this nature; for they prove the deep interest that is universally felt in this House with reference to this question, and which I believe excites, elsewhere, a still greater degree of interest and of attention. I have felt it to be my bounden, though painful, duty, to bring this deeply important matter before your Lordships' House, in consequence of statements which have been made here. I have also felt it to be my imperative duty to resist, in all its stages, the passing of the Canada Coercion Act. Now, although my opinion remains the same as it was before — although everything that has happened since the passing of that Bill — (and, above all, the matters disclosed in the papers now before your Lordships) — has strengthened rather than weakened my original opinion — although all the intermediate

time which has been given for deliberate and sober reflection during the progress of that measure, has led me to entertain the same opinion — an opinion decidedly hostile to that measure — although my opinion is as strong as ever on that point — although I am now induced to desire, even more earnestly than formerly, that no such measure should have been passed — yet I have no hesitation in saying that, entering simply my protest against entertaining and carrying that Bill — (my opinion not having suffered any change, except that of increased disapproval of the measure) — I mean, in this proceeding, to dismiss from my mind hostility altogether, with reference to what has already been done by the Legislature. I take that course because I think that I shall best discharge my duty as a Member of Parliament, as a good subject, and as a patriotic citizen of this empire, in avoiding all retrospect whatever, with respect to those ample grounds of difference and dissent that, in the progress of the Bill to which I have alluded, separated me from almost all the Members of this House. With that feeling and impression, I shall only consult, now (that measure having been made law), how its policy and intention can be best accomplished and effected. Parliament, in its wisdom, said that it was proper, for the interest and safety of all parties, that a very large measure should be acceded to. So coercive a measure could only have been wrung from Parliament on the alleged necessity, the imperative necessity, of the case. It seemed, therefore, to Parliament, in the peculiar circumstances in which this important province was placed, that an absolute necessity existed for suspending the constitution. Why? Because it was deemed there was so universally prevailing a discontent which had broken out into outrage and violation of the law — that the Legislative Assembly, representing the people, was so disturbed, and partially, even, so disaffected, — that, so long as the constitution of the country was kept in its original state, and the Legislative Assembly allowed to hold its sittings, there would be, as it were, a focus of sedition and disaffection in the colony, which would blow up the flames into open rebellion, and preclude all hope of allaying the prevailing discontent. In one short sentence, that was the policy in which the Bill took its rise; and it was to establish the purpose of that policy that the Bill was passed. Ample powers of government, therefore, must, no doubt, have been provided, the *constitutional powers having* been extinguished; and such powers hav cordingly, been intrusted to the Go General in council of the provi Lower Canada.

Now, I will venture to say, ther proposition, on this or on any othe ject, that can be stated by man, self-evident than that which I am a utter: — every one who assented measure, and all branches of the lature in passing it — (deeming it t it imports in its very title, a tem measure, — a measure for provid the temporary government of th vince of Lower Canada, — being, in actments, temporary, — giving powe extraordinary nature, but which v expire in 1840) — those who pas looked forward to the restoration constitution, to a renewal of the o powers of Government, within th dinary restrictions, as soon as, qu ing happily restored, the year should arrive. All the Bill did, o intend to do, then, was to provid temporary administration of the ne powers of Government — of the s power in the state — during the i before peace should be restore while the constitutional powers Legislature of Canada were sus Does there not follow from thi corollary, as self-evident as th position itself? That it behov Government, erected during that i for the temporary purpose of re the constitution which the Bill susp — that it behoved those in whose such extraordinary powers were f purpose, during this interval, confi always to look forward to the yea when the temporary constitution, arbitrary description, should ce exist there, and when the old consti not arbitrary, but free, should be re and so to govern themselves, and administer the arbitrary powers in to them, as to afford a chance — chance, a great and eminent prob and, as far as human precaution c in any human affairs, an absolu tainty — that the year 1840, which restore the old constitutional gover should also see real, substantial, h reconcilement re-established betwe province and the parent state. Th and most important thing which c done with that precautionary view, paving the way for the restoration power of the mother country, was festly to exercise as sparingly, a simoniously as possible, the extraor jurisdiction and authority confer the Bill. It was intended to sup

absence of the suspended constitutional power by —I will not call it — although it has been called — dictatorial power, but — power of a very extraordinary nature; and that this power should have been exercised as sparingly as possible, and only when absolutely necessary, was the manifest policy, the clear intention, of the Act itself. The constitution was suspended — it was supplanted by another: the free constitution was, for the present, silent, with its laws, ordinances, usages, and practice; it was repealed by another, — an arbitrary one was put in its room. Why? Because a supreme power must exist somewhere, or the ordinary functions of government could not be administered; and the intention was, that only what was necessary, and no more, should be done, to enable the Government to carry itself on and to take all the means which prudence, temper, moderation could suggest for the purpose of conciliating the people, and preparing them,—notwithstanding that extreme act, which they thought an act of arbitrary violence,—the act of suspending their constitution—so to recover their affections as to promote the restoration of peace to the province, and to give stability and duration to the colonial connection. Upon this latter point my opinions are not changed. I do not think it will be of very long duration; but, adopting the policy of Parliament to strengthen the connection,—to continue, and as far as human precaution can extend, to perpetuate the colonial subjection of the Canadas,—my paramount duty, as an honest member of Parliament, as a good subject, and a patriotic citizen, is, to consult how the empire may be best held together, which can only be by means and measures to reconcile the affections of our transatlantic brethren. It is clear that, under these circumstances, as little of arbitrary should have been as possible, merely to carry on the Government. All extraordinary, and needless, and superfluous acts of authority should have been avoided. A second proposition I take to embody a maxim just as clear, — that the utmost, the most scrupulous care should have been taken not to exceed the ample power conferred by the Act. There is yet a third maxim applicable to this subject, of the truth and soundness of which I am equally convinced,—that, even acting within the powers conferred, taking the most scrupulous care not to exceed the ample limits of the authority given (and the more ample the limits the more easy was it not to exceed them), — the utmost anxiety *should be* taken to *execute the high, and, in many* respects, the unconstitutional, powers given by the Bill, — by which I mean powers alien to the whole spirit of the constitution of this country, — in so moderate a manner, with so extreme a caution, with so great a regard to the actual circumstances in which they were exerted, and, so to speak, in so constitutional a spirit, as it was possible to show in executing unconstitutional powers. One thing is perfectly clear, — if such great power of legislation was to be given and to be exerted, no laws should have been made in execution of that power which the necessity of the case did not require. Not only was it safer and more prudent, under the perils which surrounded you, rather to do too little than too much, but in the laws passed, which necessity might compel you to promulgate, extreme care, indeed, should be taken to follow the spirit even to the forms of British legislation. Boldness, in the authorities to whom Parliament intrusted those extraordinary powers, — and firmness, considering with the perils which they had to grapple with, were no doubt requisite; but temper and prudence in meeting those perils, by the exercise of such powers, I hold to be fully more, at least as, necessary accomplishments. *Plurimum audaciæ ad capessenda pericula;* but, also, *plurimum consilii ipsa inter pericula.*

How then, I ask, have these maxims of prudence, these canons of policy, these sound and moderate principles of common sense, been acted upon by the Canadian Governor General in council? I am compelled to say, in the very contrary spirit. If I had asked, when the Bill was under discussion in this House, "Do you mean to arm a dictator with the power of convicting any individual before trial, — of suing his person, — of condemning him unheard, — of passing bills of pains and penalties of his own mere motion, with the assistance of his council, — of promulgating, at any moment, an act of attainder against whom he chose, and for what he pleased;" — if I had asked, "Do you mean, by this Bill, not only to make the Governor of Canada in council the supreme lawgiver, but the judge in every man's case, — be it for property, for limb, for liberty, for life, — the supreme criminal judge, without appeal, in his own person and council, to execute the criminal as well as civil law in all cases — a prerogative of the Crown which the master or mistress he served always delegated to the sworn judges of the land?" — I should have been told, at once, by every man who supported the

Bill, or befriended the policy in which it originated, on whichever side of the House he sat, that such was a most extravagant gloss of the Bill, — that I was arguing from the letter against the spirit, and that no man living ever dreamed of conferring such powers. But to make it more clear that no such power can be given, a great lawyer in the other House of Parliament, — a worthy successor of the Romillies, the Erskines, the Pigots, the Gibbses, the Ellenboroughs of former days, — the late Solicitor General, my Honourable and Learned Friend Sir W. Follett, inserted that proviso to which your Lordships' attention has been more than once directed, expressly declaring that no law or ordinance of the Governor in Canada should repeal, or suspend, or alter any Act of the British Parliament. If I had asked, on that clause, supposing it had formed parcel of the original Bill, "After all the precaution you have taken, may not the Governor, notwithstanding you have tied him down from altering, suspending, or repealing Acts of the British Parliament generally, — may he not, in the teeth of the Act, pass any one particular Bill, enabling particular parties to do what the Act prohibits, and compelling particular parties to suffer that from which they were to be protected?" I should have been told that it was "monstrous, outrageous, and ridiculous to suppose such a thing. When you have tied up the hands of the Governor in council from altering or repealing the law made for the protection of all, can you allow him to invade it in each particular instance?" But, supposing I had gone further, and said, "Not only will your Governor be passing bills of attainder, in spite of all your precautions, flying in the face of the most sacred and best established laws, which guard the purity and the justice of the administration of our criminal jurisprudence, — which by the 14th Geo. III. was, in express terms, made parcel of the law of Lower Canada, — but he will carry the *privilegium odiosum* so far as to condemn a people he has never heard; he will pass bills of pains and penalties without even pursuing the ordinary course, of either having the confession of the party, or enabling him to appear; he will pass a Bill declaring that a number of individuals not in the country, who have never been convicted, who have never been tried, against whom no indictment has been framed, who have never been within the province since the Act in question passed, — he *will pass a Bill condemning* to death, if they *dare to touch their own native* land, men *whom he has convicted of nothing*, against whom nothing has been proved or examined into:" — supposing I had said all this, what answer should I have received? That nothing but a disordered imagination could suggest such a thing; and that my hostility and prejudice against the Bill must have led me to distort the whole facts of the case. And yet I am prepared to show that every one of those impossibilities has actually taken place. Dr. Wolfred Nelson and the rest, by their friends, peremptorily deny that they ever pleaded guilty or signed any confession. They say that a paper was brought to them for signature, which contained a confession of the guilt of treason; that they refused to sign it, but that they offered to admit that they had been guilty of resistance to the acts of the Government; but they denied that they had been guilty of traitorous or rebellious practices. That was not what is strictly called a plea of confession; it was a plea in confession and avoidance. They are ready to admit certain facts, but they deny the inference proposed to be drawn from them. It is, indeed, no plea of confession at all. They were willing to go to Bermuda, and for a reason which it is important your Lordships should attend to, as affecting the second branch of the case, and the fate of those persons who never confessed at all, and who were equally affected by it. The state of the jury law, in Canada, up to the year 1835, was very perfect and satisfactory. It was administered under Sir Robert Peel's Act, which being only temporary and experimental in some particulars, a new Bill was introduced. Then came the unfortunate dissensions between both Houses, and the Bill was flung out in the Upper House, because the Lower House threw out the supplies. There is, therefore, at present, no jury trial in Canada, according to Peel's Bill; but the old practice is reverted to, which gives the sheriff the power of picking and selecting the jurors. I am told that Dr. Nelson is a most respectable man, and he certainly appears to enjoy the confidence of his countrymen. My observations respecting the state of the jury law will, however, apply equally to the cases of the most guilty and impure. Whatever their characters might be, they had a right to be tried by a fair and impartial jury. This was the reason why they preferred going to Bermuda, being further aware that they could not be detained there, and that they could not even be carried there, if they wished to oppose it. The Admiralty jurisdiction did not extend more than about three miles from the place whence they were to be deported, and the mo-

ment they got beyond that they might get out into a boat, and the captain of the ship would not have, legally, the power to detain them. They, therefore, could never have pleaded guilty. The Earl of Durham, it is said, did not like to send them to a penal colony. Nothing can more clearly show the haste and rashness with which the whole proceeding was prepared. For Bermuda is a penal colony, inasmuch as forced works are carried on there. It is clear that there were doubts respecting the whole business, and these are sufficient to induce your Lordships to pass a Declaratory Act.

I have now gone over the first branch of the subject, which is the most inconsiderable. I next come to the other part of the ordinance — to the case of those men who are not now in the province — who never have been tried — who have never received any communication respecting the ordinance — who do not even know of its existence — of those men who never confessed, but positively denied, all or any participation in the outbreak; — not men like Dr. Nelson, who admit the facts, but deny the inference. An Act of attainder is passed against them, condemning them to death, untried, unprosecuted, and ignorant of the act, without a day assigned them to come in and stand their trial, even according to the present bad jury law of Canada. This is the branch of the subject which your Lordships are now to contemplate. With what feelings must such proceedings be regarded in the highest court of criminal judicature, in the highest court of British justice! To say, under such circumstances, that the Earl of Durham was on the spot, and was best acquainted with that which the state of the colony required, certainly seems to show a want of respect for your Lordships' understanding. The question is, whether or not the Act of Parliament gives him the power to pass Bills of attainder? I will now proceed to state to your Lordships the manner in which in this country those Bills are usually passed. Their occurrence, unfortunately, has been of sufficient frequency to have a sort of practice established respecting them. Lord Chief Baron Comyn, in his excellent treatise, says that, in bad times, where a person was in the country, he might have been condemned without an appearance; but where a person was absent, the course was to fix a day, so as to enable him, if he choose, to make his defence. In the times of the Plantagenets, the Tudors, and the Stuarts, this was the *uniform practice. This was the case in the time of* Edward II., in 1322, in De Spencer's case; and in the case of Sir John Fenwick, by the 8th of William III. The very title of the Bill in the case of Fenwick, and the other persons implicated in the assassination plot, contained the words "unless they render themselves to justice upon a certain day, four months from the date of the passing of this Act." Again: in the 1st of George I. there was an Act to attaint James Duke of Ormond, unless he should render himself on a certain day named, and that was six months from the date of the passing of the Act. And what said that illustrious and eminent lawyer, Lord Ellenborough, upon a celebrated case that was heard before him? Sir Vicary Gibbs, on that occasion, stated that the law was, that that court (the Court of King's Bench) was bound by a foreign judgment: he produced that judgment, showed the seal of the court, and proved the seal to be genuine and the handwriting of the judge. What was Lord Ellenborough's celebrated answer? He said that all power must be exercised rationally — all laws had reference to right reason; and although he admitted what was stated to be the law, and that the power of a foreign court was supreme in its own dominions, yet the law of England was binding upon him and the jury, and he could not traverse it. It appeared to him, not only not to be consistent with reason and justice, but contrary to the first principles of reason and justice, both, that either in a civil or criminal proceeding a man should be condemned without being heard. The question before the court was, whether, in the absence of a person of the name of Buchanan, nailing a notice on the court doors was sufficient? Mr. Buchanan was no more in the island of Tobago than M. Papineau and the other fourteen were in Lower Canada. But if it be so vicious, so contrary to all reason and justice, that any man should, in his absence, and unheard and unnotified, be condemned even in a civil cause, how much more in a criminal court, and upon a capital felony, is it contrary to all the principles of reason and justice?

But, again: was each of these cases made the subject of deliberate and separate legislation? Were the circumstances of each inquired into? The answer will be, "Of course." I will show that the very reverse is the fact. In the first place, there are two gross misnomers, than which there can be no greater evidence of the inconsiderate speed and the want of due deliberation with which the proceeding was conducted. For instance: in the list of the parties accused, one person is

called by the name of Edmund Burke O'Callaghan, whereas, as I am informed, his real name is Edmund Bailey O'Callaghan. Can there possibly be better evidence that this simple fact affords that no sufficient inquiry into the charges made has ever been instituted? This man might be the more guilty of the two, and yet he could not be tried under the ordinance. Another individual is denounced under the name of John Ryan the younger, when, in fact, his name is not John Ryan; when, instead of the common and ordinary appellation of John, he bears a most remarkable name, the name of one of the greatest of English lawyers — a man to whom the law of this country owes more than it does to any other individual — the name of the man thus denounced is Jeremy Bentham Ryan. Surely, if there had been the least shadow of an inquiry, such a name could not have been passed over, because it is clear that the guilty man may escape, and the innocent be punished. Then, Louis Perrot is denounced as having absconded after the outbreak, and in consequence of the warrant issued for his apprehension. Now, what is the fact? He quitted Quebec long before the outbreak, and proceeded to the United States on the affairs of the house of business to which he belonged; and being there, he remained in the United States on account of circumstances which happened to his brother. It is not true that Perrot absconded after, or in consequence of, the issue of any warrant. He went to the United States on his lawful business; and as he did not return to Canada on his lawful business, it was taken for granted that he absconded because of a certain warrant said to have been issued for his apprehension.

The last and most important case to which I shall refer is that of the elder Ryan. The ground set forth in the ordinance for including the name of the elder Ryan is, that a warrant had been issued against him for high treason. The real state of the case is, that no warrant was ever issued against him for high treason. There was a warrant against him for sedition, but none for high treason; but your Lordships are aware that sedition is merely a misdemeanour, punishable by fine and imprisonment. That is all of which John Ryan the elder stands charged; he is not convicted, he is merely accused of sedition; and upon that accusation the Governor and council think proper to pronounce upon him sentence of death, — a sentence which I hope has not been carried into effect. I have already said *that to me it is a perfect matter of indifference whether the statements* to which I have been calling your Lordships' attention are in exact accordance with the facts, or otherwise; at least, that question will not affect the grounds upon which I bring forward the Bill which I yesterday laid upon the table of your Lordships' House. Whichever way the facts are, I feel myself entitled to proceed upon the law of the case. Great doubts exist as to what the law is, and it behoves your Lordships to settle it at once, and definitively. I will ask you, — and I beseech your Lordships' attention to the question, — do you imagine you could ever have been prevailed on to set your hands to such a Bill if you thought that it had been so drawn up as that, under colour of its authority, such enormities could have been committed? I answer—for the peers of England—"No!"

Several NOBLE LORDS. — Hear, hear!

LORD BROUGHAM. — Now, the peers of England answer for themselves! The Members of this House, who belong to the legal profession, see, at once, the monstrous illegality of the ordinances; and even those who never belonged to the profession of the law are enabled to perceive it by the light of their own common sense. If the true meaning of the Act be in accordance with the interpretation put upon it in Canada, it is clear that not a moment should be lost in passing the Bill which I have introduced; on the other hand, if that be not the true meaning, it becomes quite as necessary that the Bill should be passed; for a distinct, emphatic, and unequivocal declaration of the law is required in either case. Whether I am right in my law, or whether I am wrong, your Lordships must, in either case, agree to pass the Bill, for the dilemma is perfect. If, as I contend, the construction of the existing Act be erroneous, your Lordships must correct that error by my proposed Bill; if the construction put upon the Bill by the Government of Canada be the true construction, Parliament must not lose a moment in declaring that, by the Act in question, they never intended anything of the sort. With respect to the declaratory part of the measure, I have much less difficulty than as regards that portion which relates to indemnity; for the next day's post may bring intelligence of outrages for which no indemnity ought to be granted. I provide, by the Bill now before your Lordships, that the indemnity shall extend to the cases of the nine persons sent to Bermuda; but I am very far from proposing to extend indemnity to such acts as the condemnation to death of persons who have never been tried. I cannot agree to indemnity in

; either of Perrot or of Unwin, e both been treated as men already l of capital felonies. Whatever there may be as to the extent to e declaration and the indemnity be carried, that difficulty cannot ne principle of the measure. I ked for, and have succeeded in some precedents that bear upon ient case; that which was pro- r the Earl of Mansfield in the year lated merely to an embargo, a of far less importance than the case; but still the principle was e, and the authority of the mover as I am sure your Lordships will ith me in treating with all the it deserves. In all the experience had of political affairs, I never er a misrepresentation more gross at which affirms that lenity has own to Doctor Nelson and his es, and that lenity has likewise wn to M. Papineau and his ad- Is it mercy towards the former them to Bermuda? is it mercy to r to pass bills of attainder against is there justice, or anything like fusing them the safeguards which tended to all the culprits who ought to trial in the worst days of ntagenets, the Tudors, or the ? It is a sacred principle of the law to assume that every man is t till he is shown to be guilty. is not the benefit of that principle en to Papineau and his associates? er, neither he, nor any other man, o have been treated as an outlaw, day had been fixed, by proclama- r their return to Canada. Such is e I have made out against these ces; and such is the case I have it to your Lordships in favour of . The temporary government in was certainly not formed for the of exasperating the people, but to em from the effects of their own e, and to protect the innocent from s and practices of the designing bulent; and I implore your Lord- pass this measure in furtherance bject. I now beg to move that be read a second time.

D GLENELG. — I entirely con- h the closing words of my Noble rned Friend, that the powers of e Act were given to protect the t and peaceable inhabitants of the and to save the guilty from the ences of their own violence. I with the Noble and Learned Lord y of the *general principles which* he has laid down. I readily concur with him in saying that where powers so large are given they ought to be exercised as sparingly as possible, and especially that they ought not to be exercised beyond what the exigency of the time requires. Now, the whole question at issue turns on the propriety of the proceedings which have been the subject of so much animadversion, and on the exigency that gave rise to them. This is really the practical question before your Lordships. My Noble and Learned Friend has complained of the irregularity and illegality of the ordinances of the Canadian Government; he has stated, also, to the House, the various circumstances of aggravation which attended the commission of those irregularities. Although I feel the highest respect for the authority of my Noble Friend, I cannot say that that authority should be received as paramount. The Noble and Learned Lord has stated that the persons denounced by the ordinances have never made any confession of their guilt. That is, as I think, an assumption utterly groundless. The ordinances affirm the fact to be so, and I claim for the Government of Canada to be believed in their statements, until he contrary is shown upon something like evidence. With respect to another of the ordinances, my Noble and Learned Friend has quoted several names in proof of the incorrect manner in which these documents were framed. My Noble and Learned Friend says, "When last I touched on this question, I was not able to express more than my belief that a proper degree of care had not been exercised; but I can now supply that deficiency, having it in my power to state that several of the names are not accurately given." Now, although I am not in a condition to contradict that declaration, I feel myself called on to express my hope that your Lordships will not allow it to weigh with you in estimating the merits of the Government in this matter. My Noble and Learned Friend has denounced "the ordinances," with great force and eloquence, as a violation of the law of Canada and England. But what was the practical conclusion to which he arrived at the close of his condemnatory harangue? After hearing his severe denunciations against the Government of Canada for issuing such ordinances, might it not be expected that the disposition of your Lordships would be, so far from approving them, rather to say, "Let us not originate them for a moment; let them not disgrace British justice, British honour, and British law; let us declare that they shall no longer

offend, that they shall no longer insult the country." What, however, says my Noble Friend in this, his own Bill? In the second clause are these words: "which ordinances cannot be justified by law, but are so much for the service of the public that they ought to be justified by an Act of Parliament." Why, what a declaration is that after such strong denunciations as the Noble and Learned Lord has indulged in! My Noble Friend here admits that the very acts of which he complains were done for the public service, and ought to be approved of by Parliament. Now, let your Lordships only look to the circumstances of difficulty in which the Earl of Durham was placed. He was called on to take some step on his own responsibility. He did so; and even his opponents are now compelled to admit, in their places in Parliament, that the measure which they would denounce as illegal was "taken for the service of the country, and, though they condemn it in point of law, it ought to be justified by Parliament."

I feel that I might rest the necessity of the measure of the Noble Earl on this very declaration in the Bill of the Noble and Learned Lord — I feel that I cannot be called on to prove that that measure was required by the exigency of the case, because your Lordships have the testimony of the Noble and Learned Lord, himself, to that important fact. The Noble and Learned Lord proposes to give to the Earl of Durham an indemnity for certain illegal acts. Now, it is not very usual to ask for measures of indemnity until the matters to which they refer are terminated; it is not customary to ask them with respect to current transactions. But this Bill makes what I should call the unexampled proposition of providing indemnities for the continued exercise of illegal acts. The Bill says that this is an illegal act, and that all the parties to it are liable to certain penalties. It further goes on to say, not only that these persons shall be indemnified for the consequences of that illegal act, but that from the penalties to which they may hereafter render themselves liable they shall also be protected. This appears to me to be a new and unexampled act of legislation; it is a prospective application of the Act of Indemnity. The great principle upon which the Bill proceeds is, that doubts being entertained as to the legality of certain proceedings of the Government of Canada, an Act should be passed for the purpose of solving *those doubts*, and an Act of Indemnity, *at the same time, protecting* those persons from all legal consequences ing from their acts, the legality of is thus doubted. The necessity for lation on the subject rests on the these doubts having been reasonal tertained. I have already stated respect to the part of the orders relates to the Island of Bermuda, consider that portion illegal; and that the proper course to be take regard to it is to write to the Go of Bermuda, informing him th law, those parties are free, and be legally made subject to any re With respect to the indemnity, wh the proper time shall arrive, I sl prepared to propose a proper mea indemnity, restricted within the limits. With regard to that por the order issued by the Earl of D which refers to the Island of Be I admit that a doubt may have arisen; but the remaining porti that order were, to the best of my completely justified. By the Ca Act, the Governor is invested wi same powers of legislation as the lature of Canada possessed previ the passing of that Act, with cert ceptions which I will not now s advert to. The legislative powers Canadian Legislature were as an those of any of our colonial Legisl My Noble and Learned Friend h gued, with reference to the Act of that, by that Act, the criminal this country was transferred to C and, consequently, it was not con to the colonial Legislature to ma change in that law. But I beg to the first place, and without fear c tradiction, it is clear that when you of the transfer of the criminal law o land to one of her colonies, it can meant that, in every possible set cumstances which may arise, that to be applied, independently of an sideration of the habits, feeling customs and institutions of a s society differing materially from ou It can only be applied in the colc cording to those modifications whic from a peculiarity of local and p position. The rule has been obser all our colonies; indeed it is obvious other principle could have been ac for, in some, very heavy punishme considered necessary for offences wh others, people might be deterrec committing, by punishments cor tively light. The Act of 1774, transferred the criminal law of En to Canada, provided for such chan might be necessary at different time

under different circumstances. I contend, then, that the colonial Legislature of Canada was empowered to make these ordinances by the Act of 1774, and the present Governor of Canada being invested with the power which previously belonged to the colonial Legislature, the ordinances cannot be considered illegal. The particular words of the Act to which I am referring are — "subject, nevertheless, to such alterations and amendments as the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, or Commander-in-chief for the time being, by and with the consent of the Legislative Council, shall, from time to time, determine and cause to be declared in the manner hereafter described." This provision was confirmed by the Act of 1791.

The EARL of DEVON. — Read the 15th section.

LORD GLENELG.—The object of the fifteenth section is to provide that no punishment shall be imposed, by any ordinances of the existing local government, beyond three months imprisonment and fine, without the consent of her Majesty in council. It cannot be denied, however, that the exigency of the occasion, here, was such as to justify a departure from the strict letter of the law. It was perfectly competent for the Governor General of the Canadas in council to exercise a discretion as to the measures which the necessity of the case appeared to require. It is very important to ascertain what was the intention of the Legislature as to the exercise of these powers. One of the provisos of the Act is, that "neither shall it be lawful to repeal or alter any provisions of any Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, or any Act of the Legislature of Lower Canada, repealing or altering any such Act of Parliament." My Noble and Learned Friend has alluded to the author of this proviso, Sir William Follett, in handsome, but well-merited terms. Now, although I cannot speak with certainty upon a subject of this description, no man can entertain a doubt of the intention with which this proviso was introduced into the other House of Parliament. The history of it is this: — that, during the discussion upon this question, Government was asked, by a Member on the Opposition side of the House, "Do you mean that the Governor in council shall have power to alter the Act of 1791, or any Act relating to tenures?" The answer was, "Most certainly we don't mean that." The reply was, "Then, if you don't mean it, it is better to have *it expunged.*" *This proviso* was not in the Bill when it was first before your Lordships.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Why, I myself commented upon the clause in your Lordships' House; and it was in the Bill long before it went back to the Commons. The Bill was first produced in the Commons.

LORD GLENELG. All that I mean to assert is, that the proviso was introduced by Sir William Follett.

LORD BROUGHAM.—I must correct the Noble Lord's statement as to the fact of the Bill having been first before your Lordships without this proviso. I assert that the Bill was never before your Lordships for one moment without this proviso.

LORD GLENELG. — The argument remains the same. This clause was introduced by Sir William Follett, and it is important to observe the views with which it was inserted in the Bill. There was an Act passed by the Parliament of Great Britain, in 1791, which gave the local Legislature power to vary or repeal the law relating to the clergy reserves. Now, the question was, whether the Governor General, with his council, should be empowered to alter or repeal the law relating to the clergy reserves, and it was decided that he was not to have that power. There was also another Act passed in 1824, or 1825, by which Parliament gave authority to the local Legislature to alter the law relating to tenures. It was agreed, then, that the Governor General, with his council, should not have the power to alter that law. There was also another Act of the local Legislature, relating to tenures, which it was also agreed the Governor should not have the privilege of altering. Now, I contend that the proviso was only intended to limit the power of the Governor General with respect to these three Acts. It evidently applied to the Act passed by the Parliament of Great Britain in 1791, to the Act passed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom in 1825, and to any Act of the Canadian Legislature repealing or altering any such Act of Parliament; so that this proviso was distinctly limited to these three points. I contend, therefore, that no doubts can arise out of it, with reference to the legality of the ordinances. My Noble and Learned Friend considerably narrowed his ground towards the *latter* part of his speech: he set out with asserting that, under this proviso, it was

impossible for the Governor of Canada to interfere with any Acts passed by the Legislature of either country; but he afterwards limited himself to protesting against the Governor making any new laws connected with *privilegia* as to particular individuals. Does my Noble Friend forget that the Governor in council has full power to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act; that he may invent new forms of treason? Surely, then, it is absurd to say that he is not competent to apply himself to the punishment of particular offenders. My Noble and Learned Friend, by changing the ground on which he stood, has weakened his argument on this point. It appears to me that the whole matter comes to this,— that this is not a declaratory Act, but a new law proposed on the supposition that the Governor in council has larger powers than he ought to possess. It is, however, an extraordinary thing that, after having given the Earl of Durham these large powers, and sending him out of the country under peculiar circumstances of delicacy and difficulty, — it is an extraordinary thing, I repeat, to narrow his authority, and place him in straits which must lead to the most dangerous consequences. This is a matter of serious importance to Canada. That province is happily, at present, in a state of tranquillity; but it is not to be denied that there are persons who are desirous of poisoning the minds of the people, and of exciting them to insurrection. Whatever, therefore, your Lordships may feel about these ordinances, it must, I contend, be admitted that, if means had not been taken to exclude the return of the persons alluded to into the province, the principal duty of the Government would not have been performed. It is upon this account, therefore, that I cannot consent to limit the powers given to the Governor General by the Act passed during the present Session; and I can only wish your Lordships to consider whether the presence in Canada of the parties to whom I have referred could be otherwise than injurious. On these grounds, I shall oppose the second reading of this Bill.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I beg leave to set my Noble Friend right. The whole of the second section of the Bill refers to the acts done, and not to acts hereafter to be done. With regard to the indemnity, I am disposed to protect the captain of the ship and other innocent persons acting in obedience to the ordinance of the Governor General. But with respect to M. *Papineau and fourteen* others, who were banished without being heard, I me to extend the indemnity to that part ordinance which relates to them.

LORD GLENELG. — The Bill to persons advising, or acting und in obedience to, any act, matter, o advised or commanded to be done.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I have the words of the clause, word for from an Act drawn by the Earl of field.

The EARL of RIPON. — I ce do not intend to weaken the arg which has been put with so muc and precision by my Noble and L Friend, who, I must confess, has s case which would justify the inter which his Bill would effect, especial regard to that part of the Act w allowed by the Noble Lords opposi inconsistent with the proceedings Governor General, because I do r how he and the persons who hav in obedience to his orders can do v an indemnity. My Noble Friend, t cretary of State for the Colonies, to think that the difficulty as to portation of the parties to Bermuda easily be got over by just telling th vernor of that colony to let them soon as they get there. Now, this a to me to be a most extraordinary meeting a case of this kind. Eith Governor General was right in what he did, or he was not. If h not, there is a power vested in the of disallowing any colonial Act, pr such dissent be expressed within tw after its passing. Now, here is a c law which cannot be carried into Is it then, I will ask, possible f Crown to be silent in this matte appears to me to be necessary, and inevitable, that my Noble Friend Glenelg) and the Privy Council m vise the Crown to disallow the who That, I think, is the most effectua of getting rid of this difficulty. It a to me to be impossible to carry system of good Government in C unless some stop be put to the cor unprecedented, and extravagant m proceeding which is involved in the fortunate ordinances.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — desirous of addressing a few observ to your Lordships upon the lega illegality of these ordinances. It to be admitted that the Governo council have erred, not because the

ıe beyond its powers, but beyond ction. Undoubtedly, so far as the ent have exceeded the limits of ction the ordinances are illegal. Bill of my Noble and Learned oceeds on supposed doubts as to t of the authority given to the General by the Act of this Ses- l as to whether the Governor l has power to make ordinances g persons to attainder, and to with the ordinary forms of law. ether it is necessary for the Go- n council to dispense with the forms of law, is a point on which dships are not at present inform- ın which there exists at present ıation in this country. I do not therefore, whether he has the eferred to, or not, but whether he eded those powers, and thereby a declaratory Act necessary. The rever, of my Noble and Learned s called for, on the supposition construction of the Act is doubt- that it is therefore expedient to ıuch doubts by declaring that no rer was intended to be vested in orary Governor General of Lower

Now, whether or not the exist- vernment in that colony, ap- under the Act passed this Ses- ıve exercised their Legislative liscreetly, they undoubtedly pos- power of making temporary Acts private individuals. The Act, in words, recites, "that it shall be ıfter proclamation made, for the ır of the lower province of Ca- council to make such laws or or- for the peace, welfare, and good ıent of the said province, as the ure of Lower Canada, as now ed, is empowered to make; and aws or ordinances so made sub- e provisions hereinafter contained lowance thereof by her Majesty, receiving certain laws or ordi- or the signification of her Majesty's therein, shall have the like force t as laws passed before the passing Act by the Legislative Council and y of the province of Lower Ca- ıd assented to by her Majesty." use clearly gives to the new Go- n council the same powers which islature of the province formerly d, and there can be no doubt that islature has full privilege to pass ısures it may deem fitting, under of 1791; and had the clause stopped ere could not have been a moment's n on the point. When the Noble ıted the *Act of 1774, allusion was* made to the fifteenth section of that Act, which directed that "none of the said ordinances shall have the power of imposing any punishment beyond fine and three months' imprisonment;" but this has reference only to ordinances made by the Governor in council up to the period when a representative assembly was given to the province, which took place in 1791, after which time the Legislature of the province exercised full legislative power, until the Act passed, which invested the present Governor General with the powers formerly enjoyed by that Legislature. Did the clause contain no other words than I have recited, there would have been no grounds for even raising an argument upon the subject of the extent of the Governor General's power to make such laws as he thinks fit. There is, however, this proviso:—"That it shall not be lawful by any such law or ordinance to impose any tax, duty, rate, or impost, &c., or to alter in any respect the law now existing in the said province, respecting the constitution or composition of the legislative assembly thereof, &c.; nor shall it be lawful, by any such law or ordinance, to repeal, suspend, or alter any provision of any Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, or of any Act of the Legislature of Lower Canada, as now constituted, repealing or altering any such Act of Parliament." My Noble Friend (Lord Glenelg) has told your Lordships for what purpose this proviso was introduced. It is quite clear that it was for the purpose of preventing any possible argument upon the point—that the words "relating to Canada" were inserted. There were two Acts of Parliament; one passed before the union with Ireland, and one passed since, but both relating to the same subject—namely, Canada, and it was necessary, in the Bill of the present Session, to refer to those two statutes by the words "the Parliament of Great Britain and the Parliament of the United Kingdom." If this had been otherwise, the Bill would have entirely steered clear of the only Act in question—namely, the Treason Act, which was passed anterior to the union with Scotland. This was the obvious reason for which these words were introduced. It is quite true that all the criminal law of England has been imported into Canada; but the Governor has power conferred upon him to alter that law, and the effect of the construction now put upon the clause would be to take that power away. It is impossible it could be the meaning intended by the Legislature to take away, in the latter part of the provi-

sion, powers given in terms by the first part of the clause. But this point the declaratory Bill of my Noble and Learned Friend leaves wholly untouched, and the doubts and difficulties will remain just as they are. Again: there is nothing in the Act of the present Session which at all relates to statutes or ordinances affecting particular individuals or classes of individuals; and in the absence of any proof that the rights of individuals have been violated — although it be known that these ordinances went beyond the power conferred upon the authorities in Canada, why should your Lordships be called upon to pass this declaratory Act? This Bill has no limit, and will protect individuals from acts done under these ordinances. But doubts have been expressed as to the authority of the Government of Canada to pass Acts of Attainder. Now, I beg to ask why, in a case where the Legislature has given such extraordinary powers in order to meet the emergencies of the case, it should be sought to limit those powers to a degree of strength less than is possessed by other Governors? My Lords, it is necessary that the Earl of Durham should have authority to pass occasional Acts to meet occasional difficulties and dangers; and this is more than especially necessary when the system of Government which existed before has been taken away, and an arbitrary government set up in its place. By the course now proposed the Legislature will give infinitely less power to the Governor in a distracted district than is given to the authorities in Upper Canada, which is not so disturbed. The Government of Upper Canada have full powers to pass such statutes or ordinances as the present, which are not there considered extraordinary, and yet those powers are to be refused to Lower Canada, where they are essentially necessary for the existence of the Government in the peculiar situation in which they are placed.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I wish to address a few words to your Lordships on this question, which has been so excellently treated by my Noble and Learned Friend opposite that it will not be necessare for me, in the observations I have to make, to occupy any considerable portion of time. I must, however, state to your Lordships that with which, indeed, the House is already sufficiently impressed, that the present is a question of very grave importance, and one which ought to be treated, as it has been, with great calmness and great moderation. I am *ready to admit that the Noble* Earl at the head of the Government of Canada (w I am proud to call my friend) ha doubt, acted, throughout these t actions, from the best possible mo but if there has been anything ille his conduct, although the Noble Ear not have been aware of its illegality the bounden duty of your Lordshi interpose, for the purpose of repr and remedying it. Your Lordshi the guardians of the laws and consti of the country and its colonies, an bound to protect both; and I call you, if you are satisfied that the c pursued has been illegal, to interp correct the mischief. Your Lor have been told that this question re itself into two points, and that thos points are subject to a very differen sideration. The first relates to tho dividuals who have confessed them guilty, and have been transported t muda; the other relates to thos have absconded from justice, and a whom judgment of banishment has pronounced. With respect to th point, I understand its illegality to tirely admitted. It is agreed th Noble Earl at the head of Canadian has assumed an authority and a with which he was not invested Act of Parliament; and that those p have been banished, and are now restraint, contrary to all law; th transaction is wholly illegal, and th prisoners are held as prisoners, co to the laws of the land. Now, thes being admitted, I must say that, Government of this country have the of disallowing the law, which is now to be clearly and distinctly illega contrary to the constitution of the try, it is their duty to disallow it. not conceive it possible but that, such circumstances, the Gover having the authority to do so, will pose; but unless I hear it distinctly by Noble Lords opposite that the disallow this law, I must vote for th of my Noble and Learned Friend. meant as an Act of Indemnity up present time; and if it contain phrases contrary to that meaning phrases may be altered in committ do not, however, believe that that necessary, for I have seen the pre from which it has been taken, — a Indemnity framed by one of the fir yers that ever presided over the tri of this country. Let your Lor mark the situation, not of the Nobl who has passed these ordinances, those who have acted, are still actin will continue to act, under them,

ot passed. The Noble Earl is proceedings, both criminal and so, also, are the persons holding sons in confinement and under contrary to law. When the are at Bermuda, it is probable be advised to sue out writs of *orpus*, and thus be discharged ir illegal custody. What, then, eir course? Why, they will in- ring actions, and take criminal gs against the persons in Ber- whom they were illegally con- d all those proceedings will be to maturity long before the Bill nity which the Noble Lord the Secretary has promised, next will be framed. Will, then, your s say that, under those circum- you will not interpose for the f protecting those persons? The be the situation of all the indi- ho sat on the council; nay, even es Paget, — who, it appears from atches, put those prisoners on Vesta, and ordered the vessel d with them to Bermuda, — if he ation and went himself to Ber- ght be then liable to actions and proceedings at the instance of ties, unless the Bill of Indemnity

his part of the question is ad- the Noble Lord the Secretary olonies to be clear of all doubt, efore I am sure the House will d to pass the Bill of Indemnity; nk I can satisfy your Lordships ought to pass the whole measure ds, unless the Government step and, in pursuance of the recom- n thrown out by the Noble Earl (the Earl of Ripon), pledge them- disallow these illegal ordinances. s been the cause of all the con- d these mistakes? I can trace cause which appears to me to be n, — they arose from the Noble ing acted contrary to the spirit of f Parliament in the appointment ncil, which was to consist of five of a particular description, to wer was confided to pass laws. ntion of Parliament, when it e Act of the present Session, the Noble Earl, as Governor, ve the assistance of a substantial composed of wise, discreet, pru- , — men conversant with the laws tutions of the country; and I ask dships whether you did not assume Noble Earl would be directed and by a council so constituted? *But ng council which has been ap-* pointed is entirely illusory. Of whom does it consist? It consists of the gallant admiral whose name I have already mentioned, of two or three military gentlemen, and of one person who certainly is in the profession of the law, but who never, to any extent, practised; and all these persons, with the exception of the gallant admiral, are immediate dependents of the Noble Earl, who is at their head. The council was intended to advise and to control the Noble Earl, and to exercise over him a strong influence. But is this council which has been appointed of that description? Is it calculated to control or influence the Noble Earl? Is it competent to advise the Noble Earl on matters of constitutional law? Are not your Lordships satisfied that these appointments are illusory and contrary to the spirit of the Act of Parliament; and that it is to this cause the violation of the law which has been admitted is to be ascribed? If the council had been composed of that class of men which I have stated, and of which the Legislature assumed it would consist, your Lordships would never have been troubled with the consideration of these violations of the law, or of ordinances of such a description as those now under the notice of the House.

But, now, with respect to the other point of the question. I confess that I agree with my Noble and Learned Friend opposite (Lord Brougham) in entertaining very serious doubts on the construction of the Act of the present Session, and in thinking that those doubts ought to be cleared up by a declaratory Act. By the 14th George III., a statute to which reference has already been made, the criminal laws of Great Britrin were transferred and extended to this colony in terms of a very marked character. They are described as a lenient and just system of laws to be preserved in that colony, and there to be acted on, not merely in spirit and principle, but in form; and it is also provided that no other form of laws shall be introduced into that colony. This code of criminal law, therefore, is made the colonial code by an Act of Parliament of Great Britain. But there is a clause which gives power to the legislative body in the colony, and to the Governor and council, from time to time, if expedient, to alter and modify that code of laws. Another Act, confirming and adopting the previous statute, was passed in the year 1731. So, by two Acts of the British Parliament, the criminal law of England, with all its enactments, statutes, provisions, and forms, was introduced into the

colony of Lower Canada. Now, the law with respect to high treason is part of that code; and, by the operation of the Acts 14 and 31 George III., is, like the rest, introduced, with all the forms of procedure, into the courts in Canada. But, what has been the course of proceeding? So long as the Legislature of Canada existed, they had power to alter and modify those laws; and the law respecting high treason stands, in Canada, on the authority of two Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain. This brings me to the consideration of the suspension of the Legislature and the appointment of the Earl of Durham. To that Noble Earl were given the same legislative powers and authorities as the legislature which he superseded had possessed; but there is, in the Act of this Session, that important restriction (to which reference has been made in the course of this debate) introduced by an Honourable and Learned Friend of mine in the other House of Parliament, who has assured me that he never intended the clause to be so limited as has been stated both by the Noble Lord the Colonial Secretary and by my Noble and Learned Friend on the woolsack. What was there unreasonable in fettering and binding down a person, invested with absolute power for two years, from making extensive alterations in the criminal law? By these ordinances, as my Noble and Learned Friend has said, a new law of treason has been introduced. It is, by one of them, declared that certain particular individuals having warrants for treason out against them have absconded from justice; and it then goes on to state that, if they shall come within the limits of the province, they shall be deemed guilty of high treason, and tried, — for what? Not for the offence with which they are charged, — namely, for high treason, — but for coming back into the province; and that, if found guilty thereof, they shall suffer death. This is a new treason created, which is utterly inconsistent and at variance with the system of criminal law introduced into the colony by the statute 14 George III. Is it not, in fact, an alteration of that and of the 31st George III., founded upon it? Let me suppose that the ordinance had been more general, and that the Noble Earl had by it abolished the whole system of laws relating to the offence of high treason, and had introduced, in every respect, a new code; in that case, would anybody say that would not be altering the law enacted by the 14th and 31st George III.? So, also, I contend that the alteration of *any part of it comes within* the restrictive provision of the Act of the prese sion.

I have reason to believe that t nourable and Learned individual, t reference has been made, intend the amendment he carried in the Bill not be confined, as has been supp some Noble Lords, but, on the co should be extended to the preven any interference with the laws rel the trial by jury, or to the suspen the Habeas Corpus Act. But, that by, and assuming that this doubtful, I must ask one questio your Lordships at the time you the Bill vesting these extrao powers in one individual, suppo were giving to him and his council — authority to pass Bills of Att I will answer in the negative, that no such power was intende given. Did your Lordships intenc the Noble Earl and his five milita ciates the privilege of banishing for life without trial, without notic out evidence, and without giving opportunity of being heard in t fence — for that is precisely the s of the class of persons to whic referred? That mode of proce contrary to the whole scope of th England, and I am sure your Lo never intended to pass an Act so sive and arbitrary, and so utterly ance with the laws of this cou repeat, it was never contemplated to the Governor of Canada and associates authority to create a scription of high treason. And that treason? The allegation is " You, A. B., were charged with t warrants were issued against you, absconded; we do not find you g treason; for we do not try you for but we say that you returned to t vince — we find you guilty of retu we adjudge you a traitor, and yo suffer death!" I have said this treason, but I am in error, for, 17th of Geo. II., a statute directed the sons of the Pretender, it was that if they landed in this countr landing should be considered treas that new treason ceased on the d those individuals. My Noble and Friend on the woolsack has said t Legislature of Upper Canada h power than was given to the Nob and his council in Lower Canada believe my Noble and Learned opposite (Lord Brougham) has true interpretation of the point powers vested in the Noble Earl vested to enable him to make i

with a view to the establishment of a permanent system of government; this could not be done during the existence of the Legislature of Lower Canada, and it was therefore necessary to suspend their functions; and to provide for carrying on the government, the Governor and his council were invested with legislative powers: but the great object of his mission was, not the exercise of the legislative powers, but the arrangement of the affairs of the province.

But it is said that the Legislature of Lower Canada has power to attaint, and that its successors ought to have the same powers. Be that so; but let it also be remembered how in this country attainder is accomplished. Does the course here bear any analogy to that pursued by the Noble Earl in his Bill of Attainder? In the case of Henry St. John, Viscount Bolingbroke, the Bill of Attainder said that unless he, before a certain day named, surrendered to answer the charges specified in the Act of Parliament, he should be attainted. Again: in the case of the Duke of Ormonde, the same was done; and there is not a single instance of Bills of Attainder in which a considerable space and large period of time were not allowed to the party to appear, and to make his defence to the specific charges set forth against him. But, under this ordinance, men are condemned without coming into the country, without being seen in the country, and having no opportunity of answering the charge against them. Among other reasons of a dissentient clause in a protest of this House, it was complained that in Lord Bolingbroke's case the opportunity given was not so extensive as the circumstances required, or consistent with the principles of justice. Warrants were issued against Lord Bolingbroke, a charge of high treason having been brought against him, and the Commons attainted him of high treason, conditionally, if he did not appear within a certain time. But what is the case here? There is nothing of the kind in this ordinance. Persons are banished for life by it, and they are told that if ever they appear again in the country, they will be tried, not for the high treason of which they are said to be guilty, but for the new high treason of returning to the country. Is not that monstrous? What does the law say? Every protection is given to the accused under it. If a man is charged with felony, what is done? An indictment is preferred against him, and, next, a *capias*, and if he is not taken he is outlawed; but proclamation after proclamation is made, and *several months must pass* before the outlawry, even, is final; for if he appear within that time, he will have a right to answer the charge and defend himself. All this has been lost sight of, in this case; and every principle of justice is thus violated. But, surely, every sensible man must see that men should not be banished without trial, and without evidence, and where no charge is made against — no notice given to them. Every part of the ordinance appears to me to be vicious; and I must repeat, therefore, that unless I get an assurance from my Noble Friend on the other side of the House, that he will advise the Crown, according to the powers vested in the Crown, to disallow these ordinances, I must, with a conscientious sense of the duty which I owe to the country, arising out of the position in which it is now placed, vote for the motion of the Noble and Learned Lord.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I entirely concur with the Noble and Learned Lord in his remark, that this is an important subject, and, also, that it has been discussed with great calmness and moderation of spirit. I have no doubt whatsoever that it is a regard for justice, and an anxiety for a proper respect of the law, and for the due course of proceedings in the colonies, as well as for the honour of the country itself, in her relation to those colonies, that has induced the Noble and Learned Lord to bring forward this measure, and to declare those opinions which he has held out on the present occasion. It is impossible, I say, not to feel that this is a question of very great importance; that it concerns great countries, which are placed in a critical situation; and that the effect which will be produced by this debate will not be small, for there are no small matters under discussion: nothing short of the welfare of the colonies, — nothing short of the integrity of this empire, — nothing short of the peace of the world, — are at issue. The Noble and Learned Lord remarked severely, on a former occasion, on an observation made by me, when I ventured to observe that the very circumstances which induced your Lordships so to depart from the constitution of the country, as to invest in a single man the whole power over Canada, should make you consider, with care and caution and great forbearance, and with great abstinence from party feeling, the exercise of those powers which you were so called upon to confer. It is true that the Government intrusted those powers to a single individual; but was not this with the consent of majorities *in* this House, and with the concurrence

of many of your Lordships, from whom no censure was ever heard on this subject, before? Therefore your Lordships ought not to be perpetually canvassing this question; you ought not to be always and perpetually bringing it into discussion, thereby weakening and invalidating all that you have done. To act in such a manner—to confer powers on an individual, and not to give him confidence for the exercise of them—is only laying a trap for him, or something like it: at all events, it is acting in a dangerous spirit; it is not acting like a high-minded and generous nobility, but more like a low and truculent democracy. It is acting like a jealous aristocracy, who wish to weaken the power and depress the honour of those whom they have intrusted with the government of a great colony. It is necessary, therefore, I contend, to consider the nature of the circumstances under which the appointment was made, and to be very careful and cautious how you do that which may most seriously affect the future interests and welfare of the country.

The Noble and Learned Lord has observed on the manner in which the Noble Governor proceeded in nominating his council. Your Lordships gave him power to nominate that council; and, probably, when he arrived in that country he found the state of parties was so violent, that the leading persons were so opposed to one another, that it was far better to associate none of them in that council; and that to exclude all would be far more satisfactory, than to introduce persons holding one set of opinions,—or of different opinions,—but which would have produced weakness and inefficiency in the composition and conduct of that council. I have no doubt that the Noble Earl has acted wisely and prudently, and there is every reason to think he has acted justly to the province over which he is now Governor; and that the course he has pursued in this respect, as in all others, have produced satisfaction among the people he was sent to govern, which satisfaction will be very seriously interrupted when it is known in what quarters his government is interfered with in this country, and what censure is passed on it. Unquestionably, the government of the Noble Earl will be most seriously injured by the discussions in this House,—unquestionably, his authority will be much weakened; and it would be far better for your Lordships to move an address to the Crown to recal him at once, than to censure him in this way, and weaken and impair his authority in *this manner; thus doing, as* you are, the most that can be done to loose these colonies from this country. It is impossible to doubt that such must be the tendency, in a great measure, of these proceedings. It may be said that the existence of the Government is nothing; but the integrity of this empire is something,—the existence of this great empire is something;—and after the Government were told by the Noble Duke that they should exert themselves in this respect, and that they should take care to be strong,—after all the efforts that have been made,—after all that has been done,—after all the energy that has been exerted, to maintain the Government in Canada,—I must say that it is somewhat mortifying to see that the whole affair is likely to be injured and destroyed by the conduct pursued here. What I say may be without foundation; but my firm and sincere opinion is, that the present conduct of your Lordships is of a dangerous character. It is not my intention to go into the legal part of the question. What powers are possessed or not possessed by the Noble Governor, I will not pretend to say, beyond this,—that they are declared by the Bill. As to his power with regard to the passing of Acts of pains and penalties, I admit that it is great, and that those are very unfortunate measures to have recourse to. But your Lordships know that, in times of rebellion, difficulty, and danger, measures of that nature have been resorted to, before; and I conceive that no power, considering the state of the country in question, is more necessary to be possessed by the person who is now called on to administer the government of it, than the power of adopting such measures. Whenever they have been resorted to, it was under circumstances similar to those which at present prevail in Canada. When the Noble Earl arrived in that country, he found that, although persons had been liberated under an ordinance published by Sir John Colborne, yet the prisons were full; and, unquestionably, his intention was a lenient one, when he resorted to the measures which have been challenged.

With respect to the first class of persons mentioned in the ordinance, I apprehend they did not technically plead guilty; they were never indicted; bills were not found against them; but they confessed, and, upon that confession, those measures were taken with respect to them,—measures such as, unquestionably, there were precedents for, in times of a similar nature, and under circumstances of a similar character. But, undoubtedly, those who have absconded from the province stand in a very different situation. I am not

prepared to state any precedent on this head. I know of no precedent in which a day has been given to persons to appear and meet the charge against them. But the council did not take their course by accident; there must have been a reason for it, and I think it would be wise in your Lordships to wait until you know what that reason was, before you condemn the conduct of the council. If your Lordships think that they were legislating under ordinary circumstances, for a country existing in a regular state, and under circumstances not likely to be attended with any grave consequences, then you may proceed on all the rules and niceties of law; and if anything has been omitted which is usual in such instruments, it may be wrong and erroneous, but you should remember that they were legislating for a great colony, in a very peculiar situation, both with regard to this country and the neighbouring countries by which itself is bounded, and that they were legislating for that part of the world under the very extraordinary circumstances into which it had been brought; and therefore your Lordships should be cautious before you come to a decision which may involve much heavier consequences than your Lordships seem to be aware of, or the consideration of which, at least, does not seem to have much influence on your minds. I have a great respect for the profession of the law. Noble Lords say I am ignorant of it. My opinion is, however, that let a man's understanding be as bright as it may, let a man's genius be what it may, let him have the noblest mind, — that profession does little else but cramp the understanding and fetter the mental faculties; and this almost universally. I think your Lordships suffer a little from that very cause in the discussion of this question; and when your Lordships have done your utmost—without having any such intention, indeed, I am ready to admit — to encourage the enemies of the country, it will afford you very little consolation to be told that such has been the effect of your special pleading, and legal acumen and talent. That is my feeling, however, on this subject. I do think your Lordships are a little cramped by the rules of the English law, in the discussion of this question. It is needless for me to say that I shall oppose the second reading of this Bill. The first clause of it goes to deprive the Governor General of Canada of that authority which he ought to possess; and, not knowing exactly how the power with respect to Bermuda has been acted upon, though it is said that the Governor is exceeding the *power given to him in that respect, it does not appear to me necessary, at present, to grant a Bill of Indemnity*; and when I consider that the disallowing of the ordinances would be destructive of the moral effect of the Noble Earl's government, and almost the same as pronouncing the termination of the connection between it and the colony, and throwing everything loose to every chance of confusion, I cannot, with my regard for the prosperity of the country, be a party to that course, especially as any part of the ordinance which is unauthorised by the law would, as a matter of course, become itself inoperative, and without effect. I therefore cannot accede to the proposition of the Noble and Learned Lord, and shall, most unquestionably, vote against the second reading of this Bill.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — After what passed at the commencement of the Session, I hope that your Lordships will allow me to address a few words to you on this subject, and I assure you that they shall be few, indeed. The Noble Viscount, as usual, taking advantage of the support given to him on former occasions, has thought proper to turn round on Noble Lords on this side of the House, and to reproach them with the consequences of the measures produced by his own counsel, and brought forward by his own Administration. The Noble Viscount tells us that we did not object to the appointment of the Earl of Durham to be the Governor General of Canada; that we did not object to the powers confided to him; that we — referring particularly to me — urged this Government, by all the means in their power, to send out large forces, and take care to be strong in that part of the world; advice which, I admit, I did repeat over and over again, until I fatigued the House and myself with doing so. But why did I not object to those powers being given to the Earl of Durham? Because, seeing the Government in difficulties — seeing the colony in a state of rebellion — and seeing that the Government possessed confidence in another place — I thought it was not my duty to excite opposition to measures which they thought it might be proper to adopt; and therefore I took them all upon their recommendation. Very possibly I was wrong in so doing; indeed, it appears that I was wrong. But I took the course which I then considered it my duty to take. I declared that I would not follow the example of those who, being convinced of the certainty that the country would be involved in a war, yet thought proper to oppose all the measures that were necessary for carrying on that war. Neither would I deny assistance to

those who were absent, and who were carrying on the government to the best of their ability; but I would give the Government a fair support, in order to pacify a country which might be in a state of war or rebellion. That was the course which I followed on the occasion alluded to by the Noble Viscount. With respect to the Earl of Durham, I am personally unacquainted with him, and I considered that the Noble Viscount and her Majesty's Government ought to have known best who was the person most qualified to act as Governor of Canada, and I therefore raised no objection to the appointment of that Noble Earl, or to the powers with which he was intrusted, except in so far as I made a few observations against the form of the convention which it was proposed to establish at Quebec, for the purpose of framing a constitution. Such was the course which I, and those who acted with me, pursued on the occasion to which the Noble Viscount has alluded; and let me ask your Lordships what followed that act of criminality, on the part of this side of the House, with which we have been charged by the Noble Viscount?

The Noble Earl at the head of the Government in Canada was appointed under a Bill which gave the Queen the power of forming a Special Council; and what did the Noble Viscount do in reference to that portion of the Bill? Did he perform his duty? Did he do what, under the Act, he was required to do? Did he give instructions to the Governor of Canada as to what persons he was to appoint as members of the Special Council? Did the Noble Lord, the Secretary for the Colonies, as in the case of Lord Gosford's instructions (which, I believe, were sent out after fifteen months' preparation), inform the Governor of Canada what individuals he was to appoint to the council, — or did he state the class of persons from whom the members of that council were to be selected? The Noble Baron ought to have been able to have pointed out the parties best qualified to act as members of the council; but did he tell the Governor that he was to trust this person or to distrust that,—or did he give the Noble Earl any information whatever to guide him in the formation of the council? No; the Noble Lord did no such thing. The Government did not perform the duty which the Act imposed upon them; they gave no instructions as to the persons to be appointed members of the council; but they gave to the Earl of Durham the full and sole power of nominating and appointing the members of that council. Without any in on this important point, the N went out to Canada; and what on his arrival? Did the Noble minate, as members of his counci intimately acquainted with the of Canada, and conversant with and with the constitution of the No; the Noble Earl did not do on the contrary, he appointed secretary, and his own aides-de the members of the Special Cou now the Noble Viscount comes fo tells the Noble Lords on this si House that they are responsible measures, and for the consequer the measures, which the Governo council, so appointed, may adop tell the Noble Viscount that responsible, and that it is the N count who is responsible for the ment of the Special Council, a acts; and I will further tell t Viscount that I consider the which has been appointed to h the cause of all that has passed of all those measures which are plained of, — and of all those ill ceedings which your Lordships discussing. The Noble Visc pointedly alluded to me; but I wi him that no man made fewer obs in regard to the Act which was the commencement of the Sessi did, and I have never offered an upon this matter, unless when I be absolutely necessary to do so, i elucidate any point in dispute. though I, and those who acted supported the Government in great emergency, and gave our s a measure which we believed to sary for the purpose of restoring tranquillity to Canada,—yet, was sure to be carried into effect ill the Noble Viscount has allowed it — and is Parliament to see tho acts, and take no notice of such ings? Is this the way in whi Lords, should have been treated Lords opposite? Would they quested Parliament to shut its such proceedings had I filled which is filled by the Noble Visc would not such acts, had they by me, or under my sanction, h loudly and universally condemne

I come, now, to that part of the which is undoubtedly the most i and as to which the Noble Visco the former instance, throws upon this side of the House the conseq the recent proceedings of the Go Canada and his council, which

under discussion by your Lordships. The Noble Viscount admits that one of the measures adopted by the Governor and his council is illegal, and the Noble Lord the Secretary for the Colonies and the Noble and Learned Lord on the woolsack have concurred in the illegality of that part of the ordinances which relates to Bermuda. Now, that ordinance has been regularly brought under the consideration of the House; and, Noble Lords opposite having admitted its illegality, I will ask your Lordships whether I, or those on this side of the House, are responsible for that illegal proceeding? Not a bit of it. The Noble Earl is responsible in the first instance, and the Noble Viscount opposite in the second place, for not appointing a proper council. They are the parties who are really responsible; and not those who have given the Government a fair and steady support. The Noble Viscount objects to the Bill of the Noble and Learned Lord; but I maintain that it is impossible to do without that part of it which goes to indemnify the persons concerned in carrying into execution the ordinance to which I have alluded. Justice demands such an act from your Lordships, and you cannot refuse to indemnify those officers, whether in Canada, at sea, or in Bermuda, to whom the execution of the ordinance has been intrusted. With respect to the other part of the ordinance, namely, that which relates to persons not yet in custody,—of that also the Noble Viscount has been pleased to throw the *onus* upon us, as if we were the responsible party, in order that he might extricate himself from the difficult position in which he finds himself placed. The Noble Viscount says he shall vote against that part of the Bill which has reference to this portion of the ordinance, and adds that it would be more fair to proceed directly by an address to the Throne for the recal of the Noble Earl at the head of the Government in Canada. With respect to the Act which was passed at the early part of the Session, I have no desire to pass a declaratory Bill; but, on the contrary, I wish the Government to do something which will prevent the necessity for adopting such a course. A grossly illegal act has been committed — not a mere technical error, or one having reference to small or nice points of law, but, as has been laid down by the Noble and Learned Lord opposite, and by my Noble and Learned Friend near me (Lord Lyndhurst), an illegal act of great magnitude, and relating to points of the most grave importance — an act so clearly illegal, that no man capable of *understanding the first principles* of justice can doubt of its impropriety. It is impossible that the people of this country can suffer any man to be driven into banishment without trial, or that they can allow him, afterwards, to be condemned to death, without having been convicted of any crime beyond that of returning to his own country. But did it never occur to Noble Lords, opposite, that the effect of this part of the ordinance would be to force all the discontented persons who were thus banished from Lower Canada into the Upper Province? There is not a single word in the ordinance against their doing so, for they may all go into Upper Canada if they please. Is that desirable? Is it to be wished that these persons should be forced into a peaceful colony, where they might exert themselves to weaken the loyalty of the inhabitants? I will again repeat that I have no wish to pass a declaratory Act; and if the Noble Viscount will say that he will take steps to set the matter right, and to prevent such proceedings in future, then he may rest assured that a committee of your Lordships' House will not push the provisions of the Bill further than is absolutely necessary, and than is required for the indemnification of those persons who have carried the ordinance into execution. I beg your Lordships' pardon for having trespassed so long upon your time; but I really felt that I had not been fairly treated on this subject by the Noble Viscount, and that some explanation was necessary on my part. I gave a fair support to the Bill of the Noble Baron, at the commencement of the Session, upon principle. I gave it because I was desirous to do all in my power to relieve her Majesty's Government in a moment of difficulty, and to restore peace and tranquillity to Canada. How, then, the Noble Viscount can say that I have laid a trap for the Government, I am at a loss to comprehend, for the proceedings now under discussion occurred as a consequence of Noble Lords opposite having themselves neglected to perform the duty which the Act imposed upon them, and which required them to superintend with care and attention the formation of the council and the proceedings of the Governor.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I beg to say one word in the way of explanation. The Noble Duke is entirely mistaken in supposing that I alluded particularly to him in the observations I made. What I meant to say was, that, the Legislature having intrusted the Governor of Canada with large and important powers, they

must also give confidence corresponding to those powers, and I did not mean to allude to the Noble Duke, personally, but to your Lordships, generally.

LORD BROUGHAM. — After the powerful and eloquent speech which the Noble Duke has delivered, and which has made so strong an impression upon your Lordships, it will not be necessary for me to take up much of the time of the House in replying. My Noble and Learned Friend upon the woolsack has condemned the arguments I used on moving this Bill; but, although I am willing to put confidence in the legal judgments of the Noble and Learned Lord, yet to his political opinions, when delivered in favour of his party, and when that party is hard pressed, I am unwilling to give an equal degree of credence. The Noble and Learned Lord has argued that there can be no doubt as to the proceedings of the Governor of Canada, and as to the meaning of the Act I passed at the commencement of the Session; but I contend that there are great doubts, and, consequently, that a declaratory Bill is necessary. I call upon your Lordships to pass this measure, for I believe it will tend to save the Earl of Durham from much mischief; that it will serve as a warning to him, if not in respect of the choice of his advisers, at least in making him cautious in taking their advice, and in reminding him that his power is not absolute. I really think that your Lordships ought not to separate for the long recess without counselling the Crown to revoke the illegal order in question.

The House then divided; when there appeared —

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The Bill was then read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow, and the Lords summoned.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

On the motion of VISCOUNT MELBOURNE, this Bill was read a third time.

On the question, "That the Bill do *pass*," —

The EARL of CLANCARTY: I rise to enter my protest against just and arbitrary measure. It h designed to conciliate, at the ex the clergy, a party in Ireland w not be satisfied with such a con and will regard it but as an instal what they seek. You are about Bill to diminish the incomes of tressed clergy. You are not warr thus aggravating the wrongs of t secuted but most meritorious persons. This measure is, in f open robbery, and calculated to the hostile views of the enemie church. I therefore move, as an ment, that the Bill do not pass.

The original question was then resolved in the affirmative. Bill with the amendments, and sent Commons; and to be printed, as a

POST OFFICE BILL.

On VISCOUNT MELBOURN ing the Order of the Day for the reading of this Bill, —

The DUKE of RICHMOND sa have felt it to be my duty to oppose tion of my Noble Friend, and will very shortly, state the reasons which me to endeavour to prevail on you ships to reject the measure recom to you. On the 12th of August, Bill, professing a similar objec thrown out by your Lordships, motion to give it a second reading the ground that it was brought at too late a period of the year to you to inquire into its expediency satisfied as to its principle, or discover if any grievance did exis Noble Friend has certainly, this yea us three days more to attend to t ject; but surely your Lordships h had sufficient time to read and to c the numerous reports, and contra opinions, which have been given u management of the Post Office ment. It is stated that commis years ago, had recommended thi sure. My reply is, if they did so, w their recommendation never carri effect?

The evidence which my Noble (Lord Lowther), as well as a Rig nourable Baronet now holding offic the Noble Viscount (Viscount bourne), gave before the committee other House, with respect to the i diency of revenue departments bei

der the management of boards, is directly applicable to the Post Office. If the Administration believe that the Post Office is badly managed by the present Postmaster General, why do they not remove him? What can a board do, which he cannot? The Treasury have the undoubted power to examine into the whole subject, to require the Postmaster General to abide by any regulations which they may lay down. If it is believed that a grievance does exist, why are not the Treasury desired to investigate? The answer I shall receive will be, that they have appointed a commission; but my reply is, has that commission done its duty? Did they examine the present Postmaster General upon the subject? Did they ask the present Secretary (Colonel Maberly), a gentleman who has had some experience of a board for a revenue department? Did they ask him any questions? and if they did, where is his evidence? Why are we not to know the opinion of the Earl of Lichfield and Colonel Maberly, if they have not obtained that information? I contend they ought to have done so, and to have laid the evidence before the two Houses of Parliament before they asked the Legislature to pass a Bill such as the one now on your Lordships' table. I contend that one individual at the head of the Post Office is much more likely well to manage the department than a Board, for he, individually, is responsible. He carries into execution the several Acts of Parliament, and the rules and the regulations of the Treasury, and it cannot be now stated, with reason, that one individual has not sufficient time to perform this duty, for your Lordships are well aware that, since 1836, the management of the Post Office packets has been removed from the Postmaster General, and placed under the superintendence of the Board of Admiralty. I object to the Bill, not only because the proposed Board will be more expensive, but also because it will, I fear, much impair the efficiency of the department, and thereby be a great injury to the interests of the country at large. At the same time, I trust that I am not so obstinate as to maintain that opinion, if upon further inquiry I shall be convinced that I am wrong; and I shall be happy to support my Noble Friend (Viscount Melbourne), if, at the commencement of the next Session of Parliament, he shall think fit to move for the appointment of a select committee of your Lordships to inquire into the whole subject. I beg to move that this Bill be read this day six months.

The House then divided; when there appeared —

Ayes	25
Noes	32
Majority against the second reading	7

The Bill was then ordered to be read a second time on this day six months.

CUSTOMS BILL.

On the MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE moving the third reading of this Bill, —

The DUKE of WELLINGTON said: — I beg merely to observe that it is necessary that something should be done to allay the excitement which prevails out of doors in consequence of a clause which has been introduced into this Bill, giving the Customs the power of imposing an *ad valorem* duty on all perishable fruit imported, from abroad, into this country.

The DUKE of RICHMOND. — I rise to corroborate the statement of my Noble Friend as to the excitement which this clause has created in the maritime counties nearest to France. I understand that when the Customs place an *ad valorem* duty upon any commodity, the owner of the commodity has the option of either paying the duty or of leaving the commodity in the possession of the Customs at the value which they place upon it. As fruit is perishable, it is not improbable that when any dispute arises as to the value, it will be left in the possession of the Customs. This will convert the Board of Customs into fruit-sellers, and will lead, no doubt, to a defalcation of revenue. There is also another clause in the Bill, which, as it is an infringement on the rights of property, I wish to see altered. It is a clause which gives the mounted preventive service the power of passing through all turnpikes and over all private bridges free of toll. Now, many of the turnpike trusts in the maritime counties are in a state of embarrassment, and these exemptions from toll, which in number are increasing every Session, will tend to add much to their difficulties. It is for the general benefit of the revenue that the preventive service is employed, and I see no reason why any part of the expense of it should be thrown exclusively on the maritime counties.

A Noble Lord. — I beg to observe that

according to the rules of this House, your Lordships have not the power of introducing clauses to remedy these defects in the Bill. I would, therefore, suggest that the Bill should be withdrawn altogether, and that a new Bill should be introduced in the other House of Parliament containing clauses not obnoxious to the objections taken by the Noble Duke.

LORD HOLLAND.—Perhaps it would be better to postpone the Bill till to-morrow, to give her Majesty's Government an opportunity of considering what course they will adopt for carrying the recommendations of the Noble Duke into effect?

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. —After what has just fallen from the Noble Lord, I will, with the leave of the House, withdraw my motion.

The motion was then, by leave of the House, accordingly withdrawn. Bill to be read a third time to-morrow.

PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Order of the Day for receiving the Report of the amendments, and the Lords summoned, read; further amendments moved, and negatived; and Bill to be read a third time to-morrow, and the Lords summoned.

PENSIONS BILL.

Read a second time (according to order), and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

MILILIA PAY BILL. — MILITIA BALLOTS SUSPENSION BILL. — MAILS ON RAILWAYS BILL. — MEDITERRANEAN POSTAGE BILL. — JOINT STOCK BANKS BILL.

House in committee (according to order); Bills reported, without amendment; and to be read a third time to-morrow.

SLAVE TRADE (SICILY) BILL. — SLAVE TRADE (TUSCANY) BILL. — BANK OF IRELAND REPAYMENT BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), *and passed.*

SUGAR REFINING CO BILL.

Reported, without amendmen

BEER ACT.

Petitions for alteration of, — trates, clergy, merchants, t and others of Gosport and par verstoke; and of the guardia Winslow union. — Read, and lie on the table.

SPIRIT LICENCES (IRE ACT.

Petition against the repeal of habitants of Monkstown. — R ordered to lie on the table.

PARLIAMENTARY BU (SCOTLAND) BIL.

To be read a second time to-r

SHERIFF COURTS (SCO BILL.

Commons' amendments and be considered to-morrow.

COURT OF SESSION, &c. LAND) BILL.

Third reading (which stood for this day), put off till to-mor

REGISTRATION OF E ORS BILL.

Report of amendments (wh appointed for this day) put morrow.

TRADING COMPANIES COPYRIGHT BIL.

Third reading (which stood for this day) put off till to-mor

IMPRISONMENT FOR BILL.

Further consideration of the amendments (which stood app this day) put off till to-morrow.

PAPERS.

Return from the Court of Requests, Southwark, and Half Hundred of Brixton, of the number of plaints entered in the said court in each of the years 1835, 1836, and 1837; specifying, in each year, the number for debts not exceeding forty shillings, and that for debts exceeding forty shillings but not exceeding five pounds: And, also,

Return from the Court of Requests of the Tower Hamlets of the numbers of causes entered in each of the years 1829, 1830, and 1831; also, the numbers entered in the years 1833, 1834, and 1835; specifying the number entered for debts not exceeding forty shillings, and such as are entered for debts exceeding forty shillings and not exceeding five pounds.

(Ordered to be laid before the House on the 19th of July last.) — Ordered forthwith.

List of all pensions granted between the 20th day of June, 1837, and the 20th day of June, 1838, and charged upon the Civil List. — Delivered (pursuant to Act), and to be printed.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

RETURNS, &c.

The following Papers and Returns were severally presented at the bar; namely,—

Poor Law Amendment Act. — Abstract of Returns received by the Poor Law Commissioners, showing the nature of any relaxations made in the peremptory orders forbidding out-door relief to able-bodied labourers, or their families (ordered 3d of August).

Trinity House (Deptford Strond). — Return of the receipts and revenue of the corporation of Trinity House, Deptford Strond (ordered 24th of July).

To lie on the table.

The following Returns were severally ordered to be made; namely, —

Baptisms and Burials. — On the motion of LORD ASHLEY (on address),—

Returns of the number of births in each district of the undermentioned counties and places, during the twelve months ending the 30th of June, 1838, distinguishing the sexes.

Of the number of deaths in the same districts, during the same period; distinguishing each year of age up to the fifth year inclusive, and afterwards showing the number for each period of five years; also, uniformly distinguishing the sexes, counties, and places.

Essex, Rutland, the metropolis; the cities of Chester, Norwich, and Carlisle; the towns of Bolton-le-Moors, Bury, Preston, Wigan, Bradford (in Yorkshire), Stockport, and Macclesfield; the town of Leeds; the township of Holbeck, in the parish of Leeds; the town of Manchester.

Poor Law Act (Pershore Union). — On the motion of SIR EARDLEY WILMOT, copies were ordered —

Of all letters written to the Poor Law Commissioners in London, and their answers thereto, on the subject of Mr. Annesley's conduct, clerk to the Pershore union, respecting proceedings connected with the said union:

Of the evidence taken in August, 1837, by the assistant commissioner, Mr. Weale, on the same subject.

STANDING ORDERS REVISION COMMITTEE.

Power to committee to report opinion.

Report brought up, and read; the table; to be taken into cons to-morrow.

DUBLIN ELECTIO

On the motion of Mr. O'CO minutes of evidence taken be committee (presented 7th of A be printed.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY (. OF VOTING).

On the motion of Mr. SH (2 and 3 Will. IV.) read.

Mr. SHAW — My object i the House to grant me permissio in this Bill is, that, looking to period of the Session, the Bill once printed and circulated, be liament again assembles.

Bill to amend the said Act o be brought in by Mr. SHAW LEFROY.

MISCELLANEOUS PETI

The following petitions were presented; namely, —

Idolatry (India), — By SIR FOLLETT and other Honourable M against the interference of Brit tionaries, — from Whitehaver castle; Brotherton; Shropshire M Association; Ferry Fryston; St and King's Lynn.

Spirits (Ireland), — From against the sale thereof by groce

Sale of Beer Act, — By SIR E CAPTAIN ALSAGER, and LORD MORPETH, for repeal, — from t dians of the Winslow union; in of the county of Surrey, in the v London; and Saddleworth.

Established Church (Canad support, — from Gloucester; an

Slavery, — Of George Stephe

quiry into the circumstances connected with the deportation or migration, under contract, of any free-born Asiatics to the Mauritius, Demerara, or Berbice.

Timber Cultivation, — Of James Sawyer, for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the state of the cultivation of timber, more particularly on the Crown lands.

Rowland Milner, — By Sir Edward Codrington, — of Captain James Wilson, R.N., for inquiry into the case of Mr. Rowland Milner.

Michael Fitzgerald, — By Mr. O'Connell, — of Michael Fitzgerald, complaining of certain acts of oppression exercised against him by the Portuguese Government, and praying for redress.

Employment of the Poor, — From Sheffield, for the adoption of the plan proposed by Robert Owen.

To lie on the table.

Postage. — By Mr. Wallace, — of commercial travellers, for a low and uniform rate. — Referred to the Select Committee on Postage.

Factories Regulation Bill, — Of John Hanson and James Brooke, against.

Church Pastoral Aid Society, — Of the Reverend Mr. Short and others, in support.

Weights and Measures, &c. — Of John Watt, submitting a plan for obviating the present complicated system of weights and measures and divisions of money.

To lie on the table.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY (RIGHT OF VOTING) BILL,

"To amend the Act of the second and third Years of King William the Fourth, 'to amend the Representation of the People of Ireland,' in respect of the Right of Voting in the University of Dublin," presented, and read a first time; to be read a second time to-morrow, and to be printed.

MAIDSTONE ELECTION.

Ordered, That the committee clerk who attended the committees appointed to inquire into the proceedings *relative to* the late *elections for the borough of* Maidstone, be permitted to attend at the present assizes at Maidstone, for the county of Kent, in the cause of Coppock against Bower, and to produce the minutes of evidence taken before the said select committees.

FOUNDATION SCHOOLS (IRELAND) COMMITTEE.

Power to report observations.

Report brought up accordingly; read; to lie on the table, and to be printed.

CORPORATE PROPERTY (IRELAND) BILL.

Reported; to be read a third time this day.

PRIVATE BILL DEPOSITS BILL.

Order for further consideration of Report read; Bill recommitted; considered in committee, and reported; to be read a third time to-morrow; Bill, as amended, to be printed.

CONSOLIDATED FUND (APPROPRIATION) BILL. — EXCHEQUER BILLS (£11,044,550) BILL. — EXCHEQUER BILLS (PUBLIC WORKS) BILL. — FOUR AND A HALF PER CENTUM DUTIES BILL. — SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL. — COUNTY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL. — COAL TRADE (LONDON, &c.) BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

DUBLIN CORPORATION (COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS) BILL.

Considered in committee; to be reported to-morrow.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL.—CORPORATE PROPERTY (IRELAND) BILL. — CHURCH BUILDING ACTS AMENDMENT BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

SCHOOLS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to, with amendments.

ADVOCATIONS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — LOAN SOCIETIES (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

PUBLIC RECORDS BILL.

Consideration of Lords' amendments deferred till to-morrow.

SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) BILL.

Reported.

Motion made by Mr. O'CONNELL, and question proposed, "That the amendments be now read a second time."

Mr. SHAW.—This is a dropped order, and I apprehend that the Honourable and Learned Gentleman has no right to proceed on this Bill if any objection is raised to the motion.

The SPEAKER. — In the case of a dropped Order of the Day, if an objection be raised on the matter, the usual course is to postpone the motion till the next day.

Mr. O'CONNELL. — This is an important measure, and I shall persist in my motion.

Mr. SHAW. — I move, as an amendment, to leave out from the words "That the," to the end of the question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months," instead thereof.

Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the question."

The House divided: —

Ayes . . .	48
Noes . . .	28
Majority . .	20

Main question put, and agreed to; *amendments read a second time,* and agreed to; Bill to be read a thi to-morrow.

JUVENILE OFFENDERS — LIVERPOOL COUR PASSAGE BILL.

Lords' amendments to the abo agreed to.

BENEFICES PLURALI BILL.

Mr. CHANCELLOR of the Exc reported, That, having been with tl to desire a conference on the matter of the amendments made Lordships to the Bill intituled " to abridge the holding of Bene Plurality, and to make better P for the Residence of the Cler Lords do agree to a conference, point the same immediately in tl mittee room No. 5.

Ordered, That the committee w appointed to draw up reasons to b to the Lords, at a conference, for d ing to certain of the said amendm manage the conference; and th of Sir Hussey Vivian, Mr. Shaw Mr. Lynch, Mr. Pendarves, Mr. Mr. Labouchere, Lord Viscount ton, Sir Charles Lemon, Sir Grey, Mr. Chalmers, Mr. Hect the Lord Advocate were added to

Then the names of the manag called over, and they went to the ence; and being returned,—

Mr. CHANCELLOR of the Exc reported, That the managers had the conference, which was mana the part of the Lords, by the Richmond, and that they had d the reasons for disagreeing to amendments, and had left the amendments with their Lordships

MESSAGE FROM THE L(

That they have agreed to — Co on Public Works Bill; Stamp Di Slave Trade (Sicily) Bill; Slav (Tuscany) Bill; Bank of Ireland ment Bill, without amendment; of Clare Treasurer Bill; Fines cognisances (Ireland) Bill, with ments: and to amendments to I Carriages (Metropolis) Bill, amendment.

ey do desire a present confer-
this House in their Lordships'
e Room No. 5., upon the sub-
r of the conference on Satur-
elative to the amendments made
intituled "An Act for the Re-
of Municipal Corporations and
Towns in Ireland."

IPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.

d, that this House doth agree
erence with the Lords, as de-
heir Lordships.

e messengers were again called
Mr. SPEAKER acquainted them
; and then they again with-

d, That the managers who ma-
last conference do manage this
e; and the names of Sir Edward
n, Mr. Robert Steuart, Mr.
General, the Lord Advocate,
O'Ferral, Lord Seymour, Mr.
, Mr. Hector, Mr. Pendarves,
Shaw Lefevre were added to

ne names of the managers were
er, and they went to the confer-
d being returned,—

VISCOUNT MORPETH reported,
managers had met the Lords at
nce, which was managed, on the
e Lords, by the Earl of Shaftes-
acquainted them that the Lords,
ken into consideration the rea-
n by the Commons at the last
e for disagreeing to several
nts made by their Lordships to
intituled "An Act for the Regu-
Municipal Corporations and Bo-
wns in Ireland," do insist upon
the amendments to which this
ath disagreed, for which they
ir reasons; and do disagree to
the amendments made by this
the amendments made by their
s; and do agree to some of the
ndments, without any amend-
d to other of the said amend-
with certain amendments; to
y desire the concurrence of this

JOHN RUSSELL having moved
Lords' amendments, together with
ns, be read, the same *were ac-
y read by the clerk at the table.*

LORD JOHN RUSSELL.—I think the House may gather, from what has been already read, the general purport of the amendments which have been made by their Lordships. It appears that they have so far agreed to the Commons' amendments, as I understand from the paper which has been read, that they do dot insist upon the provisions they have made respecting charitable trusts any further than that the present trustees shall be continued until the month of October, 1840. It appears, also, that there are other clauses respecting trustees, and other amendments, upon which their Lordships do not insist. But it likewise appears that the principal clause upon which a difference of opinion has arisen between the two Houses of Parliament,—namely, that respecting the franchise,—is retained by their Lordships in exactly the same form as that in which they originally framed it. That question, alone, being of so much importance,—there being, now, no hope of inducing their Lordships to agree to any other franchise than that which they, themselves, propose,—it being evident, moreover, that they do not mean to go any further in the way of concession, while we have made, as I conceive, very great and important concessions from the Bill as originally sent up to their Lordships' House;—all these things considered, I think there is no other course left us to pursue than to postpone the further consideration of the question to another Session of Parliament. Their Lordships' reason for differing with us on the question of the franchise is, that they do not deem it desirable to create a new variety of municipal franchise, but prefer adopting that already known to our corporations. If that is their Lordships' opinion, there certainly is a franchise already adopted in the corporations of England, under the Corporation Reform Bill, which, I will say, is one of the best and most wholesome that could be made by Parliament. Their Lordships state that they are precluded from considering the expediency of introducing the English franchise, as it is founded upon a previous rating of three years under the Poor Law Act, and is therefore inapplicable to Ireland. Their Lordships give no other reason than that it is impossible to adopt the franchise proposed by us, at the present time; whereas the Bill, as sent down by this House to them, does not come into operation for two years. I think that all these circumstances considered will make it advisable for us to see whether, in another Session of Parliament, by avoiding a franchise which is objected to as new,

we may not adopt one which, having had the sanction of Parliament, may be considered salutary by both parties. Upon that, however, I will not now offer any opinion. As to the other amendments made by the Lords, I will only say that, though there are some which I could wish had not been made, yet there are those, also, on which I am disposed to give way. I say I do not wish to give any definitive opinion upon this subject, now; but so much does occur to me to say, upon reading the reasons which the Lords have stated for disagreeing to the present Bill.

Without referring to the other alterations made by the Lords with respect to this Bill, — agreeing, as I should do, if the franchise had been settled, that there are several of these amendments upon which we might have given way, and there are matters upon which it was not impossible for us to have concurred, but we cannot do so on the matter of the franchise, — considering that the Lords do require for Ireland a franchise of a far higher kind than is known in the corporations of England or of Scotland, — seeing no reason why this higher franchise should be adopted, — and thinking, as I cannot help considering, that this will be regarded, in Ireland, as a proof of distrust, and that the foundation of the refusal which was experienced two years ago, of any reformed corporations in Ireland, still subsists, — and thinking that, with this prevailing notion, the Bill will be unpalatable to the great mass of the people in the towns, who, instead of being trusted, will be marked with suspicion and distrust, — I have no other course to take, than to move that the amendments be further considered this day three months. In doing so, however, I must own that I should be sorry to submit this motion, if I considered all chance of procuring corporations hopeless. I think, however, that in the course of the discussions this year, we have got rid of some of the great obstacles to a settlement. In the first place, we have removed the objections which have been entertained to elected corporations existing in Ireland; and, secondly, the Lords and Commons have agreed in a great many of the provisions of the Bill. I need not further debate the subject; but in giving up the hope of successful legislation this year, I do so with the satisfaction of reflecting that the differences between the two Houses are not so wide as in former Sessions they have been upon this subject. I now move that *the Lords' amendments be* further *considered this day three months.*

Mr. SHAW. — I have hear
position with which the Noble
cluded his speech with mucl
It is not for me, however, in t
state of the House, to oppose t
of the Noble Lord; but I cert
express my regret at the ve
course taken by the Noble L
extraordinary that, without an
ation of the Lords' reasons,
their being printed, or without
read at length by the clerk at t
the Noble Lord should propos
tion of the clause altogether!
ble Lord has taken it on himsel
of the question in this sudde
mary manner, all I will say
Noble Lord, and the Governme
he is a Member, must take on
the whole responsibility of th
of this Bill, after the concessior
been made to him.

[" Hear, hear!" and laught
Ministerial benches.]

Honourable Members opp
laugh at my remark, and the
may try to throw dust in the
public, by talking of the gr
sions which have been made c
but I will call it monstrous to s
great concessions have been n
other side. The Noble Lord
admit, made great concessic
Tithe Bill, for which I am
give him full credit; but I rep
monstrous to assert that any
concession has been made, by t
ment, on the Irish Municipal F
concessions that have been yi
proceeded from this (the Oppos
and there was much difficulty
an assent to some of them.
Lord's great objection is to th
of the franchise from a 10*l.* tc
chise. This is his insuperabl
to the Bill, as altered by t
but the Noble Lord should re
the 10*l.* franchise was that whi
up in his Bill two years ago,
corporations to the eleven princ
If that be his own franchise,
he not give way by its adopti
according to the Noble Lord's
sion, is all that remains of
amendments, to which he has
able objection. But why sho
jection be insuperable to a
which was originally his own
we desire is a *bonâ fide* franc
on the rating. It is objecte
rating will be no less than the
but it was proved that under
Police Act the rating is m

eal value, and on appeals many gs are set aside. Again: I will fter all the sacrifices that have on this (the Opposition) side, Lord must take the respons- he rejection of the Bill on him- he present state of the House, divide on the Noble Lord's mo- I must protest against it, as e House by surprise, for, no ny Honourable Members would ded if they had thought that, rinting the Lords' reasons and its, these were to be disposed summary way. Great sacrifices, ave been made at this side. I, ve made such of several of my ons, for I think that all the rations ought to be abolished, e corporate business might be commissioners. However, for art, I have no great regret at the Bill for this Session. It is ich there is no excitement on f the people of Ireland, and I e less, from my feeling that it en discussed as it ought to have is looked upon as a great party The Noble Lord, in referring ight be done next year, seemed e franchise as a sort of bone of between the parties. I must that this sort of close of the was not expected by most at this (the Opposition) side of After all, the only difference s is, that the nominal shall be anchise.

JOHN RUSSELL. — In con- of what the Right Honourable has said in reference to the ich I have thought proper to leave to offer a very few words ition. The Right Honourable seems to complain that the he amendments were not read rk, — if I collect his meaning Now, I thought, when the clerk ed reading, or rather when I o stop him, that he had gone e most important amendments, herefore, there was no necessity ding further. All the material difference were read; and I hould be very sorry if such a should go forth to the public, ir Lordships' reasons were not

CHANCELLOR of the EXCHE- The objections of the Right Ho- nd Learned Gentleman *are objec- m, and objections in substance.* When the Right Honourable Gentleman expresses surprise at the course which has been adopted, I would remind him that the same course was taken in the year 1836, with the approbation of Members on both sides of the House. In 1836, the Lords' amendments were read as they now have been, and their further consideration was postponed for six months; but when the Right Honourable Gentleman says that the adoption of this course comes on him as a matter of surprise, I must say that, out of this House, there was not any expectation that the result would be different, and the Right Honourable Gentleman cannot be serious when he tells us that he expected any other to be taken. So much for the matter of form. Now, as to the substance. I think that her Majesty's Ministers are entirely justified in the course which they have taken. I say the object of the Bill was the contentment of the people of Ireland; and it is much better to allow the House to consider the whole question, than, under the colour of passing a Bill which will content the people of Ireland, to sanction what can lead only to directly opposite results. We should indeed be deceiving the House and the public, and acting, I will not say insultingly, but disrespectfully, towards the people of Ireland, if we, thinking that this Bill will not produce contentment, were yet to permit it to pass. For that we should be answerable; and when the Right Honourable Gentleman says that with us, on these benches, rests the responsibility— I must say that it would do so, if we accepted, under the colour of reform, a measure which would not produce it. Then, indeed, our motives would be suspected, and our good faith be brought in question. The objection which has been made to the English franchise does not appear to be one of principle, but only of time; and if it were correct in principle, we might be able to fix upon it. The Right Honourable Gentleman has attributed to us a disposition to keep this question open, as a bone of contention between the two sides of the House; but the Right Honourable Gentleman is not entitled to take that ground. If we had adhered to the *5l.* franchise, this accusation might have been raised, though I do not think that even then it could have been fairly and justly applied; but when we have made every endeavour to meet the question, and when, as the Right Honourable Gentleman admits, the difference between us is very slight, he has no right to say that we have left this question as a bone of contention. If the money value were concurred in, yet, even then, I should have

preferred our own proposal to that of the Lords, which is bad, because it would lead to perpetual contests, would tend to much false swearing, and to the tampering with surveyors, and it would introduce the same objection as Honourable Gentlemen entertain to the parliamentary franchise; and I affirm that a clear and certain franchise ought to be contended for and maintained, rather than that sent by the Lords. The Right Honourable Gentleman says that he wishes only for the same franchise as the Scotch; but the Scotch franchise of 10*l.*, without the rating clauses, and the Irish franchise of the same amount, with those clauses, would be entirely different things; and as to the reference to the city of Dublin, even if the Right Honourable Gentleman proved that the rated value equalled the real, this would not show anything, for it is on the valuation under the Poor Law Bill, and not for the police tax, that the franchise proposed by the Lords is founded. On these grounds, I believe that, if we postpone this Bill, we shall be able to obtain a better adjustment of the question; and we have shown that, although Government is willing to make any concession which can be regarded as reasonable, to obtain a settlement, yet, that they will not consent to any concession that is inconsistent with the principles on which they have acted with regard to this Bill.

SIR ROBERT INGLIS. — I can only say that, up to a late period this afternoon, I thought that her Majesty's Government would adopt this Bill, as amended by the Lords. That conclusion was drawn from this fact—that if such were not their intention, they were throwing away much unnecessary time; but as the Bill is to be again brought before the House next Session, I hope that the speeches which have now been made upon the subject will be considered "as entered," and that the House will be troubled with less discussion of an irrelevant nature.

Mr. O'CONNELL. — As one of the representatives of the city of Dublin, I feel it to be my duty to offer my thanks to the Government for the very unceremonious manner in which they have treated this matter; and, if it had been possible to adopt a still more unceremonious course, I hope that they would have done so; for the Bill is an insult, and is intended as an insult, to the people of Ireland. The Right Honourable and Learned Gentleman opposite has talked of the concessions which have been made on that side *of the House, and he* has said, in effect, that he was, himself, the insti them; but in so doing he has at to himself a merit which does not to him. He talks of his conc Why, what concession is all this to ple of Ireland? They are asking rights, and they demand them. treat with ineffable contempt e tempt to deal with them in any w than that in which England and have been dealt with; and it is a to keep their rights from them; base in the extreme to adopt any which shall have that effect. To d deprive them of their independen look upon the individuals who the persons who really desire th of the Union. Things cannot las now exist; but the people of Ire mand an equality of rights: tha they want. Then it is said that t Lord has made concessions on t Bill. But how have they been r I was an advocate for granting lion for compensation for tithe but I now bitterly regret havi that course, because, if we are t the reports which reach us, the come down to us with some of t important clauses so altered th case be as it is represented, the reason why the Bill should not b as unceremoniously as this mea been treated; and I hope, if i prove as I anticipate, that the T will share the same fate as the M Corporations Bill. I know th Honourable Gentleman is sorry Bill cannot be agreed to, becaus tains clauses sanctioning that one of the greatest evils which the fictitious franchise. It does such clauses, and I am sorry th the opportunity, when the Bill w discussion, to move their exclusio they were before the House I let slip for doing so, and the Right able Gentleman took especial ca fuse to allow me to go back, alt was only three lines. I hope thes will not be continued in the Gov Bill next Session; but if they and the Right Honourable G shall move their insertion, I shall opportunity afforded me of pr demonstration that they are of improper nature, and that they culated to produce the most mischiefs in Ireland. Many have been admitted to be freemen lin, and to exercise the fictitio chise, although they had obtain freedom by neither birth, servit marriage. I hope, however, th

ill shall be introduced, the No- will propose the English fran- I am sure that it must come to ere will be no difficulty at all, ill then have the assessment to ites, and what is now spoken of nticipation, we shall then have in will be easy to create an identity nglish as to the three years' resi- ause it will be easy to make the on consist only in a dwelling rated under the Bill, and there ave the English franchise com- that franchise should not be why, we shall have no reason n,—for the English submit to it. hen take the concessions of Ho- Gentlemen for nothing, and their ns as vain and empty proposi- r, there never was a more per- n than the idea which has been that the people of Ireland are bout this measure. They have care for, and they would mani- eatest want of any feeling of re- eir own rights if they did not take t in this matter. What a mock- t very corporation of Dublin, to e Right Honourable Gentleman elongs! It is really the greatest at can possibly be offered to ense and justice, that it should n allowed to continue so long. en abandoned by all its former s, who would have been content een it annihilated, and both its nd its enemies have long since r its being dissolved. I do not elay the House any longer; but I hat the Irish people demand the franchise, and that they will content until they obtain it.

'ISRAELI. — I am very sorry om the Noble Lord that we are have another Bill on this subject d into the House next Session. mon with my constituents, re- fact, because I feel that ample been already devoted to the con- n of the question. The House been sitting nine months, and e we done? The effect of all our mounts almost literally to no- The necessity for sitting so long t of the great attention paid to airs, and measures in reference country are introduced which called for by the necessities of ple, but which are brought and supported merely for rpose of keeping a particular power. But what is the result? now *separating after a Session* of nine months' duration, and we leave Ireland in a state of smouldering insurrection. I feel the difficulty of saying much on this subject; but after the false hopes which have been excited in the country, I will venture to make one observation on the state in which the country will be left. We are about to meet our constituents to give an account of ourselves and our conduct; but what can we say when the only result of our nine months' sitting, the ordinary period of gestation, has produced nothing but this abortion — this strangled offspring of the Noble Lord. For ten years we have been tampering with Ireland, and we have done nothing towards bringing those disorders, which still exist there, to a termination. We have governed it by a miserable minority, and we now govern it by a treacherous majority. Those in power have denounced a gentleman—from the throne—as a traitor, and they have since offered him the highest situation in their gift; but he has triumphed over them, and has refused to accept it. I ask the Government whether they will come forward again and again with this miserable state of things in existence? I will use the words which have been employed by the Honourable and Learned Member opposite, and which, therefore, I suppose will be considered parliamentary, and I will say that the course the Government has pursued is a most profligate one.

SIR HUSSEY VIVIAN. — I shall trouble the House only for a very short time. I cannot allow it to go forth to the public, that the people of England are indifferent to the measures by which it is proposed to place the people of Ireland on an equality of rights with them. I feel quite convinced that in saying what he has said on this subject, the Honourable Member for Maidstone is entirely mistaken. The people of England feel deeply for those of Ireland, and are most anxious that, in every respect, justice should be done to them. I know not what may be the feelings of the constituency of the Honourable Member for Maidstone; but, for my own, I can only say that, at the last election, there was no one subject on which mine expressed a greater anxiety than that the people of Ireland should have the fullest justice done to them. I therefore regret that the Bill has been treated as it has been, and I hope, sincerely, that any future attempt to legislate for Ireland, refusing to her people rights and privileges enjoyed by those of England, — in short, any measure not putting the people of Ireland on the

most perfect equality with those of England, may meet with the same fate as this Bill.

Mr. ASHTON YATES. — The people of that part of Ireland with which I am connected consider this attempt as nothing but a gross insult on their privileges. I hope that when the Bill is introduced next year, it will be a complete English Bill.

Further consideration put off for three months; Bill, with the amendments, to be printed; Lords' reasons to be printed.

FINES AND RECOGNISANCES (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

Adjourned at a quarter before seven o'clock.

USE OF LORDS, VENERIS, 10° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838.

L of SHAFTESBURY sat Speaker.

djourned during pleasure, and y the EARL of SHAFTESBURY.

djourned during pleasure, and y the LORD CHANCELLOR.

COMMISSION.

owing Bills received the Royal

)ies Bill; Loan Societies (Ire-.; Turpentine Penalties Bill; Ireland) Bill; Juvenile Offend-Schools (Scotland) Bill; Slave city) Bill; Advocations (Scot-; Slave Trade (Tuscany) Bill; Clergy Endowment Bill; n Bill; Liverpool Court of Pas-Recovery of Tenements Bill; change Rebuilding Bill; Insane England) Bill; Duke of Hamil-randon's Estate Bill; Constables Works Bill; Hackney Carriages lis) Bill; Lethbridge's Divorce ill; Bank of Ireland Repayment

TRADE (No. 2.) *BILL.* — *IEQUER BILLS (PUBLIC KS) BILL.* — *FOUR AND LF PER CENTUM DU-BILL.*—*CONSOLIDATED) BILL.*

second time, and committed to tee of the whole House to-mor-

REFINING COMPANY BILL.

third time, and passed.

TE BILL DEPOSITS . — SPIRIT LICENCES LAND) BILL.

ht from the *Commons; read a ; and to be printed.*

MILITIA PAY BILL. — *MILITIA BALLOTS SUSPENSION BILL.* — *MAILS ON RAILWAYS BILL.* — *MEDITERRANEAN POSTAGE BILL.*

Read a third time (according to order), and passed.

PUBLIC RECORDS BILL. — *FINES AND RECOGNISANCES (IRELAND) BILL.*

Rrturned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to.

SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL. — *COUNTY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL.* — *CORPORATE PROPERTY (IRELAND BILL.*

Read a second time (according to order) and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

JOINT STOCK BANKS BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), and passed.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH presented a petition of Edward William Cox, proprietor of the *Somerset County Gazette* newspaper, against the clause which limits the amount of money to be paid for publishing advertisements required by the provisions of the Bill. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

ESTABLISHED CHURCH CANADA.

LORD REDESDALE presented a petition for the protection and encouragement of, — of inhabitants of Sidmouth. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

CUSTOMS BILL.

On VISCOUNT MELBOURNE moving the third reading of this Bill, —

The DUKE of RICHMOND said: —I beg to ask the Noble Viscount whether he has taken into consideration the propriety of introducing a clause with respect to the right of passing over turnpike trusts toll free, which this Bill gives, to men in the preventive service; and, also, with reference to the *ad valorem* duty which is imposed by it on perishable fruits imported into this country? If the Bill, as it now stands, be allowed to pass, will the Noble Viscount consent to introduce a remedial measure with reference to these points in the next Session of Parliament?

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I should be extremely sorry to lose or abandon this measure. But, if it be passed, a Bill shall be introduced in the next Session to meet the points objected to.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — I wish to know at what time in the next Session of Parliament such a Bill will be introduced? If it be brought in at a very late period, much evil may, in the interim, be produced.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — As early as possible.

The Bill was then read a third time, and passed, and sent to the Commons.

ECCLESIASTICAL APPOINTMENTS SUSPENSION BILL.

House in committee (according to order); verbal amendments made; the report thereof to be received to-morrow; and Bill to be printed, as amended.

EDINBURGH MAGISTRACY.

The EARL of HADDINGTON. — I rise, pursuant to notice, to call the attention of your Lordships to the large, and, as it appears to me, unnecessary addition that has beeen made to the commission of the peace for the city of Edinburgh. Formerly, there was no justice of the peace in that city; but during the administration of the Earl of Liverpool, or of my Noble Friend behind me, a commission was issued, and several justices of the peace were appointed. To that body a large addition—an addition of no less than ninety-one persons — has been re made. The whole number of justi now 187 for a population of 150,00 sons, including Leith. I cannot se reason there is for such an array tices, and I think I have some ri complain of the selection made, fo ninety-one persons lately added list by the Noble and Learned L the woolsack, it is stated to me have no doubt that the statement i that eighty-seven are notorious or Radicals. It is generally kno party spirit is very prevalent i burgh, and a wise Government w do anything to excite that part Now, nothing, in my opinion, is to do so as to sanction a commi the peace, which, on the face of it to have for its object the further the views of a particular party, w to return two individuals to Par — the one being the Speaker House of Commons, and the o Majesty's Attorney General, — the persons named in this com being notorious favourers of, a vassers for, both those Right able Gentlemen. Many ind have been left out of the com who are very proper persons that honorary species of office, act as justices of the peace. The beg to observe, 100 merchants, as called, now in the Edinburgh com of the peace. They are not merc the sense implied by the Engli but shopkeepers and tradesm these, fourteen, only, are Conse In a city where there are a great of bankers, I find only three ba the commission. Of twenty w the signet who are in the com there is only one Conservati there are twelve advocates, two only are Conservatives. I beli what I now state is new to the N Learned Lord. I cannot brin to believe, if he had been aw any political feeling or object wa ground for these applications, have given his official signa authority to such a list as I scribed. The Noble and Learn must, however, have known th burgh had been warmly conte merely with respect to the r Members to Parliament, but a municipal offices. The Noble and Lord ought, therefore, to hav inquired with respect to those who were recommended for the sion; and if he neglected to do s not do his duty. The suspicio tiality in these appointments is

ite mischief; and, on that ave brought the matter before hips, and have stated some of it are likely to ensue from a olitical favouritism. The in- f Edinburgh ought to have ice in those who superintend of the constables and police; hey see such a list as that e described, they are not likely a very favourable opinion of justices of the peace. With- g your Lordships further, I e for a copy of the corre- etween the Lord Chancellor l Provost of Edinburgh rela- ommissioners of the peace in

D CHANCELLOR. — Up to moment, I have never heard nt on the subject of these ap- and I cannot, therefore, but t the statement of the Noble ltogether consistent with the know is, that, on the 15th of eceived a letter from the Lord who is also Lord Provost of stating "that the demise of rendered it necessary that a sion should be made out for nd city," and a list of persons ll the office was transmitted. h of November, I received er from the successor of the t, recommending some alter- before-mentioned list. Such rmation upon which I acted; that, as to complaints, I have . I therefore have no ob- tever to the motion of the

YNDHURST. — My Noble l Friend has stated that he has complaint on this subject. assure him that a very strong s with respect to the appoint- tices in Edinburgh. Persons tive principles feel aggrieved luded from the commission, ins many names of individuals olitical sentiments that never been suggested by the Lord if due discrimination had been n afraid that my Noble and riend is rather unlucky in this kind; for it happens gland, wherever the Lord is a Conservative, the list k till the last moment, and inquiries and suggestions are re the appointments take Scotland, on the other hand, at so little investigation is entered into, that, though persons are convicted of fraud, their names are added without the least hesitation. A Noble Baron (Lord Holland), not now present, has said that, in certain cases, if he saw twenty members of the Church of England placed in the situation of magistrates, he would forthwith appoint twenty Dissenters to preserve the balance; and my Noble and Learned Friend seems to approve of the plan. But what do we find here? Why, eighty-seven Whigs or Radicals, and only three Conservatives. Why, on his own principle, my Noble and Learned Friend ought to have appointed a considerable number of Conservatives. Instead of that, there are eighty-seven Whigs or Radicals on the one side, and but three Conservatives on the other; which, I suppose, will be called keeping the balance even! Every one must see how utterly inconsistent my Noble and Learned Friend's practice is with his profession, on this subject. Here are eighty-seven Whigs or Radicals preferred at once; while the Conservatives, with the exception of three, are excluded. As to the distinction of "Whig" or "Radical," I think nothing of it. A Whig is a Whig while in office; but the moment he is out of office he becomes a Radical. In this case, the balance is broken in a most extraordinary degree. The preponderance on one side is extravagant. I know the feelings of my Noble and Learned Friend very well; and I believe that, whether appointing charitable trustees or justices of the peace, he is anxious to act fairly. But it does so happen, — owing, I suppose, to want of accurate information, — that, in this case, almost all the justices appointed are Radicals, and, in many instances, the trustees nominated are Radicals, also.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I cannot agree quite so much with my Noble and Learned Friend on this occasion as I did last night. I believe the appointments of charitable trustees have been very fairly made. The best proof of the fact is, that in only four instances out of thirty-four has any objection been made to them. I must, however, admit that, when eighty-seven magistrates are appointed from one side and only three on the other, parties have reason to complain that the principle of the balance has been widely departed from.

Motion agreed to.

CANADA GOVERNMENT ACT DECLARATORY BILL.

On LORD BROUGHAM moving the

Order of the Day for the House to be put into committee on this Bill, —

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE said: — Before my Noble and Learned Friend leaves the woolsack, it may be as respectful as convenient to your Lordships that I should state the course which I intend to pursue in reference to this Bill. Your Lordships have determined — unquestionably very contrary to my feelings and wishes — to read the measure a second time; and it is impossible for me to express the very deep concern, the great anxiety and solicitude, which your Lordships' determination in that respect has created in my mind. Your Lordships cannot conceal from yourselves — at all events it is my duty not to conceal from you — that great interests are at stake, and that consequences the most serious may result from the course which your Lordships have followed upon this subject. I know very well, and I do not mean to deny, that the objections which have been taken to the ordinance promulgated by my Noble Friend the Governor General of Canada rest upon very broad principles of law; but those broad principles — evident, clear, and distinct as they may appear to lawyers and statesmen — are not sufficiently clear to be understood and appreciated by the multitude — the generality of mankind. I cannot help thinking, too, that the course adopted by your Lordships may be construed into taking a decided part, and making a declaration in favour of, a particular party in Canada, — a party which has lately excited a rebellion against the mother country, and which is undoubtedly bent on the dismemberment of the empire. Your Lordships may depend on it, such will be the practical effect of your conduct, and that is the reason why I, last night, attempted to dissuade you from giving a second reading to this Bill. I cannot, as I have stated, conceal the apprehensions I entertain upon this subject, especially when I consider that your Lordships have taken this course at such a distance from the scene in which it has to operate, and when it is impossible to say in what state or condition of feeling these debates and this Bill will find the people in that portion of the empire. In my opinion it would have been much better to have left the course to be pursued to be decided on by the Government; but your Lordships having determined otherwise, it is for me now to state the steps which I and my colleagues consider it our duty to take in consequence of that *decision. Looking at* these ordinances, *and being compelled to* admit that one part of them is clearly without t of the jurisdiction of the Noble Governor General of Canada, but say that I felt myself v pressed by the argument which my Noble Friend opposite (th Ripon), on a former occasion, said that he considered that o these ordinances was clearly and beyond the bounds of the authori by the Canada Government . that, with respect to a chartered this nature, the Crown had not of disallowing one part of an and allowing another, — that he ought to be advised to disallow nance altogether. On the othe fear that to disallow an ordinar present circumstances, — to say all void and of no effect, and those affected by it to return please, to the colony, — will str root of all authority in that count

Grave objections have been tal part of these ordinances which those persons who have never be tody, having, in fact, fled from th Now, my Lords, I think it im suppose but that everybody acqua the temper and disposition of Friend, the Governor General o must feel that this was merely *in terrorem*, to secure the colo the return of those persons, w necessarily, be considered as d and I should certainly have b contented if your Lordships ha terfered with that part of the o because, from the particular m which it was drawn up, it is i not to assume that it was requi special circumstances of the the same time, I feel greatly p the cogency of the argument u Noble Friend, that, the Crown n the power to disallow one part o nance clearly unauthorised by l retain another, it is very difficul in this matter exercising the autho Crown; and therefore I beg le swer that I and my colleagues h to the determination to advise he to disallow the ordinance. Stil but say that it is not without prehension as to the consequen may ensue that I take this cour feel I am bound to take it, and thus early, the determination o binet in that respect. It foll this, that one part of the ordinan illegal, all which has been do ecution of that part of it is al and those who have attempted or detain any of those person

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ecessary to exert. In the adop-
it clause, therefore, I cannot
great deal of argument has
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the Bill passed at the com-
of this Session, prohibiting
nor General in council from
hing in contravention of any
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or of any Act of the Legis-
Lower Canada. Unquestion-
roviso, considering the grounds
was introduced, being described
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present occasion, been put too
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in extreme cases, you cannot
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I submit, therefore, to your
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o introduce into the present
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adopted in the circumstances
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with your Lordships' permis-
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BROUGHAM. — But for the
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annot help differing from the
count in one or two particulars
has stated. I *should not dis-*
y duty, or show a becoming
respect to your Lordships, if, after the struggle which you made last night for justice and constitutional principles, I now abstained from remarking upon those points of difference which still separate me from the Noble Viscount. The Noble Viscount states that he greatly laments the decision at which your Lordships last night arrived, and that he deems it to be his duty to declare that he feels deep and serious apprehensions for the result of that decision, and the consequences with which it may be attended. The Noble Viscount throws upon me and your Lordships the whole of the responsibility of the consequences of that decision; and he tells your Lordships that though it is true that, as lawyers and statesmen, you understand the broad principles of law and policy upon which the question rests, yet it is only lawyers and statesmen who can comprehend these principles, and that the people at large will only see in your decision the victory of a party. Gracious God! does it require a man to be a learned man or a lawyer, or a statesman, to understand and feel that it is an outrage upon all justice to condemn, behind their backs, fifteen men, who have never been tried, heard, or prosecuted? That is the second part of the ordinance, and that is the principle, and the whole principle, which your Lordships last night laid down. I do not believe that in Canada, from one end to the other, through its wastes of snow and its forests of pine, — its boundless lakes and its rapid rivers, — there can be found a single man who is ignorant of the meaning, or in doubt of the truth, of the proposition, that, under an ignorance of the nature and effects of these Acts, — under a misapprehension of the law, — under an oblivion of the restraints upon their jurisdiction, well-meaning but ill-judging, — wishing to do good but doing wrong, — the members of the Government in Canada have condemned fifteen men to be punished capitally, without notice, or trial, or hearing; and that as soon as the home Government heard of it, they, with the advice and consent of your Lordships, lost not a single day in advising her Majesty to recal that illegal, though, perhaps, well-meant, ordinance. I do not think I can frame the proposition more fairly, more candidly, or more temperately towards the authors of the mistake than in the words I have used. I charge them with no wilful error, — I impute to them no tyrannical motives, — I charge them with no wrong acts as far as intention or design is concerned. All that I have imputed to them

is, that they have committed a gross and manifest error; and upon that ground it is that I say your Lordships have done well and wisely and justly, and have discharged your duty, in coming to last night's decision. I venture to foretel that the people of Canada will not make this a pretext for further outbreak or rebellion. If they do, I will take my share of the responsibility. I will hold the people of Canada as guilty, not unintentionally or by mistake, but wilfully and intentionally guilty, if they make it a pretext for any such thing, because it is as hollow, as shallow, as arrant, as flimsy a pretext as a man could rack his brain to invent. It is idle to say they are justified in further outbreak. Because illegal acts have been done, and an outrage has been committed upon law and justice, and because the Crown, with the advice of the House of Lords and of Ministers, does not lose twenty-four hours in repairing the mischief, in preventing a repetition of it, and in teaching those who have committed it caution and circumspection, — that can furnish no pretext for their becoming the encouragers of outbreak and rebellion, and joining the French party instead of the British. Can any one say that this affords any ground for the apprehension that ill consequences will follow? My Lords, be not discouraged; persist in the course to which you bound yourselves last night; let it be called that of a jobbing oligarchy or a truculent democracy,—I care not for all that, so that you only show a jealousy, not of your own privileges, but of the public rights,—and so that you prove that your truculency leads you to prevent innocent blood being shed by an unlawful ordinance. I heartily rejoice that Government have come to so virtuous, wise, and politic a resolution. So far from auguring that the decision of last night will produce disaffection towards the Government, or distrust towards your Lordships, I augur, on the contrary, that it will produce conciliation, affection, and respect, even among the disaffected; and if the time and interval be wisely used, and last night's decision be followed up, your Lordships will gain more the hearts of the people of Canada than if you had made yourselves parties to those ordinances which you have so wisely condemned. I do not object to striking out the declaratory clause, and leaving it only a Bill of Indemnity.

I cannot agree with the Noble Viscount in his statement that your Lordships intended to give any power to the Government of Canada in council to pass Bills of attainder, and of pain penalties. The Noble Viscount firs that your Lordships have done so that not serving his turn, he say ought to do so now. The Gover of Canada is not composed of me posed to underrate the extent of authority, and they seem so littl fluenced by the ordinary principle and common sense, that it would terly unsafe to enlarge the powers they already possess. I only wan Lordships to leave the law as it is. I w you against passing it in the first inst but, as it has become the law of the I will not raise my voice against do not object to indemnify, to a c extent, those who have contraver As far as Wolfred Nelson and the eight are concerned, if it should be that they have been lodged in priso treated as felons, I am not prepa say that I would take money out of pockets by depriving them of their of action, and that compensati damages to which, by law, they ar titled. I am prepared, however, demnify the Government in the c the nine men who went to Bermu their own accord, upon the princip *volentibus non fit injuria*. They w their own free will, and therefore no right to complain. I am, howev your Lordships' hands, and wh course you shall see fit to pursue, I be completely content and satisfi felt it my duty to state to your ships the impression which the spe the Noble Viscount has made upo mind.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. Lords, I cannot help expressing the faction with which I have heard t claration of the Noble Viscount; must add to the expression of that faction my sincere desire that the Viscount will be disappointed in h prehensions that the course take your Lordships will lead to those i veniences in the government of C and evils such as he has describ feel a sincere conviction that the of Canada and of this country w justice to your Lordships upon this ject, and that they will not be l believe that it is the intention of Lordships, or even that your Lor could possibly imagine, that the you are pursuing is calculated to l the evils which the Noble Viscoun prehends. Having said thus mu must now express my entire concur in the proposition made by the

, in committee, we should
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or the acts done under the
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OUGHAM. — Not una-
by a great majority.

of WELLINGTON. — I
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ARNCLIFFE. — I merely
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ued.

of RIPON. — Having been
the course of this discus-
necessary to address a few
Lordships. Whatever I said,
till adhere to. Her Majesty's

Government, themselves, admit that the act which has been committed by the Noble Earl, the Governor of Canada, is illegal. Well, then, if it is illegal, it cannot be sanctioned by law. With regard to the council which now assists the Earl of Durham, I think the formation of it must be imputed to the peculiar position of the Government at home. Nothing less than the extraordinary condition in which the Cabinet was placed could have led to the appointment, on that council, of men who were unacquainted with the condition of the country, and, at the same time, deficient in that knowledge of the law, so necessary to the proper discharge of the difficult and delicate duty which was intrusted to the Governor General.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — Without supposing that any Noble Lord has any other object in view than that of providing for the peace of Canada in a manner most conformable to law and constitutional principles, it is impossible for your Lordships, in considering the Bill now upon your table, to overlook its consequences upon the minds of men excited by party feeling. It will be exceedingly difficult to prevent the people of Canada from inferring that the Government of that country no longer enjoy those large powers originally intrusted to them; it is, therefore, to be feared that the proposed measure may endanger the tranquillity, the peace, the order, and the connection of Canada with this country. I entreat your Lordships, then, before you pass it, to look well to its probable effects upon the minds of the people, and to the facilities which it gives to the cause of rebellion. Entertaining the views which I do, I, of course, cannot hesitate to support the amendment which my Noble Friend has announced his intention of proposing for the purpose of removing all doubts as to what are the real powers of the Government of the colony. I now beg leave to call your Lordships' attention to this fact, that the proceedings of Sir John Colborne go much further than those which have been adopted by Lord Durham — much further than even the construction put upon the Act in Canada would warrant. Joining, as I do, with the Noble Duke opposite, in saying that the proposed measure would be most inconvenient if it were not absolutely necessary, I acquiesce in its being passed; but I cannot do this without again adverting to the conduct of Sir John Colborne, and observing that Parliament, with statements of his proceedings on their table, have yet acquiesced in what they now, by

the Bill in my hand, seek to denounce as illegal. It is therefore evident that this measure is merely a new thought of the Noble Lords from whom it proceeds, arising from some new view of the law which never before occurred to them. Sir John Colborne's conduct deserves the fullest approbation; but it has been quite as illegal as that of the present Governor of Canada; and I am clear in the conviction that the latter should enjoy as much authority as the former, — in a word, all the authority that may be necessary for putting down those who are capable of promoting a rebellion. When I speak of the proceedings of Sir John Colborne as being illegal, I only mean to say that they are so in the judgment of some persons. For my part, I do not so consider them; but, on the contrary, regard them as being in perfect conformity with the law; and I will again say that the Earl of Durham should for the present enjoy as much power as is exercised by Sir John Colborne. If your Lordships generally have no doubt that the conduct of the latter is legal, an expression of that opinion would answer every purpose.

LORD BROUGHAM. — In my judgment, the expression of such an opinion one way or the other can be of no sort of use. If Sir John Colborne has done that which is illegal, he is liable to an action, or he may be prosecuted or impeached; but he is subject to nothing of this sort if his conduct be legal. It is not for the House of Lords, or any individual Member of this House, to pronounce an opinion one way or the other. The expression of such an opinion could in no way serve Sir John Colborne.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — I think I can show the Noble and Learned Lord the use that such a declaration would be. It is on record that Sir John Colborne has used these powers; and I believe that the majority of your Lordships will say that he has done no more than was right therein. But if there exist doubts as to the legality of those acts, however proper they may be in any other respect — if, by the exercise of those powers, Sir John Colborne has rendered himself liable, as has been hinted by the Noble and Learned Lord, to action or impeachment, that, surely, is not a state in which the House ought to leave the question.

LORD BROUGHAM. — God forbid I should say that Sir John Colborne is liable to impeachment or action. What I do say is, that he, or any other n does that which is unlawful, is s Whatever opinion I might give, Sir John Colborne nor the Earl ham would be any the better fo still they must act on their own i ibility. Still,—they will be safe if not disobey the law; and still t be unsafe if they do. I really that a real substantial council chosen, which will not be the G under another name. As to the ment, I cannot help observing t rather extraordinary to introduce middle of a Bill of Indemnity new for the use of the parties to be nified.

The MARQUESS of C CARDE. — It appears to me th is nothing calling for animadve the conduct of the Earl of Durh cept the fact of his having sen fending party to the island of Be an act which is admitted on all have been inconsiderate. But Noble Earl has done anything i the other acts of attainder, I that Sir John Colborne is equal to that imputation.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — proved to demonstration, in the last night's discussion, that thes attainder by the Earl of Durh place in a manner totally at varia the institutions of the country was sent to govern. I have to a Noble Viscount opposite of not do upon a previous night, which, u ther consideration, the wisdom Cabinet has judged to be prope responsibility in this matter, t rests entirely with the Noble V and I am of opinion that the di of the previous evening will r character of your Lordships country, and prove that you careful guardians of the interes empire at large.

The LORD CHANCELLO your Lordships are of opinion th existing state of Canada the Go of that country should have the suspending the Act of Habeas C is quite indispensable that you sh some construction upon the Bi present Session, with a view t the authorities from doubt. If port of that Bill is that Sir John was not to have it in his powe any Act of the Imperial Parlia could not have legally issued an

r, inasmuch as every Act of At- even in its most modified form, ffect, a new law. The same ob- n applies to every case of sus- the Habeas Corpus Act. It is Lordships to consider whether it e just to the Government of Ca- leave it in this doubt. Your ps are only asked to concede to vernment of that colony such as are indispensably necessary. he present amendment seeks to t is no more than your Lordships) have given when this Act was sed.

EARL of MANSFIELD. — I ained, as singular historical docu- he Canada Government Bill, by uch extensive powers were con- pon the Earl of Durham, in the t which it originally passed the f Commons, and in the shape in afterwards received the Royal These documents present a most ble contrast to each other. I will that the one exhibits the beauty d, and the other the deformity of ; but I am positive that so strik- ntrast was never before witnessed. d that the ordinances which have ied by Sir John Colborne and the Durham are to the same effect. am of quite an opposite opinion. Colborne's ordinances contained more than a mere warning; those of the Earl of Durham d a proclamation ordering trans- n without previous notice or time To have withdrawn that illegal e, yesterday evening, would have ter both for the character of the Durham and of the head of her 's Government.

House then went into committee Bill, which was reported without ient.

ie question, "That the Report be up," —

D BROUGHAM said: — I beg e that the remaining part of the use, after the word "Canada," be

ed to.

D BROUGHAM.—I beg to move, mendment in Clause 2., that after rds "so much," the words "for vice of the public" be left out, and e following words be substituted in ead: — "That it is expedient that all persons concerned in the enacting of the said ordinances, or acting in obedience to so much of the same as relates to the sending of the said person to Bermuda, shall be indemnified," &c.

Agreed to.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I now beg leave to move the addition of a clause to provide for the proclamation throughout the province of the proposed Act, immediately upon the receipt of a copy thereof by the Governor General.

Agreed to.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I beg to propose the insertion of the following clause: — "And whereas by an Act of her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make temporary Provision for the Government of Lower Canada,' it is provided that it shall not be lawful, by any law or ordinance made by the Governor in council, to repeal, suspend, or alter any provision of any Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain, or of any Act of the Legislature of Lower Canada, as now constituted, repealing or altering any such Act of the Imperial Parliament; and whereas doubts have arisen as to the meaning of this proviso, be it enacted, that nothing in the Act shall be construed to extend to prevent the Governor and Special Council from passing such laws and ordinances as may be deemed necessary for the safety of the province, or from providing for the trial and punishment of, and for detaining in custody, persons who have been or may be engaged in conspiracies against her Majesty's crown and dignity."

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — These words give a power, to the full extent, as great as was conferred by the original Bill in the House of Commons. In every stage, however, through which the Act passed, it received some modification; but, by the clause of the Noble Viscount, it is proposed that the Governor shall not be prohibited from taking such measures as may be necessary for the security of the province. That is, in plain English, exactly what is rendered by the Latin,— *caveat ne quid respublica detrimenti capiat*, — and it never was, at any time, the intention of Parliament that he should take such extreme powers as have been exercised. The original Bill gave him authority to do all acts that might be necessary for the good government of Canada; and the words now proposed by the Noble Viscount go beyond the ori-

ginal proposition of her Majesty's Government. I therefore trust that your Lordships will not agree to the clause suggested.

LORD BROUGHAM. — What my Noble Friend opposite has said, in respect to this amendment, is perfectly and literally true. It will enable the Governor of Lower Canada to do whatever he sees fit to do, and even to destroy a man behind his back by an Act of Attainder.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I think it would be sufficient to declare that nothing in the Act should take from the Governor General the powers exercised by former Governors of Canada.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH.— I would suggest that words should be introduced into the present Bill, specifying what acts are not prohibited by the Canada Government Bill.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I believe that all the Government wants is to get something.

LORD LYNDHURST. — Why?

LORD BROUGHAM.—Oh! my Noble and Learned Friend knows why, as well as I do. He knows what governments are, and what governors are, and all they want is, while we are giving them a sort of rap, to get a plaster. They want to say to the Governor General, "Although we have been obliged to disallow your ordinances, yet we have got you a great power."

The EARL of MANSFIELD.— I wish to throw out a suggestion to the Noble Viscount. Suppose he were to propose a short Act on the subject, distinct from the present Bill. The House can never agree to grant the Governor General powers not given even by the original Bill.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Why must this amendment be put into a Bill for indemnity? Why should it be put in the same Bill?

LORD LYNDHURST. — The regular course would be to introduce another Bill.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I have never read of any such mode of proceeding in a Bill for indemnity, by way of letting the object of it down gently. When the illustrious ancestor of the Noble Earl opposite (the Earl of Mansfield) drew up an Act of Indemnity for Lord Chatham, Lord Chatham came down to the House and refused to accept the Bill of Indemnity, and said he would face his accusers. The Earl of Mansfield, however, told him, that if he did not accept the indemnity, he would immediately have a hundred actions brought against him; so Lord Chatham thought better of it, and accepted the indemnity. The Bill, however, did not contain anything but the provision for indemnity; and yet the wrath of Lord Chatham was quite as formidable as that of any other man, either here or in Canada.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — After what has fallen from Noble Lords, I shall not press my amendment.

The EARL of HARROWBY. — It appears to me that, the Government not having formed, last night, the determination which it has since taken, of withdrawing these ordinances, it is impossible for the House, after the subject has been brought under their consideration, to avoid expressing an opinion upon it. The Noble Viscount would have entirely blunted the dart which he supposes to have been launched at his Cabinet and Government, if he had taken the course which he has since adopted. Whatever, therefore, may be the results of the discussion which has ensued, they cannot be laid at the door of those who have voted upon this question, but must be chargeable upon those who have forced them to vote. It appears that, if the Bill passes as it is framed at present, the Governor General of Canada will be left in a situation which will cramp his exercise of the powers with which he is invested to put down rebellion. I trust, therefore, that some opportunity will be given, before the Bill passes, of pointing out what are the powers which he really possesses. Whether that should be done by a declaratory act, or not, I do not pretend to say. I merely throw out the suggestion, whether there are not two powers which ought to be placed in the hands of the Government of Canada, and whether the Bill might not declare that the Act of this Session was not intended to prevent the passing of such Bills of Attainder as may be warranted by the ancient practice of the Parliament of England, or the suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act. This would, at the same time, avoid ambiguity, and obviate the arbitrariness of the measure proposed by the Noble Viscount.

LLENBOROUGH. — I think he discussion which has taken is House, and the difference upon the construction of the sed by my Noble and Learned osite, by the Noble and Learn- the woolsack, and the Noble d Lord below me, your Lord- t expect that any man, fit to nor, will consent to govern less the doubts which exist are up. I am, therefore, strongly f an Act which shall declare wers of the Governor General l really are. However, with which exist of applying to the of Great Britain, I do not ny colonial Legislature ought privilege of passing Acts of The power of suspending the pus Act is of a different cha- one which the Government of ada certainly ought to possess I understand that it was sup- the Government had not the suspend the Habeas Corpus nerefore they were obliged to rse to a stronger measure,— ation of martial law. What, I think, ought to satisfy the t, is — an explanation of the ly vested in the Governor Ge- council of Lower Canada. I ver, observe, that it was never at the Special Council should — a sort of sham. That, I never intended by Parliament. ault of her Majesty's Govern- ought to have selected a suf- er of persons to form a proper it special council.

KE of WELLINGTON. — It y impossible to enter into this ithout taking into consider- ct of the present Session, and it in all its parts, and review- of the Governor General of d making provision for them ore acquiesce in the withdrawal ion by the Noble Viscount, — ich, in my opinion, was wise, y taken. In the course of the last night, various opinions , by high legal authorities, on ction of certain clauses of the vernment Bill. One opinion by the Noble and Learned ite, and my Noble and Learned ind me, and another by the Learned Lord on the woolsack. our Lordships, therefore, under mstances, and considering that othing settled, positively, on the subject, excepting that it is necessary to pass an Act of Indemnity for those acts which are known to be illegal — to enter into a revision of the whole power and authority intrusted to the Governor General of Canada — and to consider the acts of the Noble Earl under the several provisions of the Act of this Session — and then to make a new law. Before I sit down, I earnestly recommend to the Noble and Learned Lord to print his Bill after it has been amended in the Report, and that the third reading shall take place after the Bill shall have been printed.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — I rise merely to say that I think the course proposed by the Noble Duke is the most convenient that could be adopted; but it is very inconvenient that doubts have been thrown out at all. There have now been three days' discussion on this subject, during which doubts have been raised, by high legal authorities in this House, as to the limitation of particular words introduced into the Act of the present Session by an Honourable and Learned Member of the other House of Parliament; and, after these opinions have been expressed, is it not possible that doubts may arise in the mind of the Governor General of Lower Canada, as to whether he and the Special Council have power to do that which has been done in Upper Canada — namely, to direct the suspension, by the Legislature of that province, of the *habeas corpus*? It is desirable that the Noble Governor General of Lower Canada should know the situation in which Sir John Colborne is placed, in reference to the course he has taken; and if I now acquiesce in the suggestion of the Noble Duke opposite, as to allowing this Bill to pass in its present shape, it is because, although these general doubts have arisen, the attention of your Lordships has been particularly called to the proclamation issued, and the Acts of Attainder passed by Sir John Colborne; and yet no one Noble and Learned Lord has got up and suggested the expediency of an Act of Indemnity for Sir John Colborne. I therefore assume that, in those Acts of Sir John Colborne, there is nothing illegal, and therefore no Noble Lord of any high authority has called upon Parliament to administer the remedy of a Bill of Indemnity. If Sir John Colborne's proceedings are contrary to law, your Lordships are doing an act of great injustice to that gallant officer by not including him in the Bill of Indemnity. I trust, however, that

this Bill will go forth to Canada accompanied by the fact that the attention of the House has been called to the Acts of Sir John Colborne, and, with that comment, I think it possible the measure will not be productive of all the inconvenience which I first anticipated.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I think it is rather hard that the Noble Marquess should throw out hints to feel (as is said in the courts) the pulse of the House. Your Lordships have not had the Acts of Sir John Colborne before you. Many Noble Lords — my Noble and Learned Friend opposite (Lord Lyndhurst) for instance — have not seen a line of them, and what can mortal man, whether lawyer or layman, at present say more than that if Sir John Colborne's Acts are lawful, he does not want a declaration of opinion upon them — if they are illegal, any declaration of opinion will not avail him a straw. The House is now dealing with a Bill of Indemnity for acts done, of the illegality of which there exists no doubt. I heartily concur with the Noble Duke that nothing ought to be done by way of tack to the present Bill. If the clause were added, this country and Canada would have a right to complain that the new and most important powers, which ought to have been discussed on the second reading, were given in a late stage of the Bill, and at a period of the Session when they could not be deliberately considered as they ought to be by either House of Parliament. The better course would be, therefore, to pass the Bill of Indemnity as it now stands; and if, on further consideration, the Noble Viscount and his advisers think it necessary to proceed further, let him, to-morrow or Monday, propose a separate measure for that purpose. I hope and trust that this course will not be thought necessary, for I do think that these new powers never can be conceded unless it be made imperative on the Governor General to have a real and substantial council.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I think the object desired by the Noble Marquess the President of the Council has been attained. The proceedings of Sir John Colborne have been considered by the House, and it is not considered necessary, by the wisdom of your Lordships, to include that gallant officer in this Bill of Indemnity. It is, therefore, evident to this country and Canada that the acts of Sir John Colborne are not deemed illegal by this House, and those acts may therefore form a precedent for the gu future Governors.

The Bill was then ordered t grossed, and to be read a third Monday next, and the Lords su and Bill to be printed, as amend

COURT OF SESSION (SCOTLAND) BILL

On the Order of the Day for t to be put into committee on this the Lords summoned, being rea

The EARL of HADDINGT —I have an amendment to propc is, to omit at the end of the 3 a proviso empowering either Parliament to rescind, by resolu Acts of Sederunt passed by the Session.

The House divided; when t peared —

For the amendment	.
Against it	. . .
Majority	. .

The Bill was then passed, an the Commons.

SHERIFF COURTS (S LAND) BILL.

On the Order of the Day for t deration of the Commons' am to this Bill being read, —

The EARL of HADDINGT — I beg to propose the re-ins four clauses which have been st by the House of Commons, a conferred on the Court of Se power of making certain rules a lations in reference to their pro I think that the Court of Sessio admitted to be far more competen such regulations than Parliament they know better in what way required.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I object, most strongly, to any su being conferred on the Court of It would, in fact, be conferring court the same degree of author is possessed by Parliament it which they would be enabled tc without control, if the clauses a were inserted. The jurisdiction

be conferred would exceed that
l by the courts in Westminster

ORD CHANCELLOR. — The
ere fully discussed in committee
House of Commons, and it was
nanimously that they should be
l from the Bill.

ARL of HADDINGTON. — I
ainly insist on my proposition.

mittee was then appointed, to
reasons, to be offered to the
s, at another conference, for the
sisting on certain of their amend-
o meet immediately. The com-
ported the said reasons; and the
e ordered to be communicated at
onference.

ONS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

s Bill being read a third time,
amendments, —

WHARNCLIFFE said: — I beg
that the 10th clause be struck out.

d to.

WHARNCLIFFE. — I now beg
propose that a proviso be added
th clause, preventing the trans-
isoners from one prison to ano-
ertain cases, without the consent
cal authorities.

d to.

e question, "That the Bill do

ARL of MANSFIELD said: —
the purpose of opposing this Bill,
consider an imperfect measure,
tanding all the attention that
ect to which it relates has received
ommittee of this House. I can-
e to the principle of centralisation
ich this Bill is founded. Yet, if I
ve hoped that it would have been
ve of benefit to the country, I
ot have allowed any prejudice
might entertain against such a
o induce me to oppose the mea-
fore your Lordships. The Bill
roduced at a late period of the
it received little discussion, and
se, I contend, is not in a condi-
orm a proper judgment in relation
xtensive a measure. To some of
st important enactments I cannot consent, as I doubt their wisdom and their justice. The Bill takes the management of the prisons from the royal boroughs, and establishes local boards in their place, and I much doubt whether such a change will be productive of advantage. A general board is also to be established, and a power is given to that board to levy an assessment for the purpose of building and maintaining three penitentiaries which are to be erected for the general benefit. Now, I object to the mode in which the sums to be raised for that purpose are to be apportioned, and I think the plan proposed is unfair and unjust. Many counties highly disapprove of the way in which the estimate is to be made, and consider that they will be seriously aggrieved if this part of the Bill be adopted. I also think the mode of giving security for the custody of debtors is objectionable, and that some alteration should be made in this portion of the Bill. I doubt whether, in raising an assessment for the erection of prisons, a general rule of division between the counties and boroughs ought to be adopted, and I rather think that the circumstances of each particular county and borough ought to be taken into consideration in apportioning that assessment. In order to elucidate this part of the subject, I intend to move for some Returns which will have the effect of showing the extent of the property of the different boroughs, and the sums expended during the last ten years in the erection of prisons, and how much has been paid of that sum by the boroughs, and how much by the counties. It is important that your Lordships should have full information on those points before you proceed to legislate upon this subject; and I therefore trust that you will not, at so advanced a period of the Session, consent to the measure now under consideration. The Bill is imperfect, and serious objections are entertained to many of its provisions; and I therefore feel bound to give it every opposition in my power. I shall take the sense of the House against its further progress.

The House then divided; when there appeared —

For the Bill	. .	11
Against it	. .	15
Majority	. .	4

LORD BROUGHAM. — Though the division which has just taken place only negatives the passing of the Bill on this

evening, it is not my intention to proceed further with the measure.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.

On the amendments in this Bill being reported, —

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE said: — I beg to move the insertion of the clause declaring how the distances shall be measured.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I must persist in my amendment, because a judicial decision was given upon the question in the Youghal case, and the principle of the law has been to extend the franchise as much as possible.

Re-insertion negatived.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I trust your Lordships will agree to strike out the clause which has been inserted with respect to mortgagees and trustees.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I must here again adhere to my amendment, because it is only explaining a doubtful state of the law under the Reform Act, making it in accordance with what was the old law.

The Bill was then ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — The consideration of the Commons' amendments to the Imprisonment for Debt Bill was postponed, in order to allow an opportunity for deciding at what period its operation should commence. It appears that the earliest period at which the judges can assemble in London is the 2d of November, and therefore the operation of the Bill must be fixed for some period after that date.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I trust your Lordships will seriously consider the cases of the many poor people to whom any delay in carrying this measure into effect will be a great evil. I have received a most heart-melting letter on behalf of 400 prisoners, all of whom I hoped to get out of confinement on the 1st of October, but who will be compelled, it appears, to remain in prison two months longer. Why, I ask, might not advantage be taken of an Act passed this Session to enable any of the courts of Westminster to sit out of term? The purpose would be a most humane one, and I see no reason against such a proceeding, except one, which I am sure would not have the slightest weight with the learned judges, namely, that they might thereby be obliged to spend a few days of their vacation in town instead of in the country.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — I am not sure whether there is not some restriction in the Act alluded to, which would prevent its being employed for the purpose mentioned by the Noble and Learned Lord.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I would suggest the postponement of the Bill until Monday next.

The further consideration of the Commons' amendments was accordingly postponed to Monday next.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Whilst upon this Bill, I feel bound to call your Lordships' attention to a clause, which requires newspaper proprietors to insert certain notices as advertisements, on the payment of three shillings. I have received letters from the country, which state that the effect of such a clause would be most ruinous; for most of the country newspapers are published only once a-week, and the notices might, perhaps, occupy one fourth part of them.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I have a petition to present upon this subject, which I regret that I have not with me. It is from the proprietor of a country newspaper; and it states that the sum proposed to be paid will not amount to the money given to the workmen for setting and printing the advertisement. I cannot think for what purpose the clause was introduced.

The EARL of FALMOUTH. — I certainly think the proposition a most extraordinary invasion on private property, and cannot conceive how any such clause could pass either House of Parliament.

LORD ELLENBOROUGH. — I presented a petition on this subject at the first sitting of the House this evening.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I would suggest that the clause should be struck out.

have your Lordships to inter-
ivate property?

3ROUGHAM. — This is an
made by the Commons; and
had the discussion which, if it
1 the original Bill, would have
2 in its different stages, it is
', let A., B., C. pay, out of their
2 pockets, so much, for the be-
Y., Z., or any other individuals.

)NT MELBOURNE.—I would
ır Lordships to consider well
'y making this proposed alter-
would endanger the Bill, and
he risk of keeping persons in
:he next Session of Parliament.

3ROUGHAM. — The Bill, as
ient by the Commons, has been
this is an amendment subse-
troduced; and if your Lord-
ıt agree to it, the other House
ıse the original Bill as assented

)RD CHANCELLOR. — The
uestion, with others, were left
Bill, originally, because they
idered to be money clauses;
same provision, as I believe it
:s in the Insolvent Act, why
ot be re-enacted?

LYNDHURST. — Why should
hips persist in a wrong? If it
Insolvent Act, why should you
what is bad?

3ROUGHAM.— The proposed
f much more general operation
d one; and it imposes the ne-
nserting a much larger amount
ements.

)RD CHANCELLOR. — This
r forms part of those requiring
ices to be given; and if it be
struck out, I fear that due
not be afforded.

3ROUGHAM. — Then let the
is benefited by the notice pay
lvertisement, himself. Let all
be given; but then let it be at
e of the parties interested, and
proprietors of newspapers.

ther consideration of the Com-
endments was then postponed
y next.

PARLIAMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

On the Order of the Day for the second reading of this Bill being read,—

LORD LYNDHURST said: — I am surprised that this Bill should be brought forward. I was told that it would not be pressed.

The EARL of MINTO. — The delay was caused by my unavoidable absence in the country, for which I trust to be excused. The first clause of the Bill relates ——

LORD BROUGHAM.—This is an entirely new Municipal Bill, consisting of seventy clauses, all of which relate to matters of importance. Now I was not, until just now, aware of the existence of this measure; but, having introduced the original Scotch Municipal Act, I feel it to be my duty to make myself acquainted with the provisions of this, and that I cannot do unless your Lordships agree to the motion I am about to make, that the Bill be read a second time this day three months. I really think that the common decorum of parliamentary proceedings requires that such a measure should not be brought in on the eve of the prorogation of Parliament. I suppose that I shall next hear of an amendment to be proposed in my Slave Trade Felony Act, without having had the opportunity of looking at that amendment even for one hour. I will say nothing of common courtesy, because that has long passed and gone in these matters; but parliamentary decorum requires that so important a Bill as the present should not be read a second time, without some previous consultation, — on the 10th of August, on the very eve of the prorogation: and, for these reasons, I will save the Noble Earl the trouble of going through the particulars of the Bill, by moving that it be read a second time this day three months. This is the 10th of August; I would propose that the second reading should be postponed till the 10th of October, and this would give all parties time to consider this important measure.

The EARL of MINTO. — The Noble and Learned Lord has rather inverted the order of proceeding, by moving the rejection of the Bill before the second reading itself has been moved. I wish, however, to state that the measure has no new object in view; it is only intended to work out the principle of the former

Acts, and to enable the burghs to raise funds which are essentially necessary to carry out the object of the Legislature, in conferring the municipal franchise. Some of the clauses in the Bill are precisely the same as those in the old Bill, and the others are intended only to effect the purpose which I have stated.

LORD BROUGHAM.—I wish to consider the Bill, to know whether the proposed alterations really are amendments to my own Act; for, judging from some recent proposals with respect to Scotch Bills coming from the same quarter, I am not satisfied to take it for granted that the new Bill will amend the old: and, unless my Noble and Learned Friend opposite (Lord Lyndhurst) particularly wishes for the measure, I shall certainly persist in my motion.

LORD LYNDHURST.—I should like to have an opportunity of comparing the present Bill with the Noble and Learned Lord's Act; and I think it rather too late, on the 10th of August, to read such a measure a second time.

The EARL of MINTO.—I feel that there is considerable force in the objection, founded on the lateness of the period at which I wish to proceed with this Bill; and, under the circumstances, I will consent to postpone it till the next Session.

LORD LYNDHURST.—My Noble and Learned Friend's Bill is a very good Bill, and it will do for another year, at least.

The Bill was then ordered to be read a second time on this day three months.

VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.

House in committee (according to order); amendments made; and the Report thereof to be received to-morrow.

PENSIONS BILL.

House in committee (according to order); Bill reported, without amendment; and Bill to be read a third time to-morrow.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL LANCASTER BILL.

Read a second time (accordin der), and committed to a comn the whole House to-morrow.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL DUTIES) BILL.

Second reading (which stood a for this day) put off to Monday n

BENEFICES PLURALITY

Commons' amendments and (which stood appointed for this off till to-morrow, and the Lor moned.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS OFFICE) BILL.

To be read a third time to-mor

PERSONAL DILIGENCE (LAND) BILL.

House to be put into commi morrow.

BEER ACT.

Petition for alteration of, —of ants of Hulcote and Salford. — R ordered to lie on the table.

IDOLATROUS WORSHI DIA).

Petitions for the prevention dissenting congregations of Mertl vil; Nunney; Brecon; Swansea mouth; Cardiff; and Hay and (chapels; of the ministers and inl of Kingston upon Hull; and of ants of Innismacsaint. — Read, dered to lie on the table.

PAPERS.

Copy of instructions to the G General of India in council, date of August, 1838, relative to the

natives of India, under contracts
e as labourers in British or foreign
s. — Ordered to be laid before the
, and the same was delivered ac-
gly, and to be printed.

ort of the commissioners appointed
uire into the state, custody, and authenticity of registers or records of births or baptisms, deaths or burials, and marriages, in England and Wales, other than the parochial registers. — Delivered (by command), and ordered to lie on the table.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

MESSAGE TO ATTEND THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS.

The House went; and being returned, Mr. Speaker reported the Royal assent to sundry Bills; for which see Lords' Report.

PUBLIC BILLS.

On the motion of LORD VISCOUNT EBRINGTON, it was ordered, That there be laid before this House a Return of all public Bills which have passed this House during the present Session; stating the days on which they were severally sent up to the House of Lords; and distinguishing such as have passed and such as have been rejected by that House, or, having been amended by the House of Lords, have been disagreed to by this House.

POSTAGE COMMITTEE.

Leave given the committee to sit to-morrow, notwithstanding the adjournment of the House.

STANDING ORDERS REVISION COMMITTEE.

Consideration of Report deferred till Monday next; Report to be printed.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY (RIGHT OF VOTING) BILL.

Read a second time, and committed for Friday next.

DUBLIN CORPORATION (COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS) BILL.

Report put off for three months.

PUBLIC RECORDS BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

SPIRIT LICENCES (I
BILL. — PRIVATE B.
POSITS BILL.

Read a third time, and passe

MISCELLANEOUS PE

The following petitions wer presented; namely: —

Sale of Beer Act, — By I and other Honourable Member ation, — from Gosport and and Helston.

Idolatry (India), — By M Lushington and other Honou bers, against the interference functionaries,—from Whitchur and Southborough.

To lie on the table.

RETURNS, &c.

The following Returns wer presented; namely,—

Charities. — Return of i filed in the courts of equity torney General, at the inst Commissioners of Charities, expense of the Charity Comm dered the 8th of March).

Half Pay (Civil and Milit count of payments in 1834, and 1837, for half pay and re ances (ordered the 14th of Ju

Permanent Services, and o Charges (Ireland).—Return at the Treasury, under the III. c. 32. (ordered the 21st of

St. Helena (Civil and Mi vants).—Return of compensati to civil and military servants India Company at St. Hele the 2d of August).

Public Works (Ireland). — the expenditure of 50,000*l.* gr Commissioners of Public Wo

e Act 1 Vic. c. 21. (ordered the y).

n (India). — Copy of Annual the Committee of General In- in Calcutta on Education for , and 1837 (ordered the 1st of

dia Company. — Resolutions, ants granting any pension, sa- atuity (by Act).

os. 92. and 94., specifying the of compensation proposed to l to certain reduced servants; tain persons who belonged to aritime service of the East India (by Act).

nt of the amount proposed to rred from the company's cash it of the fund for the benefit of d families of officers and clerks gular home establishment (by

, *Population, &c.* — Tables; t to Part VI. and Part VII. (by .

Parliament. — Papers relative ving of Acts of Parliament, and ns of insuring the uniformity language, in form, in arrange- in matter (by command).

uth Wales.—Copies of the laws ances passed by the Governor il of the colony of New South 6 (by Act).

emen's Land. — Copies of the ordinances passed by the Go- l council of the colony of Van Land, 1836 (by Act).

Australia.—Copies of the laws ances passed by the Governor il of the colony of Western 1836, 1837 (by Act).

n the table.

ax. — On the motion of Mr. SMITH, a Return was or-

ount of money received for property redemption of the land tax, by each l corporation, sole or aggregate, different Acts of Parliament autho- me.

Fruit. — On the motion of N WOOD, a Return was or-

Of the amount, in value, of foreign fruit taken from importers by the officers of her Majesty's customs, under the Act 3 and 4 Wil. IV., c. 52. s. 22., during the years 1836, 1837, and 1838.

BRITISH VESSELS, &c. (COAST OF AFRICA).

DOCTOR LUSHINGTON. — It is not my intention to trouble the House at any length on the motion which I now rise to bring forward, and which I regard as one of very considerable importance to a large class of merchants in this country. My object is, to obtain, if possible, the aid of the Noble Lord the Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in improving the state of the negotiations now going on with the Government of France, relative to the terms on which our commercial intercourse with the possessions of that power in Western Africa is conducted. It will probably be known to some Honourable Members, that there is a port of some consequence on the north-west coast of Africa, called Portendic. Two British merchant ships have been seized by a French vessel of war, for trading with that port. In the month of February, 1834, the Government of France thought fit to impose a blockade on that part of the coast, under pretence that they were at war with a native tribe; and several vessels, engaged in trading with the coast, were compelled by the blockading forces to quit their station. The whole commerce of this country with those regions, the object of which is to provide articles of much importance and value to our manufacturers, was, in consequence, forcibly suspended. It is a point of no small magnitude, to ascertain what are the rights of British subjects as to trafficking in that part of the globe. Gum, and other articles, are the staple of the trade, and are of essential use in some branches of our manufactures; yet the trade on which we are dependent for a supply of them is, at present, in a most precarious and unsatisfactory condition. Before this trade can be carried on so as to be of advantage to this country, and to supply the wants of its manufacturers, it is absolutely necessary that the footing on which it stands should be distinctly settled. It appears that the French Government now claim an undoubted right to the whole of that extensive territory, which stretches from the mouth of the Senegal northwards, to the British settlements in Western Africa, from which the greatest quantity of gum is drawn. They claim a right to make re-

gulations for those engaged in trade, and to establish blockades whenever it may suit their convenience. It so happens that the whole of this district of country formerly belonged to Great Britain, being secured to it by the treaty of Versailles in 1763. It was afterwards transferred to France by the treaty of 1783, but with an express declaration that there should be reserved to the merchants of this country a perfect right to trade in gum. In 1792, Great Britain again acquired Senegal, and the coast where these disturbances of which I complain have arisen; but, by the treaty of 1814, France was reinstated in the possession of all her colonies and fisheries on the African coast. A question has, however, arisen, whether France possesses a valid territorial right over those districts which she possessed prior to 1792. It is not my intention to enter at length into this subject, of the difficulty of which, and its importance to British interests, I am fully sensible; but, whatever may be the right of the French Government to the place at which the seizure was made, it cannot be maintained for a moment that they are justified in taking forcible possession, without the slightest previous notice, of two British ships, bearing the flag of Britain, or in carrying them into a French port, thus depriving the merchants concerned of the benefits which would result from the voyage, and exposing the owners of the ships to the loss of their property. One of the pretensions set up by the French Government is so preposterous on the face of it, that I am quite satisfied they will not persist in it: that is, that though the subjects of Britain may have a right to a share in the trade, it ought to be restricted by regulations formed by themselves, which would, in fact, put an end to all freedom of intercourse with the inhabitants of the coast. There are strong reasons for believing that the step taken by the French Government, in declaring a blockade, is not a *bonâ fide* exercise of a belligerent right, but has, in point of fact, been resorted to merely to benefit their own commerce at the expense of ours. I am in possession of the regulations of the French society for carrying on the gum trade, and I find that the price of gum is fixed with express reference to the enforcement of a blockade of the coast, and this without any previous notice given to us of the intentions of the French Government. The nature of the gum trade is peculiar; that important article is only to be procured from three ports in the vicinity of Portendic, all within 100 miles of it; and if the French Government are permitted, without interference, to persist in such they have adopted, the inev quence will be, as has been great measure experienced stoppage of a valuable bran commerce, and of the supply of great importance. I tr Noble Viscount at the hea reign Department will avert timely and energetic remons that he will also obtain the s the just demands of the m owners of the vessels seized losses they have sustained.

"That an humble address to her Majesty, that she will pleased to give directions, t laid before this House copie of all despatches between th vernment and the Governi King of the French, concern made, by French authority vessels and cargoes on the co in the years 1834 and 183 relating to the blockade im French Government on the co at Portendic."

Question put.

VISCOUNT PALMERST subject to which my Hon Learned Friend has drawn of the House is, undoubtedly siderable importance, — in th as affecting the interests c number of individuals who severely suffered in conseq transactions to which the mo and next, as bearing upon so of international right mat nected with the commercial this country. At the same ever, that I admit that the st which my Honourable and Le is perfectly justified in bri the consideration of the Ho on the other hand, that my Friend will feel that it will not with my duty, as a Minister o to consent to the production spondence he has moved fo of unfinished communication tiations between this Gove that of France. If the neg terminated in a manner unsa the Government of this co undoubtedly, my Honourable Friend would have a good a ground for calling on Go produce the correspondenc view of founding on it such he might think fit to subm ment; but it would be a dep the general practice, and at

obvious inconvenience to those interests at stake, if the whole proceedings of a negotiation yet pending were to be produced. For the same reason it will not be proper for me to state the precise condition in which the negotiation in this case now stands, nor will I enter into any discussion of the several points adverted to by my Honourable and Learned Friend. I do not think this will be the proper time for me to state to the House the view Government takes of the various questions arising out of the treaties concluded with France respecting the commerce of the African coast; as, for instance, whether the trade at Portendic ought to be carried on under the provisions of the treaty of 1783, or whether that treaty should be considered as no longer in force, having been terminated by the war of 1793, and not renewed in 1814. These are very material questions; but, for the reason I have assigned, I will not now discuss them. I can only express my hope that the French Government will not fail to give to this question their earliest and most serious consideration; and I am quite sure there is nothing either in the amount of the sums claimed as compensation for losses, or in the character of the local interests affected, which should induce the Government of France to deny justice to the subjects of this country. From the complicated nature of the questions to be discussed, this negotiation has occupied a considerable time, and will probably occupy more; but I cannot but express my belief and expectation that it will end in a manner satisfactory to both countries.

Mr. ALDERMAN THOMPSON. — I am much disappointed that the Noble Lord has refused to produce the papers moved for. There are individuals whose property has been destroyed to the extent of nearly 100,000*l.*, and this so long ago as the year 1835,—and whose wrongs are still unredressed. I shall not desire the production of the papers if that step will tend to embarrass the negotiations; but I deeply regret that the Noble Lord has not expressed a stronger opinion as to the justice of the claims made by the sufferers for compensation. British ships have been seized under pretence of a blockade, of which no notice has been given. One of the merchants to whom they belong, hearing of the sailing of a French man-of-war to the African coast, communicated the fact to the Noble Lord, and urged the necessity of obtaining an explanation from the French Government relative to its destination. The French Government being applied to, declared that there was no intention of establishing any blockade; but, notwithstanding, the blockade was enforced, and British ships were seized. Yet it is well known that, while this blockade was established, the French merchants were carrying on an extensive trade with the Druses on the coast. The French Government, I have no doubt, are actuated in what they have done by a desire to get the whole of the gum trade into their own hands; and I am very much afraid, from what I have heard, that there is no disposition at all on their part to meet this question in the spirit of fairness or candour. I trust that, if it be not settled before the next Session, my Honourable and Learned Friend will again bring it before the House. Common justice demands that the merchants who have been exposed to unmerited losses should be compensated; and I think the Noble Lord might have been far more explicit in declaring his opinion on this point, as well as on the general question of our right to trade on the coast.

VISCOUNT PALMERSTON. — I thought I had stated that my reason for not going into the question of our right to trade was, that I felt this would not be the proper time to do so. With regard to the claim of the merchants for compensation, if I had not thought it founded in justice I should not have entered into any negotiations concerning it.

DOCTOR LUSHINGTON. — I am desirous that the French Government may learn from this public notice of the subject, that where justice ought to be done the delay of doing that justice amounts, in many cases, to a positive injustice. I know of no pretence upon which the seizures of 1834 can be justified, and I think the ships and cargoes ought to be delivered up without delay. With regard to the question of the blockade, I shall refrain from expressing my opinion until I see what is the statement of the French Government, what the rights they assert, and the ground on which they seek to rest those rights. At present, however, I shall not press my motion; but in the next Session of Parliament, unless the question be satisfactorily settled in the mean time, I shall feel it my duty to press more strongly on the House the history of the transactions, and the necessity of affording redress to the parties aggrieved.

Motion, by leave, withdrawn.

CUSTOMS.

On the motion of CAPTAIN WOOD, Acts read.

CAPTAIN WOOD.—The object which I have in view, in bringing forward the motion of which I have given notice, is to call the attention of the House to the customs duties on grapes, apples, and other fruits imported into this kingdom from foreign parts. Under the present scale of duty a very great injustice will be done to a most numerous and deserving class of men,—I mean the market gardeners and growers of fruit for sale,—if the duty on apples, pears, grapes, and other fruits, the produce of foreign countries, is to be reduced to a 5 per cent. *ad valorem* duty. This, however, is the scale on which this Bill proposes to place it. I demand an equitable and fair protection for the industrious and much-burdened class who have embarked large capitals in gardening; and this can only be effected by imposing a customs duty of 30 or 40 per cent. on all foreign table fruits. This will merely be to place the market gardeners, in point of protection, on an equal footing with the manufacturing and agricultural interests. I shall not trouble the House further, but simply move that this House will immediately resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, to consider of the duties on grapes, apples, cherries, pears, and other fruits imported into the United Kingdom from foreign parts.

Mr. P. THOMSON. — In point of form the Honourable Gentleman cannot proceed in the way he proposes doing, inasmuch as the Customs Duties Bill, which has been passed during the present Session, has not yet received the Royal Assent. The existing duties, therefore, with which the Honourable Gentleman can deal, are those of which he himself approves. But, even if there were no objection in point of form, I should resist the motion, and for this reason, — that the Legislature has already, this Session, determined to reduce the duties on these articles. The object of the Legislature is to allow these kinds of fruit to be imported at the same rate of duty as other fruits and vegetables, namely, five per cent. I believe there is no real ground of alarm that the new scale of duties will at all injure the Honourable Gentleman's constituents, —the market gardeners in and about London; at all events, I am convinced that their fears are greatly exaggerated. If, however, it should ultimately appear that their interests are injuriously affected by the new rate of duty, I shall have no objection, in the next Session of Parliament, to interfere on their behalf.

Mr. ALDERMAN THOMPSON. — I agree with the Right Honourable Gentleman that the House ought not to entertain this motion; but, if it do entertain it, still the Honourable Gentleman will not obtain his object, which is to give his constituents a monopoly of the London market, unless he goes further and introduces a measure to prevent fruit being brought from distant parts of the country to London by the railways.

SIR C. B. VERE. — I think it will be necessary to call Parliament together, on an early day, in reference to the state of the harvest and the corn laws, which have, up to this time, answered the purposes for which they were framed.

Mr. WALLACE. — I beg to say that I think an address ought to be presented to her Majesty to call the House together in the month of November, to take the subject of the corn laws into consideration; for I believe that the corn harvest will be of a nature that will require very considerable attention on the part of the Legislature. And when the subject of corn is taken into consideration, we may, perhaps, look into this question of apples and pears at the same time. I think the Government will soon have to consider, rather, whether the people are likely to have anything to cover their pies with, than apples to put under it.

Mr. VILLIERS. — I agree with the Honourable Baronet the Member for Suffolk, that the corn laws have answered the purposes for which they were passed; and I think that the Honourable Member has well chosen the moment to make that observation. What is that purpose? To raise the price of food, in order to raise the rent of land, with the view to a secure profitable monopoly to the owners of land, but in utter disregard and neglect of the wants and interests of the rest of the community; and this is the moment to call our attention to that object, — when wheat has sold in some places, as I am informed, for 80*s.* a quarter, — and when most men expect, with the prospects of a bad harvest, and the known scarcity on the continent, that it will reach 100*s.* before the end of the year. The corn laws are, indeed, now answering their purpose, and working well, as it is called; and this is the time

nty Member comes forward to aise the duties on other articles ry consumption to afford fur- tion to the produce of land. I ublic will ponder well upon this ıd consider the prospects which to them by this House. The e Member complains that his ts are unjustly treated, because not the same protection as other and he says that all he demands, ference to the principle of free hat, while there is to be pro- should be extended equally I that one interest should not ıore protection than another. the Honourable Member know of that very inequality of the given to landowners which he ıs compared with every other ıat the public has so much rea- ıplain; and that, while no in- ives a protection of more than cent., and many not more than ent., the landowners are en- rotection of 80, 90, or 100 per him, then, tell his constituents, urged him to moot this matter, ouse give no credit to his ad- he principle of equality of pro- ıen it is known that he is a sup- the corn laws. Let his con- ell him to vote for an alteration ve, and, if he succeed, then they ittle reason to complain of the of duty on foreign fruit, and st, be in a situation to demand ice for themselves; but, as a of a monopoly of the very worst omes with but a bad grace to vour as against the public for uents. I am astonished that the e Member should, at this par- ment, have thought it right to nything so prejudicial to the y, oppressed and suffering, as from the corn laws. I hope, it will have the effect of in- he interest which that subject moment, necessarily exciting in mind. I am glad to think that of the House prevent his per- n his motion, which, if carried into effect, must be so injurious to the public at large.

Mr. M. PHILIPS.—I think it would have been just as reasonable to have called for the imposition of a higher duty on foreign corn, as on the articles mentioned in the Honourable Gentleman's motion.

CAPTAIN WOOD. — I shall not trouble the House to divide; but I must be permitted to observe that all I require is, to put the market gardeners on the same footing as the manufacturers, by affording them a protection of thirty per cent. duty on the importation of foreign fruit.

The question was then put, and the motion negatived.

MESSAGE FROM THE LORDS,

That they have agreed to—Amendments to Schools (Scotland) Bill, without amendment; Tithes (Ireland) Bill, with amendments.

ADJOURNMENT.

House, at rising, to adjourn till Monday next.

COUNTY OF CLARE TREASURER BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments to be considered on Monday next; Bill to be printed, with amendments.

BONDING WAREHOUSES.

Petition from Ashton and Staley Bridge, for establishing inland bonding warehouses. — To lie on the table.

Adjourned, at a quarter before six o'clock, till Monday next.

HOUSE OF LORDS, SABBATI, 11° DIE AUGUSTII, 18

APPEAL COMMITTEE.

Eleventh Report from, read, and agreed to, and ordered accordingly.

The EARL of SHAFTESBURY sat Speaker.

COAL TRADE (No. 2.) *BILL.— EXCHEQUER BILLS (PUBLIC WORKS) BILL.—EXCHEQUER BILLS BILL.—COUNTY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL.— SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL.— FOUR AND A HALF PER CENTUM DUTIES BILL. — CORPORATE PROPERTY (IRELAND) BILL. — DUCHY OF CORNWALL AND LANCASTER BILL.*

House in committee (according to order); Bills reported, without amendment, and to be read a third time on Monday next.

CONSOLIDATED FUND BILL.

House in committee (according to order); and Bill reported, without amendment.

PENSIONS BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), and passed.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.— TRANSFER OF FUNDS (WAR OFFICE) BILL.

Third reading (which stood appointed for this day) put off to Monday next.

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

The BISHOP of LONDON presented petitions for the prevention of, —of inhabitants of Long Sutton and — Read, and ordered to lie on t

ECCLESIASTICAL AP MENTS SUSPENSION VALUATION OF LAND LAND) BILL.

Amendments reported (acc order); and Bills to be read a t on Monday next.

PERSONAL DILIGENCE LAND) BILL.

On the House going into com this Bill, —

LORD BROUGHAM said object of this Bill is to extend t in cases of arrest for debt; and it renders the remedy cheaper, of it. There are some parts of sure, however, to which I can I shall not oppose its going th committee now; but I shall sta jections when the third reading on Monday.

The Bill then went through c was reported, without amendn ordered to be read a third time day next.

BENEFICES PLURALIT

Order of the Day for the con of the Commons' amendments a and for the Lords to be summo Some of the Commons' an agreed to, and some disagreed the Lords' amendments, disagr the Commons, insisted on; a appointed, to prepare reasons, fered to the Commons, at anc ference, for the Lords disag some of the Commons' amendn insisting on their own amendn agreed to by the Commons; mittee to meet on Monday nex o'clock.

IES (IRELAND) BILL.

s against, — of lay impro- and lessees of lay tithes in and of the Reverend John Mus- r of Maghevagal. — Read, and lie on the table.

FACTORIES.

for the better regulation of, — rt Time Committee of Factory s of Stockport. — Read, and lie on the table.

IPAL CORPORATIONS IRELAND) BILL.

s for compensation in the event of the Bill passing into a law, — of the lord mayor and aldermen of the city of Dublin; and of William J. Lambert, Recorder and clerk of the guild of smiths of the corporation of the city of Dublin. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

MEDICAL EDUCATION.

Petition of William Roberts, of the city of London, chemist, containing a statement relative to the preservation of bodies for anatomical purposes, and praying for inquiry. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF LORDS, LUNÆ, 13° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838.

PRIVATE BILL DEPOSITS BILL.

Read a second time, and committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL AND LANCASTER BILL. — SLAVE TRADE TREATIES BILL. — COAL TRADE (No. 2.) BILL. — CORPORATE PROPERTY (IRELAND) BILL. — EXCHEQUER BILLS (PUBLIC WORKS) BILL. — FOUR AND HALF PER CENTUM DUTIES BILL. — TRANSFER OF FUNDS (WAR OFFICE) BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), and passed.

COUNTY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL.

Read a third time (according to order); an amendment made; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.—ECCLESIASTICAL APPOINTMENTS SUSPENSION BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), with the amendments; Bills passed, and sent to the Commons.

COUNTY OF CLARE TREASURER BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendment agreed to.

PERSONAL DILIGENCE (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Read a third time (according to order); amendments made; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

BEER ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I beg leave to present two petitions, one from the magistrates, clergy, and gentry, and others of Barnsley; the other from the clergy, merchants, and others of Deal; in favour of the Beer Act Amendment Bill. I take this opportunity of stating that I do not mean to press the second reading of that Bill in the present Session, as there is no chance of its passing through the House of Commons. By introducing the measure, I have given sufficient warning to individuals not to invest capital in beer-shop speculations, and I shall certainly press the Bill in the ensuing Session of Parliament.

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

LORD BROUGHAM presented petitions for the prevention of, — of dissenting congregations of Water Lane Chapel, Great Berkampstead; and Sloane Terrace Chapel, Chelsea; and of inhabitants of Stroud. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) BILL.

The EARL of WICKLOW.—A Bill is now lying on your Lordships' table which has been sent up from the other House of Parliament, which I conceive to be of a very mischievous nature: I allude to the Irish Spirit Licences Bill. As no day has been fixed for the second reading, I wish to know whether any Noble Lord has taken charge of the measure, and is ready to name a day for the second reading, in order that I may give a notice on the subject.

CANANDA GOVERNMENT INDEMNITY BILL.

On the Order of the Day for the third reading of this Bill, and the Lords summoned, being read, —

D BROUGHAM said: — In con-
e of what occurred on Friday night,
o move the third reading of this
d I ought to remind your Lord-
at I introduce this measure, not
:h as one of indemnity, as a
:ory Act. I think it absolutely
'y to pass this Bill in its latter
:r; and as to the other part, I
ıerhaps have left those who sanc-
l defend the wrong (I speak, of
in a legal sense) to move an in-
for the proceeding. My object is,
ıt, to indemnify, provided I can
declaratory enactment; but un-
ıably there are reasons why I
ıot have been the person to volun-
uch an undertaking, when I might
t it in the hands of the official
:s of the measure which I con-
But as it has happened that by
I became the author of the mea-
indemnifying these parties, I have
tion to move the third reading of
. No doubt what the Noble Duke
ke of Wellington) has said as to
lship of officers, even those high
in her Majesty's navy, and also
ltern officers, being placed in a
either of disobeying an order
in the form of law, or doing what
itely illegal, is very true. I there-
ık there is great reason for giving
ɔn to those who are so circum-
But where the question is one
:emedy, and there is no doubt the
ı done, it is, in my opinion, not
/ justifiable to take away the
neans of procuring his own in-
, where he not only has meant no
one no ill. Such a party is certainly
to his compensation in the shape
ges. Notwithstanding these rea-
I have become accidentally mixed
the business, I do not hesitate to
e third reading of the Bill, sen-
I am that I am making a motion
part of her Majesty's Govern-

DUKE of WELLINGTON. —
vhat passed on Thursday and
the plain and direct course was
Noble and Learned Lord to move
l reading.

) DENMAN. — I feel so strongly
subject, that I really consider it
y duty to state my opinion to your
ps. The question has arisen out
tain ordinance issued by the Earl
am, and I consider that that ordi-
ı perfectly indefensible in point of
Whatever powers the Legislature
meant to invest the Earl of Durham with, it is quite clear to me that they never intended that he should carry those powers to the enormous extent to which they have been carried by that Noble Earl. A clause was introduced into the Bill by Sir W. Follett, which, it appears to me, is wholly incompatible with the exercise of such despotic powers. To declare persons who are absent guilty of high treason, and subject them to the penalty of high treason if they return to Canada, seems to me to be a most rash and imprudent proceeding. I entirely acquit the Earl of Durham of any improper motive. His object, no doubt, was to prevent the return of those persons to Canada, and his Lordship, I am convinced, believed that return they would not. But, surely, every one must see that it will be attended with the very worst effects if laws are passed on the probability of their not being disobeyed. My objection to the ordinance is not founded on a technical point of law, but it arises from my feeling that it is a gross violation of the first principles of the constitution. As to the right of ordering transportation to Bermuda, I find that that is universally given up. But, for my own part, I cannot come to a decision on that point; I cannot decide whether the Earl of Durham possesses that power, or not, until I have made a thorough investigation of all the Acts of Parliament which relate to transportation from the colonies. I conceive it to be very rash to come at once to a decision on such a matter; I think it wrong for Parliament immediately to declare the illegality of this proceeding, because, if a question arising out of any such deportation came before one of her Majesty's courts of justice, it would be decided by a reference to the differents Acts of Parliament which were in existence at the time when the matter complained of occurred; and I think it rather unlikely that the Earl of Durham, and those who advise him, would have assumed that power unless they felt that they possessed it in some sort of way. I have no doubt that those parties have thought so; and I have no means of denying the proposition until I have read all the Acts of Parliament connected with the subject. To that part of the Bill, therefore, I feel very great objections, since such an enactment would fetter the judges of her Majesty's courts, when matters connected with those proceedings in Canada come before them.

As to the indemnity which the Bill provides, I am entirely opposed to it. The passing of Indemnity Bills I look upon to be one of the most unjustifiable pro-

ceedings that Parliament has ever adopted, even in the worst and most corrupt times. I remember, some years ago, when the Habeas Corpus Act was grossly violated, the parties aggrieved were told that they might appeal to the law of the land for redress. But a Bill of Indemnity was immediately passed, by which those parties were debarred of that legal redress. I cannot conceive that public officers may be justified by their good intentions in taking certain extraordinary steps, or even that they may be justified in the course which they have taken by its fortunate and successful result. But certainly I do not know, and cannot feel, that Parliament have a right to say to a party injured by such proceedings, "You shall not have redress against those people who have done you wrong. We think it proper to indemnify them." In my opinion such a measure should not be resorted to without the clearest, the most urgent necessity being demonstrated. If Parliament are of opinion that individuals have done wrong with a good and upright intention, why, let them be indemnified, if cast in actions, out of the public purse; but let them not leave the parties injured without remedy. Feeling strongly on this subject, I consider it necessary to make these observations. In 1818, I find that a Bill was brought into the House of Commons for the purpose of indemnifying parties who had acted in violation of the Habeas Corpus Act. It was strenuously and powerfully opposed, and the leader of that opposition was Mr. Lambton. Now, I think that if the Earl of Durham were present, he would object to this Bill, and would enter on his justification. That Noble Earl is not aware of what has passed on this subject, nor are your Lordships aware of what defence he will be able to offer. Yet you are prepared to say to him, by Act of Parliament, "You have done that which is not justified by law." Now I do not know that such is the fact. At all events, I conceive that those who have infringed the law ought to answer for the infraction of it; and the parties injured ought not to be deprived of their remedy. My Noble and Learned Friend has drawn a just distinction between the propriety of indemnifying parties in a civil—and parties in a criminal suit. I, however, cannot see the propriety of granting indemnity in either case. In the latter,—that of a criminal prosecution,—the Crown might put a stop to the proceedings by a *nol. prosequi*; or, if the party were convicted, the Crown might grant a free pardon. But, in a case of civil action, I would ask, what good reason can exist for debarring an individual from his right of redress? A man may be brought to the greatest misery and distress; and is that man to be told, when he seeks for reparation, that, because the individual through whose acts he has suffered has done nothing but for the good of the public service, he is therefore to be debarred from all remedy? If such a course be permitted in one case, it may be done in another, whenever the conduct of a magistrate is called in question. Then, although the individual may have been ruined by imprisonment or fine, a Bill of Indemnity may be called for on the ground that the magistrate acted for the good of the public service. On these grounds, I think the proposition highly objectionable and unconstitutional.

LORD BROUGHAM.—I, undoubtedly, feel the force of what has fallen from my Noble and Learned Friend, coming, as it does, from one of the first legal authorities in the country. At the same time, my Noble and Learned Friend will forgive me if I most respectfully submit to him and to the House a few observations, which will, I think, blunt the edge of my Noble and Learned Friend's remarks on this course of proceeding. I will not say that I am greatly rejoiced, or that I am surprised, for it gives me no surprise at all; but it would have been matter to me of never-ceasing regret to the end of my life, and of unceasing and indescribable astonishment, if my Noble and Learned Friend had not expressed the opinion which he has expressed on the material part of this question, namely, the outrage on law, on justice, on humanity, and on common sense, in condemning persons unheard, untried, and even unwarned,—to death, if they should return to their native country. The innocent are included in this proscription as well as the guilty. Here is Mr. Perrot, who left the country three weeks before the revolt happened; he could not possibly have been implicated in that proceeding, and yet he is marked out as one of those who, if he returns, shall be punished with death. *Inauditi indefensi, tanquam innocentes, periêre* is the language of the historian in describing the worst part of the worst times, and the very worst of the most tyrannical acts of those monsters who were a disgrace to that dark and despotic age; and such language would equally apply to the proceeding which has called for this Bill. Suppose it had been enacted that the Governor in council might pass Bills of Attainder against whom he pleased, still, what he has done

ot have been justified under such because a Bill of Attainder is ssed until the parties have been The chief justice of the Queen's or of the Common Pleas, has a try offenders brought before hat is a legal act; they are au- to proceed, they are obliged to dence. But if he condemned a hout hearing him — if he said, hall not open your mouth, and ll suffer death if you attempt to dock," would not such conduct ated as a monstrous outrage on ngs of mankind? Yet such is se that has been adopted in Ca- This Bill has nothing to do with age and injustice sanctioned by ance. What the Bill touches is, uct of those who issued the order; ve all, as the Noble Duke oppo- ed the other night, the proceed- hose who have acted under that My Noble and Learned Friend's ction is, that he knows not whe- Governor General of Canada possess the power of sending ls to Bermuda. Possibly the r General may have that power; power can only extend to the tation of convicts, of persons who n already found guilty on proper . The Governor General has not to send away into banishment ne persons who have not been d who, therefore, are not con- am somewhat staggered by what n from my Noble and Learned specting the indemnity, and by his declaring the Acts and ordinances the absence of the parties; but t care about that declaration, so at the same time, you grant and ull indemnity from all possible both civil and criminal. My d Learned Friend has said that, ard to criminal proceedings, there essity for indemnity, because the night enter a *nol. prosequi*, or, in t of conviction, grant a pardon. Noble and Learned Friend ought lect that the council might be ed for their acts, and, by the Bill s, the pardon of the Crown can- leaded in bar of an impeachment. ntirely with my Noble Friend in t of his observations, where he is objections, on principle, to Indemnity. I am of opinion , that this is a dangerous pre- but it is not, it should be ob- the first example of the kind. On r occasion, in 1818, a similar was resorted to, and was, as my Noble and Learned Friend observes, met by a powerful opposition. But, long before that period, a similar course was taken, when Bills of Indemnity were passed in favour of the Earl of Mansfield and the Earl of Chatham.

The Bill was then read a third time.

LORD GLENELG. — I beg leave to propose a clause to indemnify the officers who have acted under the ordinance.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I have no objection to the insertion of such a clause in the Bill.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — I am surprised that the Noble and Learned Lord (the Lord Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench) should have intimated a doubt whether the Governor General of Canada has or has not the power to transport these individuals to the Bermudas. It was admitted universally, the last time this Bill was under discussion, that the Governor General, in transporting these men, was guilty of an illegality.

LORD DENMAN. — I am well aware that that statement was made, but I am not therefore convinced of its accuracy. I know that a vast variety of Acts give power to the Governors of our colonial dependencies to transport persons to places not within their jurisdiction.

LORD BROUGHAM. — To transport, not "persons," but "convicts."

LORD DENMAN. — Supposing the origin of this transaction to be right, I cannot bring myself to say that the Governor General of the Canadas has not the power to transport these men to Bermuda.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I beg to remind my Noble and Learned Friend that these persons are not convicts, and that they have been transported under the authority of this ordinance. Not that they have any right to complain of this stretch of power, for *volenti non fit injuria*. I have seen what is called their confession, and also their petition. All they say is this, — "We have resisted the Government; but do not let your Excellency suppose that we have been guilty of the crime of rebellion. We hold that we were acting lawfully, and as patriots, in resisting the illegal administration of power. If sentiments so noble be a crime, we plead guilty to having held them." Now,

that appears to me to be no confession; on the contrary, it is the avoidance of a confession.

The clause was then agreed to; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) ACT.

The DUKE of LEINSTER presented petitions against the repeal of, — of inhabitants of Dublin; Billitore; and Athy. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL.

Report from committee, of reasons, to be offered to the Commons at another conference, for the Lords disagreeing to some of the Commons' amendments to their Lordships' amendments; and a message sent to the Commons to desire a present conference; Commons agreed to the conference; managers named; conference had; and Report made, That the Lords had delivered to the Commons, at the conference, the reasons for the Lords disagreeing to some of the Commons' amendments; and had left the Bill and amendments with them.

TOLLS.

The EARL of GLENGALL presented a petition of Peter Holmes, praying for protection in collecting the tolls of the town of Nenagh. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL.

Message from the Commons, to return the Bill, and to acquaint the House that they do not insist upon the amendments proposed by them, to which this House has disagreed.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL.

On the Order of the Day for the second reading of this Bill being read, —

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE said: — As I do not anticipate any opposition to this measure, it is not necessary that I should trouble your Lordships with any observations upon it. I will only say that it is equally advantageous to the Crown and to the trade and commerce of the country that this Bill should p therefore move that it be read a time.

The DUKE of WELLINGTO does appear to me that a Bill which the property of the Crown to the which the present Bill does, should introduced at so late a period of t sion. The House ought not to be to adopt this measure now, but have an opportunity afforded t doing its duty by examining the and nature of the bargain made v Crown.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — certainly disposed to agree with th Duke, that it is desirable that the should have ample time to consid sures coming before it; but, at th time, I must say that if ever ther Bill to which that observation wa plicable, it is the one now befor Lordships, for it relates almost sively to the remission of taxatio therefore, the late period of the ought not, in my opinion, to weig your Lordships sufficiently to indu to oppose it. This measure was su by every Member of the other H Parliament connected with the co Cornwall. In fact, it met with opp only from one individual; and it your Lordships to determine whet opposition be sufficient to induc Lordships to throw out a Bill rela repeat, solely to the remission of ta Under these circumstances, I sh tainly vote in favour of this im measure.

LORD BROUGHAM. — This far from remitting taxation, i 19,000*l.* upon the consolidated fu the immediate advantage of a pa interest. Now, I think that there a great risk of difficulty and injus passing this measure, on account manner in which it will affect the of a Duke of Cornwall whenever h be *in esse*. I have not as yet se sufficient grounds for your Lor concurring in this Bill.

The MARQUESS of LANSDO — If there is any reason to app that the interests of the Crown, o Duke of Cornwall when *in esse*, juriously dealt with in this Bill Lordships will do right to pause you pass it. But I believe that th not the slightest danger of this ki Crown being amply indemnified u

f the net receipts of the last ten
Vith respect to the imposition of
-year upon the consolidated fund,
very well applied, as a substitute
axes very odious in character,
detrimental in their effects,—
a local tax regarding Cornwall,
a general tax affecting the whole
ty, and tending naturally to keep
ice of an article of very common
ntreat your Lordships, therefore,
efuse a remission of taxation
e House of Commons have al-
animously acquiesced in, and
ooked forward to with confidence
e commercial interests affected

ARL of DEVON. — I certainly
th the Noble Duke, that this
ought to have been brought for-
n earlier period of the Session;
me time I am not disposed to
ast it on that account. It is im-
to conceive the delight with
is Bill will be received by the
whose interests it particularly
I would give my support to any
erning the remission of taxation

UKE of WELLINGTON. — I
ove, as an amendment, that this
ead a second time this day three

riginal question was then put,
ed to. Bill read a second time,
mitted to a committee of the
use to-morrow.

BYRON'S MONUMENT.

BROUGHAM. — I rise to pre-
ition from the Honourable Leices-
ope, one of a committee of several
rds and honourable gentlemen,
the year 1825, for the purpose of
a statue to the memory of the late
ron. To show that this project
rtaken with no party feeling, but
at of deep regard for the honour
untry as connected with the fame
reat poet, I will mention that, in
of subscriptions to it, are the
f my Noble Friend the Lord
stice, of the Lord President of
cil, of the President of the Board
l, of Sir Francis Burdett, of Sir
of a Noble Duke near me (the
Devonshire), and of the Noble
he Chancellor of the Duchy of
r. The eminent sculptor, Thor-
has long since completed his task, and has produced a work which is admitted, by all who have seen it, to be the masterpiece of that great genius. That splendid work has been lying, for a period of nearly fifteen years, unpacked, in a case in the Custom House. The reason is, that an application which was made in the usual form to the Dean of Westminster (Dr. Ireland) for its admission into that sacred edifice where the ashes of so many of the illustrious dead repose, was refused by that reverend person. His letter was couched in these words:

I had not an opportunity till this morning of consulting with the chapter upon the subject of your note. When you formerly applied to me to inter the remains of Lord Byron in the Abbey, I stated to you the principle upon which, [as Christians, perhaps? No.] as churchmen, we were compelled to decline the proposal. The erection of a monument in honour of his memory, which you now desire, is, in proportion, subject to the same objection; and, although I greatly wish for a figure by Thorwaldsen in the Abbey, I cannot consent that my taste should be indulged in the prejudice of my duty.

This refusal was understood to be grounded upon a belief in some slanders respecting Lord Byron's religious opinions. Now, I believe that great man's most intimate friends did not know what his opinions were, or whether they were orthodox, or not. The petitioners pray that, in consequence of the refusal of the Dean of Westminster to admit a statue, which is said to be finest work of the great Danish sculptor, the House will take steps to induce the temporary keeper of a national edifice to receive this monument of the illustrious deceased.

To lie on the table.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

The MARQUESS of SALISBURY. — As a motion has been made, in the other House of Parliament, for a Return of the number of Bills rejected by your Lordships, the only object of which can be to cast a slur upon your Lordships, it becomes your duty to show that you have not been unduly negligent, or precipitate, in the examination of those measures which have been submitted to you for consideration. Your Lordships, it is true, have very few opportunities of properly considering the Bills which are sent up to you from the Commons. It is perfectly notorious that most of the measures of the other House require your Lordships' serious attention, if it be only for the purpose of carrying into effect the intentions of the framers. The public, unfortunately, suffer the greatest inconvenience in consequence of the

postponement, till next Session, of Bills of great importance. That is not the fault of your Lordships. It is the only course left open to you to take. I find that, during the present year, there have been 103 Bills sent up. Fifty-eight of these have been sent up within the last six weeks, or rather up to the 8th of August, for several have been since brought up. During the whole of the preceding part of the Session there were only forty-five sent up. The blame does not rest with your Lordships, nor so much, indeed, with the other House. When I recollect the number of days upon which there was no House formed, it occurs to me that, perhaps, the Government might have an object in keeping Bills back till a late period of the Session, in order to give themselves the opportunity of making a charge against your Lordships for either rejecting or postponing them. I now beg to move for a Return of the number of Bills brought up from the House of Commons during the present Session; distinguishing the months in which the same were brought up.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I am by no means of opinion that the motion which was made in the other House was intended to cast a reproach upon your Lordships. The object was merely to know what was the course of public business. After all, the mere rejection of a number of Bills is nothing in itself; it is the reason why they are rejected that ought to be looked to. I entirely deny, on the part of the Government, that they had any desire to take advantage of your Lordships by detaining measures in the other House till a late period of the Session. The delay is altogether unavoidable, and arises from a variety of causes — from the nature of the constitution, and of popular assemblies, and chiefly from the great increase of businsss which has taken place within the last few years. Then come the great party battles of the Session, which are generally fought within the last weeks. These necessarily absorb and arrest all attention, and business becomes suspended until it is decided who "the Government" are to be.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — I beg to observe that the Return moved for in the other House was not for the Bills which have been brought up, but for those which have been rejected. Coupling that with various other little circumstances, it is easy to collect what the *animus* was which influenced the mover of that Return. So far, however, from such a Return implying any censure upon your Lordships, in my opinion, I think it will reflect the greatest credit upon your Lordships, for your watchfulness and attention to public business; and I am convinced that Members of the House of Commons would not so readily agree to many of the Bills as they do, if they were not sure that they would receive attention and consideration from your Lordships. During my experience the practice has been very much the same, and I do not blame the present Government for it. Being in a minority in your Lordships' House, it is, perhaps natural that they should wish to obtain the sanction of the other House for their measures before they send them up to your Lordships.

LORD HOLLAND. — For my part, I think the motion is without precedent. Your Lordships' time could be much more profitably employed than in such discussions.

The motion was then agreed to.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

On the motion for taking into consideration the Commons' amendments to this Bill, —

LORD BROUGHAM said: — I rise again, to call the attention of your Lordships to the injury and injustice which this measure, as it stands, will inflict upon the proprietors of newspapers. One of its clauses limits the payment for the publication of advertisements containing the schedules of insolvent debtors, to a sum of 3*s*. I have received several communications on the subject, and, amongst others, one from the Newspaper Society, comprising hundreds of members, who state that they are alarmed, in the highest degree, at a measure which they say will be utterly ruinous to the provincial press. I think it is absolutely necessary to make an alteration in this respect.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — This Bill will not come into operation till next term, and between that period and the next meeting of Parliament, the hardship which it will inflict cannot be very great. I feel it necessary and proper that the provision referred to by my Noble and Learned Friend should be altered as early as possible. I do not see why the Act should not commence from a period anterior to the period at which the judges

ıbled to frame writs, as they are in execution, and the effect of ɔmmencing will be to let those ɔody who are detained on *mesne*

LYNDHURST. — I am glad ɔm my Noble Friend that he ıt to the introduction of a Bill, ·liest period in next Session, the clause relating to news-

BROUGHAM. — All the mis- be done before next Session. .e long vacation these notices pouring in, to the grievous in- country newspapers. The Act te most iniquitously. Even if est typographical error creeps ıdvertisement, the judges will the notice to be sufficient, and will bring an acton against the proprietor. I am sure there difficulty in bringing in a short ession to remedy this most cry- ce.

LYNDHURST. — I would sug- the object might be accom- the price, 3*s*., were limited to ıents not exceeding a certain lines.

BROUGHAM. — I think it much more secure to have a ill. Notice might be given to ıe Standing Orders on Wednes- ill might be passed through the Commons on Thursday, and on ɔould receive the Royal assent. ɛe what objection there could be jesty giving her assent to the ıt day. It would be an act well e Queen at the close of the In my opinion it would be an all the other Acts — I say so ıespect — that have been passed ordships during the Session. bring in a short Bill to-night, ıe alteration, and containing the ıny existing Acts to the con- withstanding?" Such a mea- l have the effect of repealing the ıe.

HOLLAND. — A Bill cannot ıced to-night, — it is not drawn.

BROUGHAM. — I will draw — My Lords, I beg to present ordships a Bill, intituled, "An ıing the Insertion of the Sche- dules of Debtors in Newspapers," and I move that it be now read a first time.

On the Bill being read a first time accordingly, —

LORD BROUGHAM said: — I beg to give notice that to-morrow I shall move the suspension of the Standing Orders in so far as regards this Bill, in order that it may then pass through its remaining stages.

The Bill was then ordered to be printed, and to be read a second time to-morrow; and the Standing Orders Nos. 26. and 155. to be considered, in order to be dispensed with, and the Lords summoned.

FORMS OF PLEADING BILL.

Commons' amendment considered, and agreed to.

OATHS' VALIDITY BILL.

Commons' amendments considered, and agreed to.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to, with amendments; and Commons' amendments to be printed.

TRADING COMPANIES BILL. — VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.

Third reading (which stood appointed for this day) put off till to-morrow.

PARLIAMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Petition against, and praying to be heard in defence of their rights, — of the provost, magistrates, and council of Peterhead. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

Petitions praying that the provisions of the Bill may be brought into operation immediately, — of prisoners in Whitecross Street prison; and a petition of persons signing. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

PAPERS, &c.

On the motion of LORD REDESDALE, an address ordered for —

Return of all sums expended by every royal burgh in Scotland in building, rebuilding, and repairing prisons, between the 1st of January, 1818, and the 1st of January, 1838: Also,

Return of all sums which have been expended for that purpose under Acts of Parliament, whereby the counties were authorised to contribute jointly with the royal burghs; stating which those Acts were, the sums which were contributed by each county and each borough, and in what manner on each county and each borough their portion of the contribution was assessed: And, also,

Return of the gross yearly proceed of the common goods, property, and revenues of the several royal burghs of Scotland.

Copies of the proceedings of a court of inquiry and investigation, held at Newry, on the 17th of October, 1837, on charges preferred by Patrick M'Ateer against Mr. Trevor Corry, magistrate of the county of Down; together with the correspondence on the subject which has passed between the Government of Ireland and Mr. Corry. — Delivered (pursuant to order of the 2d instant), and to be printed.

Thirty-second Report of the Commissioners for Inquiry concerning Charities in England and Wales (part 5.). — Delivered (by command), and ordered to lie on the table.

Fifteenth Report of the Commis for the Improvement of the Hc Road. — Delivered (pursuant to and ordered to lie on the table.

Return from the Commissioners Court of Requests for the boro Southwark, and the east half hun Brixton, in the county of Surrey, number of plaints entered in th court in each of the years 1835 1837; showing, in each year, the r for debts not exceeding 40*s*., and th ber exceeding 40*s*. but not exceec — Delivered (pursuant to order of July last), and to be printed.

Return of the exports from Gre tain to Hayti, during the last ten Also,

Return of the imports from H Great Britain, during the same p Also,

Return of the exports from Gre tain to Jamaica, during the last ten And, also,

Return of the exports of the goo imported, to Jamaica, from thence Spanish Main, and elsewhere, duri same period.

Delivered (pursuant to order of instant), and to be printed.

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PRIVATE BUSINESS.

CIRENCESTER HUNDRED COURT BILL.

Petitions against,—from Bisley; Rodborough; Stroud (three petitions); Horsley and Avening; Painswick; and Munchinhampton. — To lie on the table.

Bill reported; amendments read.

LORD GRANVILLE SOMERSET. —I beg to move that the amendments made by the committee to the Bill be now read a second time.

Mr. POULETT SCROPE. — I object to the principle on which this Bill proceeds. I object to it as continuing a court of the most objectionable character, and suited only to the old feudal jurisdictions. I therefore move, as an amendment, that the Report be taken into consideration this day three months.

LORD GRANVILLE SOMERSET. —It is not my intention to trespass on the attention of the House for a minute. I have only to state that the object of this Bill is to enable the court to move from place to place within its jurisdiction, for the purpose of affording greater facilities to the suitors.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL.—I am opposed to the Bill, both on public and on local grounds. I have, myself, introduced a general measure respecting courts of limited jurisdiction throughout the country; but having been obliged to postpone that Bill to a future period, I think that a measure relating to any particular jurisdiction ought also to be suspended. Another reason for my opposing the present Bill is, that the borough of Stroud is become sufficiently populous to have a court within its own boundaries for the recovery of small debts; or, at all events, to have the benefit of a county court, with jurisdiction over debts of greater amount than 40*s*., and not to be compelled to sue in the court of the lord of the manor of Cirencester.

Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the question."

The House divided: —

Ayes . .	25
Noes . .	43
Majority against the original motion	18

Words added; main question, as amended, put, and agreed to; Bill put off for three months.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

MISCELLANEOUS PETITIONS.

The following petitions were severally presented; viz., —

Tithes (*Ireland*) *Bill*, — Of Edward Duncombe, against.

Idolatry (*India*). — Against the interference of British functionaries, — from Penrith; Coventry; Long Sutton; and Derby.

Parochial Assessments Bill, — From Huntingdon, against.

Commissions of Lunacy, — Of gentlemen of the jury empanelled to inquire into the state of mind of John Jephson, Esquire, for amendment of the law relating thereto.

Municipal Corporations Act, — From King's Lynn, for amendment.

Medical Profession, — From Stroud for amendment.

Poor Law Amendment Act, — From Burton-upon-Trent union, against repeal.

Prisons Scotland Bill, and Royal Burghs (*Scotland*) *Bill*, — From Glasgow, against. — To lie on the table.

Lord Byron, — By Mr. LEADER, of Leicester Stanhope, for the adoption of

measures to induce the Dean and Chapter of Westminster to permit the erection of a monument in Westminster Abbey to the memory of Lord Byron.

On presenting this petition, the Honourable Gentleman said: —This petition is one of so interesting a character that I must be permitted to say a few words upon it. It will be in the recollection of many Honourable Gentlemen, that a committee of management having been appointed, a vote was passed that application should be made to the eminent sculptor Thorwaldsen, who was then at Rome, to know whether he would undertake to execute the statue. Sir John Cam Hobhouse accordingly wrote to Thorwaldsen, who soon after returned an answer, stating that, from his great admiration of the genius of Byron, he should be most happy (without consideration to the mere pecuniary part of the transaction) to undertake the task, and to fit the statue with a pedestal. In 1834 the statue arrived in England. Immediately on its arrival, the committee having decided that Westminster Abbey was the best place in which it could be erected, Sir John Hobhouse, or some one else, wrote to the Dean of Westminster, stating the wish of the committee, and requesting permission to erect the statue in the Abbey. A letter was shortly afterwards received from the Dean, stating that erecting a statue in the Abbey in honour of the late Lord Byron was subject to the same objection as had been entertained against the burial of that Noble Lord in the same place. Ever since this refusal on the part of the Dean of Westminster to admit a statue to be erected in a great national edifice, in honour of a man who had reflected so much lustre on his country, the statue has remained shut up in a box at the Custom House; thus depriving the living of the gratification of contemplating a great work of art, and depriving the dead of that honour so justly due to one whose genius had exalted the British name. In consequence of these circumstances a petition has been entrusted to me, signed by Lieutenant Colonel Leicester Stanhope, who prays that this Honourable House will take steps to induce the temporary keeper of a great national edifice to open its doors and admit a statue to be erected to the memory of a man of genius, whose religious opinions, not having been known to his most particular friends, cannot be known to the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, or be justly made the subject of condemnation by the censors of the Reformed Church. I hold in my hand a list of the subscribers to this work, and amon I find the names of Douglas Ki D'Israeli, sen., the Honourable J. Stratford Canning, Thomas Ca Sir John Cam Hobhouse, Sir Scott, [Sir F. Burdett (whom I ha this morning, and who said he wc in his place when the petition sho presented), Rogers the poet, Lord I Lord Denman (the Lord Chief Ju England), Lord Francis Gower, th quess of Sligo, Lord Jersey, Johr ray, John Lockhart, Agar Ellis, th quess of Lansdowne, Alexander (now Lord Ashburton), Edward Paul Methuen, Lord Holland, a Robert Peel. I do not know what step to take with respect to at the object of the petitioner.

The SPEAKER. — What is the of the petition?

Mr. LEADER. — The prayer, — "That, under these circumst your petitioner humbly prays yo nourable House to take such steps seem best, in your wisdom, to ind temporary keeper of a national edi open its doors to the statue of a m has added lustre to the English and whose orthodoxy cannot be judged of in works of fiction, and religious opinions, not being kn his most intimate friends, could known to the Dean and Chapter of minster, or justly subject to conden by the censors of the Reformed C And your petitioner will ever pray.

"LEICESTER STANH

"The Cedars, Putney, Aug. 13. 18

I move that the petition be p and I beg to give notice that, to-mo shall move that the House do tak sures for the admission of the monu statue of Lord Byron into some n edifice.

Ordered to lie on the table, and printed.

POSTAGE COMMITTE.

Report brought up, and read; t the table, and to be printed.

COPYHOLDS ENFRANCH MENT COMMITTEE.

Power to report observations, t with minutes of evidence.

brought up, and read; to lie on and to be printed.

RETURNS, &c.

llowing papers, &c. were pre- id ordered to be made, as follows; —

and Holyhead Roads. — Fif- eport of Commissioners (by

ptcies. — Further Return as to cies previously to the Act of pointing official assignees (er- h May).

Malt, &c. — On the motion of THERTON, accounts were or-

quantity of grain, malt, and flour, om Ireland to England and Scotland, of the last nine years preceding the ctober, 1837, and from the 10th of 837, to 5th of April, 1838, distin- e different kinds of grain, the respect- ipped from and to, and the quantity each port:

uantity of grain, malt, and flour ex- n England and Scotland to Ireland, of the last nine years preceding the ctober, 1837, and from the 10th of 837, to 5th of April, 1838, distin- ie different kinds of grain, the re- rts shipped from and to, and the m and to each port.

British corn, flour, and malt shipped ent ports of England and Scotland, of the last nine years preceding the ctober, 1837, and from the 10th of 837, to 5th of April, 1838, distin- ie different kinds of grain, the re- rts shipped from and to, and the m and to each port; distinguishing les of each shipped coastwise and to s; namely, 1. British corn, flour, and d coastwise from and to the several igland and Scotland. 2. British corn, alt shipped from the several ports of d Scotland to foreign ports.

Estates. — On the motion of RGE PALMER, a Return was —

to the latest possible period, of the persons found lunatic by commission, se estates committees have been ap- d of the total amount of their annual istinguishing the number of persons of income of those who individually han 100*l.* per annum: Also, the d amount of income of those who and less than 200*l.* per annum; the d amount of income of those who and less than 300*l.* per annum; and have 300*l.* and less than 400*l.* per d the number and amount of income ho have 400*l.* per annum and up-

Foreign Fruit. — On the motion of CAPTAIN WOOD, order (10th August) for Return relating thereto, read, and discharged; and, instead thereof,

Returns ordered —

Of the quantities, either in weight or by measurement, according to the mode in which the duties are levied, of foreign (raw) fruit and vegetables imported into the United Kingdom, during the years 1836, 1837, and 1838, and the amount of duty paid thereon.

Of the amount, in value, of foreign (raw) fruit and vegetables, upon which an *ad valorem* duty has been paid, imported during the years 1836, 1837, and 1838, and the amount of duty paid thereon.

Upper Canada. — On the motion of Mr. LEADER, address for —

Return of the names of persons who have been convicted in Upper Canada of treason, misprision of treason, or felony, since the 1st of October, 1837; the value of the personal property, the number of acres of real estate, the value of the houses, buildings, and lands, if any, belonging to such persons, forfeited to the Crown; the grants and sales, if any, of such forfeited property and estates; the names of the purchasers and grantees of such property and estates, and the value of the personal and real estates, so forfeited, retained by the Crown; and the amount or value of real or personal estate, if any, that has been granted by the Crown to the widows, children, and relatives of such persons, and the names of such grantees.

Imprisonment for Debt (Scotland). — On the motion of the LORD ADVOCATE, an address was ordered for—

Return of the number of persons imprisoned for civil debts in the different gaols in Scotland for the first three months of the year 1838; distinguishing whether the persons were imprisoned for debts not exceeding 8*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* sterling (100*l.* Scots), or for civil debts exceeding that sum.

Bankruptcies. — Order (18th May) for Returns relating thereto read; and Returns to be made forthwith.

STANDING ORDERS REVISION COMMITTEE

Further consideration of Report deferred till to-morrow.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to, with amendments.

LORD J. RUSSELL. — Understanding that an impression exists that the Lords have altered the conditions upon which the grant of money has been made by the Commons, I feel it necessary to

say that on a minute examination of the money clauses, I find that such is not the case.

LORD STANLEY. — An amendment affecting one of those clauses was proposed in the other House, but was withdrawn, lest it might in any degree embarrass the House of Commons.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mr. HUTT. — I wish to ask a question of the Solicitor General respecting the insertion of insolvent debtors' advertisements and notices in public newspapers. By a clause in the Imprisonment for Debt Bill all advertisements and notices on the part of insolvent debtors are to be inserted in the public newspapers, whatever their length may be, for the sum of 3*s*. I have received some communications from the country representing the extreme hardship upon the proprietors of newspapers — of such an enactment; and I must say that I fully concur in the opinions of my correspondents. The Bill has been so short a time before the House, owing to the desire of the Learned Attorney General to pass it into a law as quickly as possible, that I have not had an opportunity of making myself fully aware of the nature of its provisions in time to object to the clause in question. What I wish to know is, whether (if it be not too late) this serious oversight is to be remedied, or not?

The SOLICITOR GENERAL. — The subject is certainly one which deserves attention, and I have received many communications with respect to it. The Bill, however, is now before the House of Lords, and therefore beyond the control of this House. If anything can be done to meet the views of the Honourable Member, it shall be done.

PRISON DISCIPLINE.

SIR E. WILMOT. — The Bill for the improvement of discipline in prisons having been thrown out in another place, owing, as it seems, to some misconception respecting separate confinement and solitary confinement, I wish to ask the Noble Lord whether we may look for another Bill on the subject early next Session?

LORD J. RUSSELL. — It certainly is my intention to bring in a Bill on the subject next Session; and, notwithstanding that the late Bill has b elsewhere, I shall unquestionabl vere in the endeavour to amend i tem of prisons in England and W

MESSAGE FROM THE L

That they have agreed to — I Bill; Joint Stock Banks Bill; I ranean Postage Bill; Militia Pa Militia Ballots Suspension Bill; I Railways Bill; Sugar Refining Bill, without amendment: Regist Electors Bill; Ecclesiastical A ments Suspension Bill; Court of (Scotland) Bill; Customs Duti with amendments.

BENEFICES PLURALI BILL.

Message from the Lords, Th do desire a present conference w House, in their Lordships' co room No. 5., upon the subject m the conference on Thursday last, to the amendments to the Bill i "An Act to abridge the holding o fices in Plurality, and to make Provision for the Residence of the C — House agree to a conference.

Ordered, That the managers w naged the last conference do man conference; and the names of Mr. John Stanley, Mr. Serjeant T Lord William Bentinck, Mr. I Lord Stanley, Sir Thomas Frema Frederick Pollock, and Lord G Somerset were added to them.

Then the names of the manage called over, and they went to the ence; and being returned,—

Mr. CHANCELLOR of the EXC reported, That the managers had Lords at a conference, which was n on the part of the Lords by the Shaftesbury, who acquainted th the Lords, having taken into co ation the reasons given by the Co at the last conference for disagre several amendments made by thei ships to the Benefices Plurality not insist upon some of the amen to which this House hath disagree disagree to some of the amen made by this House to the amen made by their Lordships, for whi gave their reasons; and do agree t of the said amendments, witho amendment.

reasons and amendments read; nts proposed by Lords agreed mmons do not insist upon the its to which the Lords have

'RATION OF ELECTORS BILL.

amendments to be taken into ion to-morrow, and to be

DA INDEMNITY BILL.

e from the Lords, That they ed a Bill, intituled, "An Act for ing those who have issued or er certain Parts of a certain , made under the colour of an l in the present Session of Par- intituled, 'An Act to make Provision for the Government Canada.'"

lasters in Chancery having own this Bill,—

JOHN RUSSELL said:—Sir, that it must be generally agreed advisable to prolong the present will probably be of advantage se if I take such a course with this Bill as to give full oppor- its discussion, at the same time l be convenient for the House. as been brought in, in reference f an ordinance passed by the General of Lower Canada, hough not to be justified by law, ded for the public interest, and vice of the Crown in that pro- d it is intended that for cer- s of that ordinance, which e conveyance of certain parties mudas, an indemnity should be I do not propose, now, to state the nature of the ordinances, or l; but I beg to suggest that it first time and a second time nd that it then be ordered to be it will be in the hands of Mem- orrow, when, on the question, Speaker do leave the chair," the uestion of the grounds of the Bill scussed, and I shall be prepared hat were the grounds on which nor General in council acted.

EADER.—Sir, this is a sum- ceeding on the part of the Noble t, before I consent to it, I wish the Noble Lord some questions as to the course of proceeding which it is intended to take. Does the Noble Lord mean to take the Bill as it stands, or to introduce any amendments? In the next place, the Noble Lord says that the indemnity relates only to that part of the ordinance which alluded to the transport of eight individuals to the Bermudas, and it does not refer to what I consider to be the worst, the most infamous, and the most atrocious portion—the part condemning fifteen individuals to death, if guilty of the crime of returning to their own country. I wish to ask the Noble Lord, also, whether the Governor General of Lower Canada has condescended to send any despatch or any official paper to the Colonial Office connected with that ordinance? The only official paper I have seen appeared in the *Morning Chronicle*, the Government paper, of this morning; and a stranger document, or one more disgraceful, more utterly absurd, or one more calculated to disgrace everybody connected with Canada, I never saw. I wish to know, therefore, whether there is any other paper besides this semi-official or officious despatch, which has been published in the *Morning Chronicle*, from Mr. Charles Buller, who holds several official situations in Canada? Mr. Buller states, "The prisoners petitioned to be disposed of without trial." This is not a question which I will now discuss, as I can state it fully to-morrow; but I now deny, on the part of the prisoners, that they did so petition; they merely threw themselves upon the mercy of the Crown. Mr. Buller says, also, "I inclose you our first great Act—about the prisoners. It will appear to you horribly unconstitutional and despotic." And I confess that it does appear to me to be so unconstitutional and despotic, that I am not sure that we ought to pass any Act of Indemnity for the promulgation of such an ordinance. I will not now further occupy the time of the House, but will conclude by asking the Noble Lord whether he will take the Bill as it has come from the Lords, and whether the Governor General of Canada has condescended to send home any official information?

LORD JOHN RUSSELL.—In answer to the question of the Honourable Member as to the form of the Bill, I can only say that I do not, certainly, like to answer that the Bill will not require any amendments in this House; but, at the same time, I am not aware what amendments will be required, or whether it will require any. The Bill has only just come down from the Lords, and it is impossible

for me to say whether it will be necessary to introduce any amendment, or not. As to the second question, Lord Durham did send home a despatch at the same time that he sent the ordinance. Certain parts of that despatch can be communicated to the House, if desired, as they have already been laid before the other House.

SIR CHARLES GREY. — Having come from the country only this morning, I have not seen the paper which the Honourable Member for Westminster has referred to; but I am most afflicted, knowing the circumstances of the colony, at finding what has taken place. I should, however, have abstained on the present occasion from saying one word, if I had not felt bound, by the circumstances which have connected me, fortuitously, with the colony, to express in as few words as possible, and as succinctly as I can, my opinion of the defects of the ordinance, — which may be of some service, and which, by the manner in which I shall state them, can, at all events, be of no disservice to the future deliberations of the House. It appears to me that the ordinance is clearly ——

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — I beg the Honourable Baronet's pardon for interrupting him. If the question were to be debated upon this day, it would be better for the Honourable Baronet to proceed; but if the debate is to be deferred till to-morrow, I hope that the Honourable Baronet will not go on.

SIR CHARLES GREY. — I bow at once to the wish of the Noble Lord and the opinion of the House.

LORD STANLEY. — I shall not offer any opposition to the present course of proceeding; but, considering the consequences involved in it, I think that at no other period of the Session would the Noble Lord be justified in asking, nor would the House of Commons be justified in acceding to the request, that the Bill should be passed through all its stages in two days. At all events, it is desirable that the discussion should take place when a large attendance of Members could be secured. I shall reserve all expression of opinion till the general discussion as to the propriety of the Act of Indemnity, or as to the amount of the illegality of the ordinance — whether it is limited to the mere question of transportation beyond a certain line, or whether, from first to last, all its provisions are wholly and absolutely illegal. I shall abstain, also, from inquiring what was the at colonial Legislature to alter of Parliament, and how far be exercised by the coloni was diminished in conseq provision introduced into t Honourable and Learned William Follett) during through this House. Thes probably enter into the dis morrow evening, and I them to guard myself again by my assent to the Noble proposal.

LORD JOHN RUSSEL Noble Lord has adverted t portant points, I shall consi to apply myself to those poi

LORD STANLEY. — I ask one question. Have any minutes of the council ordinances were passed, or the proceedings? Of cour members of the council And have you received a whether they were passed ur whether there was any oppos individual mentioned in any Colonial Office?

SIR GEORGE GREY. been no report of the proc council received. Of course the council agreed in the the whole five were present.

SIR WILLIAM FOLLI to understand that the Colo received no minutes of, o relating to, the proceedings cil?

SIR GEORGE GREY. - of the council have been tra it is not usual, when sen special Act, to send a copy of the sittings at which it w

LORD STANLEY. — I ceived any paper communic whether or not the ordinance to with the unanimous or of the council?

SIR GEORGE GREY. nutes are never transmitted the Session of a Legislative

SIR WILLIAM FOLLE the Honourable Baronet st formation that the five me council were present?

SIR GEORGE GREY. — I have no ormation on that point. The attend- ce of five members is required to make meeting of the council, and I have refore no doubt that the five did at- nd.

SIR EDWARD SUGDEN. — Did I derstand that the Noble Lord would before the House so much of the de- atch of the Governor General as relates the ordinance in question?

Mr. LEADER. — In order to make the se perfect, the House will require a py of the proclamation.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — I do in- nd to lay before the House a copy of at part of the despatch.

The Bill was then read a first and econd time, and was ordered to be com- itted to a committee of the whole House o-morrow; Bill to be printed.

PAPERS, RETURNS, &c.

Canada. — SIR GEORGE GREY moved for an address for —

Copies of an ordinance passed by the Governor and Special Council of Lower Canada, intituled, "An ordinance to provide for the security of the province of Lower Canada:"

Of a proclamation issued by the Governor of Lower Canada, on the 28th of June last.

Private Lighthouses. — Paper (presented 25th of July) to be printed.

Post Office (Scotland). — Return to amend and explain the Return No. 265. of this Session (presented 3d of August) to be printed.

Liverpool Port. — Paper (presented 7th of August) to be printed.

Poor Law Amendment Act. — Papers (presented 9th of August) to be printed.

Trinity House (Deptford Strond). — Return (presented 9th of August) to be printed.

Postage (Public Offices). — Return (presented 24th of July) referred to the Select Committee on Postage.

Ajourned at half-past six o'clock.

17 Z 2

HOUSE OF LORDS, MARTIS, 14° DIE AUGUSTII,

APPEALS.

Sir J. G. Craig, Bart. *v.* Sir T. J. Cochrane; Thomson *v.* Shanks.— Petitions of the appellants for further time to lodge cases.—Read, and referred to the Appeal Committee.

Aspinall *v.* the Attorney General.—Petition of the appellant to withdraw appeal (the respondent's agent consenting thereto).—Read, and ordered as prayed.

Shaw *v.* Lawless; Houlditch *v.* Wallace; Austin *v.* Chambers, *et è contra.*— To be considered to-morrow, at four o'clock.

Ewing *v.* Chalmers, *et al.*— The judgment of this House of the 15th of July, 1838, dismissing the appeal as incompetent, reconsidered. Moved, That there be added to the said judgment an order directing the payment of costs by the appellant to the respondents, and that the judgment be amended in this respect.— On question, agreed to; and judgment amended accordingly.

APPEAL COMMITTEE.

Twelfth Report from, read, and agreed to; and ordered accordingly.

CAMOYS BARONY.

Committee for Privileges met; the Attorney General was heard in reply, as to the question of attainder; and the consideration adjourned *sine die.*

THE QUEEN'S ANSWER TO THE ADDRESS OF YESTERDAY.

Reported.

COMMISSION.

The following Bills received the Royal assent: — Exchequer Bills Bill; Exchequer Bills (Public Works) Bill; Four and a Half per Centum Duties Bill; Transfer of Funds (War Office) Bill; Pensions Bill; Benefices Plurality
Pay Bill; Militia Ballots Sus
Forms of Pleading Bill; C
Bill; Mails on Railways B
ranean Postage Bill; Public
Coal Trade (No. 2.) Bill; D
wall and Lancaster Bill;
Treaties Bill; Joint Stock
Fines and Recognisances (
Corporate Property (Ireland
of Clare Treasurer Bill; S
Company Bill.

PRIVATE BILLS D BILL.

House in committee (acc
der); Bill reported, without
amendments made, and Bil
third time to-morrow.

VALUATION OF LA LAND) BILL

Read a third time (accord
with the amendments; Bill
sent to the Commons.

GREAT LEINSTER A STER RAILW

LORD BROUGHAM presen
of Joseph Harris and W. S
holders in the said intended
plaining of the contemplated
recommended in the Report
missioners on Railways ir
Read, and ordered to lie on

SCHEDULES OF D BILL.

LORD BROUGHAM.— move that the Schedule of D read a second time; that Orders Nos. 26. and 155. be that the Bill be read a thi the Bill do pass. This is steam.

LORD LYNDHURST.— Bill?

BROUGHAM. — It is the Bill rought in last night. I should willing to be a party to, much he adviser of, such hasty legis- were not that it is admitted on that the evil which the Bill is to remove is one of crying in-

RQUESS of LANSDOWNE. t proof I can give of my con- of the existing state of the law vote for this Bill without ever n it.

KE of WELLINGTON.—The Learned Lord should take care not gone too far in this piece gislation.

BROUGHAM. — I know that t gone too far, however fast I gone.

was then passed.

POSTAGE.

EDESDALE presented a petition on of the rate of, — of inhabit- county of Fermanagh.— Read, d to lie on the table.

DUCATION BILL.

BROUGHAM.—At the present d of the Session, there is but e for me to pursue with refer- ny Education Bill, namely, to it. Many causes have pre- from pressing the measure for- ie first reason was, the unusual usiness during the greater part ssion. There was the Canada then came the slavery question; r points that arose out of it; , the discussion of matters con- th the Government of Canada. ure of business has rendered it apossible for me to pay that to the measure which I have i that I should otherwise have nother reason is, that I could to carry a Bill on the subject of without its being, in the first roughly considered throughout ry. I believe that, up to a cer- , all are agreed on this subject; he general feeling is, that edu- ght to be made general, as the best against the commission of crime. point on which I have found ence of opinion is, with respect to the mode in which religious instruction ought to be communicated. From the correspondence which I have held on the subject, and the opinions expressed by the deputations which I have received,—some of them consisting of fifty or sixty individuals, persons of all sects, and belonging to various classes of the community,— I find that there is a general agreement, that there is no difference of opinion, as to the great principle of the measure. There is one point, however, on which much disagreement prevails; and when your Lordships hear what that is, you will see the necessity which exists for not pressing the measure forward. That point relates to this very point of religious instruction. My feeling is, that every plan of national education should embrace religious instruction; and that, as a part of the system, the reading of the authorised version of the Scriptures should be introduced. On that question I find that some scruples are entertained by conscientious Roman Catholics. Their objection, however, could be met by the insertion of a clause, declaring that Roman Catholics and Jews should not be compelled to be present when the Scriptures are read. With such a clause as that, I entertain hardly a fear that the Bill will be approved of; for I have witnessed much liberality of feeling amongst the English Roman Catholics and the Jews. Another point of objection turns on the same principle. It relates to teaching the church catechism, and the thirty-nine articles. Now, I mean that, to meet this objection, it shall be distinctly provided that Jews and Roman Catholics shall not be compelled to be present when the catechism and the thirty-nine articles are expounded. I wish, throughout my measure—and those with whom I have had communication participate in the sentiment — strictly to adhere to the wise and benevolent maxim, — *in essentialibus, unitas; in non-essentialibus, libertas; et in omnibus, caritas.*

MR. TREVOR CORRY.

The EARL of CHARLEVILLE. — I trust I may be favoured with the indulgence of your Lordships for a few moments while I refer to an observation made by the Noble Viscount opposite on a former occasion. The Noble Viscount is reported to have stated that a certain investigation as to the conduct of Mr. Trevor Corry was openly conducted. That statement has occasioned very great pain to the friends of the deceased gentleman. Now, it is well known that the

investigation was carried on in a private room in the court house, with the door locked, and the passage leading to it guarded by a number of policemen, to prevent the admission of all persons except those who brought and sustained the accusation.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I certainly understood that the investigation was openly conducted; but I feel bound to acknowledge, from the Noble Earl's statement, that I was misinformed. If I had not determined not to advert to the debates which have taken place on the subject to which the Noble Earl (the Earl of Charleville) has adverted, I should state that the Under Secretary for Ireland, Mr. Drummond, has experienced great suffering and uneasiness from the statements made by a Noble Marquess, not now in his place, who has indulged in some charges entirely unfounded.

COMMERCIAL RELATIONS OF THE KINGDOM.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I rise to present a petition from Glasgow, signed by nearly 600 persons, and complaining of the depressed state of our foreign trade at the present moment. I am informed, by individuals who are perfectly acquainted with the fact, that this petition speaks the sentiments of the most respectable, wealthy, and intelligent bankers, merchants, and manufacturers of that great city; and, with your Lordships' permission, I will read one or two passages from it. The petitioners say, — "We again have to approach your Lordships' honourable House" (they having a year or two since petitioned the House on the same subject) "to express the anxiety and alarm with which we view the distressed condition of our foreign trade. From time immemorial this country has been unrivalled in mercantile greatness; but that greatness has latterly been much impaired by the injuries inflicted on our merchants by foreign powers through the infraction of treaties, and by other acts, against which her Majesty's Government ought to have provided. It is only by the sacrifice of our power and the abandonment of our rights that the commercial relations of Great Britain have been thus crippled and endangered; and we call on your Lordships to inquire into the circumstances of the case, and to afford us such redress as you may in your wisdom deem proper." It is not my intention, in presenting this petition, to enter into a detailed consideration of the subject to which it refers, because I am w that your Lordships would lis impatience, at this period of the to anything that was not conne the necessary and immediate bu the House. I shall, therefore, di Lordships' attention, very shortl different matters that have been pointed out to me by these pe reserving to myself the right, in Session of Parliament, of bring various points that are referred distinctly under the notice of jesty's Government and of yo ships' House. That the persons this petition are not without grounds of complaint will, I thin evident on making reference t ment which has been laid before House of Parliament. It appea Return, that the total amount for the year 1836 was 91,000,00 in the last year the total amoun 85,270,000*l.*, making a differenc 6,000,000*l.* The total official manufactures exported from Gr to foreign parts in 1837 was 77, and in the last year 72,312,207*l.* a decrease of 5,620,410*l.* W Lordships come to enter into of this subject, you will find am for serious reflection. In 1837 exports amounted to 50,249,21 1838, last year, they were only 41 being a decrease on the expo tons of 8,846,102*l.* If your refer, again, to another staple ture, that of woollens, you that the exports in 1837 an 7,535,064*l.*; while last year t amounted only to 4,680,247*l* a decrease of 2,855,570*l.* In manufacture there is a de 1,000,000*l.* on the exports of la compared with 1837. On the silk the decrease is 335,853*l.*, an ware and cutlery 415,349*l.* article on which I find an i cotton yarn, in which there is of upwards of 1,300,000*l.* N titioners desire me to call the your Lordships to the circumst nected with this extraordinary trade, and the first point to w direct your notice is the new Pr mercial system. Everybody with that proceeding knows, Lordships know, well, the great which Prussia had to encounte ing the different states of G accede to that agreement. A opinion, a very little diplom and a little activity on the Government of this country

e Lord the Secretary of State for Affairs), would easily — availing of that dissatisfaction which the of Prussia excited — have defeated lered impracticable the objects ussia had in view. Such, how- the indifference shown on the r Majesty's Government, that the e after another, were persuaded or to that commercial league. This ced the most dangerous results ade with central Germany. Not it occasioned a decrease of the of this country, but manufactur- blishments have started up in Germany; and, in consequence eapness of labour, the advantage power, and the assistance of ma- xported from this country, they enabled, not only to supply their ts, but to contend with us, and d successfully, even with refer- ur great staple commodity, in the arkets. In the United States of which was always considered especial market, the cottons of and the hardware of Germany be purchased at a lower price ilar articles the manufacture of try. I repeat that it is clear to little activity, and the exercise diplomatic skill, on the part of e Secretary of State for Foreign would have defeated the plans of and prevented all this mischief. er point connected with this sub- one of no small importance, too, -that, by the treaty of Vienna, of Poland were to be free to the e of all nations. They were only ject to such small duties as might sary to maintain the navigation. t only the waters of those rivers, all the transit through those mbracing a trade very important untry, that were declared free to s. But what has taken place? quence of the subjugation of Po- e provisions of the treaty of have been distinctly and directly The Russian tariff, and all the s connected with it, have been ed in the districts which those averse, and serious impediments n opposed, in consequence, to the of the commerce of England. point to which I wish to call the of the Government and of your s' House relates to Cracow. as your Lordships all know, is n the Vistula, and the integrity city and of its territory was ed by the treaty of Vienna. from its situation, has of late years become a very extensive and a very important emporium. A great deal of trade with that country has been done through the residents at Cracow. It was stipulated by the treaty of Vienna, that no armed force, under any pretence whatever, should enter into the territory of that republic. On some pretences, no matter what, an armed force did enter it, remodelled the police and constitution of that republic, and completely new-modelled its trade. It, therefore, became desirable that this country should have a commercial agent at Cracow, to exercise vigilance over its commercial interests. That was represented, as I have been informed, to the Noble Lord at the head of the Foreign Office. That Noble Lord declared that the appointment of such an agent should take place without delay. To that declaration he pledged his faith, his reputation, and his character. Some representation, however, was made to that Noble Lord, from other quarters, that a consular agent from this country would not be allowed to establish himself in that district. The Noble Lord succumbed to that representation, and did not make the appointment, to which he had pledged his faith, his reputation, and his character. Did the Noble Lord state any reason for not making it? No; he stated no reason. He merely said that he had altered his mind, and that he would not establish a consular agent within the limits of that republic. Our commercial interests have suffered greatly in consequence of events in that district; and I therefore call the attention of her Majesty's Government and of your Lordships' House to this subject. I have touched, as your Lordships will observe, only lightly on these points. Such are the observations which I have been requested by the petitioners to make, and such are the points which I have to submit to the consideration of her Majesty's Government, with respect to our trade on the continent of Europe.

But this is only a small part of the case which I have to bring under the notice of Parliament. By a treaty which we made some years ago with the French, we were entitled to carry on a trade in gum on the banks of the Senegal. Two of our vessels, laden with gum, were seized and confiscated by the French on the most unfounded pretences. What happened? Our Government demanded redress. Has redress been granted? Two years have elapsed since that demand was made, and, up to the present moment, none has been obtained. Delay in such cases is a

denial of justice, and not only a denial of justice, but also the destruction of our trade; and for this reason, — that whilst our trade is liable to such interruptions, no cautious man will hazard his capital by embarking in it. The result is, that we have been driven entirely from the gum trade on the Senegal. I am stating facts shortly; I have not stated them with their collateral circumstances; but I leave it to your Lordships to judge of the consequences likely to follow from them. We had also a treaty with Holland, as to our trade with Java — a treaty most precise in its language and its terms. Certain duties were to be imposed on British goods imported in British bottoms. The duties were to be double those imposed on goods imported from Holland in Dutch vessels; and in cases where the vessels from Holland imported goods from Holland not paying any duty, we were to pay 6 per cent. on similar goods imported into Java from this country. What has taken place in Java? The treaty has been disregarded. Duties to an extravagant amount have been extorted from British merchants. Nearly 40,000*l.* a-year has been forced out of their pockets. This system has been going on for years, and is still in action. There is now 40,000*l.* due to British merchants for duties which have been extorted from them in utter violation of the treaty. Have any attempts, I will ask, been made to prevent the continuance of those extortions? Efforts may have been made, but nothing effectual has been done to stop the Dutch Government in its course of violations of this treaty. Such is the respect paid to our Government on the continent of Europe! Such is the respect paid by foreign Governments to treaties in which we are concerned with them! Again: we formerly carried on an important trade with Algiers, producing a very considerable revenue. The French are now in possession of all the district of Algiers. Our trade with Algiers formerly was liable to a duty only of 5 per cent. The Noble Lord who now conducts our foreign affairs has declared that he is satisfied with seeing France in the possession of Algiers! Now, since that event has taken place, a great part of our trade with Algiers has been placed under absolute prohibition, whilst the remainder has been rendered subject to the high tariff of France, which has almost annihilated it. Again: we carried on, for several years, a traffic with the natives on the east coast of the Black Sea — a traffic which gave rise to a transit trade of very high importance. What has happened recently? That trade has been pro by Russia. The Noble Lord at th of the Foreign Department has acq in and consented to that proh Another point, perhaps of still importance than any to which hitherto adverted, is, the posit Persia,— a position of infinite imp to England, both in a political an commercial point of view. Wh happened there? What led to t of our influence with the Schah, insults which have been heaped u envoy, and to the influence of not only superseding ours, but directing at once the councils a armies of Persia? At the prese ment we are in a state little short with Persia. We have been co to fit out a fleet to resist the aggr of Persia, — a country in whic most important that we should an influence, not only because it is rier of defence in front of our possessions, but also because it i advantageous to us in a commerci of view. What has led to the state of things? When the tre tween Russia and the Porte wa cluded, by which our fleets were excluded from the Black Sea on th demand of Russia, our influence court of Persia came at once to The Persians saw that the better safer game for them to play was, nect themselves with Russia; an they have adopted that game w been subjected to every vexation i sia which it is in the power of Ru inflict. These are the various pc which I have been requested to c attention of your Lordships. W look at them, we see nothing but cline of the political influence and mercantile interests of the countr when I look around to see whethe find any countervailing advantage these disasters, I can see nothing can lead me to suppose that we have any, the slightest, advantage or pro either from the exertions or fr diplomacy of the Noble Lord now head of the Foreign Department. an opportunity will be afforded for minute and particular considera these various questions. When th portunity does present itself, I s ready to enter into them much n large than would be convenient mere presentation of a petition.

The petition was then read at le

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE.—

example of the Noble and Lord, who has, in a very tem- nner, pointed the attention of rnment and of the House to is subjects referred to in the hich has been placed in his Considering that this petition ieve, voted and agreed to in the June last, I may a little com- he Noble and Learned Lord, elf, is much opposed to the in- of important matters at a late the Session, for having so long present it. I do not complain ct to myself, but on the part of ry and the petitioners them- it is not to be a mere σκιαμαχια, ffect of any kind, — if their re- ons have any foundation to rest f their complaints are just, that ercial interests of the country irely neglected as they state in ion,—undoubtedly it should have ght forward at a period when have been possible to produce tical effect, and not at a time an only serve to cast an im- n those who are intrusted with ct of public affairs. The Noble ned Lord has said that the al interests of the country are ing state, and that the exports n greatly reduced during the

I apprehend the Noble and Lord's observations apply only year. Up to the close of 1836, mmencement of 1837, the com- ffairs of the country have been e of progressive advancement; s have regularly increased, gene- lmost all quarters of the world, particularly to many of those re the Noble and Learned Lord ey have declined. The depres- st year arose from temporary sment, from overtrading and n, and particularly from the con- commercial credit in the United t is in no respect, therefore, sur- at there should have been a great the exports of this country, nor n that account, the least ground or anxiety for the future. I can- there will be a revival of trade temporary depression to which ercial affairs, in the vicissitudes things, are necessarily subject. e and Learned Lord has pointed ion of the Government to various which he conceives to be, and questionably are, of the very importance; and, in the first has directed our attention to the ial confederation on the continent of Europe, instituted under the influence and guidance of Prussia, and which unites in one common band of fiscal regulations so many of the states of Germany.

My Lords, that is a course of policy which may or may not be to the interests of England; but if it be hostile, we cannot complain, for it is contrary to no treaty whatever; it is a league which those states have a right to enter into if they think proper. It may be very easy for the Noble Lord to say that a little skill on our part would have prevented the formation of this league; but if it appeared to the parties themselves likely to prove to their benefit, I really cannot see what ability or diplomatic address could have availed, to hinder them from joining it. I do not know whether it is the system of union or the high prohibitive duties established by it, that is now complained of; the latter, I apprehend, are the real grievance. But these, undoubtedly, involves a question on which I do not wish to touch, well knowing it to be not very popular in this House; but, at the same time, your Lordships must bear in mind, while you keep up such a very high prohibitive system with respect to the staple article of those very states, — such a very high prohibitive system with respect to that which you have to give, and which we must wish to buy, — that it is not easy, on very fair and equal terms, to institute negotiations with those states of the continent for greater freedom of commerce. The Noble and Learned Lord has also touched on another delicate and very difficult subject — the state of Poland. The power exercised by Russia in Poland is a subject dating and continued from a long period of time back, on which, looking to the very strong feeling it has always excited here, I do not wish to make any observation. But I apprehend what the Noble and Learned Lord has stated with respect to Cracow, and the extent and advantage of its trade with this country, was very greatly exaggerated. The Noble and Learned Lord was also under a mistake when he affirmed that my Noble Friend the Secretary for Foreign Affairs had pledged himself to send a consul to Cracow. My Noble Friend never pledged himself to send a consul to that republic. He stated, indeed, that such was his intention; but something afterwards arose to alter that intention, and induced him to think it would be more prudent not to take that course.

The Noble and Learned Lord next mentioned the dispute pending between us and France, with regard to the gum trade on the coast of Senegal. Unquestionably

there has been a very considerable difference with the French Government on that subject; it is now matter of negotiation, and the Noble and Learned Lord may depend upon it that neither the interests of the merchants nor the interests and honour of the country will be hazarded or sacrificed in that transaction. The Noble and Learned Lord has also alluded to the duties levied in Java. The question, in that case, arises on the interpretation of a treaty entered into in 1824. The dispute has existed ever since 1827, and the present Government flatter themselves that they have taken more pains, and placed that negotiation on a better footing, and are more likely to bring it to a better termination, than their predecessors. The Noble and Learned Lord says that our influence is as nothing on the continent. But with respect, for instance, to Holland, although unfortunate circumstances have tended, recently, to diminish our influence there, yet have we concluded a treaty of commerce and navigation with that country, under which Holland has given up all discriminating duties, and consented to admit our vessels on the same footing as those of the most favoured nations. In that respect we have not neglected the commercial interest of the country, and are not open to the imputations contained in the Noble Lord's speech, or in the petition. Now, with regard to Algiers, my Noble Friend the Secretary for Foreign Affairs has never professed himself satisfied with the occupation of that territory; but, at the same time, there is a great difference between being dissatisfied with a measure and taking measures of a hostile character in order to remedy what has taken place; and those who occupy a country have a right to establish what commercial regulations they think proper, and other nations have no right to complain of their exclusion. I do not deny that the influence of England in the court of Persia is less now than it was formerly; but Ministers are not to be blamed for that — it is the natural course of affairs. It arises from the former war with Persia, in which that country suffered such severe reverses and lost so much territory; certainly, I do not think, whatever be the cause, that it can be dated from the conclusion of that treaty with Turkey to which the Noble and Learned Lord has alluded. Undoubtedly the state of affairs in that part of the world is not satisfactory; but I cannot see how that should be made any charge against the Government, because results have not been so favourable or so fortunate as might have been wished. The Noble and Learned Lord may rest assured that her Majesty's Ministers will pay all the attention required by the magnitude and importance of the subject to which he has directed their attention; and I trust the country will feel that her honour and interests are safe in their hands.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I beg leave, by way of explanation, to state that the petition was only placed in my hands a few days ago. The party who intrusted it to me stated that a similar petition had been given to a Member of the other House of Parliament, where it was thought prudent that the first discussion of the matter should take place. That Gentleman, however, has not since been enabled to attend.

Petition to lie on the table.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

Report from committee, of the reason, to be offered to the Commons, at another conference, for the Lords disagreeing to one of the Commons' amendments, made; read, and agreed to; and a message sent to the Commons to desire a present conference; Commons agreed to the conference; managers named; conference had; and Report made, That the Lords had delivered to the Commons, at the conference, the reason for the Lords disagreeing to one of the Commons' amendments; and had left the Bill and amendments with them.

Ordered to lie on the table.

RELATIONS WITH THE SOUTH AMERICAN STATES.

VISCOUNT STRANGFORD. — My Lords, I have given notice of a motion for this evening, on the subject of our commercial relations with some of the states of South America; but, after the very powerful and comprehensive statements which have just been made by my Noble Friend, I feel very diffident of occupying your Lordships' time on the subject. Looking back at what has recently passed, however, and forward to what may very soon occur, in another and distant part of the empire, I feel compelled to offer a few observations. I fear that the pleasing anticipations which have been formed of a settlement of the affairs of Canada may turn out, after all, to have been ill founded, and that your Lordships will, very shortly, have to meet again to deliberate upon the state of that country, but in a position, in this respect, worse

an before; that, whereas, before, you d to deal with the disease, you will now ve to prescribe for the ill effects of a rash d precipitate treatment of it. Looking pon the whole subject of our foreign re-tions, I cannot but lament the unsettled ate in which our commercial interests re plunged, and the utter ignorance un-er which men of capital labour, as to hat foreign parts they may trade, and hat parts they may not trade with. I ament the losses to which this state of ncertainty and ignorance has exposed ur merchants; and I deeply lament, lso, the painful disclosures respecting he state of our relations with the East, o which those losses have given occa-ion. I will now proceed to the subject f our relations with the South American tates, to the prospects of advantage to his country which were afforded, in our ecognition of those republics, and the ay in which those prospects and those nterests are now frustrated, through the ggressions of the French on those ter-itories. The method of these proceedings, n the part of France, has been this: — ome grievance, real or imaginary, is got p; some case in which a French sub-ect, or some one calling himself a French ubject, pretends to be aggrieved. A lemand is then made for redress; and lso that — whether a treaty or no treaty to hat effect exists between France and the tate in question — French subjects shall e placed on a footing with those of he most favoured nation, and enjoy im-unities and privileges accordingly. These re the demands, more or less, which are dvanced by France; and, to the honour f the states to which they are addressed, hey are almost uniformly rejected: for t so happens that these small and com-aratively infant states are just as punc-ilious, upon any matter affecting their ational dignity, as the most venerable ations of the old world. The last scene f the drama is this: — the French ad-iral or commodore on the station, as he case may be, proceeds forthwith to stablish a blockade along the coast of he refractory state, without any previous ommunication with his Government at ome; and thus the commerce of friendly owers is instantly interrupted, and their hips, with valuable cargoes on board, fter a five months' voyage, sent about heir business to procure a market where lse they may. The practice of convert-g small, petty grievances into great com-ercial profits and advantages, is no new vention on the part of France. Your ordships have heard this evening some-ing about Algiers, and you must have heard of the taking of the Portuguese fleet in the Tagus some years ago. Their mode of proceeding is the same, whether it regards Senegal, Mexico, Chili, or the north-eastern part of the Brazilian frontier.

With regard to Mexico, I will not trouble your Lordships with a long detail of the various circumstances which led to a demand for compensation upon the part of France, for injuries alleged to have been sustained by French subjects in Mexico. The amount of compensation claimed was 600,000 dollars, or 120,000*l.* sterling. The Mexican Government refused to accede to this demand, considering it to be exorbitant and unjust. Whether the demand was exorbitant or not, I will leave your Lordships to judge by one item in the account. There was a rich French pastrycook, who had opened a shop in Mexico; during the disturbances which followed upon the appointment of a dictatorship, some soldiers came into his shop, ate some of his pastry, and, as soldiers sometimes do, went away without paying. The pastrycook was not slow in magnifying this attack upon his tarts and jellies into an enormous outrage against his Majesty King Louis Philippe, and the dignity of France. He assessed his own damages at the moderate sum of 25,000 dollars, or 5000*l.* sterling, which the French admiral added to, and merged in, the general account. A blockade took place, which interrupted the trade from this country to Mexico, which, the parliamentary returns will show amounted to 4,000,000*l.* sterling, annually. I hold in my hand a list of the various vessels which have been detained in consequence of the blockade; but I will not trouble your Lordships with it, nor with a statement of the loss which British capitalists have sustained by the suspension of their mining operations. The case of Buenos Ayres is another in which the French have been playing the same game. The Governments of Great Britain and of the Unites States were among the first who acknowledged the independence of that country. In consequence of the exertions of these two Governments, in conferring upon them a free constitution, and also in return for various other services rendered them, the Government of Buenos Ayres granted to the subjects of Great Britain and the United States certain advantages, privileges, and municipal exemptions, which they afterwards confirmed by a treaty. In 1830, the French Government, for the first time, thought proper to indicate a desire that some advantages should be conferred upon their subjects. The Government of Buenos

Ayres had established certain regulations for the management of their own citizens, as well as foreigners. The effect of these was to place, in municipal matters, all other foreigners except those who enjoyed exemptions, upon the same footing with native subjects. The first demand was, that French subjects should be placed upon a different footing from what they had been, and on the same footing with the British and Americans. To this demand the Government of Buenos Ayres replied, that it was what the French settlers had no right to ask; and that the subjects of Great Britain and the United States stood upon an entirely different footing, as the privileges which they enjoyed had been conferred upon them by treaty. A long discussion and an angry correspondence ensued, the Government of Buenos Ayres persisting in their resistance to the demand. The French then had recourse to the old game. They got up grievances, which turned out to be without foundation, and then they threatened a blockade unless the Government of Buenos Ayres would promise not to put French subjects in prison, nor force them into the militia. This was also refused, on the ground that it was an attempt to extort a treaty. A rigorous blockade was ultimately established. The injury thus occasioned to British commerce was considerable, as there were fifteen vessels from Liverpool, with cargoes, on their way, when the blockade was instituted. Assuming the average value of their cargoes to be 30,000*l.*, which is rather a low average, half a million of British commodity was interrupted on its way to the place for which it was designed, being in its nature not fit for another market. One word with regard to the worst part of the case, namely, the encroachments of the French upon the north-eastern part of Brazil. The eighth article of the treaty of Utrecht defined the limits of the French territory. Disputes arose, which were spread over nearly the entire of the last century, and the limits were again adjusted by the treaty of Vienna. In June, 1817, the Portuguese agents at Paris received instructions to sign an order for the restitution to the French authorities of that part of French Guiana which had been taken from them during the war by the Brazilians and the British, under the command of my gallant friend Sir Sydney Smith. Baron Humboldt, to whom these claims were referred, disallowed those of the Portuguese, and granted those of the French. In August, of the same year, a treaty was signed, the first article of which recited the limits determined by the treaties of Utre Vienna, and confirmed and appr by Humboldt. The second artic tained a proviso, that, if the comm ers should disagree, any new arrar should be made under the medi Great Britain, as the guaranteein of the original treaty. That wh French did upon the north-easte of the Brazilian frontier, was dor out reference to the mediation p ively pointed out in the second The French got up a quarrel abc tain matters, over which the Br had no control, and claimed a l demnity, which, being refused, the upon a large extent of territory. as I am aware, no attempt was eve upon the part of her Majesty's G ment, to put a stop to this agg The question for England, in a cases, to consider, is, how far suc pations affect her interests. In th it involves the entire of the land the river Amazon, and the pro Para, which is likely to be one most important of all the provi Brazil. This aggression has bee fied in the French Chambers, and of money has even been voted to the occupation. I have only to a the French Ministers, themselves, mit that the true and sole and re of the occupation was the advar presented to France; thus adopt old maxim, that it was the ultim which justified and sanctified the r

On these grounds I venture to h the Queen's Government will us best exertions to put an end to a our foreign relations such as neve existed, and such as cannot cont exist without manifest and serious to the interests of England. It is a matter of the greatest marvel t interference to which Ministers m recourse has been so long delayed. frequently been observed, with re this country, that we are remark a peculiar national disposition to with matters in which we have, p speaking, no interest. It is most that on an occasion and in rela matters in which we really ar deeply concerned, none of that dis to interference should appear. In these observations I beg it to be stood that I wish for no unjust assu of power or influence on the part country; but I desire that we sho that moral influence which we do to restrain foreign powers from doi which is manifestly unjust. We ever bear in mind that we live, and

and have our being, through the extension and the security of our commercial relations.

LORD BROUGHAM. — After the able, clear, and masterly statement of my Noble and Learned Friend opposite, which brings under the consideration of the House the whole of our foreign relations, but unfortunately at a period of the Session when there does not remain time enough to bestow on them that attention which they merit; and after my Noble Friend opposite has so perspicuously brought under notice the foreign affairs of this country in relation to America, —after the one has directed your Lordships' attention to our position as regards the old world, and the other as regards the new, — it will hardly be expected that I am prepared — there being no notice given — to add much to the statements and reasonings already submitted to the House. The startling feature of the speech which your Lordships have just heard was, the manner in which the Noble Viscount dwelt upon the diminished power, the diminished influence, and the decaying commerce of this country. If the facts are as the Noble Viscount has stated them, — and I am not prepared to deny any, for I have not read the Returns — if the facts, as I have already said, are in accordance with the statement, there can be no doubt that the subjects which have been brought under your Lordships' notice, demand the instant and serious attention of the executive Government. It must of course be fully in the recollection of all who hear me, that our expenses during the late war were of the most lavish description, while the triumphs of our arms were brilliant beyond all former example; it is, then, a melancholy consideration that our influence, after such a war, and after so long a peace, should, instead of increasing, be most materially diminished. Never was there a war so disinterested as was that mighty contest: it was essentially an European war, carried on for European advantage, and at no period directed to purely British objects. It is therefore the more vexatious, that after the expenditure of so much blood and treasure, our influence in the affairs of Europe should be less than it was before that war. Still I do hope that England will hold her proper position as the head of the liberal and constitutional party in Europe; and as, in the time of Elizabeth and the Harries, England led in the work of the Reformation, so now, I hope that England will lead in the cause of constitutional government. England and France, united as friends and allies, may defy the world in arms, — may dictate peace, and promote the happiness of mankind. I sincerely hope, however, that our interference will appear as seldom as possible, and that when we interfere we shall do so with effect. Tranquillity and repose are the best possible evidences of strength. I am therefore sure your Lordships will agree with me that the interference of England ought to be reserved for great occasions. The subject of Algiers, as your Lordships must recollect, has been introduced in the present discussion. I certainly concur with those who are not satisfied with the grasping disposition manifested by the French Government in relation to Algiers. It is impossible that the affairs of that part of the world can be satisfactory to any other European power; but there is a wide difference between being dissatisfied and having a right to demand satisfaction; and nations, like individuals, should neither utter threats, nor make demands, without the power to enforce the one and carry the other into execution.

Reference has been made to the falling off of our commerce. I feel as fully as the Noble Viscount the importance of our commercial interests; and I am, like him, well aware of the obstacles offered to the advances of that commerce; but I rely upon the *vivida vis* which always characterises the commerce of this country, and which appears to enable it to rise superior to every impediment. Still your Lordships should attentively turn your minds to the practical means of overcoming those obstacles, and of offering to every country facilities for the export of their productions in return for their imports of ours. The return to the merchant from the Canada trade in timber is slower than the other, because the place is so much more distant; and the advantage to the consumer is considerably less, because the article is both worse and dearer. The timber trade in the Baltic — a trade which I never can dilate upon too much — has been stunted to all time by a paltry majority of forty in the House of Commons. But the great staple of the countries bordering on the Baltic is their grain. Plentiful and cheap as is the grain produced in those countries, it is peremptorily said to the people, notwithstanding, "You shall not only have bad houses, but dear bread." And yet, at the very time of your stunting the Baltic trade in its two great staples of timber and grain, you complain that the trade of this country with the Baltic has fallen off. Your blindness is such that you do not perceive that, while you ruin your own

commerce, on the one hand, by this system of policy, you force the people, on the other, both to eat dear bread and to live in dear houses. Why should not this very result have ensued? Why should not our trade with the Baltic have fallen off? In the first place, the price of labour in this country is rendered dear by the dearness of the bread. In the second place, it is not to be expected that the countries bordering on the Baltic will take our manufactures, when we decline to take their staples in return. Let your Lordships reflect that the price of the quartern loaf in this country has risen during the last two years from 7½*d.* to 11*d.*, while the quartern loaf at Amsterdam and at Antwerp is fifty-two per cent. cheaper. Surely this is not a very comfortable consideration for the English labourer. The tax paid by the people of this country in the shape of a corn law exaction amounts, positively, to between 17,500,000*l.* and 18,000,000*l.* per annum. The effect of the present system is, that you not only contract your manufactures, by shutting up some of the channels of importation, but prevent the British manufacturer from advantageously competing with the foreign market, by raising the price of bread, and consequently raising the price of labour. The effect of the high price of bread is, to render all competition with the manufacturers which are fast springing up in France and Flanders absolutely ruinous. You are burning the candle, as it were, at both ends. You decline to take the cheaper produce of those countries, on the one hand; and, upon the other, by this suicidal species of policy, you invite foreign manufacturers to enter into competition with you, with the immense advantage of cheaper bread, and consequently of cheaper labour. In both ways you are contracting and ruining your own trade. I was much mortified to hear the Noble Viscount (Viscount Melbourne), upon the last occasion that this subject was before your Lordships, stating, in a very peremptory manner, that his Government would not take this subject, into their consideration. There can be no more gross or inexcusable fallacy than to suppose that because the law states that when the price of grain in England reaches 73*s.* the entrance of foreign grain is no longer prohibited (the price in the English market being now up to 70*s.*), an advance of 3*s.* a quarter more in the price would open the ports to the entrance of foreign grain. This is a downright fallacy. Where is the trader who can know, where is the man who can calculate, at what period the ports will be open or shut? And where is the trader who would send away ships to the Baltic upon a tion of this description, when the 7 be down to 70*s.*, and the ports sl the return of his ships, which consequently obliged to sail agai Baltic, still freighted with the gr they could not, on this supposition. Owing to the existing state of th corn trade is completely a gamb culation; and respectable men enter into it, because the law fil uncertainty and incentives to speculation. A Noble Friend (Earl Fitzwilliam), who is almost Member of your Lordships' H agrees with me upon this subject, is, besides, one of the greatest lan the country, has always said that would be so good for the landlord as well as the consumer, as to ha a fixed duty, which would have t of keeping corn at a steady price. are the observations which I have be my duty to make upon this qu

LORD LYNDHURST. — I rise to say that the French Mi whom allusion has been made, st Lord Palmerston had represent French Government that, if t within the limits of the ancient of Algiers, the English Governm nothing whatever to demand. T ment appeared in the French journal, the *Moniteur*.

The DUKE of WELLING Beyond all doubt, there is no su so much importance to the co large, as a debate upon our co relations. I am of opinion tha now in that state that the mai of the great extension to which lations arrived two or three ye is, I fear, absolutely essential to istence. Nay, I apprehend that t tenance of the continued increa extension is essential to the pro this country. It may be very di maintain that extension in such a it had attained some years ago, to maintain it in such a state th gradually and permanently incre commercial relations of this cou a subject which I always appro unwillingly, and particularly at th of the Session. Your Lordship is not exactly the place in wh questions can be discussed with ad It would be a very different thin House were to apply the remed above all, it is quite obvious t Lordships cannot enter on a question of this nature, affect

tions, and encompassed without getting into the h the Noble and Learned rought before your Lord- ents since, — I mean the he timber trade. I shall ow that Noble and Learned tailed discussion of those But I must say that, in hich fell from him upon e displayed as much ad- witnessed on the part of earned Lord. The ques- er trade is one, not only y, but of navigation. It which this country, and country, are both mate- It is not a question of respect of the prices of s, but a great question on and of colonial policy. aware of the motive for l this subject at the pre- I must strenuously pro- I think that it is not wards the trade of this ore particularly towards which have been brought Noble Friend behind me, e and Learned Lord op- stion of the corn laws I only a question of great rest, but also as one of rnal, national, and legis- e.

point of the discussion this matter which the ed Lord opposite entirely course of the discussion troduced this evening, — nce of the system of corn place, upon Ireland. He y out of the question. hich he left out was the country of its independ- l to the article of food. more certain than that, be entirely dependent on ordering on the Baltic, e the King of Prussia r of Russia (as has been evying a tax upon the ex- t article of food to the sewhere in this country. g the Noble and Learned to this subject, I will that, when Noble Lords uestions of this descrip- l never forget that they be met either by friends th corn laws and timber ly agree with the Noble ord in the expediency of nterference with foreign powers on the subject of commercial matters; but I confess that I cannot view the state of our commercial relations, and of our position in the world generally, in connection with these commercial pursuits, with any degree of unmixed satisfaction. On the contrary, I do deplore the state in which we find ourselves placed in many parts of the world, particularly as it has been described in the course of the evening by my Noble Friend (Viscount Strangford). What I attribute that state of our commercial relations to, in a great degree, is, the extreme weakness and tottering condition of our naval establishments. I do not now mean to complain of the distribution of our naval establishments; though, at the same time, I by no means intend to unsay what I have said in respect to the expeditions to Spain, which I cannot approve of; but I repeat my expression, that I consider our naval establishments to be in too weak and tottering a condition to answer the purpose for which they were intended, which was, to give protection to the commercial interests of the country in all parts of the world; for the commerce of England does extend to all parts of the world. There is not a port, not a river, which is not visited by the ships of her Majesty's subjects; and her Majesty's subjects have an undoubted right to protection in whatever part of the world they may think proper to visit in the pursuits of commerce. The circumstance of which I complain I do not at all attribute to neglect upon the part of the Admiralty, neither do I include in my censure the Noble Earl who is at the head of the Admiralty; but those whom I do blame are the individuals who have thought proper to reduce the establishments of the country to such a degree that protection cannot possibly be given in all places where it is required.

I will now call your Lordships' attention to some of the matters which have been alluded to by my Noble Friend (Viscount Strangford). I will say nothing about the question between France and England with relation to the Mexican Government. There is a disputed claim, amounting to about 600,000 dollars, not more than 120,000*l.* sterling; and I am not quite sure that it would not be better for the Mexican mine-owners to pay the money at once, and thus prevent the blockade from continuing any longer. The French Government have thought proper to declare war against the Mexican Government in order to recover the amount of this demand. They have a perfect right to do so. I do not at all dispute that right. But what I say is, that it is the duty of

our Government, and of our Minister in Mexico, to turn their serious attention to this question, with a view to put an end to these hostilities by the exercise of every description of amicable office between the two parties, so as to prevent the continuance of such an evil to Mexico, and, above all, to her Majesty's subjects, and to those engaged in the great mining concerns of that country. When the Minister, who is concerned in carrying on the negotiations on the part of the French Government with respect to the claim for 120,000*l.*, the subject of this war, places himself for protection on board one of the vessels composing the French fleet, in the harbour of Santo Sacraficio, how can the representative of the English Crown upon the spot treat with the French Minister at all, if he has not some force at his back? I do not at all wish to threaten; but what I desire is, to have amicable intercourse with the representative of France. But, to have it, I must be on an equal footing with him. I cannot allow him, while he is aboard of his fleet, to say to me, "Why, you have not even a cockboat." The French Minister is here on board of his armed vessel, in the midst of his fleet, lying in the harbour, and the British Minister has no support or assistance whatever. Here, then, is a blockade regularly established. It is desirable that her Majesty's Minister at Mexico should know the exact situation of that blockade; that he should know whether it is a legal blockade, and whether the blockading power has a force sufficient to maintain the blockade, or not, in order that no collision may take place between her Majesty's subjects and the blockading force. I do not blame the Noble Earl (the Earl of Minto) for what has occurred; but I blame the Parliament; and I will say that we have reduced the navy too low, and that we have not sufficient means of protection for her Majesty's subjects. I am not very well acquainted with the position of affairs in Mexico at present; but I can state that when I was in office, some two or three years ago, I settled a Mexican case, in which there was also some money concerned; the sum was much larger than 120,000*l.*, and I must say that I went by an entirely different road from that which has been adopted by the French Government. As the case was of some importance, it went through the whole world, and was blazoned by the different newspapers; but it was settled without any threat, or anything of the kind whatever, except the usual statements of facts and treaties. With respect to this present case, there is a want of the requisite informatio not known whether the blockade i or not. For my own part, I have any notification to the public; no such notification has been ma there is no legal blockade. The had no right to proclaim a blocka out having a proper force to mai and I believe it would not ha done if we had had a sufficient forc part of the world, and if our com officer had been properly supp representing that that resorted to a legal mode of effecting the bloc am positively certain, although not had the opportunity of seein returns, that I am not mistaken point, nor in saying that this cour have had a great influence 'on terests of her Majesty's subjects remind your Lordships that, si peace, and particularly within twenty years, three great navi sprung up in Europe, which times as strong as they were at mer period. Other navies, it is t put down; but we remain much t A great deal has been said, by way parison, between the strength of in 1792 and in the years 1814 an but when we talk of strength, in t we ought not to look at the subject adverting to the naval establishr other powers. Now, although our force should even be on the same as before, our commerce is not only but extended to a degree ten time than it ever was before; and the a part of the earth, from one the other, in which the protectio navy is not required for our co I must say that, if we should at incur the misfortune of being inv another war—which God forbid!— mode of keeping out of difficult be to maintain such a navy as wo protection to her Majesty's subje parts of the globe. This is the on which I support the views of n Friend who spoke behind me, a of the Noble Lord who sits on t bench,—really feeling, as I do, th a question of great importance, if the Government and the publi brought to look at it in a proper l shall get rid of all difficulties.

The EARL of MINTO. — I a rather glad that the Noble D dwelt so much as he has done present condition of the navy, as me an opportunity of correctin misstatements which have been the subject. I am inclined to ag

ıke in thinking that, at times, ɔen too great a disposition, s of economy, to cripple our ıilitary establishments; but, ɛnt moment, I think we are ırrected of the error. With he navy, no difficulty was e House of Commons three hen a proposal was made for addition to the vote of sea- the navy is not now adequate : service, I certainly must take to myself, because I do not re would be any difficulty in ı increased force if it were At the same time I must have not received any in- ıich leads me to believe that al naval force is required for on of our commerce — not ' of those places to which Duke has referred. From eighteen sail of the line are ıent in commission, and of a very considerable portion le, and might at once, if it ɔle, be sent to any part of But agreeing, as I do, with ıke, in the absolute necessity ng a very large naval power ry, available at any moment, at the same time, appear to ɔessary that the whole of the lly kept in a state of readi- be actually in commission I think it sufficient if the s of the Admiralty are such it, at a very short notice, to naval force of the country, large fleets to sea. That is ıtate of the navy, and I can ɔ most entire confidence, that us could be so sudden that it met with the greatest ease in ıt of a very large and powerful force on the coast of Mexico ient, it is to be remembered the North American station, ıch larger force than was ever ; and that, if the necessity , any part of that would be r Mexico. The blockade to Noble Duke has referred is ːh England cannot interfere; ı regularly announced, and maintained, by the blockading such, therefore, as the British those seas would not be at ıregard or to break through. se, however, to speak upon f the question; I was prin- ous to avail myself of this of stating that the naval s country, at present afloat . — Sess. 1837-8.

and in commission, is much larger than it has been for several years past, and certainly quite equal to all the claims upon its protection of which I have heard; and that there would be no difficulty whatever, from the present state of the ordinary and stores, in sending a very large and powerful fleet to sea in the shortest possible time.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — I do not mean to dispute the Noble Earl's statement with respect to the number of ships in commission or at sea; but I understand that many of them are not half manned or armed, and that this is particularly the case with respect to two ships at present in the St. Lawrence, where it is supposed every vessel ought to be fully equipped. I will now explain what I meant when I spoke of the state of our force stationed on the coast of Mexico. I said that without a naval force her Majesty's Minister in Mexico could not efficiently interpose his good offices to settle a question of this description between the two parties whose disputes are so injurious to the merchants and manufacturers of his own country. I will maintain that he has no chance of having any influence in the settlement of such a question, unless there be lying under his view, and within his call, such a naval force, at least, as is possessed by either of the two belligerent parties who are engaged in what I cannot help calling this most unjustifiable dispute. I do not say that this is an illegal blockade; but, in a blockade, the question is, first, whether it has been notified according to law; and, secondly, whether it is maintained with a sufficient force according to law. My great object, however, in speaking at all on this subject, was, to impress upon your Lordships, upon the Government, and upon the public, the absolute necessity of our keeping up a large naval force in all parts of the world.

The EARL of MINTO. — I beg to correct a mistake into which the Noble Duke has fallen, in supposing that the ships in the St. Lawrence are only half manned and armed. The truth is, that the admirals upon all the different stations, with one solitary exception, have, of late, represented that it would add very much to their convenience, and to the advantage of the public service, if, instead of sending troops out in very large frigates, they were to be allowed to go out in line-of-battle ships, not carrying the lower deck guns. This suggestion has been very generally acted upon; but

the moment that affairs assumed a critical appearance in the St. Lawrence, their lower deck guns were sent out to all the ships there; and, at the present moment, Sir Charles Paget's squadron is fully and completely manned.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I beg to suggest that the Noble Viscount on the cross benches had now better state the terms of the motion which he wishes to make.

VISCOUNT STRANGFORD. — I beg leave to move for —

Copies of any notices given by the French Government to that of Great Britain, respecting blockades established by the French naval forces in South America: Also,

Date of any application that may have been made by the French or Brazilian Governments to that of Great Britain, for the mediation of the latter power in the question respecting the limits of French Guiana: And, also,

Copies of all communications from the Brazilian Government, relating to the military occupation, by a French force, of the town and fort of Mapa.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE.—I have no objection to the first part of the Noble Viscount's motion, nor to the second, if any such documents exist. With respect to the general tenour of the Noble Viscount's speech, I must say that a blockade is always very much to be lamented, is very injurious to trade, and falls very heavily on those who are subjected to its operation. At the same time, every nation possesses the right of making war; and blockade is one mode which has been adopted by every country — by ourselves amongst others —of obtaining satisfaction for injuries received, and we ought not hastily to act as judges, and declare whether a blockade is legal, or not. I perfectly concur with the Noble Duke that the British authority in Mexico ought to be in a position to see that the blockade by the French admiral be kept up in a proper form and with sufficient force; but still the Government would not be justified in constituting itself a judge between the Government of Mexico and that of France. I very much doubt whether, at the present moment, it would be wise on the part of this country to make a direct offer of mediation between the two contending parties: at the same time, Mexico may rest assured of the good offices of this country whenever she may think proper to avail herself of them.

The Noble Viscount (Viscount Strangford) has also spoken of an invas the French, of part of the Brazilia tory, namely, Portuguese Guia has alluded to certain maps wh in the Foreign Office, showing t French occupy a province called or Macauba, on the left bank river Amazon. This possession French was settled and guarantee treaty of Utrecht, and by sever treaties on the subject. It was, settled by the treaty of Vienna, out the limits of the possession, the name of the river bounding it side (a strange sort of name), exact degree of latitude in wh mouth of the river (which was to boundary) was situated. The mat however, to be settled between and Portugal by a subsequent tion; in 1817 that convention wa tiated, and by it the mouth of t river was retained as one boundar but the latitude was altered, and the French a greater extent of t than it before possessed. To m the boundaries of the increased t commissioners were to be appoin if they could not agree, it was a that the mediation of Great Britai be resorted to. Now, whether those commissioners settled the aries, I do not know; but as t been no demand made upon this to interfere, without which dem country could not act as mediato sume the question was arranged. these circumstances, it is serious for consideration whether, or r country ought to interfere at all.

The motion was then agreed to

CALCUTTA.

LORD BROUGHAM.—I hav sent a petition well deserving the of your Lordships, which has bee in my hands by an honourable and gentleman, who was sent over country as the agent of the inhab Calcutta, on the special mission senting the petition to your Lord allude to Mr. Turton, who has l sessed the confidence of those him, and who, for his talents an sional character, has attained a respect and esteem in India wh exampled, except by my Right able and Learned Friend, Mr. Fergusson. The petition is on the s one of the late Acts of the Indian ment, No. 11. of the Acts of 18 monly called the Black Act; it e from the European inhabitants a

' Calcutta. This Act, of which oners complain, was one of the s of a commission, which, in four st no less than 160,000*l.*; and, semblance of giving equal laws atives and Europeans, it places on the most cruel and unjust the world. It enacts that all of whatever class or colour, shall t to be tried for all matters and by the same judges, — native r Aumeers, — in the Zillah or ts, in which seven tenths of the e tried. Now, the effect of this ther more nor less than this, — ons subject, and entitled to be rding, to the English laws, shall e laws administered to them by who go out from this country as ho are not lawyers, and yet who ges in the Zillah Court, in the Court, or Court of Appeal, and lder Dewanny Adawlut Court, or the Last Instance. These judges nore of English law, of *Comyn's* r *Blackstone's Commentaries*, same class of persons in this ow of the Pandects or the Koran. Act, which is called an equal law, r the natives, but extremely bad eans, and I very much doubt is legal; for the 43d section of of 1832 provides that no eastern be passed which can affect the es of the British Crown; and yet interfering with the right of ap- judicial committee of the Privy this country, does trench upon prerogative. I therefore give t, unless I shall see reason to trong opinion which I entertain ject, I shall deem it my duty, as vised the Bill of 1833, to bring under the consideration of the

LYNDHURST. — What do the ask?

BROUGHAM. — That the pre- be taken into consideration.

KE of WELLINGTON. — It ry desirable for Noble Lords, decide upon the matters con- this petition, to look into the e discussions which took place the subject, as from those dis- good deal of information may d.

BROUGHAM. — I have no — it is a *vexata quæstio*. The t recommended by all the com- missioners, but by one commissioner only, and was adopted by the Governor in council.

Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

SLAVERY.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I have received a petition, which has, unfortunately, been mislaid, on the subject of negro emancipation, the purport of which I think it necessary to state. The petitioners, after thanking your Lordships for what you have already done in reference to the question, pray your continued and constant attention in watching the proceedings and conduct of the colonial Legislatures, and they ground their prayer upon the symptoms of ill will shown to the new arrangements by those bodies. They state that, though those bodies were unanimous, as far as their voices went, in favour of emancipation, yet that in their hearts they were not so. They mention that in Barbadoes, for instance, the Legislature has passed no less than five Acts (all of which have received the sanction of the Executive Government) designed to keep up a system of coercive labour, though the slaves have been emancipated; and in British Guiana two ordinances, of a most stringent character, in reference to vagrancy and police, have been passed, the enforcement of which will render freedom in that colony only a name. Other colonies are following the example set them, and I very much fear that the vigilant attention of the Government will be necessary in reference to colonial legislation.

TRADING COMPANIES BILL.

LORD BROUGHAM. — With reference to the Trading Companies Bill, — a measure most abominable in principle, — I trust that my Noble Friend on the woolsack will not think of pressing it on at this period of the Session. If it be brought forward, I shall move its third reading this day three months.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — I cannot give up the Bill.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Then I move the Order of the Day for the third reading of the Bill — the Trading Companies Bill.

The EARL of WICKLOW. — In all my experience I never before knew an instance of a Noble Lord moving the

Order of the Day of a Bill which he meant to oppose.

LORD BROUGHAM. — I am quite regular, for my Noble and Learned Friend said he would not give up the Bill. I wish, therefore, to proceed at once with it; for I have been kept ten days in the House longer than I expected, and I do not mean to be kept here ten minutes longer.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — In order to accommodate my Noble and Learned Friend, I will at once move that the Bill be now read a third time.

LORD BROUGHAM. — Then, as an amendment, I beg to move that the Bill be read a third time this day three months.

The LORD CHANCELLOR. — The present Bill is merely to supply omissions in the measure of last Session, which authorises the Crown to sanction and incorporate associations of persons for effecting, by their joint capital, public works and objects. The Act of last Session is defective in this respect, namely, that it does not comprehend companies formed prior to the Act; but this Bill remedies that defect, on such companies complying with the rules and regulations of the measure now in force.

LORD BROUGHAM.—I have already urged my objections to this measure, and to the Bill of last year. That measure gives the proprietors of trading companies only a limited responsibility, and does away with the care and vigilance which one partner ought to exercise over another. It is the practice to fabricate accounts of fictitious profits, and to make it appear that concerns are able to pay a dividend of 20 per cent. for the current year, and 20 per cent. for the next year, and so they go on till the whole capital is absorbed, there accruing, in fact, nothing but loss during the whole of the time. It is very easy to produce mystification and delusion by means of accounts, when persons are so disposed, and care should be taken to prevent such proceedings. Under the good old system, in the case of a defalcation, the directors would be made to disgorge their profits, if it could be proved that they had not acted fairly; but now, under this new French system, a man will be liable to pay only 100*l.* The results of the plan in France have proved it to be a most mischievous one, *and your Lordships ought* on no account whatever to agree to it. The year is not effective, but this troduced to make it so; theref to be rejected. The plan of originally resorted to in a p where means are wanted to into trade; but that is not England; on the contrary, much disposition to invest trading matters. I do not wi the spirit of fair speculation; this Bill would encourage the of small sums in enterprises not benefit those who engage i the community at large.

The LORD CHANCELL observations of the Noble a Lord may apply very well to t objects of trade and commer to great public works. A railway companies, no canal that deal fairly with the p The real question is, wheth posed system would not be b individuals concerned, and the at large, than that of putting into the hands of corporatio whom the individual creditors force their claims.

LORD BROUGHAM. — C are already under sufficient co established tribunals. If any way and other companies go fact is to be attributed to th Parliament for sifting each committees of both Houses, a arrangements; but now the w is to be handed over to the of an individual.

The EARL of WICKLOW with the Noble and Learned argument against the princi Bill; but I understand that measure, already in existence, ders it necessary that this Bil passed. If the arguments o and Learned Lord had bee against the Bill of last year, have been extremely cogent; existing law be defective, the Learned Lord should move rather than still leave it in state.

The House then divided; appeared—

Content	.
Not content	.
Majority	.

l was then ordered to be read a
on this day three months.

Y OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL.

Order of the Day, for the House
a committee on this Bill, being

RL of FALMOUTH said:—Al-
ay Lords, I am more extensively
l with the prosperity of Cornwall
ther Member of either House of
it, and think this Bill most objec-
I have been desirous, under the
nces, not to impede its progress
he House; but, after having as-
that a statement, most ominous
ning and landed interests of the
as been made in another place
hancellor of the Exchequer, to
tement I shall presently advert,
t I might justly be charged with
f duty if I were any longer to
rom stating my opinions upon
:t. The Bill in question, as has
ly said, certainly does involve
l principles of no small import-
, more especially, it involves the
y of very serious consequences
d and to the mining population
rall. I therefore desire, your
s will permit me to observe, that
y hands in this House (as I have
ewhere) of all responsibilities
to it. I have had nothing to do
origin of this Bill; and when I
d, in Cornwall, that the Chan-
the Exchequer had candidly and
stated to those who held the
at which it originated, that the
of the Duchy duty could be
nly as given, hand in hand, with
ssion of foreign tin, which tin
herto been a just reason for ex-
I freely declared my opinion to be,
:aution, thus given by a Minister
own, ought to have been imme-
aid before the land and mine
of the county for their full and
consideration. But the county,
fortunately, has not had a full and
pportunity for reflecting upon the
in which it really stands. The
mine owners have been told that
ibitory duties on foreign tin can-
ll events, be maintained, and that,
e, the admission of that article is
e looked upon as the consequence
shing the Duchy dues. This de-
I am convinced, has influenced
ho advocate the *present Bill; and* the Minister, finding that they persisted in the object for which the memorial had been presented, decided upon the two-fold measure before your Lordships. It was under these circumstances that I thought it right, as a county man, to work with the deputation from Cornwall in the best way open to me for the protection of the mining interests. And here I would beg the House to remember that these interests are not merely provincial,—far from it; they are those of the great national family, and bear a large share in the national produce and prosperity. I wish always, on these occasions, to remind those who have not been called upon to consider the subject as deeply as I have been for many years past, that a secure supply of the chief Cornish minerals is an object of essential moment to the nation; and that anything which tends to distress and pauperise so considerable a mass of the people as is formed by the mining interests, must be an evil of serious importance to the country at large. I have disapproved of measures which must open the door to such consequences; but when I have found them in preparation, I have sought to obtain the most favourable terms for preventing a ruinous importation of foreign tin. The amount of the new duty has thus become a matter of much discussion between the committee from Cornwall, of which I was chairman, and the Government, and it is true that the parties set out with considering it on the ground that it was not to be prohibitory; but, then, I never understood that when it had been so considered and settled between them, such settlement was to be again liable, at an early period, to re-agitation and realteration. That was no part of the understanding between us; yet has the Chancellor of the Exchequer now, as I understand, in substance declared, that if the proposed duty upon foreign tin should not admit the article to a sufficient extent, that duty would be again reduced, and thus it appears that the mines of Cornwall, many of them being dependent upon the produce of tin and copper promiscuously, are to remain in a constant state of insecurity. Why, my Lords, this is, in effect, no settlement at all. It is not a fair, statesmanlike treatment of the interests concerned; and unless the Noble Viscount opposite can give some satisfactory explanation of the statement to which I have referred, as made from authority elsewhere, I, for my part, shall certainly feel relieved from all embarrassment as to my opposition to the Bill. The course I shall pursue will depend upon the Noble Viscount's an-

swer; and I now call upon the Noble Viscount to say whether the views and declaration to the effect stated in the other House of Parliament were intended, on the part of the Government, to hold out the prospect of further interference at any early period with the mining interests concerned?

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I believe that my Right Honourable Friend the Chancellor of the Exchequer has no such intention as that imputed to him. Objection was taken to the reduction which was in contemplation; and my Right Honourable Friend said that, if it were not found small enough, Parliament might further reduce it. I quite concur in the view of the Noble Earl, as to the inexpediency of perpetual agitation on this subject, and I am not at all anxious to depart, in this case, from the rule generally observed, that when a protecting duty on a commodity is once settled, there is never any great disposition to disturb it.

On the House going into committee, —

The DUKE of WELLINGTON said: — Though I will not put the Noble Viscount opposite to the trouble of a division on the present occasion, I will now give notice of my intention, on the third reading of the Bill, to enter my protest against it. I think that the Duke of Cornwall — (if God should grant us the delight of having one soon) — will find that his interests have been grossly neglected in the present bargain.

The Bill was then reported, without amendment, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.

Commons' amendments considered, and agreed to.

CHURCH BUILDING ACTS AMENDMENT BILL.

Commons' amendments considered, and agreed to.

SHERIFF COURTS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Message to the Commons, to desire a present conference; Commons agree to the conference; managers named; conference had, and Report i Lords had delivered to th the conference, the reasons insisting on certain of th amendments to the Bill, Commons disagree; and h and amendments with then

CHURCH REVE

Petitions, praying for th of surplus revenues of England to the spiritual community, — of inhabita field; Hempstead (Essex) ley; Great Maplestead; E leigh; Hornchurch; East Ti Wix; Stisted; New Sa Botolph, Colchester; All ehester; and Heybridge. — dered to lie on the table.

BEER AC

Petition for alteration of of the Easthampstead unio ordered to lie on the table.

ECCLESIASTICAL MENTS SUSPENS

Returned from the Com amendments agreed to.

BUSINESS OF TH

Select committee on, t row at two o'clock.

The LORD CHANCELLO House, that the clerk ass pared (pursuant to order Return of the number o up from the House of C the present Session, dis months in which the sam up. The same was ordere

CRIMINAL

Report from Select Co Third Report of the Co Criminal Law. — Read, a Minutes of evidence, with ported, and to be delivere

PAPERS

Copy of conviction of tried at Tullamoore, befo Summer assizes, 1837: A

Copy of pardon granted to said Michael Bryan: Also,

Amount of bail, if any, for future good conduct: Also,

Copy of warrant, or free pardon, which enabled John Coughlan, now a prisoner in Tullamoore, to leave the hulks; and what bail, if any, was required: And, also,

Return of number of times said Coughlan has been committed to said gaol since 1831, inclusive.

Copy of the evidence of the select committee of this House, on certain papers respecting the operation of the Poor Law Amendment Act.

Ordered to be laid before the House.

Adjourned

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

PUBLIC BUSINESS.

MESSAGE TO ATTEND THE LORDS COMMISSIONERS.

The House went; and, being returned, Mr. Speaker reported the Royal assent to sundry Bills, for which see Lords' report.

RETURNS, &c.

The following Papers and Returns were severally presented; viz.,—

Poor Law Act (Pershore Union). — Copies presented, of letters relative to the conduct of the clerk of the Pershore union (ordered the 9th of August). — To lie on the table.

Canada. — Copies of ordinance passed by the Governor and Special Council in Lower Canada; and proclamation issued by the Governor of Lower Canada on the 28th of June last (address the 13th of August). — To lie on the table, and to be printed.

Spirit Licences (Ireland). — Return (presented the 7th of August) to be printed.

MISCELLANEOUS PETITIONS.

Fire Insurance, — By the MARQUESS of DOURO, — from Norwich, for repeal of duty.

Idolatry (India),— By the MARQUESS of DOURO and LORD STANLEY, against the interference of British functionaries, — from Templecarne; and Norwich.

Ecclesiastical Duties and Revenues Bill, — By the MARQUESS of DOURO, — of the Dean and Chapter of Norwich, against.

Established Church (Canada), — By CAPTAIN GORDON, — from Weymouth, in support.

Railways (Ireland), — Of shareholders in the Great Leinster and Munster railway, complaining of certain statements in the Report of the Com Railways in Ireland, and p quiry.

Postage, — From Norwi and uniform rate.

Poor Law Act. — Of the deacons of the Baptist Chu shall, complaining of an poorhouse at Andover ha fused permission to attend at a dissenting chapel.

To lie on the table.

ANSWER TO ADI

For papers (7th, 9th, an gust), reported.

EDUCATION (SC COMMITTE

Report brought up, and on the table, and to be prin

LONDON AND HO ROADS.

Fifteenth Report of ((presented the 13th of printed.

ECCLESIASTICAL . MENTS SUPENSI(

Lords' amendments agre

MESSAGE FROM TH

That they have agreed to Cornwall and Lancaster Bil Treaties Bill; Corporate land) Bill; Coal Trade (Bill; Exchequer Bills (P Bill; Exchequer Bills (11,0 Four and a Half per Centu Tranfer of Funds (War Of to amendments to Oaths' and to amendments to Form Bill, without amendment: Lands (Ireland) Bill; Pers

) Bill; County Treasurers (Ire-
, with amendments.
ıey have passed a Bill, intituled,
touching the Insertion of Sche-
ebtors in Newspapers."
ıey do communicate a copy of
ıce taken before the select com-
their Lordships on certain
specting the operation of the
Amendment Act, 1837-38.
ıey do desire a present confer-
this House, in their Lordships'
room No. 5., upon the sub-
ır of the conference on Thurs-
d instant, relative to the amend-
ıde to the Bill intituled "An
gulate the Constitution, Juris-
ıd Forms of Process of Sheriff
Scotland." — House agree to a
e.

l, that the managers who ma-
conference upon Thursday, the
ust, do manage this conference:
e names of Lord Viscount How-
Viscount Ebrington, Mr. La-
Mr. Ellice, Sir Henry Parnell,
t Price, and Sir George Grey
d to them.

ıe names of the managers were
ır; and they went to the con-
and, being returned, —

IANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER
That the managers had met the
a conference, which was ma-
the part of the Lords by the
evon, who acquainted them that
, having taken into consider-
reasons given by the Commons
l conference for disagreeing to
ıendments made by their Lord-
the Sheriffs Court (Scotland)
nsist upon the amendments to
s House hath disagreed, for
y gave their reasons.

GE FROM THE LORDS,

ey have agreed to the amend-
the Church Building Act
nt Bill; and to the amend-
the amendments to the Tithes
Bill, without amendment.
ıey do desire a present con-
th this House, in their Lord-
ımittee room No. 5., upon the
atter of the amendments made
ouse to the Bill intituled "An
olishing Arrest on Mesne Pro-
ivil Actions, except in certain
r extending the Remedies of
against the *Property of Debtors,*
and for amending the Laws for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England." — House agree to a conference.

Managers appointed: — Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Poulett Thomson, Mr. Vernon Smith, Sir Robert Price, Sir George Grey, Lord Viscount Ebrington, Mr. Ellice, Sir Henry Parnell, Mr. Bernal, Mr. Hawes, and Mr. Labouchere.

Then the names of the managers were called over; and they went to the conference; and, being returned, —

Mr. CHANCELLOR of the EXCHEQUER reported, That the managers had met the Lords at a conference, which was managed on the part of the Lords by the Earl of Devon, who acquainted them that the Lords do agree to several of the amendments made by this House to the Imprisonment for Debt Bill, without amendment, and to others of the said amendments, with amendments; and do disagree to one of the said amendments, for which they gave their reasons.

CANADA INDEMNITY BILL.

Order for committee read.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — In moving, Sir, that you do now leave the chair, I find it necessary to address the House, not only with respect to this Bill, but with respect to certain comments that have been made upon the subject out of which the Bill has arisen. I cannot feel any surprise that the Honourable Gentleman the Member for Westminster (Mr. Leader) should have asked me, yesterday, whether I intended to propose any amendments in the present Bill, or whether I meant to ask the House to adopt it without any amendment whatever. At the time, however, that the Honourable Gentleman asked me that question, I was not aware whether additional words might not have been introduced into the Bill subsequently to the time when it was first ordered to be printed by the House of Lords. Having since seen the Bill, I can now state to the Honourable Gentleman that it is my intention to propose to the House of Commons — a proposal which I shall make very reluctantly — that it should assent to the Bill as it comes down from the other House without any amendment. I say that I make this proposition with reluctance, because I feel that if we were at any other period of the Session, — that if the House were not

utterly exhausted by the labours of this protracted Session, — that if the attendance of Members were not, at present, so much reduced in numbers as to render it impossible to expect such an expression of the opinion of the House as would carry due weight with respect to a large measure of this importance, — I certainly should have thought, after the comments that have been made, after the doubts that have been expressed, that it would have been proper to introduce into this Bill some other, and additional, clauses, in order to make clear what were the intentions of the Legislature with regard to the affairs of Canada. It has been thought, in the other House of Parliament, that it is proper to propose a Bill of Indemnity with regard to certain parts of an ordinance passed by the Earl of Durham and the Special Council in Canada, indemnifying persons who may have acted under that ordinance with respect to sending certain prisoners to the Bermudas, or keeping them in restraint under that cluster of islands. It has likewise, as I understand, been the decision of the House of Lords, that they will not proceed any further than to give that indemnity. Clauses were proposed in the original Bill, and subsequently in the committee, to make a declaration on the part of Parliament with respect to the meaning of the Act; but it was thought better to pass that subject by altogether, and not to raise, at the present period of the Session, any of the new questions that might be mooted, in consequence of a declaration either one way or the other, in reference to certain parts of the Bill which passed at the commencement of the Session with respect to Lower Canada. Such having been the decision of the House of Lords, and such being now the decision of this House, I feel that it would be fruitless in me to endeavour to obtain a declaration of opinion, on the part of this House, which would not be esteemed as a declaration carrying with it all that authority which a discussion and decision at an earlier period of the Session would have been calculated to produce. I feel, undoubtedly, especially after what has been said, that, in declining to take that course, — that, in abstaining from proposing any amendment or any new clause, — the responsibility of the Government at home, and of the Governor General who is to administer affairs in Canada, whether it be the Earl of Durham or any one else, is exceedingly increased. I feel, however, weighing together the advantages and the disadvantages on the one side and on the other, that, as far as we are concerned, it is better to i increased responsibility than to a fruitless attempt at obtaining clear and decisive declaration mentary opinion. Therefore, wl pose is, that the House of Lord decided that, in their opinion, — understand, from my Honour Learned Friend the Attorney in conformity with his opinion so much of the ordinance made lished by the Governor General with the advice and consent of th Council, and intituled "An Ord provide for the Security of the of Lower Canada," as relates tc persons under restraint in the B cannot be justified by law; a therefore, it is necessary, if Pa wishes to avoid the evil cons which might arise to the pers have acted under that ordinance indemnity should be granted by ment;—I say, such an opinion hav expressed, such a Bill having co from the House of Lords, and su clearly the opinion of legal au generally, — I will not say the o every legal authority, but of th number of legal authorities who h nounced any opinion upon the su I think this House can hardly he unless it be disposed to refuse demnity whatever — to give its the passing of a Bill of this natu

There is, however, another qu which I am obliged to call th tion of the House; and I do so, in consequence of public commen have been made on the conduc Majesty's Government, and wl notorious, but likewise in conseq the few words which fell from t Lord the Member for North La (Lord Stanley) last evening. I unwilling to call the attention of able Gentlemen, in any way, to th nature of the proceedings which h taken by the Earl of Durham sinc sumed the government of Canada. asked the House, more than once bear from expressing an opinion up proceedings until — the case bei fully before them, until — the pr Lord Durham's administration in being more completely known,—t might act with a better knowled the circumstances, and be enabled to a more sound and mature decis I repeat that opinion now, it is no purpose — far from it — of i that, in this House, there has b disposition to refuse that which I a reasonable request, namely, that

lgment until it should be he facts. On the contrary, ess my grateful thanks to the forbearance which it i this subject, — a forbear- ill not attribute eith r to r the reputation of Lord any confidence which cer- f the House do not profess Majesty's present Govern- iich I ascribe to the higher bearance would be more in h the general interests of i a precipitate or premature rith the Government of when I say that such has :arance of this House, I tion with respect to an ob- upon a question that was it Honourable and Learned pon (Sir E. Sugden). ng occurred to his mind, lonourable and Learned :ed his doubt with perfect fairness, without anything r an imputation upon any :onceived the doubt, it was ir on his part that he should manner he did, and accom- he declaration which he which I really believe he iat he was most unwilling any way, the authority of General in Canada. With ore, to what has passed in is not necessary for me to t we cannot disguise from there have, of late, been le, with which the public iinted, with regard to the ie Act which was passed at :ment of the Session, for rary provision for the go- Lower Canada, — which :t not only those points of issued by Lord Durham the Bermudas, (a place out :ion), but which affect, also, nd the authority of any per- be governing in the name in Lower Canada, — com- end to deprive the repre- :r Majesty of all means, — ans at least, — of meeting l preparation for rebellion; icourage those who may be fresh insurrections and and which are calculated to uncertainty upon the whole ons which the Government, the great majority of the upposed had been positively the discussions upon the the *commencement of the* year. In saying, however, that we mean to undertake the responsibility of governing Canada under this Act of Parliament, I cannot refrain from declaring what is the sense which I, and those with whom I have the honour to act, attach to the Bill which was introduced and passed upon this subject in a former part of the Session. My Noble Friend opposite, yesterday, said that there might arise questions with regard to the whole of the ordinance, — with regard to the power it would exercise, — with respect to persons who either might confess themselves to be guilty or be found to be guilty,—and with regard to the interference it might work with the ordinary proceedings of the criminal law. I think that the interpretation which I understand some individuals to have put upon the Canada Act — (namely, that, by certain words introduced into a proviso, it was intended by Parliament that there should be no interference, by suspension, alteration, or repeal of any part of the criminal law of this country in Canada) — is an interpretation totally at variance with the fair scope and clear intention of the Act. From the first word of the title to the last words of the enactment, such an interpretation is, in my opinion, entirely contradictory of the whole meaning and purpose of the Act. The meaning of the enactment, — I will not discuss particular words of it, because I would rather leave that part of the controversy to persons of legal authority which I cannot pretend to, — but the whole meaning of the Act, as we propose it, was set forth in the opening of the Act, which runs thus: —

> Whereas it is not possible to call together the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada; and whereas it is expedient to provide for the exigencies of the public service in that province, and that an authority competent for the same be established —

This is what we proposed under the Act to which I refer. The question might have been proposed, — and no doubt it was a matter of deliberation, — whether, by suspending only part of the laws which provide for the liberty of the subject, the danger of conspiracy and revolt might not be guarded against; but it seemed a more complete, a more full, although undoubtedly a more arbitrary Act, to propose to create an authority which should be able to provide laws in Canada necessary for the occasion. Accordingly, the Act provides with respect to certain moneys that are to be issued, and establishes guards against any increase of taxes, and against any unfit appropriation of a surplus; the whole of the measure evidently intending that, with

these guards, the legislative authority of the province was to be exercised by the Governor General and the Special Council which you constituted in Lower Canada. If, on the contrary, the Act is to be interpreted by the few words which say that no Act of the Parliament of Great Britain or of the United Kingdom is to be interfered with, it would be impossible for the Legislative Assembly in Lower Canada to be put a stop to; because the Act of 1791, which constituted the Legislative Assembly in that province, provided that the Assembly was to grant money, and appropriate money, for the service of the Crown. It would be impossible, therefore, to provide for the necessary wants of the province if you were to say that these words were to be construed in the sense in which some persons say they were intended, namely, that there should be no interference whatever by the legislative authority in Canada, in anything connected with an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain. But I think it is still more extravagant to say that, because, by an Act of 1774, the criminal law of this country was transferred in a body to Canada, therefore every proceeding under the criminal law, — every proceeding which may be observed in times of quiet in this country, but which is often suspended in times of disturbance, — must be kept in exactly the same state, and without any alteration whatever, during this period, when you have thought fit to establish an extraordinary legislative authority in Lower Canada. But although such an interpretation would be evidently contrary to the whole meaning and purpose of the Act, I can conceive that it might be said that such, however contradictory it may appear, was the intention of Parliament; and that, in assenting to the Canada Act, it had been clearly announced and generally understood that there was an exception made, by which it was impossible to suspend any part of the laws providing for the liberty of the subject and for criminal trials in Canada.

But is this the case? I have referred to that which was stated both by myself in bringing forward the Bill, and by others in subsequent stages of the Bill. I see, on the first day, when I brought forward the address to the Crown, I stated, generally, that the meaning of the Special Council was, that the Governor General, assisted by that body, should pass such Acts as occasion might require for the government of the province; and the next day, when I moved for leave to *bring in the Bill, I stated* that the object of it was, to enable the Governor G in council — the council not being in number, but of which five sho sufficient to constitute a quoru pass any laws that might be con necessary during the temporary s sion of the Legislative Assembly province. That was the general p of the statement which I made, ev meaning that the general legislati thority of the province, such as wa sessed by the Legislative Assem Lower Canada, was, for a time, given to the Governor Genera the Special Council. Was any tion made to it? No. No ob was made to the Bill, except by who opposed it altogether as est ing a dictatorship. Yet the Bi very amply discussed during its pr through the House, and several a ments were proposed in the com Amongst others, certain amendme which the attention of the Hou very much called, were proposed Right Honourable Baronet the M for Tamworth (Sir R. Peel). amendments, as I have said, att and very naturally so, a great d attention. The Right Honourab ronet gave notice of them severa before they were proposed in this H and, after very mature deliberation were finally adopted by the Hou committee. Those amendments, ever, did not touch any of the po which I have been alluding. The one amendment, assuredly, whi Right Honourable Baronet pro that would have made an alte not upon this point, but with reg the authority of the Governor G and the Special Council. The Rig nourable Baronet proposed to om part of the Bill by which the Go General should be, alone, empowe propose laws for the assent or ref the Special Council; but, in consec of the observations made by my Honourable Friend the Member f ventry (Mr. Edward Ellice), the Honourable Baronet abandoned tha of his proposition; thus leaving, were, to the Governor General th power of proposing, or, rather, o ginating, such laws as might be d necessary for the government of th vince. But, in the course of the d other statements were made with r to certain laws, both by my Noble l (Lord Stanley) the Member for Lancashire, and by the Honourabl Learned Gentleman the Member fo eter (Sir William Follett). The ob

ations made by each of them were very voluminous, and I shall therefore content myself upon the present occasion by merely stating the substance of them. It was stated by the Honourable and Learned Gentleman that the Governor General in council would have power, under this Bill, with respect to particular permanent laws of the province, with reference to which the Legislative Assembly had a certain authority, but which were not necessary for the temporary purposes for which the Canada Act was introduced. Now, the language that was used by the Noble Lord opposite, the Member for North Lancashire (Lord Stanley), with regard to the manner in which such laws would be propounded, was very remarkable. He said it was all very well to talk of the council — as a matter of courtesy — but that, in reality, everything rested with the Governor, who was dictator. The Noble Lord, then, who was a supporter of the Bill, took this view of it, that the Governor in council was dictator; and that all laws would emanate from him. I dare say my Noble Friend does not depart from that statement, now; but it is rather inconsistent with the declaration at present made, that it was supposed, when the Act passed, that the Special Council would be, in fact, an independent authority, over which the Governor General could exercise but a very limited influence. The Noble Lord then mentioned three things over which he thought the Governor General ought not to have authority: amongst these were the rights of the Roman Catholics, the protection of the Protestant Church, and the tenure of lands.

The Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter, following the course of the Noble Lord, stated, likewise, that he had a great objection to the Governor General in council having authority over these particular matters; and he mentioned, in addition, the Canada Tenures Act, and several other subjects of local concern, stating, very clearly, why these, being matters of permanent interest, should not be brought within the scope of authority given, for temporary purposes only, to the Governor General in council. He then stated that the question was not a question of local police, or one affecting the affairs of the local government; and that there was, therefore, no necessity to intrust such an authority to the provisional Government. My Honourable Friend the Under Secretary of State replied, upon that remark, in something to this effect: —

If this be your *object — if you only want* words to exclude the Governor General in council from interfering with such questions as the rights of Roman Catholics, the clergy reserves, the right of tenure, and other local matters of that kind, — I shall not object to them; because I do not conceive it essential to the restoration of subordination and obedience to the laws that the Governor General should have authority over such matters.

I am perfectly certain that the Honourable and Learned Gentleman (Sir W. Follett), with the eminence which he possesses in every way, could never have made the statement which came from him, upon that occasion, if he had entertained in his mind a wish to prevent the Governor General from passing Acts affecting the security of the province. If he had wished or intended to say that the whole course of the criminal law should be unaltered, and that the Governor General should have no such power as that proposed to be conferred upon him by the Bill, he would have stated his views distinctly and clearly to the House, and would have asked the House either to agree to his proposition, or to express a decided dissent from it. But the Honourable and Learned Gentleman could have meant no such thing — at all events, the Government never could have supposed that he meant any such thing. Our attention had been called to the course pursued by the Honourable Member for Westminster, who opposed the Bill altogether, and also to the amendments of the Right Honourable Baronet the Member for Tamworth, who agreed to the general purposes of the Bill; but with respect to the amendment of the Honourable and Learned Gentleman, it appeared to us to provide only against that for which it was not necessary to make any provision at all. It seemed to us, therefore, as far as principle went, not to be a material amendment; and, consequently, no objection was made to the introduction of the words proposed. But supposing that these words, and the interpretation put upon them, were totally contrary to the whole meaning of the Act, — supposing that they could not bear the interpretation which I put upon the whole Act, — was there anything in the committee in this House that could induce us to say that, notwithstanding the general purport of the Act, there was still this limitation reserved, depriving the Act of all its force? And let it be remembered that, after this amendment was introduced, we were still reproached with being guilty of an act of despotism. We admitted that reproach. We did not say that it was an act of peculiar mildness, intended

to provide only for mere matters of local police, in conformity with the laws of England. On the contrary, we admitted that it was an Act despotic in its form, but necessary for the safety and security of the province. I, therefore, cannot think that anything which has passed in this House can induce anybody to suppose that there is, in the ordinance of the Earl of Durham, anything contrary to the powers intended by the Canada Act to be confided to him as Governor General. The Bill went up to the House of Lords, and in one of the debates which took place upon it there, I find that my Noble Friend (Lord Glenelg), the Secretary for the Colonies, said, —

It is, undoubtedly, my Lords, a measure of severity — it is an arbitrary measure; but I submit that it is a measure which is absolutely necessary under the existing circumstances.

Now, if it had been our intention to obtain a measure merely to deprive the local Legislature of Lower Canada of the power enjoyed by the Legislature of the upper province, would this have been the description—the disadvantageous description which the Secretary for the Colonies would have given of it? I can imagine a Minister saying that a measure which he proposed was a lenient and mild one, when, in fact, it was an arbitrary one; but that a Minister should come forward and say that his measure was an arbitrary and despotic one, when, in fact, it was neither despotic nor arbitrary, would have been to invite reproach without being liable to it, and could hardly have entered into the mind of any person holding authority under the Crown. But there were others who described this measure after it had passed through the House of Lords, and after it had received the amendment of the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter, in protests now upon the Journals of the House of Lords. These are not mere fugitive words that escaped in the heat of debate, but words carefully selected by eminent persons in the House of Lords, to express, in the clearest and most intelligible manner, their deliberate opinions of the nature of the measure which they were called upon to pass. This, then, is the description of the measure by two Noble Lords who entered protests against it upon the Journals of the other House: —

Because the events which have taken place on the frontier of the United States show the expediency of effecting, at the earliest period, a permanent, and therefore a conciliatory settlement of all questions relating to Lower Canada; and *the Bill interposes a long* interval of despotism before any proposition for such settlement can be entertained.

The 9th reason was, —

Because the Bill thus postpones the calling of a new Parliament to a period necessarily more unfavourable than the present; and, occupying the interval by a coercive despotism, tends at once to alienate the affections of the people of Lower Canada, to engage the sympathy of the people of the United States in their favour, and to bring upon this country the accumulated evils of civil and of foreign war.

That protest is signed with the names of "Ellenborough" and "Brougham." There is another protest, which contains this reason, —

Because this measure deprives the people of Lower Canada not only of the rights which were given them by the British Legislature, but of the rest of the constitution which they have previously enjoyed.

That is signed by "Fitzwilliam" and "Brougham." Now, with that reason given, on the Bill passing through the House of Lords, I am quite sure that if any one were to venture to say that the Bill preserved to the people of Canada the rights given to them by the British Legislature, Lord Brougham, who entered that protest, must be the first to set such person right as to the fact, by telling him that the measure was, in its nature, coercive, that it was an act of despotism, and was one which deprived the people of Lower Canada of their constitutional rights. Such, then, was the character of the Act when it passed through both Houses of Parliament; such the nature and general purport of the Act; such the declared intentions of its proposers; and such was the character given to it by its opponents, after due deliberation. When the Bill went out to Canada, the powers under it were, in the first place, intrusted to Sir John Colborne. And with respect to those powers a question was asked of me in this House, whether it was intended to confer the powers of the Bill upon Sir John Colborne, or to wait till the Earl of Durham arrived in the colony? I, foreseeing the necessity that there might be to provide for the safety of the province by measures of a rigorous, and even unconstitutional character, against the dangers which might occur there, gave this answer:— "There might be many measures which it would be necessary to take at once, in order to secure the peace of the province, and which might render it inexpedient to delay the exercise by the Lieutenant Governor, of the powers with which he would be invested till the arrival of Lord Durham." That answer, again, clearly shows

was something more in the
given to the Earl of Durham
rusted to Sir John Colborne.
e of this Act may likewise be
m the conduct pursued by Sir
rne, himself; such conduct
known to Parliament during
, and having been acquiesced
. Sir John Colborne, in his
the 7th of May, 1838, sent
us ordinances, of which he
s a list. He does not give an
what occurred in the Special
how certain persons voted.
se ordinances there was one
the Governor, or person ad-
the government of the pro-
wer Canada, to extend a condi-
n, in certain cases, to persons
en concerned in the late in-
There was another ordi-
provide for the more speedy
f persons indicted for high
had fled from the province,
l concealed therein to escape
e." There was also another
" for preventing mischiefs
n the printing and publishing
, pamphlets, and papers of a
by persons not known; and for
oses." Now, I think it can
aid, by anybody, — these ordi-
ng been sent from Canada on
day, and presented some weeks
o this House,—that Parliament
gnisant of the steps taken by
Colborne in pursuance of the
ted in him. It cannot be said,
r hand, I think, that he was pro-
ording to the ordinary mode
inal law of this country. It can
aintained that what he did did
any way, any Act published by
Parliament. And yet, as a ques-
, if that which I consider to be
and extravagant meaning were
ed to the Canadian Act of this
imely, that it was not to affect
l law in any respect, these acts
n Colborne ought to have been
estion; and then, no doubt, we
e been told that we had totally
he meaning of that Act, and
hn Colborne had mistaken his
n this particular. In the first
rdinances, Sir John Colborne
shall and may be lawful for the
or person administering the
it of the said province, to grant,
seem fit, a pardon to such per-
before arraignment, shall have
don for his offence, upon such
conditions as may appear pro-
h pardon shall *have the same* effect as an attainder of the person therein named for the crime of high treason."

LORD STANLEY. — "So far as regards his estate and property, real and personal."

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — Yes; it certainly does not mean so far as regards the forfeiture of his life; for it relates to persons who apply for pardon, that pardon, in the case of high treason, being of itself a sufficient declaration that a forfeiture of life was not intended. But it goes on further, and says, — "Be it further ordained and enacted, by the authority aforesaid, that in case any person shall be pardoned under this ordinance, upon condition of being transported, or of banishing himself from this province, either for life or for any term of years, such person, if he shall afterwards voluntarily return to this province, without lawful excuse, contrary to the condition of his pardon, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall suffer death, as in cases of felony." Now, here is a special provision, no doubt exceedingly proper and necessary, considering the difficult circumstances in which Canada was placed, but as contrary to the usual mode of proceeding with respect to persons ordinarily charged with crime as anything can be. Then, in the ordinance (Inclosure No. 6.) providing for the more speedy attainder of persons indicted for high treason, who have fled from the province, or remain concealed therein to escape from justice, it is said, — "that, in case any indictment shall be found by a grand jury, at and before any court of competent jurisdiction in the said province, then proclamation shall be made for those persons to surrender;" and that if they do not surrender within a certain day, "they shall stand and be adjudged attainted of the crime expressed and set forth in such indictment, and shall suffer and forfeit as a person attainted of such crime ought to suffer and forfeit, by and according to the laws of this province." Now, Sir, I am not arguing the question, whether or not these ordinances of Sir John Colborne justify or do not justify the ordinance which is now in question, issued by the Earl of Durham. The question that I am putting to this House is, whether it is conceivable — Sir John Colborne having thus used his authority, and these papers having been presented to Parliament — that any one entertained the supposition that these ordinances were totally contrary to the Act of Parliament passed this Session — that Sir John Colborne, in issuing those ordi-

nances, had violated the law, and that he would either be liable to a prosecution, or require an indemnity, for publishing such ordinances? Such, at least, was not the opinion of Government. They conceived that Sir John Colborne was acting within the intention and spirit of that Act of Parliament; that he was providing for this extraordinary occasion in a manner in which he was justified; acting according to the best of his judgment, though acting with severity, perhaps, against persons who were suspected of high treason, and who had fled the province; but at the same time acting with great mercy towards those who were already in prison, and who might afterwards confess themselves guilty. But this, at least, is apparent, that it is hardly possible that there should have been an Act of Parliament brought in with such a purpose; that there should have been words introduced to which no one paid much attention; that the Governor should have acted in conformity with the original intention and purport of the Act, and yet that there should be a vice in that Act which rendered null and illegal the whole of his proceedings; and that that vice never should have been discovered until the Earl of Durham issued this ordinance. I must say that I believe that if such an opinion were given as to any vice in the Act, and as to the time of making the discovery, the interpretation of it would be, that it was not because the Earl of Durham had acted illegally,—but that because Sir John Colborne was a person not obnoxious to political animosity, and because he was not connected with any political party, whereas the Earl of Durham was so connected, therefore that vice, which was so harmlessly existing while Sir John Colborne was acting in this manner, was reserved to be denounced as against the Earl of Durham.

Such, then, have been the proceedings adopted by Sir John Colborne under this Act. When the Earl of Durham arrived in Lower Canada, however, the difficulties of that colony still subsisted. He has issued a certain other ordinance, and I submit that, although that portion of his ordinance which regards the Bermudas cannot be justified by law, and therefore the whole of the ordinance cannot be justified by law; yet, if those ordinances of Sir John Colborne were according to the Act, that what has been done by the Earl of Durham is also within the meaning and intention of that Act. I therefore say that I am ready to maintain, at whatever risk we may incur of a contrary *determination by Parliament* hereafter, that these were powers intended to be given by Parliament; that they were powers required by the necessity of the occasion; that they were powers, if you will, despotic and arbitrary, but that the necessity of the occasion justified them; that, after Parliament had enacted them, Sir John Colborne rightfully and lawfully put them in force; and that the same powers and the same law which justified Sir John Colborne in so acting justified the Earl of Durham, so far as the law is concerned, with respect to these proceedings. I have entered into this argument because I think it necessary to declare what is our interpretation — what is our opinion of the law, and also because I do think it necessary, at this moment, to let all those who may be concerned in Canadian affairs know that, at whatever peril, the Government will meet conspiracies and insurrections, the which I fear may have received some encouragement from what has lately passed. But, Sir, nothing which has passed shall induce me, however unfavourable circumstances may be, to shrink from the duty which I think is imposed upon us. If there could have been at this time a full meeting of Parliament obtained, I should have thought it right to ask that all doubt should be cleared up as to the power — whether it be great or whether it be small — which is to be given to the Legislature in Canada; and that that power should be clearly acknowledged by Parliament, in order that we might have some certain rule to go by, and that we might be sure we were acting according to the intentions and views of Parliament. But I find in the present state of the House, at the present late period of the Session, and with the little likelihood that the two Houses would agree on the mater, that it is necessary that we should undertake the risk of acting upon such interpretation as we can ourselves put upon the law.

I feel no doubt that the responsibility is great; no doubt the Earl of Durham will feel that the responsibility is not only great, but painful; but I do trust that, supported as I hope he will be by the general concurrence of the province of Canada, — supported as I think he may expect to be by Parliament,— he will consider that he is bound to give to his country his services, unmindful of the obloquy, and unmindful of the attacks which may attend his course. All this is certainly different treatment from what he had a right to expect. He was sensible — no man could be more so — when he undertook this duty, of the risks with which he undertook it, and of the perilous nature of the difficulties attending the Government in Canada. He

ɔnceal from the Government, he public in general, his opi- e arduous nature of that duty. knew full well that, in the f those who are politically op- m, he stated that he trusted to ous forbearance when his con- l come to be judged of in this I do, therefore, think that it e been but fair for those per- ıve said to him, if it was their ot to act in the spirit of that This is an Act of despotism; ɔt giving extraordinary powers, bent upon Parliament to watch — to judge with jealousy — to harshness — rather than allow llable of the law to be infringed say, if such were the intention ty, it would have been but just r that party to have declared it. was not the conduct pursued, e no doubt that the Earl of ıs framed this ordinance in the ence and belief that the diffi- ıad to encounter would be ap- ınd that his measures would be r viewed by those who might elligence of them, here. For art, I have now stated to you hink the Earl of Durham is jus- w.

t enter into the question whether ınce is different in principle — does not go beyond an Act of and other Acts of a severe kind e been passed in this country, have been passed in Ireland, sions of a like nature. I will scuss that topic. I do not dis- liefly because I am not fully ıe reasons which influenced the ırham to issue that ordinance ıner in which it has been issued. e that the question was a most ıe with regard both to those who ned for treason and those who om the province. With regard ho were confined in the first in- the time of Lord Gosford, — and were afterwards confined in the r John Colborne, — a question ch was much considered both in nd in this country. It would ı possible to have acted with rity, and yet to have kept within of the law. It would have been ı have defied the most casuistic have found a blot in the pro- of the Governor General, and ve acted with great severity. I how that might have been done. with regard to juries, had under- ange within the *last few years*; but that law expired a year or two ago. That law having expired, it would have been possible, according to the strict letter of the subsisting law, to have summoned a jury which would have chiefly consisted, not of inhabitants of the province of Montreal, indifferently chosen, but of those who had been engaged in hostility against the insurgents, and who would have been most inflamed with feelings of revenge and animosity. It would have been possible to have summoned such a jury; and it cannot be doubted, on one clear act of rebellion being proved against persons who had been seen in arms, that many of those persons would have been convicted. What, then, was to preclude a person of a sanguinary disposition from acting upon those verdicts, and executing capital punishment upon those persons? And yet I do say that, although by such conduct, by summoning such juries, which could not have been impugned, except upon those large grounds of general justice and equity which ought always to be regarded, any persons should have been condemned to death and had lost their lives, — that, although no lawyer could have detected a flaw in that course, — that, although it would have been impossible to say that the letter of the law did not bear out the Earl of Durham, — still I should have felt less able, at that moment, to have defended the conduct of that Noble Earl, than I do, now, when I know that, in spite of illegality, in spite of informality, in spite of this violation of principle if you will, he has taken a course which — while it has been looked upon by the British inhabitants in Lower Canada as one of a mistaken and of an over-generous lenity, and not one (as I think it is) of a wise and statesmanlike policy — has reconciled the ways of mercy with that which was due to the safety of the province, and to the interests of her Majesty's faithful subjects, there. With this impression on my mind, therefore, I ask you at once to pass this Bill of Indemnity, limited as it is; but telling you, at the same time, that when the time comes, I shall be prepared, not indeed to say that the terms or words of the ordinance passed by the Earl of Durham are altogether to be justified, and not that I think it a light matter — as the Honourable Member for Westminster supposes — that persons not arraigned or summoned to answer for the offences of which they are charged should be punished if found within the province; but I shall be prepared to say that, looking to the conduct of the Earl of Durham as a whole — that, believing him to be animated by the deepest zeal for the welfare of this country —

that, believing him likewise to have wished to avoid anything which could be construed into an act of unnecessary severity — that, believing these things, I shall be ready to take part with him — I shall be ready to bear my share of any responsibility which is to be incurred in these difficult circumstances. And I do say that, if the province of Upper Canada is preserved to this country — that if, the insurrection being suppressed, the punishment of death can be altogether avoided in practice, and that if we shall be able to restore to that province the enjoyment of a free constitution,— I do think that no invective — that no sophistry — that no accumulation of circumstances — that no bitterness of sarcasm, accompanied by professions of friendship, and thereby attempting to disguise, but not in fact disguising, the petty and personal feelings which are at the bottom of all these attacks,—will in the least degree affect the Noble Earl against whom they have been levelled, but that he will have deserved well of his country, well of his Sovereign, and well of our posterity.

LORD STANLEY. — I assure the House that I never addressed myself with more unwillingness to the consideration of any political question, not only on account of the difficulty of contending against the apathy and indifference which must prevail at this late period of the Session, but also because I cannot help feeling that its agitation and discussion must almost inevitably lead to consequences prejudicial to the maintenance of order in Canada. The Noble Lord who has just sat down, in the commencement of his address, has given credit to the House, at both sides, for the forbearance it has exercised, not only towards her Majesty's Government, but also towards the Earl of Durham; but, in the conclusion of the Noble Lord's speech, he intimated that the Earl of Durham had not received that forbearance which he had a right to expect — that he had not had that latitude ——

LORD J. RUSSELL. — I alluded to another place; I did not allude to any portion of this House.

LORD STANLEY. — I am well aware of the nature of the allusion made by the Noble Lord — it would be difficult to mistake the person to whom the allusions made by the Noble Lord were directed. But when the House of Lords sanctioned *by their proceedings* the declaration which *is now forced upon us, it* is but just, even though the Noble Lord finds fa any individual whom he may hold put himself unnecessarily forward matter, that it should be clearly a tinctly understood that against tl body of the Noble Lord's politic nents he brings no charge of a forbearance, or a want of conc At the same time, I do not preten that that person is to be blame from whatever motive, or upon w grounds, seeing, as he believed, infraction of a constitutional prin seeing an act arbitrary and des its nature, at best, carried to an and pushed to a degree of confess gality beyond that which Parliame ever intend, or which any branch Legislature could ever have conte — I will say, that that Member liament, be he of the one House o other, — is not liable to the Noble censure, at the close of the Session, he may have interposed to give a leg to an illegal document, and to la Parliament the difficulties and dang which the Government and the Durham have been drawn. I reg this discussion has been forced u but, forced upon us, as it has been, Noble Lord undertaking to vindic most extraordinary ordinance, an pelling us to discuss the merits of its provisions, I do not hesitate or from expressing my own sense an of the unconstitutional nature, if absolute illegality, of this ordina every one of its parts. That portio ordinance which refers to the tra ation of persons to the Bermudas dismissed from all discussion, the Lord having admitted that it is and that an Act of Indemnity is n for all persons who have acted o act under it. But what is the ren of this extraordinary ordinance? question the motives of the Earl ham? Not at all. I believe that t of Durham took the course which lieved to be most consistent wi manity and with the interests of t vince, and that his desire was to s effusion of blood, by preventing t sibility of those persons coming within the province. But, giving t of Durham credit for these motives, not give my consent to the propr to the legality of the course pursued to carry those motives into effect. House look for a moment at t classes of persons with whom the nances propose to deal. This ord applies to two classes of indivi one class are those who have con

their guilt, and have submitted themselves to the authority of the law; the other class are those who are not within the authority nor within the reach of the law of the country, nor, indeed, within the limits that are under the authority of the Earl of Durham. Upon both these classes the Earl of Durham passes, alike, this sentence: — upon the one class, who confess their guilt, that if they should venture to return; and upon the other class, who have not had their trial, and who could not take it because not within the province; that, if they re-enter the province, even though it be for the purpose of obtaining a trial, they shall be adjudged guilty, and be subject to the penalty of death. The Noble Lord (Lord John Russell), in the latter part of his speech, — most unnecessarily, as I think, and most unwisely, as I am convinced, — endeavoured to draw an invidious distinction between the conduct of Sir John Colborne and the Earl of Durham.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL.—Not at all.

LORD STANLEY. — The Noble Lord instituted a comparison between the conduct pursued by Lord Durham and Sir John Colborne. The Noble Lord stated that ordinances had been passed by Sir John Colborne, he being a person not obnoxious to any political animosities; and that if flaws there were, they were not discovered in those ordinances until the same course came to be pursued by the Earl of Durham. Now, I am not called upon to express an opinion, and I do not express any opinion — I am very incompetent to do so, and will therefore leave it to those who have more skill in legal questions — as to the legality or illegality of the ordinances of Sir John Colborne. But this I will say, that between the ordinances of Sir John Colborne and the ordinances of the Earl of Durham there is a broad, plain, palpable, and manifest distinction. I shall by and by venture to turn to the intention and effect of that portion of the Act which restrained the Governor General — were he Sir John Colborne or the Earl of Durham — from interfering with, altering, or suspending any Act of the Imperial Parliament, or any Act that might have been passed by the Colonial Legislature repealing or amending any Act of the Imperial Parliament. But I am not now dealing with the technical point, as to whether the colonial Legislature had the power, or the Governor General had the power, either to pass an Act of Attainder, or alter, in any respect, the criminal law of the *province.*

And now, Sir, I will endeavour to point out the broad distinction which exists, on constitutional grounds, between certain ordinances of Sir John Colborne and the ordinance that is now the subject of discussion, which has been issued by Lord Durham; and, without expressing any opinion as to the legality or illegality of either one or the other, yet, placed as the two have been by the Noble Lord in juxtaposition, I must say, being called upon to institute a comparison between the two ordinances, — that the whole course of Sir John Colborne's conduct, in the administration of the same extensive and arbitrary powers, has been entirely and in all respects very different from that of his successor. When Sir John Colborne undertook the administration of the colony under this Act, it was very difficult to form a council of persons possessed of local knowledge, and well acquainted with the interests of the colony, and who had not been implicated in dissensions which had so long disturbed the province. But Sir John Colborne did not find that difficulty wholly insurmountable; he was not content to keep the number of his council within the narrow limit, if not below the limit, prescribed by the Government Act; he did not select a body of five persons, but of twenty-one persons; he did not confine himself to a council in which there was but one civilian, and not one member previously conversant with the affairs of the colony; but he selected his council from the great body of the permanent residents in that colony, and nominated on it a majority of the French Canadian inhabitants. He did much to reconcile the people of the province to the arbitrary powers confided to him, by the selection which he made, and by showing that he was not jealous of selecting persons having an interest in the province. Lord Durham pursued a different course; and I doubt whether he adopted one equally wise. I doubt whether, if Lord Durham had been surrounded by persons more conversant with the laws and practice of the colony, instead of having in his council only one person, out of five, having any knowledge of the law, he would have passed the ordinance which has brought the British House of Commons, and the British Parliament, as well as the people of Canada, into their present situation. With regard to the ordinances which Sir John Colborne has passed, two have been adverted to by the Noble Lord; one is in the nature of an Act of Attainder, and the other is "to enable the Governor, or person administering the government of the province, to extend a conditional pardon, in

certain cases, to persons who had been concerned in the late insurrection." And let me call the attention of the House to the great difference between the Acts of the two Governors, as they bear upon constitutional rights connected with the administration of criminal justice. It is a necessity of the criminal code of England,—and it is so interwoven with it, that it is impossible to separate it from the criminal law, or the criminal law from it, —that it is the right of every subject to be tried by a jury: this is a necessary incident to the English law, and it was introduced by a British Act of Parliament into Canada; and I, for one, speaking as a layman, and not as a lawyer, have great doubts whether it is competent for the Legislature, in the exercise of its ordinary jurisdiction, so far to depart from the criminal law of England, as to abrogate in the colony the trial by jury; and, if the Canadian Legislature has no such right, it follows, *à fortiori*, that Lord Durham has no such right. But, independently of the provision introduced into the Bill by my Honourable and Learned Friend (Sir William Follett), which debarred Lord Durham from making amendments in certain statutes then in force in Canada,—by the Noble Lord's (Lord John Russell's) own restriction it was not competent for the Governor General to pass any act of legislation which could not have been passed by the colonial Legislature. Now, I think that it will not be contended, by any one, that the ordinance of Lord Durham has not, so far as regards some individuals, set aside their right to be tried by a jury. Did the ordinance of Sir John Colborne go that length? An Act of Attainder is an Act which is perfectly known, and is familiar to the criminal law. I do not debate the right to dispense with the trial by jury, so far as regards those who have submitted themselves, without trial, to the Governor, on certain terms, are concerned. But, as to an Act of Attainder of the others: on an attainder, a bill is found against a person by the tribunal, — which, in the first instance, according to the criminal law of England, is to take a step; a bill is found by the grand jury, and if the party accused does not forthwith come and surrender himself, time is given, three or six months, for him to do so; he is not called upon to appear before any new or extraordinary tribunal; he is not forced before a tribunal of which he may be jealous; but he has a right to look to the ordinary tribunal, and to appeal to *a jury of his country*. Failing in this, if *the party do not surrender* and take his *trial, the proceeding is* something after the nature of an outlawry: judgment is allowed to go by default, and sentence is then passed against the defendant.

Now, was that the course pursued by Lord Durham? No such thing. Was his course like that of Sir John Colborne in the two ordinances which have been referred to? In them, it was only enacted that, "in case any person shall be pardoned under the ordinance, upon condition of being transported, or of banishing himself from the province, such person, if he shall afterwards voluntarily return to the province without lawful excuse, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall suffer death as a felon." Thus a person in the one instance, was assumed to have confessed the guilt, and accepted a pardon upon certain conditions; and (as, till lately, was the ordinary law of England with respect to a returned convict) he might be liable to suffer death. Such were the two previous ordinances of Sir John Colborne; and, as to the eight persons transported to the Bermudas, it is true that the ordinance of Lord Durham bears some analogy to the previous ones of Sir John Colborne; but as to the others, what analogy can we find? What analogy is there between them and the attainder of Sir John Colborne, and his conduct with respect to the pardon of persons who were assenting parties to their own banishment? What analogy do you find between this and the ordinance against persons who were not, at the time, in the colony, and who, if they did come home to demand a trial, would not have an opportunity of obtaining the same;—who had not applied for a pardon on any condition, but who, if they did come back for the purpose of demanding a trial, by that single act were to be held guilty of an act of treason? This is the creation of a new variety of treason, which is against all constitutional Acts; and the parties are to be deemed guilty of treason for no other act than that of claiming to be tried. These parties were not allowed to justify themselves; but all constitutional rights and criminal laws were set aside: and I really am much surprised that the Noble Lord opposite should attempt, for one moment, to justify a proceeding at once so unjust, so tyrannical, so unconstitutional, and so unprecedented. I will pass by the restraints which were put upon the Governor General by the Act, in its passage through this House; but I must recal the attention of the House to the steps which were taken in the progress of that measure. Early after the recess, the Noble Lord came down to the House, and said, that such was the actual state of Canada, and such

was the actual revolt into which the province was plunged, that it was necessary to support the Throne by an address to her Majesty, to support the majesty and dignity of the Crown. Did the Noble Lord find, on either side, a reluctance to assent to this address? Was not the address carried, if not unanimously, at least nearly unanimously; and was it not supported by all parties, of the most opposite principles, who stated that they would not then investigate the merits or the demerits of the Government, or cause any dissension in, but would combine to support, the Government? We did not then, for one moment, hesitate to support it. But the Noble Lord said that he had a further object in view, and that he required an Act for the better government of Canada. But what were the grounds or the necessity for that measure, which were stated? The Noble Lord did not tell us that he intended to institute an absolute despotism; he did not say that he intended, with the Legislature, to suspend the constitutional rights of the Canadians—to supersede the ordinary tribunals. No such thing. The Noble Lord only said that the Legislature of Canada had abrogated its functions, and that it was necessary to provide some measures *ad interim*, to prevent any confusion which might arise by the lapse, from the expiration of laws, to obtain the annual supplies, and, in fact, to provide for the continuance of the ordinary course of legislation, in consequence of the local Legislature having abandoned its functions. Does the Noble Lord doubt that such language was held? Why, my Honourable Friend, the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, in the debate on Monday, the 22d of January, expressly said,—

> By these Acts, or rather this neglect, the Canadian constitution is practically suspended, although it will only be so in reality by the Act which is now proposed—an Act which, in fact, is only to supply the wants created by the refusal of the Assembly to pass those legislative measures which the interest of the province demanded, and to provide for the wants of the colony during the interval which must elapse before an assembly could be called together.*

Good God! if the Honourable Gentleman meant to overthrow the constitution, to provide for the repeal of all laws, to abrogate the whole criminal law, and substitute ordinances for the usual tribunals, would he have come down and asked only for a Bill to provide, during the interval, for the carrying on the government? Yes, the Honourable Gentleman not only said this, but he continued,—

> The Government has placed confidence in the representations which have been made to them, that if the Canadians are intrusted with a control over their expenditure, there will be but little difficulty in managing the affairs of the colony; but when the Assembly met, they carried not one legislative Act; they met to remonstrate, not to legislate: they saw all the Acts which required to be re-enacted, expiring; and all this they allowed to pass without the slightest attempt to prevent the injustice which would accrue to the public and to individuals, without any provision for the manifold interests which required their protection, and which were placed in their hands by the Act of 1791; and the House is now called upon, after the greatest forbearance has been carried to the fullest extent by the Bill now before them, to remedy these inconveniences.*

And in a subsequent part of the same speech he said—

> The Government is bound to provide the means by which a temporary substitution can be made for the discharge of the functions which have been abrogated by the Legislative Assembly, and to provide for the necessities of a colony left without a Legislature.

And if it had been the intention of the Government to have gone further, why did they not come down and state, broadly and distinctly, their desires? I cannot say what course Parliament would have pursued; but, if the necessity had been shown, I, for one, would have given all the assistance in my power, for the purpose of having substantial justice administered. The Noble Lord has said that I have designated the Governor General of Canada as a dictator; and so I have; for, as the council was to be composed of such persons as he pleased to select, although I confess that I certainly had had no idea that it would have been constituted as it has been, yet, so long as he enjoyed the whole power of nomination, and could remove any person who displeased him, his rule must of necessity be a dictatorship. The Noble Lord has also said that in framing the amendments we have not looked to their application to the criminal law. This is true: we did not look, at that time, to the case of the courts of justice; we did not look to legislative powers possessed by the local Legislature which we thought that it was not safe for an individual to possess; we did require that the Governor should not interfere with the religious property, whether Catholic or Protestant, nor with the Act regulating the tenure of lands and other such objects; but, undoubtedly, we did not contemplate the restraining the Governor

* See Mirror of Parliament, Sess. 1837-8, p. 1268. col. ii.

* See Mirror of Parliament, Sess. 1837-8, p. 1268. col. ii.

General in his power over the ordinary courts of justice, because the Noble Lord, up to that period, never intimated any intention to interfere with those ordinary tribunals, because we could not believe that it was the intention of Lord Durham to do so, and because we could not believe that if the temporary council should interfere with the ordinary administration of justice, the Crown would allow such an ordinance as this to be passed.

The Noble Lord has said that there was no necessity for such an interference. Is he prepared to say so now? I would ask him, is it necessary for Government to have greater powers conferred upon them? Let him prove it, and let him come forward, now, late as it is in the Session; I will say that not one hour ought to be lost without their being given, and that the House ought not to be prorogued until they are conferred. But Lord Durham does not appear to have entertained any apprehension of the impossibility of carrying the law into effect in its ordinary course, even with regard to those persons who were to be tried for treasonable offences; because, in the first despatch which he sent to this country, he expressed the very great satisfaction which he had experienced since he had appointed the special commission for the trial of the prisoners, and since he had sent the Attorney General to Montreal for the purpose of conducting the prosecution. The Noble Lord says that Lord Durham must have kept within the rule of law, and must have permitted himself to be governed by the regular course, to enable him safely to have prosecuted the prisoners to conviction. But this is matter which I think the Noble Lord has only pressed into service, in support of his arguments, and I do not think that Lord Durham has really acted as he is supposed to have done. When that Noble Earl sent down the commission, was it his intention to act as it is alleged? Did he know that the conviction of the offenders at Montreal was impossible, and did the persons charged know it? So far from it, the persons who were thus charged pleaded guilty, and submitted themselves to the mercy of the Crown; and I presume that if they had not done so, they would have been liable to conviction at the hands of the jury. I doubt very much whether Lord Durham has not incorrectly expressed himself, with regard to the real facts of the case, in saying that the parties pleaded guilty at all; because I believe that not one of them has done so. But this does not affect my argument. Lord Durham sent the commission, and those who did not plead guilty, formally, threw themselves on the mercy of the Crown, for fear of conviction. I say, however, that it is singular the first despatch sent by Lord Du said that he had had great succ cause he had induced the ringle plead guilty, when that was not t Then the Noble Lord opposite has s it never could be supposed that Pa did not mean to confer this power ing upside down the whole of the system of the colony; and he adde never would have been doubted th was their intention; and that, if power had not been conferred, n ber of either House of Parliame have characterised this measure trary and despotic; and he quoted protests of Noble Lords in th House of Parliament in referenc matter. Why, this is a strang to be made by a liberal Ministe Crown: — that an Act might b affecting the whole system of the giving the power to a council to p laws and amend old ones — to le without the consent of any one being interested in the colony, — a to say that that Act was not a because the courts of justice were same as they formerly were! But more: — that although the constitu put an end to, and destroyed, and under foot, yet, if the law in that remained as before, the Noble L that no Member of either House liament could characterise the by which this change was procure bitrary or despotic!

The Noble Lord expressed a co that there would not be any oppo the passing of this Act. I think venture to assure him that on this the House he will meet with none lieve that Lord Durham, acting a acted illegally, both in referenc point to which allusion has alrea made (and which the Noble Lord seemed to admit), and with respe rest of the ordinances, which havi disallowed, it is not necessary to q now. But, at the same time, I n that I believe his conduct proceed a sense of duty, and that if th which he recommended could ha taken legally, they would have much to the promotion of tranqu the province. I admit this, fran freely; and I am not one of those t Lord Durham an Act of Indem having, from humane motives, trans the extensive powers given to him do say that it is a very serious q for the Noble Lord (Lord John R and the Government to consider w be the result of the passing of th

disallowing the ordinances which he has published. They cannot replace matters on that footing on which they would have stood if those ordinances had not passed. The evils have been committed; but it is the duty of the Government to suffer no consideration to interpose between them and the passing of such a measure as will place the laws of Canada on a footing of certainty as to what is hereafter to be done. I would call the attention of the Noble Lord to the cases of those persons who, being subject to the provisions of these disallowed ordinances, have been transported to the Bermudas, and of those who were absent from the colony. What is to be the condition in which they are to be placed? In the anticipation that these ordinances would not be disallowed, and that no difficulty would arise, Lord Durham undertook to issue a proclamation, by which he declared that no steps would be taken against any persons for high treason or treasonable offences in the colony, and the proclamation granted a general amnesty to all, except those who had been therein specified.

Now, it is a very serious question for Government and for Parliament to consider—I say—what are the legal consequences arising from the disallowance of the ordinances? Are these persons to be altogether exempted from all further proceedings—are they to be free from all trial, or any question at law—are they not only to be free from the arbitrary sentence of immediate death, without trial, provided by Lord Durham in certain cases, or are they to be free from the ordinary proceedings in the common course of law? This is a subject too serious for me to offer any opinion upon; but if any doubt exists on the point whether these persons—who were the ringleaders in the late revolt—who have on their heads the guilt which has been incurred, and the blood which has been shed, and the misery which has been produced to their unhappy countrymen—who, by their unlawful exertions, have plunged their country into misery and wretchedness, and have exposed themselves and their fellows to loss of property and bloodshed, and to danger of death—shall escape; if, by any neglect or informality on the part of the Governor, of any want of caution on the part of Lord Durham, it is rendered necessary to indemnify him, and also to disallow the ordinances which he has published,—I say the result will be, that these persons will so escape from all punishment in respect of the atrocious crimes of which they have been guilty;—I say that it is a case in which it is the duty of *Parliament to interpose*, and to give their own sanction to such a law as by Act of Parliament will place them in such a position as that in which they should properly stand. The state of the law certainly ought not to be left in doubt. If it be said that time is wanting, I see no reason why the Session should not be prolonged: but I think there is yet time; and I am sure it is the duty of the Government to bring forward a measure declaratory of the law. The Noble Lord does not seem to anticipate any opposition to such a measure in this House; but he seems to doubt its success in the other House of Parliament. I do not know what private means of information the Noble Lord has to enable him to decide that a measure such he has described, and which is certainly necessary, will be opposed in the House of Lords; but I am sure that the Noble Lord has no good grounds to doubt that if the Government come forward and state the necessity of the case, and say that if such a measure be not passed, the ends of justice will be frustrated in Canada;—if that be fairly stated, and if the Government ask the other House to pass an Act explanatory of the law, I am sure there will be no difficulty in carrying it either through this House or through the other House of Parliament. Parliament has often been assembled on less important occasions; and it is no answer to say that the Session is near an end—that the Members are wearied out:—the Noble Lord ought to come forward and propose such a measure as will at once have the effect of putting an end to the doubts which exist, and which it is of so much importance should be terminated. If there be any uncertainty in the state of the law, and any doubts as to the powers of the Government in Canada, and if any evils result from that state of uncertainty and doubt, the Noble Lord, and not the Legislature, will be responsible for the consequences, if he do not come forward, now, and propose some measure, at once, to terminate that uncertainty. The Noble Lord will, however, exercise his own discretion with regard to these matters. I will not object to the Bill of Indemnity before the House; but I feel that I should not have done my duty if I had not stated my views in regard to the proceedings of the executive Government in Canada, and if I had not expressed my conviction that Parliament ought not to be prorogued till it had passed an Act explaining, confirming, and, if necessary, extending, the law in the province of Lower Canada.

LORD J. RUSSELL.—I rise to ex-

plain two points which the Noble Lord has alluded to in the speech that he has just delivered. With regard to the first point, which has reference to what I stated relating to the ordinance issued by Sir John Colborne, I beg distinctly to state that I did not allude to that ordinance with a view of instituting any invidious comparison between the ordinance issued by Sir John Colborne and those issued by the Earl of Durham; nor did I make any comparison as to the constitutional principle involved. What I did state was, that if the ordinance issued by the Earl of Durham was objected to in all its parts, then that issued by Sir John Colborne must also be open to objection, the two ordinances being so nearly similar. Now, with respect to the other point. The Noble Lord has stated, with regard to the suspending the Habeas Corpus Act, and with regard to the powers conferred on the Governor General of Canada, that if any doubts existed on those points, those doubts ought, without delay, to be cleared up. That is my own opinion, and the opinion of every member of the Government. When, however, I understood from my Noble Friend at the head of her Majesty's Government, that he had prepared words with a view to their insertion in the Bill under consideration, which would have had the effect of removing the doubts that exist, and when I knew that my Noble Friend was obliged to withdraw those words in compliance with the general wishes of the other House of Parliament — when I knew all this, I felt persuaded that I should have had no chance of carrying such a measure as has been recommended by the Noble Lord opposite. I have no doubt that the Noble Lord would have supported such a measure, and that it would have been successful in this House; but, looking at all the circumstances, I still entertain strong doubts whether it would have met with success in the other House of Parliament.

Mr. LEADER. — When the Earl of Durham was sent to Canada, I sincerely hoped that the Noble Lord would succeed in the objects of his mission, and that he would be enabled to restore peace and tranquillity to the colony; but, although I sincerely wished success to the efforts of the Noble Earl, still I entertained strong doubts upon the subject, because of the difficulties which he would have to encounter — because of the difficulty of pushing back a revolution. Wishing well to the efforts of the Noble Earl, I abstained from all comments on his proceedings; but when acts are committed of the most cruel and illegal kind, then it is time that the proceedings of the Noble Earl should be questioned. As to the attack which the Noble Lord at the head of the Home Department has made on a Noble Lord in the other House of Parliament, that Noble Lord stands in need of no defence from me. That Noble Lord is well able to defend himself, and I have little doubt that the Noble Secretary for the Home Department will yet have cause to repent the unjustifiable attack which he has made on the Noble Lord to whom I allude. The Noble Lord the Secretary for the Home Department has said that the acts of Sir John Colborne have never been questioned, and that though they were as illegal as those of Lord Durham, no one, in either House of Parliament, has yet said a word in their condemnation. But the Noble Lord can hardly have forgotten that I, myself, asked the Noble Lord some questions relative to the proceedings of Sir John Colborne, although those questions have been treated by the Noble Lord, and by the Government, with the utmost indifference. I asked the Noble Lord whether the Government intended to propose a Bill of Indemnity for Sir John Colborne, on account of his proceedings, which I considered most illegal and unconstitutional; and the reply of the Noble Lord was, that the Government intended to do no such thing. A Bill of Indemnity, however, has been extorted from the Government for the acts of the Earl of Durham in another place. With respect to the Bill which has been sent down from the other House, although it does not meet with my approbation, still it will have the advantage of limiting the enormous power which has been conferred on the Earl of Durham, and which, it is clear, he has exceeded. I have great objections to allow a Bill of Indemnity to pass, and those objections have been strongly fortified by the opinions which have been expressed, in another place, by the Lord Chief Justice of the Queen's Bench. However, as it is the opinion of this and the other House of Parliament that such a measure ought to pass, I will acquiesce, and not propose any amendment, although I consider that, instead of an Act of Indemnity, there ought to have been a vote of censure on the Government of Canada. Some persons suppose that this ordinance of Lord Durham is the only illegal act which he has committed in Canada; but I shall show that such is not the case, and that it is only one of a series of illegal and despotic acts perpetrated by the executive Government in Canada. In the January number

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And yet this was one of the irregularities connected with the ordinances. As to the ordinances themselves, there are two parts of them to be considered. The first —as to the transportation of certain persons to the Bermudas — is allowed, on all hands, to be illegal; and I cannot but remark that it is most singular that Lord Durham should have introduced this system of punishment for political offences into Canada. But, then, it is said that the Bermudas are not a penal settlement; but I assert that felons are sent there, and are kept there imprisoned, the islands being second only to Norfolk Island as a penal settlement. But why were these men thus banished? What was the excuse for it? It was given in a letter quoted in the *Morning Chronicle*, written by Mr. Charles Buller. He says, —

I inclose you our first great act — about the prisoners. It will appear to you horribly unconstitutional and despotic; but it is really mild. We put no one to death. Our transportation is, you will see, not to be penal, but merely accompanied by measures necessary for security. The rest are merely banished; we confiscate no property. We were obliged to include a great many in our provision, in conformity to a general rule laid down in each case, whom we do not wish and do not intend to treat so hardly. This is rather an advantage, as it will enable us immediately to bring the pardoning power into operation. We would not interfere with the ordinary tribunals, or tamper with the juries. The legal guilt of these men was clear. From an ordinary jury, their certain acquittal was equally clear. These ignorant Canadians would have said, either that their leaders in the revolt were right all along, or that the Government had not dared to punish. The British party would have said that our trial had been a mere mockery of justice, and that we had let their guilty enemies loose on them by a trick.

Such language, surely, could scarcely be expected from any man in reference to such a subject, but, least of all, from a man in an official situation; and I think every Honourable Member will think it monstrous to believe that such can have been employed. With regard to the allegation that the prisoners pleaded guilty, I must beg to deny the truth of it; and I think I can show this from a document which I have in my possession, and which is addressed to Lord Durham. It is from Wolfred Nelson, and he says, —

We have rebelled, my Lord; but do not let this expression frighten you, for it is not against the person of her Majesty, but against a bad colonial administration.

Is this their pleading guilty to a charge of high treason? He goes on to say, —

If the arrival of your Lordship had taken place sooner, it would have been approved by all Canadians; and if their efforts had made your mission necessary, they would have been glad to have thus caused the happiness of their country.

. . . They never had recourse to arms for the purpose of attack, and if they had ever used them, it was only in their own defence.

This, then, is the only evidence which can be produced in support of the allegation that the prisoners pleaded guilty. There is, subsequently, a passage introduced into the document in which some well-merited praise is bestowed on Lord Gosford for his conduct in these affairs. I now come to their "confession of guilt," as it is called. It is to this effect: —

We are anxious to avoid being brought before the tribunals of the country, as it is impossible for us to find an impartial tribunal; but from such, we should have nothing to fear.

It appears this was the confession of guilt; but it appears that these persons took a different view of the constitution of a jury from Mr. Charles Buller. They proceed to state that to tranquillise the feelings of a generous and confiding people, they ask this; but, for themselves, they would not have insulted the Noble Lord so much, as to make such a request. They then proceed to compliment Lord Durham, and say that they pray God for the success of his mission, and for the restoration of peace, and that the example of his Excellency may be followed in repudiating all distinctions of origin, and that they pray that the efforts of his Excellency may be crowned with success. Is there anything in these generous sentiments like an admission of guilt, or pleading guilty? I contend that this is the only document that contains anything like an acknowledgment of guilt; and does it justify the language of Mr. C. Buller, or such a proceeding as the banishing them to the Bermudas? There are, however, two parts of the ordinance infinitely worse than transporting these men to the Bermudas. The former is objectionable as a matter of law; but these are liable to the most serious objections, both as matters of law and common justice. I have heard with surprise the Minister of the Crown declare that the only part of the ordinance which required consideration or amendment was that which related to sending these persons to the Bermudas. Then, according to this opinion, that part of it by which men are sentenced, unheard and unseen, to be transported, is not open to objection. But take the case of M. Papineau. What can be proved against that gentleman? I defy you to bring any charge against him, which could not be brought and substantiated against Mr. O'Connell, every day in the week; and M. Papineau, I say, is no more guilty of treason than Mr. O'Connell.

Again: what was the case against Louis Perrot, one of the fifteen persons sentenced to death, if they should return to their native land? He had been sent to New York to buy types for the *Vindicator* newspaper. In this place he heard of the death of his brother, and the bloodshed occasioned by the King's troops. Knowing well that he had not the chance of a fair trial if he returned, as there would be a prejudiced judge and a packed jury,—for there the sheriff can easily pack a jury, as they have not the same jury law as now happily exists in this country,—he remained at New York; yet, without being guilty of any offence, and without trial, he was sentenced to death if he should ever return to his native country. Is this justice or law, or is there even the pretence of a shadow of justice and law for such proceedings?

I now come to another act of the Government, namely, a police ordinance for Quebec and Montreal, which is a most curious document. It is the strangest public paper that I have ever seen. By whom it was drawn I cannot tell, but evidently by one who did not know anything at all of the law of England. The first part of it directs that, as regards Quebec and Montreal, any justice of the peace may cause any person to be sentenced to imprisonment, for any period not exceeding two months, for being disorderly in the street. This is not the strangest part of it. In the next part it enacts that any person found loitering in the streets, or on the footpaths, or pulling down papers posted up, or whistling or singing, or causing a disturbance in the streets by screaming or crying out, shall be sent to prison for a period not exceeding two months! Is this a tolerant act, or a regular system of legal proceeding? This may be very good law in Canada; but if such an order could be made to constitute a part of the law of this country, the most gross acts of injustice and cruelty might be committed on an offending people. I suppose, however, that these orders were drawn up by the legal gentlemen belonging to the council, namely, Mr. Turton and Mr. Charles Buller, with the view of making the Canadians a more orderly people. The Noble Lord the Secretary for the Home Department said that he did not intend to prosecute any party in Canada. But have not some parties been prosecuted without inquiry, and without the means of justifying themselves,—and this directly in violation of the pledge given by the Noble Lord the Governor of Canada? Nearly every one of the persons who have taken a leading part in liberal politics in Ca-

been sentenced to banishment nudas. Lord Durham says, in o this part, that the course that en is not likely to favour their s; and the secretary of this No- ippantly states, he supposes that , with regard to the prisoners, ar horribly unconstitutional and

This person — who is at once to the Governor, *alias* member ncil, *alias* chief commissioner for ution of unappropriated lands, ber for Liskeard — has, since his the colony, been in constant ation with one of the most san- nen in Canada. This is a Mr. One of that name has already me trouble to the Noble Lord; not the only Mr. Thom — of a y disposition — who will give the rd trouble. This person is the a Tory paper in Canada, the *Gazette*. That paper recom- at if M. Papineau should pre- put his foot in Canada, he once be put to death; and he his regret that the unfortunate who have been taken are not at ged, instead (to use his own being kept in gaol to be fat- the gallows. This is a specimen nner in which persons connected present Government of Canada nselves from party associations! 1 states that he is an intimate the secretary of the Governor, 1 constant communication with

is another appointment to which lso, to call the attention of the r a few minutes; and I do so shall not have an opportunity for e of entering, again, on the matter. almost appear that everything Lower Canada has been illegal ular, and that every appointment s been calculated to cause dis- on, to irritate the people, and n to believe that they were not ith proper respect. Sir, I find Arthur Buller has been made the Court of Appeal of the hich is the chief court in Ca- ow, Mr. Arthur Buller is a young of four years' standing, and those appointed to this court have been est and most able lawyers in the ; and yet this young lawyer has sed over the heads of persons of est learning and experience, and appointed to this high and im- office. I ask, would it be tolerated nd, that a young barrister of four anding, *and without experience* in his profession, should be made a judge of a court of appeal? Why, the thing is absolutely monstrous. It would almost seem that anything may be done with impunity in the colonies, and that, no matter how illegal and irregular a proceeding might be at home, it must be borne in the colony.

But, setting aside the illegality of this ordinance, it was, to say the least of it, highly inexpedient and impolitic. Lord Durham was sent out to Canada to supply the place of the provincial Legislature, and therefore he ought not to have done, in that capacity, what could not be done by the Provincial Legislature itself. And, further, it was highly impolitic to do any act which would be sure to be reversed by the provincial Legislature when the constitution should be once re-established in Canada. The ordinance could not have been passed by the provincial Legislature, and it would be sure to be repealed by the colonial Assembly on its restoration in Canada, which would refuse supplies till the ordinance should be reversed and the men recalled. So that the measure was not only illegal, but it was highly impolitic, inexpedient, and unadvisable in Lord Durham to take this proceeding. As for the conduct of the Government at home, there are two parties who have a right to complain of it: I think the country has a right to complain of their conduct as weak and contradictory. What has been their course? On Thursday the Prime Minister of the Crown vindicated the ordinance that was issued by Lord Durham as a right and proper one, and stated that the success of this Bill would be attended with the most disastrous results to the British connection with Canada; but, finding that a majority of the other House was against him, the Noble Viscount comes down on Friday, yields every point, discovers the illegality of the ordinance, at once gives up all matter in dispute, and sacrifices his friend and colleague Lord Durham. On that occasion the Noble Viscount, in the heat of his eloquence, talked in a most extraordinary tone, and spoke of a low and truculent democracy.

The SPEAKER. — I must remind the Honourable Member that he is irregular in alluding, in this manner, to the proceedings in another House.

Mr. LEADER. — I readily bow to the Chair. I cannot, Sir, dispute your authority; but I may assume that, in some former period, a certain great Minister had called the majority of a certain as-

sembly of legislators a low and truculent democracy. What strange language this would be for a Noble Viscount to use, who, himself, had climbed into power by the aid of the people, and who contrived to maintain himself in it only by the aid of the people. I know not by what acts or means the Noble Lord and his colleagues expect to preserve themselves in power. If the head of them denounce a democracy in this way, is it to be understood that he relies on court favour? That, indeed, he may have, in a high degree; but that support he will find to be weak in comparison with that which he formerly derived from the people. For my own part, I think that the country has a right to complain of the conduct of the Government in denouncing that, on Thursday, which, on Friday, they were prepared to adopt, when they found the majority of the other House determined to force it on them. On Thursday, the Noble Viscount at the head of the Government declared that the ordinance was good and legal and proper; and on Friday he came down and admitted that it was illegal and bad, — that he was perfectly indifferent about it. Under these circumstances, I think, also, that Lord Durham, himself, has a good ground of complaint against his colleagues in the Government; for they very kindly sacrificed that Noble Earl to the majority against him in the other House. Why — although there was an adverse majority in one branch of the Legislature—why should they have despaired? That was not the case with respect to the House of Commons, at least; and they could, with advantage, have vindicated and defended their absent friend and colleague there, and prevented any measure passing, that was to censure him—to a certain extent. Thus they might, while preserving their own consistency, have defended their colleague. They, however, intend to let it pass through this House without opposition; and the Noble Earl may therefore fairly complain of the conduct of Ministers, in sacrificing him,— as the people out of doors may, of their being weak and contradictory in their policy. I, for one, think that it is a weak and immoral act to pass a Bill of Indemnity; and therefore I object to it. In conclusion: I must say that I know not on what ground her Majesty's Ministers will defend the desertion of their friends any more than the desertion of the principles they once professed; but I believe that they will require Bills of Indemnity for many more acts besides the present. Indeed it seems to me a sort of poetical justice, that Ministers should be compelled, at the close of a long, and, to *them, discreditable Session*, to come down and support a Bill of Indemnity fo their chief officers. I thank the for the attention with which th heard me; and I promise that, i omitted any material statement may find it necessary to supply on day, I will do so briefly.

Mr. HAWES. — Sir, I shou thought that any one, anxious to peace in Canada, would have been to avoid everything likely to thr pediments in the way of the Gove I regret that my Honourable Frie spoke last, should have conclu speech with a general declaration approbation of the policy of the ment. Sir, I have never been a quious supporter of the Governme whenever I have thought it to be r to oppose them, I never hesitated t but when they pursue a straight course, I equally consider it my support them. In a question l present, involving large and im mercantile interests, and the pe welfare of a most valuable colony, have thought that it would be con by all parties as most desirable to from matters calculated to prod citement. I am of opinion that Bill of Indemnity should not hav allowed to pass the other House, any one presses the House to a on that subject, I shall be found against the Bill, as I think that b Governor of the colony, as well Government, should stand respons their conduct; and I am glad to fi the Noble Lord and his colleag prepared to answer for the cour they have adopted. I cannot, h agree with the Honourable Mem Westminster in the view that he ha of these proceedings, and that th ceedings in Canada should be desc the manner in which they have b repeat that, if the Governor of Cana acted irregularly, he should be m sponsible; but with regard to the Durham, he does not ask for this I does he nor do her Majesty's Minis quire it. No party that is respons the acts that have been done calls and if it has been introduced and through the other House, it was the wishes and inclinations of th vernment; for if the wishes of th Lords connected with it in anothe had been consulted, it would hav rejected altogether. I clearly und the Noble Lord below me, and a Viscount elsewhere, to declare th abided by the general course purs

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ı reasons, — you are condemning
heard. The present *measure pur-*
ports, in the preamble, to be a Bill of Indemnity; but Lord Durham is not only willing but anxious to bear all the responsibility that he can be liable to for his conduct, and the Ministers are willing to share that responsibility; and I am sure, if time were granted for an explanation, a most satisfactory vindication would be established for all the proceedings now complained of. Sir, I would ask, has Lord Durham shed a single drop of blood, or confiscated a single estate, since he has been in Lower Canada? The Honourable Member for Westminster moved for a return of the number of persons executed, and of the estates confiscated, in Upper Canada. Why has he not moved for such a return with respect to the lower province, since the Noble Earl has been there? The Honourable Gentleman has not done so, I presume, because he is aware that no blood has been shed in Lower Canada since the arrival of the Noble Earl, — that no estates have been confiscated, — and that no complaints have been made of the policy that has been pursued. I have conversed, I repeat, with a number of persons in the city, who are connected with Canada, and I have questioned them as to the course pursued by Lord Durham. I have uniformly found the answer to be the same, — namely, that the province was more quiet; and that, if the same policy was adhered to, a state of most satisfactory and permanent tranquillity was likely to ensue. This, Sir, was their reply; and yet the whole indignation of the two Houses of Parliament is to be let loose on Lord Durham for restoring peace! It appears, also, that the persons who were sentenced had pleaded guilty.

Mr. LEADER. — No!

Mr. HAWES. — The Honourable Member says "No!" but Lord Durham has declared that these persons acknowledged their treasons, and threw themselves on the mercy of the Crown. The Honourable Gentleman, therefore, must excuse me for relying on the authority of the Noble Earl. It may appear, in the eyes of some, to be a very light affair to take up arms against their country; but those who countenance such a proceeding entertain opinions to which I can never yield my approbation. I am glad to find that the Noble Lord below me concurs in the opinions which I have expressed, and I am glad to find that the Noble Lord is prepared to express himself, as he has done respecting the preamble of the Bill. It has been alleged that the groundwork

of the Bill is essential to the security of the province; but I think that, if such was the opinion of certain persons, they should have endeavoured to induce Parliament to censure the executive Government; for the Noble Lord below me stated that he and his colleagues were willing to take upon themselves the responsibility of their proceedings. If, therefore, the Government object to this Bill, and are prepared to answer for the conduct of the Governor of Canada, the hostility of Honourable Gentlemen should not be directed against Lord Durham, who is not here to answer for himself. I think Parliament is now interfering most unconstitutionally with the Executive; but it appears, however, that the party opposite cannot wait, but are glad to avail themselves of the earliest opportunity of passing what may seem to be an indirect censure on that Noble Earl. The Noble Lord opposite dwelt on the conduct of the Noble Earl ——

LORD STANLEY. — I did not bring in the Bill.

Mr. HAWES. — I know that. But the Noble Lord supports the Bill; it has been carried through the exertions of his friends, elsewhere, and just at the close of a Session the Bill is made a foundation for a display of party spirit. There is no doubt the supporters of this Bill are influenced by a great deal of party spirit. Sir, public life has not yet seared my private feelings; and therefore, before I sit down, I must say one word in defence and vindication of my absent friend Mr. Charles Buller, who, I think, has been most unfairly attacked by the Honourable Member for Westminster. Mr. Charles Buller is also a friend, I believe, of that Honourable Member?

Mr. LEADER. — No; I disown him.

Mr. HAWES. — For my part, I should be most unwilling to disown or cast off any friend in that way. I am satisfied that the abilities of my Honourable Friend, as well as his general bearing and demeanour in this House, were always such as to insure to him the respect of most Honourable Members, in spite of any distinction of party politics. With respect, however, to the publication of those letters, I would ask, ought my Honourable Friend to be made responsible for their publication? The fact is, that, in a communication to a newspaper, some extracts from private letters of my Honourable Friend were inserted, and he has thus been dragged into a public discussion, and *made responsible for* certain expressions, without his knowledge, and wi sanction. I do not envy the fee the taste of those persons who dragged the name of Mr. Charl before the House; but I am s when my Honourable Frien the report of what has taken will readily furnish a most tr vindication of his conduct; a convinced we shall receive fron the most ample explanation of th and of the ordinances themselve repeat that I do not think w pass this Bill of Indemnity; but I that I should not find a secon motion; and I shall, therefore, myself with protesting against it do, as an *ex parte* and unjustifia of proceeding. I think that the Government ought to be respon their proceedings, and they have expressed their readiness to be so ties, however, seem determined Bill shall pass. I exceedingly re as I think that it will interfere Government in Canada in the jectionable manner; that it will necessary hereafter to retrace the and you will also be setting a cedent in pursuing the course w are taking. I cannot help feel this Bill is founded on the proce one of those irregular spirits — a great poet has said that he —

By turns was all things—but was not

SIR W. FOLLETT.—Sir, I am to offer a few observations to th upon these ordinances, more par after the allusions which have be by the Noble Lord opposite, a share which I took in the discus the Canada Government Bill. In these observations, I shall ende avoid the example of the Hon Gentleman who has just spok shall, as far as possible, abstain f verting to the wisdom or polic dictated the ordinances in Sir, I quite agree in what fell f Noble Lord opposite, that the G General was placed in a situation delicacy and difficulty; and I adm ther, that Parliament is not in po of sufficient information as to t and circumstances of the case, precise difficulties which surround Durham, to enable it to come to cided or just opinion upon the wi policy of that Noble Lord's proce and therefore, if the question were to the conduct of the Noble Lord the scope of the authority given should at once have said that it w

r and more proper course for nt, whatever might be its first on on reading the decree, not to s attention to the subject until it e in full possession of every fact ase. But the question is not o this point. In making the ob- is I feel it my duty to address to se, I distinctly say that I am willing to give Lord Durham edit for the integrity of his mo- id to admit my belief that the ord's object, in passing these or-, was the humane one of saving of the parties who had violated yet, at the same time, I find it ult to account for the extraordi- nner in which these edicts were as for the startling nature of their . I do not speak of the motive, he manner. The Parliament of ntry passed an Act, giving to the o be appointed Governor General a the power of passing certain laws he suspension of the constitution ountry, with the advice and consent cial Council, which latter was not st of less than five persons. Now, such Special Council was called stence until the 28th of June, the which the edict passed: on that whole of the five special coun- ere appointed and sworn in. But, e supposed, for an instant, that e councillors, so appointed and in on the 28th of June, could be tuation, advisedly to concur in these ordinances on the very same decide upon the propriety and of sentencing eight persons to tation,—of denouncing the punish- death against fifteen other persons, they again set foot on the soil of —and of exempting other persons y punishment at all? It is quite under such circumstances, to talk Governor General having acted, in ter, "by and with the advice of his Council." It is quite impossible se special councillors could have mined the circumstances, or sifted ence, or have understood the vari- rings of the case, of these parties, or ave had time to form a sound nt whether the eight persons were ively worthy of pardon, or had transportation, or whether the persons ought to be for ever ex- from their native country on pain h. Not only ought the council to xamined the cases of those indi- , but they ought to have compared ith the cases of the other prisoners, they legislated expressly for them. And yet it is pretended that all this minute, laborious, and various investigation could have been completed by the five special councillors in the course of half a day. If this pretence cannot be sustained, what end, save delusion, can be served by this mockery of a council, by which it is attempted to screen the despotism of the Governor? But, Sir, this is not the only point. The question which forces itself upon the attention of Parliament is this, and a most important one it is, considering what very serious consequences might arise from any doubts being raised as to the legality of the ordinances, and from the circumstance of their being disallowed by her Majesty's Ministers — the question is, whether Lord Durham has not exceeded the very large and ample, nay, the strong, the arbitrary, the coercive powers — for such they were, undoubtedly — which were given him. The question is, whether he has not passed ordinances which were not warranted by the powers vested in him.

Without venturing to express anything like a competent or positive opinion on the legality of the ordinance, after the opinions expressed by learned authorities in another place, I must say that I do entertain very strong doubts as to its legality, and I do not now speak of the mere act of banishing certain parties to Bermuda, but of the whole ordinance. I would ask the House for a moment to consider the extent of the power which the Governor of Canada must have assumed, in order to issue this edict; because, recollecting, as I do, the discussions that took place, in this House, on the Act regulating the government of Canada — recollecting the language held by the Noble Secretary of State for the Home Department, and by his Honourable Friend the Under Secretary for the Colonies — the impression on my mind, on reading the ordinance, certainly was, that it was not the intention of Parliament to vest such powers in Lord Durham.

[Cries of "Hear, hear!"]

If any such power was given him by the Canada Act, I am quite sure that it was granted without the great majority of the Members, who sanctioned the measure, being duly informed that such would be the effect, and, most certainly, contrary to their intentions. It is, I think, quite impossible that those ordinances can be legal, unless Lord Durham is to be held to be invested with absolute and uncontrolled power, not only over the property

and liberty, but over the lives of every person within his jurisdiction. Lord Durham must have assumed that he had that power, in order to make an ordinance declaring a certain number of persons guilty of treason — the gravest offence known to the law — without even the form of a previous trial! I do not mean to say that, even if such immense power existed in Lord Durham, it would be abused; but of this I am clear, that if these ordinances be legal, then the person exercising the office of Governor of Lower Canada (with his shadow of a council) had the absolute power, under the late Act, at any moment, to declare that any twenty or hundred persons were guilty of high treason — the highest offence known to the law — and without further ceremony, to issue his warrant, and condemn them to punishment; and that without appeal, and without the interference of this country. The question, here, is not whether the Governor General had power to interfere with the criminal law, but whether he had power to set himself above all law — whether it was competent to him, by his own arbitrary fiat, to declare certain persons to be guilty, and that they should suffer transportation or death at his discretion and mere will. Whether or not the colonial Legislature, or the Government acting in its place, possessed the power of altering the criminal law — of suspending the Habeas Corpus Act — and of having recourse to similar extreme measures, it is plain that it was an act of the most absolute power, uncontrolled by any law, to pronounce persons guilty of an offence without trial, by the mere fiat of the Governor. Suppose that the Noble Lord, or any other member of the Government, when the Canada Bill was before the House, had told us that he could not depend on the ordinary channels by which justice was administered in that country, that the juries were tainted with the spirit of rebellion, and would never be induced to return a verdict against a traitor, and that they had been asked to vest extraordinary powers in the Governor General, by which he should have authority to pronounce on the guilt of accused persons, when he should declare himself to be satisfied of it, without the intervention of a jury, or the examination of witnesses, confronting them with the prisoners,—is there, I ask, a man in the country who would not have revolted against such a work? If you had told the people of England that such were your intentions, — why then I say that no Bill *could have passed into a law* which would give to any man whatever—how high his character — such powers as Yet I undertake to say—and I call Honourable and Learned Friend torney General to set me right i mistaken — that if Lord Durham legal power to make this ordina has power to pass an ordinance, row, enacting that certain pers whose guilt he might be satisf their own confession, should be diately executed. Surely, Sir, reference to the character of Lor ham, this is a power too great t trusted to the temper and discr any one man; and, notwithstand confidence expressed by many able Gentlemen opposite in the c of Lord Durham, I am certain th never meant to confide such po him. Nay, I will venture to st belief, in the presence of the Mini the Crown, knowing what has from the Noble Lord opposite, a passed in another place, that it their intention that Lord Durham have such powers as the ordina sumed.

Sir, reference having more tha been made to the proviso whic described as having introduced i Bill, I beg to say a few words as manner in which that proviso troduced, and the object for whic framed. The Noble Secretary o opposite, when he came down to to Parliament to suspend the C constitution, said, "We are obl suspend the Legislative Assem Lower Canada; we cannot call th gether; and, in the absence of a lature there, it will be necessary out a Governor for the purpose lecting the opinions and sentim the inhabitants of both provinces, purpose of seeing whether we can troduce a new constitution and form of government there, whi remedy the evils and difficulti now exist." The measure acco introduced was strong — was arbi was despotic in its provisions; but the circumstances of the case, Par assented to it. But what passed i ence to the extent of the Go legislative power? It was repr that as the existing Legislature of Canada would be suspended for it would be necessary to provide passing of such Acts as might be day to day, necessary for the lo terests of the province.

[Cries of "Hear, hear!"]

it statement of the Colonial was, that he only asked for d powers as should enable the in council to legislate on local There was not one word said inal law — not one word about ot one word about the inade- he existing means to the due tion of justice — not one word necessity for suspending the rpus Act. But what occurred? Bill was first introduced, it e Governor of Canada and his notwithstanding the statement at was wanted was a limited power — the Bill, as origin- d, gave to the Governor the making such laws and ordi- might be for the good govern- he province, without any re- t all, except this, — that he was erfere with any of the provi- e Act of 1791, respecting the lecting members of the Legis- embly. Now, Sir, it did strike he effect of this would be, to Governor the power of inter- the Acts of the Imperial Par- nd with the fundamental and nal institutions of the pro- at was my impression; and objection being made, an al- as suggested, and adopted by nment, for restricting the legis- er of the Governor to that of ch laws as the colonial Legis- empowered to make. If you ct of the Imperial Parliament, the affairs of the colonies, the egislature has not the power to brogate it. If you pass a law, arliament for example, during nt Session, to abolish slavery, olonial Legislature enact that ld be slavery? Colonies are sub- ly to the parliamentary law of ry. Though it might be justi- der certain circumstances, to wer of making temporary or- it is not right that a power granted to interfere with the e Imperial Parliament. It did ver, appear to Gentlemen on f the House that this amend- t far enough; it excluded, cer- e Governor from suspending, r repealing the general statutes mperial Parliament; but it so that the Imperial Parliament the colonial Legislature power suspend, and repeal certain of f the Imperial Parliament, and it hat though this might, *in certan a proper power to give the*

colonial Legislature, which was legislating permanently for the province, it was one which would be highly improper to be given to a functionary sent out for a temporary purpose. I, therefore, among others, insisted that the Governor and council should not be empowered to interfere with any Acts of the Imperial Parliament, or any colonial Acts bearing upon those Acts. My Honourable Friend opposite requested me to confine the amendment which I proposed, on this subject, to certain Acts, only; but I declined to accede to the suggestion, as I wished to preserve the principle that the Governor General should not have power to alter any Act whatever, unless it should be especially excepted. My Honourable Friend adopted the clause with this distinct understanding, and it became part of the Act. In the *Mirror of Parliament* I am reported, on the occasion referred to, to have said, —

> My object is merely to exclude from the operation of the clause such laws as those I have particularised; but I have no wish to exclude from the control of the Governor in council any local matter, when there shall be a case of necessity requiring, and rendering necessary his legislation upon it. But I must ask, on this part of the Bill, why it was not thought necessary, in framing the measure, to make the exception which I have proposed? With respect to the suggestion of my Honourable Friend (Sir G. Grey), I have no objection to comply with that suggestion, and hand over my amendment to his care: with the understanding, however, that it is the intention to carry into effect the spirit of the principle upon which this experiment has been made; that is to say, to exempt from the operationof the legislative power of,the Governor in council, any Act of the Imperial Parliament, or any Act of the colonial Legislature respectively.*

I believe, even if these be not the exact words I used, they are, in substance, correct. I repeat that, throughout the discussion, my Honourable Friend said,— "It is only on matters of local interest that we wish to have the power of legislating." Beyond this, nothing was referred to. No reference at all was made to the criminal law of the province, or the mode of administering justice there. In suggesting the proviso in question, I can assure the House that I had no intention whatever of fettering the Governor with reference to the criminal law. I had not had the subject in my mind at all. Sir, I know that anything in the shape of a legal discussion is irksome to the House; but I trust I shall be excused if I yet proceed to state the reasons for which I think them illegal. Sir, I doubt their legality

* See MIRROR OF PARLIAMENT, p. 1446, Sess. 1837-8.

on the ground that the colonial Legislature, itself, never had any power to pass such ordinances. Let us consider what these ordinances are. First, the Governor in council says, "Here are eight men who have acknowledged themselves guilty of certain offences." Acknowledged themselves! Where—to whom—did they acknowledge themselves guilty? Not, certainly, before any constitutional tribunal. They had not been arraigned, they had not been called upon to plead, they had not pleaded guilty: yet here it is stated that these eight persons had "acknowledged themselves guilty." Let me ask, if such an "acknowledgment" as these persons made were attempted to be made use of here, what effect would it be of? It might be used as evidence against them, but it could only be evidence to be produced on their trial before a jury, and to which the jury would give only such weight as they thought proper. Yet in this case, the accused persons—without trial—without a jury—without having an opportunity to call or examine witnesses—without being even called on to plead—were at once arbitrarily sentenced to transportation from the province. That is one part of the ordinance; what says another? That fifteen persons, who stood charged with certain crimes,—though it does not appear even that an indictment had been laid against them,—that fifteen persons, who stood charged with certain crimes, and who were supposed not to be within the jurisdiction of the court, shall suffer death if ever they come within that jurisdiction, no matter with what honest intentions they may so come,—no matter though they come to plead their innocence and demand their trial by the laws of their country. No: the edict says to those persons, "You shall not be tried; but if you come here to ask for trial, you shall not be heard in your defence, but, without further ceremony, be held to stand convicted of high treason,—your blood shall be attainted, your property be confiscated, and you shall suffer death." Sir, is such an ordinance as this one which the Legislature of Lower Canada ever stood empowered to pass? Surely not. If I find that the law of England says that you shall convict no man of crime without trial,—that no man shall be judged guilty unless tried by a jury of his country, and witnesses be examined and cross-examined upon oath in his presence,—why, then I say that no colonial Legislature could possess the power of passing such an ordinance. It is an ordinance *totally contrary to* every principle, not *only of British law* and of Canadian law, but of every law which I ever saw of as the law of any civilised co Europe. Every one acquainted history of the province knows criminal law of this land was in into Canada, by proclamation, a conquest of that province. Th the 14th Geo. III., c. 83, which introduced:—

Whereas the certainty and lenity of nal law of England, and the benefits a tages resulting from the use of it, h sensibly felt by the inhabitants from a ence of more than nine years, during has been uniformly administered: be it further enacted by the authority afor the same shall continue to be adminis shall be observed as law in the pr Quebec, as well in the description and the offence as in the method of prosec trial, and the punishments and f thereby inflicted, to the exclusion of e rule of criminal law.

Now, what is the effect of this la to introduce into Canada everythi could apply to this country, an some matters, only to this countr it would introduce grand and pett —the principle that witnesses mu amined before the accused, and has a right to examine and cross- them.—It would also enact that w by law, murder, or robbery, or tre England, would likewise be so in vince of Canada. Then comes t ciple, accordingly, that it might venient to empower the colonial lature to adapt the law to the l cumstances of the province.

Subject, nevertheless, to such alter amendments as the Governor, Lieute vernor, or Commander-in-chief for being, by and with the advice and cons Legislative Council of the said provi after to be appointed, shall, from time cause to be made therein, in manner h directed.

There can be no doubt that a was given to the local Legislature amendments and alterations; bu much doubt whether the local Leg ever had the power to say, "The law of England shall not be law h the criminal law of France." The amend or alter a law; but the neither make nor altogether abrog Therefore it is provided by t section that the ordinances are n without the consent of the Crown. add that the colonial Legislature c create any new offence to which sh attached a punishment greater th months' imprisonment. They co by this Act, pass a Bill of Attaind consequently could not inflict the ment of death.

But I do not rely upon this statutory restriction merely, but rather upon the great principle that a colonial Legislature cannot pass any Act in opposition to the spirit of the law of the Imperial Parliament, — still less can they pass an Act contrary to every law of the civilised world. I have no doubt that the colony has the power of altering and amending a law by the Act of 1791. But the Act of 1791 did not give them any greater powers than the Act of 1774 had done. Therefore the colonial Legislature may have the power of making alterations in the criminal law, but not of repealing the Act of 1774, or of making any law entirely inconsistent with that Act. Now, that being the law, the act of Sir John Colborne, in suspending the Habeas Corpus Act, may be perfectly legal. What is the mode of suspending the Habeas Corpus Act? In this country the course is this: — You pass an Act declaring that certain persons may be arrested by the great officers of state without being bailed, — for a certain time. But an Act of Indemnity is always required, or the proceeding is of no use. I do not feel any reason to doubt the power of Sir John Colborne to make such an edict. And, Sir, I must say I do not think it quite prudent of the Noble Lord, considering the effect which the discussion of these questions may have in Canada, to bring forward the ordinances of Sir John Colborne, as if a question were to be raised as to their legality, and as if they were to stand or fall according as the decision should be in favour either of the legality or illegality of the ordinance issued by the Earl of Durham. The ordinances of Sir John Colborne might be perfectly legal, and yet the ordinance of the Earl of Durham might have been perfectly illegal. Therefore I cannot conceive, when the Noble Lord sees so clearly the mischief which is likely to arise from having the legality of Lord Durham's ordinance discussed, why the Noble Lord should raise the question as to the legality of the ordinances of Sir John Colborne. If the object of the Noble Lord was to insinuate that any person on this side of the House was actuated, in the consideration of this question, by anything like political party feeling, I entirely disclaim the imputation. I, for one, stated what was the impression on my own mind when the question was first brought before the House, and I now repeat that my impression was that the Governor General and his special council were not warranted by your own clause, or by the Colonial Legislature. That was also the opinion of a Noble and Learned Lord, *elsewhere, whose mind cannot be* suspected of being warped by any political bias. The Lord Chief Justice stated, the other night, that he thought these ordinances were illegal, — not in consequence of the proviso in the Act, but upon the general principles of English law.

An Honourable Member. — No. Unconstitutional.

SIR WILLIAM FOLLETT. — I cercertainly understood the Noble and Learned Lord distinctly to say that these ordinances were illegal, not only as to the first part, but as to the whole. But, whether you say unconstitutional or illegal, where is the great difference? What is the meaning of the word "unconstitutional"? Why, the violation of the constitutional law of the country. Now, no one of the provinces would have the power of making a law which would interfere with the constitutional rights of this country. And what is the law? This. The Act of 1774 declares that all persons shall be tried by a jury, and that the witnesses shall be examined in open court. Now, what does this ordinance say? Why, in the face of the Act of 1774, it declares that these parties, who are accused of high treason, shall not be tried by a jury, that they shall not have witnesses examined in open court, and that they shall not have the option of a trial. Sir John Colborne, in his edict, said to the parties, — "If you do not come in and take your trial, you shall suffer the consequences;" but this edict of the Earl of Durham says, — "If you do come and take your trial, you shall suffer death."

It is for the reasons I have now stated that I have grave doubts whether these ordinances are legal. I do not speak of the wisdom or policy of the proceeding taken by the Earl of Durham, though I cannot help regarding it as extremely injudicious, because it is impossible not to see that, whatever might have been the motive of the Noble Lord in passing an edict of such apparent severity, the effect of passing a law or ordinance which is afterwards set aside by Parliament at home, and denounced by the Government, must be prejudicial to the colony itself. There existed in Lower Canada the ordinary powers of the criminal courts of this country. If a person were indicted for a crime and absconded, the Government might by proclaiming him in the proper courts obtain a judgment of outlawry against him, the effect of which was as if the party were convicted of the offence. But what is a Bill of Attainder? Generally, it is only to carry into more full

effect the ordinary proceedings of the law. It is this: — If a person do not come in to take his trial at a certain time, then the Bill of Attainder declares that punishment shall follow as if the party had been outlawed or convicted. I am not aware of any—nor do I believe, that there is any—instance, except where a person was actually in arms against the Crown, in which a Bill of Attainder has passed. The edict of Sir John Colborne was in the nature of a Bill of Attainder; but that of the Earl of Durham is not. The first said to the party, "If you do not come in and take your trial, you shall be punished;" but the second says, "If you do come in, you shall be punished." Therefore one of those edicts might be legal, although it was a Bill of Attainder, and yet the other may not be.

I wish to ask the Noble Lord opposite one question as to the effect which the repeal of this ordinance of the Earl of Durham may have in Canada? The Noble Lord has said that the Government were anxious to bring in a measure which should have the effect of enabling them to avoid the evils which might be expected to arise from that repeal. If the Noble Lord meant that, as to the fifteen persons who are mentioned in that ordinance, the Government are prepared to bring forward a measure that should have the effect of doing away with the consequences of declaring its illegality,—then I must say, I believe that neither on my side of this House, nor in the other House, would any objection be made. But the Noble Lord says that he believes the other House of Parliament would not consent to it, because an amendment which was proposed by the Noble Viscount at the head of the Government was declared by the House of Lords to be objectionable. Why, I must say that if an amendment, couched in such terms as that was, were to be proposed now, I should feel it my duty most strenuously to oppose it; for what was the effect of that proposes amendment? Not to do away with the evil consequences of the illegal ordinance, but to vest powers in the Earl of Durham, which, if those he already possesses be great, were powers that would have far exceeded them. I will venture to say that the powers proposed to be conferred by that amendment were powers before entirely unheard of. It was proposed to empower the Governor and Special Council to pass such laws and ordinances as might be deemed necessary for the safety of the province, or for providing *for the trial or punishment* of persons *engaged in treasonable* practices. Who was to judge as to the necessity of making laws and ordinances for the safety of the province? Why, the persons in whom this power was to be vested.

Now, without meaning any reflection on the Earl of Durham (of whom I do not wish to say anything), I must observe that if the Government wished to give new powers to the Governor and Special Council in Lower Canada, in the first place, there ought to be a case of strong necessity made out for such new powers being given; and, in the next place, those powers ought to be clearly and strictly defined; and we ought not to give powers to persons who are to be the sole judges of the propriety of exercising them. I am therefore not surprised that the House of Lords rejected Lord Melbourne's amendment. But if the Noble Lord were to ask for powers enabling the Governor and Special Council to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act, I do not believe the Legislature would refuse them; or that they would refuse their consent to make some provision to avoid the ill effect of the repeal of this ordinance as regarded the cases of those men who are mentioned in it. I beg the Noble Lord, when he says he is willing to take upon himself the responsibility of annulling this ordinance, to consider maturely whether he ought to be, or can be, satisfied with the simple repeal of the ordinance, without any provision being made at all, either with respect to the men who have been transported, or with respect to those who are still at large, but who have been the ringleaders of the rebellion in Canada?

Having said thus much, I must apologise to the House for having occupied their attention so long. I, for one, regret very much that this discussion should have taken place at all; at the same time I cannot help thinking that if the discussion has of necessity taken place, it is much more likely that a declaration by Parliament, and by the same Parliament that consented to grant these coercive powers in the early part of the Session,—a declaration by them, that they would not sanction any violation of the law in the province of Lower Canada, no matter from what motive that violation had been committed, and that they would uphold, according to its known and settled rules, the administration of criminal justice there;—I say I cannot help thinking that such a declaration, from such a body, is likely to unite more closely to this country all the loyal part of the inhabitants of the colony,—and, I should hope, will be the means of bringing back

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RNEY GENERAL. — Sir,
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een brought, nor prosecution ever instituted or thought of, by the parties named in the ordinance, if it had not been for the ingenuity of certain lawyers in this country, who suggested the illegality of that ordinance. Sir, it has been stated by the Honourable Member for Westminster, and by the Honourable Member for Lambeth, that the Earl of Durham does not want this indemnity. I agree with those Honourable Members that it never would have been required, and that it is not impossible but the introduction of such a measure may be considered both officious and insidious. But as it has been introduced, and as the subject has been discussed and the question agitated, and as it does appear to me, on just consideration, that that part of the ordinance which was to be executed beyond the territory of Lower Canada is not justified by law, I have no hesitation in voting for the Bill. A Bill of Indemnity in this case is not at all subject to the objections which have been urged against it by the Honourable Member for Lambeth, or by a Noble and Learned Lord elsewhere, because *volenti non fit injuria*. All those who could have brought actions against persons acting under the authority of this ordinance confessed their guilt. "Oh, but," said the Honourable Member for Westminster, "they did not confess that they were guilty of high treason; they only confessed that they were found in arms against the Queen's Government, and as the Queen's Government was not legal, that act was not high treason." Sir, I am astonished that in this House of Parliament such doctrines should be laid down. When it was confessed by those persons that they did openly oppose, by force of arms, the authority of the State, and when they levied war against the Queen within her realms, was that or was it not, confessedly, high treason? Those persons, then, could have no cause of complaint by reason of the issuing of the ordinance; and if they had instituted a prosecution they would not have been able to have obtained more than one shilling damages. It is quite clear that this case is distinguishable from the one which has been referred to, where a person is illegally arrested and detained in prison against his will, and where, after languishing for months or years in gaol, he is discharged, and then a Bill of Indemnity is passed to prevent him from bringing his action. Such a Bill is stated to have been passed in 1818. To that Bill I should have been strongly opposed if I had been a Member of Parliament at that time. It was clearly an unconstitutional Act; it was most unjust; but there is no resemblance between

such a Bill as that passed in 1818 and the Bill now proposed in 1838, which only says that those who petitioned to be sent to the Bermudas shall not have an action against those who complied with their request. That is the sum and substance of this Bill of Indemnity.

Having said thus much, I will now come to the points of law which have been raised during the present debate. One of these points respected the legality of that part of the ordinance, by which certain persons were to be sent to the Bermudas, and kept there under restraint. Some have said that that part might be defended, upon the ground that the Governor of the Bermudas has the power, where a person has been judicially convicted and sentenced to transportation, to send him either to a penal colony, or to England, and that, from England, he might be sent to such parts beyond sea as her Majesty in council should command. Now, I cannot yield to that argument, because the individuals in question were not tried, and were not judicially convicted. This ordinance was a legislative act, and, as a legislative act, it could have no power or operation beyond the province of Lower Canada. The Earl of Durham was Governor of the whole of the British American colonies; but his legislative power was confined to Lower Canada. This being a legislative act, it could have no operation beyond the limits of that province; therefore, without hesitation, I pronounce my humble opinion to be, that that part of the ordinance exceeded the authority of the Governor and his council. My Honourable and Learned Friend the Member for Exeter states — and I wish that my Honourable and Learned Friend had adhered more strictly to his own position — that this is not the time to canvass the policy of this ordinance. True, we are now only arguing the legality of that document, and therefore I shall give no opinion upon the policy of the course taken by the Earl of Durham. It is not necessary that I should give any opinion whether it was constitutional, or unconstitutional; I shall simply confine myself to the question whether it is legal or illegal. I have no hesitation in saying — speaking upon the information that I now possess — that, had my advice been asked, I should, most probably, have counselled this ordinance to be framed in a different fashion. But I am wholly incompetent to give any opinion, because I know not the facts and circumstances under which the ordinance was framed. *It might have been* more expedient to *have proceeded according* to the common process of outlawry; or, if there have been a Bill of Attainder, t proceeded according to preceden have given the party a day to c and take his trial, and if he did nc in within that day, then to be decla he should stand attainted. But the have been, and I have no doubt ther very strong, cogent, and satisfacto sons for following a different line duct. I have confidence in the Earl ham, and in those who have advis I will not condemn men in their a I wish, before I give any opinio the policy of these proceedings, what the Earl of Durham says defence; I wish, also, to hear w members of that council may say defence; and I have not the leas that they can show that they wer justified in the course which they mended to be adopted. The House debating on the legality of the ord and they ought not to express any on the policy of his proceedings, b it to the Earl of Durham to ans himself, as to those parts of his con which he is responsible. One par ordinance declares that the fifteen duals mentioned in it are not to re Lower Canada without the permi the Governor; and that if they may be apprehended and tried what? That they shall be tried, the original offence, certainly, but having returned to the province permission. That is the offence, u edly. Now, my humble opinion this part of the ordinance was wit authority and jurisdiction of the Durham and his Special Council. the House to recollect that this or was a legislative act. The Hon Member for Westminster said would give the House "another i in which the executive power of vernor had been abused,"—the Hon Member not being able to draw the tinction between the legislative po the executive power. Others hav into the blunder of not disting between what was judicial, and w legislative; and have represent these persons were condemned by of justice without being heard, a there had thus occurred a gross v of the mode in which justice oug administered. Sir, if this had bee dicial proceeding, most unquestio would have been unlawful; but it judicial; it was an act of the Legi and it is, therefore, for the Hou whether this legislative body, con by the Act passed this Session,

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There is an exception in this clause of the Act, to which I will presently refer; but I will first argue the question with reference to cases. Here, then, is a Special Council constituted with all the powers belonging to the old Legislature of Canada, as established by the Act of 1791. Whatever that Legislature could do, this council could do. I will admit, at once, that, if my Honourable Friend can show that the Legislature of Lower Canada, as constituted by the Act of 1791, could not have passed such a law as this, then, this ordinance is unconstitutional. But I think that I shall be able satisfactorily to prove that this ordinance might have been passed by the old Legislature; and if so, it might be passed by the new legislative body, unless it came within some of the exceptions subject to which that new legislative body was constituted. Let us, then, see what was the power given to the old legislative body of Lower Canada. It is unnecessary for me to enter upon the general question propounded by the Noble Lord the Member for North Lancashire, whether, or not, the Legislatures in every colony had this power; because, the Legislatures of Upper Canada and of Lower Canada were established by an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain; and with respect to those provinces, therefore, it is only necessary for us to see what were the powers conferred on those Legislatures by such Act of Parliament, which is allowed to be omnipotent. The 31st Geo. III. c. 39. abolishes the Legislative Assembly which, before, existed in the Canadas, and then appointed a new one, consisting of a Legislative Assembly and a Legislative Council in each of the two provinces, which were then, for the first time, divided. And what are the powers conferred by the Imperial Parliament on the Colonial Assemblies? They are these: — They are, to make laws for the peace, the welfare, and the good government of such provinces, provided only that such laws be not repugnant to the Act: and it then goes on to say that all such Acts passed by the Legislative Assembly, when assented to by his Majesty, or in his name, in the manner therein prescribed, shall be and are thereby declared to be "valid and binding within such province." Here then, is constituted a Supreme Legislative, Assembly, with power to do everything

not forbidden by the Act which constituted it; and the Act then goes on, in the subsequent clauses, to enact what shall be the franchise, what shall be the reserves of the clergy of the establishment; and so, after making some enactments respecting religion, it proceeds to say that certain laws which might be passed shall not be valid till they shall have been transmitted to England, and laid before the two Houses of Parliament. Under these restrictions, therefore, the Legislature so established possesses supreme legislative powers. What doubt is there, then, that the Legislature of Lower Canada, before the passing of the Act of the 1st Victoria, had the authority to promulgate such an ordinance as has been issued by Lord Durham and his council? But Lord Durham and his Special Council had all the authority of the old Legislature; and they seem, therefore, to me, to have clearly had the right to alter the criminal law; and if so, they might alter the criminal law as it affected individuals, as much as they might alter it with respect to any general class of persons; and if there be a power to alter the criminal law, there is a power to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act, and to pass a Bill of Attainder; and this has been done, and Acts of Attainder have been passed, and indeed, all these powers have been exercised by the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada. Now, Upper Canada possesses only the power of Lower Canada; and can there be a doubt, when the first has exercised these powers, that the latter also possesses them? I shall show, when I come to that part of the case, that there were Acts of this kind passed by the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada. The result would be, therefore, that the former Legislature of Lower Canada could clearly have passed this law; and if so, the same power belonged to the Earl of Durham and his Special Council.

Now, let us look at the exceptions in the Act of Parliament. But before I notice this part of the subject, I will refer to a question of the Noble Lord the Member for North Lancashire. The Act of 7 and 8 Wil. III. c. 22. declares that any law passed in any of the plantations, repugnant to the law of this country, is absolutely void; and that answers at once the Noble Lord's question; for they have the power of departing from the law of England, so far as to make a felony in the colony of what is only a trespass in England, or to make a trespass in the colony of that which is a felony here. But as to the laws of this country, which *are made absolutely binding* on the colony, *the local Legislature has* no power whatever; and so far the repeal of any Act of the British Parliament, intended specially to apply to such colony, is absolutely void. The ordinance, however, of Lord Durham, does not, as I shall show, violate any British Act of Parliament, which refers, or is applicable, to Canada. But let us look to the case, and I say that there are no implied exceptions that the criminal law of England was not meant specially to apply to Canada or to any of the colonies. My Noble Friend doubts whether the Habeas Corpus Act could be introduced into, and could be repealed in, the colonies. But, here, I differ from him, because, if the criminal law were introduced into a colony, the Habeas Corpus Act, which is the glory of the law of England, would also have to be introduced. There were no implied exceptions in the old legislation, and there were, therefore, no implied exceptions in the new. Let us see, then, whether there are any express exceptions; and if there be, they are in the last Act of Parliament. And here let me remind the House of the circumstances under which that Act was passed. Rebellion was raging in the province; the local Legislature could not act; and it was necessary that some new power should be constituted for the purpose of restoring peace and harmony. For this purpose the Bill was introduced; and it recites that the Legislative Assembly of Lower Canada could no longer act, and that it was necessary that some other Legislature should be established in its place; and the Bill, therefore, creates a new Legislative Special Council, to be presided over by the Governor. Is it, therefore, likely, under such circumstances, that this new Legislature should be confined to "doing the mere routine business?" Is it to be supposed that it should not have the power to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act, or to keep in prison those persons accused of treason, whom it would not be expedient to bring to immediate trial? Is that mere routine business? No; it was necessary that a Legislature, substituted for one that was paralysed, should have the power of acting vigorously, and of putting down the rebellion. Sir, the exceptions themselves show what was the meaning of this and of the other House of Parliament,—that without these restrictions this Legislative Assembly would have complete power to alter every English Act of Parliament. The exception provides—

> That it shall not be lawful, by any law or ordinance, to impose any tax, duty, rate, or impost, save only in so far as any tax, duty, rate, or impost, which, at the passing of this Act, is payable within the said province, may be thereby continued.

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These were the three points alone touched upon by the Noble Lord the Member for North Lancashire, and by the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter, who concluded his speech by showing that the new Legislative Council ought not to have the power of interfering with the religion, the Tenures Act, or the clergy reserves of the colony. Well, then, if it was thought that the council, under this Act, had no power of that kind — no power of interfering with any Act of Parliament, — why was this proviso introduced? But it was thought to be necessary to put this limitation upon these powers; and the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter said, on the conclusion of his speech, having enumerated those points and the reasons,—that on those grounds he proposed that in the proviso, in the clause under consideration, there should be introduced the words "nor to suspend," &c.; and then my Honourable Friend the Under Secretary for the Colonies (Sir George Grey), answering the Honourable and Learned Member, said, "that if the amendment only applied to the Acts he had stated, there could be no objection to it; but it might apply to others in such a way as to render its adoption inexpedient;" and the answer of the Honourable and Learned Member distinctly was, "that his only object was to exclude from the operation of the clause such laws as he had particularised."

SIR WILLIAM FOLLETT. — Read the remainder.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — I have read the whole passage, and will read it again; the part that follows does not qualify what preceded.

My Honourable and Learned Friend has done me the honour to refer to something that fell from me in the course of that debate; but if my Honourable and Learned Friend will tax his recollection, or turn to the printed account of what passed, although, as he has stated, that account is not quite verbally accurate, yet he will find that my remark was confined to a suggestion of my Right Honourable Friend the Member for Coventry, that the Special Council should have a power to make permanent laws relating to local matters in Canada, some of which, especially such as related to railroads, were stated to be better than those in England. To that I stated that there might be an objection; and with reference to that subject, only, I made the observation. But looking to the printed account, I believe it to be more accurate to say that my concluding

words were, that "as to the amendment of my Honourable and Learned Friend (Sir W. Follett), there could be no objection to it if it were properly limited. If, therefore, the proposal were properly limited, there could not, in my opinion, be any objection to it; but if the object had been to prevent any alteration of an English Act I would have objected to it, because it would wholly paralyse the Government." In what respect, however, does the ordinance alter any Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom? And to show what was intended, the words here used are — "the Parliament of Great Britain, or the Parliament of the United Kingdom." And why was this? Because the Act of 31 Geo. III. was an Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, whilst the Act of Lord Ripon, passed in 1825, was an Act of the United Kingdom; and this was the reason why the clause was confined to the Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain and of the United Kingdom. All this shows the object of the introduction. I regret that the proviso was not more precise in terms. I should have been glad if the words had been any Act "relating to the province of Lower Canada;" but I say that it is implied that it refers only to Acts relating to that province. My Honourable and Learned Friend talks much of the despotism of the measure; but, although it was thought hard, yet it was deemed, in the nature of the case, necessary. The House and the country, placing confidence in an individual, selected him to carry the Act into effect, and Parliament was satisfied with trusting to the responsibility of that individual, and to the House's calling him to account; and will my Honourable and Learned Friend, after the history of the manner in which this proviso was introduced, and after the language of the Act itself, say that this proviso was introduced for the purpose of preventing the alteration or the suspension of any Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, or that it should be confined only to those relating to the province of Lower Canada?

Now, it has been asserted, over and over again, that it applies not only to the legislation of Lower Canada, but to any Act whatever. And if my Honourable and Learned Friend stands on that limitation, does he say that it interferes with the Act of Lower Canada? Does the Habeas Corpus Act, or any other Act of criminal law, relate to Lower Canada? Why, it would come to this, — that there could be no alteration of the criminal *law, either in the* statute or common law. *The Act of 14 George III.* has been *specially referred to;* but the very section of that which introduces the criminal law into the colony expressly subjects it to such alteration as the Governor, by and with the advice of the Legislative Council, should from time to time cause to be made therein; so that the very section introducing the criminal law provides for the power of alteration. It does not prevent any alteration, however great or fundamental such alteration might be; but it provides, only, that this shall not be made without the sanction of the Sovereign. Therefore, when any ordinance making any alteration in the law — nay, if it abolished trial by jury altogether, and established any tribunal, however unconstitutional — once obtained the sanction of the Sovereign, it would be a lawful ordinance under that Act. But the Special Council, established by that Act, was abolished by the 31st Geo. III.; the Special Council ceased after the passing of that Act, and all the power passed from that time to the new council. Then the criminal law, as it subsisted at that time, was to continue, but the Legislative Assembly had the full right to change such laws as the Assembly might from time to time think proper, not without the authority of the King; but, after the passing of the 31st George III., all the restrictions imposed under the Act of 14 George III. were absolutely done away with, and the Assembly, subject to the King's assent, had the power of altering all the criminal laws as they liked. I have now dealt with the Act of Parliament, with the exception which was introduced into it, and with the Act of 14 George III., on which so much reliance has been placed, and I think that those who look at the Acts of Parliament, setting apart all considerations of party, and only judicially deciding on the Acts of Parliament themselves, will come to the conclusion that the ordinance, in point of law, so far as concerns the fifteen persons, if they shall return to the province, is good and effectual; that it is a legislative Act; that it is the Act of a Legislative Assembly constituted without any restriction; for if there were no implied restriction, there was no express exception in the Act which was passed.

Sir, I said that I should confine myself, strictly, to the question of law; and I hope that I have performed my promise better than my Honourable and Learned Friend the Member for Exeter, who, in the course of his speech, was constantly diverging into questions of policy and expediency, anticipating the debate which will hereafter arise, when, having all the facts of the case before us, we shall be called upon to say whether, or not,

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saying that they are illegal; and I am ready to take my share of the responsibility which may be incurred by Lord Durham on the subject of this Act, believing, as I do, that he possessed the power which he employed, and that he has exercised it wisely and discreetly, and, besides, that he was fully justified in departing from the criminal law as it existed in Canada before he went there, and in making it vary from the criminal law of this country.

Sir, I deeply lament the stern necessity which rendered such an Act indispensable; and I look forward to the time when such unconstitutional measures shall cease, and the law be restored. But, Sir, I fear that that moment may be delayed by such discussions as these. It is allowed on all hands that a dire necessity did exist; and I trust it will soon pass away, and that that part of her Majesty's dominions will speedily be restored to peace, harmony, and tranquillity—to obedience to the law, and allegiance to the Crown.

SIR E. SUGDEN. — Sir, I rise with great unwillingness to prolong the discussion on this question; but I shall endeavour to do, on this occasion, what I have done on all former questions relating to Canada—that is, go to its consideration without reference to personal motives or to party feeling, and consider, only, what ought to be done under the circumstances, and what is the law we are called on to make. I own that I am somewhat surprised at the course taken by the Noble Lord (Lord J. Russell), and the Honourable and Learned Gentleman (the Attorney General), on this question; for, if I understand it, the argument of both is, that the ordinance of Lord Durham, except so far as regards this Bermuda question, and the taking the parties, who have been referred to, out of the jurisdiction of the province, is legal. All the rest, the Noble Lord contends, is legal, and says that her Majesty's Government will act on it as such. Now, how the Noble Lord can make such a declaration, and at the same time give his sanction to the Bill at present before the House, which declares that the ordinance cannot be justified by law — I quote the words of the clause — I am at a loss to decide. The Bill says that there shall be an indemnity, so far as the ordinance directs the taking the prisoners to Bermuda, and there detaining them; but it expressly states — and not as to a part only, but as to the whole — that the ordinance cannot be justified by law. *How, then, the Noble* Lord, as the *representative of the* Government in this House, can say that he will uphold that which he stigmatises by the very Bill he has brought into this House as a violation of the law, is to me a matter of no little surprise. When this Bill shall have passed which so stigmatises the ordinance as being not warranted by law, I take it to be clear that that decision of the two Houses of Parliament must prevent the Government from pleading the law, as it has been acted on, as any justification of this act of the Governor General. It seems to me perfectly idle to discuss this question, unless the Government are prepared to say how they will proceed after this Bill shall have become law. The ordinance is accompanied by a proclamation, and, although the words are extremely ambiguous, its true construction, taken together, is, that everybody is pardoned—for all offences, for high treason, or for treasonable practices,—except the persons named in the ordinance, who are to suffer, for their crimes, the punishments those ordinances affix. Now, how does the matter stand? Before the Bill passes, the Government declare their intention to disclaim and disallow the ordinance. This ordinance will, therefore, have no operation — it will have no continuing operation. The Governor General has shown, by his most important acts, that he considers the operation of the ordinance to commence *instanter*; and here arises a difficulty which has not been provided for. The Bill, when it came down from the other House, could not have those amendments which have been adopted by the Government themselves. Then, let us see how the point stands. The Governor of the province is required to transmit to the Government a distinct copy of every law or ordinance made under the Act, and it shall be for the Secretary of State to declare their allowance or disallowance of such law. This is the ordinary course of legislating; and it clearly shows that it was not the intention of either branch of the Legislature to give those powers which will be exercised by the ordinance. The ordinance will cease to have operation; but in the mean time those persons will have undergone punishment; and any one of the fifteen individuals who may put his foot on his native land, will be found guilty of having done so, and may be executed for treason, without the slightest attempt at investigation or proof beyond the declaration of the ordinance. Then comes the declaration of her Majesty in council, that the ordinance shall have no force; but that will not recal to life those who may have been hanged before that declaration was announced. It was certainly, there-

important, if you did intend as these ordinances should be have provided that no ordi- h inflicted the penalty of death tation on any person contrary uld be of any avail until it had ed her Majesty's sanction. That e obviated the difficulty. But y, there is a very strong pre- that the law, as construed by ham, was not intended to be execution. The Government n, address themselves to this — the people of Canada and the this country must clearly under- nd will expect an answer to it,— they prepared to act in regard persons who are the subjects of nce?" It was considered neces- the safety and wellbeing of nada, that these persons should to Bermuda, and there detained e pleasure of the Governor Ge- he effect of disallowing the ordi- be, instantly, to open the gates as them; they will be at liberty to m Bermuda, and to enter Canada, nt news of her Majesty's disal- f the ordinance is transmitted to ough any source. What, then, Noble Lord intend with respect ersons? It is of no use to talk nions of individuals in the other You must meet the question e face. After what has passed, ons, so punished under the or- f Lord Durham, cannot be taken jury with halters about their o Government in existence dare urse to such a measure. They essed their guilt, and have sub- emselves to the Queen's plea- ut by an illegal ordinance a as been imposed on them which partly inflicted; but you must remainder; and unless the Im- liament interferes to prevent it, may return, free from all appre- to that country which has been ed by their former practices. idea of the proclamation which issued by Lord Durham is, that son is pardoned under it, except o are specially referred to in the . There is to be no prosecution dividual, except under the or- you cannot, without the aid of the Parliament, prosecute any man t of the ordinance. Now, I think own that by the ordinance you bled yourselves from proceeding ny one of the eight persons who transported to Bermuda; *and, ll doubt or question, the fifteen* others to whom the ordinance refers will be at liberty to re-enter Canada. Would the Noble Lord be prepared, after what has passed, to try them by a jury? Why, it would be a sort of judicial murder to take these persons before a jury after having, by the ordinance, convicted them of high treason, and imposed on them a punishment only inferior to the immediate penalty of death.

Well, then, what is the consequence? If the Noble Lord were to try these persons for high treason, after what has occurred, he would do that which would alienate the minds of the people of Canada more than anything else besides. On the other hand, of these persons are permitted to return to Canada, they will go back because of an error which the Government has committed. This is no case of amnesty, or even leniency, on the part of the Government; but the Government being unable to carry the ordinance into complete execution, by reason of their own mistake, the return of those persons to Lower Canada will take place in spite of the Government; and they will go back with the feeling that you are not capable of carrying out that punishment which you denounced against them. Now, I can conceive nothing more dangerous than the return of those persons to the colony under such circumstances. The Government, then, must look this difficulty firmly in the face; and I want to know from the Noble Lord what steps he is prepared to take, — whether he will enforce this particular Act against those persons, notwithstanding the ordinance has fallen to the ground. I must say that I have listened to the general tone, which this discussion has taken on the other side of the House, with some regret. I am sorry to hear such constant attacks upon somebody or other said to be actuated by personal and political motives. It is not difficult to conjecture to whom those observations are applied; but as they are directed at some person not present, and who would not, in all probability, be so attacked if he were present, I am rather disposed to give the Honourable and Learned Attorney General credit for what he has said upon this point; and I would suggest to the Noble Lord how much more convenient it would have been, for all parties, if the Noble Lord's colleagues in the other House, instead of throwing upon the Noble Lord the *onus* of replying, here, to a speech made not in this House, had, himself, answered the Noble and Learned Lord's speech at the time and in the place in which it was made. It appears to be a "labour of love" on the

part of the Noble Lord opposite; but it must be remembered that it is contrary to the rules of this House to countenance such an irregular practice, although in the present case it was covered so much by the Noble Lord's intimate knowledge of our forms, as even to escape the notice of the chair. I hope, however, these matter will be better managed for the future.

With respect to the question immediately under consideration, I think it absolutely necessary that some measure should be adopted to meet the exigencies of the case. What that measure ought to be I will not say. But I will say, that I consider it ought to be one of great moderation and leniency, as regards the offenders, and at the same time one of perfect safety to the colony. The Noble Lord will take upon himself an awful responsibility if, short as the time is, he allows Parliament to be prorogued without making some provision for the cases which must arise from pronouncing the ordinance to be illegal; and a still greater, if he writes to Lord Durham to say, "I have stated in the House of Commons that I was prepared to justify you in carrying the remainder of the ordinance into effect." For it is quite clear that if such a communication were made, and Lord Durham were to act upon it, he would be sowing the seeds of a new rebellion. It is impossible to deny that a great part of the present difficulty has arisen from the supineness of the Government. It is clear that if Lord Durham had had a real council (as the House intended he should have, but which he has not now), these evils would never have existed. It is easy for the Honourable and Learned Gentleman (the Attorney General) to say, "Don't discuss anything but the question of legality;" but the Noble Lord compels us to go into other matters; for he says, "Why did you not discover these objections when Sir John Colborne passed his ordinances?" I will tell the Noble Lord why. Because there was no striking enormity in Sir J. Colborne's proceedings. They might possibly have been in some respects illegal, and I do not say they were not; but in their illegality there was exhibited none of that outrageous violation of constitutional principles which have characterised the ordinances of Lord Durham. The illegality of those others was not so great as to strike at first sight; but the enormity of Lord Durham's ordinances is so great as immediately to strike the mind *of every man, and suggest* the idea of *illegality.*

Now, suppose that Papineau had landed in Canada, would he not h hanged? Though he might have have a right to come, and will c think that,—you having the pow this ordinance, and he setting yc ance, you would have hanged him possible to look at this ordinanc asking, in the first place, "Is and, secondly, is it constitutional in answer to the latter questi say that a more unconstitutio never saw; and it is much to be that it has emanated from those themselves the liberal party; a much the more to be lamented th power on their side, the first act Durham and his council should l this illegal and unconstitutio nance, and for which there ca kind of excuse. These are no n be played with. We ought to act v we profess. Then, here are fiftee against whom warrants only hav sued,—no examinations have tak no evidence been taken, no defen but on the mere fact of the issue warrants, they are adjudged guilt treason, and are condemned to s extreme penalty of the law if e they set foot on their native s case occurred in 1539, in whi put to the judges, whether a pers be attacked in Parliament with called upon for his answer. Tl held that it was a most dangerou ple to admit, and that the P ought to be an example to th courts, and that every person accused of a crime ought to ha portunity of answering for hi have never attacked Lord Durl do I mean to do so. Now, I be in the issuing of these ordinanc actuated by humane feelings, possibly he never intended tl should be put in force; his was not to make them operat nances. But nothing can be mor ous or liable to objection than th of taking steps upon the calcula they will not be called for, and any intention of acting upon have always understood that th nances, if they do not absolutel the allowance of, at least may allowed by, the Crown. And also understood that the Colon makes inquiries of the prop authorities, as to the legality before they give their assent Now, if this had been down witl to the ordinance of Lord Du would have been seen at once th illegal, and this difficulty would arisen. The Honourable and

an, the Attorney General, says
ıe had had the drawing up of the
e, he would have drawn it differ-
But how would he have made it
The Honourable and Learned
an stigmatises the ordinance in
est degree as improper and unfit,
ıile he attempts to defend the
of it. I am extremely unwilling
into the question of law; as what-
said in this House, either by the
able and Learned Gentleman or
upon points of law, goes abso-
ır nothing. It is of no weight out
s, although in distant places, like
Canada, it is likely to be productive
ıievous effects; but as the sub-
been brought forward not by us,
ıot answerable for those results,
any person in the other House.
estion has been brought forward
quence of the illegality of the Act
t is now sought to remedy; and I
Government ought to be grateful
erson who first made them aware
illegal nature of Lord Durham's
ce, inasmuch as that knowledge
ed them from a continued commis-
what is undoubtedly a gross con-
nd infringement of the law. The
able and Learned Gentleman, her
's Attorney General, with an ap-
e of honest warmth, states that
not condemn any man in his ab-
and yet, in the same breath, he
the legality of an ordinance which
ns to death fifteen men in their ab-
I cheered the Honourable and
l Gentleman when he stated he
ot condemn any man in his absence,
h no doubt the Honourable and
l Gentleman himself was surprised.
rprised, on my part, to hear the Ho-
e and Learned Gentleman say the
ce was perfectly legal, and yet, at
ıe time, express his willingness to
rescinded. Wherefore is this Bill
l, if not to rescind an ordinance
of its illegality? Then, if so, why
we disturb its remains, and scatter
s in the air? Why not let it rest
e? The Honourable and Learned
nan says the framers of the Bill had
to suppose that the Governor Gene-
the power he has used; for, if that
the intention, why did we introduce
viso of exception? Why, no one
better than the Honourable and
d Gentleman the reason for insist-
that proviso, and he must also
rell, that although it was properly
d in the first place, it was impro-
etained after. He *omitted to strike*
of the Bill. When the Bill was first introduced, this proviso to limit the powers which were then proposed to give to the Governor in council was necessary; but, then, when the general limit was placed on the Act, the proviso was improper, and ought not to have been retained.—Now, if I understood, rightly, the Honourable and Learned Gentleman's argument upon that part of the subject, he put out of sight the Act of 1774; he says that the Act of 1774 provided that the criminal law of England should also be the law in Canada; but, then, he argues that the Act of 1791, which destroyed the former council and created the assembly and new council, gave all those powers to the assembly which were necessary for the good government of the colony: and as there was no express law on the subject, the Canadian Legislature might, of itself, have made any alteration which it might have thought proper; and that the Governor General in council, having, now, the same power which the Canadian Legislature had when it existed, can also make any alteration in the law which he may consider necessary.

These, as I understand, are the Honourable and Learned Attorney General's arguments. I will not attempt to answer them fully on this occasion, for the reason I have stated; but I must say that he has carried the principle too far. The Act of 1774 was a confirmation, by the British Parliament, of that which then existed in Canada. The 15th section of that Act provided, that the criminal law of England should operate in Lower Canada; and this, not having been repealed by the Act of 1791, still enures. The Honourable and Learned Gentleman says this is a matter of small importance; but it is so far of moment, that it has given rise to matters of great importance. Now, as I understand the Honourable and Learned Gentleman's argument, it would have been competent for the Legislature, formerly, and is for the Governor in council, now, so to alter the criminal law in Canada, as to make that which is a mere trespass in this country an act of felony in the colony. I do not say that they cannot alter the criminal law in Canada; but I do say that there is a point beyond which they cannot go. Will the Honourable and Learned Gentleman tell me that it is competent for the Governor in council to alter the criminal law, as it relates to high treason, without reference to the Imperial Legislature; or that the Governor in council may repeal the existing Acts, and enact new ones as to treason? This *is* the question; and so far, I maintain, it would be beyond the power of the Cana-

dian Legislature, or the Governor in council, to interfere with the criminal law of the colony.

One word with regard to the manner in which the council was held at which this ordinance of Lord Durham was passed. The forms prescribed by the Act have been neglected, although the Noble Lord ought to have known that, in many important cases, matter of form is also matter of substance. How different from the manner in which Sir J. Colborne acted under the guidance of the same Act of Parliament! Now it so happens that Sir J. Colborne has sent home an account of the proceedings of his council, and we find that he mentions even the minutest details; the number and names of those present, the business which was transacted, the name of the chairman, and even when he himself tenered the council and when he went away. Sir J. Colborne, also, laid down certain rules and orders, under the Act of Parliament, for the guidance of the council. I have not heard that those orders and regulations have been rescinded; and, if not, they must still be binding on Lord Durham. Sir J. Colborne adopted rules for governing the deliberations of the council, similar to those which regulate the proceedings of this House. Every law or ordinance was to pass through its various stages of first, second, and third reading, &c., as is the case here, so that the council of Sir J. Colborne really had the functions of a Parliament in miniature. Sir J. Colborne had a council of twenty-one members, and he approved of that council; and he expressed his approbation, not before their faces but behind their backs, in his despatches to the Secretary of State. Sir J. Colborne had a real council, a council such as there ought to be now; for, be it remembered, that they have not to decide upon mere matters of barter and trade but on questions of life, death, and liberty. This fact, also, must not be lost sight of, — that Lord Durham's Special Council of five, on the very day of their appointment, met and passed sentence of transportation on eight persons, and that of death on fifteen absent men. Now, had the rules and regulations, as laid down by Sir J. Colborne, been acted upon, the country would have been made aware of the illegality of the ordinance in sufficient time to have prevented the necessity for this Act. I must now beg pardon of the House for having taken up so much of their time. I have endeavoured to avoid any topic that might lead to difficulty in considering the question of law; at the same time I endeavoured to show, as clearly as the new difficulties which must a passing this Act unaccompanied other measure.

SIR CHARLES GREY. — I Sir, that I do not see the diffic presents itself to the mind of the H nourable and Learned Gentleman just sat down, in the event of passing unaccompanied by son measure. It appears to me th would be just to try persons u ordinance, there would be no dif doing so, although those person have put in a qualified admissior guilt; and I take it that, if the p tion is annulled as well as the o the parties whom it affected wou mitted to the same situation as the before. Having heard that it is n tention of the Government to brir other measure upon the subject, r to offer myself to the attention of t is in a great degree diminished. no purpose, therefore, at this l of the night, to do more than subi observations on the subject imr before us, and to express the gr which the opinion I stated rests. I will not attempt to de the Honourable Member for We (Mr. Leader) calls the motives Durham, in publishing the ordi question, although I entirely co the Honourable Member in think on the ground of legality, that c cannot be maintained; but I can that Lord Durham was actuate instance by feelings of cruelty.

Mr. LEADER. — I never impu inges of cruelty to Lord Durham

SIR C. GREY. — I am glad that the Honourable Member di tend to impute cruelty to Lord but I assure the Honourable Mer I would not have referred to it not heard the expression. There to me to be some error as to th of Lord Durham's ordinance. derstand it, its effect as to the eigh was this, — that they might, on receive a conditional pardon; but being granted, they were to un punishment of transportation for their property was not to be liat same forfeiture as under an atta treason. As to the other par Honourable and Learned Men Exeter must excuse me for say the ordinance which relates to not, as he has considered it, a

', nor anything like it; but under
:ess the outlawry was abridged,
is announced that certain persons
'e indicted, if within a certain
y entered the province, should
ainted of high treason. And we
: effect of a person being led to
that, if he enters a certain pro-
: will be executed on his identity
oved. I cannot suppose that this
a would ever have taken place, even
of these persons had been dis-
in the colony; but the ordinance
n as a warning to them, and was
to operate rather as a sentence
ment,—and that not perpetual, but
such time as the Governor Ge-
ght think it right to allow them
n, on their giving security for
ture good behaviour. By the
le, the eight persons who were
d by the ordinance to trans-
: might also be recalled at the
of the Governor General, upon
ring a like security. I must,
:, acquit Lord Durham of any-
:e cruelty or violence in what he
:. When, however, the question
it forward in such a manner that
nt cannot refrain from expressing
on as to its legality, I think a
and well-considered judgment
be pronounced; for it would
be most mischievous if a matter
tant were left in the least doubt.
that, in my opinion, the ordi-
legal. It is no difficult matter
:. There are but three Acts of
nt which apply to the case; the
Geo. III. c. 83., the 31st of
c. 31., and the 1st of Vic. c. 9.
understand the last Act, it is ne-
o go back to the two former. And
ust say, that my opinion accords
ith that of the Honourable and
Member for Exeter or of her
s Attorney General. My im-
is, that it is the original power
ng the law by Act of Parliament
plies to the colony in question, as
l before the first creation of the
Legislature. As a general rule,
say, if you create a Legislature
ers to make laws for the general
ent of the country, they might
er Acts of Parliament apply-
eir colony; but the case will be
if exceptions or restrictions are
upon them. But there can be
; that these powers of the colonial
ure are limited, — not by express
ut by usual and universal im-
. It is impossible that a colonial
ure can have the *right to inter-*

fere with the permanent and fundamental laws of the empire. The Sovereign himself could not transfer the allegiance of a colony to another Crown. In this case it would not have been competent for the Sovereign of these kingdoms, even with the concurrence of the two Houses of the Canadian Legislature, to transfer the allegiance of the colony to the King of France. Neither could the colonial Legislature have passed laws affecting free trade, or for excluding British subjects from the ports of the St Lawrence. Surely, then, it will be admitted that the right of the subject to his life is of a higher nature than the right of any man to the privileges of trade; and I will say that to put men to death without trial is a stretch of power beyond the powers of any colonial Legislature, and even beyond those of the British Parliament itself. We do not even know that those fifteen persons, who were so condemned to death, have been made aware of the sentence that has been passed upon them; therefore, although I have no doubt that Lord Durham was well justified in his own mind in passing the ordinance, I am bound to say that, so far as regards the condemning these men to death, if they should presume again to set foot on their native land (and that without trial), this was an arbitrary edict, and cannot be maintained as legal. The power of the Legislative Council is not like that of the House of Lords in this country. The House of Lords is a judicial body; the Legislative Council is not. It has, therefore, no power of entertaining Bills of Attainder: at least, that is my impression; and I am not aware that either in Canada, or any other colony, has the power of passing Acts of Attainder been entrusted to the Legislative Council. I hold, then, that the former Legislature of Canada could not have passed such an ordinance as this which has been promulgated by the Governor General in council; and therefore I conclude that it cannot be maintained; — I mean that part of it which threatens death to those fifteen persons if they should be found in their own country. I believe there is no instance of anything like this ordinance to be found in the journals of the Imperial Parliament. I learn, on good authority, that the only case in the nature of a precedent is that of the 17 Geo. II., which declared that, if the sons of the Pretender were found in this country, they should be adjudged traitors, and suffer death. But mark the difference between the two cases. The sons of the Pretender were not British subjects; they would be

on unauthorised ground; and the principle on which they were so threatened was, that, not being themselves sovereign powers, nor British subjects, they were attempting to subvert the peace of the kingdom; but these fifteen Canadians are threatened with death if they return to the country in which they were born, and to which, until they have been tried and pronounced guilty of some crime, they have a right to go.

I admit the power of the Governor General in council to alter the law; but I do not admit that he has the power to destroy the law, or to pervert the law. Then, as to that ordinance of Sir John Colborne, which has been described as an Act of Attainder; it cannot be such, inasmuch as there is not a single person named in it. It is not, then, an Act of Attainder, but merely proclaims a slight alteration of the time which is now allowed to persons accused of high treason to surrender and take their trial. I should say, then, that, except so far as it is limited by the first of Victoria, we may fairly suppose that Lord Durham would have the powers of the Act of the 14 George III. But that Act provides that no Act of the English Legislature, as to the trial of prisoners, shall be repealed in the colony. Suppose Papineau were apprehended in the colony; he would naturally inquire if that proviso had been repealed? The answer that would be given, as a matter of course, would be, that the ordinance of the Governor General in council had repealed it. But were I Attorney General, I should be very sorry to let it go forth to the world that such was my opinion. Yet, although I admit that the ordinance was excessive, and might have been much abused if left in improper hands, still I believe that it was intended, not as a measure of cruelty, but as one of leniency and mercy to the parties accused. I regret extremely that the ordinance was ever passed, knowing that its disallowance must tend materially to weaken the power of the Government in the colony; but what has been done is irretrievable; at the same time, I do consider that, when Parliament is called upon to express an opinion, whatever may be the consequences of that opinion, the mischief would be infinitely greater if any doubt were left as to the legality of the ordinance;—the more especially, after the opinion that has been expressed in the other House. There is one other circumstance to which I wish to advert; that is, the transfer of the convicts to Bermuda. My *conviction as to* this part of the ordi*nance is, that, if there* be any illegality in *it, it is of so trifling* a nature that there would really be no necessity for the Parliament to interfere on that account. I believe it is not an unusual course to pardon persons before argument; it has been done by Sir J. Colborne as well as others. I have, therefore, no occasion to say more on this point. With respect to the last part of the ordinance,—that which declares that no mercy shall be shown to those persons who were engaged in the murder of Lieutenant Weir,—to say the least of it,—it is most irregular; for surely no Governor could prevent her Majesty from exercising her Royal prerogative if she should so think fit.

I have now stated my view of the legality of the ordinance as clearly as I am able to do it; and I must add that, knowing the injurious effect that must result, and the difficulties that will be thrown in the way of those who have undertaken the task of restoring peace in Canada, by the declaration of the Imperial Parliament that they disapprove of the ordinance which has been passed by the Governor General in council, it is with great grief that I have arrived at the conclusion which I have expressed.

SIR R. INGLIS. — My object in rising is to call the attention of the House to the consequences that would result if the Bill were left in its present state. The ordinance having condemned a certain number of persons for certain offences, the proclamation goes on to pardon all other persons who have committed other offences. Now if, by the Order in Council, which her Majesty has been advised to issue, you rescind the ordinance without rescinding the proclamation, you will prevent criminals from suffering the just punishment of their offences; for no one—except the Honourable Member for Westminster—doubts that offences of a heinous nature have been committed. I would therefore suggest — but I do not wish to influence the vote of any Honourable Member—the expediency of introducing a clause into the Bill, providing "that nothing in any ordinance issued in Canada, under the authority of the 1st of Victoria, or in the order in council, disallowing that ordinance, shall be construed into a release of any person from the legal punishment attendant on his crimes, but that he shall be equally accountable as before the passing of the ordinance." It has been said by the Noble Lord (J. Russell) that such a clause would not be likely to meet with the concurrence of the other House. I, however, differ in opinion from the Noble Lord in that respect. But, whether or not, I should say, let the Noble Lord throw the responsibility on those

reject so reasonable a proposi- Noble Lord the Member for ashire has urged a measure of ption upon the Government, ure the course recommended upported by this House and ıtry. I have, myself, pressed e Government before, and I n the Noble Lord not to allow ıent to be adjourned or pro- ıl some measures are taken for r of one of the most valuable of the Crown. I allow that ere discussion of this subject is ded with danger, and that it may ous to the safety of the colony; ot but complain of Honourable on the opposite side of the having accused those on this ring been actuated by party the course we have felt it adopt. It is impossible for such a clause as I have pro- I suggest it to the Noble Lord to him and the Honourable l Attorney General to frame it t their own views. But I must e Government will take upon a responsibility which all other shrink from, if they allow the close without passing some tive measure as that which I red to suggest.

)LICITOR GENERAL. — I the House that I do not rise this debate by more than a bservations. I am quite wil- re in the responsibility (if there ch my Honourable and Learned Attorney General, when he o much of the ordinance as he sending prisoners to Ber- egal, and that the rest is per- . I will not, however, discuss now, but will offer a word or y to an observation which fell ight Honourable and Learned r Ripon. That Right Honour- earned Member has said that, guage of the Act, the Govern- it that the whole ordinance is hey admit no such thing, and I othing that could be more pre- British interests in Canada t should go forth that the Go- and the Parliament admit the ne ordinance to be illegal. The nothing of the sort; and I hat I was astonished at such a coming from the Right Honour- Learned Member for Ripon. that there is something *illegal* inance; *but that is not to say* that there is no part of it which can be justified. The Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter has said that, when Parliament granted certain powers to Lord Durham, it did not intend to give him more than the ordinary powers of legislation. I grant that; but those ordinary powers were to be exercised in an extraordinary crisis; that is, ordinary powers to be exercised by him in the same spirit and on the same principle as they would be by a Legislature under similar circumstances. It has been said, — did the Legislature of Canada ever pass such an Act as Lord Durham has passed? Certainly not; but I deny that Lord Durham has therefore exceeded his powers, if there be a *dignus vindice nodus*. Lord Durham is perfectly justified in what he has done. Then, does the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter mean to say that there is no precedent for such a proceeding as the penal enactment which has been issued against M. Papineau and others? Does the Honourable and Learned Member forget the enactment which made it high treason for any member of the Buonaparte family to return to France? Then there is the case to which the Right Honourable Baronet the Member for Tynemouth has adverted, — that of the family of the Pretender in this country. That, however, is got over by saying that the sons of the Pretender were not British-born subjects; but the son of James the Second, who was afterwards styled King of England, — he was born in England. And the Act 13 and 14 Will. III. cap. 3. enacted, "That, whereas the son of the deposed monarch James the Second, had taken upon himself the title of Prince of Wales; he was a traitor, and was liable to all the pains and penalties of high treason." And was the Act 13 and 14 Will. III. passed after investigation, and after mature deliberation? No; the course that was taken was this: the Parliament met on the 2d of January; the King stated the fact from the throne; the same day, the Minister introduced a Bill; it was read the second time the next day; and, on the Wednesday following, it was passed and sent to the Lords. It went through the other House as speedily, and was the law of the land in ten days after the Parliament had met. I contend, then, that, if there be a case to justify such a proceeding, it is not contrary to precedent, principle, or sound policy, to adopt such a course as has been pursued in this case. I do not know that it is against the interests of the British Crown, that Papineau should be allowed to go to Canada, as it was in the case of the Pretender that

he should come to England. But that is a question of policy and not of legality. The shortness of the time in which the council passed the ordinance does not affect the question at all. The subject might have been well considered and decided upon before they met officially; but, whether this was so or not, it has nothing to do with the case. It has been treated as barbarous and inhuman that a person should be adjudged to suffer death if he set his foot on his native land. But what, after all, does the case amount to? Simply to this:—that Lord Durham, being in Canada, and having a duty to administer,—the affairs of the colony being in a troubled state, and surrounded with difficulties,—says, that those persons to whom the ordinance relates shall not come within the colony for the space of four years. This is what must not be lost sight of; for Lord Durham's ordinance cannot operate for a longer period than four years; that is provided for by the Act of the Imperial Parliament, though that fact has not been sufficiently kept in view.

The case is, then, that Lord Durham, having his own especial reasons, with which we cannot be acquainted, for keeping those fifteen persons out of the province,—and acting by analogy on what has been done in two similar cases,—says, here, that these persons shall not enter the province without his permission, and that permission he will not give until the circumstances of the colony will render it safe for him to do so. It is most unfortunate that the present discussion should have taken place, as it must tend, in some degree, to embarrass Lord Durham in the difficult duties he has to discharge both to this country and to Canada; but I do believe that those difficulties would be much increased if we were to follow the suggestion of the other side of the House, and go into a discussion as to what ought to be done with the individuals to whom the ordinance refers.

Mr. ELLIS.—I think very much of the present difficulty has been occasioned by the Noble Lord (Lord J. Russell) himself. I am, however, quite satisfied, if he will introduce the clause which has been suggested to him from this side of the House, he will take the most effectual course to get out of the dilemma in which he now finds himself. The Noble Lord has no reason whatever to suppose that the other House of Parliament would oppose such a proviso; on the contrary, I am convinced that it would meet with *support from both* branches of the Legis*lature, and from the* country.

COLONEL SIBTHORP.—I am sure the country is much indebted to the Noble Lord the Member for North Lancashire, for the manly and able show-up which he has given of the conduct of the Government. No man is more tired of the present Session than myself, for we have sat a long time and have done nothing to satisfy the people; but I quite agree that Parliament ought not to be prorogued till the declaratory Bill proposed has been passed. With all respect for the Earl of Durham, I consider him exactly the most unfit person that could have been selected for such a situation as Governor General of Canada.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL.—I cannot allow the House to go into committee, without giving an answer to the suggestion which has been offered by the Honourable Baronet the Member for the University of Oxford. It is after mature reflection that I have come to the decision that, under all the circumstances, the safer way will be to pass the Bill under consideration as it stands, and without adding any clause of the nature suggested by the Honourable Baronet; and, entertaining this opinion, it has certainly been confirmed by observing the differences upon the subject which appear to exist between the various legal authorities who have addressed the House this evening. I have been accused of having said something derogatory to the other House of Parliament; but, in the decision I have come to on the point, I have been much influenced by the opinion which has been expressed by a high authority in the other House, that, in reference to all circumstances, and particularly at so advanced a period of the Session, it would be better not to adopt the course which the Honourable Baronet has recommended.

The question was then again put, and agreed to. Bill considered in committee; House resumed; Bill reported, without amendment; to be read a third time this day.

STANDING ORDER REVISION COMMITTEE.

Further consideration of Report deferred till this day.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.

On the motion of LORD JOHN RUSSELL, the Order of the Day for the

tion of the Lords' amendments
ill was read.

JOHN RUSSELL.— I propose
to all the amendments, up to
he clause relating to the compu-
distance. In regard to that, I
that the House do disagree with
s' amendment, and further, that so
the clause as relates to distance,
:h was not in the original Bill, be
altogether. I do not propose to
ıe original words which were in-
on a suggestion from the other
he House, and on which we were
elieve there would be no differ-
›pinion. It did appear, however,
:re was a difference of opinion,
›oint was argued by my Honour-
l Learned Friend the Attorney
, and the Honourable and Gallant
for Lincoln, according to their
views. The result was, that my
able and Learned Friend suc-
n this House, but the Honourable
lant Member had the triumph in
:r.

)NEL SIBTHORP. — Hear,

D JOHN RUSSELL.— As, how-
ere is this difference between the
uses, I propose to leave out the
ımendments to the clause, without
g those which were previously in

)NEL SIBTHORP.—I feel much
ion that my humble suggestions,
House, in opposition to so high an
y as her Majesty's Attorney Ge-
hould have met with the concur-
f the other House of Parliament
eat an extent. I must, however,
t to give up the clause altogether
they have been beaten, is an act
ıy of any Government.

\TTORNEY GENERAL. — The
ı question, though opposed by the
able and Gallant Member for Lin-
ıs passed in this House by a large
/; and I must be permitted to
notwithstanding the decision
he other House has come to, that
retain my former opinion; and,
meaning anything disrespectful
that House, I think they would
one better had they adopted the
ıs it was sent up to them from the
›ns.

T. *FREMANTLE.* — *I regret* much the decision to which the Noble Lord has come,— to omit the clause altogether, because the Lords have considered some amendment to be necessary. With respect to the clause which gives the right of voting to trustees, I should be glad if we could arrive at some compromise. This is a question upon which the revising barristers have come to the most opposite conclusions, and which ought, therefore, to be set at rest.

Question put, "That this House do agree to the Lords' amendments, so far as amendment in paragraph 28., line 5."

Agreed to.

Question put, "That the Lords' amendment at page 28., line 5., be amended, by leaving out the words 'and insert measured in a straight line from the same point within any city or borough or place sharing in the election therewith from which such distance is to be measured, according to the directions in that behalf in the said Act contained.'"

Agreed to.

On Clause B., —

LORD J. RUSSELL said: — Sir, I am disposed to move, that Clause B, which has been inserted in the Bill by their Lordships, be expunged. The Honourable Member for Buckingham says that the question as respects trustees being allowed to vote, ought to be set at rest; but so, equally, ought every other point on which different decisions have been given by the revising barristers. But it may be said, why is not that done by this Bill? The reason is this, that having failed in a previous attempt to effect that object — (the two Houses of Parliament differing as to the way in which they would have those disputed questions settled, — we wishing to decide them one way, and the House of Lords wishing to decide them another) — we thought it better to avoid these disputes, by leaving those matters out of the Bill altogether. I move that clause B be expunged.

LORD STANLEY. — Here is a case which is decided differently year after year; and yet you say that a person who appeals against the decision of the revising barrister, shall, if he fails in his appeal upon a point of law, confessedly doubtful, pay a penalty of 5*l.*, besides costs. If you impose a penalty on a man for a frivolous appeal, you ought, at least, to give him

the satisfaction of knowing what the law is. Now, as the law stands, see what may be the working of it: an appeal may be made in one case, and succeed; and in another case, an appeal may be made on the very same question, and fail. But that is not all: in the one case you decide that the appellant is right; and in the other, not only do you decide that he is wrong, but you subject him to a penalty for attempting to claim that which in the other case you have said the party is entitled to. The question now is, — is the House prepared to leave the law in this anomalous state? For my own part, without going into any discussion of the Reform Bill, if the question goes to a division, I shall certainly vote for the clause. The Noble Lord says that, by refusing to insert this clause, the question is left undecided; but it is not. The rejection of the clause will have the effect of deciding the question by a side wind; and while you leave those permanently on the register who have been placed there by the revising barrister, you say that, if a person apply year after year, and is refused, still, if he can succeed at last in inducing the barrister to place his name on the list, — the person who may appeal against that decision shall not only be liable to failure, but shall also be saddled with a penalty for failing.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — I have no hesitation in saying that I would rather see this Bill fail altogether, than consent to the introduction of this clause, because I know that its effect would be to disfranchise thousands. But if the Noble Lord considers this clause to be so important, why did he, himself, not propose it before the Bill left this House? He knew of the clause which imposes the penalty; then why did he leave it for the Lords to do that which he considers so absolutely necessary? But as to the penalty—I say the Bill imposes no penalty. This is the power which it gives — that where it shall appear to the revising barrister that the appeal is frivolous and vexatious, he may award costs.

An HONOURABLE MEMBER. — No, no!

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — The intention is, that the revising barrister shall exercise a discretion, and only where the objection is, in his opinion, frivolous and vexatious, is he to award costs. The clause suggested by the Lords is uncalled for, and contrary to the principle of the *Bill, which is only touching* the registration of voters, whereas this clau the franchise itself. Then, wh words of the clause? "That shall be eligible to vote, unless h the proceeds of the trust for hi and benefit." Why, how can he tee if he receives the money fo benefit? Sir, I must give my cided opposition to the insertio clause.

SIR W. FOLLETT. — There vision — though it seems to be to the Honourable and Learned G — which does impose a penalty ceeding *5l.*, besides giving co amount of *5l.*, in cases where pe peal against the decisions of the barrister, and fail in establishing This is the clause which keeps proper persons on the register; is, to which our objections apply

The House then divided on t tion, "That this House do di Clause B:"—

Ayes	. . . .
Noes	. . . .
Majority	. .

Other amendments agreed committee appointed to draw u to be offered to the Lords, at a co for disagreeing to the amend which this House hath disagree Attorney General, Mr. Solicitor Mr. Edward John Stanley, M Steuart, Mr. Shaw Lefevre, Lord Ebrington, Mr. Bernal, Mr. Fo Mr. John Parker, and Lord Morpeth; three to be the quoru

IMPRISONMENT FOR BILL.

The ATTORNEY GENERA Imprisonment for Debt Bill h down from the Lords with an am to which I, for one, most readil namely, that the Bill do come ration on the 1st of October, a tended in the first instance. that this House do agree to th ments made by the Lords to the ments made by the Commons, a insist upon the amendment to Lords have disagreed.

Question put, and agreed to.

VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

COUNTY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

CUSTOMS DUTIES BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to

COURT OF SESSION (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Lords' amendments considered, one disagreed to, and the remainder agreed to. Committee appointed to draw up reasons to be offered to the Lords, at a conference, for disagreeing to the said amendment:—Mr. Attorney General, Mr. Solicitor General, the Lord Advocate, Mr. Robert Steuart, Mr. John Parker, Mr. Edward John Stanley, Mr. Shaw Lefevre, Doctor Lushington, Mr. Fox Maule, and Lord Viscount Morpeth; three to be the quorum.

DEBTORS' SCHEDULES BILL.

Read a first time; to be read a second time this day, and to be printed.

An HONOURABLE MEMBER.—I think there are not forty Members present.

House counted; and forty Members not being present, the House was adjourned at a quarter before two.

HOUSE OF LORDS, MERCURII, 15° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838.

APPEALS.

Shaw *v.* Lawless. — Considered, and decree reversed.

Houlditch *v.* Wallace.—Considered, and decree affirmed, with costs.

Austin *v.* Chambers, *et è contra.*—Considered, and decree reversed; and issues directed, with declaration.

Irvine (or Douglas) *v.* Kirkpatrick. — Petition of appellant for further time to lodge cases (the respondent's agent consenting thereto). — Read, and referred to the Appeal Committee.

Thomson *v.* Shanks. — Leave for a recognisance to be entered into for the appellant.

Gordon *v.* The Edinburgh Oil Gas Light Company.—Appeal presented, and respondents ordered to answer in four weeks.

Ewing *v.* Chalmers. — Petition of Thomas Deans, of Fludyer Street, Westminster, gentleman, praying that the order made yesterday for amending the judgment given on the 15th of July, 1837, may be rescinded, and that he may be heard by himself, or his counsel, against the said Order. — Read, and referred to the Appeal Committee; and the said order made yesterday not to be delivered out in the mean time.

Scott *v.* Jones. — To be considered tomorrow, at twelve o'clock.

Hollier *v.* Eyre.—Set down for hearing.

QUEEN'S ANSWER TO ADDRESS OF YESTERDAY.

Reported.

COMMISSION.

The following Bills received the Royal Assent: — Church Buildings Act Amendment; *Ecclesiastical* Appointments Suspension; *Tithes (Ireland).*

PRIVATE BILLS.

The several Standing Orders relative thereto, to be considered to-morrow, in order to be amended; and the Lords summoned.

PRIVATE BILL DEPOSITS BILL.

Read a third time (according to order), with the amendments; Bill passed, and sent to the Commons.

BEER ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE presented petitions against, — of common brewers and retail beer sellers of the township of Manchester; of retailers of beer in the city of Bristol; and a petition of persons signing. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

IDOLATROUS WORSHIP (INDIA).

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE presented a petition for the prevention of, — of inhabitants of Derby. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

PRIVATE BILL DEPOSITS BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to.

VALUATION OF LANDS (IRELAND) BILL.—PERSONAL DILIGENCE (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to.

CUSTOMS BILL.

Returned from the Commons, with the amendments agreed to.

VIOUR'S (SOUTHWARK) GRAMMAR SCHOOL

ed from the Commons, agreed amendments; and Commons' nts considered, and agreed to.

TY TREASURERS (IRELAND) BILL.

ed from the Commons, with the nts agreed to.

ISONMENT FOR DEBT BILL.

ge from the Commons to return with the amendments made by dships to the Commons' amend- greed to; and to acquaint the hat they do not insist upon the nt proposed by them, to which se had disagreed.

RIFF COURTS (SCOTLAND) BILL.

ge from the Commons to return ; and to acquaint the House, y do not insist upon their dis- nt to the amendments made by rdships to the Bill.

URT OF SESSION, &c. (SCOTLAND) BILL.

ge from the Commons, for a con- upon the subject matter of the ents made by their Lordships to ; on motion, agreed to, and a conference appointed, and mes- again called in, and informed managers named; House in- That the managers for the Com- ere ready for the conference; ice had accordingly; and Report That the Commons had delivered agreeing to all of the Lords' ents to the Bill, with the excep- one, to which they disagree, with ason thereupon; together with . Moved, not to insist on the endment to which the Commons ; on question, agreed to; and a sent to the Commons to acquaint erewith.

CONSOLIDATED FUND BILL.

Read a third time, and passed.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.

Message from the Commons, for a conference upon the subject matter of the amendments made by their Lordships to the Bill; on motion, agreed to; and a present conference appointed; and messengers again called in, and informed thereof; managers named; House informed, That the managers for the Commons were ready for the conference; conference had accordingly; and Report made, That the Commons had delivered a paper, agreeing to some of the amendments of this House, and disagreeing to the insertion in pr. 28., line 5., and also disagreeing to clause (B) inserted by their Lordships, with their reasons thereupon, together with the Bill.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE.—I beg to move that your Lordships do not insist on the amendments in this Bill to which the House of Commons disagree.

LORD LYNDHURST.—I cannot accede to that proposition; and therefore I beg to move, as an amendment, "that your Lordships do insist on the amendments which you have made to the boundary clause, and also to the trustee clause."

The House then divided; when there appeared—

Not content—Present	.	35
Proxies	.	53—88
Content—Present	. .	28
Proxies	. .	30—58

The question on this amendment having been resolved in the affirmative, a committee was appointed to prepare reasons, to be offered to the Commons at another conference, for the Lords insisting upon their amendments; to meet immediately. The committee reported the said reasons, and the same were ordered to be communicated to the Commons at another conference; and a message sent to the Commons to desire a present conference; Commons agree to the conference; managers named; conference had; and Report made, That the Lords had delivered to the Commons at the said conference, the reasons for the Lords insisting on the said amendments;

and had left the Bill and amendments with them.

CANADA GOVERNMENT INDEMNITY BILL.

Returned from the Commons, agreed to.

COMMERCIAL RELATIONS OF THE KINGDOM.

LORD LYNDHURST. — I beg to give notice to the Noble Viscount opposite (Viscount Melbourne), that I have received a petition from the Chamber of Commerce at Bristol, which is to the same effect with the petition I presented last night from Glasgow. I, however, have forgotten to bring it with me to the House; but I hope that I shall have an opportunity of presenting it to-morrow.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL (TIN DUTIES) BILL.

On VISCOUNT MELBOURNE moving the Order of the Day for the third reading of this Bill,—

LORD LYNDHURST said: — I certainly feel it to be my duty to oppose this Bill. Both George IV. and the late king refused to consent to a similar arrangement; and I regret to find that in the first year of the reign of a young Sovereign, scarcely yet nineteen years of age, and unacquainted with business, the Noble Viscount should have thought fit to induce her Majesty to give her assent to such a measure. All the landowners and mining proprietors of Cornwall are opposed to the Bill. I therefore move that it be read a third time this day three months.

VISCOUNT MELBOURNE. — I certainly should never have advised the Crown to consent to this Bill if I were not assured that the rights of the Duchy, and the interests of the miners and the public, were all of them well secured, guarded, and protected, by it. Its object is to substitute for a revenue unpopular, vexatious, and precarious in its nature, the difficulties in the collection of which are daily increasing, an annuity certain in its amount, and secure and unobjectionable in the mode of payment. The Bill before your Lordships provides a remedy for the *evils, dissatisfaction, and inconvenience arising from the present* onerous mode of *collection; and therefore* I have advised the Crown to assent to it. I am disposed to give the Noble and Learned Lord opposite full credit for all delicacy of feeling; but, surely, to argue that an obnoxious system should not be reformed until the Sovereign attains an age sufficient to enable her to investigate it, and having investigated it, to give her assent to its reform, is carrying delicacy too far.

The DUKE of WELLINGTON. — My opinion is, that it is absolutely necessary to proceed with great caution in a measure affecting such interests as are affected by the present Bill. I can confirm the statement of my Noble and Learned Friend with regard to the two preceding Sovereigns. I served them both, and I am sure that they never would have given their consent to the adoption of a measure of this description. What is the inference to be drawn from the acquiescence announced in the present instance? Your Lordships ought to examine into the case carefully, and to see whether it is an arrangement which is likely to be advantageous to the heir of the duchy. Upon the whole, I cannot perceive any necessity for pressing the Bill at so late a period of the Session.

The MARQUESS of LANSDOWNE. — The simple object of this Bill is to put the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall on a more secure footing, and to render the collection of them less difficult. I trust, therefore, that your Lordships will not reject the measure.

The House then divided; when there appeared —

Contents . .	27
Non-contents .	26
Majority for the third reading . . .	1

The Bill was then read a third time, and passed.

FOREIGN FRUIT.

Petition of owners and occupiers of garden grounds, situate in the city of Ely, against the importation of. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

BEER ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Petition in favour of, — of the board of guardians of Shipston-on-Stour union. — Read, and ordered to lie on the table.

OTCH CHURCH.

against any further grant of providing additional accommo- of members of the United Se- ngregation of Port Glasgow; : and of inhabitants of Dum- Moffat. — Read, and ordered to able.

AMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND).

in favour of, — of the provost, reasurer, and councillors of Read, and ordered to lie on the

PAPERS.

of persons licensed to sell spirits in Ireland, in the year 1830; ing grocers from publicans. — (pursuant to order of the 28th t), and to be printed; together Returns on the same subject, m the 25th of May last.

any law which may have been India since May, 1837, for the of labourers embarking from r contracts of service. — Deli- suant to order of the 16th of , and ordered to lie on the

ons of the Court of Directors st India Company, being the or instruments granting any ılary, or gratuity. — Delivered o Acts), and ordered to lie on

ecifying the particulars of com- proposed to be granted to cer- s late in the service of the East pany, under an arrangement by the Board of Commission- Affairs of India (Nos. 92. and livered, and ordered to lie on

ıt of the amount proposed to red from the company's cash it of the fund for the benefit of s and families of officers and ne regular home establishment t India Company; and to the ıe fund for the benefit of the d families of extra clerks and he said establishment, as com- under an arrangement sanc- he Board of Commissioners for of India (No. 93.).—*Delivered, d to lie on the table.*

Copies of any memorials presented to the Court of Directors of the East India Company, or to the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, by any inhabitants of the presidencies of Bengal and Madras, against the Act No. 11. of 1836, passed by the Legislative Council of India; together with copies of any replies thereto given by the said court and board respectively to the petitioners or their agents; and copies of any despatch or despatches from the said Court of Directors to the Indian Government relating to the said Act, or sanctioning the same; also, copies of all memorials, petitions, and letters addressed to the Government of India by any inhabitants of Bengal or Madras upon the subject of such Act or proposed Act, before the same was passed, or afterwards, and the correspondence thereon between the said Government of India and any of the parties to such memorials, petitions, or letters: And, also,

Copy of minutes of the supreme Government of India on the subject of Act No. 11. of 1836, together with such portions of the minutes of the law commissioners, recorded in October and November, 1835, as relate to the grant of jurisdiction over Europeans to the courts of the Sudder Ameens:

Address for (by LORD GLENELG); and the same was delivered accordingly, and to be printed.

Copies of the laws and ordinances passed by the Governor and Council of the colony of New South Wales (1836, 6 and 7 Will. IV.) — Delivered (pursuant to Act), and ordered to lie on the table.

Copies of the laws and ordinances passed by the Governor and Council of the colony of Van Dieman's Land (1836, 6 and 7 Wil. IV.). — Delivered (pursuant to Act), and ordered to lie on the table.

Copies of the laws and ordinances passed by the Governor and Council of the colony of Western Australia (1836, 1837). — Delivered (pursuant to Act), and ordered to lie on the table.

Further papers relative to the succession to the throne of Oude. — Delivered (by command) and to be printed.

Copy of the instructions given to the Earl of Gosford, when appointed Governor of the province of Canada: Also,

Copy of any part of the commission of the said Earl, which has been omitted in

the commission issued to the Earl of Durham: And, also,

Copy of a letter from Lord Glenelg to the Earl of Durham, dated the 21st of April, 1838.

Delivered (pursuant to address of the 23d of July last), and to be printed.

Copy of a Report from C. J. Latrobe, Esq., to Lord Glenelg, on national education in the Windward and Leeward Islands: Also,

Schedule, showing the appropriation in detail of the sum of 30,000*l.* voted by Parliament, in 1837, for the promotion of negro education; also, the amount of aid out of such grant applied for by the different societies co-operating with her Majesty's Government in carrying the object into effect: And, also,

Report of the trustees of Lady Mico' charity.

Delivered (pursuant to address of the 18th of June last), and to be printed.

Papers relating to the measures adopted by the Legislatures of Jamaica, British Guiana, Dominica, Grenada, and Tobago, for the abolition of the system of apprenticeship on the 1st of August, 1838.—Delivered (by command), and to be printed, (in continuation of the papers presented to Parliament 26th of June last).

Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

C BUSINESS.

ttend the Lords Commis- House went; and being BAKER reported the Royal lry Bills; for which see

EW WRIT.

armouth, in the room of HERE, Esquire, Chiltern

TURNS, &c.

Returns, &c. were seve- namely, —

nd). — Return of sums he relief of commercial d, under Acts 1 Geo. IV. sums remaining unpaid, the repayment (ordered

pping. — Return of ships lonies and in India, since 8th July).

(*Ireland*). — Return of nagistrates, or paymasters &c., in Ireland, who have alances of public money uly).

&c. of the House. — Ac- es of experiments of venti- ing the House of Com- 1st August).

rd (*Calcutta*). — Copy of of the Military Board of progress of public works 4 and 1835 (ordered 1st of

enticeship. — Papers re- neasures adopted by the Jamaica, British Guiana, ada, and Tobago, for the system of apprenticeship August, 1838 (by com-

Africans. — *Copies of two* Orders in Council, dated 30th July, 1838, respecting indentured Africans in the colonies (by command).

To lie on the table.

Railroad Commission (*Ireland*). — On the motion of Mr. HUME, a Return was ordered, —

In detail, under separate heads, of the expenditure by the commission in Ireland, on the subject of railroads in that country, stating the name of every person employed, and in what capacity employed, who received more than 100*l.* as salary or pay for the services performed; stating, also, the period of such services.

London and Holyhead Road. — On the motion of COLONEL SIBTHORP, a Return was ordered —

Of all sums advanced, and contracts entered into by the Commissioners of Woods and Forests, in conformity to the provisions of an Act passed in the 3d and 4th year of his late Majesty Wil. IV. c. 43., relative to the levelling of the high road between London and Holyhead.

ST. SAVIOUR'S (SOUTHWARK) GRAMMAR SCHOOL BILL.

Reported, with amendments; amendments agreed to; House informed by CAPTAIN ALSAGER, That the parties heretofore opposing the Bill had withdrawn their opposition; Bill read a third time; amendments made; Bill passed.

MISCELLANEOUS PETITIONS.

The following petitions were severally presented; namely, —

Employment of the Poor, — Of Members of the Association of all Classes of all Nations, for adoption of a plan for the employment of the poor.

Tithes (*Ireland*), — By Mr. AGLIONBY, (in the absence of Mr. O'CONNELL), — from 8000 inhabitants of Wexford, for abolition of.

Landlord and Tenant (*Ireland*), — By Mr. AGLIONBY, — praying for amendment of law respecting.

Sale of Beer Act, — By Mr. LABOUCHERE, — from Taunton, against alteration.

To lie on the table.

TROOPS IN CANADA.

COLONEL SIBTHORP. — I wish to ask the Noble Secretary for the Home Department, in the absence of the Noble Secretary at War, whether any additional force has been ordered to Lower Canada? A noble person in the other House is understood to have stated that no further troops would be required; but I have heard that a whole regiment has been ordered to Lower Canada from Halifax, in Nova Scotia.

LORD J. RUSSELL. — There has been one regiment ordered out of its quarters in Nova Scotia, to proceed to Lower Canada, at the request of the Governor General.

PERSONAL DILIGENCE (SCOTLAND) BILL.

On the motion of the ATTORNEY GENERAL, Lords' amendments agreed to.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.

Reasons for disagreeing to Lords' amendments reported, and agreed to; Conference to be desired with the Lords.

COURT OF SESSION (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Reasons for disagreeing to Lords' amendments reported, and agreed to; Conference to be desired with the Lords.

MESSAGE FROM THE LORDS,

That they have agreed to — Private Bills Deposits Bill, with amendments.

COURT OF SESSION (SCOTLAND) BILL.

Mr. ATTORNEY GENERAL reported, That, having been with the Lords to desire a conference on the subject matter of *the amendments* made by their Lordships *to the Bill intituled* "An Act to make certain Alterations in the Dut Lord Ordinary, and in the est of Clerks and Officers of the Session, and Court of Commis Teinds in Scotland, and to Fees payable in those Courts," do agree to a conference, and a same immediately, in their room No. 5.

Ordered, That the Committee to draw up reasons to be offe Lords, at a conference, for disa certain of the said amendments, the conference; and the nam Poulett Thomson, Mr. Sanford, non Smith, Mr. Chancellor o chequer, Mr. Hawes, Mr. Pr Aglionby, and Mr. Macleod w to them.

Then the names of the Mana called over, and they went to ference; and being returned, M NEY GENERAL reported, That the had been at the conference, managed on the part of the Lo Earl of Shaftesbury, and that delivered the reasons for disa the said amendment, and had le and amendments with their Lor

REGISTRATION OF ELE BILL.

Mr. ATTORNEY GENERAL That having been with the Lor sire a conference on the subje of the amendments made by th ships to the Bill intituled "An Registration of Parliamentary the Lords do agree to a confer appoint the same immediately committee room No. 5.

Ordered, That the committee to draw up reasons to be offer Lords, at a conference, for di to certain of the said amend manage the conference; and t of Sir George Grey, Doctor Lu Mr. Sanford, Mr. Poulett Thom Viscount Howick, Mr. Alston, M and Mr. Vernon Smith were them.

Then the names of the mana called over; and they went to ference; and being returned, TORNEY GENERAL reported, managers had been at the co which was managed on the pa

the Earl of Shaftesbury; ıey had delivered the reasons eing to the said amendment, ft the Bill and amendments Lordships.

ɔING ORDERS REVISION.

AW LEFEVRE, on moving r consideration of the Report nding Orders Revision Com- i: — I am happy to inform the t the House of Lords have, in ınces, agreed to adopt the Orders of the House of Com- ıat, hereafter, the parties who e Parliament will not be sub- ıe inconvenience which has isen from the dissimilarity of ıg Orders of the two Houses.

further considered; Standing ended accordingly; Standing amended, to be printed.

ɔA INDEMNITY BILL.

r third reading read.

ASHLEY. — I wish to ask Lord whether the factory lents and inspectors are to re- ncrease of salary, and whether ntention of the Government hould continue to act upon the certificate, which the law officers wn have declared to be not in with the spirit of the Act?

JOHN RUSSELL. — I fear ıot give a very satisfactory an- ither of the questions put by Lord. As regards the first t certainly is not my intention ɔrward any proposition to Par- ɔ increase the salary of the dents; and, as regards the ɔan only say that the inspectors directed to make the certifi- ɔrm with the provisions of the xplained by the law officers of ı.

ɹLIS. — With reference to a on which took place, on a for- ng, respecting the Second Re- ɜ Irish Railway Commissioners, ous to explain and corroborate sion I made use of touching the of a note from that Report. ıt Honourable Gentleman, the r of the *Exchequer, promised to occasion in his place, in order* to hear what I had to say, and I am sorry to find the Right Honourable Gentleman is absent; but the statement I have to make is this — that I have seen the printed Report, and also the proof sheet of the Report; and the note, which is not in the Report, is in the proof sheet, and, consequently, must have been in the manuscript;—also that it is my belief that it was intended by the commissioners to form the basis, and to govern the whole Report. With these remarks I shall leave the subject in the hands of the House.

LORD J. RUSSELL having moved that the Canada Indemnity Bill be now read a third time:—

Mr. LEADER said: — Before this Bill is read a third time, I must take the opportunity of saying a few words, partly for the purpose of correcting a mistake or two in the morning papers of this day, and partly to ask the Noble Lord what is intended to be done, after the passing of this Act, with the twenty-three unfortunate persons who are the objects of the ordinance of Lord Durham? One of the mistakes to which I allude is this — that the Honourable Member for Lambeth (Mr. Hawes) is made to charge me with having said something which amounted to a declared breach of friendship with the Honourable Gentleman who has gone out as Secretary to the Governor General of Canada. In reply to that I will say that if there exist a friendship between parties who engage in politics, I think, whenever it is necessary, private friendship ought ever to give way to considerations of public principle. With respect, however, to the friendships of public men in this House, —we all know that Honourable Members are accustomed to address others as their "Honourable Friends" and "their Noble Friends," while it is amusing to listen to what animadversions are interchanged among them, notwithstanding, and coincidently with, these tender epithets. I am sure, again, that the Honourable Member for Lambeth did not accuse me, as he is represented to have done, of a breach of confidence. If there was any breach of confidence anywhere, it was on the part of that person who sent to the *Morning Chronicle* the letter, or extract from a letter, of the Honourable Gentlemen the Secretary of the Governor General, or on the part of the person who allowed it to be published. For my part, all I can say is, that in the absence of any other means of knowledge, I went to the best I could get at; for it seemed to me that a note appearing in a Government paper might perhaps be admitted to

have somewhat of the character of an official document. Another mistake that has been made in the morning paper consists in its making me say that Mr. Charles Buller was in constant communication with Mr. Thom, whom I must call the bloodthirsty editor of the *Montreal Herald*, who recommended the assassination of Mr. Papineau. Now, I said no such thing. I merely read an extract from the *Montreal Herald*, where Mr. Thom stated he had seen Mr. Charles Buller. Another mistake on the part of the Honourable Member for Lambeth consists in his saying that he had seen many merchants and others connected with Canada, and that those persons represented the state of things in that country to be very satisfactory. Now some idea may be formed of the real condition of that province, and of the degree of tranquillity prevalent there, when I state that in former years 14,000, 15,000, and even as many as 20,000 immigrants have entered the province of Lower Canada, while last year only 1200 immigrants repaired thither. Accounts which I, myself, have received, represent that there exist a fearful degree of discontent, distrust, and great distress, — the inevitable effects of the measures of Government. Then, again, the Right Honourable Member for Tynemouth is made to speak as if I had said that the motives of the Earl of Durham were cruel and inhuman. Now, I made no remark on the motives of the Noble Earl; what I said was, that the results of the Noble Earl's measures were cruel and inhuman. Lastly, the Attorney General is made to impute to me that I confounded the legislative and executive powers of the Governor General. But what I said was, that many illegal acts had been committed besides this last act of the publication of this ordinance. I made no such distinction as the Honourable and Learned Attorney General, referred to. But, on this point, I must observe that it would have been very well for the Ministers, for the Attorney General, and, above all, for the Earl of Durham, if the Honourable and Learned Gentleman had taken an opportunity of having some conversation with the Noble Earl previous to his departure, and had explained to him, distinctly, the difference between his executive and his legislative powers. Then I believe we should never have heard of this Bill of Indemnity. However, what I principally rose for, was, to ask what the Government means to do with the twenty-three unfortunate men, eight of whom have been sent to Bermuda, and the remaining fifteen condemned to death, if ever they shall come into Canada again. I am very anxious to learn this; for it is impossible for the Governor General t to get up a judicial trial, after what said on the other side of the Hou it has been declared that a se death upon them will amount t murder. It would be an act of th cruelty and injustice to try the these circumstances, and it w equally cruel and unjust to pun without trial. I think the best can do will be, to leave these un persons without punishment; an reason,—that the Government weak indeed, if it can be overt the efforts or machinations of twe private individuals.

Mr. HAWES. — I shall not tr House with more than two or thr in the way of explanation. I did not impute to the Honourab ber any breach of confidence; l luded to what I considered the of using quotations from letters, these being signed, or in any other thenticated in this House, and the same opinion still. I have opportunity of seeing members of firms in the city of London, this I am happy to say that every wor has fallen from me, as to the state Canada, was fully borne out by the is but one opinion among the the merchants engaged in that to the policy of Lord Durhar think it is the wisest that cou been pursued. Very different opinion with respect to the rec cussions upon the subject — th that the annulling of these or and the interference with the aut Lord Durham, are steps almost c to risk a second rebellion. The also, that the Noble Lord at the the Government has not show this subject, the same spirit as t Lord the leader of the Govern this House.

LORD JOHN RUSSELL. — servations of the Honourable for Westminster, founded entir newspaper Reports, were quite irr are quite at variance with the r orders of the House; therefore pass them by. As to the quest which the Honourable Gentlem cluded, about the twenty-three affected by the ordinance, I mus from giving any answer to that.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL statement made in the reports of t papers, of what I said, last night, and entirely correct, for the Ho

Member for Westminster, after complaining of certain acts of the Earl of Durham, said that he would give another example of the spirit in which the Noble Earl acted, by citing the ordinance which he had lately issued. The Honourable Member appeared to me, in saying this, to confound the legislative and executive powers of the Governor General.

On the question, "That the Bill be now read a third time," —

DOCTOR LUSHINGTON said: — I am very anxious to declare my opinion on this Bill, previous to its being read a third time; and I will beg, in the outset, to say that, if it depended upon my sole vote, it never should pass into a law at all; and my reason is, that I am not, in the least degree, satisfied, after all the discussion that has taken place, upon both sides of the House, that there has been, in the ordinance, any violation of the law. I heard some of the debates, in another place; and, last night, I listened most attentively to the speech of the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter, and I could not but remark that he spoke with extreme caution; he carefully avoided giving expression to any opinion by which he might be bound hereafter, whatever course he might be called upon now to take. He did not lay down in what particular this measure was a violation of the law. If there be any man in the House (and I am speaking in the presence of the Honourable and Learned Gentleman) who, had he formed a clear and decided opinion that this measure was a violation of the laws of the land, would and could have stated its illegality, in terms impossible to be misunderstood, — that man is the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter. The Honourable and Learned Member's hesitation makes me doubt, and that doubt would have made me ponder and consider well before I could venture to come to a conclusion upon such discussions as I have heard here or elsewhere, that there has been, in this case, a violation of the law. But, when I consider the discordant opinions that have been expressed — when I find the Right Honourable Baronet the Member for Tynemouth (Sir Charles Grey), perfectly conversant as he is with the whole of the affairs of Canada, having the Act of Parliament at his finger's end, quoting chapter and verse, pronouncing that to be legal which the Bill pronounces to be illegal, — and declaring that, in his opinion, the power of transportation to the Bermudas does exist, — then I want to know whether it is not my duty to hesitate before I pronounce a clear and decided opinion. Again: when I look to the other part of the question, relating to persons not in custody, there is the same discrepancy of opinion. But suppose I did not entertain a doubt upon the subject, am I, therefore, to vote for a Bill of Indemity? Never — never. I can well remember the day and the hour when the Habeas Corpus Act was suspended; there was no Bill of Indemnity then. I deemed Bills of Indemnity, at that time, and I deem them now (and in this I concur with the Learned Lord Chief Justice), a violation of the liberties and the rights of the people. If a man suffer from any violation of the law, he ought to have his remedy. Have I forgotten the day when men, who wished to be put on their trial, were incarcerated from year to year; and, afterwards, when the suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act was at an end, were deprived of the right of asserting their innocence, and of being compensated for the loss to which they had been wickedly subjected — by some Bill of Indemnity? Never will I depart from these principles, which I have always advocated. Rather would I have it announced that action upon action had been brought against all concerned, whatever might be the amount of the loss resulting from such a course of proceeding. If that loss be incurred for the general safety and security of the people, it is the duty of the people to bear the burden of it.

[Cries of "Hear, hear!"]

But I agree with my Honourable and Learned Friend the Attorney General that, in this case, it is the mere transient image of a loss; and that no jury, looking to the circumstances of the case, would view the ordinance otherwise than an act of mercy to the parties. One word more as to the Earl of Durham. If he have erred in his apprehensions of the law, whose fault is that? If the Earl of Durham has had no clear notion of the law, who ought to have? The Lord Chief Justice of England? — the Lord High Chancellor? — a Noble and Learned Ex-Chancellor? —the Learned Gentleman the Member for Exeter (Sir W. Follett)? — or the Right Honourable Baronet the Member for Tynemouth (Sir C. Grey)? Amidst the conflicting opinions of all the legal authorities, is Lord Durham, alone, to be blamed for ignorance of the law? Seeing how much these high authorities differ upon the subject, I doubt whether, if Lord Durham

had been attended by the most eminent legal adviser, he would ever have found the right way at all. If Lord Durham be ignorant of the law, is the blame to rest upon his shoulders? Not at all. If Lord Durham be ignorant upon this point, it is evident that his ignorance is shared by the great body of legal authorities in this kingdom. Then, as to the unconstitutionality of Lord Durham's proceedings. What is it that he is accused of? Is it want of mercy? Is it want of consideration for the lives of the people? I approve not of the form of these ordinances; but I look to their essence — their substance. I know nothing of the circumstances which rendered them necessary; I know not what justified them; but I know there must be strong cause to justify them; for I believe that Lord Durham would not exercise the full force of his authority without sufficient reason. I know Lord Durham well; I know (though doubtless he has his faults) that he has very great talents, that he possesses high courage, the nicest sense of honour, and exercises the highest intellect in all things. One thing I honestly hope, that, notwithstanding all the attempts which have been made, here and elsewhere, to discourage and discomfort his (Lord Durham's) government, to weaken his power, and lessen his moral influence, to deprive him of the means of conferring the great blessing of peace upon Canada — notwithstanding those attempts, I hope that Lord Durham, knowing and feeling the vast duties with which he is intrusted, will rise superior to the provocations he has had to encounter, and deprive his enemies of that which would be a victory to them, but a misfortune to the country, as well as a diminution of his own fame and honour,— by continuing at his post, and persevering in his endeavours to give to the distracted colony that peace and security which he, with his known love of liberty and attachment to the principles of freedom, is better calculated to effect than any other man in her Majesty's dominions.

These are shortly my sentiments. I wish it to be remembered that I do not defend the form of this ordinance. But in the case of a colony just emerging from rebellion, and where it was impossible to follow the ordinary course of justice without perpetrating injustice — where, in observing the forms of justice, we should be doing nothing but injustice — in such a case, I can understand how, for peaceful and national and sound purposes Lord Durham may have had recourse to such a measure as that which we are discussing. The last observation which I have *to make is this*,—that my jealousy is always excited when I see a Governme kind first exerting the powers w perly belong to it to the utmc and severity which the law all then either exceeding the pow law or calling for further pow crease that severity. But when I the Earl of Durham has not, to ledge or belief, shed one singl blood — while I see a reasonable that the pacification of Lower C be effected in a manner whicl most desirable, namely, without one single drop of human blo while I think that that one con surpasses all other considerati ther as preventing more of hum ing or as promoting for ever cause of human happiness, — w that the prevailing sentiment Durham's Government is the allay those feelings of irritatic nation, and revenge, which, if a exist, may tend hereafter to di peace and welfare of the colony I see these things, then, my beli the Earl of Durham, rising su all those impediments that h thrown in his way, and relying his native integrity, — and there exist a more straightforward man in the kingdom, — will st saviour and protector of Canada

Mr. A. SANFORD. — I am opposed to this Bill, and, instead it my assent, I shall give it my and most public reprobation a sition. I conceive it to be unjust, and unnecessary, and fraught with the most mischie sequences; for if this Bill shoul will be impossible to oppose measure on any future occasion, tyrannically they may be foun acted to whom great and extren may have been given.

LORD VISCOUNT EBRIN I quite agree with my Honou Learned Friend the Member Tower Hamlets in all that he upon this occasion, and particul respect to the conduct of Lord with whom I have enjoyed a quaintance, and who is as inc any man in this House of devia that course which his attachme principles of liberty will always to him. I have never had oc give a vote with such pain as I s my vote on the present occasi after all I have heard on the sul particularly after the speech of Friend (Lord John Russell), an

missions made in the course of that speech, I cannot feel justified, on the whole, in refusing my assent to the Bill, although I deeply and fervently deplore that such question has ever been brought forward at all. Those who have brought it forward have, in my opinion, incurred a deep and heavy responsibility for the mischief which its discussion must, in my view of the subject, bring upon the colony itself, and also with respect to its connection with this country. My Noble Friend (Lord John Russell) has shown no disposition to shrink from his duty in supporting Lord Durham, and in sharing with him whatever responsibility may attach to the course which has been taken; and in consequence of the reasons which have been urged by the Government for adopting this measure, I cannot bring myself to refuse my assent to it. I would humbly suggest to my Honourable Friend who differs from me and the Noble Lord on this subject, that it will, perhaps, tend more to weaken the authority of Lord Durham and add to the embarrassment, as well of the Government as of Lord Durham himself, if, under all the circumstances of the case, a division should be taken and a difference of opinion be shown among those who sincerely wish well to both parties, privately and publicly, upon this question.

SIR E. CODRINGTON.—The Noble Lord who has just addressed the House appears to be much alarmed at the idea of this question being carried to a division; but I say, that the sooner we divide on the motion for the third reading of this Bill the better. So strongly am I opposed to it, that if any Honourable Member will move the rejection of the measure altogether, he shall have my support.

LORD J. RUSSELL.—I must request my Honourable and Gallant Friend not to give his vote against this Bill. My own opinion certainly is, that it would have been far better to have reserved the whole subject until we knew the circumstances under which the Earl of Durham has acted. I think it was hardly fair or just towards the Earl of Durham to bring in this Bill at the time it was introduced. But after the Bill had been read a second time in the House of Lords—to which this subject more properly belonged than to the House of Commons, the Lords being peculiarly concerned with questions of a judicial nature—and after the opinion expressed by my Honourable and Learned Friend the Attorney General, that there was a part of the ordinance which could not be justified by law—after this, I thought it would be very much worse for Lord Durham and those acting under his ordinance if this Bill were now to be rejected than if it should be passed into a law. Such being the case, much as I lament the agitation of this question, and that this Bill should ever have been framed, yet, the Bill having come down to the House, I think the best course that can be adopted for all parties concerned is, to pass it; although I, at the same time, adhere to the feeling expressed by others, that it is certainly a premature expression of opinion on the part of Parliament. If that was my impression on the introduction of the Bill into the House of Commons, I certainly hold it still more strongly, now, on its arriving at the third reading. I therefore would request my Honourable Friend near me not to divide the House, and would submit to him that it will be better to let the Bill be read a third time in silence, rather than have the question discussed again.

Mr. AGLIONBY.—I beg to say that I, and those of my Friends who generally give our support to the Government, but who belong to no particular party, are, on the present occasion, placed in rather an awkward dilemma. It appears to me that the very arguments which the Noble Lord has addressed to the House to induce us to pass this Bill, are arguments that ought to incline us to reject it. The Noble Lord has observed, too, that this Bill comes from the House of Lords, who are better qualified to deal with questions of a constitutional nature than the House of Commons: but that I distinctly deny. One reason that operates with me in my aversion to the measure is, that the House is called upon, at the close of the Session, to pass a censure upon Lord Durham, without having the opportunity to ascertain whether that censure is just or not. Objecting, as I do, to Bills of Indemnity altogether, and believing that Lord Durham has acted with the best intentions for the benefit of the colony, I think that the better course, both towards him and the colony itself, will be to throw out the Bill.

SIR GEORGE GREY.—Not having had an opportunity, on previous occasions, of addressing the House on this subject, I trust that I may be permitted, now, to say a few words. In reference to one of the observations which has just fallen from my Honourable Friend, I wish to state that, while I deeply regret that this Bill should have been introduced into Parlia-

ment, and while I most reluctantly, under the circumstances, give to it my assent, yet I would not even now give it that support, if I could conceive, with my Honourable Friend, that it would imply the slightest charge against Lord Durham. Lord Durham has been wholly absolved — at least by the House of Commons, as is clear from the debate of this night — from anything approaching to criminality. The utmost extent to which he is charged with having acted illegally is, that in exercising his powers he has overlooked the territorial limits of Lower Canada. It is on that narrow ground only that it is alleged there has been an excess of authority exercised by him. While speaking of the conduct of Lord Durham, there is one point which appears to have been lost sight of; at all events it has not been sufficiently dwelt upon; that there [are three classes of persons dealt with by this ordinance. The cases of two of those classes have been repeatedly brought under discussion; but the case of the third class — namely, those to whom complete amnesty has been granted by Lord Durham — has been overlooked. Now, it is a fact that that class consists of between 300 and 400 persons, who have been apprehended, and confined in the gaols of Montreal. This ordinance released all those persons, and sent them to their homes. The second class are these eight individuals who, having confessed their guilt, have been banished for four years; while the third class, consisting of fifteen persons, who have already absconded from the colony, and who are known to have been the ringleaders in the insurrection, are forbidden to return to the colony on pain of death; and this is an act characterised as one of the greatest severity and cruelty! I can only say that the Noble Earl who is supposed to be principally affected by such a charge, may well bear it; and I hope that no charge may ever be brought against that Noble Lord upon grounds more consistent with truth and justice.

Mr. EASTHOPE. — I have heard with profound grief that we are to be entangled in the meshes of this paltry legislation, — pitiful in its intention, and in its origin. God send it may not prove most mischievous in its results! I most firmly believe that there prevails throughout the country but one feeling of reprobation in respect to this miserable effort to do mischief. However calamitous the results may be, there will exist in the minds of the people no difficulty in tracing them to their source. I am sorry that there should be any impediment or obstruction way of our expressing our scorn despicable measure; but I feel bc defer to the opinion which has generally expressed by the House the mode of dealing with the sorry should I be to add to the emb ment which already exists with re this question; and as it is con that it may increase that embarra if the House were, on this occas be driven to a division, I shall m luctantly waive the opposition had fully intended to give to its progress. It would be presumpt my part, if I were to attempt to the legal questions that have occupied so much of the time House, and it is unnecessary for do so; but I should have been ne of my public duty if I had not my protest against the measure, a not expressed my concurrence general condemnation which I firr lieve is felt towards it by a vast n of the country. Whatever evil quences may result from it will b butable to the quarter where originated. I have, however, no one result, which may, perhaps, ha contemplated. I have no appre that the Earl of Durham will lose the cause of his country, of the humanity, of the cause of good ment. I believe that that Noble too steadily bent on pursuing the duty which his patriotism points him,—that he understands his cou well, to be driven, or for a mom verted from it, either by insult, such ill-treatment. I believe th Durham will still pursue that cour I ardently and sincerely hope, nay, fidently believe, that the ultimate of the Noble Earl's mission will which will reflect honour upon and be attended with the greatest tage to his country. But with re the Bill now before us, so strong opposed to it, that if there were any of success on my moving that it be third time this day three mont that without causing to Ministe barrassment, I should most ch have taken that course; but I feel all the circumstances, that such a not open to me, and I shall, th refrain from taking it; though I do the most sincere and unfeigned re

Mr. GROTE. — I wish to say words before the Bill passes, pri because I was one of the inconsi minority on the passing of the

providing a temporary Government for Lower Canada, and from which Bill I conceive the whole of the recent proceedings to have arisen. By that Act the Imperial Parliament vested in the Governor and Special Council powers that were theretofore unknown to the constitution; and the consequence has been — and not unnaturally — that the extent of those powers has been misconstrued by the individuals upon whom they were conferred. I cannot help feeling satisfaction that I have not been seduced by personal respect for the Earl of Durham into any concurrence in a measure which, I must say, deserves the strongest epithets that have been applied to it when under discussion in this House. I still much fear that it will be found that the House has gone the wrong way to work to obtain a settlement of the discontents which exists in Canada; and certainly, when I follow the course of the debates on this measure, and contrast the encomiums which have been passed upon Lord Durham by Honourable Gentlemen, with the conduct of the same Gentlemen, who are declaring, by this Bill, that he has exercised his power illegally, I find great difficulty in reconciling their conduct. If the Noble Lord deserve their encomiums, then, certainly, this Bill is not necessary; and if he have been guilty of illegal acts, then their encomiums cannot be just, or well merited. How we shall get out of the difficulties in which we are placed I do not know. I am sensible, however, that, as there is to be no division, there is no use in prolonging a debate which is to end in nothing; but I reflect with increased satisfaction at the opposition which I have given to the Bill for providing for the temporary government of Lower Canada, out of which I believe the necessity for the present Bill has arisen, — a Bill which has thrown so much doubt on the proceedings of Lord Durham, and will probably cause the loss of the moral influence of Government in that colony.

COLONEL SIBTHORP. — I think it must be quite clear to the House, and to the country generally, that the Earl of Durham is placed in a difficult situation by the contrary opinions which have been given; for the Noble Lord, between two seats, will surely fall. I think that the Government has done that which reflects little credit on themselves, and is unworthy of the character of the Noble Earl; and I think that he will be induced to return at once without waiting for any additional insult: and thus I, for one, shall like to see who are the real friends of his Lordship.

Mr, FINCH. — Honourable Members who have preceded me, and who object to this Bill, seem inclined to content themselves with merely entering their protest against it; but this course is not one which meets entirely with my sanction. I am strongly opposed, on principle, to all Acts of Indemnity, and I am clearly of opinion that they ought not to be hastily passed, whilst any doubt exists as to their necessity. In the present case, the conflicting opinions which have been delivered by eminent lawyers show that there is much of that doubt; and I shall, therefore, certainly move that the third reading of this Bill be postponed to this day week. We are also, at present, in a state of uncertainty as to the real condition of the circumstances which led Lord Durham to adopt the ordinance, and we ought not, without full knowledge, to be called upon to sanction so delicate a measure as an Act of Indemnity. In another week a packet will probably have arrived, and we shall then be able to learn the real state of the case. The arguments of my Honourable and Learned Friend near me (Dr. Lushington) appeared to me to be convincing; and the Honourable and Learned Member for Exeter has left the House without attempting to answer any of those arguments. It is necessary that the friends of Lord Durham should express their opinions; and, as the Gallant Colonel opposite wishes to discover who are the real friends of that Noble Lord, I will give the country an opportunity of knowing them: I will move that the Bill be read a third time this day week.

Mr. C. LUSHINGTON having seconded the motion, —

The ATTORNEY GENERAL said: — Sir, I most exceedingly regret that the Honourable Gentleman should persist in a motion for dividing the House, for I think that the Honourable Gentleman would do better to follow the course adopted by other Members of great experience in this House, and of high station in the country, who, though objecting to the Bill, have thought it more expedient not to press a division. I appeal to the Honourable Gentleman himself whether the course he is adopting is expedient? To the Honourable Member who has seconded the motion, of whom I entertain the highest opinion, and whom I have known for years, I also appeal, — and I ask him whether, under the circum-

stances of the case, it can be advisable to take this step? Honourable Members may or may not be satisfied of the legality of the ordinance; still, after the opinions which have been expressed that part of the ordinance is illegal, although this may be wrong, it would be better to pass the Bill. No opinion to the contrary has been given, and I believe that the Right Honourable Member for Tynemouth merely contends that it is only "a small" departure from the letter of the law, like the lady who, being accused of having had an illegitimate child, said, by way of excuse, "It is true I have had a child; but then it was but a very little one." Why, these opinions would encourage the bringing of actions, and the very bringing of actions would expose the parties who have acted under the ordinance to expense, and vexation, and mortification. I agree that, if this Bill could have been avoided, it would have been infinitely better, and if no motion had been made, no action would have been thought of; but now, if we do not pass this Bill, the parties will be liable to pettifogging actions. The present Bill is as objectionable to me as it is to the Honourable Gentleman; but still I hope he will yield to what is evidently the strong sense of the House.

Mr. HUTTON. — I wish to say a very few words. It is obvious that the Bill is not asked for by Lord Durham; and my strong feeling is, that it ought not to be passed; although, after the way in which the question has been put by her Majesty's Ministers, I cannot see well how the House can absolutely refuse it. I trust, therefore, that my Honourable Friend will comply with the declared wishes of the Government, and not divide the House; yet, still, if he do press his amendment, my conviction is that the Bill is not proper.

Mr. HAWES.—Although I, last night, said that, if a motion were made, I would divide against the Bill, yet, looking at the state of the House, and seeing how many of our friends are absent, a division might embarrass the Government; and as my Honourable Friend's object has been attained by showing his great dislike to the measure, I think he had better withdraw his motion.

Mr. BERNAL.—The Honourable Gentleman well knows that I am the last man to ask him to sacrifice private opinion, unless upon strong proofs of public utility; and if there were any good reason for dividing the House beside the record of his own individual opinion, or if the Honourable Gentleman could show any useful result to arise from a divsion, I should not solicit him to withdraw his motion. But, instead of a useful result, I am sure that a division would have a mischievous result. The Honourable Gentleman has protested against the Bill most manfully. I do not quarrel with him for his principles, with which I agree in many points; but I am content to make a sacrifice of my own opinions for the public good, not for party purposes; and I do trust that the Honourable Gentleman will now yield to the wishes of the House.

Mr. AGLIONBY. — I think that it would be better not to divide, although I entertain opinions quite as strong as those of the Honourable Gentleman; and if there were a division, I should certainly redeem my pledge to vote against the Bill.

Dr. LUSHINGTON. — I hope that, as the originator of the discussion in this stage, I may be permitted to add that, though I lament the introduction of the Bill, I think that the public good would be best consulted by not dividing.

Mr. FINCH. — Sir, in accordance with the opinions of the Honourable and Learned Gentleman, and of my friends around me, I will yield to their wishes, and not divide the House.

Amendment, by leave, withdrawn. Bill read a third time, and passed.

FACTORIES ACT.

Mr. GROTE. — Sir, in moving the address of which I have given notice, it is not my intention to enter largely into the general question of education in the factories, important as I conceive that to be; but I will only call the attention of the Noble Lord the Secretary of State for the Home Department to some few points, and particularly to the necessity of requiring more extended Returns from the superintendents of factories than we have at present. The Factory Act has now been in operation for five years, and there has, therefore, been full time for the provisions of that Act to have been brought into full operation. I believe that much good has been already done, and that many children who otherwise would have received no education at all have received it through these increased facilities; but still, when you read the Reports, it is

impossible to fail coming to the conclusion that the intentions of the Legislature, as to the education of the children, have been but very imperfectly carried out. The Reports of the inspectors, especially Mr. Horner, who has paid most attention to the subject, clearly establish the fact of the very imperfect and unequal education of these factory children in various parts of each district. The subject of factory legislation has come before the House on many occasions; but nothing has been shown as to the manner in which the intentions of the Legislature on this most important part of that question have been carried out. I believe that, in some districts, those intentions have been fully executed, through a generous and enlightened philanthropy on the part of the factors; and as one part of my motion tends to make known what has already so been done, I hope that by this means much more may be effected throughout the whole districts, because it must be obvious to the House that what has been already accomplished in some districts may, by means of proper provisions and due exertions, be accomplished throughout the whole. Moreover, if through any defect in the law, the law cannot be carried into full effect, the inspectors must know what difficulty stands in the way; and the House would naturally look to them for full and authenticated information, if they were called upon to legislate in a future Session, and they would be better able to enter upon the question in a future Session if they were in possession of the information which, by these Returns, I require from the inspectors——

[The Honourable Member was here interrupted by a

MESSAGE FROM THE LORDS,

That they do not insist upon the amendment made to the Bill intituled "An Act to make certain Alterations in the Duties of the Lord Ordinary, and in the Establishment of Clerks and Officers of the Court of Session and Court of Commissionere for Teinds in Scotland, and to reduce the Fees payable in those Courts," to which this House disagrees.,

That they do desire a present conference with this House in their Lordships' committee room No. 5., upon the subject matter of the conference had this day relative to the amendments made to the Bill intituled "An Act for the Registration of Parliamentary Electors." — House agreed to a conference.

Ordered, That the managers who managed the last conference do manage this conference; and the names of Mr. Bernal, Mr. Hawes, Mr. Pendarves, and Mr. Warburton were added to them.

REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS.

Then the names of the managers were called over, and they went to the conference; and being returned, the Attorney General reported, That the managers had met the Lords at a conference, which was managed on the part of the Lords by the Earl of Shaftesbury, who acquainted them that the Lords, having taken into consideration the reasons given by the Commons at the last conference for disagreeing to one of the amendments made by their Lordships to the said Bill, do insist upon the amendment to which this House hath disagreed, for which they gave their reasons.

The amendment and the Lords' reasons were read by the clerk at the table.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — Sir, I am exceedingly sorry that it becomes my duty to move that the amendments of the House of Lords to this Bill be considered on this day three months. If the House were to agree to the amendment of the House of Lords, they would inflict a great and serious wound on the general franchise of the constitutional body in this country. When the Bill went up from this House, it was simply a Bill for regulating the mode of registration of our constituents, and it passed without any objection being made to it, except in the case of one clause, on which a division took place. A clause, however, has been introduced into it, in the other House, respecting the franchise, to which I think it impossible that this House can agree. Thousands of persons have already been placed on the registry as voters, in their character as trustees; but by the clause to which I have alluded that franchise is taken from them, and I think that this provision could not be allowed to be made. The Lords insist upon a clause by which all trustees should be disfranchised, although in possession of property. We have exercised the right without question year after year; many of the barristers are clearly of opinion that such persons have a right to vote, otherwise the land is not represented. The Lord Chief Justice, although he did not give a decided opinion, yet expressed himself favourably towards the right of trustees to vote. Can we then, I ask, in

this Bill, to which both sides of this House agreed, consent to the Lords introducing a clause, by which a thousand of our constituents will be disfranchised? With respect to the clause on which a division took place — that regarding the measurement of distance — we consented to withdraw it.

COLONEL SIBTHORP. — I did not.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — No; but the House of Commons did. Sir, it is strange the Lords should have taken this course when the Bill passed through this House without opposition from the Right Honourable Baronet the Member for Tamworth, or from the Noble Lord the Member for North Lancashire. For these reasons, Sir, I beg to move that the Lords' amendments be taken into further consideration this day three months.

Mr. WARBURTON. — The objection pointed out by the Learned Attorney General appears to me a very valid one, and one which must be generally admitted. When the Bill was before in this House, it was agreed as a principle that it should provide only for the matter of registration; and yet the Lords have introduced this clause, having reference to an entirely different matter. I think the House of Commons quite justified in disagreeing to the Lords' amendment. With respect to the clause as to the measurement of distance, I do not think it signifies very much; but let us have a fixed principle.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — The Lords do not strike out that clause; they agree to it.

Mr. WARBURTON. — Then I think their Lordships are wrong in that too. I repeat, I think this House justified in disagreeing to the amendments of the Lords.

COLONEL SIBTHORP.—I do not rise to oppose the Honourable and Learned Attorney General. I am very glad to hear the Honourable Member for Bridport say that we ought to have a fixed principle as to the measurement of the distance. I tender my thanks to the other House of Parliament for this additional proof of their firmness and integrity; and I feel much self gratification that my clause has been adopted by the other House.

SIR ROBERT INGLIS. — The Honourable and Learned Gentleman opposite, instead of talking about the Lords interfering with a Bill for regulating our own constituency, had better have applied himself to answering their reasons. Sir, the Lords say that a certain class of voters ought to be restrained, because it is not intended to give them a more extended right of voting than heretofore they have possessed.

Lords' reasons and amendments to be taken into further consideration this day three months.]

FACTORIES ACT.

Mr. GROTE. — As I suppose there is no opposition to my motion, I will now content myself with moving an address, that her Majesty would be graciously pleased to direct that each of the four factory inspectors do report separately, at the period of his quarterly general report, on the effects of the educational provisions of the Factory Act, as exemplified in not less than twelve of the schools situated in his district, in which those provisions have been observed in the most efficient manner; that the four factory inspectors do make a joint report as to any modification of the existing educational provisions of the Factory Act which may appear to them desirable.

Agreed to.

TRADING COMPANIES BILL.

Mr. P. THOMSON. — I beg to give notice that I will, next Session, move for leave to bring in another Bill relating to trading companies.

PRIVATE BILL DEPOSITS BILL.

Lords' amendments agreed to.

DEBTORS' SCHEDULES BILL.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — I beg to draw the attention of the House to a Bill which has come down from the House of Lords, touching the insertion of debtors' schedules in newspapers. This Bill was read a first time last night, and stands for the second reading this evening. It must be committed and read a third time this Session. I am anxious that it should pass through all these stages; but some Honourable Members say that the grievance is one that has subsisted for the last twelve years without any complaint, though, certainly, if the griev-

at it is stated to me to be, it is really ought to be redressed. o the provision which has been e under the Insolvent Debtors' Imprisonment for Debt Bill he schedules of debtors to be n the newspapers, and restricts it to be demanded by the pro- of newspapers to 3*s.* for each nent. Now, I cannot see that it has a right to deal with the of a newspaper any more than to dispose of the goods of any r at certain prices. I think, that the House will see the of adopting this measure, and the protection suggested to the s of newspapers.

l was then read a second time.

motion, "That the Bill be com-

LIONBY said: — There seems lifficulty in assenting at once to though I certainly concur with been said as to the hardship of g any newspaper proprietor to ertisements at 3*s.*; and I should have opposed the clause, which r as an interference with the private contract. When I first ttention drawn to this particular asked myself a few questions. lyself, "How is it this evil has for twelve years, and no news- prietor has felt it to be a griev- ask the House, before going into e, whether it will be expedient to Bill thus hastily through all its this period of the Session? Bill been so drawn as to give a reasonable compensation to the rs of newspapers, I might not ed any objection; but as it now ay it not materially affect the nent of debtors? I have every r the proprietors of newspapers, not suppose they would act as I to suggest they might; but still, not, as this Bill now stands, be a proprietor to refuse to admit tisement of the schedule, except normous price — a price at his retion? I should have no ob- give my vote for a Bill giving rietors of newspapers a fair and le compensation; but, in the e, I would suggest that the pre- be withdrawn, as little harm can during the recess to the news- and in the next Session a new can be introduced, providing for the adoption of such a price for the advertisements as will fully repay the newspaper proprietors, and will not seriously affect the position of the debtor.

Mr. BROTHERTON. — I must say I object to pass the Bill through all its stages in such a House as this.

Mr. HAWES.—The effect of this might be to compel the debtor to do that which he is not in a state to do.

Mr. FRESHFIELD. — I think that it is creditable to newspaper proprietors that they should have so long permitted this grievance to exist without attempting to remedy it; but, at the same time, I am of opinion that it is not wise to press too severely upon debtors, or to leave them entirely at the mercy of those who can control the prices to be demanded for the advertisements required by law.

The ATTORNEY GENERAL. — I must say that, under the circumstances, it would be better to withdraw this Bill; and I am the less scrupulous in doing so, because the Bill bears evident marks of hasty construction, and because I think it would not be found to operate as beneficially as it was thought it would.

The Bill was then committed for Wednesday next.

STATUE TO LORD BYRON.

Mr. LEADER.—I do not think it fit to bring forward the motion of which I gave notice, relative to the introduction of a statue to the memory of Lord Byron into Westminster Abbey, in the present thin state of the House. If no change, however, should take place during the recess in the proceedings of the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, I beg to give notice that I shall renew it at the beginning of next Session.

FOREIGN SLAVE TRADE.

SIR R. H. INGLIS. — I wish to ask the Noble Lord the Secretary for Foreign Affairs what steps Government has taken in consequence of the unanimous address of the House of Commons, in May last, upon the subject of the slave trade? That address touched upon three points, and prayed her Majesty to obtain from foreign powers a declaration that the slave trade should be treated as piracy; and the concession of a mutual right of search in all

treaties with foreign states; and, finally, it specifically expressed an expectation that Portugal would conclude an adequate treaty for the suppression of the slave trade.

VISCOUNT PALMERSTON. — I assure the Honourable Baronet that the attention of Government has been earnestly and anxiously given to the important subject to which he has adverted. Respecting the first question, I beg to inform the Honourable Gentleman that Government hope to obtain the consent of all the great powers of Europe to a general treaty for the suppression of the slave trade, and that in that treaty we shall endeavour to obtain the insertion of a declaration that the slave trade be treated as piracy. A negotiation to this effect has only been delayed from a wish, in the first instance, to come to an understanding with France, as to the extension of the geographical limits for the right of search contained in the subsisting conventions between France and England. Those limits do not include the eastern coast of Africa, from which an extensive slave trade is carried on; and when we are making a general European treaty, it is clearly desirable that it should contain the most complete stipulations respecting the extent of the limits. It is unnecessary to say that the foundation of all treaties upon the slave trade must be a mutual right of search; and I have no reason to expect any difficulty on that point, except on the part of the United States of America. In that country, unfortunately, the maritime jealousy which this country has overcome in respect to France, still exists; and I have no hope at present of obtaining the consent of the United States to a treaty for the mutual right of search. At the same time, it is but justice to say that no effort has been omitted on their part to carry into execution their own laws for the suppression and prevention of the slave trade. Respecting the third question, I am sorry to say that I cannot yet announce that Portugal has agreed to an adequate treaty for the fulfilment of her engagements with this country. The Government, as is well known, sent out, some time ago, the draft of a treaty for this purpose; but the Portuguese Administration proposed several modifications, to some of which the British Government acceded, whilst to others they objected. Subsequently, the Portuguese Administration made another reference to the British Government, with a view to the alteration of the treaty; and latterly, I sent back to Lisbon a draught, with such modifications as I felt it possible to accede to, without defeating the purpose of the treaty. That draught was given to the Portuguese Government as our *ultimatum*, but I have not yet received the final answer to it. I am not without hopes, however, that that answer may be satisfactory to this country, and consistent with the engagements which Portugal has contracted. At the same time, the Portuguese Government should not forget that the British Parliament, the British people, the British Government, are determined to put an end to the slave trade now carried on under the Portuguese flag, which trade Portugal has bound herself by treaty to abolish, and that, if the Portuguese Government shall decline signing the treaty necessary for the accomplishment of this great object, Great Britain will be compelled to employ her own means for effecting the purpose.

I am sure, however, that the House will feel that her Majesty's Ministers are right in forbearing from taking such a course so long as any hope remains of accomplishing the object with the concurrence and co-operation of Portugal. An avowal has recently been made by the Governor of a Portuguese settlement, on the coast of Africa, unexampled in the history of civilised nations. That officer has confessed that the only revenue of the colony was derived from duties paid on the exportation of slaves, and that the exportation of slaves was the only commerce which the colony carried on; and this, while other nations, such as Spain and Brazil, have excused their slave trade on the ground that it is necessary to the development of the resources of the country to obtain additional labour, the Portuguese, on the contrary, admit that they, by carrying on the same trade, are dispeopling their colonies, and depriving them of that labour by which alone their natural resources could be developed. Some allowances, however, are to be made for Portugal. That country has had, for a long course of time, the misfortune of suffering under the worst government that perhaps ever existed in Europe, —a government under which no public opinion and no public virtue could be expected, for public opinion and public virtue cannot raise themselves without a free press and free and public discussion in popular meetings. Now, however, fortunately, Portugal has obtained the advantage of a constitutional government; and it is to be hoped that the feelings of her people will change on this as well as on many other subjects. At present, one of the great difficulties which prevents the successful

on of the negotiations with that
rises from the circumstance that
luential persons in Lisbon have
and personal influence in this
With respect to Brazil, to which
the Honourable Baronet has ad-
his Government is now pressing
tters on the Brazilian admini-
The first is, the ratification of the
nt and breaking-up articles. When
ard from Rio Janeiro, the Cham-
d recently assembled, and our
Paffaires has been instructed to
e Brazilian Government to use
fort to obtain the ratification of
rticles by the Chambers. The
point is, that they should pass a
ing to the slave trade the punish-
piracy. Brazil has, by treaty,
the slave trade to be piracy, but
yet passed a law to carry that
on into effect. I assure the
able Baronet and the House that
portant subject will occupy the
ixious attention of Government
he recess; and I hope that, when
ent re-assembles, I shall be able to
ore satisfactory statement on this
an it has been in my power to
this occasion.

R. H. INGLIS.—I have heard
at pleasure what has fallen from
le Viscount, and I beg, on the
his House, to confirm the asser-
ch has been made, that Parliament
country will not permit the con-
of the slave trade under the
ese flag; and I am sure that the
nent will be fully supported by
ent in any measure which they
obliged to resort to for its sup-
, if Portugal should finally refuse
le to the treaty which has been
d.

PERS, *RETURNS, &c.*

exported.—On the motion of Mr.
RD, Return ordered—

corn exported from bond within the
Kingdom to the United States of Ame-
e years 1836, 1837, and 1838.

ts of Request.—On the motion of
ADER, Return ordered—

names of the assistant barrister, chair-
l other presiding officer, clerk, registrar,
r officer of the courts of request in
and Wales; by whom and when ap-
the amount of salaries, fees, and other
nts respectively received by the said
the years 1835, 1836, and 1837, respect-
e number of suits instituted in each of
years for sums under 40s., for sums amounting to 40s. and not exceeding 3l., for sums above 3l. and not exceeding 5l., for sums above 5l. and not exceeding 7l., for sums above 7l. and not exceeding 10l., for sums exceeding 10l.; the total number of suits heard and determined in each of the said years; the total amount of debts sued for, and the total amount of debts recovered; the total amount of costs incurred; a table of the fees sanctioned by the court; the total amount of sums paid into court; the amount of sums remaining unclaimed; whether any security is given for the due application of sums paid into court; the number of persons imprisoned in each of the said years; the gaol to which committed; the number of persons committed for the *marimum* term of imprisonment for which the court can commit, classified according to the amount of debt by which the *marimum* term of imprisonment is regulated; the number of commissioners (if any) associated with the presiding officer; the qualification of the commissioners, and by whom appointed; and the number of days that the court sat in each of the said years.

County Courts.—On the motion of Mr. LEADER, Address moved for—

Return of the amount of salaries, fees, and other emoluments received by the presiding and other officers of the county courts, hundred courts, and borough courts of record in England and Wales, in each of the years 1835, 1836, and 1837; the number of summons or writs issued in each of the said years; the amount of debts sued for under 40s. and not exceeding 3l., above 3l. and not exceeding 5l., above 5l. and not exceeding 10l., above 10l. and not exceeding 20l., and for sums above 20l.; the total amount of debts sued for, and of debts recovered, in each of the said years; the total amount of fees received; a table of the fees sanctioned by the court; the application of fees received; the names of the presiding and other officers of the said courts, and by whom appointed; the number of days that the court sat in each of the said years; the number of persons imprisoned in each year by order of the court; and the number of persons imprisoned for the maximum term of imprisonment for which the court can commit.

Charities.—Thirty-second Report of commissioners, Part V., presented (by command).—To lie on the table.

Patents for Inventions.—Return presented, of fees and other expenses on taking out a patent of invention for England, Scotland, and Ireland (Address 18th of July).—To lie on the table.

Kensington Gardens Lake.—On the motion of Mr. FRESHFIELD, Address ordered for,—

Copy of the correspondence which passed between her Majesty's Board of Woods and Forests, and the Commissioners of Sewers for the city and liberty of Westminster and part of the county of Middlesex, preparatory to the passing of the Act 4th and 5th Will. IV. c. 96., for the purpose of bringing clean water into the lake in Kensington Gardens from the Bayswater stream; the expense that has been incurred in

or towards effecting the object; and the amount paid by the Commissioners of Sewers to the said Board of Woods and Forests, in part payment of the same.

Royal Belfast Institution. — Returns presented, of all persons who have become proprietors of the Royal Belfast Institution since the date of the last Return ordered 1st of June). — To lie on the table.

Ministers' Money (Ireland). — Returns presented, of the dates of the several commissions issued by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland relative thereto (ordered 23d of June). — To lie on the table.

Ballast Board (Dublin). — Return presented, of the whole receipt and revenue of the Dublin Ballast Board, for 1835, 1836, and 1837 (ordered 24th of July). — To lie on the table.

Patrick M'Tier. — Copy presented, of the evidence taken before the stipendiary magistrates in Ireland, appointed to inquire into charges preferred by P trick M'Tier against Mr. Trevor (ordered 30th of July). — To lie table.

Tipperary County. — Copy pre of correspondence relative to th turbed state of the county of Tip (ordered 3d of August). — To lie table.

Poor Law Amendment Act (Pe Union). — Paper (presented 14th gust) to be printed.

Poor Law Amendment Act. — C evidence taken before the Select mittee of the House of Lords (com cated from the Lords 14th of Augu be printed.

Charities. — Return (presented 1 August) to be printed.

Adjourned at a quarter before o'clock.

F LORDS, JOVIS, 16° DIE AUGUSTII, 1838.

ALS.

onsidered, and de-

Respondent's peti-
al as incompetent,
pondent's petition
appeal sustained:
ntil the hearing of

- Appeal presented,
red to answer in
for a recognisance
the appellant.

- Petition of appel-
e to lodge cases. —
the Appeal Com-

MMITTEE.

from, read, and
d accordingly.

TTEE ON THE THE HOUSE.

and agreed to.

ELATIONS OF GDOM.

istol Chamber of
nd Manufactures,
, and praying for
ordered to be re-
of Edward Harley
nly, has signed it.

BILL.

lative to. — Consi-
ler), and amended;
published.

LAW.

port of the *Poor for England and* Wales. — Delivered (by command), and ordered to lie on the table.

NORTH AMERICAN BOUNDARY (B).

Proceedings and correspondence relating to the pretensions of the states of Maine, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, and to the question of jurisdiction within the disputed territory, 1831 to 1837. — Delivered (by command), and ordered to lie on the table.

WOODS AND FORESTS.

Fifteenth Report of the Commissioners of Woods, Forests, Land Revenues, Works, and Buildings. — Delivered (by command), and to be printed.

MESSAGE FROM THE COMMONS,

To communicate the Reports from the Select Committees of that House (pursuant to messages) upon the following subjects; namely: — Postage; Railway Communication (Ireland); Fictitious Votes (Ireland); Highway Act; Rating of Tenements; Metropolis Police Offices; Transportation; Manor Courts (Ireland); Education; and Church Leases. — Ordered to lie on the table, and to be printed.

PAPERS, &c.

Copies of any notices given by the French Government to that of Great Britain, respecting blockades established by the French naval forces in South America: Also,

Date of any application that may have been made by the French or Brazilian Governments to that of Great Britain, for the mediation of the latter power in the question respecting the limits of French Guiana: And, also,

Copies of all communications from the

Brazilian Government, relating to the military occupation, by a French force, of the town and port of Mapa:

Delivered (pursuant to address of Tuesday last), and to be printed.

Papers relative to the occupation of Algiers by the French. — Delivered (by command), and ordered to be printed.

Return of persons licensed to sell spirits by retail in Ireland, in the year 1830; distinguishing grocers from publicans. — Delivered (pursuant to order of the 28th of May last), and ordered to lie on the table.

PROROGATION OF THE HOUSE.

At half-past one o'clock her Majesty proceeded in state from Buckingham Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived at twenty minutes after two, and was received, on alighting from her state coach, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Great Chamberlain, the Earl Marshal, the Lord Steward of the Household, Lord Viscount Melbourne, Garter King at Arms, and the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, and proceeded to the robing room in the customary manner.

Her Majesty was then robed. She wore the imperial crown, a superb diamond necklace, and a magnificent stomacher of diamonds. Her dress was of white satin, — the train of crimson velvet, — borne by the Duchess of Sutherland and the Marchioness of Normanby.

The procession moved into the House in the usual order. The heralds, in their tabards, marshalled the way. The Lord Chancellor, preceded by the mace, carried the great seal; the sword of state was borne by Viscount Melbourne, and the cap of maintenance by the Earl of Shaftesbury, in the absence of the Marquess of Winchester.

Her Majesty being seated on the throne, the great officers of state and others standing on the right and left, Sir Augustus Clifford, Knight, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a message from her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers.

The Commons, with Mr. Speaker at their head, being come thithe ingly, —

The SPEAKER addressed jesty as follows: —

" Most gracious Soverei

" We, your faithful Comm proach your Majesty at the c laborious and unusually protra sion of Parliament. The seriou ances which unhappily broke province of Lower Canada our immediate attention. It wa care to place at the disposal of jesty such means as we deem pensable for the restoration of the maintenance of future tranq

" In considering, as it was o do, the causes which had led to plorable events, we found that tl which had so long existed be different branches of the Govern Legislature had rendered it imp conduct public affairs with that and harmony which were essent prosperity and safety of that pr

" Under this conviction we f was necessary to interpose by a vigorous and decisive measur have passed an Act suspending mited time, the constitution Canada, and have given large tensive powers, to be exercised control of your Majesty, and o sponsibility of your Ministers. conscious that such a measure be defended by the deepest con its necessity, and we anxiousl our justification in the early re- ment of the free institutions o portant colony, with such amen may best secure the happine people, as well as cement its the mother country.

" Among the subjects recom our consideration in your Maje cious speech on the opening of t ment, there was none that greater difficulties, or which more care and circumspection provision to be made for the d Ireland. We felt that no meas introduction of a poor law into

ced as Ireland is with respect iber and condition of its popu- ld be proposed without incur- y responsibility; but, looking nple of what had been done on ct by former Parliaments with England, we thought that the come when we might legislate d with safety, and with a rea- pe of success.

ave firmly adhered to those which have been sanctioned by ncurrence and by experience, e not carried them further than ary to give them a fair chance and to meet the pressing exi- the case. If the execution of mportant law shall be watched uided by the same prudent and pirit which governed our deli- n its enactment, we confidently he benefits which it is calcu- onfer will be gradually deve- it will be found to be just to- who are affected by its provi- that it will eventually be the greatly improving the comforts bits of the people of Ireland.

ave passed an Act abolishing ns for tithes in Ireland, and ituted rent-charges, payable by have a perpetual interest in The exaction of tithes from were either unable, or who re- ay, has been a fruitful source alike injurious to the public the real interests of the church. iven the strongest proof of our extinguish these evils, and to esent repose and tranquillity, a liberal and munificent grant ify, in certain cases, those to ars of compositions for tithes

ave mitigated the severity of id the sufferings of the unfor- abolishing, in certain cases, ent for debt; and we have en- to increase the usefulness of by abridging the holding of in plurality, and by making vision for the residence of the n passing these measures we recorded *our conviction that* the surest way to maintain respect for our laws and attachment to our institutions, is by gradually introducing such amendments as are most likely to recommend them to the improving opinions and increasing knowledge of the educated classes of the community.

" We have made provision with liberality, but without improvidence, for the necessary expenditure of the year, as also for those additional expenses arising from the events in Canada.

" We now tender to your Majesty the last Act of Supply of the present Session, intituled, 'An Act for appropriating the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund for the Service of the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-eight.' "

The Royal Assent was then given, in the usual manner, to the following Bills: — Consolidated Fund; Duchy of Cornwall (Tin Duties); Canada Government Indemnity; Private Bill Deposit; Valuation of Lands (Ireland); Personal Diligence (Scotland); Customs Duties; County Treasurers (Ireland); Imprisonment for Debt; Sheriffs' Courts (Scotland); and St. Saviour's (Southwark) Free Grammar School.

Her Majesty was then pleased to deliver the following most gracious speech: —

" My Lords and Gentlemen,

" The state of public business enables me to close this protracted and laborious Session.

" I have to lament that the civil war in Spain forms an exception to the general tranquillity. I continue to receive from all foreign Powers the strongest assurances of their desire to maintain with me the most amicable relations.

" The disturbances and insurrections which had, unfortunately, broken out in Upper and Lower Canada have been promptly suppressed; and I entertain a confident hope that firm and judicious measures will empower you to restore a constitutional form of government, which unhappy events have compelled you, for a time, to suspend.

" I rejoice at the progress which has been made in my colonial possessions to-

wards the entire abolition of negro apprenticeship.

"I have observed, with much satisfaction, the attention which you have bestowed upon the amendment of the domestic institutions of the country. I trust that the mitigation of the law of imprisonment for debt will prove at once favourable to the liberty of my subjects, and safe for commercial credit; and that the established church will derive increased strength and efficiency from the restriction of the granting of benefices in plurality.

"I have felt great pleasure in giving my assent to the Bill for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland. I cherish the expectation that its provisions have been so cautiously framed, and will be so prudently executed, that, whilst they contribute to relieve distress, they will tend to preserve order, and to encourage habits of industry and exertion.

"I trust, likewise, that the Act which you have passed relating to the Composition for Tithe in Ireland will increase the security of that property, and promote internal peace.

"GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,

"I cannot sufficiently thank you for your despatch and liberality in providing for the expenses of my household and the maintenance of the honour and dignity of the Crown. I offer you my warmest acknowledgments for the addition which you have made to the income of my beloved mother.

"I thank you for the suppl you have voted for the ordina service, as well as for the readi which you have provided means the extraordinary expenses rend cessary by the state of my Cana sessions.

"MY LORDS AND GENTLEM

"The many useful measures w have been able to consider, whil tlement of the Civil List and the Canada demanded so much of tention, are a satisfactory proof zeal for the public good. You a acquainted with the duties which volve upon you in your respecti ties, that it is unnecessary to rem of them. In the discharge of t may securely rely upon my firm and it only remains to express a hope that Divine Providence m over us all, and prosper our unit for the welfare of our country."

The LORD CHANCELLO said: — My Lords and Gentlem her Majesty's will and pleas this Parliament do stand prorog Thursday, the 11th of October be then here holden; and this Pa is accordingly prorogued to Thur 11th of October next.

Her Majesty then departed, in t state, and preceded and followe same Lords and attendants as had panied her entrance into the Hou the Peers then departed.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

BLIC BUSINESS.

RETURNS, &c.

owing Papers were severally viz.,—

nd Forests. — Annual Report ssioners (by Act). — To lie on

merican Boundary.—Proceed- orrespondence relating to the of the states of Maine, Massa- nd New Hampshire; and the f jurisdiction within the dis- ory, 1831—1837 (by command). a the table, and to be printed.

abroad. — List of her Ma- nsuls abroad, distinguishing are restricted from trading, who are not (by command).

— Papers relative to the occu- lgiers by the French (by com-

the table.

owing Returns, &c. were se- ered to be printed; namely, —

fice (Scotland). — Copies of ence respecting opening, &c. at the Post Office at Glasgow the 3d of August).

nt Services and other Annual reland). — Return (presented August).

reland). — Return (presented August).

Shipping.—Return (presented August).

on, &c. of the House. — Ac- ented the 15th of August).

Board (Calcutta). — Paper the 15th of August).

Apprenticeship. — *Indentured* — Papers (presented the 15th

Patents for Inventions. — Return (presented the 15th of August).

Ministers Money (Ireland). — Returns (presented the 14th of August).

PUBLIC BILLS.

Return of Public Bills which have passed this House during the present Session, stating the days on which sent to the Lords; also those passed and those rejected, &c. (ordered the 10th of August), laid upon the table. — To be printed.

MISCELLANEOUS PETITIONS.

The following petitions were severally presented; viz., —

Idolatry (India), — By Sir Robert Inglis, against the interference of British functionaries, — from Ockbrook; and Matlock.

Parochial Assessment Bill, — By Sir Robert Inglis, — from the deaneries of Samford and Newport, against.

Sale of Beer Act,—Of Edward Chance, against the repeal.

Tithes (Ireland), — By Mr. Otway Cave, — from Kilvemnon and other places, for abolition.

Established Church (Canada), — Of inhabitants of Spilsby, in support.

Glasgow Cotton Spinners, — By Mr. Leader (in the absence of Mr. O'Connell), — of the chairman of a meeting at Glasgow, for remission of their sentence.

Canada, — By Mr. Leader, — of the secretary of the Carmarthen Working Men's Association, praying the House to recommend to her Majesty to grant a full and unconditional pardon to persons convicted or accused of treason, &c., in Upper and Lower Canada.

To lie on the table.

BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE.

SIR ROBERT INGLIS, on presenting several of the petitions above specified, said: — I hope I may be allowed to take this opportunity of congratulating the Right Honourable Gentleman in the chair, and the House generally, on the termination of a Session of almost unexampled duration, toil, and fatigue. I find that the House has now sat 173 days, during which no less than 1134 hours have been occupied with public business; a number which is unexampled in the annals of Parliament, with the exception of a single year, in which the amount has been exceeded, partly on account of the morning sittings, which were then on trial, and partly owing to the lengthened discussions on the Reform Bill, which was pending that Session. But if we compare the labours of the last Session with those which our predecessors have had to undergo, — indeed, if we go back only so far as the reign of George IV. or the beginning of that of William IV.,—the contrast will appear most striking. In the first Session after the accession of the former Monarch, the House of Commons sat only 111 days. In the first Session of William IV. they sat only 84 days; and rolling this, as it was rolled, into the last Session of George IV., still the united number of days only reached 107. The first Session of the present century was the longest previous to the Session just past, the number of days occupied by sittings being 132. I think the country must see with satisfaction the testimony of attention to the duties of legislation exhibited in the numbers I have mentioned; but while I think this, I cannot but feel, also, that there is no circumstance connected with the Session which will tend to give less satisfaction than the great number of Bills which have been introduced into this House within the last few weeks. No less than sixty-four new Bills have been introduced since the 1st of July, a number exceeding the entire amount that was presented in the first three months of the Session. I am very glad to see that an Honourable Member has given notice of a motion calculated to correct this evil for the early part of next Session; and I must say I earnestly trust that it will be persevered in, as I think the subject well deserving of the greatest consideration on the part of the House.

MESSAGE FROM THE LORDS,

For copies of Reports from Select Committees; namely: — Postage (8th of May); Railroads (Ireland), and Fictitious Votes (Ireland), (21st of May); Highways Act and Rating of Tenements (12th of June); Metropolis Police Offices, Transportation, Manor Courts (Ireland), Education, and Church Leases (3rd of August); considered. — Printed copies to be communicated accordingly.

PUBLIC PETITIONS COMMITTEE.

Fortieth Report brought up, and read. — To lie on the table, and to be printed.

MESSAGE FROM THE LORDS,

That they have agreed to — Consolidated Fund Bill; Duchy of Cornwall (Tin Duties) Bill, without amendment; and to amendment to St. Saviour's (Southwark) Grammar School Bill, without amendment.

HYDROPHOBIA, &c.

SIR F. BURDETT. — I wish to call the attention of the House to a very important subject. I perceive, in the reports of accidents in the public newspapers, numerous accounts of the sad consequences of hydrophobia, that terrible scourge, which is usually so prevalent in this town about the present period of the year; and I have risen, not only for the sake of drawing attention to the subject among Honourable Members and out of doors, but in order to give notice that I shall, at the meeting of the House next Session, bring it again under consideration, with a view of discovering and applying some effectual means of prevention. There is another matter on which I wish to say a few words, and as to which I was very anxious that some practical step should have been taken this Session — I mean the subject of the Poor Law Amendment Act, as it is called. I have been very desirous that some measure for the improvement of that Act might be passed before the termination of our sittings; but that not having been done, I trust the country gentlemen will give their attention to this question during the ensuing vacation, in order to see what can be accomplished to remedy existing evils, everywhere so loudly complained of. I am impressed with the conviction that such an inquiry is of the deepest importance both to those who pay and those who receive the

d I am quite sure that every
ıe House will feel the duty
ssity of giving it his best
measure of this nature it
intention to bring in at an
of the Session; but I was
till the Report of the Poor
tee is made; wait till you
ports before you, and the ad-
e valuable matter which they
I have consequently been
re way; but as the Reports
uded, I presume, and we can
any more, I shall feel it my
some measure under the
of the House early next

USHINGTON. — With re-
adoption of measures for
n of hydrophobia, to which
ble Baronet has referred,
has engaged the attention
ittee which has been sitting
politan police; and if the
Baronet turns to their Re-
ind a good deal of inform-
oint.

AW COMMISSION.

ort of Commissioners, pre-
t). — To lie on the table.

WORKHOUSES.

UGLAS, in rising to move,
notice, that each Assistant
Commissioner do forthwith
port to the board at Somer-
; to how far he may be of
he regulations now in force
out-door relief, in money, to
d, and for the separation of
e in the workhouses above
age each, should or should
ied, stating the reasons for
view he may take on these
— In the course which I
on the subject of the poor
anxious it should not be
ve intended in any way to
public, and I must say I
that nothing has yet been
uestion. It is one on which
onvinced that political heats
lings ought to have no place,
l to accede to the motion
ard by the Honourable Mem-
am in the early part of the
I have thereby shown that I
erally in the principles of the
nendment Act. But I must add that I do think Government might have been able, had they taken up the matter early in the Session, when there was a full attendance of Members, to have passed such a measure for the modification of the powers of the commissioners in those particulars to which my motion referred, namely, out-door relief to the able-bodied, and the separation of the sexes, as would have given general satisfaction throughout the country. At present, however, I have risen to call attention to the subject, chiefly for the purpose of showing that there are Members — I believe a number of Members — in this House, who are earnestly desirous of giving a careful and deliberate consideration to these questions. With reference to the notice of motion which I placed on the books some time ago, I have felt that it would be improper for me to make that motion until after the Poor Law Committee should have terminated their labours, and have made their final Report (which has only just now been done); I gave my notice contingent upon that event. I am anxious that there should be no misapprehension on this point. With respect to the delay which has taken place in presenting the final Report of the Poor Law Committee, that delay is justified, in my opinion, by the circumstances to which it is attributable. In accordance with the sentiment of the Honourable Baronet behind me (Sir F. Burdett), I think that the recess will be well employed by every Member of the House in digesting the Report of the committee, and in consulting with his constituents and ascertaining their feelings on the matters I have indicated. I shall certainly feel it my duty to press the subject on the notice of the House on some early day in next Session; but, in the mean time, it is my earnest hope that her Majesty's Government may see the necessity of directing their attention to the wishes of the people, expressed, as they have been, in almost innumerable petitions, on this question. Once for all, I would say that my object is to render the poor law more consonant than it now is to the wishes of the poor themselves; and though I think that it is by the Government that the country has a right to expect that a matter of so much importance should be brought under consideration, still, if no one more able is found to undertake that task, I shall persist in pressing my motion.

Mr. FRESHFIELD. — The Poor Law Committee, great as have been their labours, feel no regret in reference to their duration. They complain of nothing. Four

days in every week, and five or six hours each day, they have devoted to their duties; but the time they have given to the inquiry, extended as it has been, was no more than what was necessary in order to render the proceedings satisfactory to the public generally, as well as to those who had evidence to produce on the subject, both on the one side and on the other. And I must add that, whatever desire Honourable Members may generally feel to manifest feelings of humanity and benevolence towards the poor, in their addresses delivered here on this question, — of which the importance to the public is so well known, — there could nowhere be evinced more strong feelings of that nature than were manifested in the committee. I went into that committee with very strong prepossessions on the subject, but I found in a short time that the great feeling was in favour of carrying the Act into operation with all possible humanity and attention to the wishes of the poor.

Question put, and negatived.

Mr. BRISCOE. — I beg to move, as an amendment, "That a Return be made to this House of the number of married couples in each union workhouse, communicating their age, previous condition of life, present state of health, and the time they have remained therein." A great deal of misconception has got abroad as to the number of married persons in the workhouses, and it is not generally known that the board of guardians have very extensive powers of giving out-door relief to married couples above the age of sixty. With a view of ascertaining something of what is the state of the case in Surrey, I made inquiries and have found that in the union of Croydon, consisting of Croydon parish, with a population of 12,000, and twelve adjacent parishes, there are only two married couples in the workhouse, and in each case the parties, being blind and totally helpless, receive every care, have a nurse to attend upon them, and everything else which can be done to alleviate their sad condition. I hope there will be no objection to the Returns, as, if they be made, the House will be put in possession of very important documents with respect to the extent of the evils of separation, which are so much complained of.

The SPEAKER. — The Honourable Member's motion will more properly come *on, as a substantive* motion, than as an *amendment. I avail myself of this opportunity to remark* that the notice of motion of the Honourable Baronet (Sir C. Douglas) has, by a mistake in the votes, been set down to Sir Robert Inglis.

The SOLICITOR GENERAL. — I protest against its being received as a matter of certainty that the Report of the Poor Law Committee, which is now on the table, will contain all the facts to which the motion refers; and it appears to me it would be better to have them in juxtaposition with the general details of that Report than in a separate form.

Mr. BRISCOE. — I am ready to withdraw my motion, if the House wish me to do so.

Mr. EASTHOPE. — I must deprecate these ill-timed, vague, and mischievous discussions on this most important subject: — ill-timed, because they can lead to no practical result; — mischievous, because, being vague, they are adapted to mislead and to increase the sufferings of the poor rather than to mitigate them. It ought to be the aim of Members, on both sides of the House, to exclude party considerations and party conflict from all their discussions on the subject of the poor laws. Everything that is possible should done to improve the condition of the poor; but mere general expressions of sympathy, and indistinct promises of future relief, made at a moment like the present, whilst they can do no good, are calculated to produce much disappointment and much mischief to the poor themselves. The only effect of them will be to excite false hopes, rather than to afford substantial relief. To attempt to gain temporary popularity by such means is at once unworthy and impolitic.

Motion put, and negatived.

POOR LAW (IRELAND).

Mr. SHAW. — Seeing the Noble Secretary for Ireland in his place, I beg to know whether a commissioner has been yet appointed for the administration of the Poor Law in Ireland?

LORD VISCOUNT MORPETH. — No poor law commissioner for Ireland has as yet been appointed.

Mr. SHAW. — I earnestly hope that no one who is not well acquainted with the practical details and working of the poor law system in this country will be appointed.

SAGE TO ATTEND HER MAJESTY.

House went, and the Royal Assent
m to — Consolidated Fund Bill;
of Cornwall (Tin Duties) Bill;
Bill; Imprisonment for Debt
Canada Government Indemnity
rivate Bill Deposits Bill; County
Ireland) Bill; Valuation of Lands (Ireland) Bill; Personal Diligence (Scotland) Bill; Court of Session (Scotland) Bill; Sheriff Courts (Scotland) Bill; Southwark Free Grammar School Bill.

After which her Majesty was pleased to make a most gracious speech from the Throne to both Houses of Parliament; for which see Lords' Report.

NOTICES OF MOTIONS

WHICH NOW STAND IN THE ORDER BOOK OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

FOR THE NEXT SESSION.

1. Lord Ashley. — Return of the number of mills and factories within the district of each inspector of factories.

Return of the number of mills and factories visited by the inspectors during the twelvemonths ending the 30th of June, 1338, showing the number of visits to each mill, and the aggregate of days employed in such visitations.

Statement of the number of mills, and particular firms (if any), not visited by the inspectors, during the same period.

Similar Returns from the superintendents of factories.

Also, similar Returns from the inspectors and superintendents separately, from the 1st of July, 1838, to the 31st of December.

2. Lord Ashley. — Return of the whole number of certificates (according to the form submitted to the opinion of the law officers of the Crown) granted to children who have attained their thirteenth year, in the several districts of the inspectors of factories (the districts being distinguished), between the 1st of August, 1838, and the 31st of January of the same year.

3. Mr. Baines.—Bill, for the more adequate payment, and for the improved administration of the first fruits and tenths payable by the archbishops, bishops, and other dignitaries, and by the beneficed clergy of England and Wales, with a view to the augmented maintenance of the poor clergy.

4. Mr. Brotherton. — On reading the Sessional Orders, to move, That no public Bill be read a second time after a day to be fixed at the commencement of each Session, except for special reasons and under urgent circumstances.

5. Mr. Brotherton. — Return of the number and names of the persons summoned for offences against the Factory Act, between the 1st of January, 1838, and the 1st of January, 1839; specifying *the date of the* conviction or hearing, the *place of hearing*, by whom each conviction was made, the place in which the offence was committed, the precise nature of the offence in each case, and the manner in which the penalties and costs were appropriated.

6. Sir Francis Burdett. — Bill, for preventing danger of hydrophobia.

7. Sir Francis Burdett. — Bill, to amend the Poor Law Act.

8. Admiral Codrington. — Select committee, to examine into the complaint of Mr. Rowland Milner, late lieutenant in the navy, represented in a petition presented on the 18th of last December, of his being arbitrarily deprived of his rank and his half pay without trial of any sort, or being allowed to be examined face to face with his accuser, the charge being made eleven years subsequent to the alleged period of the offence.

9. Mr. Finch. — To bring under the consideration of the House the propriety of either extending to all mines in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland the drawback on timber now allowed on timber used in the mines of copper and tin in the counties of Devon and Cornwall, or of repealing the Act by which the drawback is allowed in those counties.

10. Mr. Gillon. — To call the attention of the House to the Report of the Committee on Internal Communication Taxation, with a view to the equalisation and reduction of the duties.

11. Mr. Gillon. — Bill, to amend the 2d and 3d Will. IV. cap. 65., commonly called, "The Scotch Reform Act."

12. Mr. Gillon. — To move the adoption of a 5*l.* municipal franchise in all the royal and parliamentary burghs of Scotland.

13. Mr. Grattan. — To move resolution respecting the appropriation of the 50,000*l.* annually voted for the purposes of education in Ireland.

14. Sir Charles Grey. — Copies of all special Reports of the Indian Law Com-

ıd of all opinions and reso-
Governor General of India
ıereon, which, according to
ɜ 3d and 4th Will. IV. c. 85.,
, have been entered among
minutes, consultations, or
of the Governor General of
ncil, since the passing of the

:, at the same time, whether
l code, recommended by the
ssioners, has been in any
ted by the Governor General
ouncil.

Iodgson Hinde. — Address,
ıintment of a person or per-
petent authority, to consider
upon the several proposed
ay from Lancaster and New-
ctively to Edinburgh; and

elly. — To move, by way of
on Sir Robert Peel's Bill to
aw of controverted elections,
substantive motion, certain
to the effect, That it is ex-
ny amendment of the law of
elections, that due provision
the constituting of a tribunal
competent judges, whose ap-
ıall be permanent; and of a
ber of jurors, who shall not
of this House: That to such
be referred all questions of
:tice touching or arising out
gainst returns to Parliament;
costs of the trials of all such
be taxed as between party
lo abide the event of such

ıshington. — To bring under
ıtion of the House the state
India.

Mahon. — Either as a sub-
ɔlution, or as an amendment
t Peel's Bill on controverted
vhen again introduced, to
in the trial of controverted
e objects of justice, uniform-
patch, would be best attained
l not consisting of Members
ıt.
, that leave be given to bring
:arry the foregoing resolution

Muskett. — To bring under
:ation of the House, the case
:aptains and lieutenant com-
horse, of the royal regiment
formerly attached to the late
yal artillery drivers, now on

20. Mr. O'Connell.—Select Committee, to inquire into the extent of the bribery and intimidation practised at the election of Members to serve in the present Parliament.

21. Mr. O'Connell. — Bill, more effectually to compel witnesses to make a full disclosure of bribery and corruption in the election of Members to serve in Parliament, and to indemnify such witnesses.

22. Mr. O'Connell. — Bill, to give equal rights and franchises to the people of Ireland and England in the election of Members to serve in Parliament.

23. Mr. O'Connell. — Bill, the better to secure the liberty of the press.

24. Mr. O'Connell. — Bill, to regulate the trial of controverted elections.

25. Mr. O'Connell. — Bill, to deprive places having but a small number of electors of the right to return Members to Parliament, and more equally to distribute the representation of the people of the United Kingdom, by giving the counties in Ireland a due and fair proportion of representatives.

26. Mr. O'Connell. — To bring before the consideration of the House the propriety of discontinuing all charges on the consolidated fund for prosecutions and for the police in Ireland.

27. Mr. M. J. O'Connell. — To call the attention of the House to the case of Lieutenant Colonel Leslie Frith.

28. Captain Pechell. — Bill for the better protection of licensed victuallers.

29. Captain Pechell. — Bill to repeal Act (6 and 7 Will. IV.), called, An Act to prevent the advertising of Foreign and other illegal Lotteries.

30. Mr. Edward Rice. — To call the attention of the House to the state of the harbours on the south-eastern coast, and to the necessity of an extensive improvement therein, for the purpose of affording protection to ships in the Channel, and of facilitating the communication with the continent.

31. Colonel Sibthorp. — Reduction of duty on fire insurance.

32. Colonel Sibthorp. — Select Committee, to inquire into various commissions issued since 1830.

33. Colonel Sibthorp. — Reduction of present salary of Chief Secretary in Ireland.

34. Colonel Sibthorp. — To call the at-

tention of her Majesty's Government, more particularly the Secretary for the Home Department, as to the propriety of increase of salary or pay to the subordinate officers and general establishment of the metropolitan police, and as to a retired allowance to the same for long servitude, or other causes of incapacity, through age or other accidental circumstances.

35. Mr. Slaney. — To move a resolution respecting the formation of public walks, in the vicinity of large and populous towns, calculated to increase the comfort and contribute to the health of the inhabitants.

36. Mr. James Stewart. — Bill, for the gradual abolition of copyhold and customary tenure in England and Wales, founded on the Report of the Select Committee on Copyholds.

37. Mr. Serjeant Talfourd. — Bill, to amend the law of copyright.

38. Mr. Poulett Thomson. — Bill, to amend an Act of the first year of her present Majesty, for better enabling her Majesty to confer certain powers and immunities on trading and other companies.

39. Mr. Villiers. — To call the attention of the House to the local administration of justice in England and Wales.

40. Mr. Villiers. — To call the attention of the House to those taxes which raise the price of food, contract the commerce of the country, lower the profit of capital, limit the employment of labour, and which yield nothing to the revenue.

41. Mr. Wallace. — Select Committee, to inquire into the system of jury trial in Scotland; also, into that of sheriff, burgh, and justice of peace courts; and the injury inflicted on the people of Scotland by the useless forms and rules in force in these courts of law, and the consequent maintaining of numerous half stipendiary judges; namely, t preme judges, sitting only fou the year; and nearly three judges, on an average, in each Scotland.

42. Mr. Wallace. — Select co inquire into the management Office department.

43. Mr. Wallace. — Bill, t conveyancing in Scotland, mended by the Lord Advocate Coningham, in their capacity Law Commissioners, and as sh third Report of the Scotch missioners.

44. Mr. Wallace. — To mov solution, that no Bill affectin or commerce of the country be after Easter, unless on spe shown why it had not been bro forward.

45. Mr. Wallace. — Bill, to the recommendations contain Report of the Select Committe age, by enacting that the pos letters, written on or contained paper, and not exceeding hal in weight, and conveyed any c the general post, shall be two p that all letters written on or c stamped paper, and not exceed ounce in weight, and sent c miles from any post office, sh penny.

46. Mr. Ward. — Bill to ame franchise, as established by clause of the Reform Bill.

47. Mr. Ward. — Bill, for th of waste land upon one uniform throughout the British coloni view to the formation of a nat for self-supporting emigration.

48. Mr. Ward. — Bill for the gulation of metropolitan sewer

Sess. 1837-8.

APPENDIX.

ABSTRACT AND SUMMARY OF THE PARLIAMENTARY PAPERS,

(HOUSES OF LORDS AND COMMONS,)

FOR THE SESSION COMMENCING 15th NOVEMBER, 1837;

EXCLUSIVE OF THE DRAFTS OF BILLS, AND DUPLICATES OF STATE PAPERS, REPORTS, AND RETURNS, WHERE THE SAME WERE LAID BEFORE BOTH HOUSES:—

(SO FAR AS THE SAME HAD BEEN PUBLISHED UP TO THE 1st OF SEPTEMBER, 1837.)

G 9925

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
154.	ABOLITION OF SLAVERY. (I.)	Papers presented to Parliament by her Majesty's Command, in Explanation of the Measures adopted by her Majesty's Government for giving Effect to the Act for the Abolition of Slavery throughout the British Colonies. Part V. JAMAICA (1.). In continuation of the Papers presented in 1835, 1836, and 1837, &c. 1838.	9th March.	These Papers are arranged under the following classification: 1. Schedule of Instructions addressed by Lord Glenelg to the Officers administering the Governments in her Majesty's Possessions in the West Indies, &c. 2. JAMAICA. (A) Circulars to Special Magistrates; (B) Police Act, Correspondence between the Colonial Department and Governor Sir Lionel Smith, in respect thereof; (C) Classification Act — similar Correspondence; (D) Decisions of the Supreme Court; (E) Hours and Scales of Labour; (F) Valuations; (G) Workhouse of St. Andrew's; (H) Prison Discipline; (I) Investigation by Commissioners of Inquiry into the Case of James Williams and other apprenticed Labourers; (J) Miscellaneous; (K) Proceedings of the (Jamaica) Legislature; — all of these being the subjects of a similar correspondence between the same parties. The Papers will form a valuable collection of statistical information connected with the state of slavery in the British colonies, at the period of its abolition, and of "data" for the future history of the moral and social condition, both of the white and negro population of those possessions. (A). In the Circular Despatch, which stands first in the collection, and is dated May 18. 1837, Lord Glenelg states that recent transactions in the West Indies have been brought to his notice by Mr. Light, which lead
89.	——— (II.)	Papers in Explanation, &c. In continuation of Papers presented in Session 1835, 1836, and 1837-38. Part V. BARBADOES and BRITISH GUIANA.	Ditto.	

18 G

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	ABOLITION OF SLAVERY—*continued.*			him "to attach great importance to the adoption of some means by which negroes quitting a British colony may be protected from the dangers they are exposed to, of being sold into slavery in a foreign colony. It is stated that attempts of this nature have been made, and that the purpose may be effected under the pretext of aiding clandestine emigration; and Crabbe Island — a place without any constituted authorities, and the territorial right to which is in dispute—has been named as the place of most convenient resort for the parties engaged in such practices, inasmuch as negroes who have been brought there can be transferred, without difficulty, to the Spanish Islands." His Lordship therefore requests the several Governors of the West India colonies to warn the negroes within their respective governments, "of the risks which they may run if they should proceed beyond the limits within which British protection can be afforded them." In Circular dated Sept. 12. 1837, Lord Glenelg, addressing the same parties, informs them that Captain Pringle, formerly an officer in the engineers, and who, since his retirement from the army, has been frequently employed by the Government in a civil capacity, has been selected for the purpose of prosecuting such an inquiry" (viz. into the state of the prisons and workhouses in the West Indies); and it is desired that all support and assistance shall be rendered to that gentleman in the prosecution of such inquiry. The valuable results of the interference of the British Government on behalf of the slaves are thus noticed in a despatch from the Colonial Secretary, dated November 6. 1837: — "The 1st of August, 1838, and the 1st of August, 1840, will form important eras in the history of the British West Indies. Hitherto the results of the great experiment of the abolition of slavery have been such as to justify the most sanguine hopes of the authors and advocates of that measure. When every fair deduction is made for the abuses which may have hitherto attended the administration of that law, — abuses which appear to me to have been the almost necessary result of the colonial system as it previously existed, and for which, therefore, no person acquainted with human nature, and with the history of slavery, could have been unprepared,— I feel myself entitled, on satisfactory evidence, to assert that, within a comparatively very short period, there has been an improvement in society, and an accession to the sum of human happiness, of which history furnishes no other example. Nor is it the least remarkable and gratifying feature in the progress of this great change, that it has been unattended with tumult or commotion, with the overthrow of any political institution, or with the slightest relaxation of the bonds by which the sovereign power and the people at large are connected. On the contrary, there has been a greater respect for the laws, which have afforded more equal protection to the rights of all classes of the community; and, with an increased sense of security, the value of property has augmented, and the foundation has thus been laid for the safe accomplishment of the final transition now so near in prospect." (1) The case of James Williams, the apprenticed labourer, is that to which such frequent reference was made in the debates in the House of Commons in the months of May and June; and the narrative of his sufferings appears, unhappily, to bear out the designation of "the dreadful case" applied to it by Mr. Gladstone and other speakers in the course of those discussions. It appears from the Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into it (Messrs. Gordon and Daughtrey), and from the proceedings taken as to the conduct of one of the special magistrates, that the printed narrative of Williams was, in all its essential particulars, confirmed, the points on which any contradiction was established being, in the language of the commissioners, "few and inconsiderable." Governor Sir Lionel Smith, under date November 2. 1837, writes thus: — "My Lord, I have

the following remark: — "Such being the conclusion of the Commissioners with respect to the Narrative, it can scarcely be necessary for them to add, that the abolition law has not been properly administered in some part of the parish of St. Ann's; that the house of correction of that parish was, until recently, a place of licentiousness and cruelty; and that the treadmill has been, from the time of its erection, and still is, an instrument rather of torture, than of just and salutary punishment." (340 pages.)

The Papers as to Barbadoes and Guiana comprise a voluminous Correspondence, 1st, as to Barbadoes; (K) relative to apprenticeship of Children; (L) Special Magistrates' Reports; (M) Classification; (N) Miscellaneous, in Despatches interchanged between Lord Glenelg and Governor Sir E. J. M'Gregor, Bart. 2d. as to British Guiana, relative to the same subjects and to valuations; the larger portion being devoted to a correspondence relative to Mr. Scoble's inquiries and representations, between Governor Sir J. C. Smyth and Lord Glenelg. The general result of the various inclosures and Reports contained in this volume is eminently satisfactory as to the condition, both of Barbadoes and Guiana, and as to the temperate and steady demeanour of the negro population of those colonies, in their near approach to a condition of unqualified freedom. The eminent capacity and services of Sir Carmichael Smyth, who died in his government on the 4th of March, 1838, are acknowledged by the Colonial Secretary in the following terms: — "It has been my mournful duty to communicate the intelligence to the Queen, and it has been received by her Majesty with deep concern." . . . . "There is no public functionary in the colonial empire at the present time whose continued services would have been of higher importance to the prospects of the portion of that empire which is now placed in circumstances at once so novel and so deeply interesting to humanity. The only consolation which can be suggested for the loss of such services is to be found in the reflection, that the security, confidence, and contentment which his efforts have established, afford the best promise of success in conducting the colonial society through the changes which are yet to come, and that the benefits which have been derived from his exertions are not of a nature to terminate with his life." (229 pages.)

See "Apprenticeship." "Negroes." "Slavery." "West Indies."

449. **Affiliation, Orders of.** — Return of the Number of Orders of Affiliation made under the Provisions of the Act 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 76. s. 72., at each Session of the Peace held in England and Wales. — 1st June. — 110 Returns from the fifty-two counties of England and Wales, and fifty-eight liberties, &c. The heaviest Returns are these: —

Lancashire, from October Sessions, 1834 to April, 1838	348 orders
Cheshire, from October Sessions, 1834, to March Sessions, 1838 (inclusive)	360 do.
Yorkshire, West Riding, from Michaelmas Sessions, 1834, to Spring, 1838, ditto	686 do.
North Riding, from ditto, ditto	247 do.

In Kent, same period, 50; Middlesex, 32; Cumberland, 78; Durham, 275; Norfolk, 124; Lincolnshire, 216; Northumberland, 124; Staffordshire, 162.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	ABOLITION OF SLAVERY—*continued.*			him "to attach great importance to the adoption of some means by which negroes quitting a British colony may be protected from the dangers they are exposed to, of being sold into slavery in a foreign colony. It is stated that attempts of this nature have been made, and that the purpose may be effected under the pretext of aiding clandestine emigration; and Crabbe Island — a place without any constituted authorities, and the territorial right to which is in dispute—has been named as the place of most convenient resort for the parties engaged in such practices, inasmuch as negroes who have been brought there can be transferred, without difficulty, to the Spanish Islands." His Lordship therefore requests the several Governors of the West India colonies to warn the negroes within their respective governments, "of the risks which they may run if they should proceed beyond the limits within which British protection can be afforded them." In Circular dated Sept. 12. 1837, Lord Glenelg, addressing the same parties, informs them that Captain Pringle, formerly an officer in the engineers, and who, since his retirement from the army, has been frequently employed by the Government in a civil capacity, has been selected for the purpose of prosecuting such an inquiry" (viz. into the state of the prisons and workhouses in the West Indies); and it is desired that all support and assistance shall be rendered to that gentleman in the prosecution of such inquiry. The valuable results of the interference of the British Government on behalf of the slaves are thus noticed in a despatch from the Colonial Secretary, dated November 6. 1837: — "The 1st of August, 1838, and the 1st of August, 1840, will form important eras in the history of the British West Indies. Hitherto the results of the great experiment of the abolition of slavery have been such as to justify the most sanguine hopes of the authors and advocates of that measure. When every fair deduction is made for the abuses which may have hitherto attended the administration of that law, — abuses which appear to me to have been the almost necessary result of the colonial system as it previously existed, and for which, therefore, no person acquainted with human nature, and with the history of slavery, could have been unprepared,— I feel myself entitled, on satisfactory evidence, to assert that, within a comparatively very short period, there has been an improvement in society, and an accession to the sum of human happiness, of which history furnishes no other example. Nor is it the least remarkable and gratifying feature in the progress of this great change, that it has been unattended with tumult or commotion, with the overthrow of any political institution, or with the slightest relaxation of the bonds by which the sovereign power and the people at large are connected. On the contrary, there has been a greater respect for the laws, which have afforded more equal protection to the rights of all classes of the community; and, with an increased sense of security, the value of property has augmented, and the foundation has thus been laid for the safe accomplishment of the final transition now so near in prospect." (1) The case of James Williams, the apprenticed labourer, is that to which such frequent reference was made in the debates in the House of Commons in the months of May and June; and the narrative of his sufferings appears, unhappily, to bear out the designation of "the dreadful case" applied to it by Mr. Gladstone and other speakers in the course of those discussions. It appears from the Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into it (Messrs. Gordon and Daughtrey), and from the proceedings taken as to the conduct of one of the special magistrates, that the printed narrative of Williams was, in all its essential particulars, confirmed, the points on which any contradiction was established being, in the language of the commissioners, "few and inconsiderable." Governor Sir Lionel Smith, under date November 2. 1837, writes thus: — "My Lord, I have the honour to inform you, that the commissioners of inquiry in the case of James Williams have closed their proceedings, and, I am sorry to say, the whole barbarous case of that individual is fully proved and confirmed." Of the special magistrate, a Mr. Rawlinson, he adds, — "It will be my duty to suspend Mr. Rawlinson from his office of special magistrate;" which suspension was afterwards confirmed, and the appointment of that individual permanently revoked, by Lord Glenelg, on evidence clearly establishing

columns as stated above into two, viz.:— "From the North American Colonies and Gambia; and each of these "From Foreign Countries."

231. AMHERST, EARL. Copy of a Despatch, and its Inclosures, addressed to Earl Amherst by the Earl of Aberdeen, on the 2d of April, 1835. 22d March.

This is the despatch which, with its several inclosures, was largely referred to in the early debates of the Session upon the affairs of Canada. The inclosure No. 1., "A Minute containing a Compendious Statement of the Progress of the Controversies which have subsisted between the House of Assembly of Lower Canada and his Majesty's Government," is thus introduced: — "In the following paragraphs Lord Aberdeen will purposely confine himself to a naked statement of facts, unaccompanied by any comment, or by the expression of an unnecessary opinion; his object being merely to supply Lord Amherst with a convenient epitome, for his Lordship's use, of various facts and dates which it might not, perhaps, be otherwise easy to bring together for immediate use." The "Epitome" is a very complete and perspicuous one. It sets out with reciting the conquest and cession of Canada, under Art. 4. of the treaty of peace of the 10th of February, 1763, between France and Great Britain. It then recapitulates the proceedings which took place relative to the constitution granted to the Canadas in 1774; the Revenue Act of 14 Geo. III.; the constitution of 1791, and the Constitutional Act of that year; the appointment of Lord Dorchester (as the first Governor) after 1791; the two several grants by the Assembly to the Crown of 1795 and 1801; the supply by Parliament of the deficiency of the provincial revenue to meet the charges of the Government of Lower Canada; the offer, declined by Parliament, of the House of Assembly, to assume on themselves the entire expenses of the civil government of the province, and the subsequent application to that effect on the part of the Governor, and the consent of the House of Assembly in 1818; Duke of Richmond's estimate, by chapters, on which the supply was voted by the Assembly, not in "chapters," but in detail; Lord Dalhousie's demand, in 1820, of a permanent supply; his issue of the Assembly's money; dispute between the two Canadas; Lord Dalhousie's double estimate in 1823; Mr. Caldwell's default; supply refused except on the terms of the Assembly; Sir Francis Burton's estimate of 1825; appropriation, same year, by House of Assembly, of the King's revenue; petition from Assembly against Lord Dalhousie's pretensions, of 1826; Lord Ripon's demand (1827) of a Civil List of 96,000*l.*, in exchange for the King's revenue; Petitions to Parliament (1828), and House of Commons' Committee of same year; sources of discontent in the province; counter petitions; French and English parties; their complaints and those of the petitioners; Report of the Canada committee; Sir James Kempt's Administration in 1829; Sir G. Murray's despatch on the Report; Financial arrangements for 1829-30; Sir James Kempt's proceedings; Proceedings of the (House of Assembly) Session 1828-9. New election law — its acceptance; Supply Bill of 1828-9 disapproved but accepted; Financial Bill brought into Parliament 1829; Canadian Session of 1829-30; — 1830, and Lord Ripon's administration: Lord Ripon's prepared Civil List, 19,000*l.*, and his financial instructions, 1830; Messages between Lord Aylmer and the Assembly, 1831; and in same year resolutions to grant no supply; Supply Bill passed; Lord Aylmer's demand for a complete statement of grievances; Lord Ripon's conciliatory despatches; Revenue of 14 Geo. III. given up to the Assembly; Session of 1831-2. Supply Bill and Judges' Independent Bill reversed; Supply Bill accepted and Judges' Bill disallowed; Session of 1832-1833; Riot at Montreal; Mendelet's case; Mr. Stanley's despatch, 1833; The ninety-two Resolutions of grievances; and the Report of the Canada committee of 1834.

To these documents is subjoined "A Minute showing in what manner the recommendations of the Canada Committee of 1828 have been carrried into execution by his Majesty's Government," by the same hand, of the same date, and not less remarkable than the despatch of the 2d of April, 1835, for its extreme simplicity arrangement, and information.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
499.	ANNUITIES, GOVERNMENT.	An Account of all the Government Stock that has been transferred to the National Debt Office in exchange for Annuities for Terms of Years, in each Year since 1830, Act 10 Geo. IV. c. 24., stating the Description of Stock transferred in each Year, and the Amount of Annuity, and the Terms of Years granted for such Stock, in each Year, ending on the 5th of January.	14th June.	This account is stated in detail, conformably with the terms of the order of the House of Commons, and the results may be stated thus, on the aggregate: —

	Description of Stock transferred, including Stock purchased, with Money paid for the said Annuities.										Long Annuities transferred.	Exchequer Bills purchased.	Annuities for Terms of Years granted in exchange for the same.	Terms of Years granted for such Stock; viz. for the following Term of Years certain.
	3 per Cent. 1726.	3 per Cent. Consols.	3 per cent. reduced.	3½ per cent. 1818.	3½ per cents. reduced.	New 3½ per cents.	New 4 per Cents.	4 per Cents. 1826.	New 5 per Cents.	Total Stock transferred and purchased.				
	Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9.	Col. 10.	Col. 11.	Col. 12.	Col. 13.	
From between the 23d of November, 1825, and the 5th of January, 1830, to year ending 5th of January, 1838 - -														*Note.* — The various terms are here distinctly and severally set out.
For immediate Annuities - -	172,264	4,202,927	7,151,679	810,427	1,387,101	569,505	2,275,139	960,418	30,925	17,560,385	137,364	934,500	1,404,895 18 6	
For deferred Annuities - -			305							305			40 2 0	
£	172,264	4,202,927	7,151,984	810,427	1,387,101	569,505	2,275,139	960,418	30,925	17,560,690	137,364	934,500	1,404,936 0 6	

162.	APPEALS (QUARTER SESSIONS.)	A Return of the Number of Appeals to the Quarter Sessions, against Convictions by Justices of the Peace, in England and Wales, in 1836.	27th Feb.	The whole number of these Appeals is 120. In Worcester, in the only two returned, the conviction is declared to have been quashed in each case. The numbers are stated thus: — Counties of Bedford, Cornwall, Dorset, Essex, Norfolk, Oxford, and Wilts, Borough of Sandwich, City of London, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and Borough of Leeds, one each

				County of Lancaster . . . . 11 County of Middlesex . . . . 17 . . . . 31 120
535.	Apprenticeship.	Papers relating to the Measures adopted by the Legislatures of Barbadoes (A), Montserrat (B), Nevis, Virgin Island (C), St. Christopher's (D), St. Vincent (E), for the Abolition of the System of Apprenticeship on the 1st of August, 1838. (Presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	26th June.	(A) No. 1. and Nos. 3. to 10. inclusive, copies or extracts of despatches, with inclosures from Governor Sir E. J. MacGregor, Baronet, to Right Honourable Lord Glenelg. No. 2. A Despatch from Lord Glenelg to Sir E. J. MacGregor. (1st of January to the 16th of May, 1838.) (B) Nos. 11. and 12. Copy of a Despatch and extract from another from Governor Sir W. N. Colebroke to Lord Glenelg; and No. 13. of Despatch from Lord Glenelg to Sir W. N. Colebroke. (28th of December, 1837, to 15th of June, 1838.) (C) Nos. 14. to 17. Extracts and copies of despatches from Sir W. N. Colebroke to Lord Glenelg. (16th of April and 17th of May, 1838.) (D) No. 18. Copy of Despatch, Lieutenant Governor Sir H. MacLeod, with six inclosures, dated 18th of May, 1838. (E) No. 19. Copy of Despatch, Lieutenant Governor Tyler to Lord Glenelg (with three inclosures). 12th of May, 1838.
478.	Armouries, Tower.	A Return of the Number of Persons admitted to see the Armouries at the Tower in each of the Years 1824 to 1838.	13th June.	Prior to March, 1827, when the issue of free tickets by the Governor of the Tower was limited to 1800 per annum, the greatest number admitted by governor's tickets in any of these years was—in 1825, 4851. In same year, on payment of 2s. each, there were admitted 12,649 visitors; making, together with admissions, as above, on governor's tickets, and 1072 on principal storekeeper's tickets, 18,572 persons; the sum received for whose admission (exclusive of the fee received by the wardens, regulated at 1s. each person), was 1264l. 18s. In the four weeks from the 1st of May to the 28th of May, 1838, the numbers admitted under the new system of admission at 1s. each, had increased in a very considerable proportion; number admitted in the four weeks, on payment of 1s. each, 4196; total number admitted in same time, 4528. Sums received for their admission, 209l. 16s., being at the rate of nearly 100 per cent. increase on the receipt in the previous years set out in this table, even of 1835.
426.	Army (Half Pay).	Return of Military Officers upon Half Pay, who have been allowed to receive their Half Pay, since the 1st of April, 1837, under the Provisions of the Acts 2 and 3 Will. IV. c. 126. s. 23. and 24., and 1 Victoria, c. 79. s. 19. and 20.	23d May.	A list of nineteen officers (1 Lieutenant Colonel, 1 Brevet Colonel, 8 Captains, 6 Lieutenants, 3 Ensigns, 1 Quarter Master, 1 Assistant Surgeon, 1 Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals), their salaries and appointments; the former ranging from 3s. per diem to 300l. per annum.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
361.	Army (Commissariat).	Abstracts of the Commissaries' Accounts of the Receipts into and Payments from the several Military Chests during the Period, the 1st of April, 1836, to the 31st of March, 1837.		

Analysis of the Disbursements.

	Payments on account of Services provided for by Parliament.							Extraordinaries of the Army.	Imprests between Stations.	Special Disbursements.	Total Payments.
	Ordinaries of the Army.	Commissariat.	Ordnance.	Navy.	Slavery Abolition.	Various.	Totals.				
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1. Canada	72,219	8,727	58,208	5,605	..	20,207	164,966	49,874	..	4,878	219,718
2. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick	43,407	2,957	25,392	11,500	..	3,840	85,097	27,467	27,100	..	139,664
3. Newfoundland	6,258	575	5,687	846	..	..	13,366	3,951	..	..	17,317
4. Bermuda	8,114	1,143	9,735	22,257	380	616	42,244	6,490	..	..	48,734
5. Bahamas	8,318	534	2,531	1,390	2,905	10,315	25,992	6,335	..	3	32,330
6. West Indies	113,595	9,165	37,157	9,443	36,572	2,972	208,905	77,867	..	200	286,972
7. Jamaica	63,377	1,976	16,810	18,356	31,333	..	131,853	58,127	233,251	..	423,231
8. Honduras	9,695	473	724	..	917	142	11,951	4,959	..	..	16,910
9. Gibraltar	38,173	1,571	21,171	6,333	..	..	67,248	28,869	20,841	..	116,958
10. Malta	44,015	2,302	12,871	86,420	..	..	145,608	21,664	400	..	167,671
11. Ionian Islands	50,611	978	7,039	6,207	..	..	64,835	28,043	..	39,225	132,104
12. Cape of Good Hope	80,938	2,312	14,191	13,517	4,420	2,275	117,653	101,735	..	94,022	313,410
13. Mauritius	27,947	1,196	17,565	1,664	8,825	..	57,197	17,080	103	23,030	97,410
14. Sierra Leone	10,255	829	1,123	6,987	..	12,073	31,267	4,742	10,200	..	46,209
15. Gambia	5,720	431	1,471	3	..	..	7,625	2,546	..	..	10,171
16. Ceylon	80,830	..	..	..	..	..	80,838	13,346	..	..	94,185
17. New South Wales	46,801	3,451	12,015	4,642	..	..	66,908	55,625	12,950	192,834	328,318
18. Van Diemen's Land	16,355	2,059	11,625	516	..	..	30,555	20,868	..	116,184	167,607
19. Western Australia	2,394	411	..	80	..	5,770	8,656	3,203	..	5,253	17,112
20. St. Helena	6,967	570	4,921	20	..	..	12,480	11,134	..	28,280	51,893
	735,989	41,660	258,236	195,786	85,352	58,210	1,375,244	543,925	304,845	503,909	2,727,924
Estimated amount of Payments at Western Australia, for quarter ending 31st of March, 1837											5,704
											2,733,628
Amount of Balances on 31st of March, 1837 (including estimated amount of same for Western Australia, for quarter ending 31st of March, 1837											575,835
											3,309,463

3. Similar abstract as to soldiers belonging to Royal Artillery in Great Britain and Ireland, for same period. (See Parliamentary Paper No. 131. of 1836.)

Similar abstract as to soldiers belonging to regiments and depôts of regiments in Great Britain and Ireland, for same period.

(1.) The offences for which punishments have been awarded in the Royal Marines are, — Mutinous conduct; desertion; absence without leave; wilfully making away with regimental necessaries; absent, and committing the like offence; drunkenness on guard and on other duty; insolence to superior officers; theft; disobedience of orders: disorderly and violent conduct; breaking barrack confinement; the like offence, combined with the making away with regimental necessaries; quitting guard or post.

(2.) In the Royal Artillery: — Desertion; embezzlement; theft; malingering; making away with necessaries; habitual drunkenness; drunkenness, in some cases with insubordination, and other irregularity; absence without leave; offences on duty.

(3.) In the Queen's Regiments: — Mutiny; desertion; violence to superiors, and insubordination; disobedience; quitting, or sleeping on post; drunkenness on duty; habitual drunkenness; disgraceful conduct; absence without leave; making away with necessaries; miscellaneous. (See Articles of War, 53. and 70.)

1. Total number of individuals imprisoned on above accounts, in said period, in this force . 1464
2. Ditto ditto . 1839
3. Ditto ditto . 15,564

425. ARMY (REWARDS AND PUNISHMENTS). Returns relating to Rewards and Punishments. 23d May.

No. 1. Is a copy of his late Majesty's "Good Conduct Warrant," dated 26th of March, 1837, substituting for additional pay granted to soldiers after certain periods of service, a reward of additional pay for good conduct, with distinguishing marks. No. 2. A Return of the numbers who have established their claims to good conduct pay under said warrant. No. 3. Return of number of soldiers, regiments, and depôts in Great Britain and Ireland, who, since the 1st of January, 1836, have suffered either corporal punishment or imprisonment; and wherever the same has been inflicted on same person more than once, how often so inflicted.

No. 3.

	One Mark, with 1d. per Diem.	Two Marks, with 2d. per Diem.	Three Marks, with 3d. per Diem.	Four Marks, with 4d. per Diem.	Totals.
Number of soldiers who have established their claims to marks of distinction, with good conduct pay . . .	2887 One Mark.	305 Two Marks.	326 Three Marks.	11 Four Marks.	3529
Number who have established their claims to marks of distinction, but have declined giving up their claims to additional pay for length of service in order to entitle themselves to good conduct pay . . .	5591	2314	483	34	8422
Total number who have established their claims to marks of distinction	8478	2619	809	45	11,951

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
361.	ARMY (COMMISSARIAT).	Abstracts of the Commissaries' Accounts of the Receipts into and Payments from the several Military Chests during the Period, the 1st of April, 1836, to the 31st of March, 1837.		

Analysis of the Disbursements.

	Payments on account of Services provided for by Parliament.							Extraordinaries of the Army.	Imprests between Stations.	Special Disbursements.	Total Payments.
	Ordinaries of the Army.	Commissariat.	Ordnance.	Navy.	Slavery Abolition.	Various.	Totals.				
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1. Canada	72,219	8,727	58,208	5,605	..	20,207	164,966	49,874	..	4,878	219,718
2. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick	43,407	2,957	23,392	11,500	..	3,840	85,097	27,467	27,100	..	139,664
3. Newfoundland	6,258	575	5,687	846	..	..	13,366	3,951	..	..	17,317
4. Bermuda	8,114	1,143	9,735	22,257	380	616	42,244	6,490	..	..	48,734
5. Bahamas	8,318	534	2,531	1,390	2,905	10,315	25,992	6,335	..	3	32,330
6. West Indies	113,595	9,165	37,157	9,443	36,572	2,972	208,905	77,867	..	200	286,972
7. Jamaica	63,377	1,976	16,810	18,356	31,333	..	131,853	58,127	233,251	..	423,231
8. Honduras	9,695	473	724	..	917	142	11,951	4,959	..	..	16,910
9. Gibraltar	38,173	1,571	21,171	6,333	..	..	67,248	28,869	20,841	..	116,958
10. Malta	44,015	2,302	12,871	86,420	..	..	145,608	21,664	400	..	167,671
11. Ionian Islands	50,611	978	7,039	6,207	..	..	64,835	28,043	..	39,225	132,104
12. Cape of Good Hope	80,938	2,312	14,191	13,517	4,420	2,275	117,653	101,735	..	94,022	313,410
13. Mauritius	27,947	1,196	17,565	1,664	8,825	..	57,197	17,080	103	23,030	97,410
14. Sierra Leone	10,255	829	1,123	6,987	..	12,073	31,267	4,742	10,200	..	46,209
15. Gambia	5,720	431	1,471	3	..	..	7,625	2,546	..	..	10,171
16. Ceylon	80,830	..	..	..	..	..	80,838	13,346	..	..	94,185
17. New South Wales	46,801	3,451	12,015	4,642	..	..	66,908	55,625	12,950	192,834	328,318
18. Van Diemen's Land	16,355	2,059	11,625	516	..	..	30,555	20,868	..	116,184	167,607
19. Western Australia	2,394	411	..	80	..	5,770	8,656	3,203	..	5,253	17,112
20. St. Helena	6,967	570	4,921	20	..	..	12,480	11,134	..	28,280	51,893
	735,989	41,660	258,236	195,786	85,352	58,210	1,375,244	543,925	304,845	503,909	2,727,924
Estimated amount of Payments at Western Australia, for quarter ending 31st of March, 1837											5,704
											2,733,628
Amount of Balances on 31st of March, 1837 (including estimated amount of same for Western Australia, for quarter ending 31st of March, 1837											375,835

Returns relating to Punishments in the Royal Marines, Royal Artillery, and the Army. 18th July.

1. Abstract of the number of men belonging to the Royal Marines who, since the 1st of January, 1831, have suffered imprisonment, showing the nature of the offences, in classes, for which such punishment has been awarded, and the number in each class; also the longest and the shortest period of confinement awarded as punishment, and the average period for each class of offences. (See Parliamentary Paper No. 131. of 1836.)
2. Similar abstract as to soldiers belonging to Royal Artillery in Great Britain and Ireland, for same period.
3. Similar abstract as to soldiers belonging to regiments and depôts of regiments in Great Britain and Ireland, for same period.

(1.) The offences for which punishments have been awarded in the Royal Marines are, — Mutinous conduct; desertion; absence without leave; wilfully making away with regimental necessaries; absent, and committing the like offence; drunkenness on guard and on other duty; insolence to superior officers; theft; disobedience of orders: disorderly and violent conduct; breaking barrack confinement; the like offence, combined with the making away with regimental necessaries; quitting guard or post.

(2.) In the Royal Artillery: — Desertion; embezzlement; theft; malingering; making away with necessaries; habitual drunkenness; drunkenness, in some cases with insubordination, and other irregularity; absence without leave; offences on duty.

(3.) In the Queen's Regiments: — Mutiny; desertion; violence to superiors, and insubordination; disobedience; quitting, or sleeping on post; drunkenness on duty; habitual drunkenness; disgraceful conduct; absence without leave; making away with necessaries; miscellaneous. (See Articles of War, 53. and 70.)

1. Total number of individuals imprisoned on above accounts, in said period, in this force . 1464
2. Ditto ditto . 1839
3. Ditto ditto . 15,564

425. Army (Rewards and Punishments). Returns relating to Rewards and Punishments. 23d May.

No. 1. Is a copy of his late Majesty's "Good Conduct Warrant," dated 26th of March, 1837, substituting for additional pay granted to soldiers after certain periods of service, a reward of additional pay for good conduct, with distinguishing marks. No. 2. A Return of the numbers who have established their claims to good conduct pay under said warrant. No. 3. Return of number of soldiers, regiments, and depôts in Great Britain and Ireland, who, since the 1st of January, 1836, have suffered either corporal punishment or imprisonment; and wherever the same has been inflicted on same person more than once, how often so inflicted.

No. 3.

	One Mark, with 1d. per Diem.	Two Marks, with 2d. per Diem.	Three Marks, with 3d. per Diem.	Four Marks, with 4d. per Diem.	Totals.
Number of soldiers who have established their claims to marks of distinction, with good conduct pay . . .	2887 One Mark.	305 Two Marks.	326 Three Marks.	11 Four Marks.	3529
Number who have established their claims to marks of distinction, but have declined giving up their claims to additional pay for length of service in order to entitle themselves to good conduct pay	5591	2314	483	34	8422
Total number who have established their claims to marks of distinction	8478	2619	809	45	11,951

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
425.	ARMY (REWARDS AND PUNISHMENTS—*continued.*			

No. 3.

	Number of Men punished, from January 1. 1836, to 31st of December, 1837.						
	Once.	Twice.	Three times.	Four times.	Five times.	Six times.	Total.
Corporal punishment	345	13	2	..	..	..	360
Imprisonment	4278	881	221	67	11	3	5461

Note. — Of the above number who received corporal punishment, 212 were also imprisoned, namely, —

Once	118	
Twice	64	
Three times	21	212
Four Times	7	
Five times	2	

See "ESTIMATES."

75.	AUSTRALIA.	Copy of any Correspondence and Documents showing the Progress of Measures taken for the Advancement of Religion in Australia, since the Date of the Papers last laid on the Table. (In continuation of Parl. Paper, March, 1837, p. 114.)	23d Dec. 1837.	NEW SOUTH WALES: — Nos. 1. to 22. Copies of Despatches to and from the Governor of New South Wales, Sir Richard Bourke, K.C.B., Sir George Gipps, and the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg. VAN DIEMEN'S LAND: — Nos. 1. and 9. Despatches to and from the Right Honourable Lord Glenelg and Lieutenant Governor Arthur and Lieutenant Governor Sir J. Franklin. (31 pages.)
97.	—— (SOUTHERN.)	Second Annual Report of the Colonisation Commissioners for South Australia to her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, 1837. (Presented pursuant to Act 4 & 5 Will. IV. c. 95.)	26th Jan.	The Report is subscribed by Robert Torrens, Samuel Mills, Jacob Montefiore, James Pennington, Josiah Roberts, John G. Shaw Lefevre, Edward Barnard, and William Hull. It is dated from the Office of the South Australian Commission, 22d of December, 1837, and concludes with this encouraging statement: — "The Commissioners beg to state that the experience of the past year gives them a confident expectation that the colony of South Australia will rapidly advance in wealth and population: it combines, in an extraordinary degree, the natural sources of prosperity. The land on

From 31st December, 1836, to 1st January, 1838.		From 31st December, 1836, to 1st January, 1838.		
£ 614,284	£ 520,606	£ 14,794	Judges . nil. Lord Chancellor 2,211.	£ 902,410

NET BALANCES existing on 1st of January, 1838.

1. Bankruptcy Fund Account.	2. Interest arising from Bankruptcy Fund Account.	3. The Unclaimed Dividend Account.	4. The Secretary of Bankrupts' Account.	5. The Compensation Account of Ditto.
£ 725,118	£ 8,675	£ 19,056	£ 11,906	£ 3,599

522. BANKRUPTCIES AND INSOLVENCIES. Return of the Number of Bankruptcies and Insolvencies which have taken place in each year from 1833 to 1838, both inclusive. (In continuation of Parliamentary Returns Nos. 178. and 179. of Session 1833.) — 21st June.

Years.	Number of Bankrupts advertised in Gazette.	Number of Insolvents.
1833	1090	102
1834	1107	156
1835	1042	111
1836	941	117
1837	1474	159
1838* (*January to May.)	494	55

Return of the number of fiats issued in each year from 1st of January, 1832, to 31st of December, 1837.

1st of January to 31st of December,	1832 .	1723
Ditto	1833 .	1294
Ditto	1834 .	1270
Ditto	1835 .	1309
Ditto	1836 .	1188
Ditto	1837 .	1954

——, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEES.

83. H. of Lords' Pr. P. — Returns from George Green; — 5th March.

102. Ditto. — Ditto — George Lackington; — 16th March. } Very detailed Returns.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	BANKRUPTCIES, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEES — *continued.*			
114.	H. of Lords' Pr. P.	Returns from Thomas Massa Alsager;	27th March.	Very detailed Returns.
115.	Ditto.	Ditto M. A. Goldsmed;	29th March.	
143.	Ditto.	Ditto James Foster Groom;	4th May.	
208.	Ditto.	Ditto Patrick Johnson;— Of the number of Debts under Fiats in Bankruptcy stated in each Balance Sheet, and the number collected of the same, classed into those not exceeding 1*l.*, 2*l.*, 5*l.*, 10*l.*, 20*l.*, 30*l.*, 50*l.*, 100*l.*, 500*l.*, and 1000*l.*, respectively.	12th June.	
562.	BARILLA.	A Return of all Barilla, only, on which Duty has been paid for home consumption, for the years ending 4th of April, 1835, 1836, 1837, and 1838, distinguishing the quantities at the ports of London, Bristol, and Gloucester.	8th July.	We extract a Return for the first and the last of the years indicated; viz. —

	Years ending 5th of April.	
	1834.	1838.
London	Cwt. 99,349 0 4	Cwt. 15,818 3 13
Bristol	26,522 3 12	9,559 0 19
Gloucester	5,482 1 20	3,535 1 16
Other ports of Great Britain	11,832 0 3	296 1 22
Ports of Ireland	94,575 3 11	60,363 1 13
	237,712 0 22	90,003 0 27

					£	s.	d.
297.	BARRISTERS, REVISING.	Return of the Number of Days the Revising Barristers were employed in England and Wales in 1836 and 1837, the Number of Barristers, and the total Cost.	15th May.	Year 1836, 175 barristers; 3146 days; total cost,	26,871	7	2
				1837, 172 —— 3654 — ——	31,080	18	9
638.	BEER.	Return of Convictions against persons for adulterating Beer, distinguishing the Beer Retailers licensed by the	8th July.				

From 31st December, 1836, to 1st January, 1838.		From 31st December, 1836, to 1st January, 1838.		
£ 614,284	£ 520,606	£ 14,794	Judges . nil. Lord Chancellor 2,211.	£ 202,410

NET BALANCES existing on 1st of January, 1838.

1. Bankruptcy Fund Account.	2. Interest arising from Bankruptcy Fund Account.	3. The Unclaimed Dividend Account.	4. The Secretary of Bankrupts' Account.	5. The Compensation Account of Ditto.
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Years.	Number of Bankrupts advertised in Gazette.	Number of Insolvents.
1833	1090	102
1834	1107	156
1835	1042	111
1836	941	117
1837	1474	159
1838* (*January to May.)	494	55

Return of the number of flats issued in each year from 1st of January, 1832, to 31st of December, 1837.

1st of January to 31st of December,	1832 .	1723
Ditto	1833 .	1294
Ditto	1834 .	1270
Ditto	1835 .	1309
Ditto	1836 .	1188
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——, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEES.

83. H. of Lords' Pr. P. Returns from George Green; — 5th March.
102. Ditto. Ditto George Lackington; — 16th March. } Very detailed Returns.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Beer Houses, (Licensed Victuallers — Sale of Beer Act) — *continued.*			(D) Excise Convictions for purchase or sale of Spirituous Liquors by Beer Sellers; viz. — In 1836 . . 37 1837 . . 57 1838 . . 24 118
6—11.	Bills, Private. Sess. 1837-8.	Lists for Committees on Private Bills. II. List showing the several Committees for all Places within which the Members for each County, City, or Borough may serve on Committees for Private Bills.	24th Nov. 1837.	The several sessional lists for the several counties, cities, and boroughs of England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland.
362.	Bills, Public. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	The Number of Bills (Public) brought up from the House of Commons during the present Session, distinguishing the months in which the same were brought up.	14th Aug.	Name of the Month. — Number of Bills brought up during the same month. November (from the 15th) . . 1 December . . . . 7 January . . . . 1 February . . . . 6 March . . . . 5 April . . . . 3 May . . . . 11 June . . . . 18 July . . . . 39 August (up to the 13th inclusive) . . 24 Total . . 115
636.	Bones.	An Account of the Quantity of Bones imported into the United Kingdom from Foreign Countries, in the years 1835 and 1836, distinguishing the Quantity from each Country.	26th July.	Declared value of bones of cattle and other animals and of fish (except whale fins) whether burnt or not, or as animal charcoal, imported into the United Kingdom. Countries from which imported — Year 1835. — Year 1836. Russia . . £20,445 — £24,007 Sweden . . . 9,351 — 8,644 Norway . . . 2,190 — 2,551 Denmark . . 18,423 — 23,658

	Years ending 10th of October,					
	1835.		1836.		1837.	
	Licensed by the Excise.	Licensed by the Magistracy.	Licensed by the Excise.	Licensed by the Magistracy.	Licensed by the Excise.	Licensed by the Magistracy.
England . .	3	15	6	108	2	79
Scotland and Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0

184. BEER HOUSES. Return of the Number of Houses licensed to sell Beer by Retail in England and Wales during the year ending 31st of December, 1837 — 6th March.

Number of houses licensed to sell beer by retail: —

To be consumed on the premises . . .	40,102
Not to be consumed on the premises . .	5,292
	45,394

554. ——— (LICENSED VICTUALLERS — SALE OF BEER ACT). Return of the Number of Licences taken out for Beer Houses in 1835, 1836, and 1837 (A); of Licensed Victuallers and Beer Sellers who passed the Insolvent Courts in 1829, 1830, and 1831, and from 1st of June, 1835, to 1st of June, 1838 (B); of Police (C) and Excise Convictions (D) under the new Beer Act in 1836, 1837, and 1838. — 4th July.

(A) Number of licences for beer houses in 1835, 39,654
Ditto ditto 1836, 44,130
Ditto ditto 1837, 45,394

(B)

	Licensed Victuallers.	Beer Sellers.
In year 1829 . . .	361	..
1830 . . .	416	..
1831 . . .	441	..
From 1st of June, 1835 to 1st of June, 1836	293	129
— 1836 — 1837	278	159
— 1837 — 1838	371	224
Total .	2160	512

(C) Police Convictions, under New Beer Act, at the respective Public Offices; namely, —

In Years	Bow Street.	Hatton Garden.	Lambeth Street.	Great Marlborough St.	Marylebone.	Queen Square, Westminster.	Thames Police Office.	Union Hall.	Worship Street.	Guildhall, London.	Town Hall, Southwark.	General Total.
1836 .	3	11	5	1	21	7	1	61	22	5	0	137
1837 .	5	25	19	3	13	6	5	19	17	13	2	127
1838, ending 13th of June.	1	14	23	5	13	17	3	6	12	2	1	97
	9	50	47	9	47	30	9	86	51	20	3	361

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Beer Houses, (Licensed Victuallers — Sale of Beer Act) — *continued.*			(D) Excise Convictions for purchase or sale of Spirituous Liquors by Beer Sellers; viz. — In 1836 . . 37 1837 . . 57 1838 . . 24 118
6—11.	Bills, Private. Sess. 1837-8.	Lists for Committees on Private Bills. II. List showing the several Committees for all Places within which the Members for each County, City, or Borough may serve on Committees for Private Bills.	24th Nov. 1837.	The several sessional lists for the several counties, cities, and boroughs of England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland.
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636.	Bones.	An Account of the Quantity of Bones imported into the United Kingdom from Foreign Countries, in the years 1835 and 1836, distinguishing the Quantity from each Country.	26th July.	Declared value of bones of cattle and other animals and of fish (except whale fins) whether burnt or not, or as animal charcoal, imported into the United Kingdom. Countries from which imported — Year 1835. — Year 1836. Russia . . £20,445 £24,007 Sweden . . 9,351 8,644 Norway . . 2,190 2,551 Denmark . . 18,423 23,658 Prussia . . 27,481 25,857 Germany . . 36,612 39,016 Holland . . 26,962 29,226

Spain	330	1,538
Italy	2,745	6,806
Cape of Good Hope	41	55
East India Company's territories	0	0
New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land	40	61
British North American Colonies	110	718
United States of America	244	190
Brazil	437	127
States of the Rio de la Plata	4,130	4,211
The Whale Fisheries	74	20
Guernsey and Jersey (Foreign)	249	458
Total	£155,279	171,806

N. B. — The duty on bones being charged *ad valorem*, the quantity is not required to be stated in the entries at the Custom House.

BOUNDARY, NORTH AMERICAN. Correspondence relating to the Boundary between the British Possessions in North America and the United States of America, under the Treaty of 1783. Subsequently to the reference to Arbitration of the disputed points of Boundary, under the Convention of the 29th of Septemer, 1827, and the fifth Article of the Treaty of Ghent. With an Appendix. Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by command of her Majesty.

As the question to which these papers refer is, at this moment, one of the most interesting that occupy the public attention; and one, also, upon which the Parliament will have, in the Session of 1839, to express an opinion—(a question described by Lord Palmerston in his despatch to Sir Charles R. Vaughan, our Minister at Washington, of February 25. 1833, to be "of vital consequence to the harmony and good understanding between the two Governments"); and as its importance has been painfully enhanced by the transactions which have occurred within the last twelve months in the Canadas; it seems expedient to trace an outline of the preliminary facts constituting the original transactions out of which the negotiations in question have arisen.

The parties to this boundary dispute are, Great Britain on behalf of her North American frontier, and the United States on behalf more particularly of the State of Maine, dissenting from the boundary fixed in 1783, and again from that laid down by the King of Holland in 1828. "The language of the treaty," says Mr. Preble (Minister of the United States at the Hague), "which has given rise to the contestation between the United States and Great Britain, is, 'And that all disputes which might arise in future on the subject of the boundaries of the said United States may be prevented, it is hereby agreed and declared, that the following are and shall be their boundaries; namely, from the north-west angle of Nova Scotia, namely, that angle which is formed by a line drawn due north from the source of the Saint Croix River to the Highlands, along the said Highlands which divide the rivers that empty themselves into the River Saint Lawrence from those which fall into the Atlantic Ocean, to the north-westernmost head of Connecticut River, thence down along the middle of that river to the 45th degree of north latitude; from thence, by a line due west in said latitude, until it strikes the river Iroquois or Cataraguy; east, by a line to be drawn along the middle of the River Saint Croix from its mouth in the Bay of Fusdy to its source, and

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	BOUNDARY, NORTH AMERICAN—*continued.*			

Hall's, Indian, or Perry's Stream; that Connecticut Lake, and the two lakes situate to the north of the same, appear to give to it a greater volume of water than belongs to the three other rivers; and that by admitting it to be the bed of the Connecticut, that river is prolonged to a greater extent than if the preference were given to either of the other three rivers;—finally, that the map (A) having been recognised in the Convention of 1827, as indicating the course of the waters, the authority of that map appears to extend equally to their names; seeing that, in case of dispute, any name of river or lake, respecting which the parties had not been agreed might have been omitted; that the said map mentions Connecticut Lake; and that the name of Connecticut Lake implies the application of the name Connecticut to the river which passes through the said lake:—We are of opinion, that the rivulet situate farthest to the north-west of those which flow into the most northern of the three lakes, of which the last bears the name of Connecticut Lake, is to be considered as the north-westernmost head of the Connecticut: And with regard to the third point, that is to say, Which is the boundary to be traced from the River Connecticut along the parallel of the 45th degree of north latitude to the River Saint Lawrence, called in the treaties, Iroquois or Cataraguy? Considering, that the high parties concerned differ in opinion upon the question, Whether the treaties require a new survey of the whole line of boundary from the River Connecticut to the River Saint Lawrence, called in the treaties, Iroquois or Cataraguy, or only the completion of the ancient provincial surveys—considering that the fifth article of the Treaty of Ghent of 1814 does not stipulate that such portion of the boundaries as has not been surveyed already shall be surveyed, but declares, that the boundaries have not been surveyed, and determines that they shall be so; that, in fact, that survey, from the Connecticut to the River Saint Lawrence, called in the treaties, Iroquois or Cataraguy, is to be considered as not having taken place between the two powers;—seeing that the ancient survey is found to be inaccurate, and that it had been ordered, not by the two powers by common agreement, but by the ancient provincial authorities; that, in fixing a latitude, it is usual to follow the principle of observed latitude; and that the Government of the United States of America has raised certain fortifications at a spot called Rouse's Point, under the persuasion that the ground formed a portion of their territory, a persuasion sufficiently justified by the line reputed up to that time to correspond with the parallel of the 45th degree of north latitude:—We are of opinion, that it will be proper to proceed to new operations for the measurement of the observed latitude, in order to trace the boundary of the Connecticut River along the parallel of the 45th degree of north latitude, to the River Saint Lawrence, called in the treaties, Iroquois or Cataraguy; in such manner, however, as that in any case, at the spot called Rouse's Point, the territory of the United States of America shall extend to the fort there raised, and shall comprise that fort, and a circle round it of one kilometer radius (*son rayon kilométrique.*)

"Thus done, and given under our royal seal, at the Hague, this tenth day of January, in the year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and thirty-one, and the eighteenth of our reign.

(Signed) "WILLIAM.

"The Minister for Foreign Affairs,

(Signed) "VERSTOLK DE SOELEN."

289. BREAKEY, ROBERT. Copies of all Correspondence which has taken place respecting the case of Robert Breakey; also, Copies of all Resolutions of the Governors of the Belfast Lunatic Asylum, touching that Case. 11th April.

BRITISH AUXILIARY LEGION.

(A). Papers relative to the services rendered by the British Auxiliary Legion in Spain, or to the Spanish army. — 1836, 1837.
(Presented to the House of Commons, by the Queen's command, March, 1838: in pursuance of their Address to her Majesty of the 13th of March, 1838.)
(B). Papers relative to the Claim of the British Auxiliary Legion upon the Spanish Government.—June and July, 1838.
(Presented to the House of Lords, by the Queen's command, August, 1838, in pursuance of their Lordships' Address to her Majesty, of the 27th of July, 1838.)

(A). Eighteen pieces, — consisting of Despatches from George Villiers, Esq. to Viscount Palmerston; one complimentary sentence, relative to "the Legion," extracted from a Speech of the Queen Regent of Spain. Despatches from Colonel Wylde, and M. Arguilar, Viscount Palmerston, from M. Berdazi, and M. Mendizabel, to Sir Geo. Villiers, and from M. Calotrevato, the Spanish Minister in London; and a Royal Decree, dated "Madrid, June 13. 1837," in which the Queen Mother, Christina, in the name of the reigning Queen, Donna Isabel II., declares, "That the Gallant General De Lacy Evans, and the other generals, chiefs, officers, and men, Spanish as well as of the British Legion, who contributed to the storming and taking of the town and fort of Irun, on 17th May last, have most completely fulfilled my expectations." Then follows the grant of medals of distinction to officers and soldiers; to the former, of gold, to the latter, of silver. The most gratifying paper in the series is the Report, addressed to Don Carlos, by D. Francisco Larrode, and D. Jose Antoneo Sorva, two of his officers, — captured, with their forces, by the British Auxiliary Legion, at the storming of Irun, — in which they bear an honourable and earnest testimony to the clemency and generosity of their conquerors. (B). Two pieces; the first, with nine several inclosures, comprising a correspondence transmitted to the Hon. W. Fox Strangways, between various officers of the Legion, Sir D. L. Evans, the Chevalier Aguilar, M. Ximenes, J. Backhouse, Esq., J. Bradburn, and Mr. Deputy Commissary General Black,' on the subject of the unsatisfied claims of the Legion; and the second, a communication from Lord Palmerston, through Mr. Fox Strangways, to Deputy Commissary General Black.

290. BRITISH MUSEUM. An Account of the Income and Expenditure of the British Museum, for the year 1837; of the estimated Charges and Expenses for the year ending 25th day of March, 1839; and of the Sums necessary to discharge the same; and also an Account of the Number of Persons admitted to visit the Museum, from Christmas, 1831, to Christmas, 1837.

1. General Account of all Receipts, from Christmas, 1836, to Christmas, 1837 (including three instalments of a grant of 29,400*l.*) £29,292
2. Estimated Expenditure from Christmas, ... 29,495

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	British Museum — *continued.*	3. Account of Bridgewater Fund		Produce 437*l.*, expenditure £437
		4. Account of funds of the year ending Lady-day, 1839		2027
		5. Amount of grant, for service of year ending Lady-day, 1839		27,469
		6. Account of the expenditure of special parliamentary grants received during the year to Christmas, 1837		2774*
		7. Return of the number of persons admitted to visit the British Museum, from Christmas, 1831, to Christmas 1837.		
		From Christmas, 1831, to Christmas, 1832		147,896 persons
		Ditto, 1832, Ditto, 1833		210,495
		Ditto, 1833, Ditto, 1834		237,366
		Ditto, 1834, Ditto, 1835		289,104
		Ditto, 1835, Ditto, 1836		383,147
		Ditto, 1836, Ditto, 1837		321,151
		* Paid representatives of Messrs. Sotheby, for Egyptian Antiquities, purchased in 1836 £63 For Mr. Broderip's Collection of Shells 1575 For the purchase of Antique Vases 1136 2774		
545.	———	Report from the Select Committee on the British Museum, with the Minutes of Evidence, and an Appendix.	30th June.	The Report concludes in the following terms: "It is the opinion of your Committee, that the combined considerations of public economy and public convenience strongly enforce the expediency of authorising contracts, and making provision, without delay, for the completion of the buildings mentioned in the Report of Sir Robert Smirke, of which the following is the general summary:—

	£
The north-west building, for the print room, library, &c. &c., estimated at 19,000*l.*, and since enlarged by direction of the trustees	20,500
The south front building, extending between the wings, with the portico, colonnade, &c., including all distinguished by the red tint in the accompanying plan (a coloured plan annexed to Report)	82,000
The south-west building, and the colonnade adjoining it, and all that part coloured light blue on the plan.	60,000
The gallery at the western extremity of the south front, coloured green in plan	10,000
Arrangements proposed in the upper floor of east wing, for the reception of the zoological and botanical collections	3,000
The officers' houses, with the secretary's offices, and buildings connecting them with the Museum	36,000
Probable expense of the iron palisading along the south and east fronts, entrance lodge, dwellings for the attendant and others, guard-house, forming and paving the front quadrangle, &c. &c.	15,000

To this sum of 250,000*l.*, there must be added the sum which will be required for ... houses, ten in number, and the site they occupy, which are the property of his Grace the Duke of Bedford. The plans of Sir Robert Smirke are framed, in some of these details, upon the assumption that the buildings and site above mentioned, together with any interests in existing leases, can be purchased for a sum not exceeding their fair value.

See "Fossil Remains."

119. **Buildings, Public.** Copy of any Correspondence which has taken place between the Secretary of the Home Department, and the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, and any Public Officer, on the Subject of the presentation of the Petition, last Session, praying that Facilities might be granted to the People for free Admittance to Public National Buildings, Museums, and Works of Art. 6th February. This correspondence passed between the Home Secretary (Lord John Russell), Mr. Under Secretary Maule, his Grace the Duke of Wellington, the Bishop of Llandaff, the Very Reverend Sydney Smith, Dr. Ireland, &c. &c. The functionaries and authorities communicated with and consulted, were those of St. Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey, Tower of London, Depository of the Regalia of Scotland, Museum of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, and Royal Museum of Natural History of Edinburgh.

54. **Caledonian Canal.** Thirty-second Report of the Commissioners for making and maintaining the Caledonian Canal. 19th Dec. 1837. The usual annual account of receipts and expenditure.

459. ——— Thirty-third Report of ditto, ditto. 8th June, 1838.

551. ——— Copy of Mr. Walker's Report on the Caledonian Canal. 4th July. This Report, after noticing the existing deficiencies and dilapidations of this great work, the past expenses of constructing and maintaining it, and the inadequate revenues hitherto realised upon it, expresses an opinion favourable to its future success, from the increased facilities for traction, and the transport of goods and passengers by means of tug and other steam vessels. Mr. Walker suggests, in detail, the new works and the various repairs necessary to be effected, and estimates the expenses at between 150,000*l.* and 200,000*l.* The appendix comprises some documents, among which the letters of Messieurs Garry and Curtis, and Mr. John Pirie, of the city of London, and especially of Mr. John Gladston, of Liverpool, appear to be those of the most practical importance.

Camoys Peerage. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) Minutes of Evidence taken before the House of Lords on the Camoys Claim of Peerage.

Minutes 1. to 9. *et seq.* Upon this claim there appeared, for the several claimants of the Barony of Camoys respectively, the following counsel: —

Sir William Follett, on behalf of Thomas Storer, Esq.
The Solicitor General, —— Henry L'Estrange Styleman, Esq.
Sir Harris Nicholas, —— Sir Jacob Astley, Bart.
Mr. Tennant, —— Madame Sophia Della Cainea.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
181.	CANADA (CORRESPONDENCE).	Copies of all Letters between Mr. Hume, Mr. Roebuck, and any Member of this House, with Mons. Papineau, Mr. M'Kenzie, Dr. Duncombe, and any other individuals who have held public Situations in the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, which have been seized in those Provinces, or otherwise come into the Possession of Government.	2d March.	Return "Nil."
623.	——— (ESTIMATE).	An Estimate of the Sum that will probably be required to defray the Expenses, beyond the ordinary Grants, for the Year 1837-8, and 1838-9, for Army and Ordnance Services, occasioned by the Insurrection in Upper and Lower Canada.	25th July.	"Five hundred thousand pounds."
516.	——— (HEAD, SIR F.).	Copy of an explanatory Memorandum, addressed by Sir Francis Head to Lord Glenelg, dated 21st of May last.	18th June.	Five answers, in some detail, to as many questions, the statement of which is thus prefaced:—"MEMORANDUM." Sir Francis Head "having received from his friends a list of the questions which, previous to his arrival in England, appear to have been raised against the measures by which he repressed the rebellion in Upper Canada, requests permission to leave on record, at the Colonial Office, the following explanations."
(*See* the other Canada Papers).				
	CANADA, LOWER	Schedule of the Correspondence relative to the Affairs of Lower Canada (presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command, on the 23d of December, 1837, and the 16th of January, 1838, being Parliamentary Papers, Nos. 72. and 80.).		Schedule of sixty-four pieces (despatches, &c.).
42.	——— (CIVIL GOVERNMENT, &c.).	Statement of the Expenses of the Civil Government and Administration of Justice in Lower Canada, for four Years, from 1832 to 1835, inclusive; as, also, of the Sums which would have been at the disposal of the Government if the Revenues of the 14th of Geo. III. c. 88. had not been given up. (House of Lords, Pr. P.)	2d Feb.	Expenses of the Civil Government and Administration of Justice in Lower Canada.

	1832.			1833.			1834.			1835.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Expenditure for the Support of the Civil Government and the Administration of Justice	37,625	13	4	*14.058	14	8	*11.042	19	1	*2013	13	9

	1832.			1833.			1834.			1835.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Duties and Licences under Imperial Act, 14 Geo. III. c. 88.	33,531	1	2	34,317	18	6	24,106	1	11	31,115	3	7

111. ——— (Clergy). Return of Names and Rank of Persons in Holy Orders in Canada, who received Salaries in 1832, granted to them by Government previously to the Appropriation Act in 1832, and of those who received Salaries in the course of the last Year, specifying the Amount of Salaries granted to any Person in Holy Orders, as such, by any permanent Act of the Provincial Legislature, so far as the same is known. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) — 23d March.

142. ——— (Clergy Reserves). Account of total Amount of Proceeds of the Clergy Reserves, sold in Upper and Lower Canada, and at present invested in the Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) — 4th May.

Upper Canada.

£79,920 15s. 10d. producing an annual interest of £2397 12s. 6d.

Lower Canada.

£31,085 3s. 7d. producing an annual interest of £932 11s. 1d.

29. Canada, Lower (Affairs of). Copies or Extracts of Correspondence relative to the Affairs of Lower Canada (presented by her Majesty's command). (House of Lords' Pr. P. No. 72. of Commons' Pr. P.) — 23rd Dec. 1837.

51 Papers (Nos. 1. to 51.). Copies of despatches, interchanged between Lord Glenelg, her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, and the Earl of Gosford, Captain General and Governor in Chief of Canada, with various inclosures (such as Resolutions of the House of Assembly of the Lower Province, &c.), ranging, in date, from the 11th of March to the 22d of November, 1837. (114 pages.)

80. ——— Copies or Extracts, ditto ditto, — 16th Jan.

Lower Canada (Nova Scotia).
Upper Canada (New Brunswick).

(Presented by command. In continuation of Paper No. 72. of 1837.) (See No. 29., above).

13 additional Papers (Nos. 52. to 64.). Despatches to and from (Lower Canada) Lord Glenelg and Lord Fitzroy Somerset, and the Earl of Gosford and General Sir John Colborne, with inclosures (Upper Canada); 3 despatches from Sir F. B. Head to Lord Glenelg (Nova Scotia); Despatch from Major General Sir Colin Campbell to Lord Glenelg; with 2 inclosures (New Brunswick); Extracts of despatches from Major General Sir J. Hervey, K. C. B., to Lord Glenelg (25 October, 1837, to 6th January, 1838.) 27 pages.)

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
181.	CANADA (CORRESPONDENCE).	Copies of all Letters between Mr. Hume, Mr. Roebuck, and any Member of this House, with Mons. Papineau, Mr. M'Kenzie, Dr. Duncombe, and any other individuals who have held public Situations in the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, which have been seized in those Provinces, or otherwise come into the Possession of Government.	2d March.	Return "Nil."
623.	——— (ESTIMATE).	An Estimate of the Sum that will probably be required to defray the Expenses, beyond the ordinary Grants, for the Year 1837-8, and 1838-9, for Army and Ordnance Services, occasioned by the Insurrection in Upper and Lower Canada.	25th July.	"Five hundred thousand pounds."
516.	——— (HEAD, SIR F.).	Copy of an explanatory Memorandum, addressed by Sir Francis Head to Lord Glenelg, dated 21st of May last.	18th June.	Five answers, in some detail, to as many questions, the statement of which is thus prefaced:—"MEMORANDUM." Sir Francis Head "having received from his friends a list of the questions which, previous to his arrival in England, appear to have been raised against the measures by which he repressed the rebellion in Upper Canada, requests permission to leave on record, at the Colonial Office, the following explanations."
(*See* the other Canada Papers).				
	CANADA, LOWER	Schedule of the Correspondence relative to the Affairs of Lower Canada (presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command, on the 23d of December, 1837, and the 16th of January, 1838, being Parliamentary Papers, Nos. 72. and 80.).		Schedule of sixty-four pieces (despatches, &c.).
42.	——— (CIVIL GOVERNMENT, &c.).	Statement of the Expenses of the Civil Government and Administration of Justice in Lower Canada, for four Years, from 1832 to 1835, inclusive; as, also, of the Sums which would have been at the disposal of the Government if the Revenues of the 14th of Geo. III. c. 88. had not been given up. (House of Lords, Pr. P.)	2d Feb.	Expenses of the Civil Government and Administration of Justice in Lower Canada.

	1832.			1833.			1834.			1835.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Expenditure for the Support of the Civil Government and the Administration of Justice	57,025	13	4	*14,058	14	8	*11.042	19	1	*2013	13	9

	1832.			1833.			1834.			1835.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Duties and Licences under Imperial Act, 14 Geo. III. c. 88.	33,531	1	2	34,317	18	6	24,106	1	11	31,115	3	7

111.	——— (Clergy).	Return of Names and Rank of Persons in Holy Orders in Canada, who received Salaries in 1832, granted to them by Government previously to the Appropriation Act in 1832, and of those who received Salaries in the course of the last Year, specifying the Amount of Salaries granted to any Person in Holy Orders, as such, by any permanent Act of the Provincial Legislature, so far as the same is known. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	23d March.	
142.	——— (Clergy Reserves).	Account of total Amount of Proceeds of the Clergy Reserves, sold in Upper and Lower Canada, and at present invested in the Three per Cent. Consolidated Annuities. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	4th May.	Upper Canada. £79,920 15s. 10d. producing an annual interest of £2397 12s. 6d. Lower Canada. £31,085 3s. 7d. producing an annual interest of £932 11s. 1d.
29.	Canada, Lower (Affairs of).	Copies or Extracts of Correspondence relative to the Affairs of Lower Canada (presented by her Majesty's command). (House of Lords' Pr. P. No. 72. of Commons' Pr. P.)	23rd Dec. 1837.	51 Papers (Nos. 1. to 51.). Copies of despatches, interchanged between Lord Glenelg, her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, and the Earl of Gosford, Captain General and Governor in Chief of Canada, with various inclosures (such as Resolutions of the House of Assembly of the Lower Province, &c.), ranging, in date, from the 11th of March to the 22d of November, 1837. (114 pages.)
80.	———	Copies or Extracts, ditto ditto, — Lower Canada (Nova Scotia). Upper Canada (New Brunswick). (Presented by command. In continuation of Paper No. 72. of 1837.) (See No. 29., above).	16th Jan.	13 additional Papers (Nos. 52. to 64.). Despatches to and from (Lower Canada) Lord Glenelg and Lord Fitzroy Somerset, and the Earl of Gosford and General Sir John Colborne, with inclosures (Upper Canada); 3 despatches from Sir F. B. Head to Lord Glenelg (Nova Scotia); Despatch from Major General Sir Colin Campbell to Lord Glenelg; with 2 inclosures (New Brunswick); Extracts of despatches from Major General Sir J. Hervey, K. C. B., to Lord Glenelg (25 October, 1837, to 6th January, 1838.) 27 pages.)

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
46.	CANADA, LOWER (AFFAIRS OF)—*continued.*	Further Copies or Extracts, ditto ditto. In continuation of Papers presented to Parliament on the 23d of December, 1837, No. 29., &c.; and 16th and 21st January, 1838, Nos. 32. and 33. Presented by command. (House of Lords' Pr. P. No. 100. of Commons' Pr. P.).	2d Feb. 1838.	4 Papers, — 3 in continuation of above correspondence; the first and second of these, from the Earl of Gosford to Lord Glenelg, dated respectively the 23d and 28th of December, 1837, detailing the further operations of the rebels, and of her Majesty's troops, the latter under command of Colonel Gore; the third is a despatch from Lieutenant General Sir John Colborne, G.C.B., to Major General Lord Fitzroy Somerset, K.C.B., dated "Head Quarters, Montreal, 2d January, 1838." No. 4. is a despatch from Lieutenant Governor Sir F. B. Head, Bart., to Lord Glenelg, dated Toronto, 28th December, 1837. (16 pages.)
86.	———	Extract of a Despatch from Lord Glenelg to the Earl of Durham, G.C.B., dated Downing Street, 20th January, 1838. Presented by command.	23d Jan.	
99.	———	Further Copies or Extracts, ditto ditto. In continuation of Papers presented to Parliament, 23d December, 1837, No. 72.; and 16th January, 1838, No. 80. (Presented by command).	29th Jan.	No. 1. Extract of a despatch from Lieutenant Governor Sir F. B. Head, Bart., to Lord Glenelg, dated Toronto, 19th December, 1837 (ten inclosures). No. 2. Extract of a despatch from Lieutenant General Sir J. Colborne to Major General Lord Fitzroy Somerset, "Montreal, 22d December, 1837 (3 inclosures). (14 pages.)
634.	——— DURHAM, THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF.	A Return of all Appointments made by the Earl of Durham since his Arrival in Canada; the Dates of the Appointments, and the Names of Persons holding such Appointments; and the Salaries attached to each.	20th July.	*Extract from the Quebec Gazette*, 29th May, 1838. His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments: —

To be Secretaries to the General Government: — Charles Buller, Esquire, Member of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland; and Thomas Edward Michell Turton, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law.
To be Military Secretary and Principal Aide-de-Camp: — Colonel George Couper, K.H.
To be *attachés* to the High Commission: — Gervase Parker Bushe, Esquire, Arthur Buller, Esq., and the Honourable Edward Pleydell Bouverie.
To be Aides-de-Camp to the Governor General: — Lieutenant the Honourable Frederick Villiers, Coldstream Guards; Captain Stephen Conroy, Coldstream Guards; Ensign W. H. Frederick Cavendish, H. M. 52d Regiment Light Infantry; Cornet the Honourable C. A. Dillon, H. M. 7th Dragoon Guards.
To be extra Aide-de-Camp: — Captain Ponsonby, Royal Fusileer Regiment.
To be Private Secretary to the Governor General: — Edward Ellice, junior, Esquire, Member of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland.

Extract from the Quebec Gazette, 2d June, 1838.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to make the ...
To be attached to the High Commission: — Lieutenant Colonel the Honourable Charles Grey, 11. M. ... Regiment Light Infantry.
To be Inspector General of Hospitals, and of all Medical, Charitable, and Literary Institutions, in the Province of Lower Canada: — Sir John Dorratt, Knight, M.D.

313.		Return of the Appointments made by the Earl of Durham since his Arrival in Canada, and the Names of the Persons holding those Appointments.	30th July.	*Extract from the Quebec Gazette*, 28th July, 1838. His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint, — Sir Charles Paget, G.C.H., Vice Admiral of the White; Major General Sir James Macdonell, K.C.B. and K.C.H.; Lieutenant Colonel the Honourable Charles Grey; the Honourable Colonel George Couper, and the Honourable Charles Buller, to be members of the Special Council.
325.	———	Copies of all Appointments made by the Earl of Durham or the Special Council of Lower Canada, and Copies of all Ordinances passed in such Special Council, together with the Dates of the same, respectively; of any Proclamation issued by the Earl of Durham on the 28th of June last, and of all Minutes of the Proceedings of the Special Council of Lower Canada on the 28th of June last. House of Lords, Pr. P.	2d August.	Extract of a Despatch from the Earl of Durham to Lord Glenelg, dated Castle of St. Lewis, Quebec, 29th June, 1838. Ordinance (Anno 2d Vict. Reg.) passed in the Special Council. Cap. I. An Ordinance to provide for the security of the Province of Lower Canada. Cap. II. An Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of Police in the cities of Quebec and Montreal. Proclamation issued by the Earl of Durham on the 28th June, 1838 (shortly after assuming his government).
250.	——— (Commissions of).	Copy of Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, appointing the Earl of Durham High Commissioner and Governor General of all her Majesty's Provinces on the Continent of North America, and of the Islands of Prince Edward and Newfoundland. House of Lords' Pr. P.	9th July.	Dated 31st March, 1838.
256.	———	Ditto ditto ditto. House of Lords' Pr. P.	10th July.	Copies of the five several Commissions referred to in the preceding Paper; namely, — 1. Lower Canada. Copy of a Commission under Great Seal of the United Kingdom, appointing the Earl of Durham Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Province of Lower Canada, dated — 30th March, 1838. 2. Upper Canada ditto ditto same date. 3. Nova Scotia ditto ditto 6th February, 1838. 4. New Brunswick ditto ditto 30th March, 1838. 5. Prince Edward's Island ditto 6th February, 1838.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
252.	CANADA (ESTABLISHMENT).	Copy of Correspondence relating to the Establishment of the Earl of Durham, as Governor General of British North America, and her Majesty's High Commissioner (Presented by her Majesty's command.)	28th March.	Cleveland Row, March 10. 1838. Sir, In accordance with your request, I inclose you a memorandum of my proposed establishment, as far as I am at present enabled to judge of the assistance which I shall require for the due execution of the duties assigned to me as Governor General of British North America, and her Majesty's High Commissioner, I am, &c. Sir George Grey, Bart. &c. &c. &c. (Signed) DURHAM. Memorandum of the Salaries required for the Establishment of the Earl of Durham, as Governor General of British North America, and her Majesty's High Commissioner, &c. £ Governor General Chief Secretary . . 1500 Military ditto . . 700 Two Assistant Secretaries (Clerks) . . 600 Legal Adviser . . 1500 Private Secretary to the Governor General (Signed) DURHAM.
249.	INSTRUCTIONS.	An Instruction under the Royal Signet and Sign Manual authorising the Governor of Lower Canada to constitute a Special Council. House of Lords' Pr. P.	9th July.	The following is the heading of this Paper: — VICTORIA R. Additional Instructions to our right trusty and right well-beloved Cousin and Councillor John George Earl of Durham, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, our Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over our Province of Lower Canada; or, in his Absence, to our Lieutenant Governor or the Officer administering the Government of our said Province for the Time being. Given at our Court at Windsor, this 13th Day of April, 1838, in the First Year of our Reign.
605.	(DITTO).	Instructions to Lord Durham for the constitution of a Special Council.	19th July.	These Papers are: — 1. Copy of Instructions to Lord Durham for the constitution of Special Council. 2. Lord Durham's Proclamation, dissolving Special Council. 3. Lord Durham's Letter to the Members of the Executive Council, dispensing with their attendance. 4.* Appointments made by Lord Durham of the Executive Council and the Special Council. * *Extract from the Quebec Gazette*, dated 2d June, 1838. His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to summon to the Executive Council the following gentlemen: — The Secretaries of the General Government (namely, Charles Buller, Esq., M.P., Chief Secretary; T. E. M. Turton, Esq., Secretary); Colonel George Couper, K.H. Military Secretary; the Provincial Secretary; the Commissary General. His Excellency has been pleased to appoint the Chief Justice of Bermuda to the Special Council at the date of his last despatches.

(GOSFORD, THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF).

and Establishment of Lord [illegible], as Governor General and Commissioner in Canada; distinguishing the Salary and Emolument accruing to each Individual for one Year, to the latest Period for which the same can be rendered.

Gosford . . .			
Secretary to Commission, T. F. Elliot, Esq. . . .	1500	0	0
Clerk to ditto . . .	150	0	0
Messenger, housekeeper, rent of office, travelling expenses of Commissioners, and other contingencies	632	7	0
			10,992 12 3
Governor General, the Earl of Gosford . . .	0	0	0
Civil Secretary to ditto - Salary . £500, Fees . 440	940	0	0
Assistant ditto . . .	200	0	0
1st Clerk	182	10	0
2d ditto	91	5	0
3d ditto	91	5	0
Translator to Government . .	50	0	0
Office-keeper . . .	45	0	0
2 Messengers . . .	86	1	3
			1686 1 3
		£.	12,678 13 6

The above Return is from 18th February, 1836, to 18th February, 1837, at which time the Commission closed.

251. ——— (MANDAMUS).

Copy of Form of Mandamus by which Members of the Executive Council in Lower Canada have usually been appointed. House of Lords' Pr. P. — 9th July.

41. ——— (POPULATION).

Returns of the Population of Lower Canada and of the six United Counties of Saint Hyacinthe, Richelieu, Rouville, Vercheres, Chambly, and L'Acadie; of the City and County of Montreal, and of the Counties of Two Mountains and Terrebonne. — 2d Feb.

No. 1.

Return of the Population of Lower Canada.

Census and Statistical Returns of the Province, 1831.					
	Montreal.	Quebec.	Three Rivers	Gaspé.	Total.
Total Number of Persons in 1831 .	290,050	151,985	56,570	13,312	511,917

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	CANADA, POPULATION — *continued.*			No. 2. Return of the Population of the Six United Counties (as per Margin.) Counties. — Total Number of Persons in each County. Saint Hyacinthe . . . . . 15,366 Richelieu . . . . . 16,149 Rouville . . . . . 18,115 Vercheres . . . . . 12,319 Chambly . . . . . 15,483 L'Acadie . . . . . 11,419 City and County of Montreal . . . 43,773 Two Mountains . . . . . 20,905 Terrebonne . . . . . 16,623 Total . 170,152
255.	CARNATIC AND TANJORE COMMISSIONS.	An Account of Claims, and the Amount of the same in English Money made upon (I. III.), and of the Sums awarded by (II. IV.), the Carnatic and Tanjore Commissioners, since the 14th day of July, 1836, stating the several Items of the last complete Year's Expenditure, and the Names of the Persons receiving the same (V.); also the Amount of annual Expenses attending the Commission in England since the 14th day of July, 1836 (VI.); together with Copies of the Correspondence which has taken place between the Court of Directors and the Board of Control respecting the termination of the said Commission (VII.) [See *Parliamentary Papers*, No. 478. of 1836]; together with Copies of Correspondence between the Tanjore Commissioners and the Court of Directors of the East India Company, in relation to the Termination of the said Commission, and to the Settlement of the petty Claims under the same since the 14th of July, 1836 (VIII.); and also Copies or Extracts of Correspondence between the Tanjore Commissioners in England, and those at Madras, on the same Subject (IX.).	30th March	I. Nil. II. Nil. (N.B. All the claims made upon the Carnatic Commissioners were finally adjudicated by them before the said date, being as follows): — £ Claims made in English money . 30,404,919 Awarded in favour of parties . . 2,686,149 Awarded against parties . . 27,718,770 III. Nil. Star Pagodas. — £ IV. Against the claimants . . 13,766 — 5,506 In favour of the claimants . . 31,607 — 12,643 Agregate awarded . . . 45,373 — 18,149 Total amount claimed, exclusive of demands for unspecified amount of pay due to native servants and troops, was, in English money . . . 1,612,595 Remaining to be adjudicated . . 234.119

In respect of the establishment in England, the following is the return: —

Three Commissioners, from the 1st of January to the 31st of December, 1837, — Thomas Cockburn, Esq.; Sir Robert H. Inglis, Bart.; John Hinde Ravenshaw, Esq.; at 1500*l.* per annum

	£	s.
George Parkhouse, Esq., Secretary	4,500	0
Robert Playfair, Esq., Ass. Sec.	900	0
Mr. C. K. Stockdale, First Clerk	600	0
Mr. T. Harrison, Second Clerk	300	0
Messenger and Porter	280	0
House-rent and Taxes	201	0
Repairs	174	0
Contingencies,—stationery, coals, &c., and incidentals	79	0
	319	0
	7,353	0
The late Col. Michael, translator of Mahratta papers	757	10

VI. Annual expenses of Commission in England since the 14th of July, 1336: —

	£
Expenses of ditto, including above sum of 7353*l.*, from 1st of July, 1836, to 31st of December, 1837, being one year and a half	11,011
On account of Lieut.-Col. Michael, including above sum of 757*l.* 10*s.*, and a sum still payable to his legal representatives	1,124

VII. This correspondence has been already furnished by East India House.

VIII. A long and various correspondence between the Tanjore Commissioners and the Court of Directors of the East India Company.

IX. Correspondence between the Tanjore Commissioners in London and those at Madras.

188. CARTER, JOSEPH. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

The Depositions in the Case of an Inquest held on the Body of Joseph Carter, and the Verdict of the Jury thereupon.

7th June.

Information of witnesses dated 28th of March, 1837, taken at Guildhall of Bridgewater, before J. Everard Poole, Esq., coroner for the said borough, touching the death of Carter, aged 37 years, found lying dead.

VERDICT. — The Jurors do on their oaths say, that on the 11th day of March, 1837, the said Joseph Carter, in the year aforesaid, in the parish of Taunton, had been labouring under a disease of the body, namely, chronic inflammation of the liver; and that on the 26th day of March, in the year aforesaid, and in the borough aforesaid, he the said Joseph Carter departed this life by the visitation of God in a natural way, which the Jury consider was accelerated by the culpable neglect of the overseers and governor of the workhouse at Taunton, in not attending to the directions of the medical officer.

See "POOR LAWS."

379. CHANCERY, COURT OF.

Amount of the Sums of Money paid into the Bank of England, and placed to the Credit of the Suitors' Fee Fund.

7th May.

	£	
Sums paid into Bank to credit of Accountant General of Court of Chancery, and to credit of Suitors' Fee Fund account (27th of February, 1837, to 27th of February, 1838)		51,712
Sums paid out of said fund for salaries and compensations (same period); viz. —		
Salaries	£31,900	
Compensations	14,360	
		46,260

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
437.	Chaplains, House of Commons.	A Return of the Names of Chaplains since the Year 1700; and of Dates of Addresses to the Throne for their Preferment.	29th May.	A Return of 47 chaplains to this House, of whom 7 were, upon Address, &c., preferred, respectively, to be Canons of Christ Church; 8 to be Canons of Windsor; 14 to be Prebends of Westminster; 8 to be Prebends of Canterbury; 1 to be Dean of Rochester; and 1 to be Master of Trinity College, Cambridge; 1 died during his chaplaincy; and the last three gentlemen who have held the office, the Reverend Messrs. Lockwood, Repton, and Frere, had not, at the date of the Return, received any preferment at all.
	Charities.	Report of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament made and passed in Fifth and Sixth Years of King William IV. c. 71., intituled, "An Act for appointing Commissioners to continue the Inquiries concerning Charities in England and Wales, until the First Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)	4th Feb. 1837.	This Report embraces the following charities; namely, in England, — Town of Cambridge . . 134 in number. County of Cambridge . . 574 — City of Chester . . 129 — County Palatine of Chester . 857 — County of Cumberland . . 3 — County Palatine of Durham . 11 — County Palatine of Lancaster . 1 — County of Northampton . . 14 — County of Northumberland . . 6 — County of Southampton . . 8 — County of Surrey . . . 14 — County of Westmorland . . 4 —
	————	No. 32. Part 1. Report of the Commissioners appointed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament made and passed in Fifth and Sixth Years of King William IV. c. 71., intituled, "An Act for appointing Commissioners to continue the Inquiries concerning Charities in England and Wales until the First Day of March, One thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)	30th June, 1837.	This Report embraces the following charities; viz., in England, — County of Berks . . 949 in number. County of Cornwall . . 315 — County of Essex . . 928 —
	Charities.	No. 32. Part 2.		This Report embraces the following charities; viz., — City of Hereford . . 118 in number. County of Hereford . . 788 — City of London, within the walls . 103 — City of London . . 150 — County of Middlesex . . 250 — County of Bedford . . 2 — County of Derby . . 8 — County of Devon . . 6 —

County of Worcester	8	—
County of York	12	—
General Charities	10	—
	4	—

This Report embraces the following charities; viz., in North Wales: —

County of Denbigh	391	in number.
County of Flint	197	—
County of Montgomery	262	—
South Wales.		
County of Brecon	143	—
County of Glamorgan	189	—
County of Radnor	126	—
General charities in North and South Wales	4	—

543. CHELSEA HOSPITAL. Account of unclaimed Army Prize Money, from the 18th of January, 1809, to 31st of December, 1837. 26th June.

Account of unclaimed army prize money (formerly made by the deputy treasurer of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea), from the 18th of January, 1809, to the 31st of December, 1836, directed to be annually laid before the Houses of Parliament by the Act 2 Will. IV. c. 53.

Dr.	£	s.	d.
To cash arising from forfeited and unclaimed shares of prize money, grants, &c.	1,027,895	16	7
To cash arising from the dividends or interest of moneys invested in the public funds, or other government securities	197,278	15	4
	1,225,174	11	11

Cr.			
By cash refunded to claimants	613,273	10	11½
By expense in executing Acts, from 18th of January, 1809, to 31st of December, 1836	58,308	8	7½
By sums paid for the Royal Hospital, in diminution of the annual vote	553,752	6	6½
By moneys invested in the public securities, as under	4,840	5	9½
	1,225,174	11	11
Memorandum. — There is now in the Three per Cent. Consols	100,000	0	0
—— in the Bank of England	1,763	6	4½

Account of unclaimed army prize money (formerly made by the deputy treasurer of the Royal Hospital

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	CHELSEA HOSPITAL—*continued.*			at Chelsea), from the 18th of January, 1809, to the 31st of December, 1837, directed to be annually laid before the Houses of Parliament by the Act 2 Will. IV. c. 53.

Dr.	£	s.	d.
To cash arising from forfeited and unclaimed shares of prize money, grants, &c.	1,051,651	11	5
To cash arising from the dividends or interest of moneys invested in the public funds, or other government securities	200,278	15	4
	1,251,930	6	9

Cr.	£	s.	d.
By cash refunded to claimants	638,525	15	7½
By expense in executing Acts, from 18th of January, 1809, to 31st of December, 1837	54,157	17	11½
By sums paid for the Royal Hospital, in diminution of the annual vote	553,752	6	6½
By moneys invested in the public securities, as under	5,494	6	7½
	1,251,930	6	9
Memorandum. — There is in the Three per Cent. Consols	100,000	0	0
—— in the Bank of England	2,417	7	2½

	CHINA.	Papers relative to the establishment of a Court of Judicature in China, for the purpose of enabling the British Superintendents of Trade to exercise a Control over the Proceedings of British Subjects, in their Intercourse with each other and with the Chinese. (Presented to the House of Commons by command of her Majesty, 1838.)	1838.	A correspondence, consisting of ten papers, with inclosures, consisting of letters from Sir George Robinson to the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, dated from Macao, between July 1. 1835, and October 12. 1836, and from on board H. M. cutter Louisa, dated Lintin, December 1. 1835, and January 29. 1836. Letters (inclosures) from the Hong merchant Yun Wo, or Punhoyqua, to Sir George Robinson, complaining of the conduct of a Parsee merchant, Hormusjee, indebted to him in 6400 dollars; Sir George's answer thereto, and letter to the Parsee's surety, Dadabhoy Rustanjee, Esq.; and four letters from Captain Elliot, Superintendent of the Company's Factory, dated Canton, June, 1836, September, 1837, to Viscount Palmerston, with a memorandum of suggestions, concerning the establishment of regulations for the government of her Majesty's subjects in China.
325.	CHURCH BUILDING MATERIALS.	A Return of the Amount of all Drawbacks allowed on Building Materials used in the Erection of Places of Public Worship in Great Britain, from the 5th of April, 1817, to the 5th of April, 1837, specifying the Amount of Allowance made for each Edifice.	26th April.	A list of 599 churches or chapels, built, rebuilt, or enlarged. Total of drawbacks allowed on materials, 170,561*l.* 18*s.* 5*d.*
		Report from the Select Committee on Church Leases, with	17th July.	The Appendix contains an "Account of Leases held under

Weardale, &c.	Darlington Ward.

The Report is as follows: — "Your committee called for the detailed information respecting the ecclesiastical property in the diocese of Durham; as, also, in the dioceses of Gloucester, Ely, and Lincoln, upon which the calculations of Mr. Finlayson have been founded; and your committee is of opinion that it is expedient that steps should be taken, during the recess, to procure similar information in respect to the ecclesiastical property referred to them, not comprehended in the first resolution."

619.	Churches, New.	Eighteenth Annual Report of her Majesty's Commissioners for building New Churches.	23d July, 1838.	The commissioners report that (including the 5 new churches completed since their last Report; viz., in Pemberton Row, in the parish of St. Bride, city of London; at Newbridge, in parish of Wodeley, county of Hereford; Montpelier Road, in parish of Brighton (Sussex); Shaw Whitley, parish of Melksham, in the county of Wilts), "in the whole, 225 churches and chapels have now been completed, and therein provision has been made for 297,912 persons, including 164,495 free seats for the use of the poor; that other 18 new churches are now in the course of building in as many other places, and 9 other churches, in 9 different localities, have been approved of as proper to be built; that plans for other 8 new churches are under their consideration." Report dated the 1st of July, 1838. Total of Exchequer bills issued to this date, 1,500,000*l.*
547.	———	An Account of Charges and Expenses paid by her Majesty's Commissioners for building new Churches, from the 25th of March, 1837, to the 25th of March, 1838.	30th June.	Salaries (Secretary and Surveyor, 700*l.* each; clerks, 987*l.* 18*s.*; office-keepers, &c., 191*l.* 4*s.*), 2579*l.* 2*s.*; Rent and taxes, 163*l.* 4*s.*; charges, incidents, and law charges, 693*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* Total, 3436*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*
318.	Civil Contingencies.	An Account of the Sum expended under the Head of Civil Contingencies in the Year 1837, and an Estimate of the Amount required for 1838.	10th April.	(A). The details of the items composing the expenditure, under the head for 1837, are arranged under the usual heads; viz., —

	£		
1. Extraordinary disbursements of Ministers at foreign courts (namely, our ambassadors, ministers, and *chargés d'affaires* at the several courts of France, Austria, Russia, Prussia, Sweden, Denmark, Bavaria, Frankfort, Holland, Brussels, Switzerland, Saxony, Wirtemberg, Spain, Portugal, Buenos Ayres, Colombia, Mexico, Naples, Tuscany, Sardinia, United States, Constantinople, Persia, Greece, and Venezuela) — (special missions 5, at cost of 8200*l.*). In all	28,722	9	3
2. Expenses of entertaining and conveying persons of distinction, — ambassadors, sovereigns, &c.	6,750	8	6
Outfit and equipages of T. W. Waller, Esq., the Hon. G. Edgcomb, and the Hon. S. Jerningham, as secretaries, respectively, to her Majesty's Legations at the courts of Brussels, the Swiss Cantons, and Lisbon; and to other Secretaries, — Messrs. Wilmot, Sullivan, Griffith, and H. L. Bulwer. In all	770	0	0
3. Expenses defrayed by officers of her Majesty's household, not being part of the Civil List (robes, collars, and badges for the knights of several orders, &c. &c.) . . .	1,907	12	6

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	CIVIL CONTINGENCIES—*continued.*			4. Various public services. These include the charges for several commissions, of which the heaviest charge is that for the expense of the commission for improving the river Shannon, 8000*l.*; the commission for investigation of all grievances affecting her Majesty's subjects in Lower Canada, 7811*l.*; sums granted for relief of distressed Spaniards, 3063*l.*; expenses incurred at National Gallery in Pall Mall, 1305*l.*; amount issued for the relief of the distressed poor in the Highlands and Western Islands of Scotland, 6750*l.*; amount paid for professional services with reference to Tithe Bills submitted to Parliament in Session 1836, 1092*l.*; paid to J. Parker, bill of costs to end of year 1836, as Solicitor in Suits, &c., under Charity Commission, 2565*l.*; gratuities to whale ships which rendered assistance to the whalers beset with the ice in the winter of 1837, 4642*l.*, &c. In all . . . 70,087 9 10 The services paid in Ireland amount to 12,844*l.*; making the total expenditure in Civil Contingencies for the United Kingdom, in 1837 . . . . £120,429 17 4 (B). Estimated expense for year ending 31st March, 1839 . . £130,000 Deduct balance in hand applicable to this expenditure . 10,000 £120,000
22.	CIVIL LIST.	Report of the Select Committee appointed to inquire into the Accounts of Income and Expenditure of the Civil List, from the 1st of January, 1831, to the 31st December, 1836, with an Estimate of the probable future Charge of the Civil List of her Majesty.	5th Dec. 1837.	The committee report the Civil List, as settled by Act 1 Will. IV. c. 25., to have been settled and apportioned as follows; viz., — First class, privy purse . . . £ 110,000 Second class, salaries of the several departments of the royal household, and superannuation and retired allowances . . . . 130,300 Third class, tradesmen's bills . . . 171,500 Fourth class, royal bounties, — special and secret service . . . . 23,200 Fifth class, pensions . . . 75,000 £510,000 On Class 1., they report that, for upwards of half a century, the privy purse of the Sovereign had been fixed at 60,000*l.*; that during the late reign (of William IV.), there being a Queen Consort, a further sum of 50,000*l.* had [illegible] to this class; and that, under existing circumstances, the committee recommend that an annual [illegible] committee

in lieu of the former grant of 75,000*l.* for Civil List pensions, the committee recommend that her Majesty be empowered to grant to the extent of 1200*l.* in pensions every year, such grants being in strict conformity with the resolution of the House of Commons of the 18th of February, 1834. The final result of the committee's recommendations is the following estimate:—

Class 1., Privy purse, 60,000*l.*; Class 2., Retired allowances, salaries, and wages, 131,260*l.*; Class 3., Expenses of household, 172,500*l.*; Class 4., Royal bounty, alms and special services, 13,200*l.*; Class 5., Pensions (her Majesty to be empowered to grant, as above, 1200*l.* in every year). Unappropriated moneys, 8040*l.*

344. COALS, CINDERS, AND CULM. — Accounts of Coals, Cinders, and Culm shipped coastwise and exported to Foreign Ports; with the Rates and Amount of Duty charged thereon. — 1st May.

No. 1. Quantities of coal, cinders, and culm shipped at the several ports of England, Scotland, and Ireland, coastwise, to other ports of the United Kingdom.

Shipped from and to Ports of the United Kingdom.	Year 1836.				Year 1837.			
	Coals.	Cinders.	Culm.	Total.	Coals.	Cinders.	Culm.	Total.
	Tons.	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*
From England -	5,653,608	8285	265,352	5,921,245	6,192,594	8364	337,948	6,538,906
Scotland -	540,223	1001	852	548,076	546,076	292	1196	547,680
Ireland -	3,083	—	—	3,083	4,105	116	—	4,105
Totals -	6,196,914	9286	266,204	6,472,404	6,742,775	8772	339,144	7,090,691

No. 2. Quantities and declared value of coals, cinders, and culm exported from the several ports of England, Scotland, and Ireland, to foreign countries.

Exported to all Foreign Ports.	Year 1836.				Declared Value thereof.			
	Coals.	Cinders.	Culm.	Total.	Coals.	Cinders.	Culm.	Total.
	Tons.	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	£	£	£	£
From England -	830,654	5,134	904	836,692	292,001	4,606	285	296,592
Scotland -	76,175	57	—	76,232	33,084	84	—	33,168
Ireland -	3,944	—	—	3,944	2,801	—	—	3,101
Totals -	910,773	5,191	904	916,868	327,886	4,690	285	332,861

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Coals, &c. — *continued.*			

No. 2. continued.

Exported to all Foreign Ports.	Year 1837.				Declared Value thereof.			
	Coals.	Cinders.	Culm.	Total.	Coals.	Cinders.	Culm.	Total.
	Tons.	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	*Tons.*	£	£	£	£
From England -	1,023,793	6,422	1,133	1,031,348	380,410	5,795	356	386,551
Scotland -	78,817	25	10	78,852	42,096	14	19	42,139
Ireland -	3,410	—	—	3,410	2,855	—	—	2,855
Totals -	1,106,020	6,447	1,143	1,113,610	425,361	5,809	375	431,545

(No. 1.) There were exported of coals, cinders, and culm —

	In 1836. *Tons.*	In 1837. *Tons.*
From Swansea . . .	387,344	491,966
Newport (coals) . .	415,954	480,870
Sunderland . .	971,458	932,135
Newcastle . .	2,280,713	2,392,494

(No account kept for Liverpool since August, 1834.)

(No. 2.) The largest shipments from any of the ports of the United Kingdom of coals, cinders, and culm, to foreign ports and British settlements abroad, were, respectively, —

	In 1836. *Tons.*	In 1837. *Tons.*
Liverpool . . .	90,024	95,188
Sunderland . . .	170,967	242,463
Newcastle . . .	415,849	476,157

The foreign countries to which the largest assignments of these articles were made were these, respectively, viz., —

	In 1836. *Tons.*	In 1837. *Tons.*
Denmark	86,281	92,275
Holland	127,833	120,317
France	205,140	272,133

There were brought coastwise, and by inland navigation, into the Port of London, —

	Tons.
In 1836	2,399,551
1837	2,629,321

Accounts, showing the several Charges incurred by the United Kingdom, on account of each of the North American Provinces, in each Year, from 1827 to 1837, both inclusive.

23rd March.

Return to an Order of the House of Lords, dated 23d of January, 1838, for "An Account, showing the several Charges incurred by the United Kingdom, on account of each of the North American Provinces, in each Year, from 1827 to 1837."

	1827.	1828.	1829.	1830.	1831.	1832.	1833.	1834.	1835.	1836.
					Canada.					
Payments on account of the—	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Ordinaries of the Army	92,651	82,027	81,837	85,172	92,916	104,229	78,312	75,110	71,355	107,246
Navy and Naval Departments	15,396	24,551	20,239	23,653	13,565	12,854	10,165	7,858	2,853	1,106
Ordnance	119,875	118,104	99,033	47,813	75,603	64,802	71,499	56,826	51,990	53,451
Payments through the Commissariat, Agents, &c.	101,282	139,236	136,973	106,767	90,545	121,089	107,599	117,403	89,381	160,650
	338,204	363,918	338,142	263,405	272,629	302,974	267,575	257,195	215,579	322,453
Deduct Repayments	20,315	20,099	22,918	19,749	26,100	38,355	22,745	36,407	48,918	63,073
Actual Expenditure	317,889	343,819	315,224	243,656	246,529	264,619	244,830	220,788	166,661	259,380
					Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland, &c.					
Payments on account of the—										
Ordinaries of the Army	69,537	69,185	70,822	73,147	78,732	87,788	53,758	65,989	67,908	94,772
Navy and Naval Departments	11,575	7,683	6,217	3,893	3,936	4,312	7,783	1,671	2,297	2,287
Ordnance	36,208	72,986	57,641	42,187	49,230	41,351	37,883	33,027	30,944	27,749
Payments through the Commissariat, Agents, &c.	100,385	77,475	86,659	80,127	87,137	85,889	59,223	60,698	59,950	39,048
	217,705	227,329	201,339	199,354	219,035	219,340	158,647	161,385	161,099	163,906
Deduct Repayments	6,635	6,801	8,240	9,137	9,947	9,584	7,669	7,381	7,953	6,031
Actual Expenditure	211,070	220,528	193,099	190,217	209,088	209,756	150,978	154,004	153,146	157,875
Expenditure as above for—										
Canada	317,889	343,819	315,224	243,656	246,529	264,619	244,830	220,788	166,661	259,380
Other Provinces in North America	211,070	220,528	193,099	190,217	209,088	209,756	150,978	154,004	153,146	157,875
Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, Grants for Missions	15,332	15,332	15,332	15,332	15,332	11,000	8,000	4,000	3,850	3,850
Total Expenditure on account of the British Provinces in North America	544,291	579,679	523,655	449,205	470,949	485,375	403,808	378,792	323,657	421,105

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
67.	Colonies, North American—*continued.*	Accounts, showing the Amount of Tonnage and the Number of Ships belonging to each of the North American Provinces, and the Number of Men employed in navigating the same, in each Year, from 1832 to 1836, both inclusive. — And the Amount of Tonnage, and of the Number of Ships belonging to the United Kingdom, and to the British Colonies and Dominions beyond Sea, respectively employed in the Trade with the North American Provinces; together with the Number of Men engaged in navigating such Ships.	19th Feb.	

We extract from No. 2. the relative *maximum* and *minimum* quantities from the account for the series of years 1832 to 1836 inclusive.

No. 2. — An account, for the same period, of the amount of tonnage and of the number of ships belonging to the United Kingdom and to the British colonies and dominions beyond sea, respectively, employed in the trade with the North American provinces; together with an account of the number of men engaged in navigating such ships.

		INWARDS.									OUTWARDS.								
		Belonging to the United Kingdom.			Belonging to the British Colonies and Dominions beyond Sea.			Total.			Belonging to the United Kingdom.			Belonging to the British Colonies and Dominions beyond Sea.			Total.		
		Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Men.
Canada	1833	914	259,690	11,468	158	16,856	923	1,072	276,546	12,391	887	255,163	11,105	219	24,385	1,318	1,106	289,548	12,423
	1836	1,061	333,830	14,145	168	24,891	1,086	1,229	358,721	15,231	1,065	334,369	14,150	261	40,682	1,836	1,326	375,051	15,986
New Brunswick	1833	695	151,158	6,888	1,970	147,151	8,160	2,665	298,309	15,048	660	147,806	6,798	1,917	162,457	8,522	2,577	310,263	15,320
	1836	503	141,675	6,159	2,698	206,644	10,984	3,201	348,319	17,143	550	154,295	7,213	2,443	210,229	9,603	2,993	364,524	16,816
Nova Scotia	1833	137	28,642	1,470	2,583	183,166	10,964	2,720	211,808	12,454	116	23,790	1,218	2,771	189,508	10,613	2,887	213,298	11,831
	1835	96	22,192	1,007	3,267	234,834	12,416	3,363	257,026	13,423	87	18,004	887	3,527	248,035	12,950	3,614	266,039	13,837
Newfoundland	1832	365	54,006	3,094	463	36,925	2,119	828	90,931	5,213	348	48,617	2,866	460	39,386	2,284	808	88,003	5,150
	1833	481	70,646	3,936	525	47,157	2,712	1,006	117,803	6,648	491	68,206	3,987	478	46,546	2,729	969	114,752	6,716

95.	——— Upper Canada.	Copy of Resolutions received by the Colonial Office, passed at Meetings held in Upper Canada, since March, 1837.	23d Jan.	——— "since March, 1837, relative to the grievances and complaints of the people of that province and of Lower Canada; and copies of any despatches from Sir F. B. Head, relative to such resolutions, and of the measures adopted by him respecting them." — Return "Nil."
94.	———	Copy of the Despatches from Sir F. B. Head to Lord Glenelg, dated 21st April, 1836, and 16th July, 1836.	23d Jan.	1. Copy of a despatch from Lieutenant Governor Sir F. B. Head to Lord Glenelg (Toronto), 21st April, 1836. Petition of the House of Assembly to the King. Ditto ditto to the [illegible]. Copy of a letter [illegible]. —

			mittee to Commons' House of Assembly. — Schedule of documents forming an Appendix. 2. Copy of a despatch from Lieutenant Governor Sir F. B. Head to Lord Glenelg (Toronto, 16th July, 1836.). — (93 pages.)
524.	———	Copy of Instructions to the Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada, relative to proceedings against persons recently arrested in that Province, &c.	21st June.	Copy of instructions to the Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada relative to proceedings against persons recently arrested in that province. Extract of a despatch from the Lieutenant Governor of Upper Canada, relative to the disposal of the prisoners convicted of treason in that province. Copies of the several Acts of the Legislature of Upper Canada, in the last Session, for the preservation of the peace, and for the trial of persons charged with insurrection and revolt against the Government of the province; stating the dates on which the several Bills received the Royal sanction.
141.	——— Upper Canada and Lower Canada.	Further Copies or Extracts of Correspondence relative to Lower Canada and Upper Canada: — Lower Canada, — Upper Canada, — Nova Scotia, — New Brunswick, — Prince Edward's Island. — Presented by her Majesty's Command. (In continuation of Papers presented to Parliament on the 23d December, 1837 (No. 39.); 16th and 29th January, and 2d February, 1838 (Nos. 32. 38. and 46.). (House of Lords Pr. P.)	4th May.	18. Copies of despatches to and from Lord Glenelg and Lieutenant General Sir John Colborne, Governor of Lower Canada. — 19. to 31. Ditto ditto, Lord Glenelg and Sir F. B. Head, Governor of Upper Canada. —32. to 34. To and from Lord Glenelg to Sir Colin Campbell, K.C.B., Governor of Nova Scotia. — 35. to 40. Ditto ditto, between Lord Glenelg and Major General Sir John Hervey, K.C.H. — and 41. and 42. Ditto ditto, between Sir Charles A. Fitzroy, K.H., and Lord Glenelg.
50.	Colonies, North American. (H. of Lords Pr. P.)	Account of the Amount of Duty levied in the Ports of the United Kingdom, and of the British Colonies and Dominions beyond Sea, respectively, upon each Article imported from the North American Provinces; and upon similar Articles imported from foreign Countries; so far as relates to the Duties levied in the Ports of the United Kingdom.	5th Feb.	The principal articles of British North American produce are: — Ashes (pearl and pot), corn (wheat under 9 Geo. IV. c. 60.), wheat flour, gypsum, hides, honey, isinglass, oil (train), pitch, skins and furs (various), spirits not sweetened, tar, tobacco (unmanufactured), wax, whalefins, wood (battens charged 1*l.*, 1*l.* 3*s.*, and 2*l.*, according to sorts, per 120 imported into Great Britain; 8*s.* 9*d.*, only, per 120, on all sorts, imported into Ireland; and after different proportions as to imports into the two countries, respectively, on batten ends, deals, and deal ends); handpikes, lathwood, masts, yards, and bowsprits, oak planks, oaks, spars, staves, timber (8 inches square or upwards), wainscot logs.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
94.	COLONIES, NORTH AMERICAN—*continued.* (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	Accounts of the Exports and Imports of the North American Provinces, so far as regards the Trade with other Colonies and with foreign Countries.	9th March.	The *maximum* and *minimum* quantities in the series from 1832 to 1836, are as follow: —

	Years.	Canada.	New Brunswick.	Nova Scotia.	Prince Edward's Island.	Cape Breton.	Newfoundland.	Aggregate of the British North American Provinces.
		Value of the Imports into the several British Provinces of North America, from Foreign Countries and Territories.						
Imports from Foreign Countries and Territories	1833	£ 187,190	£ 143,659	£ 299,365	£ 24	£ 4,842	£ 210,909	£ 845,989
	1836	22,602	126,590	176,753	52	2,821	175,692	504,510
		Value of the Exports from the several British Provinces of North America to Foreign Countries and Territories.						
Exports to Foreign Countries and Territories	1832	3,498	35,999	78,524	410	25,890	253,541	397,862
	1836	3,136	36,805	106,321	1,298	24,148	350,619	522,327
		Value of Imports into the several said Colonies from other British Colonies and Possessions beyond the Limits of North America.						
Imports from other British Colonies and Possessions.	1832	129,908	90,371	208,537	76	12,539	57,914	499,315
	1836	63,510	57,801	185,763	—	7,013	42,949	357,036
		Value of Exports from the several said Colonies to other British Colonies and Possessions beyond the Limits of North America.						
Exports to other British Colonies and Possessions.	1832	43,825	106,985	197,904	840	4,352	59,968	413,874
	1833	33,231	94,603	243,329	257	6,641	98,478	476,519

467.	COLONIAL AND AUSTRALIAN BANKING COMPANIES.	Copies of the Charters granted to the Colonial and Australian Banking Companies.	8th June.	Copy of the charter granted to the Colonial Banking Company. Extract from patent roll of the 6th year of the reign of King William IV. Copy of the charter granted to the Australian Banking Company. Extract from patent

given by them to the House." This evidence has been contributed by fifteen witnesses, and exhibits, in respect of the several bodies of journeymen spinners, &c., combined together in Glasgow, in various societies under several appellations, a melancholy picture of mingled sagacity and arrogance, of the most lawless violence and the craftiest concealment in their scheme of operations, insidious perseverance in following up the objects of their malice or resentment, and a heartless and ferocious cruelty in punishing their victims. All this appears but too plainly in the whole context of the evidence given by the sheriff of Lanarkshire, one of the witnesses examined; the references made by him and others to the case of Smith and of Peter M'Cart (both of them inhumanly murdered, the former by some of the emissaries formally appointed by the "committee-men,")—in the course of the several examinations here published, — in the memorable confession of John Kean, one of these miscreants, who, on the eve of his transportation to Botany Bay, voluntarily subscribed his confession, that he had been employed by two "committee-men" of the Glasgow combination, and supplied with the pistols and the money for the ammunition with which those committee-men, M'Cann and M'Lea, charged him and another to assassinate Graham (who was actually shot, though not mortally), — by the case of Walker, convicted on his own plea of "guilty" for firing into the bedroom of an obnoxious journeyman, or "nob" (who would not come into the terms dictated by this monstrous confederacy), and who for that offence was transported for life,—by the case of Robert Miller, attacked in open day, by its emissaries, and severely cut and wounded with sabres, — and by the more recent case of the poor girl M'Shaffery, in whose face vitriol was thrown, whereby she was severely burned, and the sight of one of her eyes was utterly extinguished. This case is very minutely described in the precognitions taken before the sheriff — many of the deponents speaking to their belief of the identity of one M'Donnell with the perpetrator of this brutality. Of the extent and means of the Association of Journeymen Cotton Spinners at Glasgow some idea may be formed from an admission which occurs in the evidence of a witness examined by the committee of the House of Commons, — himself a journeyman and a member of the association, M'Nish by name, who admits of *one* particular strike in which they embarked, and which pretty well wrecked the funds of the combination—that it cost them between 3000*l.* and 4000*l.*; and, again, not only its extent and means, but its abominable objects may be collected from Mr. Sheriff Alison's reply to the following questions; and still more from the confession of Kean himself.

To Q. 2529. Answ. I know one case in which the money was paid by the committee in April, 1825; that is, since the repeal of the combination laws—since Mr. Hume's Act.

2530. What case was that? — John Kean; he was hired, with four other people, to assassinate a man: he shot him through the back; the five were to get 100*l.* — and he confessed it.

2531. Did he fire the shot? — He did.

2532. (By Mr. Wakley, in continuation). Do you believe the testimony of such a person? — I was counsel in the case. I was minutely cognisant of it. I drew the indictment and conducted the prosecution, and I afterwards saw the confession which he made after his conviction.

2533. Were you counsel for the prisoner or the prosecution? — For the prosecution. He was convicted on the clearest possible evidence. He was seen by three witnesses; at five o'clock in the evening a large crowd got together to intimidate the "nobs," and he went off along with three other people, all hired by the committee, and fired the shot directly into the back of the "nob." He was seized by a man of the name of Bell; a nob also seized him with the pistol in his hand, and the witnesses swore to the fact. The present Lord Cockburn was counsel in the case for the prisoner, and made the best possible defence, as he always does; but the man was convicted of the firing. Fortunately for him, at that period, Lord Ellenborough's Act did not apply to Scotland. He was sentenced to transportation for life, and he afterwards made a confession in gaol, that he had been hired to commit this act by the cotton spinners' committee; that he was to get 100*l.* from them, and that he had actually then got his own share; and what was more remark-

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Combinations of Workmen—*continued.*			able, one of the "secret select committee of cotton spinners at that very time, was one of the people upon whom we stumbled in the late case of the cotton spinners at Edinburgh; and one circumstance which made me attach much weight to his evidence was, that the account given of this transaction by Murdoch, who was one of the secret committee that paid the share of the other assassins to the associates of Kean, coincided exactly with the declaration of Kean, which I had seen, but which was not made public." . . . . "Kean was transported for life. He is now in New South Wales; and of the other people, his associates, who were desired to go out and assist him, I think one was transported for fourteen years, another was imprisoned for eighteen months in Bridewell, and the fourth was not got. He was sent abroad by the association, to America. That was proved at the late trial." The confession of Kean made to Mr. Sheriff Alison's predecessor was received as evidence. It was as follows:—

"I, John Kean, at present prisoner in the Talbooth of Glasgow, declare that there are three districts in and around Glasgow, consisting of 800 cotton spinners, or thereabouts, who were formerly in the practice of having pass words and signs; but since the passing of Mr. Hume's Act, they make no use of them, and the object they have in view is to keep up their wages. There are two committee-men appointed from each district, whose duty is to conduct the business of their respective districts, and to report to the select committee, who are three in number, that are also changed every two months; those three persons that are selected as committee-men are not known to the operatives, except the district committee, who are sworn that they will not make known their names; the names of the two committee-men of the Bridgetown district, are Thomas M'Cann, cotton-spinner, Landressy-Street, and works in Barrowfield Mills; and William M'Lea, residing in Mile End, and works in Lindsay, Ewing and Co.'s mill, Mile End, who are the two persons who employed the declarant; and John Gillan, who lodges in Bain's, shoemaker, head of Struther's Street; Daniel Orr, residing with his mother in Mill Street, Calton; John Campbell, residing with his father in Muslin Street, and who supplied them with pistols, and gave them money to buy ammunition; thinks the pistols, which were new, were bought in Paisley; Daniel Orr and John Campbell bought the powder and shot, he thinks in Moses M'Culloch's shop in the Gallowgate. They were to receive a reward of 100*l.* or thereabouts, and provided they succeeded, more money was to be advanced to the committee. Messrs. Wright, Dunlop, Lindsay, and Ewing were particularly pointed out to them as persons whose lives should be taken as soon as possible. Gillan was the person who, along with the declarant, fired at Graham; heard that George M'Donald was the person that shot at Robert Watson. The committee met at one time in the house of Peter M'Arthur, King Street, Glasgow, and since M'Arthur left King Street, they met in William Ewing's house (tavern), east side of High Street of Glasgow, every Saturday night, between the hours of eight and nine o'clock. "John Kean."

If it were not for horrors similar to these and the case of M'Shaffrey and the others already cited, the pomp and circumstance affected by these banded journeymen might almost provoke a smile. So far as the organisation of such a body could be tested by its legislative and administrative staff of "delegates," "committee-men," "select committees," and "secret select committees," it would seem ripe for the assumption of all the powers of Parliament. It is observable, too, that, notwithstanding very strong and frequent invocations of the principle of "moral influence" and a profession of extreme zeal to preserve the mass of the community of

were willing to liquidate the debt by instalments, in the [illegible]
half, or nearly the half, refused to contribute anything; therefore the majority said to the creditors, unless they would compel those refractory members to pay their proportion of the debt, they would cease to pay their instalments. The creditors, therefore, were obliged to raise a prosecution not only against the refractory members, but against the whole of the members of the association, amounting to between *ten and eleven hundred*. (No. 2622.) Now it is not very clear why a "majority" could not have compelled the payment of this debt had they been so minded. Mr. Gemmell did not remind the committee of Art. XII. of the articles of the Association, as they are published in the Appendix, p. 300. Art. XII. is, however, directly in point.

Art. XII. "*Submitting to a majority.*" "*Every member* of the association binds himself to *submit to a majority* of his brethren, in all cases connected with the association; which majority must, in all cases relating to strikes or altering the articles, bear two thirds of the votes returned; but, *in other cases*, the *majority* will consist of *one above the half of the votes* returned." Certainly, as it was powerfully urged by the learned Lord Advocate, in the House of Commons, in the debate upon this matter, no conspiracy so formidable has ever been concocted, in modern times, against the free disposal of human labour, nor was the free agency of manufacturing industry and skill ever more violently interrupted by the arts of intimidation and cruelty, than in this case of the combination of cotton spinners at Glasgow. And so completely was the course of justice impeded by the direct intimidation practised on all who might be competent to give evidence against the parties to the crimes which led to the recent trials in Scotland, that some of the legal functionaries themselves were compelled to meet and confer with the witnesses in remote places, and at the most unseasonable hours.

117. COMMERCIAL DAILY LIST.

6th Feb. Copies of a memorial, addressed to the Lords of her Majesty's Treasury by a body of merchants and traders of the city of London, respecting certain proceedings threatened by the Stamp Office against the "Commercial Daily List," and suggesting that the same protection should be afforded to that publication as to the Custom House Bills of Entry, Prices Current, and other commercial papers; and a copy of minute of the Treasury thereupon; and, also, a copy of the answer of their Lordships' Secretary to the memorial. Copies of any minutes of the Lords of the Treasury, and orders of the Board of Commissioners of Stamps, and correspondence respecting the publication of the names of ship brokers in the list of "ships loading" in the "Customs Bill of Entry, B," and of the names of brokers in the "Commercial Daily List," the "Mercantile Journal," and other publications of a wholly commercial nature.

424. COMMISSIONS (ARMY).

I. A Return, showing the Establishment and Effectives of the British Army, Rank and File, at home and abroad, on the 1st of January, 1837, and on the 1st of January, 1838. A Return, showing the Establishment of the British Army, as fixed by the King's Memorandum for Service at home and on foreign Stations, for each of the Years from 1833 to 1837, both inclusive; and also the Effectives on each of those Stations, by the latest Returns received on the 25th of January in each of the Years from 1833 to 1837 inclusive, and on the 1st of January, 1837. A Return, showing the average Force in Rank and File, Establishment and Effectives, at the several foreign Stations, at specified Periods, and also on the 1st of January, 1836 and 1837. A Return, showing in

23d May.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Commissions (Army)—*continued.*	one Table the Numbers of the Descriptions of armed Force in the United Kingdom, on the 1st of January, 1838; the regular Army of all Ranks.—(In continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 317. of 1832.) II. A Return of the Number of Appointments to first Commissions in the Ranks of Cornet, Ensign, Adjutant, and Quartermaster, on Death or other Vacancies, without Purchase, in each Year since the 1st of April, 1834; showing the Number of Gentlemen introduced into the Army without Purchase, and distinguishing the Number of Gentlemen Cadets from the Royal Military College, the Number restored from Half Pay to Full Pay on such clear Vacancies, and the Number of noncommissioned Officers promoted to such Commissions.	23d May.	

Return showing the Establishments and Effectives of the British Army, rank and file, at home and abroad, on 1st of January, 1837 and on 1st of January, 1838.

		On 1st of January, 1837.		On 1st of January, 1838.	
		Establishment.	Effectives.	Establishment.	Effectives.
At home. Great Britain	Cavalry	4,803	4,246	4,701	4,170
	Foot Guards	4,0 0	3,563	4,000	3,517
	Infantry	15,043	10,992	14,177	12,369
		23,846	18,801	22,878	20,056
Ireland	Cavalry	2,128	1,839	1,926	1,641
	Foot Guards	640	553	640	560
	Infantry	17,648	15,715	17,200	14,765
		20,416	18,107	19,766	16,966
Total at home		44,262	36,908	42,644	37,022
Total abroad, exclusive of India		33,935	30,762	34,450	31,304
East Indies	Cavalry	2,700	2,674	3,375	3,050
	Infantry	14,780	15,704	15,519	15,513

4. Estimate of sums required for the half pay of Commissariat officers, and for retired full pay, compensation, and superannuation allowances; also, for the pensions of widows of Commissariat officers, and for compassionate allowances for their children, for one year, from 1st of April, 1838, to 31st March, 1839.

	1838-9.	1837-8.	1838-9.		Total Decrease 1838-9.
			More.	Less.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Estimated Expense of Forage, for the Service in Ireland*	...	64,320 19 7	...	64,320 19 7	...
Ditto, for Coals, Candles, and Straw for Barracks in Ireland*	...	27,187 8 4	...	27,187 8 4	...
Ditto, for the Pay of the Commissariat of Stores and Provisions at all her Majesty's Foreign Garrisons and Possessions, as enumerated in the subjoined List, No. 1.	43,529 5 10	38,807 2 1	4,722 3 9	...	...
Ditto, for the Pay of the Commissariat of Accounts in New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land, as enumerated in the subjoined List, No. 1.	1,437 3 9	1,437 3 9	...	...	...
Ditto, for the Pay of extra Clerks, Storekeepers, and other subordinate Persons at the several Stations abroad; allowances for Forage, Lodgings, Contingencies, &c., according to the subjoined List, No. 2.	52,041 10 2	50,089 8 0	1,952 2 2	...	...
Ditto, for the Pay of the Establishment of the Officers in Great Britain, according to the subjoined List, No. 3.	3,398 3 7	3,756 3 6	...	357 19 11	...
Ditto, Amount of Contingencies, according to the subjoined List, No. 4.	800 0 0	1,160 0 0	...	360 0 0	...
Total	101,206 3 4	186,758 5 3	6,674 5 11	92,226 7 10	85,552 1 11

* *Note.* — The duty of providing the articles embraced in these Items has been transferred to the Ordnance Department, from the 1st of July, 1837.

ABSTRACT.

	£
No. 1. Half pay	35,151
2. Retired full pay, compensation, and superannuation allowances	7,642
3. Widows' pensions	6,010
4. Compassionate allowances	1,251
	£50,054

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
346.	Commissions.	I. A Return of all the Commissions that have been issued or appointed under Act of Parliament from November, 1830, and not included in the Return printed by order of this House in the Session of 1836 (No. 528.); the Number and Names of the Commissioners, Assistant Commissioners, Secretaries, Clerks, and other Persons attached to each, and if employed individually in more than one Commission, and in what Number so employed: the Places and Periods of official Duties and Sittings; the Number of Days of each Sitting since the commencement of Duty; the Periods and Dates at which each Commission was issued, and Duty of each commenced, and the Period at which each closed or reported; the Salaries and Allowances of each Officer or Person; the total Expenses incurred; Amount actually paid and due, and for what Cause withheld in each Commission; such Return to be made up to the latest Period in which the same can be made out; being in continuation of Parliamentary Paper No. 290. of Session 1837. II. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated the 19th of March, 1838, requiring "That the Abstract of the former Returns relative to the various Commissions that have been issued since 1830 be reprinted; and that a Return of all subsequent Commissions to the present Period, and Date to which such Return can be made up, be annexed thereto; distinguishing such Commissions as have been cancelled."	1st May.	Forty-six pages, comprising particulars and details of a great variety of Commissions in existence, and expired, &c.
6.	Committees. (Session 1837-8.)	Lists for Committees of Private Bills.	24th Nov. 1837.	Classed under 42 heads for counties of England, 2 for Wales, 2 for Scotland (eastern and western divisions), and 4 for the several provinces of Ulster, Munster, Leinster, and Connaught.
450	Common Law Courts.	Copy of New Rules and Regulations lately agreed to and promulgated by all the Judges, in pursuance of Act 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 42.	3d August.	In custody on 11th of February, 1830, — total 25. Of whom have died, 3; been discharged, 20; remain in custody, 2; Committed from 11th of February, 1830, to 28th of July, 1838, inclusive, — total 254. Of whom have died, 11; been discharged, 215; remain in custody, 28 (besides the 2 left at 11th of February, 1830).
137.	Commutation, Tithe.	I. A Return of the Number of Tithe Commutations which have [illegible]	9th Feb. 1838.	I. 1. None. [illegible]

in which the Landowners are more than three, not being either Titheowners or Patrons; and under each Head distinguishing in how many cases the Titheowner is a Layman, and in how many an Ecclesiastic.

11. A Return of the Number of Notices and Agreements for Commutation received by the Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales, from the 1st of June, 1837, to 1st of January, 1838; being in continuation of their Return laid upon the Table of this House on the 7th of June last.

Counties.	Notices of Meetings.	Agreements.			
		Received.	Confirmed.	Rejected.	Now under Consideration of Diocesan or otherwise waiting Confirmation.
Total for England and Wales . .	1926	623	380	..	..
Return to the 1st of June	1454	266	87	..	..
Total . .	3380	889	467	16	406

496. 44. CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.

Report from Select Committee on Controverted Elections, 1836. (Ordered by House of Commons to be printed, 27th of July, 1836; and to be reprinted, 14th of December, 1837.

50. ——— Report from the Select Committee on Controverted Election Fees, with the Minutes of Evidence and Appendix.

——— Controverted Election Petitions, List of,—Session 1837-38.

19th Dec. 1837.

The last of these committees (appointed on the 28th of November, 1837) close their Report with the following resolutions: —

"1. That the fees chargeable in controverted elections, as per list (A), be abolished, in so far as they have reference to the public service.

"2. That the charge for copies of evidence and documents furnished, when requested, to either of the parties, be reduced from 1s. to 4d. per folio of 72 words.

"3. That as some of the fees and expenses charged by the Clerk of Recognisances have not been sanctioned by any resolution of the House, it is expedient that the scale of fees, on entering into recognisances, should be revised; and that the same should continue to be paid by the parties petitioning.

"4. That as the examiners for taxing the costs of controverted election expenses between agents and clients, and between parties to the petition and the sitting Members, have no specific rules, nor any specific scale of charges, laid down for the guidance of either party, or of the examiners themselves; and as the taxing of costs is represented to be '*a dilatory and expensive process*,' the committee recommend the establishment of specific rules, with a table of costs, to obviate these serious inconveniences.

"5 That the duties performed by the Clerk of the Crown in filing and giving certificates of returns of Members of Parliament, and in altering and amending the roll of Parliament, are so much of a public nature, that the expense attendant on the same should not be paid by the Member; and as the

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
346.	Commissions.	I. A Return of all the Commissions that have been issued or appointed under Act of Parliament from November, 1830, and not included in the Return printed by order of this House in the Session of 1836 (No. 528.); the Number and Names of the Commissioners, Assistant Commissioners, Secretaries, Clerks, and other Persons attached to each, and if employed individually in more than one Commission, and in what Number so employed: the Places and Periods of official Duties and Sittings; the Number of Days of each Sitting since the commencement of Duty; the Periods and Dates at which each Commission was issued, and Duty of each commenced, and the Period at which each closed or reported; the Salaries and Allowances of each Officer or Person; the total Expenses incurred; Amount actually paid and due, and for what Cause withheld in each Commission; such Return to be made up to the latest Period in which the same can be made out; being in continuation of Parliamentary Paper No. 290. of Session 1837. II. Return to an Order of the House of Commons, dated the 19th of March, 1838, requiring "That the Abstract of the former Returns relative to the various Commissions that have been issued since 1830 be reprinted; and that a Return of all subsequent Commissions to the present Period, and Date to which such Return can be made up, be annexed thereto; distinguishing such Commissions as have been cancelled."	1st May.	Forty-six pages, comprising particulars and details of a great variety of Commissions in existence, and expired, &c.
6.	Committees. (Session 1837-8.)	Lists for Committees of Private Bills.	24th Nov. 1837.	Classed under 42 heads for counties of England, 2 for Wales, 2 for Scotland (eastern and western divisions), and 4 for the several provinces of Ulster, Munster, Leinster, and Connaught.
450	Common Law Courts.	Copy of New Rules and Regulations lately agreed to and promulgated by all the Judges, in pursuance of Act 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 42.	3d August.	In custody on 11th of February, 1830, — total 25. Of whom have died, 3; been discharged, 20; remain in custody, 2; Committed from 11th of February, 1830, to 28th of July, 1838, inclusive, — total 254. Of whom have died, 11; been discharged, 215; remain in custody, 28 (besides the 2 left at 11th of February, 1830).

same Person is the sole Landowner, Titheowner, and Patron; 2. Those in which the same Person is the sole Landowner and Patron, but not the Titheowner; 3. Those in which there is but one Landowner, he being neither Titheowner nor Patron; 4. Those in which the Landowners are only two, not being either Titheowners or Patrons; 5. Those in which the Landowners are three only, not being either Titheowners or Patrons; 6. Those in which the Landowners are more than three, not being either Titheowners or Patrons; and under each Head distinguishing in how many cases the Titheowner is a Layman, and in how many an Ecclesiastic.

II. A Return of the Number of Notices and Agreements for Commutation received by the Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales, from the 1st of June, 1837, to 1st of January, 1838; being in continuation of their Return laid upon the Table of this House on the 7th of June last.

3. } None.
4. }
5. }

6. Two. Titheowner an ecclesiastic in each of the two cases; and, in one of them, one of the landowners is patron.

II.

Counties.	Notices of Meetings.	Agreements.			
		Received.	Confirmed.	Rejected.	Now under Consideration of Diocesan or otherwise waiting Confirmation.
Total for England and Wales . .	1926	623	380	..	..
Return to the 1st of June	1454	266	87	..	..
Total . .	3380	889	467	16	406

496. 44. CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.

Report from Select Committee on Controverted Elections, 1836. (Ordered by House of Commons to be printed, 27th of July, 1836; and to be reprinted, 14th of December, 1837.

19th Dec. 1837.

The last of these committees (appointed on the 28th of November, 1837) close their Report with the following resolutions: —

"1. That the fees chargeable in controverted elections, as per list (A), be abolished, in so far as they have reference to the public service.

"2. That the charge for copies of evidence and documents furnished, when requested, to either of the parties, be reduced from 1*s.* to 4*d.* per folio of 72 words.

50. ——— Report from the Select Committee on Controverted Election Fees, with the Minutes of Evidence and Appendix.

——— Controverted Election Petitions, List of,—Session 1837-38.

"3. That as some of the fees and expenses charged by the Clerk of Recognisances have not been sanctioned by any resolution of the House, it is expedient that the scale of fees, on entering into recognisances, should be revised; and that the same should continue to be paid by the parties petitioning.

"4. That as the examiners for taxing the costs of controverted election expenses between agents and clients, and between parties to the petition and the sitting Members, have no specific rules, nor any specific scale of charges, laid down for the guidance of either party, or of the examiners themselves; and as the taxing of costs is represented to be '*a dilatory and expensive process*,' the committee recommend the establishment of specific rules, with a table of costs, to obviate these serious inconveniences.

"5 That the duties performed by the Clerk of the Crown in filing and giving certificates of returns of Members of Parliament, and in altering and amending the roll of Parliament, are so much of a public nature, that the expense attendant on the same should not be paid by the Member; and as the

No of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks,
	CONVICT DISCIPLINE —*continued.*			

Return of the various Applications received by the Board of Assignment, from the 30th of April to 1st of June, 1837, inclusive.

Appropriation List of 210 Male Convicts per ship Blenheim, arrived at Hobart Town the 21st of July, 1837.

Police Special Reports for the month of May, 1837.

Police Special Reports for the month of June, 1837.

The Report, which is a very able one, is drawn up by Captain Maconochie. Among the most remarkable testimonials in favour of the system of penal discipline, suggested by Captain M., is that of the "well-known and highly respectable Quakers, James Backhouse and G. Warkington Walker, who declare that, as much as they consider the present system of penal discipline pursued in these colonies superior to that of the gaol system in England, they are fully convinced that the plan devised by Captain M. is very far superior to either." The Report, itself, considers penal settlements, as at present managed, — 1st. As founded for the purpose of punishing criminals; 2d, as intended, also, to promote their reform; 3d, as free settlements. And the Notes appended to the Report are voluminous, and thus headed, — "On Masters." "On Certainty of Punishment." "Statistical Details, showing the Deterioration of Character, caused by existing Circumstances, among the Free People." "On the unfitness of the present System to prepare for recovered Freedom." "On the Probability of reforming Convicts generally." "Details of the System proposed for reforming Convicts." "Testimonials."

90. COOLIES, HILL. (House of Lords' P.)

Copy of Letters from the Court of Directors of the East India Company to the Governor General of India in Council, calling his attention to the necessity of resorting to the Legislative Powers recently conferred upon the Government of India, for the purpose of protecting Natives of India conveyed thence as Seamen, Servants, or Workmen; and Copy of any Answer or Answers thereto.

8th March.

(Public Department, 28th of October [No. 11.], 1835.

OUR GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Considering that the Company are perpetually called upon to afford protection to all classes of East Indians when in distress in this country, which cannot be done without incurring great expense, it is absolutely necessary that every practicable precaution should be taken to guard the Indian revenues from claims of this nature. We therefore direct that you take the subject into your immediate consideration, so that in framing regulations for securing the Company against loss for any expenses which they may incur on account of natives of India of whatever class, you avail yourselves of the aid of the Indian Law Commissioners.

We are, your affectionate Friends,

(Signed) W. S. CLARKE.
J. R. CARNAC.

London, 28th of October, 1835.

Extract Public Letter from India, dated the 18th of January (No. 8.), 1837.

Letter to, dated 28th of October (No. 11.), 1835.

On the expediency of providing by legislative enactment such regulations in respect to natives of India, who might be left in Eng- [illegible] condition, as may secure the East India Com- } 2. This matter will form the subject of a special Report.

170.	Convicts.	Two Reports of John Henry Capper, Esq., Superintendent of Ships and Vessels employed for the Confinement of Offenders under Sentence of Transportation, relating to the Convict Establishments at Portsmouth, Chatham, Woolwich, and at Bermuda.	27th Feb.	This Report announces that the works carrying on under the superintendence of the Naval Department at Bermuda are fast drawing to a close; and Mr. Capper expresses his expectation of being forthwith "enabled to dispense with one of the remaining convict hulks stationed at those islands; as, also, to reduce a part of the establishment at Portsmouth."
309.	Convict Discipline.	Copy of a Despatch from Lieutenant-Governor Sir John Franklin to Lord Glenelg, dated the 7th of October, 1837, relative to the present System of Convict Discipline in Van Diemen's Land. (Presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	26th April.	A very important collection of official papers on the subject of convict discipline in general, as actually established, or capable of being introduced, on an ameliorated system, into Van Diemen's Land; with many documents illustrative of particular features in the administration and government of a penal colony, and its convict population. The following is a schedule of them: —

Copy of a Despatch from Lieutenant-Governor Sir John Franklin to Lord Glenelg, dated the 7th of October, 1837.

Inclosures.

1. Report on Convict Discipline.
2. Questions and Answers relating to the Condition of Convicts in Van Diemen's Land.
3. Observations on the Condition of Convicts in Van Diemen's Land, by A. Cheyne, Esq.
4. Memorandum of M. Forster, Esq.
5. Remarks of A. Machonochie, Esq.
6. Remarks of M. Forster, Esq.
7. Remarks of M. Forster, Esq.
8. Answer to Mr. Forster's Remarks.
9. Archdeacon Hutchin's Minute.
10. Minute of Mr. Gregory's Opinion and Advice in the Executive Council of Van Diemen's Land, 28th of August, 1837, upon the Reports of Captain Maconochie and Captain Cheyne, respecting Prison Discipline.
11. Mr. Forster's Minute.
12. Mr. Montagu's Minute.
13. Major Ryan's Minute.
14. His Excellency Sir John Franklin's Minute to the Executive Council.

Appendix.

15. Inclosures in Sir John Franklin's Despatch (No. 104.), dated Van Diemen's Land, the 7th of October, 1837.
    Abstract of Petitions for Conditional Pardons, received in May, 1837.
    General Special Return of Convicts in the principal Superintendent's Department, sentenced at Hobart Town and Launcestion, Van Diemen's Land; and the manner they are recommended to be disposed of, for May, 1837.
    Abstract of Petitions for Marriage, for May, 1837.
    Abstract of Petitions for Free Pardons, received in May, 1837.
    Principal Superintendent's Weekly Reports for May, 1837.
    Abstract of Petitions for Tickets of Leave, received in May, 1837.

No. of Paper	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	COPPER AND TIN — *continued.*			manufactures entered by weight, 470 cwt. 3 qrs.; entered by value, 98*l.* The largest of these exports of foreign copper was, to France, 6097 cwt.

3. In the same year were exported from the port of London, 70,449 cwt. 2 qrs. of British copper, under the classes already described as (*h*) to (*l*). Of copper smelted in the United Kingdom from foreign ore,— unwrought pigs, &c., 16,790 cwt. 2 qrs.; and of foreign copper, unwrought, &c., 9476 cwt. 3 qrs.; part wrought, bars or ingots, &c., 42 cwt.; plate and coin, 2122 cwt.; old, for re-manufacture, 593 cwt; entered by weight, 471 cwt.; by value, 90*l.*

4. Total exports, in same year, from Liverpool, were, of British copper, 60,482 cwt.; and copper smelted from foreign ore, &c., 20,043 cwt.; of foreign copper, 1919 cwt.; unwrought, 25 cwt.; part wrought, 383 cwt.; plates and coin, 501 cwt.; old, and for re-manufacture, 8*l.* entered by value.

	Cwts.	qrs.	lbs
5. Quantity imported and warehoused, for the purpose of being afterwards exported or delivered for home consumption, at the option of the merchant	389,316	1	8
Quantity exported from the warehouses without payment of duty; viz.,—			
Foreign copper ore	Nil.		
Copper smelted in this country from foreign ore	103,105	0	8

6. Tin imported into the United Kingdom during the same period: —

Countries from which imported.	Cwts.	qrs.	lbs.
Holland	2,519	3	21
East India Company's Territories, exclusive of Singapore	2,622	1	21
Singapore	15,921	3	13
United States of America	3,827	0	9
Peru	2,558	3	1
From China, Siam, Sumatra, and Java, (605 cwt.), and from Belgium, together	1,651	1	21
Total	29,101	2	2

Tin exported * in same year, to all parts of the world; total of British, 17,270 cwt. 2 qrs.; of foreign, 29,215 cwt. 3 qrs. 11 lbs.

		Cwts.	qrs.		Cwts.	qrs.
* Chiefly to Russia	British	3,025	2	Foreign	4,900	0
Germany	Ditto	205	2	Ditto	2,613	0
Holland	Ditto	445	0	Ditto	4,042	2
Belgium	Ditto	17	0	Ditto	2,478	0
					580	2

1.
An Account of all Copper imported into the United Kingdom in the Year ending 5th January, 1838; distinguishing each sort of Copper, from what Country, and into what Ports imported.

2.
An Account of the Quantities of Copper exported from the United Kingdom in the Year ending 5th January, 1838, distinguishing each sort, and from what Port sent, and to what Country exported.

3.
An Account of the Quantities of Copper exported from the Port of London in the Year ending January 5th, 1838; distinguishing each sort, and to what Country exported.

4.
An Account of the Quantities of Copper exported from the Port of Liverpool in the Year ending January 5th, 1838; distinguishing each sort, and to what Country exported.

5.
An Account of Copper Ore that has been imported into the United Kingdom without payment of Duty, for the Purpose of Exportation, in the Year ending January 5th, 1838.

6.
An Account of all Tin imported into the United Kingdom in the Year ending 5th January, 1838; distinguishing from what Countries imported. Also, an Account of all Tin exported from the United Kingdom, in the Year ending January 5th, 1838; distinguishing to what Countries exported.

May 1st.

1. Total of copper imported into the ports of England, Scotland, and Ireland (year ending the 5th of January, 1838):—

	Cwts.	qrs.	lbs.	
(*a*).	6,250	2	12	Unwrought, in bricks or pigs, rose copper, and all cast copper.
(*b*).	28	2	3	Part wrought; viz., bars, rods, or ingots, hammered or raised.
(*c*).	3,412	1	0	Plates and coin.
(*d*)	1,311	3	6	Old, for re-manufacture.
(*e*).	389,930	2	21	Ore.
(*f*).	470	3	5	Copper manufactures. Entered by weight.
(*g*).	2,969*l.*	1*s.*	10*d.*	Copper manufactures. Entered by value.

Of these importations, there were, into Scotland:—of (*d*), 51 cwt. 1 qr. 4 lbs.; of (*g*), 3*l.*
And into Ireland:—of (*c*), 3 qrs. 21 lbs.; of (*g*), 10*s.*
The whole of the remainder was imported into England.

(*e*). Of this ore, there were imported into Swansea, alone, of foreign copper, 252,700 cwt.; and of Isle of Man produce, 600 cwt. Into Liverpool, 118,544 cwt.

Of these importations of ore, there were, from—

	Cwt.
The United States of America	24,489
Prussia	29,391
Colombia	37,674
Cuba	128,510
Chili	161,017

2. Total of exports of British copper, during the same period; viz., of unwrought, in bricks, pigs, &c., (*h*), 33,473 cwt.; (*i*), Coin, 394 cwt.; (*k*), sheets, nails, &c., 99,450 cwt. 2 qrs.; (*l*), Wire, 62 cwt.; (*m*), Wrought copper of other sorts, 9,206 cwt. 3 qrs. Total, 142,586 cwt.

Copper smelted in the United Kingdom from foreign ore:—Unwrought, in bricks, &c., 103,105 cwt.

N.B. The largest exports of sheets, nails, &c., were these:—

	Cwt.	qrs.
To Holland	5,860	2
Brazil	6,858	2
The United States	19,551	3
Asia	36,376	0

The total of foreign copper exported was, unwrought, in bricks, &c., 11,395 cwt. 2 qrs.; part wrought, &c., 67 cwt. 1 qr.; plates and coin, 2504 cwt. 2 qrs.; old, for re-manufacture, 1094 cwt. 1 qr.; of copper

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	CORN, FOREIGN—*continued.*			
		2. An Account of half-yearly Returns of the Number and Amount of such Claims for Abatement of Duty upon foreign Corn, Grain, Meal, Flour, or other Corn, Rape-seed, Hemp-seed, or Tares, imported into this Port, on account of Damage alleged to have been received by heating on board the importing Vessel during the Voyage to this Country, as were referred to Arbitration pursuant to the Act 3 and 4 Will. IV., c. 52. s. 30, 31., from the 5th of January, 1836, to January 5th, 1838.		(No. 2.) In the half-year ended 5th July, 1836 . . No. of Claims. 63 Ditto . 5th January, 1837 . . 129 Ditto . 5th July, 1837 . . 13 Ditto . 5th January, 1838 . . 9
345.	CORN, FLOUR, AND WHEAT.	A Return of the Quantity of Corn, Flour, and Wheat, imported into this Country from Guernsey and Jersey, between the 5th of January, 1837, and the 5th of January, 1838; stating the Ports at which such Importations took place.	1st May, 1838.	Total of Imports from Guernsey and Jersey; viz.:— Produce of Guernsey and Jersey: Wheat * 10,077 Qrs. 7 Bush.; Barley 418 7; Oats 3 6 Foreign produce: Barley 8 0; Pease 83 7; Beans 119 2; Wheat flour † 20,951 cwt. * Whereof into Plymouth, 9863 qrs. † Whereof into London, 11,240 qrs.: Liverpool, 9509 qrs.
350.	CORONATION EXPENSES.	Abstracts of the Expenses of the Coronations of George III., George IV., and William IV.; and Estimate for that of Queen Victoria.	1st May.	No documents from which any correct account could be prepared of expenses of George III.'s coronation. Total expenses of George IV.'s . . £243,390 Ditto, William IV. . . . 43,160 Queen Victoria's. No estimate yet prepared.
365.	CORONATION.	Copy of the Report of the Superintendent of Police in Hyde Park to the Commissioners of Police, on the Day of her Majesty's Coronation.	6th July.	The following Report of the Police Inspectors is honourable to the exemplary good conduct observed by the populace on the auspicious day referred to, June 28. 1838. "The fair commenced at half-past nine o'clock in the morning, at which time a considerable number of persons had assembled; they continued to increase during the afternoon, and, after the return of the Royal Procession to the Palace, had magnified

Monday. The body was conveyed to the workhouse of St. George's Hanover Square.

"Upwards of 100 children, lost in the fair, were brought to the station, and notices posted up stating where the parents might apply; by which means the whole have been restored."

665. CORNWALL AND LANCASTER, DUCHIES OF.

(A). DUCHY OF CORNWALL.

An Account, showing the Income arising from, and the Charges on, the Revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall, from June, 1837, to June, 1838.

(B). DUCHY OF LANCASTER.

Statement of Revenue and Expenditure, for the year ending the 20th of June, 1838.

(Presented by her Majesty's command.)

3d Aug.

This being the first occasion on which the accounts of the revenues arising from these Duchies, and the items of their appropriation, were ordered by the Crown to be laid before Parliament, it has been thought proper to give the accounts here at length.

(A). DUCHY OF CORNWALL.

REVENUE.	£	s.	d.
Rents, including land tax redeemed, from Lady-day, 1837, to Michaelmas, 1837, and Lady-day, 1838	5,567	3	6
Fines on renewals, no Act allowing granting leases having passed	*nil.*		
Tin duty on coinages, Michaelmas, 1837	5,086	0	0
Ditto to Christmas, 1837	4,622	0	0
Ditto to Lady-day, 1838	5,025	0	0
Ditto to Midsummer, 1838	4,946	0	0
Wood sales	*nil.*		
Dividends on stock invested, the produce of sales of lands, &c. under the Land Tax Act	496	9	6
Coals taken on rates from one eighth to one tenth of the free-share, but this year larger than usual	2,630	9	5
Stannary Court fees	83	4	9
Total	28,456	7	2

EXPENDITURE.	£	s.	d.
Salaries; Michaelmas, 1837, and Lady-day, 1838	5,342	0	10
Annuities to the late, and salaries to the present, Stannary officers, with tithes on tin	2,892	4	6
Audit expenses	352	8	0
Repairs to the Coinage Halls	*nil.*		
Surveys, &c.	19	13	0
Incidental expenses	685	12	6½
Agency fees	*nil.*		
Expenses of the coinages, including officers' fees and travelling charges	953	7	8
Donations and charities	125	0	5
Extraordinary payments	490	15	8
Law expenses	1,734	16	6
Poundage to the Receiver General and Auditor on payment to her Majesty's use	75	0	0
Total	12,670	19	1½

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Cornwall and Lancaster, Duchies of — *continued.*			

(B.) DUCHY OF LANCASTER.

Revenue.	£	s.	d.
Rents, including land tax redeemed	* 21,843	5	5¾
Dividends on funded property	791	9	2
Fines on renewal of leases	*nil.*		
Fines on forfeited recognisances	*nil.*		
Sales of timber	*nil.*		
Grants in fee	† 119	10	0
Grants of rents and enfranchisements of copyholds	† 219	12	6
Small branches of revenue (consisting of profits of the Honour of Clare)	64	13	6
Total	23,038	10	7¾

Expenditure.	£	s.	d.
Salaries of the officers of the Duchy and County Palatine	7,551	9	4
Receiver General's and Particular Receiver's poundage and officers' fees	1,145	4	11
Stipends and eleemosynary payments	993	17	1
Annuities and other charges	1,526	7	0
Fees to counsel, surveys and valuations, repairs and improvements on the Duchy estates, and tradesmen's bills	1,407	13	2
Travelling charges and audit expenses	242	8	8
Queen's plate, Lancaster races	105	0	0
Expenses of the Ax-bearer and Master of the Game and others, at Needwood	111	4	3
Expenses of the Savoy Church (exclusive of stipends), and of the Liberty of the Savoy	227	18	0
Books, printing, stationery, stamps, rates and taxes, extra writing, and sundry expenses in the Duchy Office	439	6	6
Investments in the funds (being moneys arising from grants in fee), &c.	276	3	0
Total	14,126	11	11

* This sum includes contingent rents, the amount of which it has been necessary to take by estimate, the usual period for the returns not having yet arrived.

† All sums derived from sources of this nature are directed by Act of Parliament to be invested and added to the funded stock of the Duchy.

"The discharge of fireworks commenced at eleven o'clock, and [illegible] that period the ground round the inclosure made for that purpose was kept by parties of police from the D, K, and H divisions, under the charge of Inspector Wiggins, and no accident of any kind occurred.

"A gentleman (name unknown at present) fell down dead in Alger's dancing booth, at three o'clock; the body was brought to the station, but nothing was found upon his person which will lead to his identity. The body was conveyed to the workhouse of St. George's Hanover Square.

"Upwards of 100 children, lost in the fair, were brought to the station, and notices posted up stating where the parents might apply; by which means the whole have been restored."

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Ditto to Christmas, 1837	4,622	0	0
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Ditto to Midsummer, 1838	4,946	0	0
Wood sales	*nil.*		
Dividends on stock invested, the produce of sales of lands, &c. under the Land Tax Act	496	9	6
Coals taken on rates from one eighth to one tenth of the free-share, but this year larger than usual	2,630	9	5
Stannary Court fees	83	4	9
Total	28,456	7	2

EXPENDITURE.	£	s.	d.
Salaries; Michaelmas, 1837, and Lady-day, 1838	5,342	0	10
Annuities to the late, and salaries to the present, Stannary officers, with tithes on tin	2,992	4	6
Audit expenses	352	8	0
Repairs to the Coinage Halls	*nil.*		
Surveys, &c.	19	13	0
Incidental expenses	685	12	6½
Agency fees	*nil.*		
Expenses of the coinages, including officers' fees and travelling charges	953	7	8
Donations and charities	125	0	5
Extraordinary payments	490	15	8
Law expenses	1,734	16	6
Poundage to the Receiver General and Auditor on payment to her Majesty's use	75	0	0
Total	12,670	19	1½

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
162.	Coroners.	Returns of the Number of Coroners within each County of England and Wales, whether County Coroners, Coroners for Counties of Cities, or for other special Districts, and specifying by what Authority such Coroners as are not elected by Freeholders are appointed; and of the Number and Dates of contested Elections for the Office of Coroner in each County of England and Wales, since January 1st, 1800, specifying the Number of Votes polled at each Election, and the Number of Days that each Contest continued.	28th Feb. 1838.	Returns from each of the fifty-two counties of England and Wales; and in several instances, besides the county coroners, the coroners for special and peculiar jurisdictions are returned, together with the names of the authorities by whom respectively appointed.
156.	Coroners' Inquests. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Returns of the Coroners' Inquests, and the Magistrates' Inquests of Inquiries, for Murders and Homicides committed in England and Ireland, from the 1st of January, 1827, to the 1st of December, 1837; with the number of Trials for Murders and Homicides during the same Period, and the Verdicts returned thereon.	10th May.	Very detailed Returns, extending through thirty-eight pages.
332.	Council, Orders in. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Copies of two Orders in Council (dated the 28th of July, 1838), respecting Indentured Apprentices in the Colonies. Presented by her Majesty's command.	3d Aug.	These Orders were promulgated in order to remedy all doubts which otherwise might have arisen as to the validity of former commissions in rendering contracts, made under them, binding on the parties, — masters and apprentices; the commissions having been framed special, under certain Orders in Council issued by his late Majesty, the effect of which was repealed — so far as regarded the duration of the period which had been originally assigned for the term of the apprenticeship of the negroes by the Slavery Abolition Act — by subsequent Orders in Council issued by her present Majesty. These two Orders have reference to British Guiana, and to Trinidad, St. Lucia, the Cape of Good Hope, and the Mauritius. The first declares, that "nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to annul or alter any contracts which, before the arrival of this present Order within the said colony (Guiana), shall have been entered into in pursuance and under the authority of the said recited Ordinance and Orders in Council; and that, during the continuance of any such antecedent contracts, the said recited Ordinance and Orders in Council shall, in reference to such Orders, and to the parties who have entered into the same, remain in full force." By the second, it is ordered, "That from and after the arrival of this present Order within any of the said colonies, all contracts which may at any time thereafter be made for the performance within the same of any service or labour in agriculture, or in or about the manufacture of any colonial produce, shall within such colony be and be taken by all courts, judges, justices, magistrates, and others therein, to be null and void, and of no effect, unless the person or persons thereby contracting to perform any such service or work shall, at the time of entering into any such contract, have been within the limits and upon the land of the colony within which such service or labour is to be performed by him, her, or them."

(See "Abolition," "Apprenticeship," "Apprenticed Negroes," &c.

497.	Courtenay, Sir Wil-	Copy of the Order of Commitment under which John	14th June.	Warrant of Commitment from the seal of Maidstone, to

the Mother, Death by Neglect of the Mother, Death in consequence of the Concealment of the Birth by the Mother, other Verdicts than the above; of the Number of Women convicted of the Murder of their illegitimate Children, at each Assizes during the last seven Years; of the Number of Women convicted of the illegal Concealment of the Birth of their illegitimate Children during each of the last seven Years; and of the Number of Women tried and acquitted of the above Charges in each Year during the last seven Years.

Years 1832 to 1837, inclusive.	Inquests on Children supposed to be illegitimate.	Verdicts of Wilful Murder against the Mother.	Verdicts of Death by Neglect of the Mother.	Other Verdicts.	Number of Women convicted of such Murders.	Number of Women tried and acquitted after Verdicts of Murder.	Number of Mothers convicted of illegal Concealment of Births of illegitimate Children, or of Verdicts of "Death," by reason of such Concealment.	
							Convicted.	Acquitted.
Central Criminal Court	6	5	—	1[a]	None.	2	6	—
Home Circuit	3	—	—	1[b]	—	2[c]	2	—
Midland ditto	6	6	—	—	—	7	7	1
Norfolk ditto	4	4	—	—	—	4	9	5
Northern ditto	10	7	—	3[d]	—	7	14	6
Oxford ditto	20	19	1	—	2	— [e]	12	6
Western ditto	21	21	—	—	1	—	20	17
County of Durham	2	1	1	—	—	1	2	—
County Palatine Lancaster	10	7	—	3[f]	—	2	8	—
North Wales and Chester	14[g]	8[h]	2	3[i]	1	7	3	1
South Wales Circuit	17	5	1	10[k]	—	—	7	3
Isle of Ely	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	—

[a] Verdict, "Manslaughter."
[b] Verdict, "Manslaughter."
[c] Discharged by proclamation. Bills ignored.
[d] Manslaughter (1 Westmoreland, 1 Yorkshire). One, in 1835, in Cumberland: "Endeavour to conceal the birth by placing the dead body on a fire, with intent to burn and consume it."
[e] One prisoner, committed for murder (besides those referred to in first column, for this circuit), was acquitted; and, in another case, bill was ignored.
[f] 1. Verdict, "Wilful murder by the grandmother of the child." 2. Verdict, "Wilful murder by persons unknown."
[g] In this and other cases, the apparent discrepancy between the numbers in the classes of cases, and the aggregate of the inquests in column 1., appearing to arise from the fact that, in many instances, even where conviction at assizes took place, no inquisition had been held by a coroner. (Ed. M. P.)
[h] In 1836, Jane Ellis (Merionethshire) escaped from the custody of the constables, who afterwards were indicted. She was not retaken. In the same year (Denbighshire), Catherine Parry was indicted for the murder of one child, and also for the concealment of another; and she pleaded "guilty" to the latter.
[i] Manslaughter (in 1836, Montgomeryshire) against both Margaret Lloyd and Jane Lloyd, of the bastard child of Margaret. Indicted for "Murder." Verdict, "Not guilty." 1. Verdict (Chester), "A still-born bastard child. Person unknown." On this circuit, 1 prisoner escaped; 1, no prosecutor appeared against, and inquisition defective; and against 2 the bills were ignored.
[k] Verdicts, "Death, in consequence of the concealment of the birth by the mother," against 4 prisoners. In five other cases, verdict of "Natural death after surviving several hours;" "Still-born;" "No evidence how the infants (all newly born) came to their deaths;" and, in two more, verdicts, "Wilful murder against some person or persons unknown."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	COURTENAY, SIR WILLIAM, *otherwise* THOM, JOHN NICHOLL—*continued.*			MEMORANDUM. It is requested that William Courtenay may not be discharged until his father (to whom the requisite communication has been made) or some person acting for him, attends at the Asylum to receive the prisoner. Whitehall, 9th October, 1837. In addition to this, the following letter from the magistrate, Dr. Poore, to the Secretary of State, Lord John Russell, briefly describes the main events of the truly unfortunate affair of the 31st of May: — Copy of Letter from Dr. Poore to the Secretary of State. My Lord, Murston, near Sittingbourne, 31st May, 1838. It is my painful and distressing duty to inform your Lordship, that a serious disturbance took place this day at the ville of Dunkirk, distant between four and five miles from Canterbury, which terminated in the death of eight of the rioters, including Courtenay, the leader, and two others, one an officer of the 45th regiment, quartered at Canterbury, by name of Bennett, and a private individual of Faversham, who was assisting the magistrates in suppressing the disturbance. Seven of the rioters are also wounded, as well as one other officer of the 45th regiment, by name of Pendergrass. The particulars are briefly these: — A man, calling himself Sir William Courtenay, but whose real name is, I believe, Thom, was, in the month of October last, discharged from the Kent County Lunatic Asylum, although of unsound mind, as appears by a letter accompanying this. It was represented to me, Tuesday afternoon last, that this man was exciting the lower classes residing at the ville of Dunkirk, Boughton, and adjoining parishes, to breaches of the public peace, by assembling in large numbers, and using violent and inflammatory language. Courtenay represented to them that they were oppressed by the laws in general, but more particularly by the New Poor Law; he called on them to place themselves under his command, and that he would insure them not only redress but plenty and affluence. From 50 to 100 of the most determined characters joined him, and marched about the various parishes, inviting other labourers to join them. Courtenay, himself, was armed with pistols and a sword. He drilled the men to march as soldiers, and some, I am told, had fire-arms, and others clubs: one was appointed, and called their general, and they had a flag. Yesterday I issued warrants for the apprehension of Courtenay and two others, who seemed to be leaders. This morning a constable, who had the warrants, and who was known to Courtenay, went to expostulate with him, accompanied by his brother, who was not a constable. I am told there was no intention of executing the warrants if there was the least resistance. When they came to where Courtenay and his party, of between forty and fifty, were encamped, Courtenay came forward, and asked the brother "if he was the constable?" who said "Yes" (this was not true); when Courtenay immediately shot him dead, and endeavoured with his sword to run the constable through the body, which he was only prevented doing by falling in making the thrust. Courtenay never knew that warrants were issued, neither were they attempted to be executed. An express was sent to me of the circumstance, and the military sent for from Canterbury, as it was found impracticable to subdue the rioters without their aid. A major and about 100 men of the 45th regiment arrived, when Mr. Norton Knatchbull, Mr. Halford, Mr. Baldock, and myself, all county magistrates,

and Certificate whereupon the Warrant for the removal from the Kent Lunatic Asylum is founded.

212. ——— Copy of all Correspondence with the Home Department, previous to the Remission of the Sentence of the Person styling himself Sir William Courtenay, relative to such Remission, and that Person's Conduct. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) 14th June.

Courtenay in said Lunatic Asylum. Letter, dated Truro, 15th August, 1837, from Mrs. Catherine Thom, wife of deceased, to the Right Honourable Sir Hussey Vivian, entreating his interference to procure the setting of her son at liberty. Letter from G. Turner, Esquire, to the same, bearing a high testimony to the character of Thom (otherwise Courtenay), while in the writer's confidential employment, and commending to Sir Hussey the earnest application of Mrs. Thom. — Letter from the Under Secretary of State, dated Whitehall, 4th September, 1837, requesting the visiting magistrates of the Lunatic Asylum for the County of Kent to forward "a medical certificate as to the mental and bodily state of W. Courtenay." — Reply of said magistrates, inclosing medical certificate of Mr. G. Poynder reporting the prisoner to be "in good bodily health, but of unsound mind;" as labouring "under delusion respecting his person and property;" and as having been identified as "John Nicholl Thom, formerly of Truro." The certificate concludes thus: — "He also fancies himself to be a knight of Malta, and heir to the Honeywood estate, as well as Powderham Castle."

Letter addressed to Mr. William Thom (the father), St. Colomb, by the Under Secretary, dated 5th October, 1837, in these terms: —

Sir,

Sir H. Vivian having represented to Lord J. Russell that you engage to receive and take proper care of your son, John Nicholl Thom, otherwise William Courtenay, in the event of his being liberated from the Kent Lunatic Asylum, — I am directed to acquaint you that his Lordship has, *upon this express understanding*, felt warranted in recommending the prisoner to his Majesty for a free pardon, and that he will be delivered to you, or any person acting for you, on application being made at the Asylum for that purpose.

I am, &c.
(Signed) F. Maule.

Then follow the Under Secretary's announcement of this proceeding, in similar terms, to Lieutenant General Sir Hussey Vivian; and a copy of the "Free Pardon," as follows: —

Victoria R. William Courtenay — Free Pardon.

Whereas William Courtenay was, at the Summer Assizes, 1833, holden in and for the county of Kent, convicted of perjury, and sentenced to be imprisoned three months, and then transported for seven years, for the same; we, in consideration of some circumstances humbly represented unto us, are graciously pleased to extend our grace and mercy unto him, and to grant him our free pardon for his said crime: — Our will and pleasure therefore is, that you cause him, the said William Courtenay, to be forthwith discharged out of custody; and for so doing, this shall be your warrant. Given at our Court at St. James's, the 3d day of October, 1837, in the first year of our reign.

By Her Majesty's command.
(Signed) J. Russell.

To our trusty and well-beloved the Superintendent of the Lunatic Asylum for the County of Kent, and all others whom it may concern.

* So described in warrant.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Criminal Offenders (England and Wales).			compared with the average of the last three years; but the intelligent author of this "memoir," himself, goes on from this unsatisfactory qualification of the terrible ratio in which crime has advanced within the one year 1837, to submit a calculation which, giving all weight to the importance of the more favourable results stated as to the account of malicious offences against property, and offences against the game laws, is perfectly appalling. "The principal increase, in the second class, has been in burglary, and in house, shop, and warehouse breaking; in sacrilege and robbery, there has been a decrease." "It is in the third class, containing the great bulk of offences committed by simple theft, or fraud, that the increase has principally occurred, amounting to nearly 17 per cent. In sheepstealing there has been a considerable increase in each of the last four years. In simple larceny, alone, the increase exceeds 18 per cent. In malicious offences against property, there has been a decrease which has reached 32 per cent., and has extended, with one exception, to every offence included in this class." Now, whether the balance of crime be struck as between different classes of offences, with respect to the relative degree of their prejudicial operation on the morals and wellbeing of society, or to their effect on the mere protection of property, this decrease of 32 per cent. in malicious offences against property (Class 4.), has surely, upon this calculation, been much more than counterbalanced by the admitted increase in Classes 2. and 3., already noticed; the one comprehending "offences against property committed with violence," the other, "offences against property committed without violence." From the mere recital of these three categories, it is evident that, under the ordinary institutions and police of any long-established and powerful community, individuals are much better protected, in fact — and because of the necessary circumstances of outrage and violence, of combination and open defiance, more or less, attending their commission — from the crimes included within Class 4., than from those falling under Classes 2. and 3. Class 4. contemplates those, so to call them, "overt offences," some of which almost presuppose, as their indispensable conditions, confederacy and conspiracy on the part of one or more associates; namely, arson (capital), setting fire to crops, plantations, heath, &c.; attempts to commit arson, set fire to crops, &c.; riot, and feloniously demolishing buildings machinery, &c.; destroying silk and other goods in process of manufacture, threshing machines, hop binds, trees and growing shrubs, killing and maiming cattle, sending threatening letters, &c. But Classes 2. and 3. embrace all the offences against property that are to be perpetrated by the housebreaker, in secresy, or in silence and darkness, excepting, indeed, in those cases where he assaults or menaces the person, or commits piracy, and that more numerous and more successful class of insidious depredations on property which are described in the various species of secret larceny, spoliation, and theft, here set forth: —"Sacrilege, burglary, housebreaking, breaking within the curtilage of dwelling-houses and stealing; misdemeanours with intent to commit the above offences; robbery; assaults with intent to rob, and demanding property with menaces; stealing in dwelling-houses, persons therein being put in fear; sending menacing letters to extort money; piracy; cattle, horse, and sheep stealing; larceny, to the value of 5*l.* in dwelling-house, from the person, by servants, simple; stealing from vessels in a port or river; stealing fixtures, trees, shrubs, &c., and misdemeanours with intent thereto; embezzlement; stealing and receiving letters stolen from the Post Office by servants; receiving stolen goods; frauds, and attempts to defraud." All experience shows that the proportion of offences in a populous and wealthy state is infinitely greater as to those under the last described classes, than those in Class 4. Indeed, on taking at hazard, from the tables before us, the returns for three agricultural and three manufacturing counties, this result is developed remarkably; and is confirmed by a like reference to the returns for the three metropolitan counties of Middlesex, Surrey, and Kent. We have, for this purpose, drawn up the following table: —

	Number committed.	Number committed.	Number committed.	
Cumberland . .	None.	119	3	0 to 122
Leicestershire . .	7	265	27	7 to 292
Sussex . . .	4	298	47	4 to 345
Lancashire . .	9	1723	109	9 to 1832
Warwick . .	4	696	93	4 to 789
Yorkshire . .	6	1161	55	6 to 1216
Middlesex . .	1	2563	137	1 to 2700
Surrey . . .	None.	742	33	0 to 775
Kent . . .	None.	754	53	0 to 807
Total for the nine Counties . .	31	8321	557	31 to 8878

Therefore we may assume that, in these nine counties, the proportion of the aggregate of offences committed pertaining to Class 4. is, in one year, not one 268th per cent. of the aggregate of those under both of the classes 2. and 3. A decrease, then, of 32 per cent. on this very limited class of crime, is no sort of set-off against an increase of 6 per cent. in the second class, and 17 per cent. as to one large branch of crime, and 18 per cent. as to another large branch of crime in Class 3. It is but a drop of pure water to an ocean of pollution. And that thus to estimate the relative bearing of these classes of crime on the interests of society at large, regard being had to the facility of repressing the one kind, and the difficulties of dealing with the other, is trying the question by no unfair test, the authority of a passage in Mr. Redgrave's paper may not improperly be quoted. "In looking to the increase, generally, it may be observed, in reference to what has been mentioned as to the effect of the new municipal police in producing it, — that assaults, both common assaults and those on peace officers, robbery and attempts to rob, larceny from the person (picking pockets), riots, breaches of the peace, &c., which, from their nature, are immediately open to the observation and prevention of a police, have decreased; whilst, on the contrary, those offences not so immediately within the view of a police, — whose action tends rather to their detection and prosecution than to their prevention, have increased, — such as larceny in dwelling-houses, thefts by servants, embezzlement, receiving stolen goods, frauds, uttering counterfeit coin, and keeping disorderly houses." Here, then, is virtually the strongest argument to confirm our fears that the decrease of positive crime produced by "the effect of the new municipal police," as to the petty assaults and other offences enumerated, were it even in the ratio of 50 or 100 per cent., is as nothing to the fearful advance which other crimes — far graver or more dangerous in their character, as they are incomparably more frightful in their frequency — are making among us! But if we turn to the fifth of the six classes into which these tables resolve themselves, is the announcement of the official compiler less astounding? "In forgery and offences against the currency," he says, "there has been an increase of 27 per cent." (!!) On the 6th and last class, a remark occurs which the "Tables" themselves may seem hardly to justify in all its extenuation. "In the 6th class — the miscellaneous class — there is a *trifling increase*, though there has been a marked *decrease* during the last three years in the offences against the game laws which are included in it. But among the offences not ranging

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	CRIMINAL OFFENDERS (ENGLAND AND WALES) — *continued.*			under those against the game laws, and as to which the increase is, unhappily, to be acknowledged, — there are some of a not less heinous character; and such, again, as neutralise the qualification set up in this instance, — as, assembling armed, &c., to aid smugglers, assaulting and obstructing officers employed to prevent smuggling, being at large under sentence of transportation, prison breaking, harbouring and aiding the escape of felons, perjury and subornation of perjury, administering unlawful oaths, conspiracy to raise the rate of wages, riot, breach of the peace and pound breach, felonies and misdemeanours not included in the above enumeration, &c. Thus much premised, it is impossible to convey, within the limits of an abstract, any sufficient outline of the mass of important facts condensed by Mr. Redgrave, or of the perspicuous mode in which he has digested them. The following extracts will strongly demonstrate the valuable property to which we allude: — "The Tables exhibit a considerable increase in the number of offenders brought before the criminal courts in the past year. Comparing the total numbers in England and Wales, in the years 1836 and 1837, the increase in the latter year amounts to 2628 persons, or nearly 12·5 per cent. Comparing the numbers in 1837 with the average of the three preceding years, the increase, in 1837, is 2224 persons, or 10·4 per cent. If these general results are examined in detail, it will be found that an increase has taken place in thirty-three English counties, and in both North and South Wales. In eight counties it has exceeded 30 per cent.; in nine counties it has been between 20 and 30 per cent.; and in ten counties it has been between 10 and 20 per cent." In seven counties (namely, Middlesex, Surrey, Bedford, Norfolk, Cambridge, Suffolk, and Huntingdon) there has been a decrease of crime, of varying amount, in each county. "The number of executions during the past year is far below that of any previous year on record. Eight persons, only, were executed, all of whom were convicted of murders of an atrocious character, — two for one offence in Norfolk, and one in each of the counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Bucks, Gloucester, Worcester, and York." The last paper in this collection is, "A comparative Table, showing the number of persons committed for trial, or bailed, in each of the last four years, distinguishing the numbers in each county." The general results (the detail being set out against each of the fifty-two counties of England and Wales, and the city of Bristol) are thus summed up: —

Year 1834.			Year 1835.			Year 1836.			Year 1837.		
Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.
15,995	6,456	22,451	14,729	6,002	20,731	14,771	6,213	20,984	17,090	6,522	23,612

123.	CUSTOMS.	Schedule of proposed Alterations of Customs Duties.	These regard the duties on Amboyna or Kyambucca wood; [illegible] (raw); [illegible] Judaicum; Blackwood [illegible] or

[illegible]; spirits; tallow (or buffalo, bull, cow, or ox); salepwood.

555. DANISH CLAIMS. Copy of Minute of the Board of Treasury, dated 22d June, 1838, on the Subject of Claims of British Subjects for Losses sustained in consequence of the Acts of the Danish Government in 1837. 4th July.

306. DEBT, NATIONAL. Account of the Gross Amount of all Bank Annuities and Long Annuities transferred, and Money paid to Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, &c. and Expenses incurred. 11th April.

1. An account of the gross amount of all sums received and paid by the commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt on account of banks for savings (including Friendly Societies) in Great Britain and Ireland, from their commencement at 6th of August, 1817, to the 20th of November, 1837, inclusive. Also, An account of all expenses incurred by the said commissioners for salaries of clerks, or other incidental charges, during the preceding years; pursuant to 9 Geo. IV. c. 92. s. 48.
2. An account of the gross amount of all Bank Annuities and Long Annuities, and any other annuities for terms of years, transferred, and of all sums of money paid to the commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt, and the gross amount of annuities for lives and for terms of years, which have been granted for the same, under the provisions of the Acts of the 10 Geo. IV. c. 24., and 3 Will. IV. c. 14., within the year ending 5th of January, 1838.

1.

From 6th of August, 1817, to 20th of November, 1837, inclusive.	Gross Amount of all Sums received and credited, including Interest up to and due upon 20th of November, 1837.	Gross Amount of all Sums paid, including Interest.	Gross Amount of all Sums, Stocks, Funds, Annuities and Exchequer Bills, standing in the Names of the Commissioners.				Sums paid for the Purchase of such Stocks, Funds, or Exchequer Bills.	Gross Amount of Interest or Dividends received thereon by the said Commissioners.	Gross Amount of Interest paid and credited to Savings Banks and Friendly Societies by such Commissioners, including Interest up to and due upon 20th of November, 1836.
			3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	Total Stock.	Exchequer Bills.			
	Col. 1. £ s. d.	Col. 2. £ s. d.	Col. 3. £ s. d.	Col. 4. £ s. d.	Col. 5. £ s. d.	Col. 6. £	Col. 7. £ s. d.	Col. 8. £ s. d.	Col. 9. £ s. d.
Great Britain	27,059,314 4 0	8,369,163 15 7	6,931,317 12 3	12,274,621 7 10	19,205,939 0 1	235,500	17,624,375 2 4	7,581,928 2 5	8,881,779 7 11
Ireland -	4,918,846 18 11	3,091,282 12 7	.. ..	1,031,588 13 7	1,031,588 13 7	91,200	1,045,994 8 6	492,035 14 1	676,281 7 7
Jointly £	31,978,161 2 11	11,460,446 8 2	6,931,317 12 3	13,306,210 1 5	20,237,527 13 8	326,700	18,670,369 10 10	8,073,963 16 6	9,558,060 15 6

In addition to the interest received by the Commissioners stated in Col. 8., there was due to them, up to the 20th of November, 1837, the sum of 6798*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* for interest on Exchequer Bills held by the commissioners.
Besides the Stock and Exchequer Bills stated in Cols. 5. and 6., the following balance remained uninvested on 20th of November, 1837, viz., 302,196*l.* 17*s.* 5*d.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	DEBT, NATIONAL—*continued.*			Also, An Account of all the expenses incurred by the said Commissioners for salaries of clerks, or other incidental charges during the preceding year. The charges of management under this head are not distinguished from the "General Management" of the office of the Commissioners; but so far as the same can be estimated, they may have amounted for the preceding year to about 3,400*l.*

Note.—The gross amounts stated in Cols. 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, are made up as follows:—

To 20th of November, 1837.	3 per Cent.	3½ per Cents.	Total Stock.	Exchequer Bills.	Sums paid.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total purchased	12,750,115 12 3	14,762,225 10 1	27,512,341 2 4	10,484,050 0 0	35,355,014 13 1
Deduct total sold and Exchequer Bills paid off	5,818,798 0 0	1,456,015 8 8	7,274,813 8 8	10,157,350 0 0	16,684,645 2 3
Leaves standing in the Commissioners' names on account of United Kingdom, upon 20th of November, 1837.	6,931,317 12 3	13,306,210 1 5	20,237,527 13 8	326,700 0 0	18,670,369 10 10
	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.

No. 2.

	Transferred and paid to the Commissioners.									Annuities granted.	
	3 per Cent. Consol Annuities.	3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities.	3 per Cent. Annuities, 1726.	3½ per Cent. Annuities, 1818.	3½ per Cent. Reduced Annuities.	3½ per Cent. New Annuities.	5 per Cent. New Annuities.	Total Stock.	Money paid including Commission.	Immediate.	Deferred.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Transferred and paid for Life Annuities	162,766	109,861	..	1409	7325	19,344	4723	305,428	178,751 10 0	44,527 13 6	907 0 0
Transferred and paid for Annuities for terms of years	7019	6,864	..	..	256	129	6429	20,697	4,150 10 10	2,814 10 0	60 2 0
	169,785	116,725	..	1409	7581	19,473	11,152	326,125	182,902 0 10	47,342 3 6	967 2 0

See "INCOME, PUBLIC." "EXPENDITURE, PUBLIC."

243.	DEBT, PUBLIC.	An Account of all Additions which have been made to the Annual Charge of the Public Debt, by the Interest of any Loan that hath been made, or Annuities created, in the last ten Years; presented in pursuance of an Act,	26th March, 1838.	A detailed account, from which it appears that the additions created to the debt, and the annual charge in respect of annuities and interest created on account of them, were, respectively, these:—

Ditto 1836	.	.	.	1,758,398*l.* (5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 89.) 3,497,271*l.* (6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 82.)			.	121,335	12 11
Ditto by reason of the 9 Geo. IV., c. 92. sect. 50, 51., coming into operation on account of proceedings of the commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt	.	.	.	1,177,879*l.* (9 Geo. IV. c. 92.)			.	35,689	14 6
Ditto	.	1837,	.	278,885*l.*	(Ditto)	.	.	8,450	3 10
Ditto	.	Ditto	.	806,971*l.*	(Ditto)	.	.	24,451	4 4
Ditto	.	Ditto	.	617,134*l.*	(Ditto)	.	.	18,699	3 1

These charges were either expressly authorised to be made on the Consolidated Fund, or provision for them has, in all cases, been made thereout. The "Annual Charge," in each instance, includes the charge for management.

DEBT. — See "BANKRUPTS."

47. DECLARATIONS IN LIEU OF OATHS.

Report from the Select Committee of the House of Lords appointed to inquire into the Expediency of substituting Declarations in lieu of Oaths in certain Cases, and to whom Leave was given to report from Time to Time to the Houses as they should see fit; together with the Minutes of Evidence taken before the Committee, and an Appendix and Index thereto. In continuation of Parliamentary Papers of this Session, No. 411.

19th June, 1837.

Thirty-seven witnesses examined. The Lords' Committees report, that it appears by the evidence, that many hundred thousand declarations have been taken during the last year, where Oaths would heretofore have been required; and that no particular inconvenience has been found to arise from the change. The committee are strongly of opinion that it is expedient to proceed still further to carry into execution the recommendations of the committee of 1834, and to abolish every unnecessary oath; and although, for the reasons for which the Houses of Parliament have determined to avoid the introduction of any new measures at the present moment, the committee have thought it expedient not at present to proceed further with their inquiry, in the hope that it may be resumed in a future Session, when it may lead to such further legislative measures as may give effect to the recommendations which may be suggested by the evidence they shall receive on this very important question, the committee have thought it advisable to reprint in the Appendix the Report made by the Select Committee appointed by the House in the Session 1834, "to inquire into the expediency of substituting declarations in lieu of oaths in certain cases," and the evidence taken before the committee appointed for the same purposes in the Session 1835, as expressing the principles which they think should guide any future proceedings on this subject.

DECCAN PRIZE MONEY.

A Return of the Value of the Booty captured as Prize Money by the Army, in the Deccan, in 1817-18.

4th July.

A Return of the value of the booty captured as prize money by the Army, in the Deccan, in 1817-18; the amount which has been distributed, and the dates when distributed; stating, also, the amount now in the possession of the trustees, or of the East India Company, and when the distribution of that amount will take place. —(See Parliamentary Papers 580. and 702. of 1833.)

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No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Deccan Prize Money — *continued.*			

Bengal Sicca Rupees.

By amount of Deccan booty realised and carried to the credit of the Deccan Prize Fund in an account rendered by the East India Company, dated 25th August, 1830 . . . . . 65.60.214
By interest thereon credited in the same account 33,83,733
By amount of profit on remittances of bullion 1,17,399
By amount of interest realised upon Exchequer bills in the custody of the Bank of England, in the names of the trustees 86,988
By amount realised by sale of the Nassuck jewel, in August last, invested in Exchequer bills, and deposited in the Bank of England in the names of the trustees 74,072

Total 102,22,406

N.B. In addition to the above, there are the Nagpore jewels in the custody of the East India Company, at Benares, and the subject of a correspondence with that court; and there are other points connected with the account rendered by the court, which are the subject of discussion with the Directors.

		Sicca Rupees.	
30th Sept., 1826.	Amount distributable under Royal warrant of this date . .	22,34,377	
13th Feb., 1828.	Ditto . ditto . ditto . . .	43,48,432	
13th July, 1832.	Ditto . ditto . ditto . . .	30,00,000	
6th Aug., 1834.	Ditto . ditto . ditto . . .	91,872	
	Amount of legal costs paid by order of the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury, in the years 1834 and 1835, to the Solicitor who represented the late Marquess of Hastings, Lieutenant General Sir Thomas Hislop, and Colonel Prothers Force, in prosecuting the claims of those parties; and to the Solicitor of the Treasury	1,27,526	
			98,02,207

Balance in Exchequer bills in the Bank of England, or in the possession of the East India Company . . . . . *S. R.* 4,20,299

P.S. — It has not been considered expedient to distribute this balance until the outstanding claims, the subject of discussion, as stated above, shall be settled.

London, 20th June, 1838.

Wellington.
Charles Arbuthnot.

John Kirkland,
Agent to the Trustees of the Deccan Booty.

398.	Derry Cathedral.	Copies of the Correspondence that took place between the Irish Government and the Dean of Derry, and also with Doctor M'Laughlin, Titular Bishop, and with Doctor [illegible] Derry, relative to	15th May, 1838.	Letter from the Dean of Derry to Lord Morpeth, inclosing affidavit of the fact of a Dr. M'Laughlin, assisted by two Roman Catholic priests, having attended the interment of a Mrs. Cathcart in the [illegible] of Derry Cathedral, and

Ditto	1,734,359*l.*	(5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 45.)	.	61,222	13 7
1836	3,437,271*l.*	(6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 82.)	.	121,335	12 11
Ditto by reason of the 9 Geo. IV., c. 92. sect. 50, 51., coming into operation on account of proceedings of the commissioners for the reduction of the National Debt	1,177,879*l.*	(9 Geo. IV. c. 92.)	.	35,689	14 6
Ditto . 1837,	278,885*l.*	(Ditto)	.	8,450	3 10
Ditto . Ditto	806,971*l.*	(Ditto)	.	24,451	4 4
Ditto . Ditto	617,134*l.*	(Ditto)	.	18,699	3 1

These charges were either expressly authorised to be made on the Consolidated Fund, or provision for them has, in all cases, been made thereout. The "Annual Charge," in each instance, includes the charge for management.

DEBT. — See "BANKRUPTS."

47. DECLARATIONS IN LIEU OF OATHS. — Report from the Select Committee of the House of Lords appointed to inquire into the Expediency of substituting Declarations in lieu of Oaths in certain Cases, and to whom Leave was given to report from Time to Time to the Houses as they should see fit; together with the Minutes of Evidence taken before the Committee, and an Appendix and Index thereto. In continuation of Parliamentary Papers of this Session, No. 411. — 19th June, 1837. — Thirty-seven witnesses examined. The Lords' Committees report, that it appears by the evidence, that many hundred thousand declarations have been taken during the last year, where Oaths would heretofore have been required; and that no particular inconvenience has been found to arise from the change. The committee are strongly of opinion that it is expedient to proceed still further to carry into execution the recommendations of the committee of 1834, and to abolish every unnecessary oath; and although, for the reasons for which the Houses of Parliament have determined to avoid the introduction of any new measures at the present moment, the committee have thought it expedient not at present to proceed further with their inquiry, in the hope that it may be resumed in a future Session, when it may lead to such further legislative measures as may give effect to the recommendations which may be suggested by the evidence they shall receive on this very important question, the committee have thought it advisable to reprint in the Appendix the Report made by the Select Committee appointed by the House in the Session 1834, "to inquire into the expediency of substituting declarations in lieu of oaths in certain cases," and the evidence taken before the committee appointed for the same purposes in the Session 1835, as expressing the principles which they think should guide any future proceedings on this subject.

556. DECCAN PRIZE MONEY. — A Return of the Value of the Booty captured as Prize Money by the Army, in the Deccan, in 1817-18. — 4th July. — A Return of the value of the booty captured as prize money by the Army, in the Deccan, in 1817-18; the amount which has been distributed, and the dates when distributed; stating, also, the amount now in the possession of the trustees, or of the East India Company, and when the distribution of that amount will take place. — (See Parliamentary Papers 580. and 702. of 1833.)

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
156.	East India Affairs.	Bengal. — Regulations passed by the Governor General in Council of Bengal. *Titles of the Regulations passed in* 1832. 1. A Regulation for suspending the Operation of the Laws and Regulations within the limits of the Jagheer assigned to the Maharajah Bagee Row Bahadoor, and for defining the mode of Address to be used in Communications to the Maharajah. — Passed by the Vice President in Council, on the 7th February, 1832. 2. A Regulation for the better Administration of Criminal Justice and Police in certain Cases. — Passed by the Vice President in Council, on the 14th of February, 1832. 3. A Regulation for extending the Provisions of Regulation X., 1811. — Passed by the Vice President in Council on the 13th of March, 1832. 4. A Regulation for declaring and explaining the Meaning and Intention of Section 41., Regulation X., 1819. — Passed by the Vice President in Council on the 13th of March, 1832. 5. A Regulation for annexing the Delhi Territory to the Jurisdiction of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawleet, and the Sudder Board of Revenue at Allahabad. — Passed by the Vice President in Council, 29th May, 1832. 6. A Regulation for enabling European Functionaries to avail themselves of the Assistance of respectable Natives in the Administration of Civil and Criminal Justice, and for modifying or dispensing with Futwas by Mohammedan Law Officers in certain Trials. — Passed by the Vice President in Council, 31st July, 1832. 7. A Regulation for modifying certain of the Provisions of Regulation V., 1831, and for providing Supplementary Rules to that Enactment. — Passed by the Vice President in Council, 16th October, 1832. 8. A Regulation for rescinding Regulation XIV., 1814. — Passed by the Vice President in Council, 20th November, 1832.	23d Feb., 1838.	A most valuable body of legal and judicial information is comprised in these Regulations, and the documentary papers by which they are illustrated. The Index not only supplies every possible facility for reference to the various provisions and enactments of these Regulations, but exhibits a clear and masterly analysis of their principles, objects, and application.

... officers of the Crown (founded "on the assumption that permission for the interment had been given to the offending parties by the proper authorities of the cathedral") that this was not an offence within the 10th Geo. IV. Rejoinder of the Dean of Derry, explicitly denying that any such permission had been given by him or other competent authority, or that his letter to Lord Morpeth could warrant for a moment any such assumption. Letter from Mr. Under Secretary Drummond to Dr. M'Laughlin, apprising him that the law officers of the Crown were of opinion that the Roman Catholic clergyman engaged in the transaction had violated the law, and rendered himself liable to the penalty of 50*l.* under said Act, and declaring that his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant greatly regrets the proceeding, and thinks the Dean and his Protestant parishioners have just reason to complain of it, more especially as the Roman Catholics of Derry have a burial ground adjoining their own chapel, where they are never interfered with and where they may perform the service and ceremonies of their own church," and that his Excellency requires to "receive *very satisfactory assurances* that the conduct complained of shall not be repeated." The answer to this communication is as follows: —

Sir, Londonderry, 19th February, 1838.

I am directed by the Right Reverend Dr. M'Laughlin to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 17th, and to assure his Excellency that in future no clergyman over whom he has any control shall violate the law.

T. Drummond, Esq.
&c. &c. &c.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) J. M'Laughlin.

This letter Mr. Drummond is desired by his Excellency to forward to the Dean of Derry for his information; and, he adds, that after the above assurance, "his Excellency considers there is no further cause for apprehending a recurrence of the circumstances complained of.

582.	Dublin Curates.	An Account of the Salaries that have been paid to each Dublin Curate under the Provision of the Act 3 & 4 Will. IV. c. 37. s. 73., and the Name of each respectively; and the Number of Years which they have served as Curates in their respective Parishes, together with the last three Years in which Assessments have been made for them or their Predecessors in the Parishes, and the Amount which they actually received therein; and of the Names of those Curates who have applied to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Salaries, and have not received any, with the Grounds upon which the Commissioners have declined to grant them.	11th July.	Return from twenty-four parishes of Dublin, the curates of which have applied for, but have not received salaries under 3 & 4 Will. IV.; and of other eight curates who have applied for, but have not received salaries under said Act.
187.	Durham University.	Copy of a Charter granted to the University of Durham.	6th March, 1838.	Extracted from Patent Rolls of the seventh year of Will. IV., in tit. "University of Durham."
875.	East India.	Minutes of the Supreme Government of India, of the Subject of Act XI. of 1836; together with such Portions of the Minutes of the Law Commissioners, recorded in October and November, 1835, as relate to the Grant of Jurisdiction over Europeans to the Courts of the Sudder Ameens.	3d April, 1838.	These minutes form the text of the debate which took place on the presentation of the Calcutta petition against Art. XI. of the Legislative Regulations of the Indian Government. (See Debate on Indian Legislation.)

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No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
51.	East India Company —*continued.*	Accounts respecting the annual Territorial Revenues and Disbursements of the East India Company for Three Years (1832–3, 1833–4, 1834–5), according to the last Advices, with an Estimate of the same for the succeeding Year.	19th Dec.	The chief part of these accounts has already appeared in our "Abstracts" of Parliamentary Papers of former Sessions. We subjoin—

No. 11. — General abstract View of the Revenues and Charges of India, for the Years comprised in the preceding Accounts, including the Charges disbursed in this Country.

REVENUES.	1832–33.	1833–34.	1834–35.	1835–36. partly estimated.
Bengal (See Account, No. 1.) . . . . . Sa. R.	9,48,77,776	8,84,42,407	5,92,30,735	6,17,14,631
Agra (ditto, No. 3.)	..	..	4,03,22,158	3,88,59,089 actual.
Madras (ditto, No. 5.) . . . { Madras rupees	3,16,30,028	3,44,55,237	3,58,79,294	3,823,4051
{ Sicca rupees	2,96,99,557	3,23,52,335	3,36,89,479	3,59,00,518 actual.
Bombay (ditto, No. 7.) . . . { Bombay rupees	1,59,46,334	1,70,47,360	1,60,15,275	1,92,33,323
{ Sicca rupees	1,49,73,083	1,60,06,911	1,50,37,817	1,80,59,458
Total ordinary revenues . . . Sicca rupees	13,95,50,416	13,68,01,653	14,22,80,189	*15,45,83,596
	£13,955,042	£13,680,165	£14,228,019	£15,453,359
Extraordinary Receipts.				
Bengal (See Account, No. 1.) . . . . Sa. R.	..	..	14,02,333	4,36,700
Madras (ditto, No. 5.) . . . { Madras rupees	..	..	2,02,413	93,728
{ Sicca rupees	..	..	1,90,059	88,008
Bombay (ditto, No. 7.) . . . { Bombay rupees	..	..	.	2,81,000
{ Sicca rupees	..	..	..	‡ 2,63,849
Sicca rupees	..	..	15,92,392	7,88,557
		..	£159,239	£78,856
Total ordinary and extraordinary Revenues, in pounds sterling .	£13,955,042	£13,680,165	£14,387,258	£15,532,215
Extraordinary Receipts in England:—				
The amount realised in England from the commercial assets, after deducting the sum of 2,000,000*l.* set apart for formation of the Guarantee Fund for the Proprietors of East India Stock, and certain extraordinary charges, amounting, in 1834–35, to 176,456*l.*, and, in 1835–36, to 280,282*l.*, as exhibited in the House account laid before Parliament, defrayed directly from the produce of the assets applicable to the service of the Government of India, per Act 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 85.	..	..	8,502,767	1,573,431
Deficiency .	964,332	..	..	..
	£14,919,374	£13,680,165	£22,890,025	£17,105,646

ABSTRACT AND SUMMARY OF

[illegible] (ditto) No. 3.)	Sicca rupees	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,21,98,247	3,01,45,349
		3,17,43,473	3,25,89,950	3,01,76,758	2,83,05,492 actual.
Bombay (ditto, No. 7.)	Bombay rupees	2,16,89,660	2,09,59,684	2,03,21,178	2,08,05,505
	Sicca rupees	2,03,47,099	1,96,80,454	1,90,80,918	1,95,35,685
	Sicca rupees	12,89,62,850	12,24,54,892	12,24,80,709	11,86,91,968
Total ordinary charges of India		£12,896,285	£12,245,489	£12,248,071	£11,869,197
EXTRAORDINARY CHARGES.					
Bengal (See Account, No. 1.)	Sicca rupees	..	..	40,27,669	1,12,95,700
Madras (ditto, No. 5.)	Madras rupees	..	..	5,78105	..
	Sicca rupees	..	..	5,42,821	....
Bombay (ditto, No. 7.)	Bombay rupees	..	..	12,789	..
	Sicca rupees	..	..	11,961	..
	Sicca rupees	..	..	45,82,451	1,12,95,700
		..	..	£458,245	£1,129,570
Total ordinary and extraordinary charges in pounds sterling		£12,896,285	£12,245,489	£12,706,316	£12,998,767
				Charges in excess of repayment by her Majesty's Government.	
Charges on account of St. Helena (See No. 9.)		95,553	91,641	11,557	25,335
Charges disbursed in England (See No. 10.)		1,227,536	1,293,637	2,162,868	2,109,814
Total charges of India		£14,219,374	£13,630,767	£14,880,741	£15,133,916
Surplus		..	49,398	8,009,284	2,071,730
		£14,219,374	£13,680,065	£22,890,025	£17,205,646

585. ——

Home Accounts of the East India Company (presented pursuant to the Act 3 & 4 Will. IV. c. 85.)

12th July, 1838.

1. An Account of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Home Treasury of the East India Company, from 1st May, 1837, to 30th April, 1838.

2. Estimate of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Home Treasury of the East India Company, from 1st May, 1838, to 30th April, 1839.

3. An Account of the Debts and Credits in England of the Government of India, on the 1st May, 1838.

(1.) On account of the realisation of their commercial assets and transactions incident to the closing of their commercial concerns: —

RECEIPTS (including sales of tea and other import goods, 684,636*l.*)		£ 841,578
DISBURSEMENTS (Customs, freight, and commercial establishments, 46,271*l.*; private trade payments, 38,389*l.*, &c. &c.)	£ 85,526	
Balance applicable to government of India	756,052	
		£ 841,578

6809

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	East India Company — *continued.*	4. A List of the several Establishments of the East India Company in England, and the Salaries and Allowances payable by the Court of Directors in respect thereof, on the 1st May, 1838.		
		5. An Account of new or increased Salaries, Establishments, or Pensions payable in Great Britain, granted or created between 1st May, 1837, and 1st May, 1838.		
		6. Allowances, Compensations, Remunerations, and Superannuations granted to Officers and Servants of the East India Company, under the 93d section of the Act 53 Geo. III. c. 55., between 1st May, 1837, and 1st May, 1838. Compensations granted between 1st May, 1837, and 1st May, 1838, under the Act 3 & 4 Will IV. c. 85. s. 7.		
		7. To reduced Officers and Servants of the East India Company in England, in the form of Annuities, and to their Widows and Children.		
		8. To Commanders and Officers of the Company's Maritime Service in the form of Annuities.		
		9. To the Maritime Service, in the form of Gratuities, to those who have served less than ten Years, computed according to Rank and Service.		
		10. Extra Compensation in the form of a Gratuity to an Officer of a Company's own Ship.		
		11. To the Family of a deceased Gunner in the Company's Service, in the form of an Annuity.		

On account of the government of India: —

	£
Net amount, as above, realised from commercial assets within the year	756,052
Receipts (including bills from India, account of supplies to public service, 78,624*l.*; bills drawn on India for cash received into Home Treasury, 1,706,185*l.*; advances made in India and China on security of goods of individuals repaid here,— in India, 1,031,284*l.*; in China, 915,616*l.*; sales of raw silk, net amount realised, 115,682*l.*), &c. &c.	3,929,055
Balance, in favour, 1st May, 1837,	2,737,440
	£7,422,547

Disbursements. — Bills of Exchange from India, for principal (A) and interest (B) of India debt, (viz., (A) 103,517*l.*; (B) 106,823*l.*; dividends on India Loan, property transferred to banks in England, 110,395*l.*; advance to compassionate funds of India repayable there, 209,461*l.*, &c. &c.) In all	816,935
Charges on the revenues of India (dividends to proprietors of East India stock, 626,570*l.*; military and other public stores, expected to be exported, 226,751*l.*; furlough and retired pay, 488,571*l.*)	2,347,759
Extraordinaries	10,892
	3,175,586
Balance in favour, 30th April, 1838,	4,246,961
	£7,422,547

(2.) Estimate, on account of the realisation of their commercial assets and transactions, incident to the closing of their commercial concerns, from the 1st of May, 1838, to the 30th of April, 1839: —

Receipts	537,741
Disbursements	22,230

				Disbursements (including principal of Home Bond Debt, 1,788,425*l.*) . . 5,569,650 Balance in favour, 30th April, 1839, . . 2,096,913 £7,666,563 (The other accounts are set forth in minute detail.)
179.	Ecclesiastical Commission.	Orders in Council, of 11th December, 1837, and 1st February, 1838, approving two Schemes prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, under 5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 77. (Presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	1st March, 1838.	Orders in Council of 11th December, 1837, and 1st February, 1838, approving—the former, a scheme of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for providing a site for a residence for Bishops of Ripon; the latter, approving a scheme of the Law Commissioners for altering the boundary line between the dioceses of York and Ripon.
423.	———	Order of her Majesty in Council, dated 4th April, 1838, ratifying a Scheme prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, under 6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 77., for prospectively augmenting the Income of the See of Lincoln, and for providing a Residence for the Bishop of Lincoln, within the new Limits of his Diocese.	23d May, 1838.	Dated 3d April, 1838.
185.	Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway Bill. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee of the House of Lords, to whom the Bill intituled "An Act for making a Railway from Edinburgh to Glasgow, to be called 'The Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway, with a Branch to Falkirk,'" was committed.	31st May, 1838. &c. &c.	Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, &c., to the end of the Evidence.
474.	Edinburgh and Leith Agreement.	Report from the Select Committee on Edinburgh and Leith Agreement. With an Appendix.	12th June, 1838.	Committee report, "That, in their opinion, it is expedient that the terms of the agreement on the affairs of Leith and Edinburgh, (an agreement proposed to be entered into between the City of Edinburgh, the Creditors and the Port of Leith), which has been referred to their consideration, should be carried into effect by an Act of Parliament; and that the interest payable upon the Government debt upon the Leith property ought to be postponed for that purpose; but that no part of the Government debt should be abandoned."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
395.	EDUCATION.	1. A Return of the Sums granted by Parliament in each Year, from 1834 to 1837 inclusive, for the Advancement of Education in England and Wales. 2. A Return of the Number of Applications made to the Lords of the Treasury in each Year, from 1834 to 1837, inclusive, in aid towards Building or Maintenance of Schools or Payment of Teachers, classified according to the Societies and Counties to which they respectively belong. A Return of Number of Amount of Grants, and of the Amount of each Grant, severally made by the Lords of the Treasury, in answer to such Applications, classified according to the Counties and Societies to which the Schools to which such Grants have been made respectively belong; and A Report of the Manner in which such Grants have been applied to each School, and of the Result produced thereby; namely,— National School Society. British and Foreign School Society. 3. A Copy of the Conditions and Regulations under which such Grants have been made. 4. A Return of the Names and Qualifications of Inspectors, if any, appointed by the Treasury, to see such Grants applied in accordance with the Regulations under which they were made. 5. A Return of the Sum granted by Parliament for the Establishment of Schools for Teachers: — and a Report of the Progress made, if any, in the Application of such Grant.	15th May, 1838.	In 1833 . . . . £20,000 1834 . . . . 20,000 1835 . . . . 20,000 1836 . . . . 20,000 1837 . . . . 20,000 (The other classes of papers are printed in too much detail for any purposes of this Abstract.)
399.	ELECTORS REGISTERED.	A Return, in Alphabetical Order, from every County, City, and Borough, in England and Wales, of the Number of Electors registered in each for Year 1836 and 1837, classifying them under their respective Qualifications. Similar Return for Scotland. Similar Return for Ireland. Return of the Number of Electors who actually polled in every County, City, and Borough of England and Wales at the late General Election, classifying them under	27th April, 1838.	Extremely detailed Returns — 307 pages. In several cases of Irish and Scotch counties and boroughs, not only have the returns beeen made in compliance with the Orders of the House, but the *names* of the electors, their calling, description (as proprietors or tenants), the nature of the property in right of which they claim to vote, and the parish in the municipality or county, are set forth at length. —(See County of Monaghan, Queen's County, Ayr and contributaries, Dumfries and ditto.)

				£7,666,563
				Disbursements (including principal of Home Bond Debt, 1,788,425*l.*) . . 5,569,650
				Balance in favour, 30th April, 1839, . . . 2,096,913
				£7,666,563
				(The other accounts are set forth in minute detail.)
179.	Ecclesiastical Commission.	Orders in Council, of 11th December, 1837, and 1st February, 1838, approving two Schemes prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, under 5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 77. (Presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	1st March, 1838.	Orders in Council of 11th December, 1837, and 1st February, 1838, approving — the former, a scheme of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, for providing a site for a residence for Bishops of Ripon; the latter, approving a scheme of the Law Commissioners for altering the boundary line between the dioceses of York and Ripon.
423.	———	Order of her Majesty in Council, dated 4th April, 1838, ratifying a Scheme prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, under 6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 77., for prospectively augmenting the Income of the See of Lincoln, and for providing a Residence for the Bishop of Lincoln, within the new Limits of his Diocese.	23d May, 1838.	Dated 3d April, 1838.
185. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway Bill.	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee of the House of Lords, to whom the Bill intituled "An Act for making a Railway from Edinburgh to Glasgow, to be called 'The Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway, with a Branch to Falkirk,'" was committed.	31st May, 1838. &c. &c.	Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, &c., to the end of the Evidence.
474.	Edinburgh and Leith Agreement.	Report from the Select Committee on Edinburgh and Leith Agreement. With an Appendix.	12th June, 1838.	Committee report, "That, in their opinion, it is expedient that the terms of the agreement on the affairs of Leith and Edinburgh, (an agreement proposed to be entered into between the City of Edinburgh, the Creditors and the Port of Leith), which has been referred to their consideration, should be carried into effect by an Act of Parliament; and that the interest payable upon the Government debt upon the Leith property ought to be postponed for that purpose; but that no part of the Government debt should be abandoned."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
389.	EMIGRATION, CANADA AND AUSTRALIA.	Copy of the Annual Report from the Agent for Emigration in Canada, for 1837. Copies of Extracts of any Correspondence between the Secretary of State for the Colonies and the Governors of the Australian Colonies.	14th May.	These papers are arranged under several heads.—(1.) LOWER CANADA.—Copy of a despatch from the Earl of Gosford to Lord Glenelg, inclosing annual Report from the agent for emigration in Canada. AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.—Copies or extracts, &c. NEW SOUTH WALES.—(2.) Extract of despatch from Governor Sir Richard Bourke, K.C.B., to Lord Glenelg, dated Government House, Sydney, 17th of June, 1837 (with inclosures). (3.) Extract of despatch from Lord Glenelg to Governor Sir George Gepps, 14th of December, 1837 (with inclosures). (4.) Extract of despatch from Sir R. Bourke to Lord Glenelg, dated Sydney, 8th of September, 1837 (two inclosures). (5.) VAN DIEMEN'S LAND.—Extract of despatch from Sir John Franklin to Lord Glenelg, 12th of April, 1837.

1. Analysis of the returns of weekly arrivals of emigrants at Quebec and Montreal, during year 1837, specifying the number of males, females, and children under 14 years; also, of the number of voluntary emigrants, and those that received parochial aid.

	Males.	Females.	Children under 14 Years of Age.	Parochial Aid.	Voluntary.	General Total.
Total from Week ending May 13. to Week ending October 28. 1837.	11,740	6,079	4,082	1,571	20,330	21,901

* Names of ports from whence these emigrants came:—Lists of 44 ports in England and Wales; 25 in Ireland; 24 in Scotland; from whence emigrants have arrived in each year, from 1831 to 1837, respectively. From England the greatest number sailed in 1837, from London (967), Lynn (1546), and Liverpool (2247). From Ireland, in the same year, the greatest bodies of emigrants were shipped at Limerick (1055), Londonderry (1424), Sligo (1813), Belfast (1999), Dublin (2535), and Cork (2699). From Scotland, at Leith (253), Aberdeen (252), and Greenock (698).

No. 3. The result of a comparative statement of the number of emigrants arrived at Quebec since the year 1829, inclusive, is as follows:—

1829.	1830.	1831.	1832.	1833.	1834.	1835.	1836.	1837.	Grand Total.
15,945	28,000	50,254	51,746	21,752	30,935	12,527	57,728	21,901	290,788

No. 5. Return of the number of emigrants arrived at New York from the United Kingdom, for the last 9 years.

In the year 1829	11,501	In the year 1834	26,540		
1830	21,433	1835	16,749	Total	296,288

... March and 15th of October, 1836.

Married Persons.		Children, allowing, on an Average, two Children to each Family.	Single Men.	Single Women.	Total.			General Total.
Male.	Female.				Men.	Women.	Children.	
744	744	1488	69	86	813	830	1488	3403

To this class of the papers are subjoined various communications on the subject of importing Hill Coolies into the colony, for the purposes of agricultural labour.

68. ESTABLISHED CHURCH. The Draft of a fifth Report prepared by the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to Ecclesiastical Revenues; also the Correspondence thereon. 22d Dec., 1837.

This "Draft (as amended to 6th March, 1837,)" comprises no less than 71 propositions, embodying the several recommendations upon which the Commissioners have finally concurred with relation to the several matters referred to them.

See "CHURCH COMMISSION."

315. ESTIMATES (IRELAND). Ditto, Ditto, — viz., Charitable Institutions and Miscellaneous Services. 11th April.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

	£
1. Schools and education	50,000
2. Foundling Hospital	12,500
3. House of Industry	20,000
4. Hibernian Marine Society	150
5. Female Orphan House	1,000
6. Westmoreland Lock Hospital	2,500
7. Lying-in Hospital	1,000
8. Dr. Steeven's Hospital	1,500
9. Fever Hospital (Cork Street)	3,800
10. Hospital for Incurables	500
11. Roman Catholic College	8,928
12. Royal Irish Academy	300
13. Royal Hibernian Academy	300
14. Royal Dublin Society	5,300
15. Board of Charitable Bequests	700
16. Belfast Academical Institution	1,800

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.

	£
17. Public Buildings under Board of Works	13,839
18. Chief and Under Secretary's Office	22,332
19. Household of the Lord Lieutenant	12,394
20. Paymaster of the Civil Services' Office	4,376
21. Printing proclamations and statutes	4,150
22. Non-conforming and other ministers	31,719
23. Criminal prosecutions and other law charges	66,700
24. Police of Dublin	28,732
25. Commissioners of Public Works	3,206
26. Townland Boundaries	7,000
27. Railway Commission	12,700
Total amount for Charitable Institutions and Miscellaneous Services	£317,426*

* Increase, as compared with this estimate, for 1836, 23,199*l.*; for 1837, 9968*l.*
As compared with 1836, the increase is, on the above items, respectively numbered 1. 17. 22. 23, 24. and 27.
As compared with 1837, the increase is, on the items above, respectively numbered 18. 22, 23, 24. and 27.
As compared with 1836, the decrease is, on items, respectively, Nos. 2. 16. 18, 19, 20, 21. 25.; and for Dunmore Harbour and clerks of the peace, expenses under the Reform Act, respectively charged in 1836, 5271*l.* and 6000*l.* No charge for these appeared on estimates either of 1837 or 1838.
As compared with 1837, the decrease is on the items Nos. 2. 17. 20, 21. and 25.

See "IRELAND."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When orderd to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
640.	ESTIMATES. ARMY BALANCE SHEET.	Balance Sheet of the Estimate and Expenditure on account of ordinary Army effective Services for the twelve Months ended the 21st of March, 1837; showing the Amount of Expenditure which was finally audited to the 1st of April, 1838, and the Amount of outstanding Demands and of unaudited Expenditure on the same Date.	27th July.	

Balance Sheet of the Estimate and Expenditure for effective Army services, for the year ended 31st March, 1837.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Expenditure above Estimate. £ s. d.	Expenditure below Estimate. £ s. d.
Land Forces: —			Land Forces: —				
Grant of Parliament on account of the land forces	3,085,280 6 8		Finally audited expenditure issued under warrants of the Secretary at War	3,098,546 11 10			
Further grant (provisional force at the Cape of Good Hope)	25,000 0 0		Outstanding claims	10,661 6 5			
Amount of Parliamentary grant		3,110,280 6 8	Probable expenditure		3,109,207 18 3	. .	17,833 15 2
Received from services not anticipated when estimate prepared		16,761 6 9	Staff: —				
Applicable to charge of land forces		3,127,041 13 5	Finally audited expenditure	135,683 1 0			
Staff: —			Outstanding claims	180 9 0			
Parliamentary grant		153,684 8 5	Actual and probable expenditure		135,863 10 0	. .	17,820 18 5
Public departments: —	£ s. d.		Public departments: —				
Parliamentary grant	57,479 8 6		Finally audited expenditure		57,710 16 1	. .	522 8 11
Expected to be derived from fees	753 16 6		Military Asylum and Hibernian School: —				
Applicable to the charge of public departments		58,233 5 0	Finally audited expenditure		13,848 0 3	83 4 7	
Military Asylum and Hibernian School: —			Volunteer Corps: —				
Parliamentary grant		13,764 15 8	Finally audited expenditure		104,050 15 10	. .	2,160 10 10
Volunteer Corps: —						£ 83 4 7	38,337 13 4
Parliamentary grant		103,911 6 8					83 4 7
Applicable to effective army services		3,458,935 9 2	Balance		38,254 8 9		38,254 8 9
				£	3,458,935 9 2		

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Amount granted by Parliament		3,441,480 5 11	The expenditure finally audited, is	3,409,839 5 0
Received from sources not anticipated when estimate prepared	£ s. d. 16,761 6 9		Outstanding claims	10,841 15 5
And from fees	753 16 6		Balance	38,254 8 9

notices of 28th of March and 18th of October, 1836.

Married Persons.		Children, allowing, on an Average, two Children to each Family.	Single Men.	Single Women.	Total.			General Total.
Male.	Female.				Men.	Women.	Children.	
744	744	1488	69	86	813	830	1488	3403

To this class of the papers are subjoined various communications on the subject of importing Hill Coolies into the colony, for the purposes of agricultural labour.

66. ESTABLISHED CHURCH. The Draft of a fifth Report prepared by the Commissioners appointed to consider the state of the Established Church in England and Wales, with reference to Ecclesiastical Revenues; also the Correspondence thereon. — 22d Dec., 1837.

This "Draft (as amended to 6th March, 1837,)" comprises no less than 71 propositions, embodying the several recommendations upon which the Commissioners have finally concurred with relation to the several matters referred to them.

See "CHURCH COMMISSION."

315. ESTIMATES (IRELAND). Ditto, Ditto, — viz., Charitable Institutions and Miscellaneous Services. — 11th April.

CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

	£
1. Schools and education	50,000
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4. Hibernian Marine Society	150
5. Female Orphan House	1,000
6. Westmoreland Lock Hospital	2,500
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9. Fever Hospital (Cork Street)	3,800
10. Hospital for Incurables	500
11. Roman Catholic College	8,928
12. Royal Irish Academy	300
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15. Board of Charitable Bequests	700
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17. Public Buildings under Board of Works	13,839
18. Chief and Under Secretary's Office	22,332
19. Household of the Lord Lieutenant	12,394
20. Paymaster of the Civil Services' Office	4,376
21. Printing proclamations and statutes	4,150
22. Non-conforming and other ministers	31,719
23. Criminal prosecutions and other law charges	66,700
24. Police of Dublin	28,732
25. Commissioners of Public Works	3,206
26. Townland Boundaries	7,000
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Total amount for Charitable Institutions and Miscellaneous Services	£317,426*

* Increase, as compared with this estimate, for 1836, 23,199*l.*; for 1837, 9988*l.*
As compared with 1835, the increase is, on the above items, respectively numbered 1. 17. 22. 23, 24. and 27.
As compared with 1837, the increase is, on the items above, respectively numbered 18. 22, 23, 24. and 27.
As compared with 1836, the decrease is, on items, respectively, Nos. 2. 16. 18, 19, 20, 21. 25.; and for Dunmore Harbour and clerks of the peace, expenses under the Reform Act, respectively charged in 1836, 5271*l.* and 6000*l.* No charge for these appeared on estimates either of 1837 or 1838.
As compared with 1837, the decrease is on the items Nos. 2. 17. 20, 21. and 25.

See "IRELAND."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Estimates, Army — *continued.*	Abstract of Charges for effective Services; Abstract of Charges for non-effective Service; a comparative Abstract of the Estimates for the Years ending 31st March, 1838, and 31st March, 1839; and a Supplemental Estimate.		
	See "Army."			
606.	Militia.	Report. — The Select Committee appointed to prepare Estimates of the Charge of the Disembodied Militia of Great Britain and Ireland, for a Year, to the 31st of March, 1839, have prepared the said Estimates accordingly, and agreed to report the same to the House.	23d July.	

Abstract of estimate prepared by the Committee (to 31st of March, 1839).

Great Britain.	No. of Men.	Amount.	Ireland.	No. of Men.	Amount.
		£			£
Regular Militia.			Regular Militia.		
For staff, subalterns, liable to serve; reduced officers, the greater part liable to serve; disabled officers .	1515	74,647	For staff, &c. &c. . .	768	37,978
Out-pensioners of the regular militia of Great Britain and Ireland .	4421	56,934			
Totals regular militia .	5936	131,581			
Local Militia.					
Allowances to reduced adjutants .	142	10,366			
Out-pensioners . .	199	2,697			
Totals for Great Britain . .	6277	144,644			
Ditto for Ireland . .	768	37,978			—
Totals Great Britain and Ireland .	7045	£182,622*	Total for Ireland . . .	768	37,978

* Decrease, as compared with estimates 1838,—number of men, &c., 288; charge, 9493*l*.

(A) is an account of issues made by the Paymaster General under the warrants of the Secretary at War, upon actual settlement of the regimental accounts, exclusive of regiments in India, for pay, allowances, clothing, agency and contingency charges; the sums received as appropriations in aid having been previously brought to credit for the year ended 31st March, 1837.

(B) Statement of expenditure upon actual settlement of accounts for the recruiting department in London, for the several recruiting districts and depôts, and for the general hospitals in Great Britain and Ireland, &c., for 1837, exclusive of India.

(C) Statement of expenditure upon actual settlement of accounts for miscellaneous charges not included in the regimental or district accounts, for year ended 31st March, 1837, exclusive of charge for regiments in India.

(D) Abstract of charges included in estimate of land forces, April, 1836, to 31st March, 1837, exclusive of India.

Also, "Public Departments. Statement of amount estimated, and of the expenditure upon the actual settlement of accounts, for the charge of the several public military departments, for year ended 31st March, 1837." "Statement of amount estimated, and of expenditure, upon actual settlement of accounts, for charge of Royal Military Asylum, and of Hibernian Military School, for the same period." "Statement of amount estimated, and of expenditure, upon actual settlement of accounts, for charge of Volunteer Corps for same period."

102. ESTIMATES, ARMY. Estimates of Effective and Non-effective Army Services, from the 1st of April, 1838, to the 31st of March, 1839. 2d February, 1838.

	After deducting Appropriations and available Funds.
Estimates of Effective Services: —	£
1. Land Forces (including 619,720 officers and men, for India, and charge for them, to be defrayed by the East India Company), 109,027 officers and men	3,992,727
2. Staff officers (at home and abroad, exclusive of India)	155,856
3. Public Departments	60,982
4. Royal Military Colleges	17,924
5. Royal Military Asylum	16,583
6. Volunteer Corps	80,280
Total	£4,324,352
Deduct charge defrayed by East India Company	682,948
	£3,641,404
Estimates on Non-effective Services: —	
7. Rewards for distinguished services	15,981
8. Army pay of general officers	103,000
9. Full pay of retired officers	60,000
10. Half pay and military allowances	529,000
11. Foreign half pay	69,500
12. Widows' Pensions	148,650
13. Compassionate list, &c.	139,000
14. In-pensioners of Chelsea and Kilmainham, and out-pensioners of Chelsea Hospital	1,310,764
15. Superannuation allowances	44,230
Total charge	£6,061,529

As compared with estimates for estimate of last year: — Increase of numbers, 8,328; increase of charge, 79,716*l.*; increase of appropriations, 31,683*l.*; increase of amount to be provided, 48,033*l.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.					
	ESTIMATES, MISCELLANEOUS, No. II. —*continued.*								£
		5. Secretary of State, Colonial Department							24,745
		6. Privy Council Office and Office for Trade							26,130
		7. Paymaster General (consolidated office)							35,497
		8. Comptroller of the Exchequer and Paymaster of Civil Services							16,404
		9. Professors, Oxford and Cambridge							2,006
		10. Insolvent Debtors' Court							13,210
		11. Penitentiary, Millbank							15,162
		12. State Paper Office and Record Offices, Tower, and Exchequer							4,213
		13. Commissioners — Criminal Law							5,100
		14. Commissioners — Religious Instruction, Scotland							4,000
		15. Commissioners — Inquiry, Handloom Weavers							4,010
		16. Commissioners — Ecclesiastical, England							2,500
		17. Commissioners — Poor Laws							52,002
		18. Commissioners for preventing Traffic in Slaves							14,700
		19. Consuls abroad							105,943
		20. Inspectors and Superintendents of Factories							8,850
		21. Inspectors of Prisons							6,000
		22. Mint (including coinage and prosecutions relating to coin)							53,703
		(*a*) Commisioners — Charities Inquiry		(1836)	£ 30,000	(1837)	£ 11,825		
		(*b*) Ditto — Municipal Corporations			29,800		—		Nil.
		(*c*) Ditto — County Rates			753		—		
		(*d*) Ditto — Religious Instruction, Ireland			36,800		—		
									£ 614,374*

* Decrease in this amount, as compared with 1836, 74,460*l.*; 1837, 3,917*l.*

512.	MISCELLANEOUS, No. III.	Estimates, &c., Miscellaneous Services, for the Year ending the 31st of March, 1839.	11th April, 1838.	1837. £	1838. £
		1. Superannuation and retired allowances		76,618	82,900
		2. Toulonese and Corsican emigrants, &c., and American loyalists		10,000	9500
		3. Vaccine Establishment		1850	1850
		4. Refuge for the Destitute		3000	3000
		5. Criminal lunatics		3073	3073
		6. Protestant dissenting ministers, poor French Protestant refugees, &c.		4600	4600
				£99,341	£104,123

		£
1.	Public buildings and Royal palaces	74,986
2.	Kingstown Harbour	10,000
3.	Holyhead roads, harbours, &c.	4,144
4.	British Museum, Building	18,096
5.	National Gallery	4,378
6.	Houses of Parliament, temporary	18,394
7.	New Houses of Parliament	100,000
8.	Penitentiary, Millbank	2,450
9.	Prison buildings, Isle of Wight	14,000
10.	Custom House, Dundee	8,000
a.	Port Patrick Harbour, in 1836 — £ 12,226	Nil.
b.	Windsor Castle, ditto — 3,755	
c.	Judges' chambers, ditto — 10,000	
d.	Custom House, Glasgow, in 1837 — 14,800	
		£ 254,448*

*

Increase on these Items, as compared with 1836 and 1837.					Decrease on these Items, as compared with 1836 and 1837.				
	Total on Nos.	1836.	Total on Nos.	1837.	Total on Nos.	1836.	Total on Nos.	1837.	
		£		£		£		£	
	1, 6, 7, 9, 10	129,212	2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10	35,967	2, 3, 4, 5, 8, *a.*, *b.*, *c.*	80,640	1, 3, 5, 9, *d.*	54,396	
Deduct decrease		80,640						35,967	
Increase, compared with 1836		£ 48,572						£ 18,429	Decrease, compared with 1837.

311 Miscellaneous, No. II. Ditto, ditto, ditto. 11th April.

Salaries and expenses; namely, of the —		£
1.	Two Houses of Parliament	72,000
2.	Treasury	54,600
3.	Secretary of State, Home Department	27,307
4.	Ditto, Foreign ditto	66,292

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	ESTIMATES, MISCELLANEOUS, No. V. —*continued.*	9. Governor, &c., Heligoland		963
		10. Justices in slave colonies		69,950
		11. Education in slave colonies		30,000
		12. Emigration agents		3,819
		13. St. Helena, civil establishment and allowances to late servants of East India Company		16,000
		14. Nova Scotia, including lighthouses		4,900
		15. Canals in Canada		8,600
				*£209,385

* Decrease, as compared with 1836 . . . £13,539
Ditto 1837 . . . 171,778

This *increase* in the items (as compared with 1836) of "Bahamas, — governors, &c. W. I. Islands, — education in slave colonies, — emigration agents, — Nova Scotia, — and canals in Canada; — as compared with 1837, in those of Western Australia settlement, governors W. I. Islands, and emigration agents."

This *decrease* in ditto (as compared with 1836) in items "Sierra Leone, &c.,—clergy, North America,—Western Australia settlement,—Indian department, Canada,—St. Helena;"—as compared with 1837, in civil establishments (1, 2, and 3, *ut suprà*),—Sierra Leone,—clergy, North America,—Indian department, Canada,—St. Helena,—Nova Scotia, — and canals in Canada. Neither of two several charges (17,910*l.*, UPPER CANADA — losses in the war of 1813 and 1814; and LOWER CANADA — administration of justice and civil government, 142,160*l.*) appears in these estimates of 1838.

123. ORDNANCE. Estimates of the Office of Ordnance, for the Year 1838-9; with a comparative Abstract of the Estimate 1838-9 with 1837-8. 7th Feb.

SERVICES.	COMPARATIVE ABSTRACT.			
	1838-9.	1837-8.	1838-9. More.	1838-9. Less.
	£	£	£	£
* Ordinary	557,895	556,109	11,302	9,516
† Extraordinary	660,063	570,033	90,030	..
‡ Unprovided	3,179	8,324	..	5,145
§ Superannuated	166,969	169,847	..	2,878
‖ Commissariat supplies for Great Britain and Ireland	292,298	294,886	..	32,588
Totals	1,680,404	1,599,199	101,332	80,127
			£ 81,205	More to be expended.
Deduct credits:—By rents, sale of lands and premises, sale of old	108,488	200,888	97,209	less credits.

1. Secret Service				35,900
2. Printing (Lords and Commons) and stationery, &c., Public Departments				197,796
3. Law charges				13,000
4. Convicts at home and at Bermuda				46,690
5. Convict expenditure, New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land				235,000
6. Captured negroes				20,000
7. Public Records, binding, indexing, &c.				5000
Ditto, to pay off arrears				
8. Schoolhouses, England				20,000
9. Schools in Scotland				10,000
10. Revising barristers				27,000
11. Sheriffs' expenses, and officers of the Court of Exchequer				13,450
12. County rates, expense of prosecutions, &c.				80,000
13. Polish refugees				10,000
14. British Museum, purchases*				600
15. Steam navigation to India				50,000
(a) Geographical Society, expedition of discovery	in 1837		£1000	Nil.
(b) College of Surgeons, Edinburgh	ditto		5000	
(c) Pictures, National Gallery	ditto		9030	
(d) Bank of England, loss on silver	in 1836	£38,289		
(e) Sir A. V. I. King, compensation	ditto	2500	2500	
(f) Danish claims	ditto	78,000		
				†764,436

* This sum is the amount estimated as likely to be required for the purchase of Signor Campanari's valuable and (in this country) unique collection of Etruscan antiquities, described in Mr. Hawkins's report appended to these estimates as "Sarcophagi in peperino and terra cotta of very large dimensions, illustrating the costume and the state of the arts at the period, whatever it may be, in which the tombs were erected. We have arms, implements, and utensils of bronze; vessels of alabaster, terra cotta, and ivory; ornaments most delicately worked in gold; — all found together, and showing, to a certain degree, the state of arts and manufactures, in various materials, at the same period."

† Decrease on this amount as compared with 1836.....£79,671
1837..... 15,100

The decrease this year in each of the above numbered items, as compared with the estimate for 1836, except in Nos. 5. 11. and 15.
Ditto ditto as compared with 1837, except in Nos. 2. and 15.

314. ——— Ditto, Ditto, Ditto. 11th April.

MISCELLANEOUS, No. V.

	£
1. Bahamas (including lighthouses)	2903
2. Bermudas	4449
3. Prince Edward's Island	3070
4. Sierra Leone, Gambia, and the Gold Coast	9680
5. Clergy, North America	11,780
6. Western Australia Settlement	6149
7. Indian Departments, Canada	19,155
8. Governors and others, West Indies	17,667

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.	
	Estimates, Miscellaneous, No. V. —*continued.*	9. Governor, &c., Heligoland			968
		10. Justices in slave colonies			69,950
		11. Education in slave colonies			30,000
		12. Emigration agents			3,819
		13. St. Helena, civil establishment and allowances to late servants of East India Company			16,000
		14. Nova Scotia, including lighthouses			4,900
		15. Canals in Canada			8,600
					*£209,385

* Decrease, as compared with 1836 . . . £13,539
Ditto 1837 . . . 171,778

This *increase* in the items (as compared with 1836) of "Bahamas, — governors, &c. W. I. Islands, — education in slave colonies, — emigration agents, — Nova Scotia, — and canals in Canada; — as compared with 1837, in those of Western Australia settlement, governors W. I. Islands, and emigration agents."

This *decrease* in ditto (as compared with 1836) in items "Sierra Leone, &c.,—clergy, North America,—Western Australia settlement,—Indian department, Canada,—St. Helena;"—as compared with 1837, in civil establishments (1, 2, and 3, *ut suprà*),—Sierra Leone,—clergy, North America,— Indian department, Canada,— St. Helena,— Nova Scotia, — and canals in Canada. Neither of two several charges (17,910*l.*, Upper Canada — losses in the war of 1813 and 1814; and Lower Canada — administration of justice and civil government, 142,160*l.*) appears in these estimates of 1838.

123. Ordnance. — Estimates of the Office of Ordnance, for the Year 1838-9; with a comparative Abstract of the Estimate 1838-9 with 1837-8. — 7th Feb.

Services.	Comparative Abstract.			
	1838-9.	1837-8.	1838-9. More.	1838-9. Less.
	£	£	£	£
* Ordinary	557,895	556,109	11,302	9,516
† Extraordinary	660,063	570,033	90,030	..
‡ Unprovided	3,179	8,324	..	5,145
§ Superannuated	166,969	169,847	..	2,878
‖ Commissariat supplies for Great Britain and Ireland	262,298	294,886	..	32,588
Totals	1,650,404	1,599,199	101,332	50,127
			£ 51,205 { More to be expended.	
Deduct credits:—By rents, sale of lands and premises, sale of old stores, rents of canteens, &c.	103,453	200,956	97,503 less credits.	
	£ 1,546,951	1,398,243	148,708 { More to be voted.	

† Charge for superintendence of Ordnance works in Great Britain, ... keepers' expenditure in ditto, ditto; charge for superintending building and repair of barracks in Great Britain, ... allowances to barrack-masters, and lodging-money to officers in ditto, ditto (respectively, 30,826*l.* — 147,006*l.* — 30,370*l.* — 1,... 55,356*l.*); in all, 394,645*l.* Military, civil, and barrack contingencies, 140,418*l.* Stores,—viz., Ordnance ditto, 70,000*l.*; military store branch, 55,000*l.*

‡ On account of wheat rents charged (Guernsey) upon Ordnance property at the Ordnance station at Fort George and its vicinity, in that island, 1470*l.* Paid for the cession (Jersey) of the manorial rights upon all the property held by the Ordnance within the limits of the manor of Fosse, 1709*l.*

§

Military (including 6044*l.* for Ireland)			£ 108,409
Civil, namely, Great Britain	£ 48,031		59,123
Ireland	11,092		
		£ 167,532	
Deduct superannuation fund, Great Britain	£ 485		563
Ireland	78		
		£ 166,969	

‖ Bread, meat, and forage, Great Britain, 155,871*l.*; coals, candles, and straw, ditto, 40,500*l.*; together . . £ 176,371 } £ 191,759
Coals, candles, oil, and oats, colonies, 14,188*l.*; miscellaneous, 1,200*l.*; together . . 15,388 }
Bread, meat, and forage, Ireland, 45,678; fuel, candles, and paillasse straw, 23,939*l.*; miscellaneous, 922*l.*; together . 70,539

Total commissariat supplies, Great Britain and Ireland . . £ 262,298

101. ESTIMATES, NAVY. **An Estimate, for the Year 1838-39, of the Sums required to meet the Expenses which may be incurred for the Navy, and for the Service of other Departments of Government.** 2d February.

Abstract.	Total Charge after deducting Credits received in aid of the Grants.		
1. Wages to Seamen and Marines	£ 1,072,497	Total for the Effective Service	£ 3,085,853.
2. Victuals for ditto	520,747		
3. Admiralty Office	112,637		
4. Office of Registry of Merchant Service	2,425		
5. Scientific branch	26,230		
6. Her Majesty's establishments at home	121,793		
7. Her Majesty's establishments abroad	18,884		
8. Wages to artificers, &c., employed in her Majesty's establishments at home	450,093		
9. Wages to artificers, &c., employed in her Majesty's establishments abroad	24,850		
10. Naval Stores, &c., for the building and repair of ships, docks, wharfs, &c.	554,383		
11. New works, and improvements and repairs in the yards, &c.	89,786		
12. Medicines, and medical stores	17,847		
13. Miscellaneous services	73,681		

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Estimates, Navy—*continued.*	14. Half pay to officers of the Navy and Royal Marines . . . . . 783,682 15. Military pensions and allowances . . 525,856 16. Civil pensions and allowances . . . 200,633		 1,510,171
				Total for the Naval Service . 4,596,024
		17. Army and Ordnance departments (conveyance of troops, &c.)		 149,636
		18. Home Department (Convict Service)		 66,330
				Grand Total . . £4,811,990*

* Estimate or vote for 1837-8, 4,788,761*l.*

316.	Scotland.	Estimate of Law Expenses, Grants to Universities, and other Charges; from 1st of April, 1838, to the 31st of March, 1839.	11th April.	The usual class of charges: — Probable sum required to settle the accounts of the several sheriffs and stewards of Scotland, for the year from the 15th of May, 1837, to the 15th of April, 1838, 37,943*l.* Expense of criminal prosecutions in Scotland, carried on under authority of the Lord Advocate, 14,000*l.*, are the principal items; the principal masters and professors of the colleges in the University of Saint Andrew's; ditto, ditto, of the King's and Marischal colleges, Aberdeen; and ditto of the University of Glasgow and of that of Edinburgh; in all, including 1943*l.* to defray arrears due upon sheriffs' accounts beyond the estimate of last year, 63,252*l.*
356.	Euphrates Expedition.	Copies of Extracts from additional Communications or Despatches addressed to the India Board, relating to the recent Expedition to the River Euphrates and Tigris, and its Result.	4th May, 1838.	The results of this important expedition, and the disasters and loss of the Tigris steamer, are very generally known. The whole cost incurred by the expedition was 29,637*l.* 10*s.* 3½*d.* (after deducting the value of the steamers, arms, ammunition, and stores (10,360*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.*), turned over to the East India Company). N. B. Cost of the larger iron steamer, the Euphrates, £6094 (108 feet long, 19 feet beam, 2 engines, 25 horse power each). Cost of the smaller iron steamer, the Tigris, £2040 (68 feet long, 16 feet beam, 2 engines, 10 horse power each).
460.	Evesham Election.	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee on the Evesham Election Petition.	8th June.	33 witnesses examined. In this remarkable case, in which it was successfully contended that the gift of a snuff-box by one of the candidates, and afterwards one of the sitting Members for the borough (Mr. Borthwick), to an elector (the witness Pearce), had brought that candidate within the terms of a resolution passed by the House of Commons, in the year 1677, so as to incapacitate him from retaining his seat, the committee came to the following resolutions:—"That George Rushout Bowles, Esq. is duly elected a burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the borough of Evesham. That Peter Borthwick, Esq. is not duly elected a burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough. That Arthur Marcus Cecil, Esq., commonly called Lord Marcus Hill, is duly elected, and ought to have been returned a burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough. That the petition of Robert Salmon and others, electors, does not appear to the committee to be frivolous or vexatious. That the committee had altered the poll taken at the last election for the said borough, by striking off of such poll the names of Joseph Pastin and 16 others, as not having a right to vote at such election. That Peter Borthwick, Esq. was guilty of bribery at such election."

Estimated amount of new bills which will be required in March, 11,413,750
become due on the bills to be issued in March, 1838 (to be charg . bills, it will be
As the mode of discharging the interest on Exchequer bills is by exc ,ose of discharging
necessary to take the grants of Exchequer bills in the present Session ..e outstanding Exche-
the interest for eighteen months on some of the bills within the year; .; viz., 24,044,550*l.*
quer bills will not at any time during the year exceed the amount at the

206. EXCHEQUER BILLS. Amount of Exchequer Bills, exclusive of Deficiency Bills, outstanding on the 5th of April, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, and 1838; also, Account of the Deficiency Bills. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) 12th June.

Amount of Exchequer Bills, exclusive of Deficiency Bills, outstanding on the 5th of April, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, and 1838; also, Amount of the Deficiency Bills.

Outstanding on 5th April,	1831.	1832.	1833.	1834.	1835.	1836.	1837.	1838.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bills constituting the Unfunded Debt	25,454,250	25,272,450	25,421,550	27,294,850	27,937,250	28,504,850	25,394,450	24,043,850
Bills issued for payment of 4*l.* per cent. dissentients, 11 G. IV. c. 26.	1,672,000	1,582,000	1,582,000	..	..	..	..	..
	27,126,250	26,854,450	27,003,550	27,294,850	27,937,250	28,504,850	25,394,450	24,043,850
Bills issued for the payment of 4*l.* per cent. non-assentients, 5 G. IV. c. 45.	42,150	39,450	34,550	33,105	32,501	1,625	1,625	1,625
Bills for Advances for Public Works, Great Britain	900	275,950	214,050	383,800	227,000	396,700	365,700	334,700
Ditto ditto Ireland	..	..	48,950	138,150	254,400	328,650	328,900	275,000
Bills for Advances on account of Irish Tithes	..	..	..	400,000	640,000	640,000	640,000	640,000
Bills for Relief of sufferers in the West Indies	..	..	61,300	469,550	444,050	156,850	21,500	8,100
Bills for building Churches	64,900	102,600	80,000	20,000	..	..	..	..
	27,234,200	27,272,450	27,442,400	28,749,455	29,535,201	30,028,675	26,752,175	25,303,275
Bills in anticipation of Aids	150,000	2,357,000	679,000	..	..	..	..	970,000
	27,384,200	29,629,450	28,121,400	28,749,455	29,535,201	30,028,675	26,752,175	26,273,275
Deficiency Bills	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
No Deficiency Bills were outstanding on the 5th of April in these years; but the following were required to be issued to supply the deficiency on the quarters ending on that day, and charged on the revenue of the ensuing quarter	4,782,940	3,608,853	4,299,791	4,564,184	4,973,105	4,474,253	4,853,381	5,172,387

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
1	EXCHEQUER BILLS —*continued.*			

EXPENDITURE.	Years ending 5th of April,							
	1831.	1832.	1833.	1834.	1835.	1836.	1837.	1838.
(The various heads of Expenditure are) —	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Issued to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to be employed in the redemption of funded debt; viz., by issues per Act 10 Geo. IV. c. 27.; by interest on donations and bequests; deduct the sums which have not been applied in redemption of funded debt, but of consolidated fund deficiency bills; paymasters of Exchequer bills, for the exchange of Exchequer bills; ditto, in money, for paying off unfunded debt; in anticipation of aids; the Bank of England to pay off four per cent. dissentients, per 11 Geo. IV. c. 26.; ditto, non-assentients, 5 Geo. IV. c. 45.; ditto, annuities, 1797; amount of advances for local works; ditto, ditto, repayments; excess of advances over repayments	34,151,030	30,217,302	26,560,567	30,258,615	30,519,166	29,524,541	30,681,488	36,437,802
Excess of expenditure over income	..	1,240,412	..	..	..	..	..	1,428,592
Balances in the Exchequer at the end of the year	1,799,309	2,195,045	1,689,586	1,902,182	1,063,679	1,976,101	1,421,986	373,802
	35,950,339	33,652,759	28,250,153	32,160,797	31,582,845	31,500,642	32,103,474	38,240,136

106. EXCHEQUER AND EXCHEQUER BILLS. An Account of the Moneys in the Exchequer, or remaining to be received, on 29th January, 1838, to complete the Aids granted by Parliament for the Year 1837, and antecedent Years: also, an Account showing the Amount of Exchequer Bills charged on the Aids of the Year 1838, outstanding on 5th January, 1838. — 5th Feb.

An Account of the Moneys in the Exchequer, or remaining to be received, on the 29th January, 1838, to complete the Aids granted by Parliament for the Service of the Year 1837, and antecedent Years.

	In the Exchequer.	To be raised.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Consolidated Fund, 8,000,000*l.*, per Act 7 Will. IV. c. 11.	.. ..	49,221 13 2½
Consolidated Fund, 5,220,000*l.*, per Act 1 Vict. c. 79.	.. ..	4,516,792 2 4
Duty on Sugar, 1 Vict. c. 27.	89,953 12 3	445,463 17 7
	89,953 12 3	5,011,477 13 1½
		89,953 12 3
	£	5,101,431 5 4½

Amount outstanding on the 5th of January, 1838. . . . . .

Estimated amount of new bills which will be required in March, 1838, when it is proposed to pay the six months' interest due on the bills issued in September, 1837 (to be charged on the aids of 1838 11,413,750

Estimated amount of new bills which will be required in June, 1838, when it is proposed to pay the year's interest due on bills issued in June, 1837, and six months' interest due on those issued in December, 1837 (to be charged on the aids of 1839) 12,630,800

Estimated amount of new bills which will be required in March, 1839, when a year's interest will become due on the bills to be issued in March, 1838 (to be charged on the aids of 1839) . . 11,413,750

As the mode of discharging the interest on Exchequer bills is by exchanging those called in for new bills, it will be necessary to take the grants of Exchequer bills in the present Session as above stated, for the purpose of discharging the interest for eighteen months on some of the bills within the year; but it will be seen that the outstanding Exchequer bills will not at any time during the year exceed the amount at the 5th of January, 1838; viz., 24,044,550*l.*

206. EXCHEQUER BILLS. Amount of Exchequer Bills, exclusive of Deficiency Bills, outstanding on the 5th of April, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, and 1838; also, Account of the Deficiency Bills. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) 12th June.

Amount of Exchequer Bills, exclusive of Deficiency Bills, outstanding on the 5th of April, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, and 1838; also, Amount of the Deficiency Bills.

Outstanding on 5th April,	1831.	1832.	1833.	1834.	1835.	1836.	1837.	1838.
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bills constituting the Unfunded Debt	25,454,250	25,272,450	25,421,550	27,294,850	27,937,250	28,504,850	25,394,450	24,043,850
Bills issued for payment of 4*l.* per cent. dissentients, 11 G. IV. c. 26.	1,672,000	1,582,000	1,582,000	..	..	..	..	..
	27,126,250	26,854,450	27,003,550	27,294,850	27,937,250	28,504,850	25,394,450	24,043,850
Bills issued for the payment of 4*l.* per cent. non-assentients, 5 G. IV. c. 45.	42,150	39,450	34,550	33,105	32,501	1,625	1,625	1,625
Bills for Advances for Public Works, Great Britain	900	275,950	214,650	393,800	227,000	396,700	365,700	334,700
Ditto ditto Ireland	..	..	48,950	138,150	254,400	328,650	328,900	275,000
Bills for Advances on account of Irish Tithes	..	..	..	400,000	640,000	640,000	640,000	640,000
Bills for Relief of sufferers in the West Indies	..	..	61,300	469,550	444,050	156,850	21,500	8,100
Bills for building Churches	64,900	102,600	80,000	20,000	..	..	..	..
	27,234,200	27,272,450	27,442,400	28,749,455	29,535,201	30,028,675	26,752,175	25,303,275
Bills in anticipation of Aids	150,000	2,357,000	679,000	..	..	..	..	970,000
	27,384,200	29,629,450	28,121,400	28,749,455	29,535,201	30,028,675	26,752,175	26,273,275
Deficiency Bills	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
No Deficiency Bills were outstanding on the 5th of April in these years; but the following were required to be issued to supply the deficiency on the quarters ending on that day, and charged on the revenue of the ensuing quarter	4,782,940	3,608,853	4,299,791	4,564,184	4,973,105	4,474,258	4,853,381	5,172,387

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
327.	Exchequer Bills.— *continued.*	An Account of all Exchequer Bills issued, or authorised to be issued, charged on the Aids or Supplies of 1838, unprovided for.	27th April	£24,044,550.
352.	———	Returns relating to Exchequer Bills and the Bank of England.	1st May.	

"An account of all Exchequer bills now outstanding and not claimed, the interest on which has ceased, showing the amount of principal of such bills of each year's issue not claimed."

(1.) This account is made out from year 1816 (including a surplus in that year of 32,450*l.*) on account of "supplies" (and of public works in years 1821 and 1834), amounting, for "total overdue bills outstanding on the 5th of January, 1838," to 90,850*l.*

(2.) An account of the amount of Exchequer bills, distinguishing the several kinds issued in each year since 1808 and the total amount of issues up to the 5th of January, 1838; stating also the rate per cent. of interest payable in each year, and the aggregate amount of interest paid on the same. (This table is arranged in six columns; namely,—)

In the Year ending 5th of January, 1810.	Several kinds of Bills.	Amount issued.	Rate of Interest per Cent.	Aggregate Amount of Interest paid in the Year.	Total Amount unprovided for when issued.
	On supplies, 1810, &c.	£ 10,500,000, &c.	3½*d.* per diem, &c.	£ ———, &c.	£ ———, &c.
The series of years extends from 1810 to 1838.	The earliest of these issues, the aids of the year 1808; the latest, the supplies of 1838.				
Total amount unprovided for when issued, up to the 5th of January, 1838 . .					940,139,950

Note. From the voluminous nature of the detail, we can state, here, the general result only, or "Total Amount.")

(3.) Deficiency Bills. — A return of the rate of interest payable to the Bank of England on deficiency bills before the late rise in the rate of interest on Exchequer bills, and of the rate of interest now payable on such deficiency bills; and of the amount of deficiency bills issued to the Bank of England since the raising of the interest; and of the difference between the sums actually paid or payable thereon, and that which would have been paid or payable thereon if no advance of interest had taken place.

Rate, &c.— Before late rise in the rate of interest on Exchequer bills, 1½*d.* per cent. per day.
Since ditto, 2*d.* per cent. per day, commencing to October, 1836.

	£	s.	d.
Amount of deficiency bills issued to the Bank since since the raising of the interest, to the 5th of January, 1838	25,595,728	7	6
Amount of interest paid at 2*d.*	77,235	19	9
	[illegible]	17	10

chequer bills outstanding at that date.

Amount outstanding before the Interest was raised in 1836.		Rate of Interest per Cent. per Diem before Increase.	Rate of Interest after Increase.	Aggregate Amount of increased Interest paid.	Amount outstanding 5th January, 1838.	Rate of Interest.	Aggregate Amount of increased Interest to be paid, calculated to 5th of Jan. 1838.
	£	d.		£ s. d.	£	d.	£ s. d.
Supplies	27,683,050	1¼	2d. 29th Sept. 1836. 2½d. 21st Nov. 1836.	293,859 10 9	21,697,250 2,347,300	2¼ 2	129,577 7 1
					24,044,550		
West India Relief Bills	83,650	2	2½d. 21st Nov. 1836.	46 0 0	10,300	£2	
Public works	483,000	2	2½d. 21st Nov. 1836.	293 14 5	143,600 108,650	2 2¼	146 3 9
	28,249,700	..	.. ..	294,199 5 2	24,307,100	..	129,723 10 10

Copies of the Weekly Returns from the Bank of England to the Stamp Office, from 1st July, 1835, to 1st March, 1837.

(From these weekly averages, it appears that the *minimum* and *maximum* amounts returned were—)

In 1835, for week ending	18th July	£19,619,630	13 10
	Ditto 19th December	16,493,788	0 0
In 1836, for week ending	23d July	19,266,671	6 11
	Ditto 24th December	16,790,457	18 3
In first qr. of 1837.	week ending 7th January	16,891,178	6 8
	Ditto 21st Do.	20,084,656	6 7

(No. 5.) Quarterly average of the weekly Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of England, from 1st July, 1835, to 1st March, 1837.—(Extracted from the Accounts published in the *London Gazette*).

(From this table, the *minimum* and *maximum* averages appear to have been taken.)

Periods.	Liabilities.		
	Circulation.	Deposit.	Total.
	£	£	£
30th June to 22d September, 1835	18,240,000	13,230,000	31,470,000
20th October, 1835, to 12th January, 1836	17,262,000	19,169,000	36,431,000
23d August to 15th November, 1836	17,543,000	12,682,000	30,225,000
12th January to 5th April, 1837	18,063,000	14,751,000	32,814,000

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Exchequer Bills — *continued.*			

Periods.	Assets.		
	Securities.	Bullion.	Total.
	£	£	£
30th June to 22d September, 1835	27,288,000	6,861,000	34,149,000
20th October, 1835, to 12th January, 1836	31,954,000	7,076,000	39,030,000
23d August to 15th November, 1836	28,134,000	4,933,000	33,067,000
17th November, 1835, to 9th February, 1836	31,022,000	7,471,000	38,493,000
15th December, 1836, to 7th March, 1837	30,579,000	4,048,000	34,627,000
15th November, 1836, to 7th February, 1837	31,085,000	4,032,000	35,117,000

134.	Expired and Expiring Laws.	Report from the Committee upon Expired and Expiring Laws, for the first Session of the thirteenth Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. (1 Victoria, Sess. II. 1837-8).	9th Feb. 1838.	The usual sessional Report, analysis, and recital.
254.	Factories.	A Return of the Number of Superintendents employed under the Provisions of the Act 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 103., for the Regulation of Factory Labour; with the Distance required to be travelled yearly by each Superintendent, and the Amount of Salary received by each.	28th March, 1838.	A detailed Return, according to the terms of the order.
399.	———	Copy of the Second Memorial of the Short Time Committee of Factory Operatives of Manchester and the surrounding District, to her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated 13th July, 1837; with Copy of a Report thereupon by Leonard Horner, Esq., one of the Inspectors of Factories.	16th May, 1838.	
612.	———	Reports of the Inspectors of Factories to the Secretary of State for the Home Department, for the Quarter ending 30th June, 1838. (Presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	22d July.	
190.	Factory Act.	A Return of the Number and Names of Persons summoned for Offences against the Factory Act, between the 1st January, 1837, and the 1st January, 1838; specifying the Date of the Conviction or Hearing, the Place of Hear-	6th Feb.	Very detailed Returns, extending through 63 pages.

	Factories Regulation Act.	Report by Leonard Horner, Esq., Inspector of Factories, for the Quarter ending the 31st March, 1837. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		Very detailed Report, containing 52 pages.
199.	Fees (Public Offices).	Returns from the Admiralty Board; from the War Office; from the Board of Ordnance; from the Secretaries of State for the Home, for the Foreign, and for the Colonial Departments; from the Signet Office; from the Privy Seal Office; from the Treasury; from the Colonial Registry Office; from the Office of the Comptroller General of the Exchequer; from the Chancellor of the Exchequer's Office; the King's Remembrancer's Office; — stating how far the whole, or what part, of the Recommendations of the Committee appointed by the Lords of the Treasury in 1836 (see Parliamentary Papers Nos. 162. and 277. of 1837), as to the Abolition of Fees in these several Offices, have been attended to and carried into effect; stating where the Abolition or Modification of the Fees have not been made, the Reasons for not having abolished or modified the same: also, a Copy of any Minutes of the Treasury respecting the Abolition of Fees in the Stamps and Taxes, Customs, Excise, and the Woods and Forests, Land Revenues and Works and Buildings, in furtherance of the Recommendations of the abovenamed Committee.	14th June, 1838.	It is stated that in the Treasury, the offices of the three Secretaries of State, the War Office, the Registrar of Colonial Slaves, the Privy Seal Office, and the Signet Office, no directions have yet been given for carrying into effect the recommendations of the Committee. The following departments have given in Returns, in compliance with the order of the House; viz., Admiralty — Ordnance — Exchequer — Chancellor of the Exchequer's Office — Queen's Remembrancer's Office.
240.	Finance Accounts.	The Finance Accounts, I. to VIII., of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Year 1837, ended 5th January, 1838.	26th March.	Nos. 1, 2, and 3. (I.) . Public Income. 4, 5, 6. (II.) . Public Expenditure. 7, 8. (III.) . Consolidated Fund. 9. to 80. . Appendices to the above three classes, I., II., III. 80, 81, 82. (IV.) . Funded Debt. 83. (V.) . Unfunded Debt. 84. to 87. . Appendices to the two preceding classes, IV. and V. 88. (VI.) . Disposition of grants. 89. to 104. (VII.) . Arrears and balances. 105. to 116. (VIII.) . Trade and navigation.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
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FINANCE ACCOUNTS
—continued.

No. 1. An Account of the ordinary revenues and extraordinary resources, constituting the public income of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the year ending 5th January, 1838.

Heads of Revenue.	1. Balances and Bills outstanding on the 5th of January, 1837.	2. Gross Receipt.	3. Repayments, Allowances, Discounts, Drawbacks, and Bounties in the nature of Drawbacks, and Allowances for Paper and Parchment to stamp on.	4. Net Receipt within the Year, after deducting Repayments, &c.	5. Total Income, including Balances.	Payments out of the Income in its progress to the Exchequer. 6. Charges of Collection. (See Account No. 9.)	7. Other Payments. (See Account No. 12.)	8. Total Payments. (See Account No. 12.)	9. Payments into the Exchequer.	10. Balances and Bills outstanding on the 5th of January, 1838.	11. Total Discharge of the Income.	12. Rate per centum for which the gross Receipt was collected.
ORDINARY REVENUES.	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£ s. d.
Customs	664,792	22,907,616	344,497	22,063,119	22,727,910	1,294,818	276,711	1,571,529	20,539,149	617,233	22,727,910	5 13 0½
Excise	525,559	15,300,406	782,263	14,518,143	15,043,702	1,051,215	97,657	1,148,872	13,419,272	475,558	15,043,702	6 17 5
Stamps (including hackney coach and hawkers' and pedlars' licences	246,421	7,256,139	216,601	7,039,539	7,285,960	173,617	..	173,617	6,869,841	242,502	7,285,960	2 7 10½
Taxes under the management of Commissioners of Stamps and Taxes	58,991	3,895,343	5,196	3,890,146	3,949,137	189,895	21,638	211,533	3,677,748	59,856	3,949,137	4 17 6
Post Office	190,388	2,462,270	122,532	2,339,738	2,530,126	681,259	17,373	698,632	1,646,554	184,940	2,530,126	27 13 4½
One shilling in the pound and sixpence in the pound on pensions and salaries, and four shillings in the pound on pensions	829	6,791	..	6,791	7,621	126	..	126	7,233	263	7,621	1 16 6½
Crown lands	54,535	419,780	..	419,780	474,315	39,751	344,101	383,852	..	90,463	474,315	9 9 4½
Small branches of the hereditary Revenue	..	5,068	..	5,068	5,068	..	..	..	5,068	..	5,068	..
Surplus fees of regulated public offices	..	32,847	..	32,847	32,847	..	..	..	32,847	..	32,847	.
Poundage fees, Pell's fees, casualties, and Treasury fees, in Ireland	..	1,478	..	1,478	1,478	..	..	..	1,478	..	1,478	.
Totals, Ordinary Revenues	1,741,515	52,287,738	1,971,089	50,316,640	52,058,164	3,460,679	757,480	4,188,159	46,199,190	1,570,815	52,058,164	6 11 2½
EXTRAORDINARY RESOURCES.												
Money received from the East India Company on account of retired pay, pensions, &c., of her Majesty's forces serving in India, per Act 4 Geo. IV. c. 71.	—	60,000	..	60,000	60,000	..	..	..	60,000	..	60,000	..

Imprest moneys repaid by military public accountants, and other moneys paid to the public	..	128,105	..	128,105	128,105	..	..	..	128,105	..	128,105	.
Money received from the Bank of England, on account of unclaimed dividends	..	54,399	..	54,399	54,399	..	..	..	54,399	..	54,399	..
Totals of the public income of the United Kingdom	1,741,515	52,563,742	1,971,089	50,592,653	52,334,168	3,430,679	757,480	4,188,159	46,475,194	1,670,815	52,334,168	..
Of which of Great Britain	1,580,912	48,032,202	1,915,788	46,116,414	47,697,326	2,871,962	721,702	3,593,664	42,559,419	1,544,843	47,697,326	6 0 3
. . . . Ireland	160,603	4,531,540	55,301	4,476,239	4,636,842	558,317	35,778	594,595	3,915,775	126,472	4,636,842	..

No. 4. An Account of the "total income of revenue of Great Britain and Ireland, after deducting the repayments, allowances, discounts, drawbacks, and bounties in the nature of drawbacks; together with an account of the public expenditure of the United Kingdom, exclusive of the sums applied to the reduction of the National Debt within the same period:" showing, on one side, the ordinary revenues (as in No. 1.), and of "other resources;" and on the other, "Payments out of the income in its progress to the Exchequer;" (viz., charges of collection, 3,430,679*l.*; other payments, 757,480*l.* (see col. 7. in No. 1.); total, 4,188,159*l.*) Funded Debt (interest and management of permanent debt, 24,357,138*l.*; terminable annuities, 4,195,745*l.*; total charge, exclusive of 7,222*l.*, interest on donations and bequests, 28,552,883*l.*). Interest on Exchequer bills, 936,687*l.* Civil List, 444,066*l.* Annuities and pensions, civil, military and naval, and judicial, charged on Consolidated Fund, 578,966*l.* Salaries and allowances, 194,042*l.* Diplomatic salaries and pensions, 188,141*l.* Courts of justice, 674,453*l.* Miscellaneous charges on the Consolidated Fund, 331,789*l.* Total, 2,411,457*l.* Army, 6,521,716*l.* Navy, 4,750,659*l.* Ordnance, 1,444,523*l.* Miscellaneous charges upon the annual grants of Parliament, 2,513,030*l.* (Total 15,229,927*l.*). Grand total of expenditure, 51,319,114*l.*

	£
Balances in hands of receivers, &c., on 5th January, 1837	1,741,515
Ditto . ditto . ditto 1838	1,670,815
	70,700
Excess of expenditure over income	655,760
Actual excess of expenditure	£726,460

No. 5. An Account of "net" public income of United Kingdom (46,475,194*l.*), and of expenditure for same year (47,130,954*l.*), results in this excess of expenditure. A similar result is again deduced and illustrated by Account—

No. 6., of the balances of public money remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th of January, 1837; the amount of money raised by the additions to the funded or unfunded debt, in year ended 5th January, 1838; the money applied towards the redemption of the funded or paying off unfunded debt; total amount of advances and repayments on account of local works, &c., with the difference accruing thereon, and the balances in the Exchequer on the 5th of January, 1838. The remaining Accounts, — of the income and actual payments on account of the Consolidated Fund, — of the money applicable to the payment of said fund, — and the voluminous Appendices attached to each class of these accounts, — are of the usual detailed nature.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
1	FINANCE ACCOUNTS—*continued.*			No. 15. An Account of "the gross receipt and net produce of the revenue of Customs in Great Britain, for the same year, collected on each article usually contributing 1000*l.* or more to the revenue of the United Kingdom; and also the amount of payments out of the gross receipt during the said year for drawbacks, and bounties of the nature of drawbacks." Here follow the sums stated as "net produce" of such duties, against the several articles hereinafter named; which are among those (out of above 300 enumerated) paying the largest proportion of customs, annually, to the said revenue: —

	£		£
Rice, in the husk	18,804	Pepper	59,964
Brimstone	18,333	Turpentine (common)	87,622
Linens, Foreign	15,270	Raisins	111,968
Nutmegs	16,819	Wool (sheep's and lambs').	118,167
Iron in bars	19,626	Battens and batten ends	133,156
Plaiting, of chip or straw	19,700	Silk manufactures (not of East Indies)	169,095
Bark, for tanners' use	21,950	Seeds of all sorts	161,114
Cork, unmanufactured	22,305	Tallow	190,875
Leather gloves	22,922	Butter	193,075
Liquorice juice	29,019	Currants	265,568
Bristles	25,226	Molasses	266,194
Eggs	25,976	Timber fir, eight inches square or upwards	405,960
Furs	28,874	Wool (cotton)	450,658
Indigo	29,837	Deals and deal ends	565,993
Silk manufactures of East Indies	23,697	Corn, grain, meal, and flour	580,009
Woollen manufactures, not otherwise described	23,406	Coffee	675,190
Hides, and pieces of hides, not tanned	36,351	Brandy	1,340,628
Oil, Olive and Faran	34,077	Rum	1,423,630
Lathwood	30,803	Wines	1,509,327
Oak, eight inches square or upwards	40,478	Tobacco and snuff	2,655,170
Staves	49,181	Tea	2,814,684
Mahogany	47,756	Sugar	4,364,807
Lemons and oranges	59,246	&c. &c.	

NET PRODUCE OF CUSTOMS.

England	18,126,432*l.*
Scotland	1,506,725*l.*
Ireland	1,937,033*l.*
Duties collected at the Isle of Man	28,568*l.*

Articles.	England.				Scotland.				Ireland.				Total net Produce of United Kingdom.
	Gross Receipt.	Drawbacks, and Bounties of the nature of Drawbacks.	Allowances and Repayments on Over-Entries, damaged Goods, &c.	Net Produce.	Gross Receipt.	Drawbacks, and Bounties of the nature of Drawbacks.	Allowances and Repayments on Over-Entries, damaged Goods, &c.	Net Produce.	Gross Receipt.	Drawbacks, and Bounties of the nature of Drawbacks.	Allowances and Repayments on Over-Entries, damaged Goods, &c.	Net Produce.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1. Auctions	In respect of Nos. 1. to 11. and 13.	In respect of Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7. and 10.	In respect of Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8. 10. and 11.	240,635	In respect of Nos. 1. to 11. and 13.	In respect of Nos. 2, 3, 6, 7. 10. and 11.	In respect of Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10. and 11.	20,618	In respect of Nos. 1, 3, 5, 6, 7. 12. and 13.	In respect of Nos. 3, 6. and 7.	In respect of Nos. 1, 5, 6, 7. 12. and 13.	13,011	274,264
2. Bricks				429,801				9,463				..	439,264
3. Glass				573,452				35,836				10,060	619,348
4. Hops				344,364				..				..	344,364
5. Licences				792,558				103,156				123,717	1,019,431
6. Malt				4,572,850				401,174				278,386	5,252,410
7. Paper				448,391				83,345				21,007	552,743
8. Post-horse duty				203,541				18,708				..	222,049
9. Ditto licences				3,212				324				..	3,536
10. Soap				660,875				68,692				..	729,567
11. Spirits				2,188,200				..				..	2,188,200
12. Ditto (home-made)				..				1,452,500				1,374,371	2,826,871
13. Vinegar				21,448				129				358	21,935
Totals	11,025,264	461,437	84,760	10,479,127	2,424,427	29,997	200,485	2,193,945	1,826,554	1042	4602	1,820,910	14,493,982
Produce of sale of the stock, &c. belonging to the late Scotch Excise Incorportion Fund, and also sums received from present contributors (5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 72.)	..	..	..	..	4,971	..	..	4,972					
Law costs recovered	695	..	..	695	275	..	..	276	2,197	..	..	..	2,197
Fines, forfeitures, and seizures	7,091	..	..	7,090	2,290	..	..	2,290	6,341	.	..	..	6,341
Late collectors' balances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	300	..	..	..	300
Totals	11,033,050	461,437	84,760	10,486,912	2,431,963	29,997	200,485	2,201,483	1,835,392	1042	4602	1,820,910	14,502,820

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
6.	FINANCE ACCOUNTS—*continued.*			

No. 31. An Account of the gross receipt and net produce of the revenue of stamps in Great Britain, including hackney carriages and hawkers' and pedlars' licences; and also of the amount of disbursements out of the gross receipt, for discounts and parliamentary allowances, drawbacks, and repayments, and for paper, parchment, and blanks to stamp on, distinguishing England from Scotland, &c. &c., in the year ending 5th January, 1838.

Net Produce.			
England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	Total.
£ 6,057,593	£ 521,556.	£ 460,389	£ 7,039,538

The principal items are these: — Deeds and other instruments not included under any of the following heads (Great Britain, 1,450,816*l.*; Ireland, 122,391*l.*): probates of wills and letters of administration (England, 889,809*l.*; Scotland, 55,600*l.*; Ireland, 40,844*l.*): Bills of exchange (England, 413,218*l.*; Scotland, 92,468*l.*; Ireland, 81,269*l.*): composition for bills and notes of Bank of England and of country notes: receipts (Great Britain, 157,249*l.*; Ireland, 15,031*l.*): marine insurances (England, 201,697*l.*; Scotland, 20,680*l.*; Ireland, 1,261*l.*): licences and certificates (England, 182,950*l.*; Scotland, 18,672*l.*): newspapers and supplements, and papers for advertisements (Great Britain, 201,621*l.*): advertisements, 101,931*l.*: Ireland, newspapers and advertisements, 20,453*l.*: legacies (England, 1,094,063*l.*; Scotland, 76,632*l.*; Ireland, 28,943*l.*): fire insurances (Great Britain, 822,872*l.*; Ireland, 38,135*l.*): stage coaches, post horses, and hackney carriages (England, 526,804*l.*; stage coaches, Scotland, 32,104*l.*; Ireland, *nil.*): medicine, gold, cards and dice, penalties in law proceedings, and costs received; and Law, Equity, Exchequer, and Chancery funds (Ireland).

No. 37. Taxes. After deducting all repayments, the produce of assessed taxes for England and Scotland, was —

	England.	Scotland.
A. Windows	£ 1,171,734	£ 86,145
C. Servants	186,951	14,092
D. Carriages	411,313	29,860
E. Horses for riding	301,963	18,962
F. Other horses	56,374	3,994
G. Dogs	144,967	10,964
H. Horse dealers	12,150	1,167
I. Hair powder	6,984	256
K. Armorial bearings	57,934	3,845
L. Game duties	133,446	10,215
Composition duty	23,667	9,781
Penalties recovered at law	1,339	—

[The remaining classes are more or less abstracted in detail in the following digest of the same paper, under the various heads of "Debt," "Exchequer," "Income," "Post Office," "Shipping," "Trade," &c.; which see. — Ed.]

389.	Fictitious Votes. First Report from the Select Committee on Fictitious Votes (Ireland); with the Minutes of Evidence, and Appendix. — (334 pages.)	28th March.	This volume contains no Report, but only the evidence of 11 witnesses, most of them examined several times, and at great length, relative to elections, chiefly for the city of Cork.
394.	——— (Ireland).		
390.	——— (Scotland). Second Report from ditto, ditto; being a supplemental Appendix to Returns of Voters for the city of Cork. — (19 pages.)	9th April.	This Report consists in the mere announcement that the select committee "have received several further documents relating to the city of Cork, in addition to those already reported; and have agreed to report the same to the House. Then follow, accordingly, a Return of the number of claimants who gave notice to register at the special sessions for Cork city, held in October, 1832, as residing in the liberties and city and suburbs of Cork. List of voters who are marksmen, and registered under the following heads: 40s. freeholders, freemen, and 10l. householders. A list of about 700 names; with the residence, occupation, description, and qualification of each, — distinguishing whether freemen or not: and other returns.
	Report from the Select Committee of Session 1837-8, on Fictitious Votes (Scotland), with the Minutes of Evidence, and Appendix; also, Minutes of Evidence taken before Select Committee in 1837 (in continuation of the first Report of Evidence, ordered to be printed 18th April, 1837.) — (Parliamentary Paper No. 215.) With an Index to the whole. Questions 7424. to 11,742., in continuation of the first Report, taken in 1827. 11,743. to 1° 297., taken in 1828.	13th & 14th July.	This Report is dated 13th July, 1838; 16 witnesses examined. Among other cases set forth in the Report, to establish the necessity for this committee, is the following: — "A case was brought before your committee of an estate, which, having been bought, in 1833, for 11,000l. or 12,000l., and having been burdened to the extent of 15,000l., independently of interest, became unsaleable in the usual way. This, however, was the fit subject for a political purchase; and accordingly it was bought and made over to 56 life-renters, each acquiring an interest of 10l. a-year; and though the period of registration had not arrived when the inquiry took place before your committee, there can be no doubt of the political object of the transaction. The price named was 16,250l. By the terms of all such contracts, the seller is bound to clear the land of all burdens before the purchase-money can be demanded; and as the burdens upon it exceed the value of the property, there is no probability of its being relieved; and so the life-renters, if enrolled, acquire their right without the payment of any sum whatever." The committee agree in recommending, among other things —

1. That all life-rents by grant should be limited to persons being in occupation either by themselves or tenant, such tenant not being the fiar, or any one holding in the fiar's behalf.
2. That in all cases of proprietorship, whether in fee or life-rent, acquired otherwise than by succession, infeoffment should be imperative.
3. That a clear beneficial interest of 10l. a-year over all burdens and charges should be proved to be derived from the subject claimed on.
4. That any party claiming as joint-tenant, should prove, to the satisfaction of the court, that such joint tenancy involves a real participation of property and liabilities, sufficient to afford the qualification. — (250 pages, and 57 pages.)

No of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
398.	Fire Insurance.	Account of all Sums paid into the Stamp Office for Duty, by each Insurance Office in Great Britain and Ireland, on Insurance from fire, for the Quarters ending severally the 25th of March, 24th of June, 29th of September, and 25th of December, 1837; distinguishing the amount of the Allowance made to each Office for collecting the same in the Country, London, Edinburgh, and Dublin, respectively, with the Dates of such Payments. Account of the Sums issued by each Office, on Farming Stock, exempt from Duty, for the Quarters ending severally the 25th of March, 24th of June, 29th of September, and 25th of December, 1837; distinguishing the Amount of each Office in the Country, London, Edinburgh, and Dublin, respectively.	16th May, 1838.	

The first of these Tables is for "England," and arranged as under. Of the sixteen London offices we select seven; and of the twenty-eight Country offices three, as those making the largest returns.

Name of Office.	Quarter ended 25th of March, 1837.				Quarter ended 24th of June, 1837.				Quarter ended 29th of September, 1837.				Quarter ended 25th of December, 1837.			
	Date of Payment.	Duty.	Allowance at 4 per Cent..	Allowance at 5 per Cent.	Date of Payment.	Duty.	Allowance at 4 per Cent.	Allowance at 5 per Cent.	Date of Payment.	Duty.	Allowance at 4 per Cent.	Allowance at 5 per Cent.	Date of Payment.	Date.	Allowance at 4 per Cent.	Allowance at 5 per Cent.
(London.)	1837.	£	£	£	1837.	£	£	£	1837.	£	£	£	1837.	£	£	£
Globe	5th June	8,531	188	191	5th Sept.	7,186	150	172	5th Dec.	6,469	136	154	5th Mar.	7,031	136	181
Imperial	30th do.	8,871	228	158	29th do.	6,506	164	124	29th do.	5,500	159	76	27th do.	6,833	194	99
Guardian	27th do.	9,695	146	302	20th do.	7,39	133	203	14th do.	7,125	128	196	21st do.	8,412	146	238
Roy. Exchange	21st do.	18,625	256	612	19th do.	13,916	230	408	16th do.	13,137	229	370	14th do.	15,977	250	486
Phœnix	24th do.	36,271	557	1,117	29th do.	29,398	506	837	13d do.	26,121	464	725	24th do.	30,061	478	910
Sun	16th do.	45,921	833	1,254	21st do.	34,410	650	908	15th do.	30,628	580	806	17th do.	34,294	582	987
County	27th May	11,659	100	458	26th Aug.	11,144	68	473	28th Nov.	10,114	66	423	17th do.	11,385	85	462
(Country.)																
W. of England	22d June	9,238	..	462	18th Sept.	6,707	..	335	18th Dec.	6,696	..	335	19th Mar.	7,021	..	351
Manchester	24th May	6,334	..	317	25th Aug.	4,886	..	244	28th Nov.	3,448	..	172	24th Feb.	4,874	..	244
Norwich Union	1st July	19,815	..	991	3d Oct.	13,178	..	659	26th Dec.	12,242	..	612	31st Mar.	19,489	..	974

387.	Folkestone Harbour.	Copy of any Report made in the course of last Summer to the Board of Admiralty, on the State of Folkestone Harbour; also, a Copy of a Memorial presented in 1828 and 1829, from the Merchants, Shipowners, and Masters of Ships [illegible]	6th April.	The memorial is signed by 210 shipowners, and others, interested in coasters and in other shipping, which sail in their course of trade off the southern coasts of Britain. These memorialists set forth "that, in the prosecution of [illegible] London, they are fre-

whereby the inconvenience and danger of running for Spithead would be greatly obviated." . . The memorialists therefore pray "that the Treasury would be pleased to take such steps as may appear most advantageous to the shipping interest, for the completion of Folkestone Harbour."

A lithographed outline of the site of the projected harbour is appended to this print.

413. FOREIGN AND COLONIAL GRAIN.

1. An Account of the Quantities of Foreign and Colonial Grain and Meal remaining in Warehouse on the 5th January, 1837 and 1838.
2. An Account of the Quantities of Foreign Grain and Meal exported between the 5th January, 1837, and the 5th January, 1838; stating to what Countries exported.
3. An Account of the Quantities of Foreign and Colonial Grain and Meal entered for Consumption between the 5th January, 1837, and the 5th January, 1838; stating the Quantity charged with each Rate of Duty, and the total Amount of Duty so paid.

See "CORN," &c.

21st May, 1838.

1. Quantities remaining in warehouse in United Kingdom, at the following periods: —
   Total of grain, on the 5th January, 1837, 820,612 qrs. 1 b.
   Ditto of meal and flour, 180,493 cwt. 0 qr. 27 lbs.
   Total of grain, on the 5th January, 1838, 925,391 qrs. 5 b.
   Ditto of meal and flour, 181,448 cwt. 1 qr. 9 lbs.
2. Total exports of corn and grain, 284,970 qrs.; of meal and flour, 327,434 cwt. 0 qr. 14 lbs.

189. FORTH FERRIES.

Copies of Memorials presented to the Treasury since 1833, relating to the Forth Ferries; also, a Return of what Proceedings have been taken upon them.

6th March, 1838.

Memorial on the subject of ferries across the Firth of Forth, from the provost, magistrates, and town council of the royal burgh of Dundee, to the Lords of the Treasury, dated the 15th May, 1834.

Report of Thomas Telford, Esq., dated London, 1st April, 1834, on the same subject, concluding thus:—"It is evident, from the above statement, that the improvement of the landing piers at Newhaven and Burnt Island is of great importance in a national point of view.

Treasury Minute of the 1st July, 1834, concluding, — "Write to the provost of Dundee, and also to the trustees of the ferries of the Forth, and inform them that my Lords are not prepared to recommend any advance of public money for the works proposed."

Memorial of the magistrates and town council of the royal burgh of Anstruther Easter (5th February, 1838).

Ditto of the magistrates and town council of the royal burgh of Pittenweem (10th February, 1838).

Ditto of the magistrates and town council of Brechin, in Scotland (12th February, 1838).

Severally addressed to the Lords of the Treasury.

527. FOSSIL REMAINS.

Copy of a Memorial presented to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, recommending the Purchase of certain Collections of Fossil Remains by the Trustees of the British Museum.

22d June.

A Letter signed by the undermentioned members of the Geological Society; viz., "Charles Lyell, Ph. Grey Egerton, Cole, Wm. Hy. Fitten, Richard Owen, Woodbine Parish, F. Chantrey, Rodk. J. Murcheson, Wm. Buckland, Northampton, Saml. Turner, Arthur Sedgwick, — strongly urging on the trustees of the British Museum the expediency of "the opportunity now offered" to that body, "of purchasing the collection of rocks and fossils belonging to Mr. Mantell, and lately exhibited in the rooms of the Sussex Scientific and Literary Institution at Brighton;" and expressing "the opinion they entertain of the great value and peculiar interest of that collection," which consists of "between 20,000 and 30,000 specimens, acquired during the last twenty years by Mr. Mantell, chiefly from Kent, Surry, and Sussex, and particularly adapted to elucidate the physical structure and fossil organic remains of those counties."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
406.	Fourpenny Pieces.	A Return of the Amount, in Value and Specie, of the Coin called Fourpenny Pieces that have been issued out of the Mint during the Reigns of his late and her present Majesty, to the Date of this Return.	18th May, 1838.	Number of pieces, 5,359,500; of which the value is 89,325*l.*
	French Fishermen, Aggressions of.	Memorials, &c. received by her Majesty's Government since the 1st January, 1832, complaining of the Aggression of French Fishermen on the British coast. (Presented to the House of Commons, by the Queen's command, in pursuance of their Address to her Majesty of the 5th April, 1838.)*		The following is a list of these memorials: — 1. Fishermen of Essex . . Nov. 10. 1833. 2. Ditto Brighton . . July 13. 1834. 3. Ditto Ditto . . Feb. 27. — 4. Ditto Ditto . . March 26. — 5. Ditto Hartlepool . . Sept. 8. — 6. Ditto Eyemouth and Burmouth . . Dec. 7. — 7. Ditto South-eastern coast of England . Dec. — 1835. 8. Ditto Brighton . . Feb. 8. 1837. 9. Ditto Ditto . . Feb. 9. — 10. Ditto Ditto . . — — 11. Ditto Cromarty, N.B. . Dec. 28. — 12. Ditto Dover . . Jan. 20. 1838. 13. Ditto Ditto . . March 7. — 14. Ditto Brighton . . — 24. — 15. Ditto Ditto . . April 19. —
		* These relate to cases which appear to be of almost inconceivable insolence and aggression on the part of the French fishing-boats.		
163.	French Claims, Baron de Bode.	Copy of a Letter addressed to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, by the Baron de Bode, on the 6th December, 1836, and the Observations of Mr. Finlaison thereon.	26th Feb.	This paper contains a letter from the Baron de Bode, with Mr. Finlaison's opinion upon, and answer to letter.
169.	Gaol Returns.	1837. "Gaols." Copies of all Reports, and of Schedules B, transmitted to the Secretary of State, pursuant to 24th sect. of 4 Geo. IV. c. 64., and 14th sect. of 5 Geo. IV. c. 12. (Counties, Ridings, and Divisions). Presented to the Honourable the House of Commons, in conformity to the further Provisions of the same.	27th Feb.	Returns from the 52 counties of England and Wales, from 10 cities (Bristol, Chester, Coventry, Exeter, Gloucester, London, Norwich, Worcester, Westminster, and York), and 6 towns (Kingston-upon-Hull, Leicester, Liverpool, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Nottingham, Portsmouth), arranged under the heads of answers to the 34 circular queries issued by the Secretary of State, relative to the discipline, management, and number of prisoners in each prison, their age, &c.; and of (34) "General Observations." To the Reports are appended three lithographic plans of the gaol of Newgate. (225 pages.)
	See "Prisons, Inspectors of."			
222.	Glass Duties.	A Return of the Amount of Duty charged on Glass, distinguishing the Amount charged on Flint, Plate, Broad, Crown, Bottle, and German Sheet Glass, in the Year 1837; together with the Amount of Drawback on each	26th April.	A Return of the amount of duty charged on glass; distinguishing the amount charged on flint, plate, broad, crown, bottle, and German sheet, in the year ending the 5th day of January, 1838; together with the amount of

A Return of the amount of duty charged on glass; distinguishing the amount charged on flint, plate, broad, crown, bottle, and German sheet, in the year ending the 5th of January, 1838; together with the amount of drawback on each description of glass; the produce of the duties in England, Scotland, and Ireland, stated separately.

	Amount of Duty charged on												Total.	Amount of Drawback on Exportation.												Total.
	Flint Glass.			Plate.			Broad.			Crown.			Bottle.			German Sheet.				Flint Glass.			Plate.			Broad.			Crown.			Bottle.			German Sheet.			
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
England	76,052	1	0	68,902	10	0	10,789	10	0	533,404	6	7	122,617	10	2	25,511	17	0	837,277	14	9	15,597	2	7	3,983	17	9	4	10	0	168,892	10	2	56,770	10	5	22,889	17	9	268,138	8	8
Scotland	7,530	9	4	..			..			16,423	11	6	32,246	4	1	..			56,200	4	11	1,726	15	5	..			..			8,626	9	0	14,819	8	1	32	15	6	25,205	8	0
Ireland	6,736	12	11	..			.			..			3,642	0	3	..			10,378	13	2	107	14	8	..			..			10	9	1	274	10	5	..			392	14	2
Total	90,319	3	3	68,902	10	0	10,789	10	0	549,827	18	1	158,505	14	6	25,511	17	0	903,856	12	10	17,431	12	8	3,983	17	9	4	10	0	177,529	8	3	71,864	8	11	22,922	13	3	293,736	10	10

269. GRAND CAYMANAS. Copy of Memorial to the Queen in Council, from the Custos, Magistrates, and Inhabitants of the Island of Grand Caymanas.

In this written memorial is presented "A case of peculiar hardship arising out of the measures consequent upon the Slavery Abolition Act, and the Registry Acts." After a gratulatory address to her Majesty, conceived in very fervent terms, the memorialists thus describe the hardship of their peculiar position:—

"The island inhabited by us, your Majesty's attached subjects, is situated to the westward of Jamaica, at a distance of 160 miles; and though we and our ancestors have lived under the protection of the British flag, and have enjoyed a few of the privileges of British subjects, still we have never been duly recognised either as immediately under the protection of Britain, or as a dependency of Jamaica; consequently no laws were ever framed for our government but such as were determined on by our own people, who had the appearance of authority so far that magistrates' commissions were obtained from the different governors of Jamaica; these still continue to be obtained from the same source.

"Thus politically situated (not from any fault of our own), we, your Majesty's subjects, have been frequently involved in great difficulties, and are at the present moment labouring under one of no ordinary weight; one which has been attended with serious loss to all, and has reduced many old and infirm persons to exist on the charity of others. The case is this: By the occasional intercourse between this island and Jamaica our ancestors and ourselves became, during the existence of the slave trade, possessed of slaves, the number of which, at the time that your Majesty's Government determined that slavery should for ever cease in your Majesty's colonies, amounted to about 1000, for whom we received part of that pecuniary consideration so justly provided by your Majesty's Government. Nine months, however, had just elapsed when his Excellency the Marquess of Sligo, then Governor of Jamaica, visited our island, and discharged by proclamation our apprentices from the remaining term of apprenticeship, on the ground of their non-registration in 1817 and subsequently. Thus we, your Majesty's subjects, have not benefited to the same extent with the slave-owners in Jamaica and your Majesty's other colonies. But on this we would have been silent, and not have presumed to approach your Majesty, had the non-registration proceeded from obstinacy or any wilful disregard on our part of the British law. But of the existence of such a law we were ignorant. Our simple and retired habits furnished us with few oportunities of knowing what was going on in the political world. Unnoticed

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

and disregarded by others, we were literally 'a law unto ourselves;' and never having an office of registry in our island, we have been thus, by the fiat of his Excellency the Marquess of Sligo, punished for not doing that which it was actually impossible for us to do.

"We humbly pray your Majesty not to construe this representation of our case into any regret on our part that slavery has ceased. We know that the system is unjust and inhuman; but having become possessed of slave property during the time that it was tolerated by your Majesty's Government, and witnessing the severe distress which the sudden and unexpected deprivation of the services of the apprentices has brought on the island, we having been entirely unprepared for so unlooked-for an event, by which we do not participate equally with other islands in the West Indies, humbly pray your Majesty most graciously to take our case into your Majesty's most serious consideration, and afford us such relief as your Majesty shall deem meet."

They add, that after having thus briefly stated the position in which they have been placed by the act of Lord Sligo, their present difficulties and consequent inability to provide for the education of the greater part of the inhabitants of Caymanas, they have, as suffering from two violent hurricanes on 28th September and 25th October, to entreat the sympathy and charitable consideration of the Government. "By these visitations," say they, "St. George's church, already alluded to, has been blown down, — the other seriously injured; — upwards of 100 dwelling-houses have been totally destroyed, and not a single one has entirely escaped injury. Out of 18 vessels belonging to the island, and by which the inhabitants draw their principal means of support, 13 have been wrecked; every plantation and provision ground utterly destroyed: and unless Christian sympathy be awakened, and Christian benevolence extended, many of the inhabitants will be involved in the deepest and bitterest distress."

	Greece.	Convention of Commerce and Navigation between her Majesty and the King of Greece. Signed at London, October 4. 1837. (Presented to both Houses by command of her Majesty, 1838.)		Signed, respectively, by the Right Honourable Viscount Palmerston, and M. Spiridion Tricoupi.
88. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	Guiana, British.	Copy of a letter from John Gladstone, Esq., to Lord Glenelg, with Inclosures.	5th March.	The letter, which is dated Carlton Gardens, 28th February, 1838, commences thus: —"My Lord,—Agreeably to what passed yesterday, when we had the honour of an inverview with your Lordship, I now beg to inclose, for your perusal, copies of the instructions which I transmitted to my correspondents at Calcutta, authorising them to provide and engage a limited number of Hill Coolies, who were disposed to emigrate as free labourers to British Guiana, for the purpose of being employed on our plantations there under the Order in Council dated the 12th of July last." This is signed, "On behalf of Messrs. Davidson, Berkley, and Co., Mr. Colville and myself, My Lord, yours, &c., John Gladstone." The following extract from inclosure No. 1., "Copy of a letter from John Gladstone, Esq., to Messrs. Gilanders, Arbuthnot, and Co., of Calcutta," will sufficiently explain the objects of the importation of the "hill people," which elicited the observations on this question that were made during the Session in both Houses. "You will probably be aware that we are very particularly situated with our negro apprentices in the West Indies, and that it is a matter of doubt and uncertainty how far they may be induced to continue their services on the plantations after their apprenticeship expires, in 1840. This to us is a subject of great moment and deep interest in the colonies of Demerara and Jamaica. We are, therefore, most desirous to obtain and introduce labourers from other quarters, and particularly from climates something similar in their nature." Great care appears to have been manifested by the enterprising and distinguished writer of this letter, and the other eminent merchants associated with him in the enterprise, to secure for the Hill Coolies, who might engage in this service, the same advantages and benevolent superintendence which are well known as honourably distinguishing the "Gladstone estates" in the West Indies and America. "Our plantation labour in the field is very light; much of it, particularly in Demerara, is done by task work, which for the day is usually completed by two

clothing sufficient and suitable for the climate; there are schools on each estate for the education of the children, and the instruction of their parents in the knowledge of their religious duties. Their houses are comfortable, and it may be fairly said they pass their time agreeably and happily. Marriages are encouraged, and when improper conduct on the part of the people takes place, there are public stipendiary magistrates, who take cognisance of such, and judge between them and their employers. They have regular medical attendance, whenever they are indisposed, at the expense of their employers." . . . "It is of great importance to us to endeavour to provide a portion of other labourers whom we might use as a set-off, and, when the time for it comes, make us, as far as it is possible, independent of our negro population; and it has occurred to us that a moderate number of Bengalees, such as you were sending to the Isle of France, might be very suitable for our purpose; and on this subject I am now desirous to obtain all the information you can possibly give me. The number I should think of taking and sending by one vessel, direct from Calcutta to Demerara, would be about 100; they ought to be young, active, able-bodied people. It would be desirable that a portion of them, at least one half, should be married, and their wives disposed to work in the field as well as they themselves. We should require to bind them for a period not less than five years or more than seven years. They would be provided with comfortable dwellings, food, and medical attendance; they would also, if required, be provided with clothing, or wages to provide themselves, which, for the able-bodied, would not exceed four dollars per month, and in that proportion for females and their children as they grow up; a free passage would be given to them to Demerara, where they would be divided, and twenty to thirty placed on one plantation. I do not know whether the class referred to are likely to be of a particular caste, and under the influence of certain religious feelings, and also restricted to any particular kind of food; if so, we must endeavour to provide for them accordingly."

In the course of their answer to this communication, Messrs. Gilanders, Arbuthnot, and Co. write as follows: — . . . "Within the last two years upwards of 2000 natives have been sent from this to the Mauritius, by several parties here, under contracts of engagements for five years. The contracts, we believe, are all of a similar nature; and we inclose a copy of one, under which we have sent 700 or 800 men to the Mauritius: and we are not aware that any greater difficulty would present itself in sending men to the West Indies, the natives being perfectly ignorant of the place they agree to go to, or the length of the voyage they are undertaking. The tribe that is found to suit best in the Mauritius is from the hills to the north of Calcutta, and the men of which are all well-limbed and active, without prejudices of any kind, and hardly any ideas beyond those of supplying the wants of nature, arising, it would appear, however, more from want of opportunity than from any natural deficiency, of which there is no indication in their countenance, which is often one of intelligence. They are also very docile and easily managed, and appear to have no local ties, nor any objection to leave their country."

"We fear we should not find so many as half of the number provided with wives; as, however, our friends at the Isle of France have always discouraged the men being so accompanied, we are not very well able to say how far the women might be induced to go.

"Our letters from the Isle of France speak very favourably of the men hitherto sent, many of whom, our friends write to us, have their task completed by two o'clock, and go home, leaving the negroes in the field.

"We are not aware that we can say any more on this subject, unless we add, that in inducing these men to leave their country, we firmly believe we are breaking no ties of kindred, or in any way acting a cruel part.

"The hill tribes, known by the name of Dhangurs, are looked down upon by the more cunning natives of the plains, and they are always spoken of as more akin to the monkey than the man. They have no religion, no education, and, in their present state, no wants beyond eating, drinking, and sleeping; and to procure which they are willing to labour."

The paper closes with the following table, which presents a gratifying proof of the ameliorated physical condition of the negro apprentices, in a British West India colony.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

Statement of the average annual mortality on five estates in Berbice, under the superintendence of Davidsons, Berkley, and Co., compiled from monthly Returns sent home during the last three years. The previous Returns (as well as those on other estates during the same period) did not distinguish the free persons from the apprentices, and therefore afforded no criterion of the deaths among the latter class.

Names of Estates.	Number of Apprenticed Negroes on				Nnmber of Deaths during		
	1st January, 1835.	1st January, 1836.	1st January, 1837.	30th November, 1837.	The Year 1835.	The Year 1836.	The 11 Months ending 30th Nov. 1837.
Goldstone Hall .	291	287	275	265	4	12	10
Reliance . .	272	263	254	252	9	9	2
Highbury .	340	323	310	300	17	12	11
Waterloo . .	138	135	131	128	3	5	2
Rose Hall .	268	263	256	250	5	7	6
							31
					Add for December, 1837: Return not yet received.		3
	1,309	1,271	1,226	1,195	38	45	34

38 deaths in 1,309 negroes gives 1 in 34½ as the average of 1835.
45 — in 1,271 — 1 in 28¼ — 1836.
34 — in 1,226 — 1 in 36 — 1837.

117 in 3,806 1 in 32½ as the average of the three years; —

a mortality less than the average of several European nations, as Italy, Greece, and Turkey, in which the proportion, according to M. Moreau de Jonnes, is 1 in 30, and very little more than that within the bills of mortality of the metropolis.

180. GUIANA, BRITISH, and MAURITIUS. Copies of all Orders in Council, or Colonial Ordinances, for the better Regulation and Enforcement of the relative Duties of Masters and Employers, and articled Servants, Tradesmen, and Labourers, in the Colonies of British Guiana and Mauritius, and of Correspondence relating thereto. — 2d March. — An immense mass of correspondence (including a copy of Mr. Gladstone's with Lord Glenelg, just noticed) between Governor Sir J. Carmichael Smith, Bart., K.C.B. (Demerara), Sir William Nicolay, C.B. (Mauritius), and Lord Glenelg: between Lord Glenelg, Sir George Grey, and Mr. Stephens, and Messrs. Albany, Gladstone, &c. (138 pages.)

212. HANDLOOM WEAVERS. A Copy of Instructions that have been issued to Assistant Commissioners of Inquiry "into Handloom Weavers." — 15th March. — The Assistant Commissioners are instructed by the Commissioners of Inquiry that "it is probable that the principal distinction between the separate trades, in all of which the

... of weavers will then accurately fall under three heads: 1. Their actual condition; 2. The causes of that condition; 3. The means, if any, by which it can be improved." Then follows an exceedingly subdivided and divaricating synopsis of the subsidiary heads of inquiry, which the Assistant Commissioner is enjoined to handle with no ordinary degree of discretion and sagacity. To the Report are appended the respectable names of Nassau Wm. Senior, Samuel Jones Loyd, William Edward Hickson, and John Leslie.

* *Sic. in orig.* of the Return to Address of the House of Commons.

376. HASTINGS SHIP OF WAR. — A Return of the extra Expense incurred in the "Hastings," 74, for the Purpose of fitting her up for carrying the Earl of Durham and his Suite to Canada. — 8th May.

	£	s.	d.
Materials	324	5	10
Workmanship	248	16	7
Total	£573	2	5

358. HAYTI AND GREAT BRITAIN, AND JAMAICA AND HAYTI. — Returns of the Exports and Imports between Great Britain and Hayti, and between Great Britain and Jamaica. — 12th Aug.

A Return of the exports from Great Britain to Hayti during the last ten years, from 1828 to 1837 (inclusive), and of the imports from Hayti to Great Britain during the same period.

	£
Exports from the United Kingdom to Hayti	3,560,477
Annual average	356,047
Imports into the United Kingdom from Hayti	1,241,479
Annual average	£124,148

A Return of the exports from Great Britain to Jamaica during the last ten years, from 1828 to 1837 (inclusive), and of the exports of the goods thus imported into Jamaica from thence to the Spanish Main, and elsewhere, during the same period.

	£
Exports from the United Kingdom to Jamaica	14,728,238
Annual average	1,472,824
Re-exportations from Jamaica of goods originally imported into that island from the United Kingdom *	3,600,807
Annual average	£360,080

* The re-exportations from Jamaica cannot be exhibited for the years prior to 1832, the record of colonial commerce having commenced with that year.

[Taking the average of the last six years in this table (1832 to 1837, inclusive), the re-exportations from Jamaica, in the four years 1828 to 1831, in which the exports from the United Kingdom appear to have amounted to 5,957,975*l.*, would have amounted to an aggregate of 2,446,165*l.* In that case, the total exports from the United Kingdom to Jamaica, being for the ten years (1828 to 1837) 14,728,339*l.*, the total re-exportations from Jamaica of goods originally imported into that island, &c., may be stated at 6,046,972*l.*, and the annual average for the same period, consequently, at 604,697*l.* — ED. M. P.]

9. HIGHWAYS. — Report of the Select Committee on the Highways Act, together with the Minutes of Evidence and Appendix. — 11th June. — The Committee direct the attention of Parliament to various clauses which they consider to be defective as incorporated in the existing Highways Act, and submit their several suggestions to Parliament as to the means proper to be taken for remedy of the same.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
235.	Highland Roads and Bridges.	Twenty-fourth Report of the Commissioners for Repair of Roads and Bridges in Scotland.	23d March.	

Hops.

1. Accounts of the total Number of Acres of Land, in Great Britain, under the Cultivation of Hops, in the Year 1837, distinguishing the Number of Acres in each Parish; of the Duty on Hops of the Growth of the Year 1837, distinguishing the Districts, and the old from the new Duty; of the Quantity of Hops exported from Great Britain to foreign Countries, from 5th January, 1837, to 5th January, 1838; distinguishing the Countries to which exported, and also the Quantities to each Country; also British from Foreign Growths, and the Dates of the Years in which the British Hops were grown. *

2. An Account of the total Number of Quarters of Malt made between the 5th of January, 1837, and the 5th of January, 838, in the United Kingdom; distinguishing the Quantity in each Country, and the Quantity used by Brewers and Victuallers and retail Brewers.

3. An Account of the Number of Persons in each of the several Collections, in the United Kingdom, licensed as Brewers," and "Victuallers," to sell Beer to be drunk on the Premises, and to sell Beer not to be drunk on the Premises; stating the Numbers of each Class who brew their own Beer, and the Quantity of Malt consumed by them, particularising each Class in each Collection, from the 5th of January, 1837, to the 5th of January, 1838.

* The largest quantity of hops exported appears to have been of the growth of the year 1836, of which growth there were exported 205,425 lbs. weight. The total export for the year was 444,265 lbs. These were all British hops. No foreign hops exported.

An Account of the districts or collections, number of acres and duty collected, of hops of the growth of the year 1837; distinguishing the districts, and the old from the new duty.

ABSTRACT.

Collections.	Number of Acres.	Duty. £	s.	d.
Barnstaple	6¼	38	16	4
Bath	2¼	22	10	2
Bedford	34	136	10	2
Bristol	2¼	4	14	8
Cambridge	2	9	8	4
Canterbury	11,125¼	60,692	3	8
Chester	0¾	3	1	6
Cornwall	4¾	12	1	9
Coventry	0¼		6	0
Derby	124	944	18	8
Dorset	30¼	48	5	0
Essex	325	1,533	5	4
Exeter	8	43	7	10
Gloucester	7¾	44	2	8
Grantham	26¼	155	9	10
Hants	1,691¾	8,464	0	8
Hereford	10,602¾	48,237	17	4
Hertford	110	847	14	2
Isle of Wight	1	2	14	8
Lincoln	607¾	4,702	3	6
Lynn	6¾	16	5	1
Northampton	1¾	14	13	0
Norwich	17¾	48	0	10
Oxford	15	67	15	4
Plymouth	4	6	6	8
Reading	7	30	6	6
Rochester	15,452¾	82,680	8	10
Salisbury	1,222	5,991	16	6
Salop	7	13	14	10
Stafford	0¾		6	4
Stourbridge	615¾	3,301	17	4
Suffolk	172¾	1,024	1	0
Surrey	16¾	49	14	6
Sussex	2,068¾	80,873	2	2

Old Duty,	at 1 $\frac{17}{20}$ d. per pound	178,706 13	3$\frac{9}{20}$
New Duty,	at $\frac{3}{20}$ d. per pound	132,087 10	8$\frac{13}{20}$
Total		£ 310,794 4	0

(2.)

	Year ended the 5th of January, 1838.			
	Quarters of Malt made.	Quarters of Malt used.		Total Quarters.
		By Brewers and Victuallers.	By Retail Brewers.	
England	4,211,544	3,197,178	460,415	3,657,593
Scotland	572,880	147,858	.. ..	147,858
Ireland	284,418	225,083	.. ..	225,083
The United Kingdom	5,068,842	3,570,119	460,415	4,030,534

(3.)

Collections.	Number of				Number who brew their own Beer.			Bushels of Malt consumed by each class.			
	Brewers.	Victuallers.	Persons licensed to sell Beer.		Victuallers.	Persons licensed to sell Beer.		Brewers.	Victuallers.	Persons licensed to sell Beer.	
			To be drunk on the Premises.	Not to be drunk on the Premises.		To be drunk on the Premises.	Not to be drunk on the Premises.			To be drunk on the Premises.	Not to be drunk on the Premises.
England — 55 country collections	2162	51,354	33,541	5128	26,841	15,503	1193	11,123,843	8,786,426	3,166,627	326,179
England — London	107	4,397	1,561	164	26	107	9	5,641,470	25,691	180,753	9,765
England — Total	2269	55,751	40,102	5292	26,867	15,610	1202	16,765,313	8,812,117	3,347,380	335,944
Scotland (16 collections)	226	17,071	.. ..	.. ..	325	.. ..	.. ..	1,043,500	139,364	.. ..	
Ireland (21 ditto)	248	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1,800,669	.. ..	.. ..	
Grand totals, United Kingdom	2743	72,822	40,102	5292	27,192	15,610	1202	19,609,482	8,951,481	3,347,380	335,944

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
264.	Holyhead Harbour.	Copy of a Report on the Harbour of Holyhead, made in pursuance of the Report of the Select Committee appointed to inquire into the existing Communication between London and Dublin, and to consider what Improvement could be made therein.	30th March.	Lieutenant Sheringham, R.N., to whom the preparation of this important Report was confided, addresses to Captain Beaufort, the hydrographer to the Admiralty, a succinct but very able and intelligent paper, which disposes of the two questions severally referred to him in the following manner: — "In obedience to your direction to report on the qualification and capacity for improvement in Holyhead harbour as a packet station, and also as a harbour of refuge for the trade passing up and down the Irish Channel, I have the honour to state that my opinion as to the merits of that harbour for the steam-packet establishment, as at present constituted, and for the class of vessels at present employed, is, that it very fairly answers the purpose intended, and that I doubt whether a more desirable packet station on this side of the Channel could be procured." He then proceeds to discuss the other question propounded to him; and he prefaces his opinion upon that by adverting to the case of the employment of larger steam vessels than the class at present employed to and from Holyhead; and he says, — "But if it should be determined to employ steam-ships of a greater size, and if a greater size should necessarily involve a greater draught of water, then I do not think that the capacities of Holyhead Harbour, as at present constructed, would be sufficient for the above-mentioned service." After demonstrating what the objections are, — 1st, to extending the present pier of Holyhead into deeper water; 2d, to the construction of a new harbour to the northward of the present one (both which courses had been strongly recommended in some quarters), — he concludes his report in these terms: — "I therefore submit that Holyhead Harbour is, perhaps, the most eligible situation for the packets, as at present established, but that it does not offer a suitable place for the erection of large and expensive works in order to protect vessels of increased draught of water, and that for a harbour of refuge it is so situated as to be insufficient." (Signed) "W. L. Sheringham, R.N."
207.	Imports and Exports. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	An Account of the Value of all Imports and Exports from the United Kingdom, according to official Valuation; distinguishing the Value of Produce and Manufactures of the United Kingdom from the Value of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise exported; also stating the Value of the Produce and Manufactures of the United Kingdom exported, according to the real or declared Value thereof, for the Year 1837; and comparing the same with the Years ending 1835 and 1836.	12th June.	

Years.	Value of Imports into the United Kingdom, calculated at the Official Rates of Valuation.	Value of Exports from the United Kingdom, calculated at the Official Rates of Valuation.			Value of the Produce and Manufactures of the United Kingdom exported therefrom, according to the real or declared Value thereof.
		Produce and Manufactures of the United Kingdom.	Foreign and Colonial Merchandise.	Total Exports.	

546. INSOLVENT DEBTORS. A Return of the Number of Persons who have applied for their Discharge under the Insolvent Debtors' Act, in Town and Country, during the last three Years, in 1835, 1836, 1837, showing the Number of such Persons who have been remanded during that Period, and how many of that Number have been remanded on account of Fraud. — 30th June.

TOWN.

Number of persons who have applied for their discharge during the period above mentioned		4880
Number of such persons who have been remanded		507
Of these last mentioned persons there have been remanded for fraud against the whole body of creditors (sec. 48.)	148	
For fraud against particular creditors (sec. 49.)	75	
Total remanded for fraud		223
Remanded under sections 47. and 49., for offences not fraudulent		284
		507

COUNTRY.

Number of persons who have applied for their discharge during the period above-mentioned		7468
Number of such persons who have been remanded		742
Of these last-mentioned persons there have been remanded for fraud against the whole body of creditors sec. 48.	210	
For fraud against particular creditors (sec. 49.)	44	
Total remanded for fraud		254
Remanded under sections 47. and 49., for offences not fraudulent		488
		742

528. INCOME, PUBLIC, AND EXPENDITURE. An Account of the Public Income and Expenditure of the United Kingdom, in the Years ending 5th of January, 1836, 1837, and 1838; distinguishing the actual Payments for the Expenses incurred in the Collection and Management of the Revenue; for the Charges of the Public Debt (the Terminable Annuities being also valued by Estimate); for the Expenses and the Civil Government; the Allowances to the Royal Family, and to his Royal Highness Prince Leopold; the Establishment of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland; the Expenses of the two — 22d June.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
11	Income, Public, and Expenditure — *continued.*	Houses of Parliament, and the Civil Departments; the other Pensions on the Consolidated Fund, or the gross Revenue, and the Civil List; also, the Payments for the Administration of Justice, Diplomatic Expenses, and the Payments on account of the Sums voted for the Army, Navy, and Ordnance Services; also Public Works, Bounties, Post Office, the Quarantine and Warehousing Establishments; and all other Payments not coming under any of the foregoing Heads; with an Appendix, showing the several Items composing each Head of the Account.		

	Income for the Years ended 5th of January,		
	1836.	1837.	1838.
	£	£	£
Customs and Excise	36,540,616	38,765,091	36,355,677
Stamps	7,224,907	7,350,377	7,265,123
Assessed and Land Taxes	3,881,397	3,921,505	3,890,146
Post Office	2,243,294	2,350,602	2,339,739
Crown Lands	382,973	361,593	419,780
Other ordinary Revenues, and other Resources	221,545	146,130	322,188
Total Income	50,494,732	52,895,298	50,592,653
Excess of Expenditure over Income	..	..	726,460
	50,494,732	52,895,298	51,319,113

	Expenditure for the Years ended 5th of January,		
	1836.	1837.	1838.
	£	£	£
Charges, Collection of the Revenue	2,943,496	2,851,225	2,813,792
Public Debt	28,505,675	29,234,873	29,480,694
Civil Government	1,584,475	1,556,472	1,721,034
Justice	1,022,751	1,010,184	1,326,435
Diplomatic	358,964	315,436	316,932
Forces: — Army, Navy, Ordnance	11,657,487	12,112,968	12,716,897
Bounties for promoting Fisheries	14,539	15,683	12,466
Public Works	280,600	316,841	304,896
Payments out of Revenues of Crown Lands, for Improvements, and various public Services	382,491	327,458	324,451
Post Office, Charges of Collection, and other Payments	686,141	712,304	688,704
Quarantine, and Warehousing Establishments	113,989	111,563	121,700
Miscellaneous Services, not classed under foregoing heads	1,237,031	2,254,298	1,491,112
Total Expenditure	48,787,639	50,819,305	51,519,113
Surplus	1,707,093	2,075,993	..
	50,494,732	52,895,298	51,319,113
MEMORANDUM.			
The amount of Terminable Annuities, on 5th of January, was	4,188,809	4,220,817	4,202,042
In corresponding Perpetuities, as estimated by			

		have been granted during each of the last three Years, for the Reception of Insane Persons, under the Act 2 and 3 Will. IV. c. 107., stating the Names of the several Proprietors or Superintendents, and distinguishing the Numbers and Sex of the Patients for whose Reception they are severally licensed.		
173.	Ipswich Petition.	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee on the Ipswich Borough Election Petition, with the Proceedings of the Committee.	28th Feb., 1838.	122 witnesses examined. Committee reported that Thomas Gibson, Esq., and Fitzroy Kelly, Esq., are duly elected, and ought to have been returned burgesses to represent the borough of Ipswich, in the present Parliament, and that Henry Tuffnell, Esq., is not duly elected to serve, &c. (340 pages.)
160.	Ireland. (Charitable Donations and Bequests).	1. A Return of the present State of the Proceedings, and when Proceedings commenced, in each Case instituted by the Board of Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests in Ireland, for the Recovery of any Fund applicable to the Poor or Charitable Institutions. 2. Copies of all Communications between the Irish Government and the Board of Charitable Donations and Bequests, respecting the Constitution of said Board, between the Years 1830 and 1838.		
41.	——— (Civil Services).	Moneys received from the Paymaster of Civil Services in Ireland on account of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, and the Expenditure thereof, from the 1st to the 31st of December, 1837, both Days inclusive. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)		Received and expended, except the balance of 11*s.*, from the Paymaster of Civil Services in Ireland, 2,077*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.*
266.	——— (Clergy).	A Return of Money repaid by the Parties to whom any Portion of the 1,000,000*l.* voted for the Irish Clergy has been advanced; specifying the sum originally lent to each Borrower, and the Amount still remaining due.	30th March.	

Names of Borrowers.	Amount advanced.	Amount repaid.	Amount remaining due.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	24,908 15 4	3,238 12 5	21,670 2 11

The foregoing Return contains the advances to such borrowers only as have made repayments.
This Return has been framed on the supposition that it is not intended that the whole details of the advances made to the clergy under the 3 & 4 Will. IV. c. 100. shall be comprehended in it. A Return was presented to Parliament, and ordered to be printed, 22d of June, 1836, specifying in detail the whole of the advances under the Act.

No. or Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
208.	IRELAND (COMMITTALS).	Returns from the Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Peace, of the several Counties, &c., in Ireland, of the Number of Persons committed to the different Gaols thereof for Trial, in the Year 1837. (Pursuant to Act 56 Geo. III. c. 120.)	15th March.	These Returns present a fearful exhibition of the frequency and extent of that class of offences which may be called crimes of violence, if anything like the ordinary proportion of evidence is supplied to substantiate "the crimes severally charged" against the parties committed to take their trials for them, or if anything like the ordinary proportion of convictions follows upon such commitments. From these returns, no such proportion appears to hold; but it is to be feared that many local circumstances, and the operation of feelings strongly influenced by party and political considerations, render the proportion of convictions to commitments, in the case before us, a test less to be relied on than, for the interests of humanity, it were well that it could be. In any case, the mere fact of such a mass of committals, in a territory of no greater extent, and within the period of twelve months, is one of the most extraordinary and the most afflicting incidents ever developed in the history of a civilised nation. Omitting from the recapitulation two or three classes of crime which it is unnecessary to particularise, we will state the following catalogue as a general table, from which we extract the results that we subjoin to it. In thirty-one counties of Ireland, and eleven cities, towns, or counties of towns and cities, the offences tried in the year 1837 were these: — Abduction; arson; assault; assault with intent to murder; ditto, by administering poison; ditto, malicious; ditto, with intent to ravish; ditto, with intent to ravish female infants; ditto, inflicting grievous bodily harm; ditto, with intent to mutilate and disfigure; ditto, with intent to rob; ditto, malicious; ditto, coming under the statute; burglary; cattle stealing; embezzlement; forgery, and uttering; forgeries of bank notes, and uttering; felony, compounding; fraud, or obtaining money under false pretences; highway robbery; horse stealing; housebreaking and entering; house robbery; larceny; manslaughter; murder; ditto, females of their infants; ditto, concealing birth of ditto; misdemeanour; perjury; procession, illegal; rape; receiving, and having in possession stolen goods; riotous assembly; sheep stealing, and killing same with intent to steal; shooting at persons; uttering counterfeit coin, and having same, &c.; vagrancy; writing, and sending challenge to fight; misdemeanour; receiving stolen goods; rescue; writing and sending threatening letters; administering and taking oaths unlawfully; taking and holding forcible possession, &c. To take nine, only, of these classes of crime, there would seem to have been committed in all Ireland, exclusive only of Tipperary, in the year 1837, on charges of

Murder of infants by females, their reputed mothers	34
"Assaults with intent to ravish," and "assaults with intent to ravish female infants"	62
Assaults with intent to mutilate and disfigure; ditto, accompanied with grievous bodily violence, upwards of (exclusive of "assaults;" ditto, malicious; ditto, with intent to rob; ditto, coming under the statute; and ditto, with intent to murder, of which latter, alone, about fifty.)	100
Shooting at persons	80
Manslaughter	145
Murder and manslaughter	124
Murder	450
Rape	270

To this appalling statement there is to be added the almost incredible return for a single county, Tipperary, which we subjoin, *verbatim*.

Crimes with which they were severally charged upon their commitment.	Number of committals.	Crimes of which they were indicted.	Crimes of which such of them as were convicted were severally convicted.	Acquitted by verdict of a jury.	Discharged by reason of no bill being found.	Discharged by proclamation, by reason of no prosecution.	Bailed, and not tried.	Remaining for trial.
Numbers included in the different indictments drawn	777	Affray.	.. ..	78	149	..	..	373
	1493	Assault.	.. ..	156	393	..	..	741
	674	Grievous assault.	.. ..	76	171	..	..	373
	360	Rescue.	.. ..	74	108	..	..	138
	161	Forcible possession.	.. ..	43	65	..	..	38
	324	Larceny.	.. .	70	95	..	..	45
	4	Dilapidation.	.. ..	..	4	..	..	..
Total number of persons committed	3793	Number of persons indicted . 2808 Not indicted . 985 Total . 3793	Number of persons convicted . . 603 Acquitted by verdict of jury . . 497 No bill found against . 985 No prosecution of . . Bailed, and not tried. . Remaining for trial . 1708 Total . . 3793	497	985	..	..	1708

383. (Constabulary)

A Return, in compliance with the Act 6 Will. IV. c. 13. s. 57., containing a Statement of the Amount of Constabulary and Police Force employed in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in Ireland, on the 1st of January, 1838; distinguishing the Number of Persons in each Class or Rank of the Constabulary Force so employed, with the Salaries and Allowances actually enjoyed by each Class. Account of the whole Expenditure upon the Police and Constabulary in each County, County of a City, and County of a Town, in Ireland, for the Year ended on the 1st of January, 1838; and a Summary of the Total Amount of Force so employed on the 1st of January, 1838, and of the total Expenditure upon the Police and Constabulary Force for the whole of Ireland, for the Year ended at the above Period; showing the Proportion of such total Expense borne on the Consolidated Fund, and the Amount borne by the Counties, Cities, and Towns of Ireland; in continuation of a similar Return, ordered to be printed on the 21st of April, 1837, for the Year preceding.

11th May.

No. 1.

	Sub-Inspectors.	Chief Constables.		Head Constables.		Constables.	Sub Constables.	
		1st rate.	2d rate.	1st class.	2d class.		1st class.	2d class.
Totals	35	109	105	35	216	1037	5211	1439

No. 2.—Whole expenditure for each county, county of a city, or town . . £ 369,434 s. 17 d. 10

No. of Paper. | Class of Paper. | Title of Paper. | When ordered to be printed. | Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

IRELAND (CONSTABULARY) —*continued.*

No. 3.

Number.	Rank.	Total Expense.	Proportions borne on the Consolidated Fund.	Amount borne by the Counties, Cities, and Towns.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	Inspector General			
2	Deputy Inspector Generals			
4	County Inspectors			
35	Sub Inspectors			
109	Chief Constables			
105	Ditto, 2d rate			
35	Head Constables	380,268 6 9	227,606 14 5	152,661 12 4
216	Ditto, 2d class			
1037	Constables			
5211	Sub Constables			
1439	Ditto, 2d class			
50	Magistrates			
18	Paymasters			
1	Receiver			

116. (CONSTABULARY FORCE.) (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) A Return, showing the total Number of the Constabulary and Peace Preservation Police, on the 1st of January in each of the Years from 1828 to 1838, inclusive. 30th March. (No. 1.) Return of the effective strength of the Constabulary Force in each of the counties of Ireland, on the 1st of January in each year, from 1828 to 1838, inclusive.

From this Return it appears that the strength of the force in question had increased in the following proportions, in the several counties undermentioned; namely,—

	In Year 1828.		In Year 1838.	
	No. of Officers.	No. of Constables and Sub Ditto.	No. of Officers.	No. of Constables and Sub Ditto.
County of Antrim	8	168	7	182
Armagh	5	96	6	114
Carlow	3	72	5	122
Cavan	7	144	9	178
Clare	7	200	9	250
Cork	22	411	20	584
Donegal	7	98	8	175
Down	8	128	7	156
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Mayo	9	173	9	264	
Meath	8	288	8	351	
Monaghan	4	79	4	129	
Queen's	6	153	8	323	
Roscommon	6	170	7	250	
Sligo	6	108	6	183	
Tipperary	10	361	15	686	
Tyrone	5	136	5	147	
Waterford	6	100	7	188	
Westmeath	8	238	7	259	
Wexford	8	139	8	238	
Wicklow	4	128	5	165	

* Decrease in 1838.
‡ Exclusive of establishment for city of Limerick.
† Increase of 1, only, in each class, in 1838.
§ Increase of 1 officer, only.

173. ——— (Correspondence). Correspondence between the Office of Chief Secretary of Ireland and the Marquess of Westmeath, relative to the Removal of Sir Richard Nagle, Baronet, from the Lieutenancy of the County of Westmeath, and his Reappointment thereto; and also between the Lord Chancellor of Ireland and the Marquess of Westmeath, relative to Sir R. Nagle's Removal and Restoration to the Commission of the Peace for the County of Westmeath, and to the Appointment of John Sheil, Esquire, to the Commission of the Peace for the said County. (Lords' Paper.) — 25th May, 1838. — A correspondence between Sir William Gossett, Sir R. Nagle, the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, T. Drummond, Esq., and the Marquess of Westmeath; the Marquess of Westmeath and Mr. M'Causland and Lord Morpeth.

80. ——— (County of Dublin Treasurers.) Supplemental Rule, with reference to the Accounts of the Treasurers of the County and County of the City of Dublin. In pursuance of the Act 1 Vict. c. 54. s. 18. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) — Order dated from Council Chamber in Dublin, 16th February, 1838.

604. ——— (County Treasurers). A Return of the Amount received for the Fee Fund, under the Act 1 Vic. c. 54., and the Regulations by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in pursuance thereof, and of the Payments out of the same Funds to the 25th Day of March last; distinguishing the Sum paid by the Treasurer of each County, &c. &c., and the Amount of each Payment. — 18th July, 1838. — Returns from 22 counties of Ireland. Total amount, 1,046*l.* 4*s.* 11*d.* Payments made out of the Fee Fund up to the 25th of March, 1838, 135*l.* 9*s.* 11*d.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
122.	Ireland (Crime and Criminal Offenders).	Returns of the Rewards offered by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, for the Discovery of Perpetrators of Outrages; of all Reports made by Stipendiary Magistrates and Officers of Police, of Crimes and Outrages committed; and of all Offences which have been tried at the several Assizes and Quarter Sessions; from the 1st of January, 1836, to the 1st of December, 1837. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	2d April.	Very detailed Returns; 184 pages.
105.	——— (Dublin Society).	Copies of Communications between the Irish Government, the Treasury, and the Royal Dublin Society, since the Report of the Committee.	2d February.	
142.	——— (Ecclesiastical Commissions).	Return of Salary, Fees, and Emoluments paid to Commissioners, Secretary, Treasurers, and others employed under the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of Ireland, and Amount of Money received on account of the Perpetuity Purchase Fund.		Returns of the salary, fees, and emoluments of any kind paid to each commissioner, secretary, treasurer, clerk, agent, or other persons employed in or by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of Ireland, in each year, since their appointment, and the name of every such person receiving the same; also, the amount of money received by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of Ireland, on account of the Perpetuity Purchase Fund, and statement of the manner in which the same has been disposed of.

Perpetuity Purchase Fund.

Amount received to 1st January, 1838. . . . £262,775 10 11½

Statement of manner in which same has been disposed of: —

	£	s.	d.
Transferred to general fund	156,791	16	3
Invested in 110,400*l.* Three per cent. Consols	100,112	2	0
Returned to Sir J. Bruce, a mortgage being granted in lieu, and the money lodged by his agent in error	858	14	0
Returned to John O'Dell and Thomas Walker, Esqrs., being overlodged in completing their purchases	39	13	3
To registrars for registering deeds	134	10	0
Balance in Bank of Ireland, 1st January, 1838	4,838	15	5½
	£262,775	10	11½

———	*Returns from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Ireland*—(*House of Lords' Pr. P.*)—viz.	
	An Account, in Detail, of the Receipts and Expenditure of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for Ireland, for the eight Months following the Date of their last Report to the Lord Lieutenant.	Receipts * 90,046*l.* 11*s.* 7½*d.* Expenditure † 78,999*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.* Balances 31st March, 1838. (viz. General Fund 9,100*l.* 1*s.* 10*d.* Perpetuity Purchase Fund 1,945*l.* 12*s.* 2½*d.*) 11,046*l.* 12*s.* 0½*d.* 27,146*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*
	An Account of the total Amount of Perpetuities sold and paid for under the Irish Church Temporalities Act, during the eight Months following the Date of the last Report of the Commissioners.	
	A similar Account of Perpetuities sold under Mortgage between the 1st of February, 1837, and the 14th of May, 1838.	20,395*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.*
	A similar Account of Perpetuity Money invested in Securities, bearing interest, since October, 1836 (*a*), together with the total Amount of all such Moneys "*now*" invested therein. (*b*)	(*a*) *Nil.* (*b*) 100,112*l.* 2*s.* 0*d.*
	A Return of the Number of Applications which have been made to the Commissioners for building Glebe Houses (*c*), the number of Applications which have been complied with since the Establishment of the Board (*d*), and the Number which have been deferred or refused on account of want of Funds, since the 25th of May, 1836. (*e*)	(*c*) 83. (*d*) *Nil.* (*e*) 36.
	An Account of the total Number of Applications made to the Commissioners, up to the latest Period, for rebuilding Churches in Ireland (*f*); stating how many have been complied with (*g*), and how many declined from want of Funds. (*h*)	(*f*) 163. (*g*) 42. (*h*) 121.
	A similar Account respecting Applications for additional Churches. (*i*)	(*i*) 45; of which, complied with, *Nil.* Declined from want of Funds, 45.
	A Statement of the total Number of small Livings augmented by the Board since their Establishment, with an Account of the Amount of Augmentation in each Case, exclusive of the Augmentation made from Bishop Boulter's and Primate Robinson's Fund. (*j*)	(*j*) *Nil.*

* These receipts include Perpetuity Purchase Fund 1st August, 1837, 15,627*l.* From the following See Estates, namely, Waterford and Lismore, Killalla and Achonry, Clonfert and Kilmacclaugh, Rapho, Ossory, Cork and Ross, 15,672*l.* Sale of stock of late Board of First Fruits, 15,960*l.*, &c. &c.

† The chief items of expenditure are, repairs of churches, 38,636*l.* Providing things necessary for celebration of divine service, 20,164*l.* Salaries, 4,380*l.* Two solicitors, 2,000*l.*, &c. &c.

———

(National Education).

Fourth Report of the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland, for the Year ending 31st of March, 1837. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of Her Majesty.)

To this Report is subjoined an Appendix, comprehending the following Papers: —

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	IRELAND (NATIONAL EDUCATION) — *continued.*			No. 1. List of 1900 National Schools in operation on the 31st of March, 1837, referred to in sect. 2. of this Report, paragraph 5. No. 2. Summary in counties of 1900 National Schools in operation on the 31st March, 1837, referred to in sect. 2. of this Report. No. 3. Summary in provinces of 1900 National Schools in operation on the 31st of March, 1837, referred to in sect. 2. of this Report. No. 4. A list of 95 National Schools to which grants have been made, but which have not been as yet completed, referred to in sect. 2. of this Report, pars. 6, 7. No. 5. Schools in operation in Third Report, now struck off. — Schools in operation in Third Report, which have since ceased. — Female Schools in the Third Report, now incorporated with male Schools. — Schools which were building cases per Third Report, and which are now struck off, and grants cancelled. No. 6. Abstract of General Account for the year ending 31st March, 1837.
193.	——— (NATIONAL EDUCATION, COMMISSIONERS OF).	Copy of the Correspondence of the Rev. Edward Nangle with the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland, since the Month of March, 1837, on a Complaint against the Patron of the National Schools in the Island of Achill. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	7th June.	
194.	———	Copy of Correspondence between the Rev. W. B. Stoney and the Board of National Education in Ireland, respecting the Appointment of James O'Donel to be Teacher of a National School in his Parish, together with any Order or Rule of the Board thereupon. (House of Lords' Pr. P.)	7th June.	
446.	——— (EDUCATION).	Return of the total Amount of Money and Value of other Aids actually issued, and other Aids granted, but not actually issued, by the Board of National Education, to the National Schools in Ireland, from the Establishment of said Board to 15th December, 1837.	1st June.	1. Return of the total amount of money, and of the value of other aids, actually issued by the Board of National Education to National Schools in Ireland from the establishment of said Board to 15th of December, 1837; specifying the province, county, and parish in which such schools are situated, and distinguishing what amount of money or value has been issued for building, for libraries, for fitting-up, and other aids. SUMMARY. Total, actually issued for building . . . £96,298

[illegible]	9,008	3,626	10,930	2,758	21,026
Connaught	4,569	1,059	6,493	1,385	13,505
	26,298	9,212	54,076	13,666	103,252

178. ——— Report of the Commissioners of Public Education in Ireland for the Year 1837-8. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) 28th May. The Commissioners speak to the good effect of the Queen's scholarships founded at the University (Dublin), and recite the names of the parties who had been appointed on the recommendation of the examiners, Queen's scholars, with the exhibition respectively allotted to them; they report the condition of the royal school at Armagh, and the repairs and extension of the library, there, for which they had allowed additional grants." The very satisfactory progress of the Royal School at Enniskillen, "under its present distinguished master." The Report is almost equally satisfactory with regard to all the other royal schools to which it applies, particularly that of Rapho.

120. ——— (Effective Military Strength). Return showing the Effective Strength of Cavalry, Foot Guards, and Infantry of the Line stationed in Ireland, on the 1st of January in each of the Years from 1828 to 1837, both inclusive (1), and on the 1st of January, 1838. (2) (House of Lords' Pr. P.). 30th March.

(1). The smallest number, the greatest number, and the number on the 1st of January, 1838, were respectively these: —

Years.	Cavalry. Effective Rank and File.	Foot Guards. Effective Rank and File.	Infantry of the Line. Effective Rank and File.	Total Effective Rank and File.
1831	2,038	551	13,275	15,864
1833	2,064	578	20,483	23,125
(2). 1st Jan. 1838	1,638	517	13,863	16,018

382. ——— (Grand Jury Money). A Return of the Bank or Banking Company selected for the Custody of the Public Money of each County in Ireland, by the respective Grand Juries thereof. 11th May.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
207.	IRELAND (GRAND JURY PRESENTMENTS).	Abstracts of the Accounts of Presentments made by the Grand Juries of the several Counties, Cities, and Towns in Ireland (pursuant to Act of 49 Geo. III. c. 84. § 31., and 4 Geo. IV. c. 33. § 18.) in the Year 1837.	15th March.	

1.	County of	Antrim	£50,723			Brought over	£565,162
2.	—	Armagh	24,500	22.	County of	Leitrim	14,485
3.	—	Carlow	14,421	23.	—	Limerick	36,259
4.	County of the town of	Carrickfergus	908	24.	City of	Limerick	7,061
5.	County of	Cavan	30,544	25.	City and county of	Londonderry	26,799
6.	—	Clare	49,407	26.	County of	Longford	15,499
7.	—	Cork	68,266	27.	—	Louth	11,766
8.	City of	Cork	31,828	28.	—	Mayo	34,928
9.	County of	Donegal	30,463	29.	—	Meath	21,974
10.	—	Down	40,732	30.	—	Monaghan	20,153
11.	County of the town of	Drogheda	1,467	31.	Queen's County		19,567
12.	County of	Dublin	21,806	32.	County of	Roscommon	27,052
13.	City of	Dublin	38,920	33.	—	Sligo	16,159
14.	County of	Fermanagh	21,712	34.	—	Tipperary	58,061
15.	—	Galway	43,074	35.	—	Tyrone	42,568
16.	County of the town of	Galway	4,347	36.	—	Waterford	21,422
17.	County of	Kerry	24,937	37.	City of	Waterford	6,339
18.	—	Kildare	20,906	38.	County of	Westmeath	21,719
19.	—	Kilkenny	25,105	39.	—	Wexford	29,260
20.	City of	Kilkenny	2,781	40.	—	Wicklow	20,337
21.	King's County		18,320				
		Carried up	565,162			Grand total	1,016,650

These presentments are for the ten usual descriptions of works: — 1. New roads, bridges, &c.; 2. Repairs of roads, bridges, &c.; 3. Courts or session houses; 4. Gaols, bridewells, &c.; 5. All other prison expenses, &c., and salaries; 6. Police, and police establishments, &c.; 7. Salaries of all county officers not included above; 8. Public charities; 9. Repayments of advances to Government; 10. Miscellaneous, not included in above.

515.	——— (KILLARNEY STEAMER).	Copy of the Correspondence relative to the Loss of the Killarney Steamer, and the Complaints alleged against the Steam Boats plying between certain Ports in Ireland and Great Britain, in which an Export Trade in Pigs and other Live Stock is carried on. (Presented to Parliament by command of her Majesty.)	18th June.	Copy of the inquisition held at Cork, on Monday, 29th of January, 1838, on the body of Maurice Morrison, wrecked in said vessel; correspondence between the Colonial Office, London, and the Government Emigration Office at Belfast, and the Government agent for emigration.
530.	——— (LIGHTHOUSES).	An Account of the Receipt and Expenditure of all Moneys levied for the Building, Maintenance, and Repairs of the Lighthouses round the Coast of Ireland, for the Year ending 31st of December, 1837 (pursuant to Act 6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 69. § 62.).	22d June.	Total income . . . . £61,189 3 0 Ditto expenditure . . . 52,761 4 9 Balance due to public, 31st Dec. 1837 . 8,427 18 3 £61,189 3 0

showing the total Expense, the average Expense of each Patient, the Number of Patients from each County, and the Sum charged to each County in that Year.

2.

A Return of the Number of Patients in each on the 1st of April, 1837, the Number admitted, the Number discharged, distinguishing those discharged as cured, as relieved, and as harmless and incurable; the Number who have died, and the Total discharged and died; the Number to whom Admission was refused, and the average Number in the Asylum during the Year ending 31st of March, 1838.

3.

A Return of the total Expenditure; the total Cost per Head per Annum; the Expenditure in Furniture, Bedding, and Linen; the Expenditure in Fixtures, Additions, Alterations, Workmen's Bills, &c.; the Expenditure in Clothing; the Expenditure per Head per Annum in Clothing; the Expenditure in Salaries and Servants' Wages; the Expenditure per Head per Annum in Salaries and Servants' Wages; the Expenditure in Food only; the Cost per Head per Annum in Food only; the Cost per Head per Week in Food only; the Cost per Head per Diem in Food only; all calculated from the average Number of Patients, and for the Year ending 31st of March, 1838.

4.

A Return of the Particulars and Amount of Salaries and Servants' Wages for the Year ending 31st of March, 1838.

Similar Returns from the Cork Lunatic Asylum for the last five Years.

119. (Outrages in). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Monthly Returns of the Chief Constables of Police in Ireland, of Outrages committed in their respective Counties, for the Months of November and December 1835, 1836, and 1837.

30th March. Detailed Returns.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
157.	(Outrages in).	1. A Return of all Rewards offered by Proclamation of the Lord Lieutenant or Lords Justices of Ireland, for the Discovery of the Perpetrators of Murders and other Outrages, from the 1st of January, 1836, to the 12th of December, 1837, with the Dates of the Proclamations; and distinguishing which of such Rewards (if any) have been claimed by the Irish Government, in consequence of Information given pursuant to such Proclamations. 2. A Return of all Crimes and Outrages reported by the Stipendiary Magistrates and Officers of Police in Ireland, to the Inspector General of Police, or to the Irish Government, as having been perpetrated in their respective Districts from the 1st of January, 1836, to the 12th of December, 1837; distinguishing such Crimes and Outrages as were contained in the usual Monthly Reports, and such as were specially reported.	23d Feb.	1. A list of 517 proclamations, offering rewards for as many offences against life, property, &c. 2. This return is classified and prepared in the following form: — "Summary of outrages reported to the Constabulary Office as having occurred during the months named in the margin."

	Offences against the Person.											Offences against Property.									Ditto against the public Peace.											Other Offences.			
	Homicides.	Firing at the Person.	Conspiracy to murder.	Assault with intent to murder.	Administering Poison.	Rape.	Assault with intent to commit a Rape.	Infanticides.	Abduction.	Assault on Police.	Aggravated Assault.	Common Assault.	Assault with intent to rob.	Cutting or maiming the Person.	Arson.	Burglary.	Larcenies.	Taking and holding forcible Possession.	Robberies.	Cattle stealing.	Illegal shearing of Sheep.	Killing, cutting, or maiming Cattle.	Plundering Wrecks.	Sacrilege.	Demand or Robbery of Arms.	Appearing armed.	Faction Fights.	Riots.	Administering unlawful Oaths.	Threatening Notices or Letters.	Found Breach.	Turning up Land.	Attacking Houses.	Rescuing Prisoners.	Resistance to legal Process.	Illegal Meetings.	Levellings.	Injury of Property.	Combinations.	Coining.	Prison-breaking and aiding the escape of Prisoners.	Total.

(Ireland.) A [illegible] heads above recited, against each county in a province, for the four provinces of

Sligo.

214. (Outrages).

A Return of Outrages reported to the Constabulary Office, Dublin, as having occurred during the Months of January and February last. — 15th Mar.

This Return shows a striking decrease of the aggregate of offences (viz., those against the person, those against property, and those affecting the public peace), in the following ratio: —

(January Return.)	Total of offences during the present month	447
	Ditto of past month	775
	Ditto of corresponding month last year	946
(February Return.)	Total of offences during the present month	426
	Ditto of past month	456
	Ditto of corresponding month last year	763

(Poor Laws).

Poor Laws, Ireland. — Third Report of George Nicholls, Esq., to her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; containing the result of an Inquiry into the Condition of the Labouring Classes, and the Provision for the Relief of the Poor in Holland and Belgium. (Presented, by her Majesty's command, to both Houses of Parliament.)

This Report, dated "London, the 5th of May, 1838," sets out with reciting the course of inquiry which, with reference to the Irish Poor Law then pending before Parlament, it had been deemed necessary to institute into the modes of administering relief, and the condition of the poorer classes in Holland. On these subjects, on the Institutions for public education established in Holland, and the general "cleanliness, personal propriety, and apparent comfort" of the Dutch people, "their well-known frugality and long-acknowledged habits of economy and foresight — and of the mitigated degree in which these properties obtain among the rural population as well as the townspeople of Belgium," — the Report is not very remarkable for the novelty or extent of its information. The details, however, connected with Mr. Nicholls's account of the measures adopted by the Dutch Government for promoting and maintaining a very widely-diffused scheme of popular education; and the statistics of their normal and other schools, not less than those of the pauperism of Holland and Belgium, and of the institutions for its suppression in some cases, and its relief in others, are of a valuable character. This observation applies especially to the Dutch workhouses (especially the vast but ill-conducted one at Amsterdam, to the "poor colonies" and penal colonies founded in some of the provinces of Holland, — the poorhouses of Belgium, and especially that of La Cambre, near Brussels (which, alone, the brief and hurried nature of Mr. Nicholls's tour of inspection appears to have afforded him the necessary opportunities for personally examining), at Bruges, at Hoogstraeten (from whence Mr. Nicholls and his fellow-observer, Dr. Kay, appear to have been shut out by the "badness of the roads"), at Mons, and at Reickheim. The portion of the Report which is dedicated to the "small farms" in Belgium is meagre, but important so far as it goes.

270. (Poor Relief.)

1.
A Plan for lessening Pauperism, signed William Trench, Cangort Park, Roscrea, July, 1826. — 30th Mar.

2.
A Plan for the Relief of the helpless Poor of Ireland, signed William Trench, Cangort Park, Roscrea, 1832.

These papers do not appear to admit of being abstracted without materially injuring the general bearing of the "plan," and the perspicuity of the details. These, together, disclose a scheme of great benevolence, the result, apparently, of much practical observation, succinctly, but ingeniously stated supported by the powerful evidence of the

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Ireland (Poor Relief) — *continued.*	3. A Plan for the Relief and lessening of Pauperism in Ireland, signed William Trench, Cangort Park, Roscrea, 1834.		actual administration of several poor funds in Ireland, on the principles announced by Mr. Trench.
		4. Quarterly Account of the Kilmore and Dolla Poor's Fund, 1832.		
		5. Account of the Poor's Fund of the Parish of Kinnitty, Litter, and Roscomroe, for the second Half of the second Year of the Institution; viz., from the 1st of September, 1837, to the 1st of March, 1838.		
		6. Account of the Poor's Fund of the Parish of Cloughjordan, for the second Quarter of the thirteenth Year of the Institution; viz., July, August, and September, 1835.		
		7. Fourth Report of the Ahascragh Charitable Loan Society, dated the 31st of December, 1837.		
		8. Extract of a Letter from William Trench, Esq., of Cangort Park, Roscrea, to Sir Frederick Trench.		
186.	(Prisons).	Sixteenth Report of the Inspectors General on the general State of the Prisons of Ireland (1837), with Appendix.	6th Mar.	The General Report of the inspectors embraces the subjects of county gaols, female prisons, bridewells, lunatic asylums, and prison dresses. The Appendix contains form of reports made to grand juries, and specific returns of the several prisons, gaols, &c. of Ireland, under the classification of Dublin District, North District, and South District. Documents comprising list of the aforesaid prisons (148 in number); return of works; expenditure of lunatic asylums; accommodation of gaols; expenditure of county gaols; ditto of bridewells; schedule of trades applicable to gaols. (Appendix No. 2.) Criminal returns for 1837. The Inspectors General (Major Palmer and Major Woodward), in laying their Sixteenth Report before Lord Morpeth, thus address his Lordship: —

Office of Inspectors General of Prisons,
10th of February, 1838.

My Lord,

On presenting to your Lordship our Sixteenth Report on the Progress of Prison Discipline; and on the State of the Gaols in Ireland, we are gratified in being able to show that the year has not passed without considerable improvement, and particularly in the important object of introducing general and useful employment for prisoners.

Your Lordship will see by the first pages of our Report that our progress has been very different in different [illegible] that the causes will continue to

462. ———	Sixth Annual Report from the Board of Public Works in Ireland.	11th June.	To this is appended a rough lithographed sketch reduced from Mr. Balo's map of Tyrawly and Erris, in the county of Mayo.
174. ——— (Quarter Sessions). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Returns from the Clerk of the Crown for the County of Cavan, the Clerk of the Peace for the Town of Drogheda, and the Clerks of the Peace for the Counties of Galway and Wicklow, of all Offences tried at the several Assizes and Quarter Sessions between the 1st of January, 1836, and the 1st of December, 1837.	25th May.	Detailed Returns.
381. ——— (Quit and Crown Rents).	Account of Amount of Quit and Crown Rents, Ireland, during the Year 1837, and the Number of Applications for Purchase.	11th May.	£ s. d. Cash remitted by the several collectors of excise in Ireland to the credit of the Woods and Forests Fund in the Bank of Ireland, at Dublin, between the 5th of January, 1837, and the 5th of January, 1838 . . 55,701 10 0
	Statement of Applications that have been transmitted to the Commissioners from Ireland, with respect to the Purchase of the same, during the above Period, specifying by whom, and the Answers thereto.		A list of ten small quit rents; the highest 57*l.* 6*s.* 6½*d.*, the lowest 11*s.* 0½*d.* Seven of which were thus reported:—"Terms accepted and conveyances executed." Two, "Negotiations not concluded before the 5th of January, 1838." One, "Proposal not received by the commissioners until after the 5th of January, 1838."
654. ——— (Railroad Commission).	Treasury Minute, dated the 3d of November, 1836, respecting the Railroad Committee for Ireland.	31st July.	
——— (Railways).	Second Report of the Commissioners appointed to consider and recommend a general System of Railways for Ireland. — (Presented to both Houses by command of her Majesty.)		It would be impossible to give any summary of a Report illustrated by such a mass of statistical details as this is, and constantly appealing to the authority of the various facts, tables, and figures, comprised in its several appendixes, for the propositions suggested in the text of the Report.

After the introduction,—which is devoted to reference to the First Report; proceedings taken and inquiries set on foot by the commissioners with a view to their Second and First Report; difficulties and delay incident to the procuring information and documents; and explanations of the course they propose to take on this occasion,—the Report divides itself into three parts. 'First,—Inquiry into the various circumstances to be considered in laying out a system of railways in Ireland. Second,—Inquiry into the probable returns on the capital which will be required to construct and work the proposed lines. Third,—Inquiry into circumstances peculiar to the situation of Ireland, and the present condition of its inhabitants, which would render the promotion of these works, or any of them, an object of

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	IRELAND (RAILWAYS) — *continued.*			national importance; and the means by which it might be necessary or admissible to promote them. At page 4. they state, "In the first part of our Report, we state the grounds of selection, and describe the lines selected: in the second we discuss the return which may be expected on the capital required to construct and work them: in the third we inquire whether public aid should be given to promote the execution of all or any of these works; and if given, in what manner, to what extent, and on what conditions?" This Report is printed in Dublin. It is to be regretted that the "Atlas" was not printed with or inserted in the Report itself, which latter, in its separate shape, is scarcely intelligible to the general reader without the maps, except at a very inconvenient sacrifice of time and considerable labour of reference.
180.	——— (SHERIFFS, &c.). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Returns respecting the Appointment of Sheriffs, Stipendiary Magistrates, &c., in Ireland.	28th May.	
255.	——— (SHERIFFS, APPOINTMENT OF). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Correspondence relating to the Appointment of Sheriffs in Ireland.	10th July.	No. 1. Letter from T. Drummond, Esq., to the Lord Chief Baron; dated 20th of May, 1837. 2. Letter from the Lord Chief Baron to T. Drummond, Esq.; dated 24th of May, 1837. 3. Letter from T. Drummond, Esq., to the Lord Chief Baron; dated 24th of May, 1837. 4. Letter from W. Gregory, Esq., to the Lord Chancellor; dated 1st of May, 1816. 5. Letter from the Right Honourable R. Peel to the Lord Chief Justice; dated 9th of October, 1816. 6. Letter from the Lord Lieutenant to the Lord Chancellor; dated 9th of May, 1817. 7. Letter from the Lord Chief Baron to T. Drummond, Esq.; dated 14th of June, 1837.
330.	——— (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Report from the Select Committee on the Appointment of Sheriffs in Ireland.	3d Aug.	This brief Report thus concludes: — "They have found, however, in the progress of their inquiry, that it will be necessary to examine much more evidence, as well from this part of the kingdom as from Ireland; and that it will be impossible, therefore, to bring the inquiry to a satisfactory close during the present Session of Parliament. Under these circumstances they are of opinion, and submit to the House, that, as the evidence already collected would present a very imperfect and partial view of the subject, it is better not to report it in its present state."
253.	——— (TITHES).	A Return of the Total Number of Persons who have been committed to Prison since the 1st of January, 1831, in consequence of any Proceedings connected with the Recovery of Tithes (*a*); of the Total Number of Writs or other Processes which have been issued out of the Superior Courts of Law in Ireland, since the 1st of [illegible] in Proceedings for the Recovery of	28th Mar.	(*a*) Returns from the Court of Chancery, the Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer. (*b*) Number of Commitments to Prison. [illegible] | [illegible] | 1837 | Total.

the 1st of November, 1837.(e)

Total in all Ireland .	1148	1821	4479	436	527	738	2246	34,587*

* This column does not represent the aggregate of the seven columns preceding.

190. (Valuation of Lands, &c.).

1. A Return of all Sums of Money advanced for the uniform Valuation of Lands and Tenements in Ireland, under Act 7 Geo. IV., c 62., and subsequent Acts. Also,

2. Copy of the Estimate of the Sum likely to be required for the same Purpose for the Quarter ending 31st March, 1838.

6th March.

General Valuation of Ireland, 6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 84.

(1.) Statement of the sum expended in the valuation of the following counties, under the direction of Richard Griffith, Esq., Commissioner of Valuation, between the 1st of July, 1830, and 31st March, 1837, inclusive: —

	£	s.	d.
County of Antrim . . .	8,708	2	10
Armagh . . .	2,462	9	5
Donegal . . .	2,744	3	7
Down . . .	7,683	2	9½
Fermanagh . . .	3,959	14	3½
Louth . . .	109	4	11
Londonderry . . .	8,207	15	7½
Monaghan . . .	467	8	7
Tyrone . . .	9,735	15	3½
Total . . .	£ 44,077	17	4

(2.) Amount that will probably be required for the service of the valuation, for the quarter ending 31st May, 1838, 3500*l.*

177. (Wheat and Oats).

A Return of the yearly Average Prices of Wheat and Oats per Barrel, in Ireland, from 1824 to 1837, inclusive.

1st March.

A Return of the yearly average prices of wheat and oats per barrel, for periods ending 1st May of each year, respectively, calculated upon the returns advertised in the Dublin Gazette, beginning with the year ending 1st May, 1824, and stating the average prices of each year successively, up to the 1st May, 1837, inclusive; and of the average prices of wheat and oats per barrel, calculated upon the same returns, for the period of ten years immediately preceding the 1st of May, 1833; the like for ten years immediately preceding the 1st of May, 1834; the like for ten years immediately preceding the 1st of May, 1835; the like for ten years immediately preceding the 1st of May, 1836; the like for ten years immediately preceding the 1st of May, 1837.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	IRELAND (WHEAT AND OATS) —*continued.*			CITY OF DUBLIN. — Return of the yearly averages of wheat and oats per barrel, for a series of years, beginning with the year commencing 1st May, 1823, up to the year ending 1st May, 1837, inclusive.

	Wheat.	Oats.

From this table, it results that, in the course of years referred to, the lowest average price for wheat was in 1835 (1*l.* 1*s.* 9*d.*); for oats in 1833 (9*s.* 3½*d.*). The highest average price for wheat was in 1826 (1*l.* 16*s.* 4¾*d.*); for oats in 1827 (15*s.* 6¾*d.*).

Return of the average prices of wheat and oats, calculated upon the above, for periods of ten years, as stated.

	Wheat.	Oats.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
For ten Years, from 1st May, 1823, to 1st May, 1833	1 11 9½	0 12 8¾
Ditto . . 1824, . . 1834	1 11 1	0 12 4¾
Ditto . . 1825, . . 1835	1 9 10¼	0 12 2¾
Ditto . . 1826, . . 1836	1 8 5¼	0 12 0
Ditto . . 1827, . . 1837	1 8 3¼	0 11 9

66.	JAMAICA. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Names of the Parties to whom the Sum of 61,147*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.*, mentioned in the Return laid before the House on the 22d of December, 1837, has been paid, with the Period of such Payments.	19th Feb.	Detailed returns for the following islands and colonies; viz., — Jamaica, Barbadoes, Trinidad, Berbice, Demerara, Tobago, Grenada, St. Vincent, St. Lucia, Dominica, Antigua and Montserrat, St. Kitts, Tortola, Honduras, Bermuda, Bahamas, Cape of Good Hope, and Mauritius.
70.	JAMAICA EXPORTS. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A General Return of the Exports from the Island of Jamaica for 53 Years, ending 31st of December, 1836. Extracted from the Journals of the House of Assembly.	20th Feb.	

This is a very interesting document, as developing the enormous increase in the quantity of agricultural products, native and manufactured, which has taken place in this valuable colony within little more than 60 years. It is not a less interesting feature, — and we have therefore subjoined it, — that 14 several epochs or years are particularly distinguished in the column headed "Remarks." From the 55 returns here condensed, in as many lines, into one tabular statement, we select the following as among the most remarkable.

1775	75,291	9,090	425	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1776	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1791	85,447	8,037	1,718	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2,299,874	August; destruction of Saint Domingo.
1792	.. ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	.. ..	
1793	77,575	6,722	642	34,755	879	..	..	..	62	8,605	420	9,108	3,983,576	
1796	87,896	11,725	1,163	40,123	2234	..	..	..	119	18,454	1181	8,961	7,894,306	
1799	101,457	13,538	1,321	37,022	1981	..	..	..	221	10,358	1766	28,273	11,745,425	Bourbon cane introduced.
1805	137,906	17,977	3,689	53,211	1398	133	167	471	315	2,128	288	7,157	24,137,393	Largest crop of sugar.
1807	123,175	17,344	3,716	51,812	1998	..	..	699	512	1,411	525	19,224	26,761,188	March 25.; abolition of African slave trade.
1808	121,444	15,836	2,625	52,409	2196	..	..	379	436	1,470	225	6,529	29,528,272	
1813	97,548	10,029	2,304	44,818	1345	382	674	208	816	1,428	1194	14,361	24,623,572	
1814	101,846	10,485	2,575	43,486	1551	202	1146	145	884	1,668	394	10,711	34,045,585	Largest coffee crop.
1816	93,881	9,332	2,236	35,736	769	281	203	161	2354	1,118	851	28,047	17,289,393	Storm in October, 1815.
1822	88,551	8,705	1,292	28,728	1194	9	442	144	891	72	699	18,672	19,773,912	Extreme drought.
1824	99,225	9,651	2,791	27,121	3261	5	64	910	2230	52	599	33,306	27,677,239	Mr. Canning's resolutions relative to slavery.
1825	73,813	7,390	2,858	27,630	2077	101	215	894	3947	348	537	20,979	21,254,656	Severe drought in 1824, the previous year.
1833	78,375	9,325	4,074	33,215	3034	977	..	775	4818	23	7741	58,581	9,866,060	Emancipation Act passed.
1834	77,801	9,860	3,055	30,495	2588	1288	...	486	5925	116	496	29,301	17,725,731	Seasons favourable.
1835	71,017	8,840	3,455	26,433	1820	747	...	300	3985	486	1115	59,033	10,583,018	Ditto.
1836	61,644	7,707	2,497	19,938	874	646	..	182	5224	69	227	46,779	13,446,053	Ditto.

297. JAMAICA. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Copy of the Protest of William Burge, Esquire, Agent for the Island of Jamaica, addressed to Lord Glenelg, dated Lincoln's Inn, 21st of July, 1838, in relation to a Bill, intituled, "An Act for the better Government of Prisons in the West Indies."

24th July.

98. JAMAICA APPRENTICES. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Returns of the Number of Apprentices who have, in Jamaica, purchased their Freedom since the 1st of August, 1834: also, the Gross Sum which they have paid for that Purpose: and, also, the Average per Head at which such Freedom has been purchased.

13th Mar.

Date.	No. of Apprentices who have purchased their Freedom.	Gross Sum paid.	Average per Head.
From 1st August, 1834, to 30th June, 1836*, and from 1st November, 1836, to 31st July, 1837	2171	£ 69,029	£ 31 6 8

* The Returns from 1st July to 31st October, 1836, not received.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
276.	Juries (Durham and Warwick).	Copy of Papers presented by the Grand Juries of the Counties of Durham and Warwick, to the Judges of Assizes for those Counties on the late Circuits.	3d April.	These presentments animadvert on the impolicy and expense of the mischievous practice now prevailing of keeping imprisoned for very long periods, and trying children of tender years, and of both sexes; and the Grand Juries severally recommend the adoption of measures for the remedy of this practice.
626.	Joint Stock Banks.	Report from the Select Committee on Joint Stock Banks, together with the Minutes of Evidence, Appendix and Index.	25th July.	The Committee recommend to the serious attention of the House the following three questions, as bearing directly on the general subject referred to their consideration. 1. The country branches of the Bank of England, their system of government, and the principles on which they are conducted. 2. The system of advances at 3 per cent. from the Bank of England to Banks undertaking to circulate Bank of England paper in place of the paper of Joint Stock and Private Banks. 3. The question of the Bank of Ireland, the exclusive privileges of that corporation, and the expediency or inexpediency of those privileges being continued." In reference to the first of these questions, the Committee think that the 1st Victoria c. 59. should be renewed for one year. They announce that they "have obtained evidence upon these three very important questions, which were not included in the proceedings of the last Session." "In the course of their inquiries it has been strongly urged on the attention of your Committee that one part of the law in respect to Joint Stock Banks stands in need of immediate amendment. By the general law of partnership the common law remedy for the recovery of debts which exist between party and party is not applicable in cases where the debt is contracted between a partnership and one of the partners or shareholders. In such a case the remedy is, by proceeding in a Court of Equity; and such a remedy, in the case of a Joint Stock Bank is so cumbrous, so complicated, and so dilatory, as to afford no adequate means for the recovery of a just debt. This inconvenience is not wholly imaginary, but, from the evidence of Mr. Broadbent, one of the Inspectors of the Northern and Central Bank, has already had most formidable and injurious consequences. Upwards of 400,000*l.* is stated to be due to that Bank from its own shareholders." Among the witnesses examined was Timothy Curtis, Esq., Governor of the Bank of England.
526.	Justices of Peace.	A Return of all such Appointments as are in the Disposal of the Justices of the Peace for the County of Middlesex, and the City and Liberties of Westminster, either when assembled in Quarter, General, or Petty Sessions, or in any Committee of such Justices; the Name and Residence of every Person who has received and now holds his or her Appointment from the said Justices; exhibiting the Nature of the Office, the Date of the Appointment, and the Annual Amount of Remuneration, whether arising from Wages, Salary, or Fees.	27th April.	A minute detail of salaries, emoluments, official description, &c.
433.	Kingston-upon-Hull Election Petition.	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee on the Kingston-upon-Hull Election Petition; with the Proceedings of the Committee.	25th May.	The Committee resolved, 7th May, 1838, "That William Wilberforce, Esq., is not duly elected a burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough. That William Hutt, Esq., is duly elected, and ought to have been [illegible]

witnesses examined. 2385 pages.)

495. LAND TAX, MIDDLESEX.	A Return of all Assessments of the Land Tax for the several Divisions in the County of Middlesex, the City of London, and the City and Liberty of Westminster, since 1821, inclusive, with the Amount collected in each Year, and the quotas for each Division paid to the Receiver-General, including the Amount of the Surplus Receipts from former Years, received by the Commissioners from the Collectors, and the Amount of the remaining Surplus, stating where it is at present deposited; likewise, an Account of that Part of the Surplus which has been alienated, stating the Items on which it has been expended, and the Authority for such Appropriation.	14th June.	Detailed Returns from each ward of the City of London, the Duchy, Liberty, Verge of the Palaces, Westminster Hall, and 9 Parishes in the City of Westminster, and 19 Divisions of the County of Middlesex.
341. LEAD AND LEAD ORE.	Accounts of the Quantity of Lead and Lead Ore imported into (A) and exported from (B) the United Kingdom, in the Year ending 5th January, 1838; distinguishing the Countries, and the Amount of Duty received thereon.	1st May.	

(A). Quantity of Lead and Lead Ore imported from all countries, including 1100 tons Lead Ore from Isle of Man.

	Pig Lead.	Lead Ore.	Red Lead.	White Lead.	Total.
	Tons. Cwt. 1,806 2*	Tons. Cwt. 1,169 18	Cwt. 4†	Tons. Cwt. 17 13‡	Tons. Cwt. 2,993 17
Net amount of duty received on the quantities entered for home consumption . . .	£ s. d. 197 15 2	£ s. d. 12 7 6	£ s. d. ...	£ s. d. 92 0 6	£ s. d. 302 3 2

* Whereof 1,229 tons, 7 cwt. from Spain.

† All from Holland.

‡ Whereof from Italy, 13 tons, 8 cwt., 3 qrs.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

(B). Quantities of Lead and Lead Ore exported to all countries.

	British Lead and Lead Ore.						Foreign Lead and Lead Ore.			
	Pig and Rolled Lead and Shot. *	Litharge.	Red Lead.	White Lead.	Lead Ore.	Total of British Lead and Lead Ore.	Pig Lead.	Lead Ore.	Red Lead.	White Lead.
Total Quantity	Tons. Cwt. 7,863 15	Tons. Cwt. Qrs. 422 7 3	Tons. Cwt. 401 6	Tons. 710	Tons. Cwt. 163 4	Tons. Cwt. 9,560 12	Tons. Cwt. 1,319 19	Tons. Cwt. ..	Cwt. 4	Tons. Cwt. Qrs. 2 7 3

* The largest export was, to Russia, 1729 tons, 5 cwt.; to the East Indies and China, 4422 tons, 12 cwt.

218. Lethbridge's Divorce Bill. (House of Lords' Pr. P.) — Evidence (taken before the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Madras) on the Bill intituled "An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Lieutenant Colonel Christopher Lethbridge with Sarah Ann his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. — 21st June. — Proceedings and evidence.

343. Linen and Linen Yarn. — An Account of the Quantity and Official Value of Linen and Linen Yarn exported from the United Kingdom in the Years 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, and 1837; specifying the Countries to which they were sent. — 1st May. — Subjoined is the total extracted from this paper, for the first and the last of the several years comprised within the said term.

Year 1833.						Year 1837.					
Linen Manufactures.				Linen Yarn.		Linen Manufactures.				Linen Yarn.	
Entered by the Yard.		Threads, Tapes, and Small Ware.				Entered by the Yard.		Threads, Tapes, and Small Ware.			
Quantity.	Declared Value.	Declared Value.	Quantity.	Quantity.	Declared Value.	Quantity.	Declared Value.	Declared Value.	Quantity.	Quantity.	Declared Value.
Yards.	£	£		lbs.	£	Yards.	£	£		lbs.	£

Expenses of the Establishment; the total Disbursements, and for Receipts and Passages, &c.; and the Totals of such Charge. (In continuation of the Accounts in the Reports of the Commissioners of Revenue Inquiry, and in the Report from the Select Committee on the Post Office Communication with Ireland.)

2.

Number of Occasions, during the Years 1832-37, inclusive, in which the Mails have not been put on board the Liverpool Packet by five o'clock P.M., stating the Distance from the Pier Head, Liverpool, to where the Mail was put on board on each Occasion; and also stating the Cause of the Delay, and the Time occupied in transferring the Passengers, and getting under weigh.

3.

Number of Hours occupied in each Voyage from Liverpool to Kingstown by the Admiralty Post Office Packets in the several Years between the 1st of January, 1834, and the first of January, 1838, or December, 1837, including the Time occupied on each Occasion in transmitting the Mail from the Post Office, in putting the Mail on board by the Tender Packet, in transferring Passengers, and getting under weigh.

		Disbursements.	Receipts.
LIVERPOOL AND KINGSTOWN: —			
From 6th January, 1836, to 5th January, 1837 (A)	6 packets	£ 31,052	£ 25,996
6th January, 1837, to 30th September, 1837 (B)	2 packets	55,501*	20,546
HOLYHEAD AND KINGSTOWN: —			
From 6th January, 1836, to 5th January, 1837 (C)	6 packets	£ 24,952	£ 8,933
6th January, 1837, to 30th September, 1837 (D)	6 ditto	14,117	6,152
MILFORD AND WATERFORD: —			
From 6th January, 1836, to 5th January, 1837 (E)	4 packets	£ 14,889	£ 1,883
6th January, 1837, to 30th September, 1837 (F)	6 ditto	32,635†	1,084
PORTPATRICK AND DONAGHADEE: —			
From 6th January, 1836, to 5th January, 1837 (G)	2 packets	£ 3,630	£ 1,510
6th January, 1837, to 30th September, 1837 (H)	2 ditto	3,498	1,148

* Including 26,000*l.* for the purchase of the "Urgent."
† Including 11,000*l.* for the purchase of the "Prospero."

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Liverpool Mails — *continued.*			A, B, C, D. — In these cases the relative proportion of charge for coals supplied to the packets appears to have varied from about one half to two thirds of the charge of the establishments for these vessels: the aggregate of the former charge (fuel) was 13,698*l.*; the aggregate of the latter (establishments), 33,886*l.* E. Charge for coals, 5308*l.*, exceeding cost of establishment (5046*l.*) by 302*l.* F, G, H. — Aggregate cost of coals for these packets . . £5,194 Ditto establishments ditto . . . 9,938
100.	Liverpool and Kingstown. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Returns of the Number, Names, Rank, Duties, and Pay of the Officers, Clerks, or other Persons employed on her Majesty's Mail Steam Packet Stations at Liverpool and Kingstown, Holyhead and Kingstown, Milford and Waterford, and at Portpatrick and Donaghadee, either on shore or on board the Packets, at the Date of the Transfer of such Packets from the Post Office to the Admiralty, and on the 1st of December, 1837.		Detailed Returns.
104.	Loan, Russian-Dutch.	An Account, made up to the 31st of December, 1837, of the Sums which have been paid and applied within the Year 1837, by virtue of an Act of 55 Geo. III. c. 115., intituled, "An Act for carrying into effect a Convention between his Majesty and the King of the Netherlands and the Emperor of all the Russias, for paying and satisfying the Interest on the Part of the Loan therein agreed to be borne by his Majesty on all or any of the Securities therein mentioned, and towards paying and satisfying the Principal thereof (in case the Principal of any of the said Securities shall have been paid), and also for paying the Expenses of carrying the said Act into Execution, and the Sinking Fund for the Extinction of the same."	2d Feb.	Dr. 1837. — Interest. *Florins.* — Principal. *Florins.* January 1st. To balance remaining due this day . . . . . 19,750,000 June 30th. To half a year's interest on 250,000 florins, the amount of the sinking fund, paid the 5th of July, 1837 . . . 6,250 December 31st. To one year's interest to this date on 19,500,000 florins, remaining due after payment of 250,000 florins sinking fund on 5th of July, 1837 . . 975,000 981,250 — 19,750,000 Cr. 1837. — Interest. *Florins.* — Principal. *Florins.* July 5th. By amount of remittance to Messrs. Hope and Co. of Amsterdam, agents to the Russian Government, of 1 per cent. sinking fund, to the 31st of December, 1837, on 25,000,000 florins, thereby reducing the balance due [illegible] viz.,

year's interest at 5 per cent., to the 31st of December, 1837, on 19,500,000 florins, the amount of principal remaining due after the preceding payment of 250,000 florins . .	975,000	. .
By balance remaining due on the 1st of January, 1838 . . .	. .	19,500,000
	981,250	19,750,000

	£	s.	d.
The amount of the preceding remittances, at the rate of exchange when they were made to Amsterdam, was . .	103,123	11	4
Paid to Mr. Pemberton, as agent for paying the Russian-Dutch Loan . .	300	0	0
	103,423	11	4

683.	Loan Societies.	A Return of the Number of Loan Societies which have been registered in the United Kingdom under the Regulations of the Loan Societies Acts, specifying the Name of each Place where they are established.	6th Aug.	Returns from twenty-four counties of England and Wales, and from forty towns, counties, &c. of Ireland.
492.	London and Dublin Communication.	Copy of a Report on the Harbour of Port Dynllean, made in pursuance of the Report of the Select Committee appointed to inquire into the existing Communication between London and Dublin, and to consider what Improvements could be made therein: — also, Copies of any Surveys, or Reports, or other Papers, which have been submitted to the Admiralty or other Public Office, in pursuance of the Report of such Select Committee, and which have not already been laid before Parliament.	14th June.	This Report, which is prepared by Lieutenant Sheringham, is exceedingly favourable as to the capabilities of Port Dynllean — not only in reference to the immediate objects with which the survey of this place was undertaken, but as a harbour of refuge, which is at present (notwithstanding the vast importance of such a harbour to the trade of Saint George's Channel) wholly wanting on the coast of Wales, from Milford to Liverpool.
99.	Mail Steam Packets. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A Return of the Rates and Fares charged on board her Majesty's Mail Steam Packets on the Liverpool and Kingstown, Holyhead and Kingstown, Milford and Waterford, and Port Patrick and Donaghadee Stations, for Passengers, Carriages, and Horses, from the Date of their first Establishment; showing the several Alterations in such Rates and Fares as have been made, and the Dates of such Alterations, respectively, so far as relates to the Post Office.	16th March.	Detailed Return as to all the particulars indicated in the Order for Return made by the House of Commons.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
124.	MALTA. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Copy of any Despatch from the Governor or acting Lieutenant-Governor of the Island of Malta to his late Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonial Department, respecting the Appointment of the Bishop of Malta to be a Member of the Council of Government of that Island; and, also, any Despatch announcing the Refusal of the said Bishop to take the Oath required by Law to be taken by him on the Acceptance of such Appointment, and his Resignation of the same; together with any Documents received from the said Bishop, on occasion of such his Refusal and his Resignation.	5th April.	This correspondence was occasioned by the refusal of the R. C. Archbishop of Malta, on being appointed of the Government Council of the Lieutenant Governor for the British Crown, in 1835, to take the oath of office prescribed by the British Government to be taken by every member of such council; and which refusal, on a reference to the Cardinal Secretary at Rome (Bernetti), was formally approved and enforced by the Pope; one of the especial reasons impressed upon the Archbishop why he should throw up his appointment to the council, being, in the cardinal's own words, that the reverend prelate ought to excuse himself from a post in which matters affecting even the competence of the ecclesiastical authority might be brought before him; and the cardinal leaves it to him to infer what would be the determination in such cases, to which a council would come, composed of officers, native British subjects, and actually members, perhaps, of the Anglican church. "In tale caso, V.S. Illma può age volmeate antivedere *di qual natura* saranno per essere le résoluzioni che in tali materie saranno a prendersi da un Consiglio composto nella maggiorita da ufficiali sudditti nativi Britannici, appartenenti, probabilmente, alla *communione* Anglicana, che se V.S. Illma si trovasse di aver fatto parte di un consiglio ove fossero state prese della *resoluzioni acattoliche* (anti-Catholic resolutions), quale non sarebbe il di Lei imbarazzo nel vedere pubblicate ed anche eseguite siffatte resoluzioni, — *e quale non sarebbe lo scandalo de fedeli nel vedere che il proprio Vescovo vi ha prebso parte*," &c. &c. (The oath was that prescribed by 10 Geo. IV. cap. 7., and taken extensively in this country by both lay and secular members of the Roman Catholic church, on the occasions prescribed by our law.)
141.	MALTA, AFFAIRS OF.	Copies of Extracts of Reports of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Affairs of the Island of Malta, and of Correspondence thereon. Part I. (Presented to Parliament by command of Her Majesty.)	16th Feb.	These extracts of Reports, Copies, and Extracts of Despatches between the Colonial Department at home, and the British Government in Malta, consist of 20 papers; a large proportion of the entire collection being devoted to a Report of the Commissioners of Inquiry "on liberty of printing and publishing" in Malta.
(113.)	MARCHMONT PEERAGE. (H. of Lords. Pr. P.)	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Committee for Privileges, to whom the Petition of Francis Home, Esquire, Son of Alexander Home, Esquire (former Chairman), to his late Majesty, claiming as of Right to be Earl of Marchmont, Viscount of Blazonberry, Lord Polwart, of Polwart, Redbraes, and Greenlaw (together with his late Majesty's Reference thereof to this House) was referred.	20th March.	

2.

Account of the Duty paid into the Stamp Office on Marine Insurance for the same Period.

	25th of March, 1837.	Quarter ended 24th of June, 1837.	Quarter ended 29th of September, 1837.
	£	£	£
Royal Exchange Office	18,623	13,916	13,137
Phœnix	36,271	29,398	26,121
Sun	45,921	34,410	30,628

The duties for quarter ended 25th of December, not being payable until the 25th of February, the account, therefore, not given in this paper.

The Scotch and Irish companies pay duties very disproportionate to these in their aggregate.

2.

An account of the duty paid into the Stamp Office on Marine Insurances in Great Britain, for the quarters ending 5th of April, 5th of July, 10th of October, 1837, and 5th of January, 1838.

	£	s.	d.
For the quarter ending 5th of April, 1837 .	59,352	17	6
5th of July, 1837 .	59,662	15	6
10th of October, 1837,	54,368	13	9
5th of January, 1838,	51,445	3	9

305. MARINES, ROYAL. **Return of the Number of Royal Marines who have been corporally punished or imprisoned by Sentences of Courts Martial, in the Years 1836 and 1837; showing how often such Punishments have been inflicted on the same Individual.** 11th April.

	Once.	Twice.	Three Times.	Four Times.	Total.	Total Number of combined Punishments inflicted.
Corporally punished	76	10	..	..	86	} 435
Imprisoned	280	57	10	2	349*	47 twice reckoned.
						388 individuals punished.

* Of these, 49 have been also corporally punished, and are included in the numbers under that head; viz.,—

Previous to imprisonment	13	} 47
Subsequent to ditto	34	
And previous and subsequent to ditto	2	

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
96.	MARINERITO, CAPTURE OF. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Correspondence with Lieutenant William Ramsay (not Kenney), of her Majesty's Ship Black Joke, respecting the Capture of the Marinerito, in 1831-32.	12th March.	This correspondence details a case in which signal courage and humanity were displayed by Lieutenant Ramsay and his crew, in a short but spirited encounter with a Spanish slaver, of superior force, captured by H. M. brig, off the coast of Africa, in lat. 4° 14′ N.
412.	MARRIAGES.	1. A Return of the Number and Names of Places licensed for the celebration of Marriage, under the Provisions of the Act 6 and 7 Will. 4. c. 85. 2. A Return of the Number of Marriages celebrated other than according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, under the Provision of the said Act; specifying the Places, Parishes, or Districts wherein the same may have been celebrated, and the Number in each Place, Parish, or District, respectively; distinguishing those which have been celebrated in the Office of the Superintendent Registrars: Also, distinguishing where the same may have been celebrated by Licence, or on production of Certificate; and, further, stating the Number of Licences issued, and Certificates granted, by the Superintendent Registrars in England and Wales; the said Returns to be made up from 30th June, 1837, to 31st December, 1837. 3. A Return of the Number of Marriages celebrated according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Established Church, within the Bills of Mortality, between 30th June, 1837, and 31st December, 1837; distinguishing whether the same were celebrated after Publication by Banns, or on production of Licence.	21st May.	(1). Returns of 1136 chapels, meeting-houses, and places of various descriptions. (2). Ditto, 1745 marriages. (3). Ditto, 6032 ditto.
431.	MERCHANT SEAMEN.	An Account of the Income and Expenditure of the Corporation for the Relief of Merchant Seamen, for 1837; and similar Account from the Trustees for Relief of Merchant Seamen; pursuant to 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 52. — 1st of January to 31st of December, 1837.		

A general account of the receipts and payments of the corporation for relief of seamen in the merchant service, their widows and children, for the year 1837.

RECEIVED.	£	s.	d.
Balance of cash from 1836	1,744	18	5
Duties from London vessels	10,078	10	0

PAID.

	£	s.	d.
Pensions	7,181	12	6
Temporary relief	782	12	8
Seamen's Hospital Society	461	14	4
Expenses of management	1,029	9	11
Consolidated Three per Cent. Annuities, for 2000*l.*	1,810	0	0
Old South Sea Annuities, for 3000*l.*	2,682	10	0
	13,947	19	5
Balance	2,925	3	9
	£16,873	3	2

473. MERCHANT SEAMEN. A Return specifying the total Number of apprenticed Seamen registered on the 31st of July, 1835; and the total Number registered under the Act 5 & 6 Will. IV. c. 19., to the latest Date to which the Return can be completed; also, a Return specifying the Number of registered Seamen serving in British Vessels, made up to the latest Date. — 12th June. — Number of apprentices in the merchant service of the United Kingdom on 31st of July, 1835, when 5 and 6 Will. IV. was passed, 5429 apprenticed seamen.
Total number of apprenticed seamen whose indentures have been registered since 31st of July, 1835, when said Act was passed, up to present date, 19,367 apprenticed seamen; or, adding to that number 1740, being the residue of 5429 registered previous to said Act coming into operation, the total apparent number of registered seamen serving in British vessels made up to 9th of June, 1838, was 156,872.

418. METROPOLIS IMPROVEMENTS. First Report from the Select Committee on Metropolis Improvements, with an Appendix. — 23d May. — The object of the labours of this committee appears to have been, chiefly, to provide for "certain proposed alterations connected with the rebuilding of the Royal Exchange, lately destroyed by fire;" and on reference to "the several duties on coals and wine," &c. &c., hypothecated, under the Acts 10 Geo. IV. c. 136., and 11 Geo. IV. c. 64., as a fund for defraying the expenses of making the approaches to the new London Bridge, they state that said duties "have, since the dates of those Acts, become greatly more productive than they were expected at that period to prove." The committee therefore recommend "that an Act should be passed for the continuance of the duties, and that the corporation of London should be permitted to bring in a Bill for enabling them to raise the sum of 150,000*l.* upon the credit thereof, and of the product of the city revenues before stated, and the giving to them the necessary powers for the execution of the proposed improvements. They also recommend that the Bank of England should be permitted to bring in a Bill to enable them to complete the improvements in St. Bartholomew Lane and Threadneedle Street, for which a power was given to them by the Act 39 and 40 Geo. IV. c. 89., of which they did not avail themselves. Your committee have annexed to this Report accounts showing the produce of the duties in question," &c. — Report dated 23d of May, 1838.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
387.	Metropolis Roads.	The Twelfth Report of the Commissioners of the Metropolis Turnpike Roads North of the Thames (appointed under the Act 7 Geo. IV. c. 142.); prepared in obedience to the 138th Section of that Act.	14th May.	In this Report the Commissioners state that, on putting up the tolls for the current year to be let by public auction, "It appeared to be the opinion of those who have annually bid for the tolls, that the opening of some railways to the northward and westward of London, in the course of the year, would materially interfere with the accustomed receipts of tolls on the ordinary roads, and they would therefore not take the tolls except at a more considerable reduction than the commissioners deemed it reasonable to consent to. Instead of giving way to an estimated reduction, which could be but a matter of speculation, the commissioners deemed it better to try the experiment of collecting the tolls; and they have retained in their own hands the tolls on nine of the metropolitan districts of roads, the united rentals of which have hitherto constituted about three fourths of their whole toll revenue. From that period of the current year which has yet elapsed, from the suspension of the usual traffic on the roads, owing to the intense frost during the greater part of January and February, the commissioners are not yet able to form a judgment as to the probable effect upon the year's receipts of the change which has taken place."—"although it is admitted there has been a considerable diminution of the accustomed income," which this state of the weather is assumed to have been sufficient to account for. Total receipts arising from tolls during last year, 78,629*l.* Total of ditto from all sources of income, 83,766*l.* Total expenditure for same period, 82,993*l.*; including interest on the debt of the commission, and the fifth instalment of 5000*l.* in diminution of the principal. This Report, dated "Metropolis Roads Office, 24th of March, 1838," is signed "Lowther, chairman;" and is distinguished by its business-like perspicuity and succinctness.
143.	Metropolitan Police, Horse Patrol.	Metropolitan Police. (A). An Account of all Moneys demanded, received, and expended for the Purposes of the Metropolitan Police, made up to the 31st Day of December, 1837; pursuant to the Provisions of the 10 Geo. IV. c. 44. Horse Patrol. (B). An Account Current of all Moneys received and expended for the Service of the Horse Patrol, for the Year ending the 31st of December, 1837, as directed by the Statute.	16th Feb.	(A). Total amount received . . £ 207,129 Ditto owing . . . 56,604 £ 263,733 Total amount expended . . 202,052 Ditto owing . . . 7,702 £ 209,754 (B). Total amount received . . 10,700 Ditto expended . . 10,290
316.	Monuments, Public.	A Return of the Number of Monuments erected in Westminster Abbey and St. Paul's, at the public Expense, from the Year 1750 to the present time; specifying the Names of the Persons in whose Honour they were erected, and the Sums paid for each; with the aggregate Amount.	6th Feb.	Westminster Abbey. £ General Wolfe . . . . 3,000 Lord Chatham . . . . 6,000 Lord Robert Manners, Captain Bayne, and Captain Blair . . . . 4,000 Captain Montague 2,675 2,150

[illegible], and Gibbs, General Lord Heathfield	each	2,100
Major-General Dundas; Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Picton; Major-General Sir William Ponsonby	each	3,150
Captain Cooke, R.N.; Captain Duff, R.N.; Captain Hardinge, R.N.; Major-General Houghton; Lieutenant-Colonel Sir William Myers; Major-Generals Bowes, Le Marchant, and Sir Isaac Brock; Colonel Cadogan; Major-Generals Hay, Gillespie, and Ross	each	1,575
Captain Burgess, R.N.		5,250

The aggregate amount is £192,175

N.B.— Neither the Dean and Chapter of Westminster, nor the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, accept any fines for the erection of these monuments.

339. MUNICIPAL BOROUGHS AND CITIES.

Returns of all Municipal Boroughs or Cities, by Name, which have had a Commission of Peace granted to them; and of all Municipal Boroughs and Cities, by Name, which have had a Court of Quarter Sessions and a Recorder appointed.

1st May.

134 names of boroughs or cities which have had a commission of the peace granted to them; 79 names of boroughs or cities which have had a court of quarter sessions appointed; a return of all (43) municipal boroughs and cities having a court of quarter sessions and a recorder, so far as the same relates to the office of her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department.

347. MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES COMMISSION.

An Account of the total Amount of the Expenses of the Reports, Surveys, Maps, and the printing of the same, of the Municipal Boundaries Commission.

1st May.

	£
Cost of reports and surveys, in salaries and travelling expenses of commissions, and in office expenses	14,674
Cost of printing the reports	1,450
Cost of plans in expenses of draughtsmen's department, and in bills paid to engravers and copperplate printers	5,499
Total	£21,623

110. NAVAL RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE.

Copy of the Account of the Naval Receipt and Expenditure for the Year ending on the 31st of March, 1837; prepared in pursuance of the Act 2 Will. IV. c. 40. s. 30., and laid before the House of Commons by the Commissioners for auditing the public Accounts under the Directions of the same Act; together with the Notes and other Additions of the Commissioners for auditing the public Accounts.

5th Feb.

An account of the application of 4,689,651*l.*, showing a balance of unappropriated moneys, 193,333*l.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
675.	Navy.	Returns relating to Number and Promotions of Officers of each Rank in the Royal Navy.	3d Aug.	
		1. Return of the total Number of Officers of the Royal Navy, on the 25th of June, 1838, of each Rank, from Admiral to Lieutenant, inclusive, and distinguishing the Number of each Rank employed afloat, from the Number of Officers on Half and on Retired Pay at that Date.		1 Admiral of the fleet; 38 admirals; 54 vice admirals; 56 rear admirals; 54 retired rear admirals; 8 retired captains; 679 captains; 811 commanders; 101 retired commanders; 179 lieutenants with the rank of commanders; 2867 lieutenants.
		2. Return of the total Number of Promotions in the Royal Navy, made on or since the 25th of June, 1838, from the Rank of Midshipman to that of Admiral, inclusive, stating the Number of each Rank promoted; distinguishing the Number of each Rank employed and afloat from those on Half and on Retired Pay, and the Amount of additional Pay and Allowance which the Officers of each Rank will receive in consequence of that Promotion, the Amount of Pay to each Class, and the total annual Amount of Expense to the Country by such Promotion.		3 Vice admirals to be admirals; 4 rear admirals to be vice admirals; 12 captains to be rear admirals; 6 captains to be retired rear admirals; 17 commanders to be captains; 52 lieutenants to be commanders; 68 mates to be lieutenants. Total annual charge of increase of half pay, by promotion, to these officers, 7218*l.*
		3. Return of the Names of all Admirals, Vice Admirals, Rear Admirals, retired Rear Admirals, retired Captains, Captains, Commanders, and Lieutenants in the Royal Navy, promoted on or since the 28th of June, 1838; distinguishing those on Full Pay from those on Half Pay at the time of their Promotion, stating the Date of Entry of each Officer into the Navy, and of the several Commissions which they have successively attained.		List of 3 admirals; 4 vice admirals; 12 rear admirals; 16 retired rear admirals; 36 captains; 52 commanders; 62 lieutenants.
		4. Return of the Number of Officers of the Medical Department of the Navy, on the 25th of June, 1838, on Full Pay, distinguishing the Number of each Rank.		3 Physicians; 186 surgeons; 261 assistant surgeons; 2 hospital mates.
		5. Return of the Number of Officers of the Medical Department on Half and on Retired Pay, on the 25th of June, 1838, distinguishing the Number of each Rank.		Physicians, 5 on half pay; 3 on retired pay. Surgeons, 439 ditto; 45 ditto. Ass. Surgeons, 89 ditto; 2 ditto. Dispensers, 2 ditto; 0 ditto.
		6. Return of the Number of Officers of the Medical Depart- [redacted] of		List of 26 medical officers.

Promotion to the Country in consequence of such Promotion.

676. NAVY PRIZE MONEY. **Copy of the Proclamation of his late Majesty, dated 3d of February, 1836, for the Distribution of Prize Money in the Navy.** — 3d Aug. — Establishing seven classes in distribution, besides those of the flag officers in command, and of the captains and commanders actually on board at the time of the captures respectively.

677. NAVY, ROYAL (CORPORAL PUNISHMENTS.) **A Return of the Number of Corporal Punishments inflicted in the Royal Navy, in each of the Years 1834 to 1837, both inclusive; in continuation of Parliamentary Papers, No. 419. of 1834.** — 7th May.

1834	1463
1835	1347
1836	1570

(N. B.—500 men were added to the naval force in this year.)

1837	1456

Note.—The whole number of Quarterly Returns due for the year 1837 is about 730, of which number about 120 are wanting.

510. NAVY, SCIENTIFIC BRANCH. **A Return of the Expenditure of the 1000*l.* voted for Rewards, Experiments, and other Expenses for Scientific Purposes, under the Head of "No. 5. Scientific Branch," in the Navy Estimates for the Years 1835, 1836, and 1837.** — 16th June.

1835-6.	£
Expenses on account of Tidal Observations on the coasts of England, Scotland, Ireland, and the Channel Islands	182
Expenses of a committee to investigate the merits of Mr. Kyan's plan for the preservation of timber	289
Mrs. Janet Taylor, for services rendered to science, and to enable her to complete the publication of a set of tables for the solution of the lunar problem	100
Printing a Catalogue of Stars in the Southern Hemisphere	268
Mathematical Instruments supplied to Commander E. T. Johnson for magnetic experiments	51
Boring tools for the use of his Majesty's surveying vessel "Sulphur"	82
Paper for Groombridge's catalogue	96
	£1008

1836-7.	
Expenses of tidal observations on the coasts of England, Scotland, and Ireland	75
Supplying deficiencies of the library at the Royal Observatory	100
Copperplate printing-press and apparatus for the Admiralty	82
Gratuity to the editor of the Nautical Magazine	50
Sir John Rennie, for his report on Lord Dundonald's new steam engines	52
A new dipping needle for observations on terrestrial magnetism	31
Expenses of Mr. Griesson while on board his Majesty's brig "Partridge" to make experiments with a sounding machine	7
For constructing a tide gauge and sun-dial at Sierra Leone	17
Salary of a botanical collector on board his Majesty's surveying vessel "Sulphur"	200
	£614

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Navy, Scientific Branch — *continued.*			The balance unexpended of this vote is included in the general balance of 193,332*l.* 18*s.* 5*d.* (unexpended on the naval votes for the year) as shown on the annual account of naval receipt and expenditure for the year 1836-7, and which has been made available as ways and means by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury.

1837-8.	£
Printing and other expenses on account of Mr. Groombridge's Catalogue of Circumpolar Stars	168
Supplying deficiencies of the library at the Royal Observatory	88
Gratuity to the editor of the Nautical Magazine	50
Salary of a botanical collector in Australia	50
Mr. G. F. Parker (schoolmaster, Royal Adelaide), towards his expenses in printing certain tables to facilitate the verification of the longitude at sea	50
Mr. Thomas Fotheringham, for his work on local attraction	25
Publishing Mr. Henderson's Observations on the Declination of the Principal Fixed Stars, and Mr. Maclear's Observations of Halley's Comet in the Transactions of the Royal Astronomical Society	192
	£ 623

Mem.—The accounts of the botanical collector on board the "Sulphur," and of the expenses of the tide-guage at Sierra Leone for the year 1837-8, not yet having been received, the return is unavoidably incomplete for that year.

113.	Negro Education (Jamaica).	Copy of a Report from C. J. Latrobe, Esq., on Negro Education, Jamaica, with Correspondence relating thereto. 1. Report from C. J. Latrobe, Esq., to the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg, on Negro Education, Jamaica; dated St. Thomas, 19th of October, 1837. 2. Copy of a Despatch from Lord Glenelg to Lieutenant-General Sir Lionel Smith, K.C.B.; dated Downing Street, 15th of January, 1838. 3. Copy of a Circular Letter addressed to the Secretaries of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, Church Missionary Society, Wesleyan Missionary Society, Moravian Missionary Society, Baptist Missionary Society, London Missionary Society, Scottish Missionary Society, Ladies' Negro Education Society, and of the Trustees of the Mico Charity; dated Downing Street, 16th of January, 1838.	7th Feb.	
320.	——— (Windward and Lee-	1. Report from C. J. Latrobe, Esq., to Lord Glenelg, on Negro Education in the Windward and Leeward Islands.	21st June.	

87. NEWSPAPERS. An Abstract of the Number of Newspapers which have passed through the Post Offices in the United Kingdom, in the three Years ending 31st of October, 1837, so far as the same can be made out; distinguishing each Year and each Month.

	Number despatched from			Total Number despatched from the General Post Office in London. Post estimated.	Number passing exclusively through the Twopenny Post Office, and not included in the preceding Columns, estimated.	General Total.
	Inland Office, estimated.	Foreign Office.	Ship Letter Office.			
Total for year ending 31st Oct., 1835	14,066,406	158,929	55,555	14,280,890	234,756	14,515,646
Total for year ending 31st Oct., 1836	19,046,411	427,516	87,537	19,561,464	367,942	19,929,406

Total number of newspapers received at the inland office, by the morning mails, many of which, passing through the office, are included in the preceding columns, being sent forward to foreign parts, &c. &c.

Year ending 31st of October, 1835.	Year ending 31st of October, 1836.	Year ending 31st of October, 1837.
2,676,889	2,569,026	2,888,400

97. NEWSPAPER STAMPS. A Return of the Number of Newspapers to which Stamps were issued, and of the Number of Stamps issued to Newspapers, in the Years ending 15th of September, 1836 and 1837, and the Half Year ending 15th of March, 1838; distinguishing the Number issued to London Newspapers, to English Provincial Newspapers, and to Irish and Scotch Newspapers, respectively, and showing the total Number and Amount each Year; also the Amount of Newspaper Stamp Duty received in each of the above Periods. 11th April.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

NEWSPAPER STAMPS — *continued.*

	Year ending 15th of September, 1835.			Year ending 15th of September, 1837.			Half Year ending 15th of March, 1838.		
	Number of Newspapers.	Number of Stamps issued.	Amount of Duty.	Number of Newspapers.	Number of Stamps issued.	Amount of Duty.	Number of Newspapers.	Number of Stamps issued.	Amount of Duty.
			£ s. d.			£ s. d.			£ s. d.
London newspapers . .	71	19,241,640	256,556 0 0	85	29,172,797	121,553 6 5	86	14,438,556	60,160 13 0
English provincial ditto .	194	8,535,396	113,804 16 0	237	14,996,113	62,483 16 1	223	7,366,842	30,695 3 6
Scotch ditto . . .	54	2,654,438	35,392 10 2	65	4,123,330	17,180 10 10	66	2,216,400	9,235 0 0
Irish ditto . . .	78	5,144,582	37,525 2 0	71	5,203,967	16,263 3 11	62	2,620,181	8,197 8 5
	397	35,576,056	443,278 8 2	458	53,496,207	217,480 17 3	437	26,641,979	108,288 4 11

568. NEWSPAPER STAMPS. A Return of the Number of Stamps issued by the Stamp Office for all Newspapers in Great Britain and Ireland, from 1st to 31st December, 1837, specifying each Newspaper by Name, and the Number of Stamps issued during that Period to each Newspaper.

Similar Return for each Month of the Quarter ended 31st of March, 1838. — 7th May. — The usual detailed Returns.

NEW SOUTH WALES. *See* "CONVICTS;" "CONVICT DISCIPLINE;" "VAN DIEMEN'S LAND."

58. NORTH AMERICAN PROVINCES. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) Account of the total Revenue derived from Taxes within each of the North American Provinces, in each Year from 1832 to 1836, both inclusive, specifying the Taxes, and whether the same were imposed by Acts of the Provincial or of the Imperial Parliament. — 8th Feb.

	1832.	1833.	1834.	1835.	1836.
	£	£	£	£	£
Lower Canada . .	153,468	157,948	91,761	122,086	102,027
Upper Canada . .	55,145	[66,094	74,823	61,161	69,141
Nova Scotia . .	47,300	53,822	50,501	49,797	49,466
New Brunswick . .	[34,515	31,908	41,994	53,825	55,479
Prince Edward's Island	7,050	6,255	6,793	8,110	9,797
Newfoundland . .	14,956	/ 16,765	18,413	35,388	34,965

48. NOVA SCOTIA. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) Return of the Dates of all Despatches from Sir Colin Campbell, Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia, in which a Supply of additional Forces to that Colony was — 5th Feb.

Dates of Despatches.	Received at the Colonial Office.	Date of Answer.
		21st of August, 1837.

		£
Amount of purchase money		10,150
Amount of deposit paid on day of sale (9th of December, 1835)	£ 1930	
On account of purchase money paid on the 21st of January, 1836	5000	
Instalment paid on the 1st of August, 1837 (with interest *)	1500	
Further instalment paid on the 1st of February, 1838 (with interest *)	1000	
Amount paid	—	9,430
Balance due, and to be paid with interest, on the 1st of August, 1838		£ 720

* The amount of interest paid up to the 1st of February, 1838, at 5 per cent., was 28*l.* 10*s.*, in addition to the above sums.

227 (1). OXFORD AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY BILL. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee of the House of Lords, to whom the Bill intituled "An Act for making a Railway from Oxford to join the Great Western Railway near Didcot, to be called the 'Oxford and Great Western Union Railway,'" was committed.

26th June.

599. OUDE, GOVERNMENT OF.

1.
Copies of all Minutes of the Governor General and Members of Council in Bengal, and of all Proceedings of the Governor General in Council, and of all Communications from the Governor General in Council to the Court of Directors; and of all Communications from the Resident of the East India Company at Lucknow to the Governor General in Council, or to the Court of Directors, relative to the Death of the late King of Oude, Nusseer-ood-deen-Hyder; and the Steps adopted by the Resident of the Company for the Regulation of the Succession to the Throne.

2.
Copies of all Memorials addressed to the Governor General in Council to the Court of Directors, or to the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, by any Individuals asserting a Claim to the Throne of Oude, and the Answers thereto.

3.
Copies of all Treaties ratified between the Governor General in Council and the present reigning King of Oude.

17th July.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
660.	OUDE, GOVERNMENT OF — *continued.*	Papers relative to the Succession to the Throne of Oude.	1st August.	Of these papers the "memorandum," drawn up by Lieutenant Shakspear, "of the events which took place on the night of the 7th and morning of the 8th of July, 1837, at the palace of his Majesty the King of Oude," is one of the most interesting, and describes with great effect one of those romantic but tumultuous vicissitudes which so frequently chequer the page of political history in India. But it is impossible to give, in the form of an abstract, anything like an intelligible statement of the facts and events following each other in this little history, in rapid and exciting succession,—the death of Nusseer-ood-deen-Hyder; the prompt and vigorous proceedings of the resident, Mr. Low; the calm intrepidity of Captain Paton, under circumstances of imminent peril to himself; the arrival of the Padsha Begum (shortly before the coming up of the British troops from their cantonments) with her father; her bold attempt to seat on the throne of Oude her adopted grandson, the boy Noonna Jaun; the short struggle with the British soldiery; the expulsion by our forces of the malcontent party, who had obtained a transient possession of the palace; the capture of the Begum, Noonna Jaun, and "the chief ringleader of the rebels;" and the elevation of Nusseer-ood-Dowlah, the next heir, to the throne of Oude. In a despatch from the Governor General of India in council the following passage occurs:—"The resident (Colonel Low) reported having taken an *unconditional* agreement from the new King, prior to his succession, binding himself to abide by the will of the British Government. We entertained doubts, though with some difference of opinion, upon the expediency of these proceedings; but, with the exception of this single point, we had every reason to applaud (and in this feeling we confidently anticipate the concurrence of your Honourable Committee) the admirable judgment, temper, and firmness displayed by Colonel Low throughout the arduous and delicate crisis referred to; and Colonel Low, on his part, bears a most honourable testimony to the eminent services and efficient co-operation, on the same occasion, of Captain Paton, Dr. Stevenson, Lieutenant Shakspear, and the head writer, Mr. Hare.
28.	PARKS AND GARDENS, ROYAL.	A Return of the several Royal Parks and Gardens under the Management and Superintendence of the Commissioners of her Majesty's Woods, &c.; showing the Expenditure for the Year ended the 31st of March, 1837.	11th Dec., 1837.	St. James's, the Green, and Hyde Parks . £9,462 Kensington Gardens . . . 1,553 Regent's Park . . . 3,956 Richmond Park . . . 4,040 Hampton Court and Bushy Park . . 1,395 Greenwich Park . . . 491 Hampton Court Gardens . . . 597 Windsor Parks . . . 10,314 Kew Gardens . . . 594 £32,402
74.	PARLIAMENTARY PAPERS.	A Return, in Columns, showing the total Number of Reports, Bills, and other Public Parliamentary Papers, which have been issued in the Years 1832, 1834, 1835	23d Dec., 1837.	

		of pauper Marriages and of illegitimate Births, in stated Periods, before and since the Operation of the Poor Law Amendment Act.		
198.	PAUPER, ILL-TREATMENT OF. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Copy of the Correspondence between the Reverend W. J. Phillpotts and the Board of Guardians of the Martley Poor Union, respecting the Ill-treatment of a Female Pauper in the Hallow Workhouse by the Matron.	8th June.	In this case, it would seem, from the letter of the Reverend W. Phillpotts, that "two cases of assault" on a pauper female of this parish, not of sound mind, and an inmate of the workhouse, had been charged to have been committed by "the matron of the workhouse," the wife of "the governor," — a person named Owen. The clerk of the guardians, in answer to the reverend gentleman's application for their decision on this case, informed him that the governor, "in consequence of the beating so inflicted by his the governor's wife on the pauper, had resigned his situation, which loss they deemed a sufficient punishment;" but added, "that the guardians, if the reverend gentleman was determined on making a further example of the party, were quite willing to afford all the information in their power." Mr. Phillpotts, in his reply, declares himself at a loss to understand why a distinction in dealing with delinquency of the sort alleged had been made in the case of Mrs. Owen, whose former conduct had been in other cases so culpable as to give her no title to the indulgence of which he complained. "Taking (he observes, p. 2.) all the circumstances into consideration, with the matron's declared intention of looking out for a similar situation elsewhere, I trust the board of guardians will not attribute it to any want of due respect towards them if I publish our correspondence, — in order that, as the matter occurred in this parish and was brought under my notice, I may be exonerated from the charge of lukewarmness in a cause in which the interests of humanity are deeply involved." In noticing this and another letter, the chairman of the board of guardians, Captain Winnington, administers a severe rebuke to the reverend clergyman for the part he had taken in this business; and, among other things, observes, "Perhaps it may travel, as your former letter did, to the columns of a newspaper, and serve to excite the public mind against the poor law, and the guardians appointed to administer it, here: but they will not waste their time in speculations on this head." . . . . "After you well knew that she (Mrs. Owen) had resigned her place, you wrote to them (the guardians) to say that if they would not proceed against her, you would do so; and though they declined the task, for the reason you have stated, they replied, — in the full belief that you would put your threat in execution, — that any information they had in their possession was at your service." The rejoinder of Mr. Phillpotts to this letter does not omit due notice of these passages. Thus (par. 2.): — "The board assert that *I well knew that the matron had resigned* her place when I wrote to say that if they would not proceed against her I would do so. Now, had the board only referred to their own books, they would have seen that my letter and the matron's *tender* of resignation reached them on the same day, and they would thus have been saved from the somewhat awkward position of accusing me of knowing well an event which had not yet taken place." Again: — "I have only to add that, as the board seem to despise the columns of a newspaper, I have laid the matter before the Poor Law Committee in the House of Lords."
905.	PENITENTIARY, MILLBANK.	Copy of a Letter written by Direction of the Secretary of State for the Home Department to the Committee for the Management of the Penitentiary, with the Report of the Committee in answer thereto.	13th March.	Some particulars of the cases to which this correspondence relates are given under No. 216.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
86.	Penitentiary. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A Return of the Number of Children, under 16 Years of Age, who have been committed to or confined in the Penitentiary at Millbank within the last seven Years, specifying their Ages, the Sex of each, the Periods and Offences for which they were directed to be confined, and whether in pursuance of the original Sentence or in commutation thereof; and the several Courts by whom tried.	5th March.	The number of boys, 147; namely, — 52 aged, each, 15 years. 35 ditto 14 — 25 ditto 13 — 16 ditto 12 — 10 ditto 11 — 6 ditto 10 — 2 ditto 9 — 1 ditto 8 — It appears that 1 boy, 12 years old, for larceny, was sentenced to 2 years in the Penitentiary and transportation for life; another, aged 14, to 1 year in the Penitentiary and transportation for life; and a third, of the same age, to the same imprisonment and transportation. The offence of the first was "larceny;" of the second, "larceny in a dwelling-house above 5*l.*;" of the third, "larceny by a servant in a dwelling-house." The first was discharged by pardon, 19th of June, 1837; the second on the 26th of November, 1836; the third still remains in the Penitentiary. Richard Sims, aged 10, three years' confinement, for stealing a watch from his father; W. Colley, aged 10, the like punishment for simple larceny ("stealing a saucepan"); and John Smith (stealing 10*l.* in a dwelling-house) to 10 years' imprisonment, — still remain in the Penitentiary. George Thorne, for stealing a basket containing in gold and silver upwards of 10*l.*, sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment, aged 9 years; and W. Connor, same age, for larceny from the person, sentenced to the same term, — still remain in the Penitentiary: and the same report is made with regard to James Davis, a child 8 years of age only, sentenced to 3 years' imprisonment for larceny. If, as may be inferred from this abstract of the return, 15 is the age at which the greatest number of boy criminals are committed, the same inference as to the age of girls, criminally convicted, is borne out by the following summary, — though the relative proportions of these female offenders, in reference to their respective ages, are very different. Number of girls convicted and sentenced, 72; of whom there are — 23 aged, each, 15 years. 19 ditto 14 — 10 ditto 13 — 10 ditto 12 — 5 ditto 11 — 5 ditto 10 —
216.	Penitentiary.	Copy of further Papers which have been received at the Office of the Secretary of State for the Home Department, with reference to the Case of the two Paupers, John Welch and William Ray, recently confined in the Penitentiary at Millbank.	16th March.	The evidence of the master of the workhouse of St. Marylebone, the assistant overseer, and the superintendent of the Penitentiary (the witnesses examined before the directors and guardians of the poor of the district), — though it does not establish, absolutely, the fact of the confinement or discipline of the Penitentiary having produced morbid im- [illegible] in the paupers named, — is conflicting and unsatis- [illegible] the intellect

GENERAL.	Penitentiary, Millbank, for the Reception of Convicts; made in pursuance of the Acts 56 Geo. III. c. 63. § 39., and the 7 and 8 Geo. IV. c. 33. § 6.; specifying the State of the Building; the Conduct of the Officers; the Treatment and Condition of the Prisoners; the Amount of their Earnings; and the Expenses of the Establishment during the Year 1837.	16th March.	Total of prisoners in the Penitentiary on the 31st of December, 1837: —		
			Male prisoners	370	
			Soldiers	41	
					411
			Female prisoners	99	
			for transportation	47	
					146
			Total		557
			Net profit by prisoners' earnings	£1,163	
			Net expense	11,393	
			(1.) Remaining in Penitentiary, on the 31st of December, 1837, prisoners, —		
			Males		370
			Females		99
			Together		469
			(2.) Female prisoners for transportation.		
			Received between the 13th of August and 31st of December, 1837		58
			Received for transportation		11
			Remaining in Penitentiary on the 31st of December 1837		47
			(3.) Soldiers under sentence of court-martial.		
			Received between 18th of November and 31st of December, 1837		55
			Removed		14
			Remaining in Penitentiary		41
121. PENITENTIARY, MILLBANK. (H. of Lords' Rr. P.)	Report from the Select Committee on the Cases of certain Prisoners confined in the Penitentiary, Millbank.	30th March.	The Report concludes with these observations, among others, on the cases severally referred to the Lords' committees: — "Of the three female children, Matilda Seymour, Ann Crane, and Harriet Simpson, prisoners confined in the Penitentiary at Millbank; also of John Welch and William Ray, now in Marylebone workhouse, after having been sentenced and subjected to imprisonment in the Penitentiary, and who, it was alleged, had suffered in their intellects from their confinement there; on the whole, the committee think it due to the officers of the Penitentiary to state that all these convicts have been treated with all the leniency, and, in the case of the female children particularly, with all the attention to their moral improvement, that was consistent with the rules laid down for the government of the Penitentiary."		
24. PENSIONS.	A Return of all Pensions granted under the Provisions of the Acts of 57 Geo. III. c. 65., 6 Geo. IV. c. 90., and 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 24., showing what Pensions have been granted from the passing thereof; with the Date of each Grant, and which of them are now in force; also showing what further Number of Pensions might have been granted by virtue of the said Statutes.	7th Dec., 1837.			

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.		
	Pensions — *continued.*			The pensions grantable under the Acts 57 Geo. III. c. 24., and 6 Geo. IV. c. 90., consisted of —		
				6 Pensions of the 1st class, at 3000*l.* each		£ 18,000
				1 Supernumerary pension		3,000
				3 Pensions of the 2d class, at 2000*l.* each		6,000
				6 Pensions of the 3d class, at 1500*l.* each		9,000
				6 Pensions of the 4th class, at 1000*l.* each		6,000
				22 Pensions.		£ 42,000
				The pensions grantable under the Act 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 24. consist of —		
				4 Pensions of the 1st class, at 2000*l.* each	£ 8000	
				2 Pensions of the 2d class, at 1400*l.* each	2800	
				4 Pensions of the 3d class, at 1200*l.* each	4800	
				6 Pensions of the 4th class, at 1000*l.* each	6000	
				16 Pensions.		21,600
				Being a reduction of 6 pensions, and		£ 20,400
				The Act 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 24. also provides that no pension shall be granted to any person without a declaration of the inadequacy of his private fortune to maintain his station in life.		
263.	———	First Report from the Select Committee on Pensions.	30th Mar.	"Without in any respect wishing to anticipate what may be their ultimate recommendation, and abstaining altogether from any act that might be construed as a prejudgment of the questions referred to them, your committee are of opinion, that a provision should be made by Parliament for the sums payable on the 5th of April, it being distinctly understood, that until the whole subject shall have been finally disposed of, no re-grants of these pensions shall take place, and that the whole subject of the pensions is reserved as fully for the deliberation and decision of Parliament as if the payment now recommended had not been made."		
272.	——— (Civil List).	An Estimate of the Sum that will be required to enable her Majesty to direct the Payments for the Quarter ending the 5th of April, 1838, to those Pensions which, at the Demise of the Crown, were charged upon the Civil List of his late Majesty, or upon the Consolidated Fund, pursuant to the Act 2 and 3 Will. IV. c. 116. (Presented by command of her Majesty.)	2d April.	33,500*l.*		
251.	———	A List of Pensions now payable under the Act 1 Geo. IV. c. 109., to Officers and Attendants on his late Majesty [illegible] III., and to others to whom Pensions had been	1st May.	159 pensions.	Total amount,	8784*l.*
				67 ditto.	Ditto,	7325*l.*

what Fund paid: — and a similar Return of the Pensions granted to the Servants of the late Queen Charlotte, under the 59th Geo. III. c. 22.

696. ——— A List of all Pensions granted between the 20th Day of June, 1837, and the 20th Day of June, 1838, and charged upon the Civil List (pursuant to the Act 1st Vic. c. 2.) 8th Aug.

1838.		£
March 14th.	Lady Morgan . . .	300
April 7th.	W. Wallace, Esq., Em. Pro. Mat. in Edinburgh . .	300
June 20th.	Mears . . .	40

320. PLURALITIES. An Abstract of the Number of Clergymen holding Livings in Plurality, where one of the Livings so held does not exceed 50*l.* per Annum; the like, where one of the Livings so held does not exceed 100*l.* per Annum; the like, where one of the Livings so held does not exceed 150*l.* per Annum; the like, where one of the Livings does not exceed 200*l.* per Annum; the like, where all the Livings so held severally exceed 200*l.* per Annum. Such Abstracts of Returns to be prepared from the Report of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners. 26th April.

1. Number of clergymen holding two livings, one of which does not exceed 50*l.* per annum .				98
Number of these whose second living does not exceed	50*l.* per annum .	5		
Ditto	100*l.* — .	19		
Ditto	150*l.* — .	19		
Ditto	200*l.* — .	11		
Ditto does exceed	200*l.* — .	44		
		98		
2. Number of clergymen holding two livings, one of which does not exceed 100*l.* per annum .				447
Number of these whose second living does not exceed	100*l.* per annum .	102		
Ditto	150*l.* — .	109		
Ditto	200*l.* — .	58		
Ditto does exceed	200*l.* — .	178		
		447		
3. Number of clergymen holding two livings, one of which does not exceed 150*l.* per annum .				352
Number of these whose second living does not exceed	150*l.* per annum .	48		
Ditto	200*l.* — .	89		
Ditto does exceed	200*l.* — .	215		
		352		

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	PLURALITIES — *continued.*			4. Number of clergymen holding two livings, one of which does not exceed 200*l.* per annum . 316 Number of these whose second livings does not exceed 200*l.* per annum . 42 Ditto does exceed 200*l.* — . 274 316
				5. Number of clergymen holding two livings, both of which exceed 200*l.* per annum . . 643 Besides the foregoing, there appear to have been — Clergymen holding three livings each . . 352 Ditto four ditto . . . 57 Ditto five ditto . . . 3 Total number of clergymen holding livings in plurality . . . 2,268
178.	POLICE OF THE METROPOLIS.	Report of the Select Committee on Metropolis Police Offices, with the Minutes of Evidence, Appendix, and Index.	11th July.	The Report contains 13 recommendations for the consolidation of the several classes of constabulary force in the Metropolis, including those of the City of London, with the Metropolitan Police incorporated by Sir Robert Peel's Act. — Judicial duties to be performed by police magistrates and executive by the metropolitan ditto, &c. &c. (35 witnesses examined.)
156.	POOR LAW AMENDMENT ACT.	First Report from Select Committee on the Poor Law Amendment Act, with the Minutes of Evidence.	9th Feb.	Second, third, fourth, fifth, &c. &c., to the forty-eighth; all of which are publications, only, of evidence; the introductory "Report" in each case being confined to this simple principle: — "The committees appointed, &c. &c., have taken some further evidence, which they have agreed to report to the House."
172.	———	Copy of an Order under the new Poor Law Act for withholding outdoor Relief to the able-bodied; the Names of the Unions on which such Order has been sent, and the	27th Feb.	

Laws in England and Wales, together with the Population in each according to the latest Census, and the Number of Guardians appointed for each; giving the Total of each; and the average Number of Square Miles, of Guardians, and of Population to a Union.

339. ——— (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) **Report from the Select Committee on certain Papers respecting the Operation of the Poor Law Amendment Act.** — 8th August.

The Report of the Lords' Committees, in this instance, regards some further cases in which the operation of the Poor Law Amendment Act would seem to have been disparagingly spoken of. First, a correspondence between the guardians of the Bourne poor union and General Johnson, in February, 1838, relative to a statement made by the General at a public meeting; secondly, a letter from the secretary of the Poor Law Commissioners respecting certain passages in a certain speech delivered by the Reverend Mr. G. S. Bull, at another public meeting, in February, 1838; a correspondence between the said Commissioners and the Earl Stanhope, touching various cases alleged by that Noble Lord against the operation of the new poor law; and a multiplicity of other letters, returns, reports, &c., and charges, written and oral, hearsay and recorded, against its principle or the working of its system. The Lords' Committees do not appear to deem either the soundness of the principle or the efficient working of the system, in any of the cases referred to them, to have been substantially impugned. (10 pages.)

493. ——— Copies of all Letters, and other Documents, addressed to the Poor Law Commissioners or their Secretary, with the Replies thereto, respecting the last Election of Guardians for the Holborn Union. — 14th June.

539. ——— Copy of the Report of the Poor Law Commissioners, relative to certain Charges which have been disallowed by the Auditors of Unions in England and Wales.
Report on the Necessity of introducing a Bill into Parliament, "for the Purpose of making Parish Rates (or County Rates, as may be thought most advisable), liable to certain Expenses of Constables and others in the discharge of their Duty." — 25th June.

This is one of the numerous papers printed during the Session of 1837-38, in connection with questions arising on the operation of the New Poor Act, of which it would be impossible to give any adequate summary. To the general reader, the local statistics to which they are chiefly devoted would prove of little interest and for the purposes of a condensed abstract, the correspondence of the Commissioners, the Home Department, and Boards of Guardians is too diffuse in its character and too minute in its details. (37 pages.)

550. ——— Copy of the Report to the Poor Law Commissioners of an Inquiry into the Administration of the Board of Guardians of the Hartismere Union, in the County of Suffolk, against the Proceedings of which Board various Charges were preferred in the "Times" Newspaper of the 16th Day of this instant June. — 4th July.

A Report and further correspondence occasioned by another alleged misrepresentation of the "Times," as to the administration of, and dietary established under, the New Poor Law, in the Hartismere union. (22 pages.)

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
641.	Poor Law Amendment Act—*continued.*	Copy of the Correspondence between Messrs. Woodward and Annesley, late Clerks of the Pershore Union, in the County of Worcester, the Chairman of the Board of Guardians, and the Poor Law Commissioners, on the Subject of an Increase of the Salary of the Clerks.	27th July.	
118.	Poor Law, Bradford.	A Return of the Number of the Metropolitan Police who may have been sent to Bradford, in Yorkshire, since the 1st of October last, and up to the 22d of November, the Number of Days that they have been so employed; together with the Order of the Commissioners of Police, and the Precept of the Magistrates commanding and authorising the Attendance of such Police Constables at Bradford; also, a similar Account relative to the Policemen sent from Leeds to Bradford; also, Copies of any Correspondence between the Poor Law Commissioners and their Assistant Commissioner, Mr. Power, and the Board of Guardians, relative to the sending of the London Police and the Military into the Town of Bradford; together with any Correspondence that may have taken place relative to the same Matters between Mr. Power and the Home Office, or between the Poor Law Commissioners and the Home Office; or between any other Person or Persons and the Home Office, so far as the same can be communicated without Injury to the Public Service.	6th Feb.	This collection of papers contains a correspondence relating chiefly to the disturbances which occurred at Bradford, in connection with the promulgation of the New Poor Law.
108.	Poor Law Commissioners. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Copies of Reports received by the Poor Law Commissioners from the Board of Guardians of the Westhampnett Union.	20th March.	This Board of Guardians, after setting forth their proceedings in the several cases to which they allude as having presented the grounds of various objections to their own administration, or to the principle of the new Poor Law generally, combat the facts which had been relied on by those who, like the former surgeon of their union (Mr. Hurlstone) had recorded such objections, and express their own entire approbation of the principle, and satisfaction with the working, of the said law. The Commissioners, in reply to the clerk of the board, declare their hearty concurrence in the favourable view of the new system, thus reported to them. (39 pages.)
134.	——— (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Returns from the Poor Law Commissioners respecting the Dudley Workhouse.	11th April.	
175.	——— (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Return of the Number of Persons who have died in the Workhouse at Coventry, in the Quarter ending 25th of March, 1839, specifying the Ages of each, and the Ma-	28th May.	73 deaths; of which no less than 55 from cholera.

		Answers thereto: and of any Orders of the Board of Guardians of the Bridge Union relative to the above Case; and of any Communications between that Board and the Assistant Poor Law Commissioner or the Poor Law Commissioners, upon that Subject.		paper of Saturday last, I find that it contains a most inaccurate report of what fell from me on Friday the 6th, in the House of Lords, in reference to the use of the sand bags in the Bridge union workhouse. I never stated that relief was afforded only in connection with punishment," &c.
506.	Poor Prisoners.	Returns from the Treasurer of every County in England and Wales, of the Sums of Money by them transmitted out of the County Rates under the Provisions of the Act 53 Geo. III. c. 113., intituled, "An Act for providing Relief for the Poor Prisoners confined in the King's Bench, Fleet, and Marshalsea Prisons," to the Treasurer for the County of Surrey, and to the Treasurer or Chamberlain for the City of London, for the last two Years.	15th June.	43 Returns from England; 12 from Wales.
278.	Postage.	First Report from the Select Committee on Postage, together with the Minutes of Evidence, and Appendix.	4th April.	The committee publish no Report, but give the evidence of 44 witnesses, who are examined chiefly as to the merits, and probable operation of Mr. Rowland Hill's plan for a very reduced and uniform rate of postage. Mr. Rowland Hill is, himself, examined on this subject, and of course he speaks with confidence and favour as to its practicability. The various witnesses announce very conflicting opinions on the general questions pressed by the committee; the balance of evidence, or rather of opinion, inclining to support the suggestions of Mr. Hill. The evidence of Mr. Thomas Lawrence, however, the intelligent Assistant Secretary of the Post Office, who speaks, incidentally, to the way in which the carriage of the mails by each road at present works, — of the Earl of Lichfield, whose carefully collected data go to prove the admission of very enormous errors into Mr. Hill's calculations, forming the basis of that gentleman's plan—(for example, in one case, the assumption of 88,000,000, afterwards reduced by Mr. H. himself to 80,000,000, of letters, but of which the number is declared by the Noble Postmaster General to be only 48,000,000, "fairly chargeable with the expense that the Post Office is put to for conveyance); — and especially of Colonel Maberly, the Secretary to the department, the statistics of which, clearly arranged, and distinctly stated, seem to be yet more fatal to the soundness of the statements on which Mr. Hill's hypothesis is founded. On the other hand, the immense importance to the publishing and bookselling trade (among others) of a reduced postage, is unanswerably demonstrated in the evidence of Mr. Parker, of the Strand, who proves the manner in which, and the extent to which, the Post Office revenue is at present contravened by private schemes for transmitting and interchanging intelligence relative to matters of trade. (511 pages.)
77.	Post Office.	A Return of the Names of Persons in the Employ of the Post Office in Great Britain and Ireland, against whom any Complaints have been made, for having voted at the last Election of Members of Parliament, and of those who have been dismissed for having voted. Copies of Circular Letters from the Post Office, and other Papers relating to Persons in the Employ of the Post Office, voting at Elections.	23d Dec., 1837.	

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
203.	Post Office Steam Packets.	1. A Return showing the Rates and Fares charged on board her Majesty's Mail Steam Packets on the Liverpool and Kingstown, Holyhead and Kingstown, Milford and Waterford, and Portpatrick and Donaghadee Stations, for Passengers, Carriages, and Horses, from the Date of their first Establishment, in 1826, down to the latest Period, or to the 1st of December, 1837, with the several Alterations in such Rates and Fares as have been made, and the Dates of such Alterations respectively. 2. A Return of the Number, Names, Rank, Duties, and Salaries or Wages of all Officers, Clerks, or other Persons employed on the same Stations, either on shore or on board the Packets at the Date of the Transfer of such Packets from the Post Office to the Admiralty, with a corresponding Return for the 1st of December, 1837; distinguishing such Changes and Additions as have been made to the several Establishments at such Stations between such two Periods. 3. A Return of the several Persons, their Rank and Salaries, and the total Expense of the Establishments in Dublin connected with the Mail Packets, at the Date of their Transfer to the Admiralty; and a corresponding Return for the 1st of December, 1837.	13th M[a]rch.	Minute details under all these heads.
219.	Post Office.	An Account of all Rates and Duties that have been charged and levied on all Letters and Packets conveyed by Post to and from any Part of Great Britain and Ireland, by way of Conway and Chester, in addition to the Rates and Duties payable by Law for the Conveyance by Post of such Letters and Packets, under the 19th section of 1 and 2 Geo. IV. c. 35.; and also the necessary Charges for paying, collecting, and accounting for the same Rates and Duties, with the actual Sum distinguished in the [illegible] of the Revenue of the	16th March.	Produce of additional rate of postage, being one penny for a single letter, two-pence for a double letter, three-pence for a treble letter, and so on in proportion. From 28th May, 1821, to 5th January, 1838 . . . . £19,779 3 6 *Note.* — The charges for paying and collecting cannot be distinguished, being part of the general disbursements of the Post Office, and this sum of 19,779*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* has been paid [illegible] General, under the

1829 to 1837, of Letters secreted or purloined; also, of the Nature of the Security taken by the Post Office.

1. Return, in abstract, of the recommendations contained in the ten Reports of the Post Office Commissioners; showing, 1st., the recommendations which have been carried into effect; 2dly, the recommendations which have been partially carried into effect; and, 3dly, those which have not been acted upon; and stating distinctly to what extent each of the recommendations have been brought into operation, together with the date of the Report in which they are contained, and the date when they were adopted, and the names of the Commissioners appended to each Report. Ordered 8th February, 1838, and to be printed, 30th March, 1838. — (Mr. Wallace.)

2. Return, in detail, of the number of cases which have occurred from 5th January, 1829, to 5th January, 1837, in each year, of letters, franked or unfranked, addressed to persons in London, Dublin, or Edinburgh, or which have been applied for through the General Post Offices of those cities, containing money, bills, bank notes, or other property, which have been secreted or purloined by any person in the employment of the Post Office Department, or been demanded therefrom by private parties as undelivered; with the amount thereof in each case in each year respectively: Also, of the names and situations of all persons dismissed or removed from the Post Office Department as above, under the allegation of having purloined or secreted letters, franked or unfranked, or been concerned therein, containing money, bills, bank notes, or other property belonging to private parties, with the amount in each instance *; also, a Return, as above, of all persons who have actually defrauded the Revenue Department of the Post Office, and been dismissed therefore; stating, in either case, if the first offence was visited with removal or dismissal, or if repeated previous thereto. And,

3. Return of the nature of the security taken by the Post Office regarding the abstracting or purloining moneys or other property by those employed therein; stating if the parties becoming sureties are bound to make good and restore private property, when abstracted or purloined by the servants of the public in that department, or only for their fraudulent acts against the Revenue. Ordered 21st December, 1837; and to be printed, 6th April, 1838. — (Mr. Hume).

* Specific notices of about 5500 such cases.

496.	—	Copy of the Contract between the Postmaster General and the London and Birmingham Railway Company, for the Conveyance of the Mails; and of the Award made by the Arbitrators under such Contract.	14th June.	Indenture of contract, dated the 19th of May, 1838, between the Right Honourable Thomas Earl of Lichfield and the London and Birmingham Railway Company.
534.	———	Returns to Orders of House of Commons, "That the Returns in Abstract of the Recommendations contained in the Tenth Report of the Post Office Commissioners be amended, by referring the same to the Admiralty and the Post Office Commission, for the Purpose of those Departments supplying the Information which has not been given by the Post Office."	23d June.	Forty-two Returns, specifying as many suggestions in the several Reports referred to, and the results, so far as they relate to the Naval department.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Post Office Department.	The Tenth Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Management of the Post Office Department (Registration of Letters). (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		This Report is dated from "Office of Woods, January, 1838," and signed "Duncannon," "H. Labouchere," "Seymour;" and on the subject of the registration of letters in its outset, it announces the following views of what are stated to be the true uses and design of this sort of establishment. "The safe and speedy conveyance of letters," say they, "for the benefit of trade and commerce, was the primary consideration with the Government on the first establishment of a General Post Office. The revenue which it was expected would arise from the exclusive privilege conferred on the Postmaster General was held to be of minor importance. This principle is recognised in the preamble of the different Postage Acts which were passed from the time of the Commonwealth down to the 10th of Queen Anne, when the English and Scotch offices were united under one Postmaster General. The postage duties must, therefore, be looked upon not merely as a source of revenue, but as the price paid by the public for the performance of a particular service, which it has been found expedient to have executed under the control and supervision of the Government." . . . "From a Return lately presented to the House of Commons, it appears that the applications for letters containing property alleged to have been lost, average upwards of 1200*l.* a-year; and that the property "claimed" as lost, within 8 years, exceeded 600,000*l.* in value. "The commissioners recommend the re-establishment of some improved system of registration, and enter into their proposals for a revision of the money order office, and recommend that the existing privilege of franking exercised by it be abolished, together with the office, and that some new and less expensive mode of making small remittances for poor artisans and labourers be prepared.
1.	Prisons, Inspectors of.	Third Report of the Inspectors appointed under the Provisions of the Acts 5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 38. to visit the different Prisons of Great Britain. I. Home District. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		Twenty-three lithographed plans, sections, &c. are appended to this Report; the general effect of which is to recommend the adoption of a carefully devised system of separate confinement, but to discountenance the "silent system," from a review of the evil effects which were found to ensue upon its institution at Auburn, in the United States.
2.	———	Third Report of the Inspectors appointed under the Provisions of the Act 5 and 6 Will. IV., c. 38., to visit the different Prisons of Great Britain. II. Northern and Eastern District. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		An introductory letter to the Secretary of State for the Home Department is followed by Reports on the Oakham County Gaol and House of Correction; on the Nottingham County, Southwell, Nottingham Borough, and Nottingham and Newark Houses of Correction, and Borough Gaols; the Nottingham Town Lock-up, and the House of Peveril Gaol (in Notts.).

In Lincolnshire: — the Lincoln Castle; Lincoln Borough County Gaol and House of Correction; Kirton House of Correction for the division of Lindsey; Louth House of Correction for the division of Lindsey; Spilsby House of

In Lancashire: — Salford New Bailey House of Correction; Kirkdale Gaol and House of Correction for South Lancashire; Liverpool Borough Gaol and House of Correction; Liverpool Bridewell or Lock-ups.
In Norfolk: — Norwich Castle, County Gaol, and House of Correction; Wymondham House of Correction; Swaffham House of Correction; Walsingham House of Correction; Norwich Borough Gaol and House of Correction; Norwich Lock-ups; King's Lynn Borough Gaol and House of Correction.
In Cambridgeshire: — Cambridge County Gaol and House of Correction; Cambridge Borough Gaol and House of Correction; Cambridge Spinning House.

3. ——— Third Report of the Inspectors appointed, under the Provisions of the Act 5 and 6 Will IV. c. 38., to visit the different Prisons of Great Britain. III. Southern and Western District. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)

The prisons especially noticed in this Report (after an introductory letter to the Secretary of State for the Home Department), are those of—
The Isle of Anglesey: — Beaumaris County Gaol and House of Correction.
Breconshire: — Brecon County Gaol and House of Correction; Brecon Borough Gaol.
Somersetshire: — Bristol City Bridewell.
Cardiganshire: — Cardigan County Gaol and House of Correction; Aberystwith Town Gaol.
Carmarthenshire: — Carmarthen County Gaol and House of Correction; Carmarthen Town Gaol and Debtors' Prison.
Carnarvonshire: — Carnarvon County Gaol and House of Correction.
Devonshire: — Tiverton Town Gaol.
Glamorganshire: — Cardiff County Gaol and House of Correction; Cardiff Borough Debtors' Gaol; Cardiff Borough Lock-up House.
Gloucestershire: — St. Briavel's Debtors' Gaol; Horsley County House of Correction; Lawford's Gate County House of Correction; Little Dean County House of Correction; Northleach County House of Correction; Tewkesbury Borough Gaol and House of Correction.
Hampshire: — Andover Borough Gaol; Basingstoke Lock-up House; Gosport County House of Correction; Portsmouth Borough Gaol and House of Correction; Wight (Isle of) County Gaol and Bridewell at Newport.
Monmouthshire: — Monmouth County Gaol and House of Correction: Usk County House of Correction.
Northamptonshire: — Northampton County Gaol and House of Correction; Northampton Borough Gaol or Lock-up House; Daventry Borough Gaol or Lock-up House.
Oxfordshire: — Banbury Borough Gaol.
Pembrokeshire: — Haverfordwest County Gaol and House of Correction.
Radnorshire: — Presteign County Gaol and House of Correction; New Radnor Borough Gaol and Debtors' Prison.
Shropshire: — Bridgnorth Borough Gaol, Debtors' Gaol, and Lock-up House; Ludlow Borough Gaol; Wellington, — 1. Lock-up House, and 2. Debtors' Gaol.
Somersetshire: — Bridgewater Borough Gaol; Ilchester County Gaol; Shepton Mallet County House of Correction; Wells Borough Gaol; Wilton County House of Correction at Taunton.
Staffordshire: — Stafford County Gaol and House of Correction.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
4.	PRISONS, INSPECTORS OF — *continued.*	Third Report of the Inspectors appointed under the Provisions of the Acts 5 and 6 Will. IV. c. 38., to visit the different Prisons of Great Britain. IV. Scotland, Northumberland, and Durham. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		This Report goes very largely into details connected with the history and character of crimes the most prevalent in Scotland; remarks on the increase in the number of prisoners in 1838; the apparent causes of that increase; the combinations of workmen, and the proposed remedies for those combinations; the fact that in certain parts of Scotland crimes appear to be hereditary in the families of certain offenders, and in other parts always to be in excess; and the expediency of the "separate system" as a system of punishment producing neither insanity nor idiotcy, as in the case of the silent system. It contains notices, in the shape of reports, on the following prisons: — Aberdeenshire: — Aberdeen Bridewell, Gaol, House of Refuge, county at large. Argyleshire: — Campbeltown, Inverary, county at large. Ayrshire: — Ayr County Prison, ditto Police Cells, Beith, Catrine, Galston, Girvan, Irvine, Kilmarnock, Kilmaurs, Kilwinning, Largs, Maybole, Mauchline, Newmilns, Newton, forming part of Ayr, Old Cumnock, Priestwick, Saltcoats, Stewarton, county at large. Berwickshire: — Ayton, Cockburnspath, Coldstream, Dunse, Lauder, Greenlaw, county at large. Berwick-upon-Tweed. Buteshire: — Rothesay, county at large. Dumfries-shire: — Annan, Dumfries, Langholm, Lochmaben, Lockerbie, Sanquhar. Durham: — Durham, county of Durham. Edinburghshire: — Dalkeith, Edinburgh Bridewell, ditto Gaol, Lasswade, Leith, Musselburgh, Pennycuick, county at large. Forfarshire: — Arbroath, Brechin, Dundee, Forfar, Montrose, county at large. Haddingtonshire: — Dunbar, Gifford, Haddington, Linton, North Berwick, Tranent. Inverness. Kirkcudbrightshire: — Castle Douglas, Creetown, Gatehouse, Kirkcudbright, New Galloway, county at large. Lanarkshire: — Airdrie, Biggar, Carnwath, Douglas, Glasgow (Bridewell, Gaol, Calton, Gorbals, House of Refuge, city at large), Hamilton, Lanark, Rutherglen, Strathaven, county at large. Llinlithgowshire: — Bathgate, Llinlithgow, county at large. Northumberland: — Alnwick, Hexham, Morpeth, Newcastle, Tynemouth, county at large. Orkney. Peebles: — Peebles, county at large. Perthshire: — Crieff, Perth. Renfrewshire: — Greenock, Pollockshaws, Port Glasgow, county at large. Roxburghshire: — Hawick, Jedburgh, Kelso, Melrose, New Castleton, county at large. Selkirk: — Selkirk, county at large. Stirlingshire: — Falkirk. Wigtownshire: — Glenluce, Newton Stewart, Portpatrick, Stranraer, Whithorn, Wigtown, county at large. Zetland.
	PRISON DISCIPLINE.	Report on the State of Prison Discipline in Van Diemen's Land, &c. By CAPTAIN MACONOCHIE. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Ma-		

vember, 1837, for trial at Sessions.

192.	——— (Passes granted to). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A Return of the Passes granted to discharged Prisoners from the different Prisons in England and Wales, during the Years 1836 and 1837; showing, at the same Time, the Number of forged Passes that have been returned, and the Gaols from whence they purported to have been issued.	7th June.	
596.	Prisons in West Indies. (Jamaica.)	Report of Captain J. William Pringle on Prisons in the West Indies (Jamaica). (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	17th July.	60 pages.
	——— (West Indies).	Plans referred to in Captain Pringle's Report on Prisons, West Indies (Jamaica).	17th July.	
47.	Proceedings in Chancery.	Account of Rates and Charges for Copies of Proceedings and of Fees received in the Offices of the Masters of the Court of Chancery.	5th Feb.	Returns from the Masters, — Dowdeswell, F. Cross, W. Wingfield, T. W. Farrer, G. Wilson, Lord Henley, W. Martin, W. Brougham, and — Senior, for their respective offices.
684.	Provincial Journals, Advertisement Duty on.	A Return of Advertisement Duty charged to each of the Provincial Journals in England and Wales, from 30th June, 1837, to 30th June, 1838; specifying the Amount to each Paper by Name.	6th August.	Returns from 237 Provincial Journals.
472.	Prussian Commercial Treaty.	A Copy of the Prussian Commercial Union Treaty; and Return of the Names of the several States which have joined that Union, and the Dates at which they so joined; and also the Names of the several States in Germany which have not agreed to join that Union; together with a Return of the Population of each of those stated respectively, from the last Census.	12th June.	List of Papers. No. 1. Treaty of Customs Union, signed at Berlin, 22d of March, 1833. No. 2. Additional Articles, signed at Berlin, 31st of October, 1833. No. 3. Customs Union Tariff. No. 4. List of the States forming the Germanic Confederation; distinguishing those which have joined the Commercial Union.
241.	Public Offices (Increase and Diminution of Salaries).	Abstract of Accounts of every Increase and Diminution which has taken place, within the Year 1837, in the Number of Persons employed in all Public Offices or Departments, or in the Salaries, Emoluments, Allowances, or Expenses which may have taken place, or been paid, granted, received, or incurred for and in respect of all Officers and Persons belonging to, or employed in or	26th Mar.	Returns from forty-four public departments. Total increase, 66,376*l.* Total diminution, 63,705*l.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Public Offices (Increase and Diminution of Salaries) — *continued.*	by, or in the Service of all Public Offices or Departments, specifying the Amount and Nature thereof; distinguishing in such Account every Increase and Diminutionin the Amount of all Allowances or Compensations granted or allowed as retired Allowances or Superannuations to any Person or Persons having held any Office, Place, or Employment in any such Public Office or Department, or having been employed in any manner in any Public Services under such Office or Department; and also specifying in every such Amount the Grounds upon which every such Increase or Diminution in the Establishment of any such Public Office or Department, or of any such Salary, Emolument, Allowance, or Compensation, or Superannuations as aforesaid, shall have been made, granted, or allowed (pursuant to Act 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 24.).		
57.	Railroads.	Report from the Select Committee on Railroad Communication, together with the Minutes of Evidence, Appendix, and Index.	28th Mar.	Of this Report the two most stringent clauses, and those which, in the debates on the subject of the conveyance of her Majesty's mails by railroads, were most objected to, were these: — 5. That, as the best means of meeting the present difficulties and necessity of the case, this committee recommends that a Bill should forthwith be submitted to Parliament to compel railway companies duly to perform all such services as may be required from them by the Postmaster General, whether by means of ordinary or special trains; and that, if the Post Office and the companies shall not agree upon the price which is to be paid for its performance, the question of the amount of payment shall be referred to arbitrators, of which one shall be appointed by each of the contracting parties; and that these two shall name a third, and that their decision shall be final; and that it shall not be lawful for any company to enact any by-law which shall restrain the powers thus conferred upon the Post Office. 6. That it likewise appears to this committee that it is expedient that a power should be given to the Post Office to run their own engines upon any railway, with a train containing a limited number of passengers and weight of luggage, if they shall so think fit, without the payment of any tolls; subject, however, to a payment to be fixed, by arbitration, if necessary, for any services and accommodation which may be required from the company by the Post Office.
(C).	Railway Bills. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Standing Orders of the House of Lords as to the Deposit, with Clerks of the Peace for Counties in England or Ireland, Sheriff Clerk in Scotland, Parish Clerks in England, Schoolmasters in Scotland, and Postmasters in Ireland, of certain Documents relating to Railway Bills to be introduced into Parliament.	17th July, 1837.	Standing Orders Nos. 5. 7, 8. and 13.
47.	Rates or Charges,			

440-1. ——— Second Report of Select Committee on Rating of Tenements. 1st June. As the resolutions of this Committee may be found, hereafter, to exercise an important modifying influence on the almost universal application of the new poor law in all the rural districts of England and Wales, the reader may desire to have before him the whole of the committee's Report.

1. Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Committee, that the owners of tenements not exceeding the annual value of 9*l*., not under lease or agreement for more than twelve months, be liable to the payment of the poor rates thereon, subject to certain conditions and limitations.
2. Resolved, That no parish or township supporting its own poor do come under the operation of the new law, unless the inhabitants in general vestry assembled shall consent thereto by a majority of two thirds.
3. Resolved, That when any parish or township has consented as aforesaid, the guardians of the union under the Poor Law Amendment Act, or under Gilbert's Act, or under any local Act, in which such parish shall be situated, shall fix the amount of allowance to be made to the owners of such tenements in such parish or townships.
4. Resolved, That such allowance shall not be less than ten nor more than fifty per cent. on the amount of the rate.
5. Resolved, That where neither the Poor Law Amendment Act, nor Gilbert's Act, nor any local Act shall be in operation, the justices at petty sessions assembled shall fix the allowance as aforesaid.
6. Resolved, That any occupier of such tenements as aforesaid shall, if he desire it, be rated for such tenement, and on payment of such rate be entitled to any franchise or privilege dependent thereon.
7. Resolved, That the owners of tenements as aforesaid shall not be liable to pay such poor rate on tenements which have been unoccupied for three consecutive months.
8. Resolved, That a summary mode of recovering possession of such tenements after the determination of the tenantcy thereof be provided.

440-2. ——— Index to Reports from Select Committee on Rating of Tenements. 14th March. 1st June.

523. Refined Sugar Drawback. Copy of a Letter, dated March, 1838, written by order of the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade, to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, on the subject of the Drawback on Refined Sugar. 22d June. A very curious and able paper, by Mr. J. D. Hume, in which the grounds that have induced the Lords of the Committe of Privy Council for Trade to recommend to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury the revision of the existing drawback allowed on the exportation of refined sugar, are set forth with acuteness and perspicuity. The application of the results arrived at by Dr. Ure, whose experiments were, however, incomplete in themselves, and unsatisfactory to him, is happily established and confirmed by some statements illustrative of the practice of the trade, which put the proof of the main object proposed to be ascertained beyond all possibility of dispute; namely, the fact of the drawback allowed by Government on the exports of the refined sugar being vastly in excess of the duty paid by the importer on the raw sugar; and amounting, therefore, to a positive *bounty* (under the great improvements produced by the modern process of refining, probably of not less than 50 per cent. on the original duty) instead of a true drawback.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
267.	Registry Acts.	Copies of the Minutes of the Board of Treasury, sanctioning the Allowances made to the Superintendent Registrars appointed under the Registry Acts for Expenses; also, the Authority under which these Expenses are paid by the Excise.	30th Mar.	
357.	Requests, Court of. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A Return from the Commissioners of the Court of Requests for the Borough of Southwark and the East Half Hundred of Brixton, in the County of Surrey, of the Number of Plaints entered in the said Court in each of the Years 1835, 1836, and 1837; showing in each Year the Number of Debts not exceeding Forty Shillings, and the Number exceeding Forty Shillings, but not exceeding Five Pounds.	13th August.	

	1835.		1836.		1837.	
	Under 40 Shillings.	Above 40 Shillings.	Under 40 Shillings.	Above 40 Shillings.	Under 40 Shillings.	Above 40 Shillings.
Number of plaints entered - -	13,978	3,414	14,353	3,350	14,474	3,333

355.	Revenue, Public.	An Account, showing the Amount of all Moneys received from the 15th of May, 1837, to the 5th of April, 1838, to the Account of her Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, under the several and respective Heads of Public Revenue; the Amount of all Royal Orders and Treasury Warrants received by the Comptroller General of the Exchequer; the Transfers made by the Bank of Ireland on Credits given pursuant thereto, and the Balance of Moneys remaining to the Account of the Exchequer on the 5th of April, 1838, per 4 Will. IV. c. 15., and 6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 83.	3d May.	These accounts are stated, in substance, under other heads (as "Consolidated Fund," "Appropriated Funds," "Exchequer Bills," "Supplies," &c.), in this or in preceding extracts of parliamentary papers appended to the present or preceding series of the "*Mirror of Parliament.*"—(Ed. M. P.)
	Revenue, Population, and Commerce.	Tables of the Revenue, Population, and Commerce, &c. of the United Kingdom and its Dependencies. Part IV., 1836. Compiled from Official Returns. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		This is the series of Tables annually produced by the Statistical Department, Board of Trade, under the able superintendence of Mr. Porter. Those accounts which compose the financial divisions of this collection have been already largely stated by us in the present or in former

United Kingdom, and the Charge thereupon, on the 5th of January, 1837, — the following total of debt and of charge thereon is collected.

	Debt.				Charge.		
	Capitals.	Capitals transferred to and standing in the Names of the Commissioners.	Capitals unredeemed.		In Great Britain.	In Ireland.	Total Annual Charge.
	£	£	£		£	£	£
GREAT BRITAIN.				Annual Interest on unredeemed Capital . .	..	1,178,789	..
Debt due to South Sea Company, Old South Sea Annuities, New South Sea Annuities, South Sea Annuities of 1751, Debt due to Bank of England (11,015,100*l.*), Bank Annuities created in 1726, Consolidated Annuities (357,960,903*l.*), Reduced Annuities (126,115,262*l.*); all at 3 per cent. Total, at 3 per cent. . . .	506,062,486	1,769,735	504,292,752	Due to the Public Creditor: — Annual interest on unredeemed capital (22,963,683*l.*); Long Annuities (expire 1860) (1,294,586*l.*); Annuities per 59 Geo. III. c. 34., per 4 Geo. IV. c. 24., per 4 Geo. IV. c. 22., and per 3 Will. IV. c. 14.; together	26,949,273		
Annuities at 3½ per cent. (Ann. 1818), Reduced 3½ per cent. Annuities, New 3½ per cent. Annuities, New 5 per cent. Annuities . .	223,702,043	35,566	223,666,476	Payable at the National Debt Office: — Life Annuities per 48 Geo. III. c. 142., 10 Geo. IV. c. 24., and 3 Will. IV. c. 14.	874,232		
				Tontines and other Life Annuities, per various Acts (English)	19,876		
					34,230	6,823	..
Total, Great Britain . . .	729,764,529	1,805,301	727,959,228		27,177,611	1,185,612	..
IRELAND.				Annual interest on Stock transferred to Commissioners for reduction of National Debt, and towards redemption of Land Tax . . .	12,848		
Irish Consolidated Annuities (at 3 per cent.), Irish Reduced Annuities (ditto), 3½ per cent. Debentures and Stock (at 3½ per cent.), Reduced 3½ per cent. Annuities (ditto), New ditto (ditto); Debt due to Bank of Ireland, at 4 per cent. (1,615,385*l.*), New 5 per cent Annuities, Debt due to Bank of Ireland (at 5 per cent.) .	33,463,343	..	33,463,343	Management	157,121		
				Total Annual Charge, exclusive of 42,359*l.* annual Charge on Capitals and Long Annuities standing in name of Commissioners on account of Stock unclaimed for 10 years and upwards, and of unclaimed dividends; and also on account of Donations and Bequests . .	£ 27,347,580	1,185,612	28,533,192
Total, United Kingdom . . .	763,227,872	1,805,301	761,422,571				

Exchequer Bills outstanding, unprovided for, on the 5th of January, 1837 . . . . . £ 28,155,150

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	REVENUE, POPULATION, AND COMMERCE—*continued.*			

No. 9. An account of the aggregate amount of Notes circulated in England and Wales by Private Banks and Joint Stock Banks and their branches, distinguishing Private from Joint Stock Banks.

Quarter ending	Private Banks.	Joint Stock Banks.	Total.
	£	£	£
28th of December, 1833 . .	8,836,808	1,315,301	10,152,104
And so for each quarter respectively stated down to 31st December, 1836 . .	7,753,500	4,258,197	12,011,697

(From No. 7.). The amount of Bank Notes, Bank Post and 21 Days' Bills, was, in each of the four quarters of 1836, respectively, this: —

	Bank Notes.	Bank Post and 21 Days' Bills.	Total.
	£	£	£
In circulation 1st quarter, 1836 . .	16,612,540	1,221,080	17,833,620
2d ditto . .	16,562,890	1,058,310	17,621,200
3d ditto . .	16,385,810	1,057,870	17,443,680
4th ditto . .	16,156,470	1,053,500	47,209,970

(No. 6.)

Quarter.	Liabilities.			Assets.		
	Circulation.	Deposits.	Total.	Securities.	Bullion.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
From 20th Oct., 1835, to 12th Jan., 1836 . .	17,262,000	19,169,000	36,431,000	31,954,000	7,076,000	39,030,000
And so for every three months respectively, down to 20th Sept. to 13th December . .	17,361,000	13,330,000	30,691,000	28,971,000	4,545,000	33,516,000

No. 10. Statement of the Number of Joint Stock Banks established in England, Scotland, and Ireland, in the year 1836, &c.

	Number of Places in which the Business is carried on.	Number of Partners.
47 Banks in England and Wales . .	225	14,302
9 ditto Scotland . .	20	1,206

invested by each depositor; the number of charitable institutions, &c. &c. (made up to 30th of November, 1836).

Names of Counties.	Number of Savings Banks.	Number of Depositors, and the Amount of their Deposits, including Interest.												Total Number of Depositors.	Total Amount of Money invested.	Average Amount invested by each Person.	Charitable Institutions.		Friendly Societies.	
		Not exceeding 20*l.*		Not exceeding 50*l.*		Not exceeding 100*l.*		Not exceeding 150*l.*		Not exceeding 200*l.*		Above 200*l.*					No. of Institutions.		No. of Societies.	
		No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£		£	£		£		£
Totals:																				
40 England * .	387	268,080	1,863,156	141,899	1,356,566	61,456	4,210,190	20,699	1,487,936	11,213	1,906,225	2926	798,810	506,273	15,552,883	31	4389	280,642	4782	658,424
11 Wales † .	23	6,462	50,557	4,116	125,085	1,488	102,187	411	48,076	207	34,727	59	13,966	12,743	374,598	29	98	7,259	261	40,728
2 Scotland ‡ .	2	5,433	27,984	1,178	32,645	1	70	..	..	..	..	..	..	6,612	60,699	9	49	1,866	92	11,521
29 Ireland § .	79	29,809	219,444	23,664	722,546	7,278	483,862	1,676	199,112	669	113,206	92	21,790	63,183	1,759,960	28		40,682	266	16,622

* Whereof the largest number is Yorkshire; namely, 32: the smallest number is Huntingdonshire and Westmorland; namely, 1 in each.
† Radnorshire does not seem to possess a Savings Bank: it is not returned at all.
‡ Counties of Edinburgh and Lanark, only.
§ Counties of Carlow, Leitrim, and Longford, no returns from, of any Savings Bank, &c.

152.	Roxburghshire Election Petition.	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee on the Roxburghshire Election Petition, with the Poll Books.	21st and 27th February.	No Report. The printed evidence, given by 39 witnesses who were examined before this committee.
152.	——— (II.)	Supplement to the Minutes of Evidence on the Roxburghshire Election Petition.	21st Feb.	A mere minute of proceedings.
199.	Savings Banks.	A Return of all the Savings Banks which have any Amount standing to their Credit in a separate Surplus Fund Account with the Government, specifying the Sum at the Credit of each.	9th March.	Returns from 347 Savings Banks in England and Wales. Total amount to their credit, in such separate surplus fund accounts, 231,976*l.* Ditto from 47 ditto, in Ireland; total do. 15,811*l.* England and Wales.—The following are stated as the largest credits: in Newcastle-on-Tyne, 2957*l.*; Panton Street and Bishopsgate (London), 3000*l.* each; Shrewsbury, 3315*l.*; Bristol, 3741*l.*; Macclesfield, 3819*l.*; Devonport Union, 3800*l.*; Southampton, 4300*l.*; Taunton, 4784*l.*; Manchester, 5097*l.*; Liverpool, 5525*l.*; Worcester, 7348*l.*; and Bath, 7844*l.* In Ireland.—Waterford, 2655*l.*; and Cork, 4133*l.*

See "Revenue, Population, and Commerce," above.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
244.	SAVINGS BANKS — *continued.*	1. Return of the Number of Immediate and Deferred Annuities for Lives, and for Terms of Years, granted through the Savings Banks in England, Wales, Scotland, and Ireland, up to the 10th March, 1838, in accordance with the Act 3 Will. IV. c. 14., distinguishing the Savings Banks through which such Annuities were granted. 2. Return of the Amount of Money received from the Trustees of Savings Banks by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in each Year, since 6th August, 1817, and the Amount of Money, Principal and Interest, due by the Commissioners to the Trustees of Savings Banks on 20th November, 1837; and the Value of the Government Securities standing in the Names of the Commissioners, at the Price of that Day, to answer the Amount due to the Depositors for Principal and Interest.	26th March.	

	Number of Annuities for Lives granted.		Number of Annuities for Terms of Years granted.	
	Immediate.	Deferred.	Immediate.	Deferred.
England (through 36 Banks) .	446	240	17	7
Wales, *nil.* .	..	..	..	..
Scotland (Edinburgh) . .	16	3	..	..
Ireland.— Cork .	3	..	..	..
Dublin (Meath Street) .	6	2	..	1
	9	2	..	1
Total, United Kingdom. .	471	245	17	8

No. 2. is a Table which shows some interesting results; but it is too long to extract here. It is classed thus: —

UNITED KINGDOM.					
The Amount of Money received from the Trustees of Savings Banks, including Friendly Societies, in each Year.	Average Price at which the Money was invested in Government Securities in each Year.			The Amount of Money, Principal and Interest, due by the Commissioners to the Trustees of Savings Banks and Friendly Societies, on the 20th of November, 1837.	The Value of the Government Securities standing in the Name of the Commissioners on the 20th of November, 1837, at the Prices of that Day.
	Great Britain.		Ireland.		
	3 per Cents.	3½ per Cents.	3½ per Cents.		
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.

[illegible] to have reduced it about 100 per cent (viz. from 2,000,000*l.* to 1,000,000*l.*), years of great political change appear to have affected it to a still greater extent, and more permanently than even such commercial derangements as those of 1825. Thus, the amount of these moneys, which stood, on 5th January, 1829, at 931,361*l.*, on that day twelvemonth decreased to 450,137*l.*, and in the course of the three successive years, 1831, 1832, and 1833, had improved only in this ratio,—549,549*l.*; 553,751*l.*; 652,652*l.* In the years ending, respectively, 5th January, 1821-27-28-29-30-31-32-33, the amount ranged from 450,137*l.* to 979,641*l.* In each of the other years of the series it exceeded 1,000,000*l.*, and ranged from 1,009,834*l.* to its *maximum* in 1825, as already stated, 1,932,448*l.* In 1838 it was 1,132,876*l.* The general result of col. 1. is to show that in the course of less than 21 years there had been received from the trustees no less than 22,644,226*l.*

By cols. 2, 3, and 4. the average prices of the funds at the periods of investment are shown to have varied from

(3 per cents.)		(3½ per cents.)
£67 17 11	1821.	£ 75 18 7
to	1824.	to
93 18 5		100 11 10

Under col. 5. the amount, principal and interest, due by the Commissioners to these trustees, is stated at 20,517,715*l.*: and the value of the Government securities (col. 6.) at 20,151,298*l.* It is added that, "in addition to this latter sum, there was remaining uninvested on the 20th November, 1837, a balance of 302,196*l.*, in the Bank of England and Ireland, in the names of the Commissioners on account of Savings Banks and Friendly Societies. It is also stated, that the amounts in col. 1., constituting the aggregate of 22,644,226*l.*, "are the sums actually received from the trustees, and are exclusive of interest placed to their credit.

411. SAVINGS BANKS. An Account showing the Difference between the Amount paid by the Public for Interest and Charges on the Sums due to the Trustees of Savings Banks and Friendly Societies, and the Amount received from Dividends on Stock, or other Public Securities, in which the said Sums have been invested by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, from the 5th of January, 1818, to 5th of January, 1838. 21st May.

United Kingdom.	Amount paid by the Public for Interest and Charges due to the Trustees of Savings Banks and Friendly Societies.	Amount received from Dividends on Stock or other Public Securities in which the said Sums have been invested by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.	Difference.
	Col. 1. £ s. d.	Col. 2. £ s. d.	Col. 3. £ s. d.
From commencement at 6th of August, 1817, to 10th of November, 1837	9,558,060 15 6 *	8,073,963 16 6	1,484,096 19 0

* Interest actually paid in money 286,659 0 0
Interest placed to the credit of the trustees, and made principal, pursuant to 9 Geo. IV. c. 92. § 17. . . . . 9,271,401 15 6
£9,558,060 15 6

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

Note. — In addition to the interest received by the Commissioners, stated in col. 2., there was due to them, up to the 20th of November, 1837, the sum of 6,798*l.* 15*s.* 8*d.* for interest on Exchequer bills held by the Commissioners.

The accounts of the Commissioners being made up to the 20th of November in each year, this return is drawn out to that period, instead of the 5th of January, 1838, as required by the order.

209.	Savings Banks. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	An Account of the Number of Depositors, and of the Sums deposited in Savings' Banks, divided into Classes at the close of the last Quarter of each of the Years from 1830 to 1837; with a Statement of the Securities of Stocks in which such Deposits were invested at the end of the last Quarter of each Year.	14th June.

An Account of the Number of Depositors and of the Sums deposited in Savings Banks, divided into Classes, at the close of the last Quarter of each of the Years from 1830 to 1837, both inclusive.

United Kingdom.

(No. I.)	On 20th Nov., 1830.		On 20th Nov., 1831.		On 20th Nov., 1832.		On 20th Nov., 1833.		On 20th Nov., 1834.		On 20th Nov., 1835.		On 20th Nov., 1836.		On 20th Nov., 1837.	
	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.	Number of Depositors.	Amount of Deposits, including Interest.
	Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9.	Col. 10.	Col. 11.	Col. 12.	Col. 13.	Col. 14.	Col. 15.	Col. 16.
Not exceeding £20	215,010	£1,546,738	222,964	£1,637,400	227,111	£1,615,007	244,526	£1,736,226	261,225	£1,850,457	281,573	£1,987,344	309,217	£2,155,769	334,114	£2,289,117
— 50	119,479	3,666,904	121,058	3,687,921	122,072	3,743,444	134,126	4,112,641	145,847	4,468,353	155,747	4,774,723	170,457	5,224,219	177,491	5,437,238
— 100	55,103	3,768,577	54,887	3,743,397	53,392	3,648,100	55,463	3,861,919	60,312	4,130,524	64,896	4,456,222	69,958	4,785,610	72,814	4,986,543
— 150	18,907	2,264,436	18,755	2,244,987	18,468	2,211,534	19,313	2,316,620	20,104	2,413,179	21,226	2,570,949	22,732	2,728,674	24,032	2,886,038
— 200	8,057	1,378,800	8,509	1,439,010	8,706	1,473,476	9,555	1,610,923	10,493	1,764,933	11,061	1,864,302	12,086	2,048,474	12,488	2,123,474
Exceeding 200	4,573	1,103,634	5,993	987,922	5,566	890,199	5,374	848,249	5,218	906,342	5,145	788,736	5,068	782,482	5,038	752,294
Individual Depositors	421,129	13,729,089	430,166	13,739,907	433,277	13,581,760	467,357	14,486,548	501,199	15,433,788	537,731	16,461,846	587,498	17,705,228	628,982	18,474,704
Charitable Institutions	2,148	173,735	2,512	177,326	2,983	212,114	3,496	223,444	3,851	256,635	4,390	283,175	5,077	329,849	5,703	340,719
Friendly Societies	4,553	714,112	4,655	678,334	4,154	571,426	4,319	603,756	4,575	619,097	4,975	666,074	5,304	726,142	5,785	784,457
	427,830	14,616,936	437,333	14,595,577	440,314	14,365,308	475,172	15,313,748	509,625	16,309,520	547,096	17,411,095	597,959	18,761,219	635,440	19,599,873

(No. 2.)		Col. 1. 3 per Cent. Stock.	Col. 2. 3½ per Cent. Stock.	Col. 3. Exchequer Bills.	Col. 4. Uninvested Balances in the Banks of England and Ireland.	Col. 5. Balances in the Hands of the Treasurers of Savings Banks.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
On 20th November	1830	5,921,250 0 0	7,299,988 13 7	2,560,800 0 0	47,098 19 2	170,372 15 3
	1831	5,728,250 0 0	7,307,588 13 7	2,363,800 0 0	65,780 6 2	161,858 3 2
	1832	5,363,250 0 0	7,311,588 13 7	2,263,800 0 0	155,840 16 8	182,017 1 4
	1833	4,367,849 0 0	7,961,688 13 7	3,415,800 0 0	153,712 0 10	196,240 13 11
	1834	3,531,849 0 0	11,909,810 1 5	1,263,800 0 0	24,631 4 2	186,668 1 0
	1835	3,581,849 0 0	11,909,810 1 5	2,213,800 0 0	57,190 2 0	187,878 13 10
	1836	5,094,527 17 1	12,454,710 1 5	1,362,800 0 0	298,234 6 3	176,155 11 1½
	1837	6,797,517 12 3	12,639,710 1 5	326,700 0 0	297,736 17 4	203,842 0 0

The sums stated in the above account marked No. 1. are taken from the Annual Returns made to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt by the trustees of Savings Banks.

The same observation applies to the "balances in the hands of the treasurers of Savings Banks" stated in col. 5. in the account marked No. 2.

The following Banks have not made any return: viz., Lyme Regis, Leyton, Brigg, and Shenstone, in England; and Cookstown in Ireland.

This return includes those Friendly Societies only having funds deposited in the Savings Banks, and is exclusive of the Friendly Societies whose funds are deposited direct with the Commissioners.

S. Higham, Comptroller General.

National Debt Office, 9th June, 1838.

695. Schools. Copy of Treasury Minute, dated July 5th, 1836, relating to Schools, towards the erection of which Grants have been made by the Public; also, to Model Schools for the Instruction of Teachers. 8th August.

(Extract from the Treasury Minute.)

"The Chancellor of the Exchequer submits to the Board the expediency of procuring and laying before Parliament more specific and detailed information than has been as yet obtained with respect to the schools towards the erection of which grants have been made by the public. For this purpose, it appears to him that the National and British and Foreign School Society should be invited to direct an inspection to be made of the several schools which they have recommended to this Board, and for the erection of which grants have been appropriated out of the parliamentary votes. The result of such inspection to be communicated to the Treasury from time to time, and the Reports to comprehend the following particulars, together with any further observations which may present themselves.

1. State of the school-house.
2. Extent of accommodation for scholars.
3. Average number of scholars in attendance, distinguishing males from females.
4. Name and age of masters and mistresses.
5. Statement whether such masters and mistresses have been educated for the purpose of instruction, and at what schools.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Schools — *continued*.			6. Statement whether the whole time of such masters and mistresses is devoted to teaching, or whether they exercise any other and what avocations or professions. 7. Annual salaries of such masters and mistresses. 8. Payments (if any) which are required from scholars, and rate of such payments and their appropriation. 9. Income and expenditure of every such school for the last year. 10. Course of instruction in such school, distinguishing which of the following branches of instruction are taught: reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, history, geometry, algebra, works of industry. 11. Books read in the school. 12. Whether provided with a lending library. 13. How governed, whether by a committee or otherwise. 14. The average term of a child's instruction in passing through the school. "The Chancellor of the Exchequer also suggests that, considering the number of new schools which have been assisted by the parliamentary grant, as well as the schools which were previously in existence, it appears to him that the erection of model schools for the instruction of teachers, by both societies, would greatly tend to add to the efficiency of their several establishments; and that it is therefore expedient that the respective committees should be called upon, if they concur in this opinion, to take steps for such purpose. Towards this object, public aid might advantageously be directed, provided a suitable plan for carrying these intentions into effect were submitted to the Treasury and approved of, and provided that the principle of private contribution, already laid down and carried into effect by previous minutes of this Board, were strictly adhered to."
217.	Scotland (Bricks).	Brick Duty. — Return of the Number of Bricks upon which Duty has been paid, between 5th January, 1836, and 5th January, 1838, in England and Scotland.	16th March.	

England.				Scotland.			
Year ended 5th January, 1837.		Year ended 5th January, 1838.		Year ended 5th January, 1837.		Year ended 5th January, 1838.	
Number of Bricks.	Amount of Duty.	Number of Bricks.	Amount of Duty.	Number of Bricks.	Amount of Duty.	Number of Bricks.	Amount of Duty.
1,606,025,756	£ 471,339.	1,490,981,305	£ 437,655	34,215,160	£ 10,134	33,014,470	£ 9,784

178. Scotland (Court of A Return of the Number of Trials and other P[illegible]

Names of Judges.	Years.	Revenue Law.			Law of Scotland.	
		Number of Trials.	Number of other Proceedings.	Assessed Tax Appeals.	Revising, passing, and compounding Signatures.	General Proceedings.
Barons Sir Pat. Murray and Hume . .	1833	12	99	80	120	11
The same; also Lords Fullerton, Moncrieffe, Corehouse, Jeffrey . .	1834	5	143	49	98	15
Baron Sir Pat. Murray and Lord Cockburn . .	1835	10	57	37	132	10
The same . .	1836	6	108	44	164	23

† Lord Gillies, on the 12th of June, 1837, was nominated and appointed Judge in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, to perform and discharge all the duties and powers which were vested in the last remaining Baron of said Court, with a salary of . . . 600 0 0

Besides which, his Lordship, as one of the judges of the Court of Session, enjoys a salary of . 2,000 0 0

And a salary as one of the commissioners of the Jury Court, under the Acts 55 Geo. III. c. 42., 59 Geo. III. c. 55., and 1 Will. IV. c. 69., of . . . 600 0 0

2,600 0 0

In all . . £3,200 0 0

528. SCOTLAND (COURT OF SESSION). A Return showing the Date of Commencement, and of each Stage of Procedure, in the Cause "Smiths, &c. against Henry Jones," before the Court of Session in Scotland, with the Names of the Parties at whose Instance Postponements have taken place. — 27th April.

185. 1838. (CRIMINAL OFFENDERS). Tables of Criminal Offenders for the Year 1837; reported by her Majesty's Advocate for Scotland, in Terms of the Statute 1 Will. IV. c. 37., with Alterations and Additions ordered and required by one of her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, in virtue of the Powers therein contained. — 6th March. — Returns from the thirty-two counties of Scotland, classified after the same manner as the Criminal Returns for England and Wales and Ireland. The following table shows the resulting aggregate of these tables, which are prepared and printed in this parliamentary paper for every one of the said counties, separately.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	SCOTLAND (CRIMINAL OFFENDERS) *— continued.*			

Table showing, in each County collectively, the total Number of Persons committed for Trial or bailed, and the Result of the Proceedings.

Total Number of Offenders.	Convicted.														Outlawed.	Insane; to be detained.		Acquitted on Trial.		Discharged without Trial.		Total acquitted or discharged.	Execution of Capital Sentences, or Commutation or Pardon.							
	Death.	Transportation.				Imprisonment, with, in some cases, Whipping, Fine, &c.					Whipping.	Fine.	Discharge on Sureties.	No Sentence.	Total.		Found insane on Arraignment.	Found insane on Trial	Not Guilty.	Not Proven.	By Lord Advocate and his Deputes.	From other Causes.		Execution.	Commutation.						Free Pardon.
		Life.	14 Years.	7 Years.	Other Periods.	Above 3 Years.	3 Years and above 2 Years.	2 Years and above 1 Year.	1 Year and above 6 Months.	6 Months and under.															Transported for Life.	Transported for 14 Years.	Transported for 7 Years.	Imprisoned 2 Years and above 1 Year.	Imprisoned 1 Year and above 6 Months.	Imprisoned 6 Months and under.	
3126	3	19	54	282	2	..	3	38	193	1590	2	129	14	3	2332	26	6	1	59	170	301	231	761	2	..	..	..	1	..	..	..

511.	SCOTLAND (CROWN RIGHTS).	Return of any Rights belonging to the Crown along the Seashores of Scotland, which have been granted since the Union, distinguishing the Nature of such Rights, to whom granted, and for what consideration.	16th June.	Particulars of twenty-four grants, of various dates, between the 26th of August, 1735, and the 9th of August, 1819, inclusive.
248-I.	(GLASGOW WATERWORKS	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee	5th July.	

81. SCOTLAND (HIGH COURT OF JUSTICIARY). Return of the Number of the Diets held by the High Court of Justiciary at Edinburgh during the Years 1833, 1834, 1835, and 1836: of the Number of Trials which took place before the said High Court during these Years; showing in how many the Plea of Guilty and Not Guilty was recorded respectively; of the Number of Diets held by the Judges of the said Court at the various Circuits during these Years, and of the Number of Trials which took place, and in how many the Plea of Guilty and Not Guilty was recorded respectively (*a a*): also the Number of Civil Causes tried by the said Court at each Circuit Town respectively. (*b b*) — 16th Jan.

(*a a*)

	1833.			1834.			1835.			1836.		
	Number of Diets held by.	Number of Trials.		Number of Diets held by.	Number of Trials.		Number of Diets held by.	Number of Trials.		Number of Diets held by.	Number of Trials.	
		Of which Number Pleas of Guilty recorded.	Ditto of Not Guilty.		Of which Number Pleas of Guilty recorded.	Ditto of Not Guilty.		Of which Number Pleas of Guilty recorded.	Ditto of Not Guilty.		Of which Number Pleas of Guilty recorded.	Ditto of Not Guilty.
Total, High Court of Justiciary at Edinburgh	46	79	89	33	52	45	45	49	69	47	51	81
		168			97			118			132	
Total at Circuit Courts of Justiciary	47	190	160	36	141	111	50	192	143	37	175	106
		350			252			335			281	

(*b b*) On the whole return for Inverness, Stirling, Perth, Ayr, Aberdeen, Glasgow, and Dumfries, in the spring and autumn circuits of the same several years, 26 cases only.

1834. 79. SCOTLAND (INDICTMENTS AGAINST COTTON SPINNERS, GLASGOW). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) Copies of Indictments against Thomas Hunter, Peter Hacket, Richard M'Neil, William M'Lean, and Thomas Gibb (Cotton Spinners of Glasgow), with the Dates of their Arrests and a Copy of the Record of the Verdict, and the Sentence of the Court of Justiciary upon them. — 26th Feb. (*See* Art. "Combinations of Workmen," No. 488. p. 6367.)

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
476.	Scotland (Justices of Peace Clerks).	A Return (to amend and complete Return by the Justice of Peace Clerks, and their Deputies and Assistants, ordered 17th of August, 1836, and printed 14th of February, 1837) for each of the Three Years preceding 1st of April, 1837, or during the Incumbency of the present Officers, of less than Three Years; showing the Designations and whole Employments of the Depute Clerks in the Counties of Aberdeen, Argyll, Banff, Berwick, Bute, Caithness, Clackmannan, Dumbarton, Dumfries, Edinburgh, Elgin, Fife, Forfar, Haddington, Kincardine, Kinross, Kirkcudbright, Lanark, Orkney, Perth, Renfrew, Roxburgh, Ross, Stirling, and Sutherland; also, any other Office held, or Occupations or Business followed, by the Principal Justice of Peace Clerks of the Counties of Fife, Elgin (Elgin District), Lanark (Glasgow and Lanark Districts), and Sutherland; also, distinguishing, where such Offices are held by Clergymen, to what Sect they belong; where held by Merchants, whether they are Merchants by Retail; where held by Schoolmasters, whether they are Parochial Schoolmasters; where held by Factors, or Land Stewards, whether their Salaries or Emoluments as such are received from any of the acting Justices, or for the Management of Landed Proprietors within the Jurisdiction of the Court; and where held by Solicitors, or Writers, or Attorneys, whether, by themselves or their Partners, they practise as such within the District of such Court.	13th June.	Returns from the several counties of Scotland, classed conformably to the Orders of the House.
600.	Scotland (Justice of Peace Courts, Glasgow).	A Return showing the Number of Justice of the Peace Courts held in the City of Glasgow since the Appointment of the present Justice of Peace Clerk for the Lower Ward of Lanarkshire, the Number of Causes tried and decided in each Year since his Appointment, the Amount of Fees paid to, or received by, or on Account of said Justice of Peace Clerk, the Number of Courts at which he officiated personally; also, the Number in which his Deputy officiated, stating the Profession to which the Principal and Depute Clerk belong, and if in Partnership, the Name of their Partners, if any; also, the [illegible] Year during which the Justice	18th July.	Total number of causes tried from April, 1836, to May, 1838, 19,937. Total of fees received in same period by the clerk of the peace, 1164*l.* 2*s.* 2*d.*

672.

(Justices' Clerks, Lanark; Justice of Peace Courts, Glasgow; Spirit Licences, Lanarkshire).

1.

Copy of the Warrant under which the Clerk to the Justices of the Peace for the County of Lanark hold their Appointments.

2.

A Return showing the Number of Justice of Peace Courts held in the City of Glasgow since the Appointment of the present Justice of Peace Clerk for the Lower Ward of Lanarkshire; the Number of Causes tried and decided in each Year since his Appointment; the Amount of Fees paid to, or received by, or on account of said Justice of Peace Clerk; the Number of Courts at which he officiated personally; also, the Number in which his Deputy officiated, stating the Profession to which the Principal and Depute Clerk belong, and if in Partnership, the Names of their Partners, if any; also, the Period or Periods in each Year during which the Justice of Peace Clerk of Glasgow has been absent from that City, since his Appointment to the 1st of August. The Return to be in Columns, showing distinctly the Number of Causes and Courts and Sums, made up yearly to the 1st of May, with the Totals for each Year, since the Date of the Appointment of the said Justice of Peace Clerk for the Lower Ward of Lanarkshire.

3.

A Return, in Columns, showing the Number of Spirit Licences applied for and refused in the first instance, but granted on Appeal before the Justice of Peace Court of the Lower Ward of Lanarkshire, held in Glasgow, in the Year 1837, and up to the 1st of June, 1838, with the Names of the Parties, and the Date and Amount of the Fee or Fees levied as above by the Justice of Peace Clerk; showing, also, the Nature of the Service rendered for each Payment, and the Authority under which the Justice of Peace Clerk exacts the Fee or Fees, with the Sum Total of Fees paid him on Application appealed in each of the above Years; and a Return for the above Period, showing the Sum Total received by the aforesaid Justice of Peace Clerk, in each Year, for all Fees paid for Spirit Licences.

3d & 8th August. Returns in exact compliance with the Orders of the House,—but of no public interest.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
82.	SCOTLAND. (LAW COMMISSIONERS).	Return showing, in Columns, the Sums expended each Year respectively by the Law Commission of Scotland since its commencement, and ending 1st June, 1837; also, the Sum Total, stating the Expenses of the Commissioners, of Secretary, of Witnesses, of printing, and transcribing; distinguishing the Dates of printing and reprinting each Report, the Number of Reports made in each Year, the Heads of Inquiry issued, those unreported on at present, and the Reasons for not being reported on; also, the Number of Times the Commissioners have met in each Year, and the Number present at each Meeting.	16th Jan.	Total of expenses for the four years 1834 to 1837, inclusive, 5367*l.* 18*s.* 11*d.* Commissioners have received no salary. Salary of their clerk, 100*l.* for first month; 50*l.* for every subsequent month. One Report made in May, 1834; another in June, 1835; a third in readiness at date of this Return. Heads of inquiry directed by the three several commissioners on this subject are set forth, distinguishing those reported on from those not reported on, in terms of the order. Number of meetings of commissioners from June, 1833, to June, 1834 - - - 133 1834, to — 1835 - - - 80 1835, to — 1836 - - - 39 1836, to — 1837 - - - 22
———		Third Report by her Majesty's Law Commissioners, Scotland. (Conveyancing.) (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		It would not be possible within the contracted limits of an Abstract like this to render intelligible to the general English reader a Report on the present law and system of conveyancing in Scotland — essentially as they are distinguished from the law and system which have so long obtained in England, by the greater approximation of their forms to those of the Roman law, in all that regards consent and concurrence of the superior in transmission of estates to heirs and disponees; and still more remarkably, by the stricter application of the principles which govern the descent and representation of feudal tenures. "The whole system," say the commissioners, "of our land rights, whether the primary and radical rights of property, or the accessory and superinduced rights of security, continue to be strictly regulated by the principles of the feudal system as it obtained in this country. The whole land is held, in the first instance, immediately of the Crown; the right of the tenant *in capite* being constituted by crown charter, followed by *sasine*, the symbolical delivery of possession. Of *sasine*, the only evidence is an instrument prepared and authenticated by a notary public, and recorded in a public register. Where the immediate vassals of the Crown do not retain in their own hands the property or *dominium utile*, the land is held under them on similar grants of subvassalage, constituted by charter, or by contract, embodying a charter, and by sasine." . . . . "The law sets no limit to subinfeudation, and every successive step is completed in the same manner; the feuar or grantee in last gradation from the Crown downwards, standing in relation of vassal to the granter, and being liable in some payment, service, or acknowledgment to have, as the author of his right, according to the nature of the tenure. The different tenures or modes of holding, particularly since the 20th Geo. II. c. 50., by which military service or ward-holding was abolished, are extremely simple. They are either feu farm for payment — namely, to the superior, of a fixed yearly rent in money or grain, or performance of certain services; or 'Blench-farm,' where the *reddendo*, in place of services or any valuable payment to the superior, consists of a mere acknowledgment of his right, such as a penny-money, a rose, &c., generally payable *si petatur tantum*, or burgage; which last is peculiar to royal burghs, extending to the houses and lands within the limits of their several charters of erection. With the exception of the patrimony of the Crown, the Udal lands of Orkney and Zetland, ministers' lands, and some small properties of no consequence, all land must be held of a superior by one or other of these three tenures." Among the witnesses examined are the distinguished names of J. Hope, Esq., Dean of Faculty, and Sir J. Gibson Craig, Bart.

89. SCOTLAND, (NORTHERN LIGHTS).

Return from the Board of Commissioners of Northern Lights, of the Number of Lighthouses erected in each of the Maritime Counties of Scotland, on the Islands or Rocks belonging thereto, with the Expense of erecting or altering each of those Lighthouses, and the yearly Expense for the Lighting and keeping in Repair each Lighthouse, for the last five Years preceding January, 1838; — Of all Lighthouses at present erecting in any of those Counties, the Erection of which has been commenced since January 1. 1836, with the estimated expense thereof respectively, and for Lighting and keeping in Repair each such Lighthouses; — Of the Scotch Maritime Counties on which no Lighthouses have been yet erected, and the Distance of Miles of Coast of these Counties, and how far situated from any Lighthouse erected by the Northern Light Board; — Of the Annual Amount of Lighthouse Dues received from the Officers of Customs, and collected by them from the several Ports in each of these Counties, during the last five Years, specifying the different Lighthouses for which these Dues have been collected. And of the Names of the Northern Light Commissioners who have sailed in the Northern Light Board Yacht, in each of the last five Years preceding January, 1838, along with their Engineer, to inspect the different Lighthouses; and stating the Lighthouses these Commissioners have landed at and inspected yearly, and the Maritime Counties they have examined for which Lighthouses have been applied for.

23d January.

Branch 1. — "The number of Lighthouses erected in each of the Maritime Counties of Scotland, or the Islands or Rocks belong thereto."

Counties.	Lighthouses.
Fife	Inchkeith.
	Isle of Moy.
Forfar	Bell Rock.
Kincardine	Girdleness.
Aberdeen	Buchanness.
	Kinnairdshead.
Cromarty	Tarbetness.
Caithness	Dunnethead.
Orkney	Start Point.
	Pentland Skerries.
Shetland	Sumburghhead.
Sutherland	Capewrath.
Inverness	Island Glass.
	Barrahead
Argyleshire	Lismore.
	Rhinns of Islay.
	Mull of Cantyre.
Bute	Pladda.
Wigton	Corsewall.
	Mull of Galloway.

Branch 2. — Expense of erecting or altering each of those Lighthouses since 1820 (no separate account having been made of these expenses previous to the building of the Rock Lighthouse), £274,912.

Branch 5. — "The Scotch Maritime Counties, in which no Lighthouses have been yet erected, and the distance of miles of coast of these Counties, and how far situated from any Lighthouse erected by the Northern Light Board."

1. Berwick.
2. Haddington.
3. Edinburgh.
4. Linlithgow.
5. Stirling.
6. Clackmannan.
7. Perth.
8. Banff.
9. Elgin.
10. Nairne.
11. Ross.
12. Ayr.
13. Renfrew.
14. Lanark.
15. Dumbarton.
16. Kirkcudbright.
17. Dumfries.

The Commissioners have in the above Return taken, as a criterion of maritime counties, those in which there are any sea-ports; and the "distance of miles of coast of these maritime counties, and how far situated from any Lighthouse erected by the Northern Light Board," is given as under, by measurement taken on the map.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
379.	SCOTLAND (NORTHERN LIGHTS) —*continued.*	Copies of all Reports or other Communications made to the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses, since 1st June, 1837, regarding the Lighthouse at Portpatrick, together with the Answers of the Commissioners thereto.	7th May.	A Correspondence between the Commissioners of Portpatrick Harbour, the Secretary of the Admiralty, the Secretary of her Majesty's Treasury, the Secretary of the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses, &c., including the Report of Mr. Robert Stevenson, engineer, regarding the Catadioptric Harbour Light, exhibited on the new tower at the pier head of Portpatrick, &c. &c.
197.	——— (PETITION OF GEORGE EARL OF ABOYNE). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Lords' Committees to whom was referred the Petition of George Earl of Aboyne, stating his Right to the Titles, Honours, and Dignities of Marquess of Huntly, Earl of Engie, and Lord Gordon and Badenoch, in Scotland, &c.	8th June.	
670.	——— QUEEN'S PRINTER'S PATENT.	Report from the Select Committee on Queen's Printer's Patents (Scotland).	3d August.	The Committee report 10 Resolutions, of which the first 6 are in the nature of a recital of the patent to the King's printers, stationers, booksellers, and bookbinders, under the Great Seal of Scotland, dated 2d November, 1785, for the period of forty-one years from the 17th of July, 1798, and of the subsequent agreement entered into in 1834, between the Lords of the Treasury and said Patentees, relative to a certain commuted allowance of 12½ per cent. in lieu of the actual printing and supply of stationery in terms of said patent. The other resolutions affirm the propriety of admitting into Scotland the free introduction of Bibles, Testaments, and Psalms from the University presses of Oxford and Cambridge, without saving to the rights of the same patentees to inhibit their introduction into Scotland, pending the existence of their patent, on security being given that any other copies so to be introduced shall have their text in strict conformity to those printed by the Queen's Printer in Scotland.
	——— (RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION).	Fourth Report of the Commissioners of Religious Instruction, Scotland. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command.)		This Report sets forth the proceedings of the commission, and the facts collected, under the following heads:— 1. Population of parishes. 2. Territorial estate of ditto. 3. Obstructed access in parishes. 4. Inconvenient division of parishes. 5. Ministers having to officiate in more than one church. 6. Inconvenient situation of parish churches. 7. Inadequate size of parish churches. 8. Unequal allotment of the sittings in ditto. 9. Condition of parish churches. 10. Seat rents. 11. Want of endowments; small stipends; parliamentary charities. Separate digests of the evidence upon all these heads are appended to the Report.
549.	(COURT OF SESSION).	Return of the Interlocutor pronounced by the Lord Ordinary, remitting to the Jury Roll the Action brought in the Court of Session by Smith, Payne, and Smiths, against the Orbiston Company, and Henry Jones as a [illegible] and of the Note which accom-	30th June.	

171. (Sheriffs' Consistorial Courts).

1.

A Return, in Columns, showing the Names of Sheriffs lately appointed to take Proofs in Consistorial Causes in Scotland; the Authority under which they were appointed; the Nature and Extent of the Duties imposed; the Salary or Allowances paid, or to be paid, and whether in addition to the Salaries they previously had and still enjoy: Also, specifying the Commissaries who have died or been superannuated; the Salaries they previously had; the Retired Allowances they now have; their Ages, and those of the Sheriffs who have been appointed.

27th Feb. 69 pages of very minute details, of no general interest.

2.

A Tabular Return of the Number of Days of Residence of every Sheriff and Sheriff Substitute in his Sheriffdom in Scotland, during the Years ending 31st December, 1834, 1835, and 1836; showing the Courts held by each respectively in each Year, and the Dates thereof; and distinguishing those of Registration of Voters from others: Also, of the Annual Salaries, and all other Emoluments received by Sheriffs and Sheriff Substitutes respectively, for Judicial Duties, and all other Public Services respectively performed by them, as above, in their Counties; distinguishing the Sums received for attending the Justiciary Circuit Courts, and for holding Courts of Registration, and for Travelling and other Charges relating thereto, and the Dates thereof; and stating, also, if Sheriffs or Sheriff Substitutes are employed and paid for Arbitration, Conveyancing, or other professional Business, and the Average Annual Emoluments derived therefrom: Also, in Columns, the Number of Causes of each Class in dependence, and of those instituted and decided in the County Courts, or appealed to the Sheriff, and decided by him when out of the County, or when in his County, during the Years ending the 31st December, 1834, 1835, and 1836: Also, the Average Period Causes have depended, and the Number advocated to the Court of Session in the above Years from the Sheriff or his Substitutes respectively: Also, the Number of Interlocutors pronounced by Sheriff Substitutes and Sheriffs respectively; distinguishing how many of the latter were affirming the Substitutes' Interlocutors;

27th Feb.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Scotland (Sheriffs' Consistorial Courts) — *continued.*	how many altering or incidental Points; how many in part on the Merits; and how many in whole on the Merits; Also, the Number of Small Debt Causes decided on the first Day of calling these Causes; and how many continued, and how many remitted to the ordinary Action Roll: Also, the Number of summary Criminal Trials, and of Criminal Jury Trials, and of Civil Causes tried by the Aid of a Jury, as above, in each County of Scotland. The above Returns may be signed both by Sheriffs and their Substitutes.		
514.	——— (Sheriffs of Renfrewshire).	A Return to amend the Returns from the Sheriffs of Renfrewshire (which Returns do not exhibit the average Period Causes have depended), so as to show, in Columns, the Number of Causes in 1834, 1835, and 1836, which have been, *ad Avigandum*, before the Sheriff, and also before each of the Sheriff Substitutes, and the Date of each having been sent to Avigandum; also, the Date, Commencement, and Period of Dependence of each Cause, up to the Date of the Return now moved for.	18th June.	Very detailed Official Returns. (57 pages.)
	——— (Universities, Aberdeen).	First Report of the Commissioners appointed by his Majesty Will. IV., November, 1836; and reappointed by her Majesty Victoria I., October 2d, 1837, for visiting the Universities of King's College and Marischal College, Aberdeen. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command.)		A great variety of suggestions for the future improved management of these colleges are embodied in this Report, which is signed Errol. — J. Cunninghame. A. Bannerman. — J. Abercrombie, M.D. W. Jack, D.D. — W. Anderson. D. Dewar, D.D. — A. E. Monteith.
290.	Shaftesbury Election Petition.	Minutes of Evidence taken before the Select Committee on the Shaftesbury Election Petition, with the Proceedings of the Committee.	9th April.	

41 witnesses examined. The small majority by which the sitting Member, Mr. Poulter, was unseated; the deficiency in the provisions of the Reform Act; the other circumstances specially set forth in the Resolutions agreed to by the Committee on the 3d April, 1838, and the whole of their proceedings on that day, and of the 31st March, give a very remarkable character to this case, and tend to establish a precedent of extreme importance.

Sabbati, 31° die Martii, 1838.

Room was cleared.

Question, That the names of Robert Warren (and 34 others) be struck off the poll; put, and agreed to.

Question, That John Sayer Poulter, Esq., is not duly elected a burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the borough of Shaftesbury; put, and agreed to.

Question, That G. B. Mathew, Esq., is duly elected, and ought to have been returned a burgess to serve in this present Parliament for the said borough.

Ayes, 6.	Noes, 5.
Lord Henniker,	Frederick Paget,
Francis Hurt,	Lord Worsley,
Thomas Sheppard,	Hon. J. E. Elliot,
C. W. Codrington,	Thomas E. Winnington,
C. W. Packe,	James Blair.
W. S. Blackstone.	

Question, That the Petition of G. B. Mathew, Esq., and others did not appear to the said Committee to be frivolous or vexatious; put, and agreed to.

Question, That the opposition to the said Petition did not appear to the said Committee to be frivolous or vexatious; put, and agreed to.

Committee adjourned till Monday at eleven o'clock, to consider the further Report they should make to the House.

Lunæ, 2° *die Aprilis*, 1838.

The Committee having met at eleven o'clock, the Chairman stated that morning he had received a letter from Lord Henniker, informing him of his inability to attend in consequence of illness.

The Committee therefore adjourned to twelve o'clock to-morrow.

Martis, 3° *die Aprilis*, 1838.

Members all present, except Lord Henniker, excused.

Parties directed to withdraw.

After some time, called in and informed that the Committee had come to the following resolutions: —

That it appeared to the Committee that no power is conferred upon them by the Reform Act of supplying any omissions occasioned by the neglect of parish overseers at the time of registration; and it was not without considerable difficulty and embarrassment, arising out of the circumstance, that they felt themselves compelled to erase the names from the poll taken at the last election of all persons claiming to have a vote for the parish of Stower Provost, within the borough of Shaftesbury, in consequence of the overseer having neglected to produce his list for the signature of the revising barrister during the sitting of his court.

That the Committee also feel it their duty to notice the non-production of certain documents which were required in the progress of the sitting Member's case; and would also beg to direct the attention of the House to the facts which appear upon the minutes of the evidence on this subject, given in the testimony of Robert Foot and Henry Foot.

That, although it has not been proved the candidates or their agents were implicated by the existence of unlawful practices during the late election for the borough of Shaftesbury, it appears that excessive treating has prevailed there to a considerable extent, not only in this but in prior elections.

That the Committee wish to direct the attention of the House to the evidence given by William Dunham, James Strickland, and Mark Woodcock, Charles Wilmot, William Berchway, and Robert Foot.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
88.	SHIPS ENTERED INWARDS.	1. Returns from the Customs containing the Name of every Vessel arriving with Cargo from a Foreign Port Cargoes of Timber excepted) which reported at the Custom House in Liverpool, between the 5th January and the 5th July, 1837, the Name of her Captain, the Port where laden, the Names of the Articles of which the Cargo principally consisted, the Tonnage of the Vessel, and the Number of Days each Vessel was actually discharging.	23d Jan.	(1). List of 1436 vessels.
		2. A similar Return of Vessels which entered the London Docks.		(2). Ditto 354 ditto.
		3. A similar Return of Vessels which entered the St. Catherine's Docks.		(3). Ditto 723 ditto.
		4. A similar Return of Vessels which entered the London West India Docks.		(4). Ditto 51 ditto. These are all in great detail.

No. 1. This paper is arranged in the following manner; viz., —

PORT OF LIVERPOOL.						
Date of Report.	Vessel's Name.	Master.	Port of Lading.	Principal Articles imported, except Timber.	Tonnage Annual	Number of Days discharging.
Jan. 9. 1837.	49. Camoens.	Thomas Barnes.	Oporto.	Wine, Oranges, Flour, &c.	168	8

The Return for the London Docks includes, also, columns specifying the dates on which each vessel began to unload, and finished discharging her cargo.

Workman.	Measurer, or Inspector.	Foreman.	Assistant.	Master Shipwright.
Day Pay.	£ 100 to 180	£ 250	£ 400	£ 600 to £ 650

348. SHREWSBURY AND HOLYHEAD ROAD. Annual Report of the Commissioners appointed under Acts 59 G. III. c. 30. & 48., for the Line of Road from Shrewsbury to Holyhead; namely, —

1.
General Statement of the Income and Expenditure of Shrewsbury and Holyhead Road, for the Year ending 1st of February, 1838.

2.
Report of Mr. John Provis, to the Commissioners, on the State of the Roads from Holyhead to Shrewsbury, dated Holyhead, 31st of March, 1838.

1st May. The usual annual Report and accounts, the latter of which show a balance in the Treasurer's hands on 1st of February, 1838, of 1,589*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.*

458. SILK GOODS. 1.
A Return of Foreign Manufactured Silks imported into the United Kingdom (for Home Consumption) in each Year from 5th January, 1833, to 5th January, 1838; distinguishing Countries from which imported.

2.
A Return of Foreign Manufactured Silks exported from the United Kingdom, in each Year from the 5th of January, 1833, to the 5th of January, 1838.

3.
A Return of the Amount of Drawback paid on the Exportation of British Silk manufactured Goods, from the 5th of January, 1830, to the 5th of January, 1831, and in each succeeding Year to the 5th of January, 1838; distinguishing the Amount paid on Stuffs or Ribbons of Silk only, upon Stuffs or Ribbons of Silk and Cotton mixed, and upon Stuffs or Ribbons of Silk and Worsted mixed.

8th June.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	[— Silk Goods — *continued.*			

1. Foreign manufactured Silks, not of the East Indies, retained for Home Consumption, for the Year ending 5th of January, 1834, from the several places as under: —

Species of Silk, stated agreeably to their Designations in the Schedule of the Rates of Duty which regulates the Entry at the Custom House.	France.	Holland and Belgium.	The Hanseatic Towns.	Other Parts.	All Parts.
	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.	lbs. oz.
Here follow each species, and its respective quantity. The species are, silk or satin, plain, figured, or brocaded; gauze, plain, striped, figured, or brocaded; Tissue, foulards; crape, plain and figured; velvet, ditto ditto; ribbons, embossed or figured with velvet, fancy silk or net on Tricat, silks mixed with gold, silver, or other metal; viz. silks or satins, plain, figured, or brocaded; gauzes, crapes, velvets, ribbons, &c. Total entered by weight	137,196 9	4,581 4	381 6	107 12	142,266 15
	Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1835.				
	161,580 3	4,035 6	507 15	137 3	166,260 12
	Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1836.				
	156,337 10	4,375 15	81 11	44 15	160,840 3
	Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1837.				
	171,266 7	8,569 4	160 5	81 13	180,078 7
	Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1838.				
	159,598 1	12,775 4	114 0	372 11	172,860 0
	Ditto, for the year ending 5th of January, 1834.				
The other returns included in these Tables are thus classed: —					
(A) Plain silk, lace, or net, called tulle	Sq. yards. 45,424	..	..	..	Sq. yards. 45,424
(B) Millinery (*c*) Turbans or caps	No. 421	No. ..	No. ..	No. 9	No. 430
(B) Millinery (*d*) Hats or bonnets	615	4	..	1	620
(B) Millinery (*e*) Dresses	149	2	..	3	154
(B) Millinery (*f*) At value	£ s. d. 11 8 0	£ s. d. ..	£ s. d. ..	£ s. d. 3 15 0	£ s. d. 15 3 0
(C) Manufactures of silk, or of silk and any other					

(B)	(c)	No. 386	No. 1	No. ..	No. 1	No. 400
	(d)	514	6	..	6	594
	(e)	150	1	2	8	156
(C)	(f)	£ s. d. 79,998 0 0	£ s. d. 1,465 0 0	£ s. d. 1,394 0 0	£ s. d. 792 0 0	£ s. d. 83,579 0 0
		Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1836.				
(A)		Sq. yards. 10,104	..	..	..	Sq. yards. 10,104
(B)	(c)	No. 386	No.	No.	No.	No. 387
	(d)	416	3	2	1	422
	(e)	103	3	..	..	105
(C)	(f)	£ s. d. 43 0 0	£ s. d. 765 0 0	£ s. d. 1,781 0 0	£ s. d. 3 0 0	£ s. d. 46 0 0
		76,199 0 0			579 0 0	79,594 0 0
		Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1837.				
(A)		Sq. yards. 10,028	..	..	..	Sq. yards. 10,028
(B)	(c)	No. 334	No. 2	No. ..	No. ..	No. 336
	(d)	455	9	19	2	476
	(e)	133	7	1	2	143
(C)	(f)	£ s. d. 4 0 0	£ s. d. 691 0 0	£ s. d. 2,157 0 0	£ s. d. 1 15 0	£ s. d. 5 15 0
		82,758 0 0			894 0 0	86,450 0 0
		Ditto for the year ending 5th of January, 1838.				
(A)		Sq. yards. 10,562	..	..	Sq. yards. 3	Sq. yards. 10,555
(B)	(c)	No. 354	No. ..	No. ..	No. 3	No. 357
	(d)	453	3	..	3	458
	(e)	112	1	..	..	113
(C)	(f)	£ s. d. 21 10 0	£ s. d. 1,343 0 0	£ s. d. 2,195 0 0	£ s. d. 519 0 0	£ s. d. 91 10 0
		80,786 0 0				84,843 0 0

No. of Paper. | Class of Paper. | Title of Paper. | When ordered to be printed. | Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

SILK GOODS — *continued.*

Species of Silks.	Manufactured Silks of the East Indies retained for Home Consumption. Years ending 5th of January, 1834.	1835.	1836.	1837.	1838.
Bandannoes and other silk handkerchiefs	Pieces. 114,604	Pieces. 103,670	Pieces. 162,827	Pieces. 130,114	Pieces. 134,244
Silks and crapes in pieces	4,601	2,917	1,932	1,314	1,354
Crape shawls, scarfs, and handkerchiefs	No. 4,432	No. 8,058	No. 2,740	No. 3,648	No. 754
Millinery: Turbans or caps	..	1	1	1	1
Millinery: Hats or bonnets					
Millinery: Dresses	3	..	2		
Millinery: At value	£ s. d. ..	£ s. d. ..	£ s. d. ..	£ s. d. 6 10 0	£ s. d. 4 0 0
Manufactures of silk, or of silk and any other material not particularly enumerated, and manufactures of silk made up — Value	3,889 5 7	3,981 16 6	4,531 2 11	5,973 5 7	6,010 12 4

2. An Account of foreign manufactured Silks exported from the United Kingdom, in each Year, from the 5th January, 1833, to the 5th January, 1838.

Species of Silks.	Foreign manufactured Silks exported from the United Kingdom. Years ending 5th of January, 1834.	1835.	1836.	1837.	1838.
Foreign manufactured silks, not of the East Indies (same enumeration as under No. 1.). Total entered by weight	lbs. oz. 16,138 8	lbs. oz. 16,114 11	lbs. oz. 17,578 11	lbs. oz. 9,572 15	lbs. oz. 9,401 13
Plain silk lace or net, called tulle	Sq. yards. 399	Sq. yards. 346	Sq. yards. 600	Sq. yards. 2,000	Sq. yards. 710
Millinery: Turbans or caps	No. 13	No. 65	No. 178	No. 108	No. 61
Millinery: Hats or bonnets	118	178	257	254	251
Millinery: Dresses	102	142	147	57	189

Manufactured silks of the East Indies:	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.
Bandannoes and other silk handkerchiefs	174,314	176,238	280,910	220,785	322,515
Silks and crapes in pieces	6,028	4,584	5,059	4,535	8,900
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Crape shawls, scarfs, and handkerchiefs	17,182	8,505	7,516	4,587	10,325
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Manufactures of silk, or of silk and any other material not particularly enumerated, and manufactures of silk made up	134 0 0	67 5 0	149 0 0	221 0 0	124 0 0

3. The *minimum* and *maximum* of these Drawbacks were paid in the years 1838 and 1832 respectively (Table G), and in 1838 and 1834 (in Table H).

(G)

Years ended 5th January,	Stuffs or Ribbons of Silk only.			Stuffs or Ribbons of Silk and Cotton.		
	London.	Other Ports of the United Kingdom.	Total.	London.	Other Ports of the United Kingdom.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
1832 . .	18,362	14,104	32,466	1,712	8,310	10,022
1838 . .	13,033	6,770	19,803	1,065	3,190	4,255

(H)

Years ended 5th January,	Stuffs or Ribbons of Silk and Worsted.			Total Amount of Drawback paid on British manufactured Silk Goods.		
	London.	Other Ports of the United Kingdom.	Total.	London.	Other Ports of the United Kingdom.	Total.
	£	£	£	£	£	£
1834 . .	1,315	1,818	3,133	29,080	31,564	60,644
1838 . .	666	372	1,038	14,764	10,332	25,096

323. SPIRITS. 1. An Account of the total Gallons of Proof Spirits distilled in England, Scotland, and Ireland, respectively; distinguishing the Quantities produced from Malt, and from a Mixture of Malt and unmalted Grain, or from any other Ingredient; showing, also, the total Quantity of each Sort in the United Kingdom, for the Year ending the 5th of January, 1838. 26th April.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

SPIRITS — *continued.*

(1).

	In the Year ending 5th January, 1838.			
	Number of Gallons.			
	From Malt only.	From a mixture of Malt and unmalted Grain.	From any other Ingredient.	Total.
England	..	4,613,841	(Mangle Wursel.) 355	4,614,196
Scotland	6,229,351	2,783,134	..	9,012,485
Ireland	117,501	10,863,409	..	10,980,910
The United Kingdom	6,346,852	18,260,384	355	24,607,591

2. An Account of the Number of Gallons of Proof Spirits (distinguishing the Sorts) on which Duty was paid for Home Consumption, in each of the Three Kingdoms, with the Rate per Gallon, and Amount of such Duty; also, the Total of Gallons and Duty in the United Kingdom, for the Year ending 5th of January, 1838.

(2).

	In the Year ending 5th January, 1838.					
	Proof Spirits, on which Duty was paid for consumption; viz.,—					
	Gallons made from			Total Gallons.	Rate per Gallon.	Amount of Duty.
	Malt only.	A mixture of Malt with unmalted Grain.	From Mang. Wursel.		£ s.	£ s. d.
England	364,312	6,769,202	355	7,133,869	7 6	2,675,200 17 6
Scotland	5,536,846	587,189	..	6,124,035	3 4	1,020,672 10 0
Ireland	468,192	10,767,443	..	11,235,635	2 4	1,310,894 1 8

the total Amount thereof in each Case, and what Portion of such Duty was paid on Removal of the Spirits from Bond, and what after their Arrival at the Place of Destination; for the Year ending 5th January, 1838.

From Scotland *	[illegible]	[illegible]
From Ireland *	804,344	114,129
	Into Ireland.	
	Gal.	
From Scotland †	861,069	100,458

* At 7*s*. 6*d*. per gallon.
† At 2*s*. 4*d*. per gallon.

4.

An Account of the total Number of Gallons of Proof Spirits permitted out from Distillers' Stock in England, and the total Number of Gallons proof of British Brandy and Spirits of Wine permitted out from Rectifiers' Stocks in England, for the Year ending 5th January, 1838; also, the Stocks remaining in the Hands of English Distillers on the 5th of January, 1838.

(4).

England.				
Year ending 5th January, 1838.	Gallons of Proof Spirits permitted out from Distillers' Stocks.	Proof Gallons permitted out from Rectifiers' Stocks.		Stock remaining in Hands of Distillers on 5th January, 1838.
		British Brandy.	Spirits of Wine.	
	4,594,596	299,752	213,430	137,084

5.

An Account of the Total Number of Proof Gallons of Rum, Brandy, Geneva, and all other Spirits, that paid Duty in each Kingdom, from the 5th of January, 1837, to the 5th of January, 1838; Rate of Duty per Gallon, and Amount thereof; total Number of Gallons of each Kind, and total Duty thereon; total Number of Gallons of all Kinds, and total Duty thereon, for the United Kingdom; showing the total Number of Proof Gallons of all Kinds that paid Duty, and total Amount thereof in each Kingdom; and the total Number of Gallons and total Duty thereon, in the whole of the United Kingdom, from the 5th of January, 1837, to the 5th of January, 1838.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.

SPIRITS —*continued.* (5).

	England.				Scotland.				Ireland.				United Kingdom.				Rates of Duty.
	Number of Gallons.	Net Amount of Duty.			Number of Gallons.	Net Amount of Duty.			Number of Gallons.	Net Amount of Duty.			Number of Gallons.	Net Amount of Duty.			
		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	
Rum	3,079,778	1,585,910	0	0	83,804	37,720	0	0	20,673	9,299	0	0	3,184,255	1,432,929	0	0	Rum . . 0 9 0 per gallon.
Brandy	1,160,608	1,305,572	0	0	31,161	35,056	0	0	16,877	18,987	0	0	1,208,646	1,359,615	0	0	Brandy } . 1 2 6 —
Geneva	11,958	13,468	0	0	4,835	5,439	0	0	1,441	1,622	0	0	18,234	20,529	0	0	Geneva }
Other foreign spirits	11,802	9,213	0	0	1,140	809	0	0	388	383	0	0	13,330	10,405	0	0	Other foreign spirits, various rates.
Total of foreign spirits	4,264,146	2,714,163	0	0	120,940	79,024	0	0	39,379	30,291	0	0	4,424,465	2,823,478	0	0	Spirits of manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of Guernsey or Jersey:
Spirits of the manufacture of the United Kingdom	7,133,869	2,674,900	0	0	6,124,035	1,020,570	0	0	11,235,635	1,310,765	0	0	24,493,539	5,006,235	0	0	s. d.
Ditto of Guernsey or Jersey	25,048	9,390	0	0	51	9	0	0	..	..			25,099	9,399	0	0	In England . . 7 6 per gallon.
																	Scotland . 3 4 —
Spirits of all kinds	11,423,063	5,398,453	0	0	6,245,026	1,099,603	0	0	11,275,014	1,341,056	0	0	28,943,103	7,839,112	0	0	Ireland . 2 4 —

64. SLAVERY ABOLITION ACT.

An Account of the Average of Slaves in the several Colonies affected by the Act for the Abolition of Slavery, upon which the Sum of Twenty Millions, voted as Compensation to the Owners of Slaves, was apportioned among the several Colonies; of the Periods for which those Averages were taken; and of the Rate of Compensation per Head, which was allotted to each.

21st Dec.

From a table of 19 averages (taken on as many colonies), are selected the following: —

Colony.	Averages of Sales of Slaves from 1822 to 1830.	Rate of Compensation per Slave.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bermuda*	27 4 11½	12 10 5
Antigua	32 12 10½	14 12 3
Jamaica	44 15 2½	19 15 4½
Trinidad	105 4 5½	50 1 1½
British Guiana	114 11 5½	51 17 1½
Honduras†	120 4 7½	53 6 9½

* Lowest value.
† Highest value.

271. SLAVERY, ABOLITION OF. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

List of all Persons appointed Special Justices of the Peace for carrying into effect the Act 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 73., for the Abolition of Slavery throughout the British Colonies, specifying the Date of every such Commission or Appointment, by whom appointed, and the Amount of the Salary assigned to every such Justice of the Peace.

16th July.

59	Justices	Jamaica.
6	ditto	Bahamas.
8	ditto	Ditto.
5	ditto	St. Vincent.
6	ditto	Grenada.
4	ditto	Tobago.

9	ditto	. . St. Lucia.
11	ditto	. . Trinidad.
16	ditto	. . British Guiana.
2	ditto	. . Honduras.
17	ditto	. . Mauritius.
8	ditto	. . Cape of Good Hope.

(All appointed by the Secretary of State, and at a salary of 300*l.* each.)

154. ——— (II.)

1.
Papers presented to Parliament by her Majesty's Command, in Explanation of the Measures adopted by her Majesty's Government, for giving effect to the Act for the Abolition of Slavery throughout the British Colonies. Part V. Barbadoes and British Guiana.
2.
(In Continuation of Papers presented in 1835, 1836, 1837, and 1838. Nos. 177, 178. of 1835; No. 166. (I. and II.) of 1836; No. 521. (I. and II.) of 1837; and No. 154. (I.) of 1838.)

9th March.

This volume contains a mass of correspondence on the following subjects, and under the following arrangement: —
Barbadoes (Apprenticeship of Children—Special Magistrates' Reports — Classification — Miscellaneous).
British Guiana (Correspondence relative to Mr. Scoble's inquiries and representations — Regulations relative to the supply of farinaceous food — Classification — Valuations — Miscellaneous).
The Appendix consists of 3 papers, being copies of colonial laws; namely, —

No. 5. — Barbadoes: An Act to repeal the 38th Clause of an Act, intituled, "An Act for the Abolition of Slavery, for the Government of Apprenticed Labourers, and for ascertaining and enforcing the reciprocal Duties between them and their Employers." (Passed 30th March, 1837.)
No. 6. — British Guiana: An Ordinance regulating the Qualification for the exercise of the elective franchise in British Guiana. (Passed 2d December, 1836.)
No. 7. — British Guiana: An Ordinance to extend the powers of the Special Justices. (Passed 23d June, 1837).

494. Slave Bounties.

A Return of the Nature and Amount of the Fees charged at the Treasury and Exchequer on all Bounties issued for the Seizure of Slaves.

14th June.

Extract of Treasury Minute, dated 30th December, 1834.
My Lords read their minutes of 11th, 18th, 21st, and 26th November, and 2d December, directing the charge of certain sums for slave bounties upon the consolidated fund of the quarter ending 5th January, 1835.

My Lords advert to the fact, that all such payments were subject at the Exchequer to the following deductions; namely,—
Auditor's fees, 1*l.* 5*s.* per cent., and 2*s.* 6*d.* per warrant.
Pell's fee, 12*s.* 6*d.* per cent., and 2*s.* 6*d.* per warrant.
Teller's fee, 2*l.* per cent.
The amount of such charges being, therefore, 4*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per cent., and 5*s.* per warrant.
In addition to these fees, there were also paid at this office on all such grants above 20*l.* and not exceeding 50*l.*, a fee of 1*l.* 1*s.*, and on all sums above 50*l.* a fee of 3*l.* 13*s.* 6*d.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Slave Bounties — *continued.*			As all these payments will now be made through the Paymaster of Civil Services, by whom no such fees are taken, and as it is not the intention of my Lords that the parties to whom such payments shall be made, shall be relieved from any charges heretofore imposed upon them, they desire that the following sums may be charged on the consolidated fund of the present quarter, in lieu of those directed by the minutes above referred to, and in place of those recommended in the other cases by Mr. Rothery; such sums to be payable to the several and respective parties by the Paymaster of Civil Services, as being the exact net amounts which would have been paid to each, had they been received, as formerly, at the Exchequer. Transmit copy of this minute to Mr. Rothery for his information, and desire that in all future cases he will state not only the gross sum to which parties are entitled, but also the amount of deductions to which such sum would have been liable at the Exchequer, calculated according to the rates of charge stated in this minute; that is, *4l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per cent., and *5s.* per warrant; together with a treasury fee of 1*l.* 1*s.* on all sums above 20*l.* and not exceeding 50*l.*, and of *3l.* 13*s.* 6*d.* on all sums above 50*l.*
93.	Slave Compensation. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A Statement of the Number of Slaves for whom Compensation has been claimed, and of the Number of Claims preferred for such Compensation, and of the Amount of Compensation awarded, in each of the Classes of Prædial Attached, Prædial Unattached, and Non-Prædial, in each of the Colonies where Compensation has been granted.	9th Mar.	These Returns are made out in six columns; the first designating the divisions, the second the classes, the third the number in each class, the fourth the compensation value of each class, the fifth the totals, the sixth the number of claims having reference to each division. The divisions are— * A, Prædial attached. B, Prædial unattached. C, Non-prædial. D, Children under 6 years of age on 1st August, 1834. E, Aged, diseased, or otherwise non-effective. F, Runaways. Class A is subdivided into —† 1. head people; 2. tradesmen; 3. inferior tradesmen; 4. field labourers; 5. inferior field labourers. Class B is subdivided in precisely the same manner. Class C is subdivided into —6. head tradesmen; 7. inferior tradesmen; 8. head people employed on wharfs, shipping, or other avocations; 9. inferior people of the same description; 10. head domestic servants; 11. inferior domestics.

The following summary exhibits an analysis of the whole Returns.

Name of Colony.	Divisions.	Classes.	Number of Slaves in each Class.	Compensation Value of each Class.	Totals.	Number of Claims having reference to each Division.
	*	†		£ s. d.		
Jamaica [*Note.* — The same details are	A (see above)	1 (see above) 2 ditto	14,043 11,944	415,727 19 2 351,102 1 3	Number of Slaves 128,898.	

	C	ditto	6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11	35,834	..	882,729 15 1		3,079
	D	ditto	..	39,013	..	214,368 6 2		
	E	ditto	..	15,692	..	67,998 13 4		
	F	ditto	..	1,075	..	13,593 11 1		
Honduras	A	ditto	1 to 11	809	..	54,303 16 9		179
	B	ditto		778	..	42,267 12 9		220
	C	ditto						
	D	ditto	..	224				
	E	ditto	..	90				
Antigua	A	ditto	1 to 11	19,641	..	355,770 7 4½		178
	B	ditto		727	..	13,674 14 2		82
	C	ditto		2,982	..	45,728 12 7		822
	D	ditto	..	4,327				
	E	ditto	..	1,444				
St. Christopher's	A	ditto	1 to 11	11,764	..	232,825 9 5		216
	B	ditto		857	..	16,474 18 0		89
	C	ditto		3,066	..	60,609 17 9½		897
	D	ditto	..	3,198				
	E	ditto	..	915				
Grenada	A	ditto	1 to 11	16,560	..	503,985 12 8		263
	B	ditto		380	..	11,566 0 6		99
	C	ditto		2,069	..	35,181 8 6		693
	D	ditto	..	3,320				
	E	ditto	..	1,309				
Dominica	A	ditto	..	9,829	..	225,190 12 8		411
	B	ditto	..	636	..	14,483 7 6		162
	C	ditto	..	1,199	..	25,397 18 9		468
	D	ditto	..					
	E	ditto	..					
St. Lucia	A	ditto	..	8,355	..	250,934 4 11		332
	B	ditto	..	368	..	10,821 5 2		64
	C	ditto	..	1,605	..	47,963 7 7		494
	D	ditto	..	1,957				
	E	ditto	..	1,006				
Bermuda		Total	Total	4,026	..	48,253 18 11		1,086
St. Vincent's		—	—	18,114	..	65,471 16 7		938
Nevis		—	—	7,925	..	145,976 19 9		399
Bahamas		—	—	7,734	..	123,783 14 0		1,481
Montserrat		—	—	5,026	..	100,654 0 10		258
Barbadoes		—	—	66,638	..	1,663,815 0 8		7,228
Tobago		—	—	9,078	..	226,745 14 10		372
Virgin Islands		—	—	4,318	..	70,177 13 2		382
Trinidad		—	—	17,539	..	973,442 18 2		2,358
British Guiana		—	—	69,579	..	653,809 6 4		3,061
Cape of Good Hope		—	—	29,115	..	1,193,085 8 4		
Mauritius		—	—	56,699	..	1,986,099 8 2		

23. SLAVERY COMPENSATION (III.). (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Further Accounts of all Sums of Money awarded by the Commissioners of Slavery Compensation, specifying the Date of each Order, the Parties to whom the Payment is awarded, and the Colony or Settlement in respect of which it is awarded.
Litigated Claims.
Amount of Sums claimed, and no Award made.
Amounts awarded on Claims, &c.

29th Jan. Stated in great detail.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
215.	SLAVE COMPENSATION CLAIMS.	Accounts of Slave Compensation Claims from the Colonies of Jamaica, Antigua, Honduras, St. Christopher's, Grenada, Dominica, Nevis, Virgin Islands, St. Lucia, British Guiana, Montserrat, Bermuda, Bahamas, Tobago, St. Vincent's, Trinidad, Barbadoes, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope.	16th March.	Claims stated in great detail for each of the colonies and islands in question. (361 pages.)
145.	SLAVE SHIPS. (H. of Lords, Pr. P.)	Returns of the Number of Slaves on board the Slave Ships captured during the last ten Years, and the Number landed at Sierra Leone or elsewhere; and, also, of the Number of Slaves taken in the "Formidable," captured by His Majesty's Ship Buzzard, in 1834, and on board "Minerva," captured by His Majesty's Ship Pelorus; and the Number which died before landing.	4th May.	

No. 1.

Number of Slaves on board the Slave Ships captured.		Number of Slaves landed.							Total in each Year.
		In the Year	At Sierra Leone.	At the Havanna.	At Rio de Janeiro.	At Surinam.	At British West Indies.	At Fernando Po	
In the Year									
1828	5,582	1828	3,309	1,033	..	..	..	522	4,864
1829	6,607	1829	4,927	963	..	..	..	34	5,924
1830*	6,509*	1830*	3,439	287	..*	..	..	..	3,726*
1831	1,851	1831	1,468	..	..	..	157	15	1,640
1832	3,399	1832	2,325	888	..	..	..	..	3,213
1833	3,427	1833	2,569	685	..	..	..	..	3,254
1834	5,761	1834	4,020	807	..	..	162	..	4,989
1835	7,711	1835	4,694	2,305	..	..	..	44	7,043
1836	8,930	1836	5,609	1,313	243	..	1,407	..	8,572
1837	6,146	1837	4,017	257	..	..	1,333	..	5,607
	55,923	Total landed at each place.	36,377	8,538	243	..	3,059	615	48,834*

Number of Slaves captured in the ships "Formidable," captured by H.M.S. Buzzard, and "Minerva," captured by H.M.S. Falcon.	Number of Slaves who died before landing.[1]
Formidable 712	294
Minerva 650	186

Class A.

Correspondence with the British Commissioners at Sierra Leone and Surinam, relating to the Slave Trade. 1837. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command, 1838.)

Class A. (Further Series.)

Correspondence with the British Commissioners at Sierra Leone, the Havanna, Rio de Janeiro, and Surinam, relating to the Slave Trade. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command, 1838.

Sierra Leone. — This class includes a correspondence between her Majesty's Commissioners and Viscount Palmerston, headed as "general," and relates to the purchase of condemned slave vessels; the case of Jouseffe, sentenced to fourteen years' transportation for slave trading; the American schooner "Terrible," suspected of slaving; the "Esperança," &c. Under the heads "Spain," "Portugal and Brazil," notices of proceedings and sentences against the various vessels under the respective flags of those countries, condemned as prize for slave-carrying or trading; and also the Netherlands half-yearly Return.

Havanna.—Similar communications, reports, and proceedings in the cases of the "Preciosa," the "Empresa," the "Socorro," the "General Laborde," the "Dido," the "Vesper," the "Emperor," the "Matilde" and the "Teresita," the "Trasibolo," the "Antonica," the "Ingemore" and "Vencedora;" and other papers connected with the introduction of slaves from Cuba into Texas, and proceedings against the above Portuguese, Brazilian, and American vessels.

Rio de Janeiro — Surinam. — Similar communications and correspondence.

The Further Series is classed under a like arrangement —vessels seized; proceedings taken; cases adjudicated; and in the section "Rio de Janeiro" there is a statement of the case of the crew of the Portuguese schooner "Josephine," the crew of which were ordered to be tried for the slave trade.

Class B.

Correspondence with Foreign Powers relating to the Slave Trade. 1837. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command, 1838.)

Class B. (Further Series.)

Correspondence with Foreign Powers relating to the Slave Trade. 1837. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command, 1838.)

Class B. — Spain — Spain Consular — Portugal — Brazil — Portugal — Portugal Consular — Netherlands — Brazil — France — Denmark — Hanse Towns — Prussia — Russia — Sardinia — Two Sicilies — Tuscany — Buenos Ayres — Chili — New Grenada — Mexico — Monte Video — Peru — Venezuela — United States — Hayti.

Correspondence and Treaties with these several Governments on the subject of the slave trade; and particulars of further cases of seizures for slave trading, &c.

Convention between her Majesty, the King of the French, and the King of the Two Sicilies, containing the Accession of his Sicilian Majesty to two Conventions between Great Britain and France, for the more effectual Suppression of the Slave Trade. Signed at Naples, Feb. 14. 1838. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty, 1838.)

Signed W. Temple.
Le Prince de Cassaro.
Aug. de Tallenag.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
72.	SLAVE TRADE. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Extract from the Instructions of Rear-Admiral Elliot, Commander in Chief of the Cape of Good Hope, and the African Station, as far as they relate to the Suppression of the Slave Trade.	19th Feb.	Three articles, numbered 2, 3, and 4., containing minute directions to govern the proceedings of officers employed in the latitudes, and on the service in question.
688.	SLAVE TRADE, FOREIGN.	Copy of Memorial to the Queen, from the Assembly of Jamaica, on the Subject of the Foreign Slave Trade.	6 August.	Despatch from Sir Lionel Smith to Lord Glenelg, dated "Spanish Town, 18th of December, 1837," inclosing the humble Address of the House of Assembly to her Majesty, "complaining of the continued importation of African slaves into certain parts of the continent and islands of Demerara, to the very great injury of all classes of her Majesty's subjects in this colony." This address or memorial especially points to the importations of slaves continually being made into Cuba and Brazil.
	SLAVE TRADE, SUPPRESSION OF.	Convention between her Majesty, the King of the French, and the Grand Duke of Tuscany, for the more effectual Suppression of the Slave Trade. Signed at Florence, November 24. 1837. Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.		Signed R. ABERCROMBIE. L. BELLOCY. V. FOSSEMBRONI.
144.	SLAVE TRADE, SUPPRESSION OF. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	(1). An Account (so far as can be made out at the Foreign Office) of all Vessels captured by British Cruisers, and condemned for violating the Treaties and Acts for the Suppression of the Slave Trade, in each Year from 1831 to 1837, both inclusive; specifying the Name of each Vessel, the Flag under which it navigated, the Tonnage thereof, the Number of Guns, Crew, and Slaves on board at the Time of Capture, and the Sum paid to the Captors on account of each such Capture, and whether such Vessel was captured on the open Sea or in a River, by Boats or by the Cruiser.	4th May.	(1). Returns of 150 vessels captured, whereof the tonnage has been returned for 87 only, amounting, for these, to 10,056½ tons. Total number of slaves on board at time of such captures, 96,635. In the case of the Carleta, captured sailing under the Spanish flag, and condemned before the Court of Mixed Commission at the Havanna, there is this note: — "The Carleta was run ashore during the chase at Punta de Vaca (Cuba); 272 negroes and two of the crew, only, were recovered. The Nimble, with these on board, was, herself, wrecked three days afterwards on her way to the Havannah, and only 194 of the negroes were saved!" (2). A similar account of captures, by foreign cruisers, under treaties with Great Britain for suppression of the slave trade, contains a list of four vessels only, all captured by a Brazilian cruiser.

(3). Account of sums paid to captors of slave vessels, from the year 1831 to 1837, both inclusive, specifying name of each vessel seized, name of capturing vessel, and amount paid in each case and in each year.

	4 Brazilian 2 Netherlands 2 Portuguese 5 uncertain	94,940	2,369	27,309
1832	13 in all:— 7 Spanish 2 Brazilian 2 Portuguese 2 uncertain	14,870	2,825	17,695
1833	13 in all:— 9 Spanish 1 Portuguese 3 uncertain	15,392	2,515	17,907
1834	15 in all:— 7 Spanish 2 Portuguese 1 Brazilian 1 Colonial 4 uncertain	16,599	1,560	18,159
1835	30 in all:— 13 Spanish 1 Brazilian 6 Portuguese 10 uncertain	36,427	2,701	39,128
1836	26 in all:— 17 Spanish 3 Portuguese 1 Brazilian 5 uncertain	27,232	4,549	31,781
1837	28 in all:— 14 Portuguese 7 Spanish 2 Brazilian 5 unknown	41,008	3,290	44,298

533. SLAVE VESSELS. A Return of Slave Vessels brought before the several Courts of Mixed Commissions for Adjudication, between 1st January, 1828, and 1st January, 1838, stating the Name of the Seizor, and the decretal part of the Sentence, whether Forfeiture or Restitution. — 23d June. — Returns of 241 vessels; of which 15 after proceedings before the said Court were restored, 1 was lost after capture, and 225 were condemned.

200. ——— A Return of all Slave Vessels captured under the late Spanish Treaty, by her Majesty's Ships, since 1st Day of February, 1836: distinguishing whether having Slaves on board or under the Equipment Article, to the latest Date for which the same can be prepared, and stating the Name of the Vessel by which each was captured. — 12th March. — A Return of 28 slavers, of which 9 were captured with slaves on board, to the number of 2305; and 19 were captured under the Equipment Article.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
73.	Slave Vessels, Captors of. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Returns of the Amount of all Money paid to Captors of Slave Vessels during the Years 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, and 1837, distinguishing each Year; and of the Amount of Sums for which all Slave Vessels captured and condemned have been sold for the same Year.	19th Feb.	The captors of foreign slave vessels having been allowed by Parliament the moiety of the proceeds of each vessel and cargo, which under treaties with Foreign Powers the Crown would have been entitled to, together with a bounty on the slaves captured, the following is the amount of the sums paid to captors in each year.

No. 1.
Amount of Money paid to Captors of Slave Vessels.

In Years	From Proceeds of Vessels captured. £	s.	d.	For Bounty on Slaves captured. £	s.	d.
1830	4,442	17	3	79,675	0	0
1831	2,369	7	7	24,940	0	0
1832	2,825	8	9	14,870	0	0
1833	2,514	15	1	15,392	10	0
1834	1,559	17	1	16,599	0	6
1835	2,700	13	6	38,135	18	4
1836	4,548	12	3	27,232	14	0
1837	3,290	12	3	41,276	18	4

No. 2.
Amount of Sums for which all Slave Vessels captured and condemned have been sold during the Years 1830 to 1837.

There has not been any British slave vessel captured or condemned during the above years. The only slave vessels captured and condemned have been foreign vessels, and wherein the Foreign Government is entitled by treaty to a moiety of the net proceeds of each vessel. These vessels have either been sold at Sierra Leone, where the proceeds are paid to the British Commissary General, or at the Havanna or at Rio Janeiro, from which two last places the Commissary Judges transmit to the Lords of the Treasury Bills of Exchange for the moiety of the net proceeds belonging by treaty to the Crown; these, together with the sums paid to the Commissary General at Sierra Leone, have been paid by the Lords of the Treasury into the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, and the following is the amount paid in each year.

In Years	Amount.
1830	£7956
1831	4383
1832	5805
1833	3517
1834	3247

can be prepared, and stating the Name of the Ship by which each Vessel was captured.

126. SLAVE VESSELS, CAPTURE OF. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Copies of Official Accounts received at the Admiralty of the Capture of the under-mentioned Slave Vessels by her Majesty's Ships employed on the Coast of Africa for the Suppression of Slave Trade; viz., Veloz Passagera, El Almirante, Nimpha, Formidable, Minerva, Joven Carolina.

6th April.

6 detailed accounts of as many gallant and successful actions with armed slavers, by her Majesty's ship "Primrose," 7th Sept., 1830; H. M. Tender "Black Joke," 1st February, 1829; H. M. Gun Brig "Conflict," 24th November, 1830; H. M. Brig "Buzzard," 17th December, 1834; H. M. Ship "Pelorus," 15th January, 1835; boats of H. M. Brigantine "Buzzard," 22d July, 1836, under W. Worlidge, Mate of H. M. S. Thalia, who, with a crew of only five men, boarded, captured, and carried into the bar of Old Calabar River the Portuguese Slave Brigantine "Joven Caroline," with 2 guns, a crew of 33 men, and 422 slaves on board.

223. SOAP.

1.

An Account of all Soap made in each Town of Great Britain, distinguishing Hard from Soft, from 5th of January, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838.

No. 1. For the Year ending 5th of January, 1838.

	Hard Soap.	Soft Soap.
	lbs.	lbs.
Country	97,702,492	7,523,281
London	33,062,976	865,522
Total, England	130,765,468	8,389,833
Scotland	9,553,855	3,405,001
Great Britain	140,319,323	11,794,834

2.

An Account of Soap exported, specifying the Port from whence shipped, and the Amount of Drawback paid thereon, from 5th of January, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838.

No. 2. For the Year ending 5th of January, 1838.

	Pounds Weight of Soap exported to Foreign Ports.		Amount of Drawback.
	Hard.	Soft.	
	lbs.	lbs.	£
From 19 Ports	11,119,515	13,974	69,552

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
—	—	—	—	—
	Soap — *continued.*	3. An Account of the Quantity of Soap, distinguishing Hard from Soft, and the Amount of all Allowances and Drawbacks made to the Manufacturers of Woollens, Linens, Silks, and others from 5th of January, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838.		

No. 3. For the Year ending 5th of January, 1838.

Allowances made to the Manufacturers of														
Woollens.			Linens.			Silks.			Flax or Cotton.			Total Quantity.		Total Amount.
Hard.	Soft.	Amount.	Hard.	Soft.	Amount.	Hard.	Soft.	Amount.	Hard.	Soft.	Amount.	Hard.	Soft.	
lbs.	lbs.	£	lbs.	lbs.	£	lbs.	lbs.	£	lbs.	lbs.	£	lbs.	lbs.	£
5,540,236	6,217,874	38,924	42,819	11,698	310	1,247,505	862,945	10,943	1,456,445	709,899	12,019	8,287,005	7,802,416	62181

4.
An Account of all Soap exported to Ireland, Hard and Soft, the Port from whence shipped, and the Amount of Drawback thereon, from 5th of January, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838.

No. 4. For the Year ending 5th of January, 1838.

	Pounds Weight of Soap exported to Ireland.		Amount of Drawback.
	Hard.	Soft.	
From the four Ports of Bristol, Glasgow, Liverpool, and London.	lbs. 10,040,747	lbs. 98,018	£ 63,161

5.
An Account of all Soap imported into Great Britain, Hard and Soft, the Port at which it was imported, and the Amount of Duty paid thereon, from 5th of January, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838.

No. 5. For the Year ending 5th of January, 1838.

Amount of Duty received on Foreign Soap imported into (14) Ports of Great Britain.	
Hard.	Soft.
£ 1102	£ 40

from 5th of January, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838.
(In continuation of Parl. Paper No. 258. Sess. 1837.)

396.	SOAP AND CANDLES.	1. An Account of the Number of Licences issued to Soap Makers in England and Scotland respectively, distinguishing the Number issued in each Year from January, 1827, to January, 1837.	15th May.	(1). England, 2473. Scotland, 286.
		2. An Account of the Number of Licences issued to Tallow Chandlers in England and Scotland respectively, from January, 1827, to January, 1830, distinguishing the Number issued in each Year.		(2). England, 7826. Scotland, 660.
		3. An Account of the Number of Soap-making and Candle-making Licences issued to the same Persons in England and Scotland respectively, distinguishing the Number in each Year, from January, 1827, to January, 1830.		(3). England, 443. Scotland, 37.
		4. An Account of the Number of entered Candle Makers, in England and Scotland respectively, licensed as Soap Makers, distinguishing the Number in each Year, from January, 1834, to January, 1838.		(4). England, 422. Scotland, 43.
		5. An Account of the Number of Candle Makers surveyed by the Excise, distinguishing the Number in each Year, from January, 1830, to January, 1838.		(5). England, 21,004. Scotland, 1598.
150.	SOODAN BLACKS.	Copies of or Extracts from any Correspondence received by her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, respecting the annual Incursions against the Blacks of Soodan, by the Troops of Mahomed Ali, Pacha of Egypt, and respecting the Mode in which the Prisoners taken on such Incursions are disposed of.	20th Feb.	The extract from the despatch of Lieutenant Colonel Campbell to Viscount Palmerston, dated "Cairo, 1st Dec. 1837," contains a melancholy example and illustration of the difficulties and obstacles interposed in the way of this country in her generous efforts to extirpate slavery and slave trading wherever the influence of her power or her character can make itself felt and respected. It is also distressing to observe how little the subjects of other European states can be restrained, when removed from the immediate superintendence of their own governments, from participating in a traffic now branded, by the common consent of all Christendom, with opprobrium and infamy.

No. I.—Extract of a Despatch from Lieutenant Colonel Campbell to Viscount Palmerston, dated Cairo, 1st December, 1837. (Received 7th January, 1838.)

My Lord,

I have the honour to state to your Lordship, that, having learned that the Pacha's troops in the interior of Africa, Nubia,

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	SOODAN BLACKS—*continued.*			Dongola, &c. had been employed in collecting slaves, and that they had even received their pay from the proceeds of the sale of those slaves, I deemed it my imperative duty to lose no time in bringing the subject under the serious notice of his Highness the Viceroy. Dr. Bowring had, in the mean time, seen Dr. Holroyd, who had lately come from the above countries, and who had communicated the above facts to him, and not a doubt therefore existed of the authenticity of these facts. Dr. Bowring, who had been extremely active in collecting details on the subject, and which he had communicated to me, agreed to accompany me to the Pacha, in order to support my arguments and wishes on this occasion. On the evening of yesterday Dr. Bowring and myself waited on the Pacha; and, after some general conversation, I proceeded to state that I had to make a communication to his Highness, but not in my official capacity, and to which I begged to call his very serious attention, as involving a subject on which the people of England were peculiarly susceptible; that I had long heard rumours on the subject, but had not been willing to mention it until I had obtained such evidence and details as convinced me; that, unless I took the occasion in this friendly and unofficial way to introduce the topic, I would ere long be compelled to do it officially, and which I earnestly desired to avoid. That statements had gone home to the government and the people of England, from eye-witnesses, that slave-hunts (*gazoua*) had been carried on by the officers and the troops of the Pacha; that large numbers of negroes had been taken, and had been distributed among the soldiers, in liquidation of the arrears of their pay; that, on one occasion, the gazoua had collected 2700 slaves, of whom 250 had been forced among the ranks of his army, and the remainder had been divided among the officers and soldiery at fixed prices, according to the state of their arrears. His Highness listened with great attention to the statement. He said that he was aware that his officers had carried on the slave trade for their own account, a conduct of which he by no means approved, but he had not heard, and could not believe, that his army had been employed in slave-hunts for the purpose of discharging the arrears of pay, and, inasmuch as to no one soldier was the value of a slave due in arrears, he did not see how the division could take place among the soldiers. He was very willing to have the whole matter investigated; and, if I liked to nominate any individual, even the individual who had given the information, his Highness would nominate another, would pay all the expenses of the journey, and, if matters were found as stated, the grievance should be remedied. Dr. Bowring and I answered that, as to the existence of the grievance, there could be no doubt whatever, as we had obtained the most detailed statements; that it was true the value of a slave was more than was due to any one soldier, but that certain numbers of slaves were given to a certain body of soldiers, who made the distribution among themselves of the proceeds of the sales. That, as the statement of these facts had already gone to England, it was of the highest importance that some document should be immediately issued by his Highness, ordering peremptorily that these proceedings should be discontinued; and I expressed my hope that I should be enabled to send such a document to Lord Palmerston by the present packet, in order to enable his Lordship, should the question be brought before Parliament, to state the kind and benevolent view which his Highness had taken of the question. The Viceroy said that the order should be prepared that very evening, and the translation sent to me the next day. In the course of the conversation, his Highness said that he was unfavourable to slavery itself, and desired its abolition, little by little, but that the usages and prejudices of the people were great obstacles in his way. Dr. Bowring assured him that nothing would be more likely to interest the Government and the people of England, than any steps he might take towards advancing this great end. That his neighbour, the Imaum of Muscat, a Mussulman prince, had, at a large annual sacrifice, put an end to the slave trade in his dominions. His Highness said he had a great regard for the Imaum of Muscat; he was an excellent and a clever man, and he more than once repeated the high consideration in which he held him. I then [illegible] entertained [illegible] Frenchmen, among whom were Messrs. Vialdre and Thibaud, had [illegible] to their own

I have also heard that some foreigners of other nations are engaged in the same traffic; and, as soon as I can ascertain their names, and more conclusive facts, I shall submit them to their respective consuls-general in Egypt. I am, however, happy to say, that not one British subject is known to be engaged in this nefarious commerce.

Artin Bey, the interpreter of the Pacha, has just sent to me a letter, a copy of which I have the honour to forward to your Lordship, wherein he transmits to me the order of the Viceroy to Kourchid Pacha, the governor of Sennaar, and to the last paragraph of which I request to call your Lordship's attention, as the Pacha there says that, even if the abolition of the slave trade should require sacrifices on his part, he will be ready to make them.

I shall not fail to avail myself of this declaration of his Highness, when a future occasion shall require it.

(Signed) PATRICK CAMPBELL.

401. SPAIN (MILITARY AND NAVAL STORES).

A Return of the Naval Slops and Provisions issued from any of her Majesty's Victualling Yards to the respective Ships of War and Transports composing the Squadron of Lord John Hay on the North Coast of Spain, from the 1st of September, 1834, to the 1st of January, 1838, specifying the Quantities and the Money Value thereof, and the Quantities and Value of the said Naval Slops and Provisions issued either to the British Legion or to the Forces of her Majesty the Queen of Spain; and of the Periods to which the Captains' and Pursers' Slops and Provision Accounts of the Ships employed under Lord John Hay, between the 1st of September, 1834, and the 1st of January, 1838, have been received in Office, especially those of the Ships which have been paid off in this interval.

16th May.

Provisions.

Biscuit, 958,496 lbs.; rum, 33,847 gallons; port wine, 32 bottles; beef, 10,540 pieces of 8 lbs.; pork, 25,772 pieces, of 4 lbs.; fresh beef, 44,756 lbs.; tongues, 12; Vegetables, 16,561 lbs.; flour, 79,747 lbs.; suet, 3,931 lbs.; raisins, 8,379 lbs.; peas, 866 bushels; oatmeal, 5,676 bushels; sugar, 96,330 lbs.; tea, 18,431 lbs.; chocolate, 57,144 lbs.; Scotch barley, 47 lbs.; vinegar, 3,004 gallons; salt (white), 310 lbs. (bay), 100 lbs.; lemon juice, 3,312 lbs.; preserved meat, 180 lbs.; soup, quarter pints, 55.

Naval Slops.

Blue cloth jackets (No. 1.), 46; (No. 2.), 169; trowsers (No. 1.), 44; (No. 2.), 129; blue cloth for trowsers (No. 1.), 725; (No. 2), 3,162; duck, 11,325 yards; flannel waistcoats, 53; drawers, 176; flannel, 6,707 yards; worsted knitted jackets (white), 50; (blue), 441; worsted stockings, 4,430 pairs; caps, 435; blankets, 1,286; shirts, 1,844; blue cloth caps, 15; black silk handkerchiefs, 1,113; caps for boat's crew, 125; shoes, 2,587 pairs; Flushing jackets, 45; trowsers, 20; Flushing for jackets, 342 yards; for trowsers, 180 yards; marks of distinction (1st class), 67; (2d class), 51; boys' blue cloth jackets, 15; blue cloth trowsers, 25; stockings, 25 pairs; shoes, 20 pairs; beds, 571; religious books, Bibles, 5; Prayer Books, 30; Psalters, 30; Testaments, 15; Tracts, 60; tobacco, 15,148 lbs.; soap, 18,713 lbs.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT and BRITISH AUXILIARY LEGION.

Provisions.

Biscuit, 60,884 lbs.; rum, 1,586 gallons; beef, 1,363 pieces of 8 lbs.; pork, 919 pieces of 4 lbs.; fresh beef, 36,726 lbs.; vegetables, 14,659 lbs.; flour, 1,248 lbs.; suet, 892 lbs.; peas, 17 bushels; oatmeal, 23 bushels; sugar, 5,380 lbs.: tea, 418 lbs.; cocoa, 542 lbs.; chocolate, 2,805 lbs.; vinegar, 82 gallons; salt 42 lbs.; wood, 3 cords; coals, 11 tons; candles, 194 lbs.; soap, 119 lbs.; daily rations to persons victualled, 3,672.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	SPAIN (MILITARY AND NAVAL STORES)—*continued.*			

	Value.	
	Provisions.	Slops.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Squadron under the command of Lord John Hay	24,800 1 6	6,872 17 10
Spanish Government and British Auxiliary Legion	2,846 6 5	..

Mem. — All accounts of her Majesty's ships paid off that have been employed under Lord John Hay, as well as those of the ships still remaining under his orders, so far as accounts have been received, are included in this Return.
The supplies to the Spanish Government and British Auxiliary Legion are so mixed up in the receipts granted, that they cannot be separated, so as to show the separate value to each.

324. ——— A Return of the Amount of Military and Naval Stores, Arms, and Ammunition furnished to the Queen of Spain by her Majesty's Government, in continuance of the Return furnished by the Ordnance Department, dated 17th of February, 1837; recapitulating the Items of the former Return, under the two Heads of Spanish Government and Auxiliary Legion; of all Stores and the Value thereof, furnished since the 1st of September, 1834, by the Ordnance Department to the Naval Squadron under the Command of Lord John Hay; as well as to the Detachment of her Majesty's Royal Artillery, Royal Sappers and Miners, and Royal Marines, stating the extra Pay or any other Allowance received by the Officers and Men of the Ordinance Corps; as well as any Stores furnished for the Erection of Batteries on Shore, or Draught Cattle, or Forage for the Artillery employed on Shore; as well as any other Expenses defrayed by the Ordnance Department connected with the Naval or Military Service in Spain; Recapitulation of the Expense under each Head, and the Total Value of the same, and whether any Part of the Expense has been received by the Ordnance Department.*

26th April. *See* "Spain," &c., above.

* Conclusion of this detailed Return, following the account of stores and pay (total 554,454*l.*):—"No part of which has been received by the Ordnance Department.

SPAIN, WAR IN. Papers relative to the War in Spain, 1837 to 1839; viz.:—

Queen of Spain. ... advanced for the Use of the

2.
Account of Arms, Stores, &c. furnished by the British Government.

3.
Account of Supplies to and Expenses of Repairs of Spanish Vessels of War.

4.
Correspondence respecting Pay and Demands of the Officers of the British Legion.

5.
Contracts and Engagements of the Spanish Government with British Subjects serving under the Orders in Council.

6.
Correspondence relative to the raising in the United Kingdom of a Body of 10,000 Men.

7.
Correspondence about the Re-organisation of the British Legion.

8.
Correspondence about the Payment for Supplies furnished to the Spanish Government.

9.
Correspondence about the Atrocities of the War in Spain.

(Presented to the House of Lords by the Queen's command, August, 1838, in pursuance of their Lordships' Address to her Majesty on the 19th June, 1838.

See "BRITISH AUXILIARY LEGION."

242. SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES.

An Account of all Allowances or Compensation granted as Retired Allowances or Superannuations, in all Public Offices or Departments, which remained payable on the 1st January, 1837, the Annual Amount which was granted in the course of the Year 1837; the Annual Amount which ceased in the course of the Year 1837; and the Total Amount remaining payable on the 31st December, 1837. 26th March.

(Prepared in pursuance of the Act 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 24.)

(1.) Hire of "Prince Regent" and "Parmelia" transports, employed in bringing home men of the British Auxiliary Legion £ 1,281

Naval stores, supplies from H. M. Ships to forces of the Queen of Spain, including said Legion 84

Provisions for Spanish Government and said Legion 2,887

Medical charges 169

Surgical instruments and materials 572

Return from Ordnance Department (25th July, 1838), of supplies: — 321,600 musquets; 10,000 carbines; 3600 pistols; 10,000 swords; 4000 rifles; 6,000,000 small-arm cartridges; 29,028 cannon cartridges; 938,531 pounds of powder; 40,378 chests and barrels; 40 iron guns; 12 iron mortars; 28 travelling, 20 garrison, and 12 ammunition carriages, 28 shot and shell; 27,820 fuzees; 1000 tents; 1000 blankets; 2 bridges of pontoons, intrenching tools; one 18 pounder iron gun; six 18 pounder carronades, &c. &c.

Value, &c.: —

	£
Spanish Government	487,060
Auxiliary Legion	68,200
Artillery attached to the squadron under the command of Lord John Hay	971
	556,231
Extra pay to officers and men of Ordnance corps	1,000
	£ 557,231

Return from the Admiralty: — Stores supplied, expenses of repairs, &c. £ 3799

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
8	Superannuation Allowances — *continued.*	This account regards the 33 public departments and the 25 branches (Civil, Naval, and Military), recapitulated in the margin. The general result, showing the several annual amount of allowances, compensations, and superannuations referred to, may be ascertained by this table.		

Departments.	Compensation Allowances.				Superannuation Allowances.				Total.
	Annual Amount of Allowances which remained payable on January, 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances granted in 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances levied in year 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances which remained payable at 31st December, 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances which remained payable on 1st of January, 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances granted in year 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances ceased in the year 1837.	Annual Amount of Allowances which remained payable on 31st December, 1837.	Compensation and Superannuation Allowances payable on 31st December, 1837.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1. Treasury. 2. Privy Council Office. 3. Ditto for Trade. 4. Ditto for Ireland. 5. Secretary of State, Home Department. 6. Ditto, Foreign ditto. 7. Ditto, Colonial ditto. 8. Chief Secretary for Ireland. 9. Alien Office. 10. State Paper Office. 11. India Board. 12. Commander-in-Chief; Adjutant General; Quartermaster General; War Office; Judge Advocate General; Paymaster General; Comptrollers of Army Accounts; Army Medical Department; Chelsea Hospital; Royal Military College; Royal Military Asylum; Military Boards; Mustermaster General; Agent General of Local Militia, &c.; Agents for Foreign Half Pay and Army Hospitals, and Miscellaneous Allowances for Offices abolished; Commander of the Forces, Ireland; Adjutant General, Ireland; Quartermaster General, ditto; Kilmainham Hospital; Hibernian School; Late Office for Military Boards; Board of General Officers; Agents for Widows' Pensions, Half Pay and Deserters; Military Infirmary, Ireland; Yeomanry Brigade Majors. 13. Commissariat. 14. Ordnance. 15. Admiralty and subordinate Naval Departments. 16. Navy Pay Office (abolished). 17. Customs, United Kingdom. 18. Excise, ditto. 19. Stamps and Taxes, ditto. 20. Post Office, ditto. 21. Mint. 22. Audit Office, including Colonial Audit Office, &c. 23. Exchequer. 24. Exchequer Messengers attending First Lord of the Treasury and Chancellor of the Exchequer. 25. Paymaster of Civil Services. 26. National Debt Office. 27. Stationery Office. 28. Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues. 29. Convict Establishment. 30. Late Lottery Office. 31. Vice Treasurer and Teller of Exchequer, Ireland. 32. Miscellaneous Offices in Ireland, abolished. 33. Exchequer and other Offices in Scotland. 34. Consuls abroad.	381,394 5 5	19,865 6 7	20,096 9 6	331,923 2 6	362,389 18 11	34,189 6 5	34,198 11 8	362,376 13 8	693,561 16 2
Deductions in 1837, pursuant to [illegible] section of the Act 4 and 5 Will. IV. c. 24.								18,198 14 10	18,198 14 10
								[illegible]	[illegible]

that duty to place themselves in communication with the Chairman of the Select Committees on Private Bills in the House of Lords; and with the concurrence of that Noble Lord, and the sanction of a Committee appointed by the House of Lords, the Standing Orders of the two Houses have been assimilated in all those points where a difference in the orders has been productive of public inconvenience." They then set out the several (then) existing Standing Orders requiring compliance with Standing Orders to be proved before Sub-Committee — Standing Order Committee to determine. Printed copies to be lodged in Private Bill Office and filled up. Bills to be laid before Committee. Notice to be given of clauses in Report on third reading. Affidavits, Consents, and Notices (Ireland), &c. &c. And Committee report the various amendments they have, after due deliberation, agreed to recommend it to the House to adopt in the same, and other of the Standing Orders.

563. THAMES, RIVER. Reports from the Select Committee of the House of Lords appointed to inquire into the present State of the Laws which regulate the Carriage of Passengers for Hire upon the River Thames, and to consider and report, with the Evidence taken before them. (Session 1837 and 1837-8.) (Communicated from the Lords 15th May, 1838.) — 6th July. — The Committee state, under date 15th July, 1837, "that they have examined several witnesses (eight), but have not yet agreed to any Report." It appears from the evidence of Mr. Leighton Leith, the clerk, that the trade of the Company commenced on the 24th April, 1837: that up to the 10th July following, the River Steam Boats plying between Westminster Bridge (Surrey side), and Hungerford Market, and London Bridge, had carried 35,862 passengers; making the receipts of the Company, at 4*d.* per head, 54*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per week; and the average number of passengers, on this statement, 466 per diem.

548. THAMES TUNNEL. Copy of Mr. Walker's Report to the Treasury, on the Works at the Thames Tunnel. — 30th June.

Abstract of this Report, as respects Recommendations, Expenditure, and Estimate.

To agree with Mr. Brunel's proposal, to proceed forthwith with the works on the Middlesex side, and to execute works for securing success in the tunnel, in addition to those proposed by Mr. Brunel, if it be the resolution to complete the works of the Thames Tunnel without present inquiry as to cost:

Not to agree to proceed from the Middlesex side, if their Lordships entertain a doubt of the tunnel being practicable, and determine that that doubt shall be removed previous to the general resolution being come to:

To sanction the change of the navigable channel for ships from the north side, in advance of the tunnel, to the part over where the tunnel is already formed, and effectually to secure the ground in the difficult part of the river, by substituting clay, &c. for the present silth, and by piling, the whole expense of which may be taken at 10,000*l.*

	£
That the company's capital expended is	180,000
The advance of Exchequer bills expended is	84,000
The estimate for completing the tunnelling	150,000
And for the other works remaining to be done, and purchases	200,000
Making the total estimated cost of the works	£614,000

And that a liberal allowance to estimates should be added for contingencies, in a work of this uncertain nature.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Tithe Commissioners.	Report of the Tithe Commissioners for England and Wales, to her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, pursuant to the Act 6 and 7 Will. IV. c. 71. 1838. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by her Majesty's command.)		An excellent Report, in which some considerations applying to the operation of the present tithe system, which are usually beset with many technical difficulties, are discussed with great clearness; and rules laid down for future application, which seem well calculated to be satisfactory to all parties. The commissioners state that this report (dated May 1. 1838) consists of three parts. The first part "will relate to the increase or decrease (to the extent of one-fifth) of the amount of the tithe owner's receipts, where the tithes are commuted for rent charges; the second, to those cases reserved for special adjudication, in which the past receipts or compositions are to be altogether neglected; the third part, to the mode of estimating the tithe of coppice." The Report then divides itself into the following heads; namely, "On the increase or decrease of the receipts of tithe owners, where the tithes are commuted for rent charges;" "Special cases;" "Coppice." And to these are added, "Some remarks as to the proper mode of assessing the expenses incurred in certain processes of the commutation."
213.	Tithes, Commutation of.	A Return of all Agreements for the Commutation of Tithes which have been received by the Tithe Commissioners, from the several Counties of England and Wales, specifying the Time when received, and also whether the same has been confirmed or disallowed, or be still under Consideration, and specifying also, in each Case, the Amount of Rent Charge agreed to be paid in lieu of Tithe to the Clerical Incumbent, as well as the Gross Amount of Tithe or Composition which may by the Tithe Commissioners have been ascertained to have been received by such Incumbent on the Average of the Seven Years previous to Christmas, 1835: Also, a Return of the Sums which, in each Case of Commutation of Tithes, have been added to the Rent Charge, as an Equivalent for Rates and Taxes heretofore paid by the Tithe Payers.	15th March.	These are very detailed but not complete Returns for the 40 counties of England, and for 8 Welsh counties. For Anglesea, Glamorganshire, Merionethshire, and Caernarvonshire, no Returns are given. Taking the aggregate of the several Returns, it may be thus stated: —

	Composition and Rates.	Rent Charge.	Increase of Rent Charge.	Decrease of Rent Charge.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
England	139,052 12 4¼	140,709 10 9	2,718 19 0¾	1,062 0 8½
8 Counties of Wales	10,722 7 4¾	11,059 13 2½	353 16 0¾	16 10 3
	149,774 19 9½	151,769 3 11½	3,072 15 1½	1,078 10 11½

204.	Tithe Commutation. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	A Return of the Number of Cases of Commutation of Tithe, distinguishing those in which allowance has been made for the future liability of the [illegible] to rates.	26th July.	In commutations for tithes, no allowance is made for the future liability of the [illegible] to rates. [illegible] from heretofore paid [illegible] to the

of "The King v. [illegible]"

ing cases such an address was [illegible]

The cases follow this arrangement, and the particulars are set out under these columns, respectively: —

			Average Amount of Tithes, or Composition in lieu of Tithes, and Rates, during Seven Years preceding Christmas, 1835.				
	County.	Parish, Township, District, &c.	Net Amount of Tithes or Composition.	Rates when paid by Landowner.	Aggregate Amount of Tithes, or Composition, and Rates.	Rent Charge.	
866.	Tithe Commutation.	A Return of all Parishes where the Tithes have been commuted, under the Tithe Commutation Act, and where the Poor Rates, which have been added to the Composition to make up the Rent Charge, have been calculated on the Principle laid down in the case of "Rex. v. Joddrell."					6th July.

The Tithe Commissioners are not aware of more than one case in which the rates, added to the composition, have been calculated on the principle of Joddrell's case; but it is not possible for them to assert that other cases have not occurred, as they have not a knowledge, in all cases, of the principles on which assessments have been made.

W. Blamire.
T. Buller.
R. Jones.

4. Tithe Commutation Act. — Report of the Tithe Commissioners to the Right Honourable Lord John Russell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State. — 21st Nov., 1837.

"The whole number of agreements for the commutation of tithes," say the commissioners in their Report, dated Somerset House, 1st November, 1837, "received by us up to the 1st November in last year, is 652. An inspection of the numbers received during each separate month of the existence of the commission will show the progressive movement of voluntary commutation.

In October, 1836, one agreement was received.

November	10
December	29
January, 1837	36
February	33
March	39
April	65
May	54
June	52
July	74
August	70
September	69
October	120

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	TOBACCO — *continued.*			

No. 2. Number of Pounds Weight of Negrohead and other Tobaccos (see Titles in Margin), imported during same Period.

Ports into which imported.	Unmanufactured Tobacco.	Manufactured Tobacco and Cigars.	Snuff.	Total.	Countries from which imported.
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	All countries. From the United States of America, 26,353,973 lbs. unmanufactured negrohead, 409,566 lbs. cigars; from Cuba, 161,146 unmanufactured ditto, 165,722 lbs. cigars, &c. &c.
England (six ports) .	25,757,334	632,137	4,152¾	26,393,624	
Scotland (five ports) .	1,371,513	34	..	1,371,547	
Ireland (four ports) .	15,260	15	¼	15,276	
	27,144,107	632,186	4,153¼	27,780,447	

3.
An Account of the Number of Pounds Weight of Cut, Shag, and Roll Tobacco, Cigars, Rappee, Scotch, and Brown Scotch Snuff, respectively, sent out by Permit or Certificate, by the Manufacturers in the United Kingdom, in the Year ending 5th January, 1838; distinguishing the Quantities under each Denomination for England, Scotland, and Ireland.

4.
An Account of the Number of Pounds Weight of Leaf Tobacco, Tobacco Stalks, Returns of Tobacco, Cut, Shag, and Roll Tobacco, Cigars, Stalk, Flour, Rappee, Scotch, and Brown Scotch Snuff, and Snuff Work respectively, in the Stock of Manufacturers in the United Kingdom, on the 5th January, 1838; showing what Part of each was in Stock, and what in Operation; distinguishing the Quantities under each Denomination for England, Scotland, and Ireland.

Nos. 3. and 4.

	Sent out by Permit, Year ending 5th January, 1838.	In Stock of Manufacturers on 5th July, 1838.	In Operation on 5th January, 1838.
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
England	15,436,236	1,080,807	790,714
Scotland	2,595,574	108,489	142,969
Ireland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

the respective Ports of Importation, within the same Period, and the Total of each Quarter and Year.

No. 1.

Quantity entered for Home Consumption in the United Kingdom, for the Quarters ended 5th of April, 1837, to 5th of January, 1838, and the Gross Amount of Duty received thereon.

Unmanufactured Tobacco.	Manufactured Tobbaceo and Cigars.	Snuff.	Total.	Unmanufactured Tobacco.	Manufactured Tobacco and Cigars.	Snuff.	Total.
lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
22,504,344	144,608	351¼	22,649,303	3,375,125 0 3	65,077 2 3	105 17 1	3,440,307 19 7

Of which were entered —

	lbs.
England	15,456,840
Scotland	2,109,182
Ireland	5,083,281

Gross duty thereon being paid in the following proportions: —

	£	s.	d.
England	2,359,833	6	4
Scotland	317,329	6	3
Ireland	763,145	7	0

Rate of duty per lb. on tobacco in the year ended 5th of January, 1838.

	s.	d.
Unmanufactured, viz. — Of any British possession in America	2	9
Of any other place	3	0
Manufactured tobacco and cigars	9	0
Snuff	6	0

From hence it appears that, notwithstanding the vast consumption of cigars in the metropolis and all the manufacturing towns and districts of the kingdom, the quantity of genuine or foreign cigars, not smuggled, which is actually imported for home consumption, bears no greater proporton to the quantity of tobacco imported in leaf, than 1 lb. in 156 lbs.

2.

An Account of the Number of Pounds Weight of unmanufactured Tobacco, manufactured Tobacco called Negrohead, Cigars, and Snuffs, imported into England, Scotland, and Ireland, from the United States of America, and all other Parts, in the Year 1837, ending 5th January, 1838; distinguishing the Quantities of each Denomination imported into the respective Ports of the United Kingdom, and from whence it came; describing the Quantity of unmanufactured Tobacco, manufactured Tobacco called Negrohead, manufactured Cigars and Snuff, and total Amount of the same.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Tobacco — *continued.*			

No. 2. Number of Pounds Weight of Negrohead and other Tobaccos (see Titles in Margin), imported during same Period.

Ports into which imported.	Unmanufactured Tobacco.	Manufactured Tobacco and Cigars.	Snuff.	Total.	Countries from which imported.
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.	All countries. From the United States of America, 26,353,973 lbs. unmanufactured negrohead, 409,566 lbs. cigars; from Cuba, 161,146 unmanufactured ditto, 165,722 lbs. cigars, &c. &c.
England (six ports) .	25,757,334	632,137	4,152⅞	26,393,624	
Scotland (five ports) .	1,371,513	34	..	1,371,547	
Ireland (four ports) .	15,260	15	⅛	15,276	
	27,144,107	632,186	4,153⅛	27,780,447	

3.

An Account of the Number of Pounds Weight of Cut, Shag, and Roll Tobacco, Cigars, Rappee, Scotch, and Brown Scotch Snuff, respectively, sent out by Permit or Certificate, by the Manufacturers in the United Kingdom, in the Year ending 5th January, 1838; distinguishing the Quantities under each Denomination for England, Scotland, and Ireland.

4.

An Account of the Number of Pounds Weight of Leaf Tobacco, Tobacco Stalks, Returns of Tobacco, Cut, Shag, and Roll Tobacco, Cigars, Stalk, Flour, Rappee, Scotch, and Brown Scotch Snuff, and Snuff Work respectively, in the Stock of Manufacturers in the United Kingdom, on the 5th January, 1838; showing what Part of each was in Stock, and what in Operation; distinguishing the Quantities under each Denomination for England, Scotland, and Ireland.

Nos. 3. and 4.

	Sent out by Permit, Year ending 5th January, 1838.	In Stock of Manufacturers on 5th July, 1838.	In Operation on 5th January, 1838.
	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
England	15,636,236	1,020,807	700,714
Scotland	2,525,774	108,086	122,989
Ireland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[redacted]

tered for Debts not exceeding 40s., and such as are entered for Debts exceeding 40s., and not exceeding 5l.

For the year 1829 . . .
1830 . . . 28,375
1831 . . . 27,388
1833 . . . 15,744
1834 . . . 13,688
1835 . . . 11,744

Total number of causes entered for debts above 40s, and not exceeding 5l. : —

For the year 1833 . . . 2,816
1834 . . . 2,533
1835 . . . 2,097

69. TRADE AND NAVIGATION. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)

Accounts relating to the Trade and Navigation of the United Kingdom; viz. : — 20th Feb.

1.

An Account of the Imports of the principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise of the Consumption of such Articles, and of the Customs Duties received thereon, in the Year ended 5th January, 1838, compared with the Imports, Consumption, and Receipts of the preceding Year, ended 5th January, 1837.

(1). This Table is thus classed : —

Articles.*	Quantities imported.		Quantities entered for Home Consumption.		Gross Amount of Duty received.	
	Year ended 5th January, 1837.	Year ended 5th January, 1838.	Year ended 5th January, 1837.	Year ended 5th January, 1838.	Year ended 5th January, 1837.	Year ended 5th January, 1838.

* For the amounts of importations of the principal of the articles enumerated in this paper, see Art. "FINANCE ACCOUNTS" (No. 240. p. 6424.).

2.

An Account of the Exports of the principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise, in the Year ended 5th January, 1838, compared with the Exports of the preceding Year, ended 5th January, 1837.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
		3.		(3).
	TRADE AND NAVIGATION — *continued.*	An Account of the Exports of the principal Articles of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures, in the Year ended 5th January, 1838, compared with the Exports of the preceding Year, ended 5th January, 1837.		

Articles.	Declared Value of the Exportations in the Year ended 5th January,	
	1837.	1838.
	£	£
Coals and culm	532,861	431,780
Cotton manufactures	18,511,692	13,625,464
—— yarn	6,120,366	6,953,467
Earthenware	837,774	558,682
Glass	553,384	474,532
Hardwares and cutlery	2,271,313	1,458,666
Linen manufactures	3,645,497	2,613,298
Metals; viz., Iron and steel	2,342,674	2,069,865
Copper and brass	1,072,344	1,181,732
Lead	224,981	156,009
Tin, in bars	61,847	76,316
Tin plates	368,843	347,433
Salt	173,923	192,969
Silk manufactures	917,822	494,569
Sugar, refined	698,190	602,377
Wool, sheep's or lambs'	332,374	190,657
Woollen manufactures	7,998,044	4,993,313
Total of the foregoing articles	46,463,529	36,421,129

	4.		(4).
		An Account of the Gross and Net Produce of the Duties of Customs, in the Year ended 5th January, 1838, compared with the Produce of the preceding Year, ended 5th January, 1837.	

	Year ended 5th January, 1837.	Year ended 5th January, 1838.
	£	£
Gross receipt of duties inwards	23,667,235	22,688,806
duties outwards	128,060	98,102
Total gross receipt of Custom duties	23,795,295	22,786,908
Payments out of gross receipt for Drawbacks and bounties; viz.,—		
on British refined sugar	555,874	406,948
on other articles	253,785	179,290
Allowances on Quantities over-entered, damages, &c.	118,066	107,581
[illegible] gross receipt		

entered inwards and cleared outwards, in the Year ending the 5th January, 1838, compared with the Entrances and Clearances in the preceding Year, ended the 5th January, 1837, stated exclusively of Vessels in Ballast, and of those employed in the Coasting Trade, or the Trade between Great Britain and Ireland.

No. 5.

Countries to which the Vessels belonged.	Entered inwards.				Cleared outwards.			
	Year ended 5th January, 1837.		Year ended 5th January, 1838.		Year ended 5th January, 1837.		Year ended 5th January, 1838.	
	Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.
United Kingdom and its Dependencies. . . .	11,644	2,250,173	12,252	2,346,300	10,216	1,828,501	10,614	1,861,121
To all Foreign Parts . .	5,959	882,194	5,861	869,529	4,438	667,016	4,912	716,897
Total .	17,603	3,132,367	18,113	3,215,829	14,654	2,495,517	15,526	2,578,018

6. An Account of the Number and Tonnage of Vessels which entered inwards and cleared outwards with Cargoes, at the several Ports of the United Kingdom, in the Year ended the 5th January, 1838, compared with the Entrances and Clearances of the preceding Year, ended the 5th January, 1837; distinguishing the Vessels employed in the Intercourse between Great Britain and Ireland from other Coasters.

Coasting Trade.	Entered inwards.				Cleared outwards.			
	Year ended 5th January, 1837.		Year ended 5th January, 1838.		Year ended 5th January, 1837.		Year ended 5th January, 1838.	
	Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.	Ships.	Tonnage.
Employed in the intercourse between Great Britain and Ireland . . .	9,820	1,179,062	10,299	1,202,104	14,725	1,490,788	16,367	1,585,624
Other Coasting Vessels .	113,975	9,158,483	117,712	9,207,266	118,616	9,271,902	122,443	9,315,563
Total .	123,795	10,337,545	128,011	10,409,370	133,341	10,762,690	138,790	10,901,187
Increase .	4126 ships. 71,820 tons.				Increase .	5449 ships. 138,499 tons.		

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
308.	VACCINE INSTITUTION.	Copy of the last Report from the National Vaccine Establishment to her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department. (Presented to Parliament by her Majesty's command.)	11th April.	"The amount of deaths by small-pox this year, within the bills of mortality, has been less than in any former one since vaccination was first promulgated; but we are sorry to say that the disease has prevailed with its usual mortality in several parts of the country. "The apathy under which some thoughtless people wait until danger from small-pox be at their very door, the unreasonable distrust of others of the protective power of vaccination (notwithstanding the satisfactory experience of more than forty years over millions of mankind), and the artful schemes of unworthy inoculators, who avail themselves of such ill-grounded fears — all these circumstances contribute to countenance and to keep up the practice of inoculation; by which a perpetual source of contagion is supplied, to the great danger of those who have not already had the disease, or have not been vaccinated properly. "A notion has been entertained by not a few, that the vaccine matter has lost its influence by time; but this is not supported by the analogy of any other poison. The virus of small-pox, itself, has lost nothing of its force in the course of 200 years; and we are enabled to state a strong fact, with perfect confidence, in proof of the efficacy of the vaccine matter at present, viz., that of more than 70,000 vaccinated in descent with successive portions of the matter originally collected by Dr. Jenner, thirty-eight years ago, vaccination has manifested its peculiar influence in all; though of this number some hundreds have been subjected to the severest trials by exposure to small-pox in its most fatal form. "No, it has not worn out its protecting property."
386.	VALIDITY OF WILLS. PROBATE OF WILLS.	1. A Return for the last ten Years of the Number of Suits in the Ecclesiastical Courts, touching the Validity of Wills, Codicils, and other Testamentary Papers; distinguishing whether the Papers in dispute were Holographs or otherwise, or attested or unattested, and in what Courts the same shall have been decided; distinguishing those in which the Testamentary Papers were or were not established; specifying, also, the Number of Decisions from which Appeals were brought; and distinguishing the Cases in which the Documents forming the groundwork of the Suits were Holograph or otherwise.	14th May.	Detailed Returns, occupying forty-six pages.
		2. A Return for the Years 1834, 1835, and 1836, from the several Provincial, Diocesan, and Archidiaconal Courts of England and Wales. 1. Of the whole Number [illegible]		

Return of the Number of Persons charged with Criminal Offences, who were committed to the different Gaols in New South Wales and in * Van Diemen's Land, and the Dependencies thereof, for Trial at the Assizes or Sessions held for the several Counties or Circuits and Towns therein during the last Seven Years; distinguishing the Number in each Year, and showing the Nature of the Crimes respectively of which they were convicted or acquitted, and with which those were charged against whom no Bills were found, and who were not prosecuted; the Sentences of those convicted, and the Number of those executed who received Sentences of Death, distinguishing Males from Females, so far as relates to New South Wales.

21st May.

* The return relative to Van Diemen's Land ordered by the House of Commons to be printed, May 3. 1837. No. 268.

Explanatory Recapitulation of the Return.

Year.	Total.												Received Sentence of Death.			
	Committed for Trial.		How subsequently disposed of.				Sentences passed on those convicted.						How disposed of.			
			Convicted.	Acquitted.	Not prosecuted.	Admitted to Bail	Death.		Transportation.		Hard Labour, Imprisonment, Factory and Fines.		Executed.		Commuted or reprieved.	
	M.	F.					M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1829	478	34	266	131	74	41	68	1	112	6	69	10	52	..	5	1
1830	406	44	269	109	26	46	44	..	120	5	87	13	50	..	5	..
1831	524	45	338	170	21	40	82	..	110	6	120	20	32	..	44	..
1832 *	556	68	368	177	32	47	63	..	147	1	152	5	12	..	50	..
1833	656	71	439	180	43	65	63	..	162	9	182	23	31	..	37	..
1834	903	100	590	301	22	90	78	2	298	19	157	36	44	..	36	2
1835	959	123	685	309	53	35	86	..	368	30	162	39	38	..	48	..

* The crimes for which these numbers were severally committed, &c., will be found in the Table in next page.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	VAN DIEMEN'S LAND, &c. —*continued.*			

Memorandum.—In the preceding Table, it will be observed that the number of criminals "executed" in some years, exceeds the number sentenced to death in the corresponding year. This is occasioned by prisoners having been tried, and sentence passed, in the latter end of one year, but not executed till the beginning of the year following.

Crimes for which the Numbers stated in preceding Table were severally committed, &c.	Committed for Trial.		How subsequently disposed of.				Sentences passed on those convicted.						Executed.	
			Convicted.	Acquitted.	Not prosecuted.	Acquitted on Bail.	Death.		Transported.		Labour, Imprisonment.			
	M.	F.					M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Murder	144	13	94	56	6	1	65	2	26	..	1	..	50	..
Attempt to Murder	115	9	70	50	4	..	46	..	21	2	1	..	24	..
Manslaughter	27	1	9	14	2	3	..	..	5	1	3	..	..	..
Rape	59	3	35	22	2	2	19	..	10	.	5	1	7	..
Unnatural Offence	24	..	12	7	4	1	4	..	3	..	5	..	1	..
Arson	23	..	9	13	1	..	5	..	4	..	..	..	3	..
Forgery	76	3	53	16	5	5	4	..	45	..	4	..	1	..
Highway Robbery, Bushranging, &c.	511	8	379	191	34	5	168	..	180	5	25	1	77	..
Cattle, Horse, and Sheep stealing	394	4	220	131	23	24	22	..	191	..	6	1	11	..
Burglary	243	2	175	64	4	2	42	..	107	..	26	..	28	..
Perjury	64	7	26	16	12	17	..	..	20	2	3	1	..	..
Piracy and Revolt	46	..	34	12	..	..	..	..	34	..	..	..	..	..
Larceny, &c.	2253	348	1497	731	150	223	109	1	590	51	645	101	49	..
Misdemeanour, Assault	503	87	342	143	24	81	..	..	81	15	229	37	..	..

61. VAN DIEMEN'S LAND. Copies of Papers relative to the Claim of William and Andrew Forlong, in Van Diemen's Land.

Dec. 21.

1.

Copy of a Despatch from Mr. Under Secretary Hay to Lieutenant-Governor Arthur, dated Downing Street, 1st of July, 1835 (three inclosures).

2.

Copy of a Despatch from Mr. Under Secretary Hay to

This correspondence consists of copy of a despatch from Mr. Under Secretary Hay to Lieutenant-Governor Arthur, dated Downing Street, 1st of July, 1835 (three inclosures).

Copy of a despatch from Mr. Under Secretary Hay to Lieutenant-Governor Arthur, dated Downing Street, 22d of July, 1835 (two inclosures).

Copy of a despatch from Lieutenant-Governor Arthur to Mr. Under Secretary Hay, dated Van Diemen's Land, Government House, 29th of January, 1836 (three inclo-

James Or-

		4. Copy of a Letter from Sir George Grey, Bart., to James Oswald, Esq., M.P., Downing Street, 5th August, 1836.		
277.	VENTILATION OF THE HOUSE.	Copy of a Letter from Dr. Reid to the Viscount Duncannon, in reply to Observations addressed to his Lordship by Sir Frederick Trench.	4th April.	These papers are not of a nature to call for an abstract of their contents. The object of Dr. Reid may be said to have been, in the main, well executed, so far as regarded the better ventilation; and that of Sir Frederick Trench, in what related to the lighting of the House.
204.	———	Copy of a Letter from Sir Frederick Trench to Lord Viscount Duncannon, on the Subject of ventilating the House of Commons, with Lord Duncannon's Answer.	13th March.	This correspondence relates to the very ingenious suggestion, now practically acted on, of Sir Frederick Trench, for improving the lighting and ventilation of the House of Commons.
358.	VENTILATION AND LIGHTING OF THE HOUSE.	1. Copy of a Letter from Sir Frederick Trench to Lord Viscount Duncannon, on the Subject of Ventilation and Lighting the House of Commons, dated Brighton, 22d of April, 1838. 2. Copy of a Letter addressed by Sir Frederick Trench to Lord Duncannon, dated 6th of May, 1838, containing further Observations relative to the Mode of ventilating the House of Commons proposed by Dr. Reid.	4th and 7th May.	
	VIXEN.	Further Papers (A) relating by the Seizure and Confiscation of the "Vixen" by the Russian Government. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of of her Majesty, 1838.)		The papers in the collection marked (A) were noticed in the "Abstract," *Mirror of Parliament*, Session, 1837.
		Further Papers (B) relating to the Seizure and Confiscation of the "Vixen" by the Russian Government. (Presented to the House of Commons by the Queen's command, June, 1838, in pursuance of their Address to her Majesty of the 18th of June, 1838.)		In the collection (B) neither the letter of N. Bouteneff, the Russian envoy to the Porte, to M. Mandeville, 1st of July, 1831, nor the despatch addressed by the Russian Ministers to the Russian Envoy at Constantinople (dated Zarskol Selo, 8th of August, 1838) appears to contribute any new light as to the facts, or to assign any ground of justification for the seizure of the Vixen.

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
453.	WATERLOO FUND.	1. Copy of the Application of the Trustees of the Waterloo Fund to the Commissioners of the National Debt for the Transfer of the Waterloo Annuities. 2. Statement of the Distribution and Management of the Waterloo Fund.	7th June.	(1.) Signed "George Hathorn, Chairman," and dated "Waterloo Subscription Office, London, 24th of May, 1838." Total amount of receipts . . £961,387 16 5 Total amount of payments . 946,757 6 0 And 13,000*l.* Exchequer Bills in hand, cost . . 13,411 18 9 960,169 4 9 Balance of cash in hands of Messrs. Smith, Payne, and Smith . . . 1,218 11 8 £961,387 16 5
103.	WATERFORD MAIL.	A Return of the Hour at which the English and South Wales Mail was delivered in Waterford, from 10th of December, 1836, to 10th of June, 1837. A like Return from 10th of June, 1837, to 10th of December, 1837. Returns of the Names of Vessels employed each Day in this Service, and the Number of Hours employed in each Passage during the above time. Of the Distance from Hobbs's Point to Waterford Quay. Of the Horse Power of each Packet employed in the above Service. Of the Gross Amount of all Postage charged on all Letters forwarded by the Waterford Packets from the 5th of October, 1836, to 5th of October, 1837. Of the Amount of Postage received up to 5th of October, 1837, on Account of the additional Halfpenny per Letter charged on Irish Letters for improving the Roads in South Wales.	2d Feb.	Very detailed returns, of no general interest. The swiftest passage of which there is any minute, is that of the Jasper, on the 13th of April, 1837, which was made from Hobbs's Point to Waterford in 8 h. and 18 m.; distance 107 statute miles, or 93 nautical miles.
90.	WEAVER, RIVER.	An Account showing the Amount received for Tonnage Dues on the River Weaver and the Weston Canal, for each Year from the Year 1795, inclusive, to the present	23d Jan.	Detailed account, in 10 columns.

A Return of the Produce imported from the West Indies and Mauritius into the United Kingdom, from 1st day of January, 1837, to 1st day of January, 1838.

In continuation of Sessional Paper No. 298. of 1836, and of a similar Paper in 1837 (No. 370.).

15th May.

No. 1. An Account of the Quantities of Sugar imported into the United Kingdom from the West Indies and the Mauritius, and the Parts of those Quantities re-entered for Exportation, between the 5th January, 1837, and the 5th January, 1838; distinguishing the Proportions received from each Colony respectively; —and the like of other West Indian Produce.

Colonies from which imported.	Sugar (unrefined).	Rum.	Molasses.	Coffee.	Cotton.	Cocoa.	Ginger.	Pimento.	Arrow Root.	Tobacco (unmanufactured).	Tobacco (manufactured) and Snuff.
	Cwts.	Gallons (including Overproof).	Cwts.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Cwts.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.
West Indies; namely,—Antigua, Barbadoes, Dominica, Grenada, Jamaica, Montserrat, Nevis, St. Christopher, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Tortola, Trinidad, Bahamas, Bermudas, Demerara, Berbice, Honduras.											
Total	3,306,408	..	575,857	15,577,888	1,595,702	..	..	..	349,590	..	1,493
Mauritius	537,455	..	440	68	45,125	..	..	..	581	..	16
Total of the Importations from the above Colonies	3,843,863	4,412,971	576,097	15,577,956	1,640,827	1,847,145	10,858	2,026,116	350,171	1,920	1,509
Proportion thereof re-exported - West India	11,080	1,124,192	1,627	658,431	20,531	88,906	99	1,237,768	24,151	..	394
Proportion thereof re-exported - Mauritius	5,065										

Colonies from which imported.	Indigo.	Succades.	Liqueurs (including Shrub).	Dyewoods, &c.					Mahogany.	Spars.	Bark (not for Tanning or Dyeing).
				Cedar	Logwood.	Nicaragua.	Fustic.	Brazilletto.			
	Lbs.	Lbs.	Gallons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Hds. Qrs.	Lbs.
From the several British West Indian Colonies, &c.	..	58,416	2994								
Mauritius	..	528	43								
Total of the importations from the above colonies	351,227	58,944	3037	855	5894	81	1766	58	26,014	220 26	514
Proportion thereof re-exported	171,391	117	163	67	2984	..	69	..	1,500	..	595

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
682.	West India Prisons Bill.	Copies of the Protest of the Agents of Jamaica, addressed to Lord Glenelg, 21st of July, 1838, in relation to a Bill, intituled, "An Act for the better Government of Prisons in the West Indies."	6th Aug.	Mr. Burge, in his protest, affirms that the Bill "directly invades the rights of the Jamaica Legislature, by legislating on subjects of which that Legislature has the peculiar and appropriate cognisance." Dated "Lincoln's Inn, 21st of July, 1838."
	West Indies (Sickness and Mortality).	Statistical Report on the Sickness, Mortality, and Invaliding among the Troops in the West Indies, prepared from the Records of the Army Medical Department and War Office Returns. (Presented to both Houses of Parliament by command of her Majesty.)		A long and very elaborate Report, illustrated by synoptical tables and abstracts; the whole Report and illustrative statements and returns, of the careful and perspicuous arrangement of which it is impossible to speak in terms of sufficient praise. A single sentence in Captain Tullock's interesting "Introduction" to the Report will afford some idea of the labour, if it cannot convey any measure of the observation and ability, brought to bear on the preparation of this volume. "In October, 1835, the Secretary at War deemed it requisite that an inquiry should be instituted into the extent and causes of the sickness and mortality among the troops in the West Indies, with the view of founding thereon such measures as might appear likely to diminish the great loss of life annually experienced in these colonies. At this period there existed no public document which could at once supply that information for a series of years; and though the number of deaths might have been ascertained by a compilation from the War Office Returns, that fact, unaccompanied by a detail of the diseases, as well as the extent of sickness which prevailed, would have afforded a very inadequate idea of the magnitude of the evil, or the causes by which it was induced. "Under these circumstances, it became necessary to refer to a very voluminous series of Returns and Reports, containing an historical record of the medical transactions in the British army since 1816, when first established by Sir James M'Grigor, the Director General; but as these documents extended over upwards of 160 folio volumes, and had been accumulating at the Army Medical Board for a period of twenty years, it became necessary that the investigation should be committed to persons who were conversant with statistical details, and had been in the habit of condensing the results derivable from masses of figures into a succinct and comprehensive form."
564.	Window Duty.	Return of the Duty on Windows, assessed for the twelve Towns in England which contribute the largest Amount.	6th July.	Bath . . . . £18,325 19 2 Birmingham . . . 7,496 19 1 Brighton . . . 11,132 5 0 Bristol . . . 11,697 8 8 Cambridge Town . . . 3,861 19 7 Cheltenham . . . 5,340 6 3 Clifton . . . 4,827 11 7 Leeds . . . 5,028 18 3 Liverpool . . . 21,467 14 9 Manchester . . . 12,373 4 2 Norwich . . . 4,753 19 11 Portsmouth . . . 3,685 12 6
542.	Wine, Foreign.	1. An Account of the Quantities of all Foreign Wines re-	26th June.	

Quantities remaining in Warehouse under Bond: Of these statements the following is that for the quantities, &c. on 5th January 1838.						Canary.	Fayal	and other			
At the Port of London . .	361,628	412,493	2,838,617	2,200,980	244,277	29,024	145,827	760	136,618	83,038	6,453,262
At the other ports of the United Kingdom.	235,599	158,005	1,997,766	1,517,776	67,682	7,974	61,416	3,100	224,867	..	4,274,185
Total . .	597,227	570,498	4,836,383	3,718,756	311,959	36,998	207,243	3,860	361,485	83,038	10,727,447

2.

An Account of the Number of Proof Gallons of Rum, Brandy, Geneva, and other Foreign, Colonial, or Jersey Spirits imported; of the Quantities upon which Duty has been paid for Home Consumption, the Quantities exported, and the Quantities shipped as Stores, and used by the Navy, for the Year ending 5th of January, 1838, compared with the preceding Years 1836 and 1837; together with the Quantities remaining in Bond on the 5th of January, 1836, 1837, and 1838; distinguishing London from the Country.

From No. 2. we extract the Accounts for 1838 only.

	Rum.	Brandy.	Geneva.	Other foreign and colonial Spirits.	Spirits mixed in bond.	Spirits of Guernsey and Jersey.	Total.
Including overproof.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
Quantities imported, for the year ending 5th January, 1838	4,613,095	2,092,125	294,019	85,220	..	16,721	7,101,180
Quantities retained for home consumption, for the year ending 5th January, 1838 . .	3,184,255	1,208,646	18,234	13,330	..	25,099	4,449,564
Quantities exported, for the year ending 5th January, 1838	1,174,273	640,729	251,023	61,669	113,511	70	2,241,275
Shipped as stores, for the year ending 5th January, 1838	340,534	110,114	21,652	831	..	..	472,631
Delivered for the use of the Navy, for the year ending 5th January, 1838 . . .	308,136	..	..	..	..	..	308,136
Quantities remaining in warehouse under bond, on 5th January, 1838.							
At the port of London . . .	1,175,695	927,619	8,752	36,675	21,480	6,422	2,176,643
At the other ports of the United Kingdom .	1,397,932	754,577	41,953	16,088	..	8,593	2,219,143
Total . .	2,573,627	1,682,196	50,705	52,763	21,480	15,015	4,395,786

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
369.	Wine, Foreign.	An Account of the Number of Gallons of Foreign Wine imported, of the Quantities upon which Duty has been paid for Home Consumption, the Rate of Duty, and the Quantities exported; also, the Quantities retained for Home Consumption, after deducting the Amount exported, subsequent to the Payment of Duty for the Year ended the 5th January, 1838, compared with the preceding Years 1836 and 1837; distinguishing Cape, French, Portugal, Spanish, Madeira, Rhenish, Canary, Fayal, Sicilian, and other Sorts.	7th May.	

United Kingdom.	Years ending 5th January,		
	1836.	1837.	1838.
	Gallons.	Gallons.	Gallons.
Total Quantities imported *	9,039,551	9,406,083	8,033,480
Total Quantities upon which Duty has been paid for Home Consumption	6,640,533	7,036,248	5,564,831
Quantities exported.			
French	113,236	99,112	106,935
Portugal	475,084	381,026	199,518
Spanish	692,730	645,822	492,345
Madeira	179,735	152,368	148,107
Canary	214,393	245,192	258,434
Fayal, Cape, Rhenish, Sicilian, and other Sorts, mixed in bond	198,403	159,004	129,454
	1,873,581	1,674,524	1,334,793
Total Quantities retained for Home Consumption, after deducting the Amount exported subsequently to the Payment of Duty	6,420,342	6,809,212	6,391,560
Rates of Duty per Gallon	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
Cape	2 9	2 9	2 9
Other Sorts	5 6	5 6	5 6

* Of which, in 1838, French, 725,140 gals.
Portugal, 2,693,365 do.
Spanish, 2,802,583 do.
Madeira, 289,400 do.

Note.—In 1837, the quantities were, of—

Spain	4,089,235
Portugal	3,164,244

340.	Wool and Woollen Manufactures.	1. An Account of the Quantity of Sheep and Lambs' Wool imported into the United Kingdom in the Year 1837;	1st May.	

specifying the Countries from which it came, the Quantity that paid a Duty of 1*d.* per Pound, and the Quantity that paid a Duty of ½*d.* per Pound; of the Quantity of Foreign Wool re-exported during the same Period, and the Countries to which it was sent, and of the Quantity remaining warehoused under Bond on the 5th of January, 1838.

No. 1.

Quantities of Sheep and Lambs' Wool imported into the United Kingdom.	1837.	Quantity of foreign Sheep and Lambs' Wool retained for Home Consumption.	1837.
The largest imports were from the following places:—	lbs.	Charged with duty, at 1*d.* per lb.	lbs. 22,554,285
Russia	6,114,945	Ditto at ½*d.* per lb.	10,529,141
Germany	19,705,492	Ditto at 6*d.* per lb. (being red wool)	2,611
Spain	2,244,817	Duty free (being the produce of British possessions)	9,429,762
Turkey	2,277,775		
New South Wales	4,606,915	Total quantity retained for home consumption	42,515,899
Van Diemen's Land	2,453,610		
States of the Rio de la Plata	2,207,951	Quantities of foreign sheep and lambs' wool re-exported to various parts.	
Peru	1,914,751	Total quantity re-exported	2,831,352
These, with the importations from all other foreign wool-growing countries (not here included in above recital), make the total of foreign wool	48,379,708	Quantity of foreign sheep and lambs' wool remaining warehoused under bond on the 5th of January, 1838	9,078,267
Produce of the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, and Man	8,584		
Total quantity imported	48,388,292		

2.

An Account of the Quantity of British Sheep and Lambs' Wool, and Woollen Yarn, exported from the United Kingdom in the Year 1837; specifying the Countries to which they were sent.

No. 2.

Countries to which exported.	1837.	
	Sheep and Lambs' Wool.	Woollen and Worsted Yarn, (including Yarn of Wool or Worsted mixed with other Materials).
	lbs.	lbs.
To all foreign states, and the Isles of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, and Man	2,647,874	2,513,718

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
	Wool, &c. — *continued.*	3. An Account of British Woollen Manufactures exported from the United Kingdom in the Year 1837.		

No. 2.

Countries to which exported. (Of these foreign states, the principal of our customers, taking the declared value in each case above 70,000*l.*)	Cloths of all Sorts.	Napped Coatings, Duffels, &c.	Kerseymeres.	Baizes of all Sorts.	Stuffs, Woollen, or Worsted.	Flannel.	Blankets and Blanketing.	Carpets and Carpeting.	Woollens mixed with Cotton.	Hosiery; viz. Stockings, Woollen, or Worsted.	Sundries; consisting of Hosiery not otherwise described, Rugs, Coverlids, Tapes, and Small Wares.	Declared Value of British Woollen Manufactures exported from the United Kingdom.
	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Pieces.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Yards.	Doz. Pairs.	£	£
Russia	2,691	9	219	10	33,884	6,902	9,790	13,424	20,162	157 0	146	103,159
Germany	6,073	11,909	3,834	375	367,373	351,274	11,140	46,951	264,557	1,847 0	9,212	725,607
Holland	1,336	5,165	821	13,908	85,964	238,229	1,365	33,565	35,104	13,066 0	3,683	265,876
Belgium	3,797	4,415	309	83	59,748	242,712	3,560	8,332	100,754	8,423 6	1,679	144,455
Portugal, Azores, and Madeira	22,330	452	1,318	10,883	23,030	16,218	5,204	7,375	35,950	83 0	1,927	201,232
Italy	8,496	..	1,195	..	66,913	6,204	2,834	25,362	106,000	343 0	3,117	178,655
East Indies and China	66,002	..	165	345	77,912	72,078	44,188	4,534	38,140	859 0	3,904	480,091
New South Wales, Van Diemen's Land, Swan River, and Southern Australia	3,583	18	681	159	4,897	67,916	156,226	35,232	10,831	2,290 0	5,515	75,660
British Colonies in North America	52,009	329	598	197	33,287	354,467	341,332	132,509	46,460	18,345 8	18,175	392,079
British West Indies	9,735	143	216	5,751	16,991	56,613	197,578	3,306	11,660	2,984 6	9,598	125,702
United States of America	126,946	59	4,621	95	127,381	85,134	1,291,112	276,778	136,939	19,949 4	16,403	1,045,379
Brasil	24,253	20	994	6,116	18,547	1,980	152,193	11,951	66,911	852 0	4,866	182,428
Mexico and the States of South America	39,676	..	5,925	2,736	23,920	24,036	17,010	91,984	73,330	3,065 0	3,072	367,858
(All other foreign countries, not above recited, *included*) Total	387,785	23,605	22,930	43,477	1,041,636	1,685,457	2,451,683	753,964	1,051,972	74,947 0	92,617	4,655,977

477.	Writs of Trial (Law Courts, Westminster).	1. A Return of the Number of Writs of Trial, since the passing of the 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 42., with the Number of Applications for new Trials thereon, and the Results thereof in each Case.	13th June.	Detailed Returns from each of her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer.

2.
A Return of the Number of Causes tried in the Superior Courts at Westminster, in One Year ending Hilary Term and Sittings, 1838; showing the Number of Verdicts under 20*l.*, the Number from 20*l.* to 50*l.*, and the Number of Verdicts subject to Arbitration.

95. YEOMANRY CAVALRY. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) — Copy of a Circular issued for the Reduction of Yeomanry Cavalry, and of the Return of the Number of Corps proposed to be reduced in each County. — 12th March.

159. ——— (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) — Correspondence between the Secretary of State for the Home Department and the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Hertford, relative to the Reduction of Yeomanry in that County. — 11th May.

104. ——— (H. of Lords' Pr. P.) — Return of the Number of Troops or Corps or Regiments of effective Yeomanry of Great Britain, according to the last Muster Roll, stating the Names of the Commanding Officers, and stating the Reduction intended to take Place in each Corps or Regiments. — 19th March. — A Return of forty-six regiments retained or partly retained.

224. ——— — Copy of the Circular issued for the Reduction of Yeomanry Cavalry; and, also, a Return of the Number of Corps to be reduced in each County, and of the Number of Corps to be retained in each County. — 20th March. — This has already appeared before the public in different publications.

247. ——— — Statement relating to Yeomanry Cavalry in Great Britain. (Presented by Her Majesty's command). — 27th March.

	Corps.	Troops.	Privates.
Number of corps, troops, and privates, before the disbandment in 1837	124	500	24,288
Of the above number were not disbanded, and continued to receive allowance	22	144	7,725
Of the above continued to serve without pay	16	66	3,152
	38	210	10,877
The whole force in December, 1837	92	337	18,303
They were reduced in February, 1838	46	86	4,709
The whole force remaining in 1838	46	251	13,594

448. ——— — A Return of the Number of Troops or Corps or Regiments of effective Yeomanry, of Great Britain and Ireland, according to the last Muster Roll, stating the Date of that Muster, and distinguishing the Number of Officers and Men in each Corps or Regiment, and the Expense of each Corps in 1837, showing the manner in which the Sums voted for Great Britain and Ireland in that Year were expended. — 1st June. — The dates on which musters are taken in the Yeomanry not being communicated to the War Office, it has not been practicable to state the date of the last muster; the date of the last Return, showing the number of officers and men in each corps, has therefore been given instead.
Total actual charge incurred on account of the Yeomanry Cavalry of Great Britain, 102,833*l.*

No. of Paper.	Class of Paper.	Title of Paper.	When ordered to be printed.	Summary of Contents of certain Papers, with Remarks.
129.	ZEALAND, NEW.	Copy of a Despatch from Governor Sir R. Bourke, K.C.B., to Lord Glenelg, dated Sydney, 9th September, 1837, relative to the Affairs of New Zealand, with four Inclosures.	7th Feb.	Captain Hobson (H. M. S. Rattlesnake), whom General Bourke, in inclosing his despatch, describes as an expert, able, and intelligent officer, gives a rather pleasing character of the New Zealanders, among whom he was sent. He observes, — "I cannot repress a feeling of deep regret that so fine and intelligent a race of human beings should, in the present general state of civilisation, be bound in barbarism; for there is not on earth a people more susceptible of high intellectual attainments, or more capable of becoming a useful and industrious race under a wise government." General Bourke observes, — "Captain Hobson proposes the introduction of commercial establishments, confined within certain limits, on a plan resembling the factories of the early trading companies resorting from Europe to India, and within which limits resident British subjects shall be placed under the protection and obligation of their own laws." .... "It is neither possible nor desirable to put a stop to the growing intercourse between the English colonies in these seas and New Zealand, the extent of which will appear by the accompanying Return." Of this Return, the following is a summary: —

Summary of all the vessels which have visited the Bay of Islands during the year 1836.

British ships of war		2
British whaling ships		25
British trading vessels		2
New South Wales whaling ships		35
New South Wales trading vessels, including vessels named at New Zealand		26
Van Diemen's Land whaling ships		4
Total British and British Colonial		94
American whaling ships	49	
American trading vessels	5	
French whaling ships	3	
Tahitian trading vessel	1	
Total foreign vessels		58
Total of vessels		152

199.	ZEALAND, NEW. (H. of Lords' Pr. P.)	Report from the Select Committee on the present State of the Island of New Zealand.	8th June.	By the Lords Committees appointed a Select Committee to inquire into the present state of the islands of New Zealand, and the expediency of regulating the settlement of British subjects therein; and to consider and report: and to whom was referred the petition of merchants and ship owners of London, trading in the South Seas and to the Australian colonies, praying for protection of the shipping ... connected with the inquiry before the Committee: — ... certain papers connected ... and the subject matter to them referred; and have

Resolved,—That it appears to this Committee, that the extension of the Colonial possessions of the Crown is a question of public policy which belongs to the decision of her Majesty's Government; but that it appears to this Committee, that support, in whatever way it may be deemed most expedient to afford it, of the exertions which have already beneficially effected the rapid advancement of the religious and social condition of the Aborigines of New Zealand, affords the best present hopes of their future progress in civilisation.

And the Committee have directed the Minutes of Evidence taken before them, together with an Index thereto, to be reported to the House.

148. ——— An Account of Flax imported from New Zealand into Great Britain during the Years 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, and 1837; distinguishing each Year. 9th May.

	Flax, the Produce of New Zealand, imported into Great Britain in the following Years.		
	From New Zealand direct.	From New South Wales and Van Diemen's Land.	Total.
	Cwts. qrs. lbs.	Cwts. qrs. lbs.	Cwts. qrs. lbs.
1833	230 1 15	7,391 1 21	7,621 3 8
1834	..	4,997 3 6	4,997 3 6
1835	..	7,811 3 14	7,811 3 14
1836	99 0 7	1,828 0 23	1,927 1 2
1837	..	..	..

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FOR THE SESSION COMMENCING 15TH NOVEMBER, 1837,
AND ENDING 16TH AUGUST, 1838.

WITH

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) ALL THE DEBATES OF BOTH HOUSES DURING THE SAME PERIOD;

I OF THE VARIOUS PEERS AND MEMBERS WHO TOOK PART THEREIN, THEIR SPEECHES, ETC. ETC.

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Westminster Improvement Bill, 5451.
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Petitions presented by, 1237, 2464, 3346, 3563.

Yeomanry Corps, Observations and Proceedings in respect to, 2545, 2638, 2720, 2801-11, 3716-61-97, 3855.
Debate thereon in Committee of Supply (Ordnance Estimates), 3575.

Yeomanry (Scotland), Petitions respecting, and Remarks thereon, 3340.

York (The Most Reverend his Grace the Archbishop of).

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Young (Mr. George Frederick).

Bradford Riots, 633.
Canada, Affairs of, 1052-69.
Canada, Lower, Government Bill, 1394.
Civil List, 921-4-6.
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Controverted Elections Bill, 190-1.
Cornwall and Lancaster, Duchies of, 786.
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Fishguard Harbour, 1025-6.
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Handloom Weavers, 1008.
House, Business of the, 626.
House, Ventilation of the, 1081.
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Municipal Boundaries Bill, 756.
Municipal Officers' Declaration Bill, 271, 329.
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Young, James, Petition of, relative to certain Parties transported for robbing him, and alleging that one of the Individuals (Dales William Thompson) had returned home, 5906.

Young (Mr. John).

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Sligo County Election Recognisances, 953.
Tithes (Ireland), 4036.
Petitions presented by, 4750, 5146, 5654.

Young (Sir William Lawrence, Bart.).

Kingston-upon-Hull Election, 3963.

Zetland (The Right Hon. the Earl of).

Lord Dundas first introduced as the Earl of Zetland, 5248.

LISTS OF DIVISIONS.

(SESSION 1837-38.)

For an apology for some *inevitable* imperfections in these Lists, the reader is requested to bear in mind, that the machinery adopted by the House of Commons, for the important purpose of preparing their Division Lists, is still too imperfect not to allow some occasional errors to escape the vigilance of the Division Clerks. Great pains have been taken to correct these errors, so far as the occasional communications of Honourable Members have enabled us, on authority, to amend the printed records, published with the "Votes."—(Ed. M. of P.)

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

1. Queen's Speech.—Motion made, and question proposed, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, to return to her Majesty our most humble thanks for her most gracious Speech from the Throne:

To acknowledge with gratitude her Majesty's goodness, in having assembled her Parliament for the transaction of Public Business at the earliest convenient period after the late Dissolution:

To assure her Majesty that we partake of her Majesty's satisfaction in learning that her Majesty has received from all Foreign Powers the strongest assurances of their friendly disposition, and of their earnest desire to cultivate and maintain with her Majesty the relations of amity; and that we rejoice with her Majesty in the prospect that her Majesty will be able to promote the best interests of her Majesty's subjects, by securing to them the advantages of peace:

That, while we lament with her Majesty that civil war still afflicts the kingdom of Spain, we learn with satisfaction that her Majesty continues to execute with fidelity the engagements of her Crown with the Queen of Spain, according to the stipulations of the treaty of quadruple alliance:

To express to her Majesty our thanks for having directed to be laid before us the treaty which her Majesty has concluded with the confederation of Peru Bolivia, and our gratification at the hope declared by her Majesty, that her Majesty will soon be able to communicate similar results of her negotiations with other powers:

To assure her Majesty that we will give our serious consideration to the state of the province of Lower Canada:

To assure her Majesty, that, in acknowledging her Majesty's gracious communication, that the demise of the Crown renders it necessary that a new provision should be made for the Civil List, we desire to express to her Majesty our unfeigned gratitude for the confidence which her Majesty reposes in us, by placing unreservedly at our disposal those hereditary revenues which were transferred to the public by her Majesty's immediate predecessor:

To offer our humble thanks to her Majesty for having commanded that such papers as may be necessary for the full examination of this subject, shall be prepared and laid before us; and to express our gratitude for the expression of her Majesty's desire that the expenditure in this, as well as in every other department of the State, should be kept within due limits, and to assure her Majesty that we will gladly make adequate provision for the support of the honour and dignity of her Majesty's Crown:

To thank her Majesty for acquainting us that the estimates for the service of the next year are in course of preparation, and will be laid before us at the accustomed period; *and to express* to her Majesty our grateful satisfaction, at

learning that her Majesty has directed that the utmost economy should be enforced in every branch of the public expenditure:

To assure her Majesty, that we participate in the opinion that the external peace and domestic tranquillity which at present happily prevail are favourable for the consideration of such measures of reformation and amendment as may be necessary or expedient, and that our attention will be directed to that course of legislation which was interrupted by the necessary dissolution of the last Parliament:

To assure her Majesty, that the result of the inquiries which have been made into the condition of the Poor in Ireland having been already laid before Parliament, we shall deem it our duty to consult whether it may not be safe and wise to establish by law some well-regulated means of relief for the destitute of that country:

That we are very sensible that the municipal government of the cities and towns in Ireland calls for better regulation:

That we entirely agree that the laws which govern the collection of the tithe composition in Ireland require revision and amendment:

That, sharing in her Majesty's conviction that the better and more effectual administration of justice is amongst the first duties of a Sovereign, we shall apply our attention to those measures which, her Majesty has graciously informed us, will be submitted to us for the improvement of the law:

To assure her Majesty, that we are deeply sensible of the importance of those questions which her Majesty has submitted to us, and of the necessity of treating them in that spirit of impartiality and justice which affords the best hope of bringing them to a happy and useful termination:

To return to her Majesty our cordial thanks for the confidence which her Majesty, in meeting this Parliament, the first which has been elected under her authority, has been pleased to repose in its loyalty and wisdom, and to express the satisfaction and gratitude with which we receive her Majesty's gracious declaration, that the early age at which her Majesty is called to the Sovereignty of this kingdom, renders it a more imperative duty that, under Divine Providence, her Majesty should place her reliance upon the cordial co-operation of her Parliament, and the love and affection of all her people."

Amendment proposed, after the words "dissolution of the last Parliament," to insert the words, "That this House embraces the earliest opportunity of respectfully assuring her Majesty, that it will in the present Session of Parliament take into consideration the state of the representation of the people in this branch of the Legislature, with a view to insure by law an equitable extension of the elective franchise:" — (Mr. WAKLEY.) — Question put, "That those words be there inserted: — The House divided; Ayes 20, Noes 300. (November 20.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Finch, F.	Vigors, N.	
Attwood, T.	Collins, W.	Grote, G.	Ward, H. G.	*Tellers.*
Brabazon, Sir W.	Dennistoun, J.	Hallyburton, J.	White, A.	Wakley, T.
Browne, R. D.	Duncombe, T.	Hume, J.	White, S.	Molesworth, Sir W.
Bryan, G.	Fielden, J.	Leader, J. T.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Baker, E.	Bethell, R.	Broadwood, H.	Campbell, Sir J.
Acland, T. D.	Ball, N.	Bewes, T.	Brocklehurst, J.	Campbell, W. F.
A'Court, Capt.	Bannerman, A.	Blackburne, I.	Brodie, W. B.	Canning, Sir S.
Adam, Sir C.	Baring, F. T.	Blackett, C.	Brotherton, J.	Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.
Adare, Lord Viset.	Barnard, E.	Blackstone, W. S.	Brownrigg, S.	Carnac, Sir J. R.
Alexander, Lord Vt.	Barneby, J.	Blair, J.	Bruce, Lord E.	Cavendish, Hon. C.
Alsager, Capt.	Barnes, Sir E.	Blake, M. J.	Bruges, W. H. L.	Cavendish, Hn. G.
Alston, R.	Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Blake, W. J.	Buller, C.	Cayley, E. S.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Barry, G.	Blakemore, R.	Buller, E.	Chalmers, P.
Anson, Sir G.	Bateman, J.	Blennerhasset, A.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Chaplin, Col.
Archbold, R.	Bateson, Sir R.	Blewitt, R. J.	Bulwer, E. L.	Chapman, L.
Archdall, M.	Beamish, F. B.	Blunt, Sir C.	Burdett, Sir F.	Chapman, A.
Ashley, Lord	Bell, M.	Bolling, W.	Burr, D. H. D.	Chester, H.
Attwood, W.	Benett, J.	Borthwick, P.	Burroughes, H. N.	Chetwynd, Major
Bagge, W.	Bentinck, Lord G.	Bradshaw, J.	Busfeild, W.	Chichester, J. P. B.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Berkeley, Hon. F.	Bramston, T. W.	Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	Christopher, R. A.
Bailey, J.	Berkeley, Hon G.	Bridgeman, H.	Calcraft, J. H.	Chute, W. L. W.
Baillie, Col.	Berkeley, Hon. C.	Briscoe, J. I.	Callaghan, D.	Clay, W.
Baines, E.	Bernal, R.	Broadley, H.	Campbell, Sir H.	Clayton, Sir W. R.

Lord Vt.
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Fremantle, Sir T.
French, F.
Freshfield, J. W.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, J.
Gibson, T.
Gillon, W. D.
Glynne, Sir S. R.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, R.
Gore, J. R. O.
Gore, O.
Goring, H. D.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Granby, Marq. of
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greene, T.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Guest, J. J.
Hale, R. B.
Halford, H.
Hall, B.
Halse, J.
Handley, H.
Harcourt, G. G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Harland, W. C.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkes, T.
Hawkins, J. H.
Hay, Sir A. L.
Hayes, Sir E.
Hayter, W. G.
Heathcoat, J.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heathcote, G. J.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J. C.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hinde, J. H.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T. L.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J. W.
Hollond, R.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hope, Hon. Jas.
Hope, H. T.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, F. J.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W. B.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R. H.
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R. H.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jenkins, R.
Jephson, C. D. O.
Jermyn, Earl
Jervis, S.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.

Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H. G.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lascelles, Hn. W. S.
Law, Hon. C. E.
Lefevre, C. S.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Leveson, Lord
Liddell, Hon. H. T.
Lister, E. C.
Litton, E.
Loch, J.
Lockhart, A. M.
Logan, H.
Long, W.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lushington, C.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Macleod, R.
M'Taggart, J.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Mahony, P.
Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, T.
Martin, J.
Marton, G.
Master, T. W. C.
Maule, W. H.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Melgund, Ld. Vt.
Meynell, Capt.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Miles, W.
Miles, P. W. S.
Milnes, R. M.
Monypenny, T. G.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morgan, C. M. R.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G. A.
Nagle, Sir R.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, James
Nicholl, J.
Norreys, Lord
O'Brien, C.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Ord, W.
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, Sir J.
Owen, H. O.
Packe, C. W.
Paget, Lord A.
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, J. (Oxf.)

Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parker, M.
Parker, R. T.
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Patten, J. W.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Peyton, H.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J. P.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J. W.
Pollock, Sir F.
Ponsonby, C. F. A.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Potter, R.
Poulter, J. S.
Powell, Col.
Power, J.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W. M.
Price, Sir R.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Protheroe, E.
Pryse, P.
Rae, Rt. Hn. Sir W.
Ramsay, Lord
Reid, Sir J. R.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.
Rich, H.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R. M.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Rumbold, C. E.
Rundle, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
St. Paul, H.
Salwey, Col.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Sanford, E. A.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hn. Rob.
Scrope, G. P.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E. J.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Slaney, R. A.
Smith, A.
Smith, R. V.
Smyth, Sir G. H.
Somerset, Lord G.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Spry, Sir S. T.

Standish, C.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W. R. C.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Stormont, Ld. Vt.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Sturt, H. C.
Style, Sir C.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, J. H.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H. W.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Thornhill, G
Townley, R. G.
Tracy, H. H.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G. R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Tyrell, Sir J. T.
Vere, Sir C. B.
Verner, Col.
Verney, Sir H.
Villiers, C. P.
Villiers, Lord Vt.
Vivian, Major C.
Vivian, J. H.
Vivian, J. E.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Walker, C. A.
Walker, R.
Wall, C. B.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Welby, G. E.
Westenra, Hn. H. R.
Westenra, Hn. J. C.
White, H.
White, L.
Whitmore, T. C.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Wilde, Serjt.
Wilkins, W.
Williams, R.
Williams, W. A.
Wilmot, Sir J. E.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, Col. T.
Wood, G. W.
Wood, T.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W. B.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C. W
Yates, J. A.
Yorke, Hon. E. T.
Young, G. F.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Wood, C.

No. 2. LICENSED VICTUALLERS. — Motion made, and Question put, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill for the protection of Licensed Victuallers; to relieve them from the liability of making good the value of articles brought by guests into hotels, inns, &c., without the same being placed under the actual care of the keepers thereof:" — (CAPTAIN PECHELL.) — The House divided; Ayes 32, Noes 97. — (November 21.)

AYES.

Bailey, J.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Lister, E. C.	Smith, J. A.	Walker, R.
Baring, F. T.	Finch, F.	Maule, W. H.	Thornely, T.	White, A.
Bewes, T.	Gillon, W. D.	O'Brien, C.	Turner, E.	Yates, J. A.
Brotherton, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Potter, R.	Turner, W.	
Busfeild, W.	Hindley, C.	Ramsbottom, J.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Collier, J.	Ingham, R.	Salwey, Colonel	Vivian, J.	Pechell, Capt.
Collins, W.	Leader, J. T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Wakley, T.	Strickland, Sir G.
D'Eyncourt, C. T.				

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Clive, Hon. R.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lockhart, A.	Rundle, J.
Aglionby, H. A.	Cripps, J.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lushington, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Attwood, W.	Darby, G.	Hay, Sir A.	Mackenzie, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
Bagge, W.	D'Israeli, B.	Hayter, W.	Macleod, R.	Stansfield, W.
Baines, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Marsland, H.	Stewart, James
Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Easthope, J.	Heneage, E.	Maxwell, H.	Stuart, H.
Bateman, J.	Eaton, R. J.	Hinde, J.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Beamish, F.	Erle, W.	Hodgson, R.	Morris, D.	Vere, Sir C.
Benett, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Horsman, E.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Wallace, R.
Berkeley, Hon. F.	Farnham, E.	Howard, F.	O'Brien, W.	Warburton, H.
Blair, J.	Fielden, J.	Hughes, W.	Parker, R.	Wilberforce, W.
Blake, W.	Ferguson, Sir R.	Hume, J.	Parnell, Sir H.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blennerhassett, A.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pease, J.	Wilmot, Sir J. E.
Briscoe, J. I.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Jervis, S.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wood, T.
Brodie, W.	Fort, J.	Johnston, W. A.	Philips, M.	Wyndham, W.
Bruges, W. H.	Gaskell, M.	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Plumptre, J.	Young, J. (Cor.)
Bryan, G.	Gibson, J.	Jones, W.	Rae, Rt. Hn. Sir W.	
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gladstone, W.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
Burroughes, H.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Rickford, W.	Attorney General
Chute, W.		Litton, E.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wynn, Mr.
Clay, W.				

No. 3. SITTINGS OF THE HOUSE. — Motion made, and question put, "That it being desirable, except in particular cases, that the sittings of this House should not be continued after midnight, when any motion, the subject matter of which has not been under debate previous to twelve o'clock, is brought on after twelve o'clock at night, and a Member rises to speak to order, and moves that the further debate on such question be adjourned to a future day, such motion being supported by four other Members rising in their places, Mr. Speaker shall immediately declare the debate adjourned without putting the question to the House, and proceed to the other Orders of the Day:" — (Mr. BROTHERTON.) — The House divided; Ayes 26, Noes 76.

AYES.

Briscoe, J. I.	Godson, R.	Leader, J.	Potter, R.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Busfeild, W.	Guest, J.	Lister, E.	Stewart, James	Yates, J. A.
Collins, W.	Heathcoat, J.	Marsland, H.	Turner, E.	
Duke, Sir J.	Hume, J.	Morris, D.	Turner, W.	*Tellers.*
Fielden, J.	Johnston, Gen.	O'Brien, C.	Wakley, T.	Brotherton, J.
Gillon, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	O'Brien, W.	White, A.	Hindley, C.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Bruges, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Gladstone, W.	Hope, G.
Aglionby, H.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Horsman, E.
Baines, E.	Burr, D. H.	Ferguson, Sir R.		Howard, F.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Chaplin, Col.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Grimsditch, T.	Hughes, W.
Bateman, J.	Cresswell, C.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Halse, J.	Inglis, Sir R.
Beamish, F.	Darby, G.	Foley, E. T.	Hay, Sir A.	Jones, W.
Berkeley, Hon. F.	Douglas, Sir C.	Forester, Hon. G.	Hayter, W.	Litton, E.
Blennerhassett, A.	Dowdeswell, W.	Fort, J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Lushington, C.
Bowes, J.	Dundas, F.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Heathcote, G.	Mackenzie, W.
Broadley, H.	Easthope, J.	French, F.	Hodgson, R.	Mordaunt, Sir J.

pb	Pinney, W.	Seymour, Lord	Thornely, T.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
n, Hn.	Plumptre, J.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Vere, Sir C.	Young, J. (Cavan)
	Rae, Sir W.	Shirley, E.	Wallace, R.	
	Rice, E. R.	Speirs, A.	Warburton, H.	*Tellers.*
	Salwey, Col.	Stansfield, W.	Wilberforce, W.	Baring, F.
E.	Sandon, Lord	Strutt, E.	Wyndham, W.	Steuart, R.
ol.				

UBLIC BUSINESS. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That with the eption of notices already given, it shall not be permitted to any Member to any day for a notice given by him, beyond the term of fifteen days from the e of giving such notice:" — And a debate arising; Motion made, and estion put, "That the debate be adjourned till Monday next."—The House ided; Ayes 66, Noes 354. —(November 24.)

AYES.

pt.	Duke, Sir J.	Hawes, B.	Leader, John T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
Ld. Vt.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hayes, Sir E.	Logan, Hart	Scholefield, J.
.	Egerton, W. T.	Hindley, C.	Lushington, C.	Sibthorp, Col.
R.	Eliot, Lord	Hope, G. W.	Mackenzie, T.	Stewart, J.
J.	Forbes, W.	Hotham, Lord	Mackinnon, W.	Style, Sir C.
S.	Gaskell, J. M.	Hughes, W. B.	Maclean, D.	Tancred, H. W.
. Y.	Gibson, T.	Ingestrie, Ld. Vt.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Verner, Col.
J. P.	Gillon, W. D.	Jackson, Mr. Serjt.	O'Brien, W.	Vigors, N. A.
, R. A.	Gladstone, W. E.	Johnston, Gen.	Pakington, J. S.	Wallace, R.
	Gore, O. J. R.	Jones, T.	Pechell, Capt.	Warburton, H.
	Gore, O. W.	Kemble, H.	Plumptre, J.	
, C. T.	Hales, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Roche, W.	*Tellers.*
	Harcourt, G. S.	Knightley, Sir C.	Round, C. G.	Hume, J.
	Harvey, D. W.	Law, Hon. C. E.	Salwey, Col.	Wakley, T.

NOES.

ord Vt.	Broadwood, H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Freshfield, J.	Hurst, R.
D.	Bruce, Lord E.	Dowdeswell, W.	Gibson, J.	Hurt, F.
.	Bruges, W. H. L.	Duckworth, S.	Glynne, Sir S.	Hutton, R.
Vt.	Buller, E.	Dugdale, W.	Goddard, A.	Inglis, Sir R.
P.	Bulwer, E. L.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Irton, S.
i. Col.	Burdett, Sir F.	Duncombe, T.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Irving, J.
L.	Burr, H.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Granby, Marq. of	James, W.
I	Burroughes, H. N.	Dundas, F.	Grattan, J.	James, Sir W. C.
i. H.	Busfeild, W.	Dundas, Hon. J. C.	Grattan, H.	Jenkins, R.
	Calcraft, J. H.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Grey, Sir G.	Jermyn, Earl
E. T.	Callaghan, D.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Grimsditch, T.	Jervis, S.
	Campbell, W. F.	Easthope, J.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Johnstone, H.
	Canning, Sir S.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Jones, J.
.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Eaton, R.	Guest, J.	Jones, W.
3.	Cavendish, Hon. G.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hale, R.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.
B.	Cayley, E. S.	Egerton, Sir P.	Halford, H.	Knight, H.
G.	Chalmers, P.	Eliot, Hon. J.	Hall, B.	Labouchere, H.
	Chandos, Marq. of	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hallyburton, Ld. D.	Lambton, H.
W.	Chaplin, Col.	Ellice, E.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Langdale, Hon. C.
	Chapman, L.	Ellis, J.	Harland, W.	Lascelles, Hon. W.
	Chute, W. L.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hastie, A.	Lefevre, C.
R.	Clive, E. B.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hawkes, T.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
B.	Clive, Lord Viset.	Etwall, R.	Hawkins, J.	Lemon, Sir C.
l of	Clive, Hon. R.	Euston, Earl of	Hayter, W.	Lennox, Lord G.
	Codrington, C. W.	Evans, Col.	Heathcoat, J.	Lennox, Lord A.
l.	Codrington, Adm.	Evans, G.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Leveson, Lord
ord G.	Cole, Lord Viset.	Evans, W.	Heneage, E.	Lewis, W.
on. F.	Collins, W.	Fazakerley, J.	Heron, Sir R.	Liddell, Hon. H.
	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Feilden, W.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Lister, E.
	Compton, H.	Fellowes, E.	Hinde, J.	Litton, E.
	Conolly, E.	Fenton, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Loch, J.
I.	Courtenay, P.	Ferguson, Sir R.	Hodges, T.	Lockhart, A.
W. S.	Cowper, Hn. W.	Ferguson, R.	Hodgson, R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
	Craig, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hogg, J.	Mackenzie, W.
	Creswell, C.	Finch, F.	Holmes, W.	M'Leod, R.
ett, A.	Cripps, J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Hope, H.	Macnamara, Major
l.	Crompton, S.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Horsman, E.	M'Taggart, J.
	Curry, W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Houldsworth, T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.
P.	Damer, Hon. D.	Forester, Hon. G.	Houstoun, G.	Mahony, P.
	Davies, Col.	Fort, J.	Howard, F. J.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
ir W.	Denison, W.	Fox, G.	Howard, P. H.	Manners, Lord C.
.	Dennistoun, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Howard, Hon. W.	Marshall, W.
H.	De Horsey, S.	French, F.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	Marton, G.
	Direct, E.			Master, T.

Maule, W.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Miles, P. W. S.
Milnes, R.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morgan, C.
Morpeth, Ld. Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Norreys, Lord
O'Brien, C.
O'Connell, Dan.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Conor Don
Ord, W.
Owen, H.
Packe, C.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, G.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parker, M.
Parker, R. T.
Parker, T. A. W.
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Patten, J.
Pease, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G. J.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Poulter, J.
Powell, Col.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Pringle, A.
Pryme, G.
Pryse, P.
Ramsbottom, J.
Ramsay, Lord
Redington, T.
Reid, Sir J.
Rich, H.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Roche, D.
Round, J.
Rundle, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Russell, Lord J.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sanford, E.
Scarlett, Hon. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Seymour, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Slaney, R.
Smith, R. V.
Smyth, Sir G. H.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Standish, C.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, J.
Stuart, H.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Stormont, Ld. Vt.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Talfourd, Serjt.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Tracy, H.
Trench, Sir F.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Vere, Sir C.
Villiers, C.
Villiers, Lord Vt.
Vivian, J. H.
Vivian, J. E.
Vivian, Sir R.
Walker, R.
Wall, C. B.
Welby, G.
Westenra, Hon. H.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Whitmore, T.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Wilkins, W.
Williams, R.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, Col. T.
Wood, G. W.
Wood, T.
Worsley, Lord
Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Yates, John
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Wood, C.

No. 5. CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS BILL. — Order for second reading, read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon Monday, the 12th day of February next:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 214, Noes 160. — (November 27.)

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Bainbridge, E.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F.
Barnard, E.
Beamish, F.
Belfast, Earl of
Bellew, R.
Berkeley, Hon. F.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bowes, J.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cavendish, Hon. G. H.
Chalmers, P.
Chapman, L.
Chetwynd, Major
Clay, W.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Crompton, S.
Currie, R.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, C.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J. C.
Dunlop, J.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Eliot, Hon. J. C.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, Col.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Fenton, J.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fleetwood, P.
Fort, J.
French, F.
Gibson, J.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Harland, W.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F. J.
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
Ingham, R.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, S.
Johnston, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J.
Lemon, Sir C.
Leveson, Lord
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
M'Leod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, C.
O'Brien, W.
O'Callaghan, Hn. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor, Don
Paget, Lord A.
Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrot, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Pinney, W.
Potter, R.
Poulter, J.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scrope, G. P.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Somers, J.
Standish C.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, W. M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, J. H.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Tracy, H.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vyvyan, Sir R.
Wakley, T.

.	White, H.	Winnington, T. E.	Woulfe, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
L.	Wilbraham, G.	Winnington, H. J.	Wyse, T.	Buller, C.
ı, H.	Williams, W.	Wood, Sir M.	Yates, J.	Smith, V.
Hon. J.	Williams, W. A.	Wood, G. W.	Young, G.	
	Wilshere, W.			

NOES.

r T.	Courtenay, P.	Harcourt, G.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Rolleston, L.
D.	Cresswell, C.	Henniker, Lord	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
d Viset.	Crewe, Sir G.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Manners, Lord C.	Round, C.
Ld. Vt.	Cripps, J.	Hinde, J.	Marton, G.	Round, J.
N.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hodgson, F.	Master, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.
	Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Maunsell, T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
	Davenport, J.	Hogg, J.	Maxwell, H.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
	Dick, Q.	Hope, G.	Milnes, R.	Sheppard, T.
m. F.	D'Israeli, B.	Houstoun, G.	Monypenny, T.	Stanley, E.
	Dugdale, W.	Hughes, W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.
, Ld. Vt.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Irton, S.	Ossulston, Lord	Sinclair, Sir G.
.	East, J.	Irving, J.	Packe, C.	Somerset, Lord G.
ir R.	Eaton, R.	James, Sir W.	Pakington, J.	Stanley, E.
	Ellis, J.	Jenkins, R.	Parker, R.	Stanley, Lord
, I.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Johnstone, H.	Patten, J.	Stuart, H.
, W.	Farnham, E.	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Peel, Sir R.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Feilden, W.	Jones, J.	Peel, J.	Trench, Sir F.
, R.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Jones, W.	Perceval, Col.	Trevor, Hon. G.
sett, A.	Follett, Sir W.	Kemble, H.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Vere, Sir C.
.	Forbes, W.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Vivian, J.
H.	Forester, Hon. G.	Knight, H.	Plumptre, J.	Whitmore, T.
S.	Freshfield, J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Polhill, F.	Wilberforce, W.
	Gaskell, J.	Lascelles, Hn. W. S.	Pollock, Sir F.	Williams, R.
J. Y.	Gibson, T.	Lewis, W.	Ponsonby, C.	Wodehouse, E.
	Gladstone, W.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Powerscourt, Lord	Wood, Col. T.
ir S.	Glynne, Sir S.	Litton, E.	Vt.	Wood, T.
Ld. Vt.	Gore, O. J. R.	Lockhart, A.	Praed, W.	Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Marq. of	Gore, O. W.	Logan, H.	Price, R.	Yorke, Hon. E.
A.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Pringle, A.	Young, J. (Cav.)
r, R.	H.	Lowther, J. H.	Rae, Rt. Hn. Sir W.	
	Grimsditch, T.	Lucas, E.	Ramsay, Lord	*Tellers.*
l Viset.	Hale, R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Richards, R.	Fremantle, Sir T.
. R.	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, T.	Rickford, W.	Baring, H.
ı. H.				

CARLISLE AND SODOR AND MAN SEES. — Motion made, and Question put, That leave be given to bring in a Bill to relieve the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of England and Wales from the duty of laying before her Majesty Council a scheme for uniting the sees of Carlisle and Sodor and Man:" — SIR HARRY VERNEY.) — The House divided; Ayes 59, Noes 159. — (November 28.)

AYES.

D.	Courtenay, P.	Gore, O. J. R.	Mackenzie, W.	Richards, R.
d Viset.	Darby, G.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Maidstone, Lord	Round, J.
apt.	Dick, Q.	Hinde, J.	Maunsell, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
B.	D'Israeli, B.	Hodgson, R.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Stanley, E.
	Dugdale, W.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Palmer, R.	Vere, Sir C.
, W.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	A'Court	Patten, J. W.	Williams, R.
P.	East, J.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Williams, W.
T. W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Ingham, R.	Pinney, W.	
J.	Forbes, W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pringle, A.	*Tellers.*
	Gibson, T.	Jones, W.	Pryme, G.	Verney, Sir H.
r, R. A.	Gladstone, W.	Knightley, Sir C.	Ramsay, Lord	Inglis, Sir R.
ı, Adm.	Glynne, Sir S.	Mackenzie, T.		

NOES.

Captain	Berkeley, Hon. C.	Brodie, W.	Cavendish, Hon.	Currie, R.
H.	Bernal, R.	Brotherton, J.	G. H.	Dalmeny, Lord
, P.	Bethell, R.	Bruce, Lord E.	Cayley, E. S.	Dalrymple, Sir A.
R.	Blair J.	Bruges, W.	Chalmers. P.	Davies, Col.
	Blake, W.	Bulwer, E. L.	Chichester, J. P. B.	Denison, W.
	Blewitt, R.	Busfeild, W.	Clay, W.	Dennistoun, J.
L.	Blunt, Sir C.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Clive, E.	De Horsey, S. H.
.	Broadley, H.	Canning, Sir S.	Clive, Hon R.	Divett, E.
ı, Lord	Broadwood, H.	Carnac, Sir J.	Crawford, W.	Duke, Sir J.

Dunlop, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Eliot, Hon. J. C.
Euston, Earl of
Evans, Col.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Feilden, W.
Ferguson, R.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fitzsimon, N.
Follett, Sir W.
Fort, J.
Fremantle, Sir T.
French, F.
Gaskell, Milnes
Gillon, W.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goring, H.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Halse, J.
Harland, W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hayter, W. G.
Hodgson, F.
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. J.
Horsman, E.
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Hume, J.
Hurst, R.
Jolliffe, Sir. W.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Leader, J. T.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Lister, E.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A. M.
Logan, H.
Lucas, E.
Lushington, C.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Macnamara, Major
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, H.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maule, W. H.
Molesworth, Sir W.
Monypenny, T. G.
Morpeth, Lord
Muskett, G. A.
Neeld, John
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hn. C.
O'Ferrall, R.
Pakington, J.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, R. T.
Parnell, Sir H.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Potter, R.
Poulter, J.
Protheroe, E.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rolleston, L.
Round, C. G.
Rumbold, C. E.
Rundle, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E. J.
Standish, C.
Stanley, Lord
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stewart, John
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir C.
Sugden, Sir E.
Talbot, C. R.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Tracy, H. H.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Wakley, T.
Walker, R.
Wall, C.
Warburton, H.
Whalley, Sir S.
Wilmot, Sir J. E.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Yates, J. A.
Young, J.

Tellers.
Baring, F.
Seymour, Lord

No. 7. GRAND JURIES. — Motion made, and question put, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill to abolish Grand Juries in England and Wales:" — (Mr. PRYME.) — The House divided; Ayes 25, Noes 196.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brotherton, J.
Bulwer, E. L.
Chichester, J. P.
Currie, R.
Davies, Col.
Duncombe, T.
Eliot, Hon. J.
Evans, W.
Finch, F.
Hawes, B.
Hume, J.
Jephson, C. D. O.
Leader, J. T.
Marsland, H.
Maule, W. H.
Pechell, Capt.
Potter, R.
Rundle, J.
Salwey, Col.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Wakley, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Pryme, G.
Warburton, H.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Bagge, W.
Bailey, J.
Baines, E.
Baker, E.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F.
Baring, H.
Barnard, E.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Lord
Bateman, J.
Bateson, Sir R.
Beamish, F. B.
Belfast, Earl of
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Berkeley, Hon. F.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bethell, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blake, M.
Blakemore, R.
Blennerhasset, A.
Blewitt, R. J.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bolling, W.
Bowes, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W. H. L.
Bryan, G.
Burr, H.
Busfeild, W.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Christopher, R. A.
Clive, Lord Visct.
Clive, Hon. R.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Courtenay, P.
Craig, W. G.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
D'Israeli, B.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Dunlop, J.
Eaton, R.
Eliot, Lord
Erle, W.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Etwall, R.
Fazakerley, J. N.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fitzsimon, N.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gaskell, J. Milnes
Gibson, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goring, H.
Grimsditch, T.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G.
Hayter, W. G.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Henniker, Lord
Hinde, J. H.
Hodges, T.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, Hn. W. A'Court
Hope, G. W.
Hope, H. T.
Horsman, E.
Houldsworth, T.
Howard, P.
Howick, Lord
Hughes, W.
Ingestrie, Lord
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
James, Sir W.
Johnstone, H.
Johnston, Gen.
Jolliffe, Sir W.
Jones, W.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hn. W.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Lister, E.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A. M.
Logan, H.
Mackenzie, W. F.
Maclean, D.
Macnamara, Major
Mahon, Lord Visct.
Maidstone, Lord
Manners, Lord C.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morris, D.
Muskett, G. A.
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
Packe, C.
Paget, F.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C.
Palmer, R.
Parker, R. T.
Peel, Sir R.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hn. G. J.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Protheroe, E.
Ramsay, Lord
Redington, T. N.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Russell, Lord J.
Sandon, Lord
Seymour, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sheppard, T.
Slaney, R. A.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, R. Vernon
Somerset, Ld. G.
Spry, Sir S. T.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Stansfield, W. R. C.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. G.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir C.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Tracy, H. H.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, W.
Vere, Sir C.

	Williams, R.	Wilshere, W.	Wood, T.	*Tellers.*
R.	Williams, W.	Winnington, T. E.	Young, G. F.	Dalmeny, Lord
r S.	Williams, W. A.	Winnington, H. J.	Young, J. (Cav.)	Stanley, E. J.
, W.	Wilmot, Sir J. E.			

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS' DECLARATION BILL. — Order for Committee, read; otion made, and Question proposed, "That it be an instruction to the committee, that they have power to extend the relief afforded by the Bill to persons all religious denominations:" — (Mr. GROTE.) — The House divided; es 156, Noes 172. — (December 4.)

AYES.

l Visct.	Collins, W.	Goring, H.	Nagle, Sir R.	Stuart, Lord J.
P.	Copeland, Ald.	Grattan, H.	O'Brien, C.	Strangways, Hn. J.
R.	Cowper, Hon. W.	Guest, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Strutt, E.
V.	Craig, W.	Hall, B.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Talbot, J. H.
	Crawford, W.	Harvey, D.	O'Connell, Dan.	Talfourd, Serjt.
n. F.	Curry, W.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Tancred, H.
. B.	Denison, W.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, M.	Thompson, Ald.
M.	Dennistoun, J.	Hay, Sir A.	O'Ferrall, R.	Thornely, T.
on. C.	Divett, E.	Hayter, W.	Paget, F.	Vigors, N.
	Duckworth, S.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Parrott, J.	Villiers, C.
	Duke, Sir J.	Hindley, C.	Pattison, J.	Vivian, J.
	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pease, J.	Wakley, T.
	Duncombe, T.	Horsman, E.	Pechell, Capt.	Walker, R.
J.	Dundas, F.	Howard, F.	Philips, M.	Wall, C.
C.	Dundas, Hn. J. C.	Humphery, J.	Phillpotts, J.	Wallace, R.
, H.	Dunlop, J.	Hutton, R.	Ponsonby, C.	Warburton, H.
, J.	Easthope, J.	Jervis, S.	Poulter, J.	Whalley, Sir S.
. D.	Eliot, Lord	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Power, James	White, A.
H. L.	Erle, W.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Protheroe, E.	Wilbraham, G.
	Evans, G.	Leader, J. T.	Redington, T.	Williams, W.
	Fazakerley, J.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rice, E.	Williams, W. A.
	Fenton, J.	Loch, J.	Rich, H.	Wilshere, W.
L.	Ferguson, Sir R.	Lowther, J.	Roche, W.	Winnington, H. J.
n. Col.	Ferguson, R.	Lushington, C.	Roche, D.	Wood, Sir M.
D.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Lynch, A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, G. W.
Sir J.	R. C.	Macnamara, Major	Rundle, J.	Wyse, T.
: J.	Finch, F.	Mahony, P.	Salwey, Col.	Yates, J.
Hn. C.	Fitzsimon, N.	Marshall, W.	Scholefield, J.	Young, G. F.
	Fleetwood, P.	Marsland, H.	Sharpe, Gen.	
	Fort, J.	Martin, J.	Standish, C.	*Tellers.*
, Adm.	Gibson, J.	Melgund, Lord	Steuart, R.	Grote, G.
	Gillon, W.	Morris, D.	Stewart, J.	Hume, J.

NOES.

D.	Chapman, A.	Freshfield, J.	Ingham, R.	Paget, Lord A.
apt.	Chichester, J. P.	Gladstone, W.	Irving, J.	Pakington, J. S.
apt.	Christopher, R.	Gore, O.	Jackson, Serjt.	Palmer, R.
rd	Clive, Lord Visct.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	James, Sir W.	Palmerston, Lord
l.	Clive, Hon. R.	H.	Jenkins, R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
, E.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Greene, T.	Johnstone, H.	Parker, M.
	Conolly, Col.	Greenaway, C.	Kemble, H.	Patten, J.
B.	Courtenay, P.	Grey, Sir G.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Pemberton, T.
.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grimsditch, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Perceval, Col.
Lord	Lamer, Hon. D.	Grimston, Lord	Knight, H.	Pinney, W.
	Darby, G.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Powerscourt, Lord
ir R.	Davies, Col.	Halford, H.	Law, Hon. C.	Price, R.
	De Horsey, S.	Harcourt, G.	Lennox, Lord A.	Pringle, A.
	D'Israeli, B.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Litton, E.	Pusey, P.
	Douglas, Sir C.	Hastie, A.	Lockhart, A. M.	Rae, Rt. Hon. Sir
	Duffield, T.	Henniker, Lord	Logan, H.	W.
set, A.	Dugdale, W.	Hillsborough, Earl	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Ramsay, Lord
.	East, J.	Hodgson, F.	Mackenzie, T.	Richards, R.
P.	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Rolleston, L.
	Ebrington, Lord	Hogg, J.	Mackinnon, W.	Rose, Sir G.
H.	Egerton, W.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Maclean, D.	Round, C. G.
, S.	Eliot, Hon. J.	A'Court,	M'Taggart, J.	Round, J.
d E.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Holmes, W.	Marton, G.	Rushbrooke, Col.
J. Y.	Ellis, J.	Hope, G. W.	Maunsell, T.	Rushout, G.
	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hope, H. T.	Meynell, Capt.	Russell, Lord J.
r C.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Houldsworth, T.	Miles, W.	St. Paul, H.
ir S.	Farnham, E.	Houstoun, G.	Miles, P. W. S.	Sanford, E.
Lord	Follett, Sir W.	Howick, Lord	Morpeth, Lord	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
	Forbes, W.	*Hughes, W. B.*	Muskett, G. A.	Seymour, Lord
ol.	*Forester, Hon. G.*	*Ingestrie, Lord Vt.*	Packe, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.

Sheppard, T.	Stanley, E.	Style, Sir C.	Verner, Col.	Wood, C.
Shirley, E.	Stanley, Lord	Sugden, Sir E.	Wilberforce, W.	
Sibthorp, Col.	Stansfield, W.	Talbot, C. R. M.	Williams, R.	*Tellers.*
Sinclair, Sir G.	Stewart, John	Trevor, Hon. G. R.	Wilmot, Sir J.	Baines, T.
Smith, A.	Stuart, H.	Tufnell, H.	Winnington, T. E.	Inglis, Sir R. H.
Somerset, Lord G.	Strickland, Sir G.	Turner, W.		

No. 9. HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT FIRE. — Report on the Select Committee (10th of July, 1837) on the Losses by Fire, read; Motion made, and Question put, "That this House do resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, to consider of the Report (July 10. 1837) on the losses of the late Speaker by fire of the Houses of Parliament:" — (SIR F. POLLOCK.)—The House divided; Ayes 163, Noes 173. — (December 5.)

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Courtenay, P.	Hinde, J. H.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Rolleston, L.
Acland, T. D.	Cresswell, C.	Hodgson, R.	Lucas, E.	Round, C.
A'Court, Capt.	Crewe, Sir G.	Hogg, J.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Round, J.
Adare, Lord Viset.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Lynch, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.	Darby, G.	Holmes, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushout, G.
Attwood, W.	De Horsey, S.	Hope, G.	Mackenzie, W.	St. Paul, H.
Baillie, Col.	Dick, Q.	Hope, H.	Marton, G.	Sanderson, R.
Baker, E.	D'Israeli, B.	Houldsworth, T.	Maule, W.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
Bannerman, A.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Howard, Hon. W.	Maunsell, T.	Scarlett, Hon. J.
Baring, H. B.	East, J.	Hughes, W.	Maxwell, H.	Scarlett, Hon. R.
Barneby, J.	Eaton, R.	Humphery, J.	Miles, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Ellis, J.	Ingestrie, Lord Vt.	Miles, P.	Sheppard, T.
Bateman, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Ingham, R.	Miller, W.	Shirley, E.
Bateson, Sir R.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Milnes, R.	Sibthorp, Col.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Farnham, E.	Irton, S.	Neeld, John	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bethell, R.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Irving, J.	Norreys, Lord	Slaney, R.
Blair, J.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Jackson, Serjt.	Packe, C. W.	Smith, A.
Blennerhassett, A.	Follett, Sir. W.	James, Sir W.	Pakington, J.	Somerset, Lord G.
Bolling, W.	Forbes, W.	Jenkins, R.	Parker, M.	Stuart, H.
Borthwick, P.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jermyn, Earl	Parker, R.	Sugden, Sir E.
Broadley, H.	Freshfield, J.	Johnston, H.	Patten, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Broadwood, H.	Gibson, T.	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Pease, J.	Tancred, H.
Buller, C.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Jones, J.	Peel, Sir R.	Thompson, Ald.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gore, O. J.	Kemble, H.	Peel, J.	Trench, Sir F.
Burr, H.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Pemberton, T.	Vere, Sir C.
Canning, Sir S.	Grimsditch, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.
Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Knight, H.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Vivian, J.
Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Knightley, Sir C.	Powerscourt, Ld. Vt.	Wall, B.
Chandos, Marq.	Halford, H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Praed, W.	Wilberforce, W.
Christopher, R.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Pringle, A.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Chute, W.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Litton, E.	Pusey, P.	
Clive, Hon. R. H.	Hillsborough, E. of	Lockhart, A.	Rae, Rt. Hn. Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Conolly, E.	Hodgson, R.	Logan, H.	Ramsay, Lord	Fremantle, Sir T.
Copeland, Ald.			Reid, Sir J.	Pollock, Sir F.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Bulwer, E. L.	Easthope, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Anson, Sir G.	Busfeild, W.	Eliot, Hon. J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morris, D.
Archbold, R.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Erle, W.	Holland, R.	Muskett, G. A.
Attwood, T.	Callaghan, D.	Evans, Colonel	Horsman, E.	Nagle, Sir R.
Barnard, E.	Chalmers, P.	Evans, G.	Hoskins, K.	O'Brien, C.
Barron, H.	Chapman, L.	Evans, W.	Howard, F.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.
Beamish, F.	Chichester, J. P.	Fenton, J.	Howard, P.	O'Connell, D.
Bellew, R.	Clay, W.	Ferguson, Sir R. A.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Connell, M. J.
Benett, J.	Collier, J.	Finch, F.	Hume, J.	O'Connell, M.
Berkeley, Hon. F.	Collins, W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Hutton, R.	O'Ferrall, R.
Bewes, T.	Craig, W. G.	Fitzsimon, N.	Jephson, C.	Paget, F.
Blackett, C.	Crompton, S.	Fort, J.	Jervis, S.	Palmer, C. F.
Blake, M. J.	Currie, R.	French, F.	Johnston, Gen.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
Blake, W.	Curry, W.	Gibson, J.	Labouchere, H.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Blewitt, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Gillon, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Parnell, Sir H.
Blunt, Sir C.	Davies, Col.	Grattan, H.	Lennox, Lord G.	Parrott, J.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Dennistoun, J.	Greenaway, C.	Lennox, Lord A.	Pechell, Capt.
Bridgeman, H.	Duckworth, S.	Grey, Sir G.	Lushington, C.	Philips, M.
Briscoe, J. I.	Duff, J.	Guest, J.	M'Leod, R.	Philips, G.
Brocklehurst, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Hastie, A.	Macnamara, Major	Phillpotts, J.
Brotherton, J.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Hawes, B.	Mahony, P.	Potter, R.
Browne, R.	Dundas, C. W.	Hawkins, J.	Marsland, H.	Power, James
Brownrigg, S.	Dundas, F.	Hayter, W.	Martin, J.	Price, Sir R.
Bryan, G.	Dunlop, J.	Hindley, C.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Protheroe, E.

	Salwey, Col.	Strickland, Sir G.	Vigors, N.	Wood, G.
om, J.	Seymour, Lord	Strutt, E.	Wakley, T.	Wood, T.
n, T.	Sharpe, Gen.	Sturt, H.	Wallace, R.	Woulfe, Serjt.
R.	Smith, R. V.	Style, Sir C.	Warburton, H.	Wyse, T.
Hn. T. S.	Somers, J.	Talbot, C. R.	Whalley, Sir S.	Yates, J.
	Standish, C.	Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.	White, A.	Young, G. F.
	Stanley, E. J.		Wilbraham, G.	
	Stanley, M.	Thornely, T.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	
R. M.	Stansfield, W.	Tollemache, F.	Williams, W.	
C. E.	Steuart, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wilshere, W.	*Tellers.*
	Stewart, James	Tufnell, H.	Winnington, T. E.	Baring, F.
Lord J.	Stuart, V.	Turner, W.	Winnington, H. J.	Gordon, R.

ELECTION PETITIONS (IRELAND).—Petition of William Smith O'Brien, Esquire, mber of Parliament, complaining of the public subscription which has been ed in England for the purpose of encouraging the presentation of petitions inst the return of Members for Ireland; to lie on the Table: — Motion made, l Question put, "That the said petition be printed:" — The House divided; es 234, Noes 203. — (December 6. 1837.)

AYES.

, H.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hall, B.	Nagle, Sir R.	Slaney, R.
h, P.	Dashwood, G.	Hallyburton, Lord	O'Brien, C.	Smith, R.
	Davies, Col.	Handley, H.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Somers, J.
, R.	Denison, W.	Hastie, A.	O'Connell, D.	Standish, C.
ge, E.	Dennistoun, J.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, J.	Stanley, E.
	Divett, E.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stansfield, W.
	Duckworth, S.	Hay, Sir A.	O'Connell, M.	Stuart, R.
F. T.	Duff, J.	Hayter, W.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stewart, James
E.	Duke, Sir J.	Heathcoat, J.	Paget, Lord A.	Stuart, V.
H.	Duncan, Ld. Vt.	Heneage, E.	Paget, F.	Strickland, Sir G.
F.	Duncombe, T.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Palmer, C.	Strutt, E.
Earl of	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hobhouse, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.
	Dundas, C. W.	Horsman, E.	Parnell, Sir H.	Surrey, Earl of
, Lord W.	Dundas, F.	Hoskins, K.	Parrott, J.	Talbot, J.
	Dundas, Capt.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Tancred, H.
R.	Dunlop, J.	Howick, Ld. Visct.	Philipps, Sir R.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.
	Easthope, J.	Hurst, R.	Philips, M.	Thornely, T.
, C.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hutton, R.	Philips, G.	Tracy, H.
	Eliot, Hon. J.	Jephson, C.	Phillpotts, J.	Tufnell, H.
R.	Ellice, Capt.	Jervis, S.	Pinney, W.	Turner, W.
ir C.	Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Ponsonby, C.	Verney, Sir H.
	Ellice, E.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Vigors, N.
an, H.	Evans, Colonel	Lambton, H.	Potter, R.	Villiers, C.
urst, J.	Evans, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Poulter, J.	Wakley, T.
W.	Euston, Earl of	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Power, James	Walker, R.
on, J.	Fazakerley, J.	Leader, J.	Power, John	Wall, C.
R.	Fielden, J.	Lefevre, C.	Price, Sir R.	Wallace, R.
	Ferguson, Sir R.	Lemon, Sir C.	Protheroe, E.	Warburton, H.
	Ferguson, Sir R. A.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pryme, G.	Ward, H.
	Ferguson, R.	Lennox, Lord A.	Ramsbottom, J.	Whalley, Sir S.
E. L.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Loch, J.	Redington, T.	White, A.
W.	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Rice, E.	Wilbraham, G.
Hon. Col.	Fitzalan, Lord	Lynch, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Williams, W.
n, D.	Fitzgibbon, Hon.	Macleod, R.	Rich, H.	Williams, W. A.
l, Sir J.	Col.	Macnamara, Major	Roche, E.	Wilmot, Sir J.
h, Hn. C.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	M'Taggart, J.	Roche, W.	Wilshere, W.
h, Hn. G.	Fitzsimon, N.	Maher, J.	Roche, D.	Winnington, T.
S. S.	Fort, J.	Mahony, P.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Winnington, H.
s, P.	French, F.	Marshall, W.	Rumbold, C.	Wood, C.
s, L.	Gillon, W.	Marsland, H.	Rundle, J.	Wood, Sir M.
er, J.	Gordon, R.	Maule, W.	Russell, Lord J.	Woulfe, Mr. Serjt.
	Goring, H.	Melgund, Ld. Vt.	Russell, Lord C.	Wyse, T.
s, Ld. Vt.	Grattan, J.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Salwey, Colonel	Yates, J.
	Grattan, H.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Sanford, E.	
on, Admi.	Greenaway, C.	Morris, D.	Seale, Colonel	
W.	Grey, Sir G.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
Hon. W.	Grote, G.	Muskett, G.	Sharpe, Gen.	O'Brien, W. S.
	Guest, J.		Sheil, R.	Hume, J.

NOES.

Sir T. D.	Adare, Lord Visct.	Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Bagge, W.	Baker, E.
T. D.	Alsager, Capt.	Attwood, W.	Bailey, J.	Barneby, J.
, Capt.	*Ashley, Lord*		Baillie, Col.	Barnes, Sir E.

Barrington, Ld.Vt.
Bateman, J.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Blair, J.
Blakemore, R.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord
Bruges, W.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Castlereagh, Ld.Vt.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Colonel
Chapman, A.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, Hon. R.
Copeland, Ald.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Crewe, Sir G.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl of
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Duncombe, Hn.A.
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)
Estcourt, T.(Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, Ormsby J.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Halford, H
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Herries, Rt Hn. J.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Hope, G.
Hope, Hon. J.
Hope, H.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jermyn, Earl of
Johnstone, H.
Jolliffe, Sir W.
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt.Hon. T.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Maclean, D.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Norreys, Lord
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Peyton, H.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Powell, Colonel
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Rae, Rt.Hn. Sir W.
Ramsay, Lord
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Rt.Hn. Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, J.
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thompson, Ald.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Colonel
Wilberforce, W.
Wilbraham, Ha.B.
Williams, R.
Wood, Colonel T.
Wood, T.
Wynn, Rt. Ha. C.
Young, John
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Baring, H. B.

No. 11. MEMBERS' SEATS. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into the truth of the allegations contained in the petition of William Smith O'Brien, Esquire (presented yesterday), complaining of the subscription which has been raised in England to encourage the prosecution of petitions against the return of Members for Ireland, and of the conduct of a Member of this House, in having contributed to such subscription, and to report their opinion thereupon to the House:"— (Mr. WILLIAM SMITH O'BRIEN.)— Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "appointed" to the end of the question, in order to add the words "to consider the measures by which the expenses of contested and controverted elections may be avoided," instead thereof: — (Mr. HARVEY.)— Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the question:" — The House divided; Ayes 389, Noes 91. — (December 7.)

AYES.

Acland, Sir T.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adam, Sir C.
Adare, Lord Vt.
Aglionby, H.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.
Alford, Lord Viset.
Alsager, Capt.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Archbold, R.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Ballie, Colonel
Baker, E.
Baring, F.
Baring, Hon. F.
Baring, H.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord
Barron, H.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Berkeley, Hon. G.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bethell, R.
Bewes, T.
Blair, J.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blakemore, R.
Blennerhassett, A.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brodie, W.
Browne, R.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Bryan, G.
Bulwer, E. L.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir H.
Campbell, Sir J.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.
Carnac, Sir J.
Castlereagh, Lord
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cavendish, Hn. G.
Cayley, E. S.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Colonel
Chapman, L.
Chichester, J.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Lord Vt.
Clive, Lord Viset.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Lord Viset.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Cooper, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Cresswell, C.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl of

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Hon. E.

Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Hallyburton, Lord
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heneage, E.
Henniker, Lord
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Hope, G.
Hope, H.
Horsman, E.
Hotham, Lord
Houstoun, G.
Howard, P.
Howard, R.
Howard, Hon. W.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hume, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutton, R.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jolliffe, Sir W.
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Ker, D.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. S.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Maher, J.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Maidstone, Ld Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maule, W.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Mildmay, P. St. Jn.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Milton, Lord Vt.
Monypenny, T.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hon. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
Neeld, J.
Nicholl, J.
Norreys, Lord
O'Brien, C.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, H.
Packe, C.
Paget, Lord A.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Colonel
Perceval, Hon. G.
Peyton, H.
Philips, M.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J.
Pollock, Sir F.
Poulter, J.
Powell, Col.
Power, James
Powerscourt, Lord Visct.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pryse, P.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Rt Hn. Sir W.
Ramsbottom, J.
Ramsay, Lord
Redington, T.
Reid, Sir J.
Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.
Rich, H.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rumbold, C.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Salwey, Col.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Ld. Vt.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Scrope, G.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Somerville, Sir W.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C.
Thornely, T.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Tracy, H.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Tyrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord Vt.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wall, C.
Wallace, R.
Welby, G.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, H.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, C.
Wood, Col. T.
Wood, G.
Wood, T.
Wrightson, W.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J.

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Holmes, Mr.

NOES.

P.
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st, J.
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D'Eyncourt, C.
Divett, E.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Ld. Visct.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Dundas, C.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Easthope, J.
Erle, W.
Fort, J.
Gillon, W.
Hall, B.
Handley, H.
Hindley, C.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Howard, F.
Jephson, C.
Johnston, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J.
Leveson, Lord
Mahony, P.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Milnes, R.
Morris, D.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
Palmer, C.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Phillpotts, J.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Rice, E.
Rundle, J.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Sharpe, Gen.
Smith, J.
Somers, J.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W.
Stansfield, W.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, C.
Talbot, J.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, J.
Wakley, T.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Wilbraham, G.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Wood, Sir M.
Worsley, Lord
Yates, J.
Young, G. F.

Tellers.
Harvey, D.
Duncombe, T.

No. 12. Main Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 121, Noes 331.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Barron, H.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R.
Bewes, T.
Blake, M.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Brabazon, Lord
Bridgeman, H.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Bryan, G.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.
Callaghan, D.
Chalmers, P.
Chapman, L.
Clements, Lord Vt.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Curry, W.
Dashwood, G.
Dennistown, J.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Dundas, C.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Erle, W.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fort, J.
Gibson, J.
Gillon, W.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Hall, B.
Hallyburton, Ld.D.
Handley, H.
Hastie, A,
Hawes, B.
Heathcoat, J.
Heneage, E.
Hindley, C.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Howard, F.
Howard, R.
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
Johnston, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Martin, J.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Milton, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, C.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Ponsonby, C.
Poulter, J.
Power, James.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rundle, J.
Salwey, Col.
Scholefield, J.
Sharpe, Gen.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, M.
Stansfield, W.
Strickland, Sir G.
Talbot, J.
Talfourd, Mr. Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Wakley, T.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Williams, W.
Winnington, H.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
O'Brien, W. S.
Bulwer, Mr.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T.
Ackland, T.
A'Court, Capt.
Adam, Sir C.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.
Alford, Lord Visct.
Alsager, Capt.
Alston, R.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, F. T.
Baring, Hon. F.
Baring, H. B.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Ld.Vt
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Berkeley, Hon. G.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bethell, R.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blake, W.
Blakemore, R.
Blennerhasset, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H. N.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.
Carnac, Sir J.
Castlereagh, Ld.Vt.
Cavendish, Hon.C.
Cavendish, Hon.G.
Cayley, E.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Col.
Chichester, J.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clive, Lord Visct.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Corry, H.
Courtenay, P.
Craig, W.
Cresswell, C.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl of
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Duff, J.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Duncombe, Hn.W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Dunlop, J.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Eliot, Lord
Ellice, Capt.
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Ferguson, Sir R.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleetwood, P.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, R.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Harvey, D.
Hawkins, J.
Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Henniker, Lord
Herries, Rt Hn. J.
Hinde, J.
Hillsborough, Earl of
Hobhouse, Right Hon. Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W.
Hope, G.
Hope, H.
Hotham, Lord
Houstoun, G.
Howard, P.
Howard, Hon. W.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hurst, R.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jephson, C.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Kemble, H.
Kerryson, Sir E.
Ker, D.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marshall, W.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Mildmay, P.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Norreys, Lord
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, H.
Packe, C.
Paget, Lord A.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C.
Palmerston, Ld.Vt.
Parker, J.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Parnell, Sir H.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.

ll, F.	Richards, R.	Sheppard, T.	Sugden, Sir E.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
), Sir J.	Rickford, W.	Shirley, E.	Surrey, Earl of	Williams, R.
ck, Sir F.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Sibthorp, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	Williams, T.
nby, Hon. J.	Rolleston, L.	Sinclair, Sir G.	C. P.	Wilmot, Sir J.
ll, Col.	Rose, Right Hon.	Smith, J.	Thornhill, G.	Wilshere, W.
rscourt, Lord	Sir G.	Smith, A.	Tollemache, F.	Wodehouse, E.
ct.	Round, C.	Smyth, Sir G.	Tracy, H.	Wood, C.
, W.	Round, J.	Somerset, Lord G.	Trench, Sir F.	Wood, Col.
, R.	Rumbold, C.	Spry, Sir S.	Trevor, Hon. G.	Wood, T.
le, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Standish, C.	Tyrell, Sir J.	Wrightson, W.
, P.	Russell, Lord J.	Stanley, E.	Vere, Sir C.	Wyndham, W.
, P.	Russell, Lord	Stanley, Lord	Verner, Col.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Rt. Hn. Sir W.	Sanderson, R.	Steuart, R.	Villiers, Lord Vt.	Yorke, Hon. E.
bottom, J.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Stewart, James	Vivian, J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ay, Lord	Scarlett, Hon. J.	Stewart, John	Wall, C.	
, Sir J.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Stuart, H.	Welby, G.	*Tellers.*
, Rt. Hon. T. S.	Scrope, G.	Stuart, V.	Westenra, Hon. H.	Fremantle, Sir T.
, H.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Sturt, H.	Wilberforce, W.	Holmes, Mr.

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13. Pensions. — Acts (1 Will. IV. c. 24., and 2 & 3 Will. IV. c. 116.) read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a Select Committee be appointed to inquire how far pensions granted in virtue of 1 Will. IV. c. 24., and charged on the Civil List, and in virtue of 2 & 3 Will. IV. c. 116., and charged on the Consolidated Fund, ought to be continued, having due regard to the just claims of the parties, and to economy in the public expenditure:" — (Mr. Chancellor of the Exchequer.) — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "upon the occasion of the accession of his late Majesty King William the Fourth, a Select Committee was appointed in 1831, on the motion of Lord Althorp, then Chancellor of the Exchequer, to take into consideration the accounts presented by order of his Majesty relating to the Civil List:

That the Committee so appointed took into consideration, together with other classes of the Civil List, that of the Pensions; and, after stating that they felt it to be their duty to explain to the House fully the case in respect to pensions, made, in their Report, the following, among other observations: — 'At the same time, it would be a harsh measure to overlook, on this present occasion, that which has been the uniform usage on all former settlements of the Civil List. Pensions on the Civil List have always hitherto been considered to be granted for life, and in fact no instance has occurred wherein a pension on the Civil List granted by one Sovereign has been discontinued on the accession of his successor. It is more than probable, therefore, that parties relying on an adherence to an invariable custom, have made family settlements and pecuniary arrangements of various kinds, with all of which his Majesty must necessarily interfere, should the continuance of these pensions, for the first time, on his accession to the Throne, be refused. Adverting to all the circumstances of the case, considering that no material relief to the finances of the country could be derived from the most rigid measures of retrenchment applied to the Pension List; that in many cases severe distress, in some actual injustice, would arise to individuals from the general discontinuance of pensions; that such discontinuance on the occasion of his Majesty's accession would be a departure from an usage invariably observed on the accession of his Majesty's predecessors, your committee do not think it advisable to withdraw from the Crown those funds which may enable the Crown, if it shall so think fit, to continue the pensions on the Civil List of his late Majesty. These observations, however, do not apply to the grant of future pensions on the Civil List; if granted with a distinct notice to the individuals receiving them that they are not only legally terminable on the demise of the Sovereign by whom they have been granted, but that they are liable to be revised or discontinued on the settlement of a new Civil List, there can be no obstacle to the reconsideration at that time of the then existing Pension List:'

The Committee proceeded to recommend that the Pension Lists of England, Scotland, and Ireland should be consolidated into one alphabetical list; that Pensions to the amount of 75,000*l.*, on the first part of the List should be placed on the Civil List, and the remainder charged to the Consolidated Fund:

That his Majesty's Government proposed, and Parliament sanctioned, mea-

sures in respect to the Civil List Pensions, founded upon the recommendations of the Committee, and in precise conformity with them, making provision to enable the Crown, if it should so think fit, to continue the whole of the Pensions on the Civil List of King George IV.:

That at a subsequent period, the House of Commons passed Resolutions in respect to the grant of all future Pensions by the Crown, expressing an opinion that they ought to be confined to such persons as have just claims on the Royal beneficence, or who, by their personal services to the Crown, by the performance of duties to the public, or by their useful discoveries in science, and attainments in literature and the arts, have merited the gracious consideration of their Sovereign, and the gratitude of their country:

That it appears to this House that the course advisedly taken on the accession of his late Majesty, by the Crown and Parliament, was calculated to justify increased confidence in the continuance of the then existing pensions, and in the permanence of 'family settlements and arrangements of various kinds,' made by parties 'relying on the adherence to invariable custom,' and that whatever harshness or injustice there might have been, on the accession of his late Majesty, in overlooking on that occasion the uniform preceding usage, would on the present occasion be greatly aggravated, not only by the lapse of time, and the intervention of a whole reign, but by the direct sanction given in 1831 by the Crown and Parliament to an expectation that the principles then acted on, so far as applicable to the then existing pensions, would be thereafter adhered to:

That, under these circumstances, it is the opinion of this House, that regulations having been established in respect to the grant of future pensions, and precautions having been taken in respect to the revisal or discontinuance of them on new settlements of the Civil List, it is advisable now to make such provision as shall enable the Crown, if it shall so think fit, to continue those Pensions which were continued by the Crown on the accession of his late Majesty, or which were granted by his Majesty," instead thereof: — (Sir Robert Peel.) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 295, Noes 233. — (December 8. 1837.)

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Anson, Sir G.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Bainbridge, E.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F. T.
Barnard, E.
Barron, H.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F.
Belfast, Earl
Bellew, R.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord W.
Berkeley, Hon. F.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Brownrigg, S.
Bryan, G.
Buller, C.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Carnac, Sir J.
Carter, J.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cavendish, Hn G. H.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Chapman, L.
Chichester, J. P.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Lord
Clive, E.
Codrington, Adm.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Copeland, Ald.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Crompton, S.
Currie, R.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Davies, Col.
Denison, W.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C.
Dick, Q.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, C. W. D.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Dunlop, J.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Eliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.
Ellice, E.
Erle, W.
Evans, Col. De L.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fielden, J.
Fenton, J.
Ferguson, Sir Ron.
Ferguson, Sir R.
Ferguson, Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, P.
Fort, J.
French, F.
Gibson, J.
Gillon, W.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grote, G.
Hall, B.
Hallyburton, Lord
Handley, H.
Harvey, D.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Heneage, E.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T. (Kent)
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F.
Howard, P.
Howick, Lord Vist.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutton, R.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, S.
Johnston, G.
Kinnaird, Hon A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J. T.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Leveson, Lord
Loch, J.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Maule, W. H.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P.
Milton, Lord
Molesworth, Sir W.
Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, C.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, Dan.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, R.

Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Plumptre, J.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Potter, R.
Power, J.
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Pryse, P.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rickford, W.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C. E.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G. P.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R. L.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R. V.
Somers, James
Somerville, Sir W.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surry, Earl
Talbot, C. R.
Talbot, J. H.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Tollemache, F.
Townley, R.
Tracy, H.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C. P.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, J. E.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Westenra, Hn. H. R.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G. W.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.
Young, G. F.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Lord
Alexander, Lord
Alford, Lord
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, Hon. F.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord
Bateman, J.
Bell, M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bethell, R.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blakemore, R.
Blennerhassett, A.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Lord
Castlereagh, Lord
Chandos, Marquess
Chaplin, Col.
Chapman, A.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, Lord
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Lord
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gaskell, Milnes
Gibson, T
Gladstone, W.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Granby, Marquess
Grant, Hon. C.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Hn. E. H.
Grimston, Lord
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Henniker, Lord
Herries, Rt. Hon. J.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hope, H. T.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W.
Ingestre, Lord
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jolliffe, Sir W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hn. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lincoln, Earl
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Mahon, Lord
Maidstone, Lord
Manners, Lord C.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Morgan, C.
Morgan, R.
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Northland, Lord
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, H.
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hn. G.
Peyton, H.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powell, Col.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Ramsay, Lord
Reid, Sir. J.
Richards, R.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Tyrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C. B.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord
Wall, C.
Welby, G.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilbraham, Hon. B.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

No. 14. Bodmin Election Recognisances. — Order for resuming adjourned debate on Question (7th of December), "That the petitioner in the case of the Bodmin Election be permitted to substitute the name of Thomas Meyrick Field, Esquire, Albion Street, Hyde Park, as a surety, instead of the name of Edward

Harrison," read: — Question again proposed: — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "the time allowed for entering into a recognisance by Mr. Harrison, one of the sureties in the case of the Bodmin Election Petition, be enlarged for the period of thirty days:" — (Sir Thomas Fremantle.) — Question proposed, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question, "That the Debate be adjourned till Monday next," — (Mr. Forbes,) — put, and negatived: Question again proposed, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question put, — "That the debate be adjourned till Tuesday next:" — (Mr. Freshfield:) — The House divided; Ayes 26, Noes 77. — (December 14.)

AYES.

Attwood, W.	Dick, Q.	Gibson, T.	Maclean, D.	Wilberforce, W.
Bailey, J. (Sud.)	D'Israeli, B.	Harcourt, G.	Parker, R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Round, J.	
Bateman, J.	Eaton, R.	Howard, P.	Stanley, E.	*Tellers.*
Blair, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Vere, Sir C.	Freshfield, Mr.
Blennerhassett, A.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jackson, Mr. Serjt.	Vivian, J.	Forbes, Mr.

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.	Courtenay, P.	Hindley, C.	Paget, F.	Tracy, H.
Aglionby, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Troubridge, Sir E.
Baines, E.	Dundas, F.	Hoskins, K.	Price, Sir R.	Tufnell, H.
Baring, F.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hotham, Lord	Pryme, G.	Villiers, C.
Barnard, E.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Ramsay, Lord	Wakley, T.
Beamish, F.	Finch, F.	Hughes, W.	Redington, T.	Wallace, R.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Goddard, A.	Hume, J.	Reid, Sir J.	Warburton, H.
Berkeley, Hon. F.	Gordon, R.	Jervis, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	White, A.
Brotherton, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Kemble, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
Browne, R.	Grimsditch, T.	Lushington, C.	Round, C.	Woulfe, Mr. Serjt.
Bryan, G.	Hall, B.	Macleod, R.	Rushout, G.	Yates, J.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hawes, B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Russell, Lord J.	Young, G. F.
Cayley, E.	Hay, Sir A.	Muskett, G.	Salwey, Col.	
Chalmers, P.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Smith, R.	*Tellers.*
Chapman, L.	Heathcote, Sir W.	O'Ferrall, R.	Style, Sir C.	Seymour, Lord
Chetwynd, Major	Hinde, J.	Paget, Lord A.	Thornely, T.	Steuart, R.
Codrington, Adm.				

No. 15. Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 66, Noes 39.

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Chetwynd, Major	Hayter, W.	Paget, Lord A.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Aglionby, H.	Codrington, Adm.	Hindley, C.	Paget, F.	Tufnell, H.
Baines, E.	Dennistoun, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Wakley, T.
Baring, F.	Dundas, F.	Hollond, R.	Price, Sir R.	Wallace, R.
Barnard, E.	Easthope, J.	Hoskins, K.	Pryme, G.	Warburton, H.
Beamish, F.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	Redington, T.	White, A.
Berkeley, Hon. F.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hume, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wilshere, W.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Jervis, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Browne, R.	Gordon, R.	Lushington, C.	Russell, Lord J.	Yates, J.
Bryan, G.	Grey, Sir G.	Macleod, R.	Salwey, Col.	Young, G. F.
Bulier, C.	Hall, B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Smith, R.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Cayley, E.	Hay, Sir A.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thornely, T.	Steuart, R.
Chalmers, P.		O'Ferrall, R.	Tracy, H.	Seymour, Lord
Chapman, L.				

NOES.

Attwood, W.	D'Israeli, B.	Harcourt, G.	Kemble, H.	Vere, Sir C.
Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Douglas, Sir C.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Parker, R.	Vivian, J.
Bailey, J. (Sud.)	Eaton, R.	Hinde, J.	Ramsay, Lord	Wilberforce, W.
Bateman, J.	Forbes, W.	Hodgson, R.	Reid, Sir J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Bentinck, Lord G.	Freshfield, J.	Howard, P.	Round, C.	
Blair, J.	Gaskell, J. M.	Hughes, W.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
Blennerhassett, A.	Gibson, T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Rushout, G.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Courtenay, P.	Goddard, A.	Jackson, Serjt.	Stanley, E.	Maclean, Mr.
Dick, Q.	Grimsditch, T.			

CIVIL LIST BILL. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. aker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out m the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the rds "This House will upon Monday next resolve itself into the said mmittee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 184, es 52. — (December 15.)

AYES.

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Ld.Vt.
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Major
P.

Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Denison, W.
D'Eyncourt, C. T.
D'Israeli, B.
Divett, E.
Douglas, Sir C.
Duff, J.
Dundas, F.
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Eliot, Lord
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellis, J.
Etwall, R.
Fazakerley, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleetwood, P.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, J.
Gibson, T.
Godson, R.
Gordon, R.
Gore, J.
Gore, O.
Goring, H.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.

Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Hallyburton, Lord D.
Hastie, A.
Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Hennniker, Lord
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Hollond, R.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, P.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
James, Sir W.
Kirk, P.
Knight, H.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lockhart, A.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Marton, G.

Morpeth, Ld. Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Ferrall, R.
Ossulston, Lord
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C.
Palmer, R.
Palmerston, Ld Vt.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parker, R.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Phillpotts, J.
Polhill, F.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Price, Sir R.
Pryme, G.
Ramsbottom, J.
Ramsay, Lord
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Sanford, E.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col

Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, J.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R.
Somerset, Lord
Standish, C.
Stanley, E. J.
Stewart, James
Stewart, John
Stuart, Lord
Strangways, Hn. J.
Style, Sir C.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Talfourd, Serjt.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Townley, R.
Tracy, H.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Vere, Sir C.
Vivian, J.
Wall, C.
White, A.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, T.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Yates, J.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Steuart, R.
Wood, C.

NOES.

I.
it, J.
, J.
. Col.
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L.
, Adm.
, J.
, S.

Duke, Sir J.
Duncombe, T.
Easthope, J.
Fielden, J.
Finch, F.
Grimsditch, T.
Grote, G.
Hall, B.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hindley, C.

Horsman, E.
Humphery, J.
Hutton, R.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Kemble, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J.
Lemon, Sir G.
Lushington, C.
Marshall, W.

Martin, J.
Molesworth, Sir W.
Pattison, J.
Philips, M.
Protheroe, E.
Salwey, Col.
Strutt, E.
Tancred, H.
Thornely, T.
Tollemache, F.
Vigors, N.

Villiers, C.
Wakley, T.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Whalley, Sir S.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Young, G. F.

Tellers.
Harvey, D. W.
Hume, J.

CIVIL LIST BILL—In Committee. — Page 4., l. 34., third Clause: — Motion de, and Question proposed, "That the blank be filled with the sum of ,000*l.*"

Afterward, Motion made, and Question put, "That the blank be filled with sum of 385,000*l.*:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 19, Noes 199.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Finch, P.	Leader, J.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Brocklehurst, J.	Godson, R.	Martin, J.	Wakley, T.	Grote, G.
Brotherton, J.	Harvey, D W.	Molesworth, SirW.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
Duncombe, T.	Hindley, C.	Morris, D.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	
Fielden, J.	Jervis, S.	Philips, M.		

NOES.

Acland, Sir T.	D'Eyncourt, C. T.	Hallyburton, Lord D.	Mackenzie, T.	Sheil, R.
Acland, T. D.	De Horsey, S.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Macleod, R.	Sheppard, T.
A'Court, Capt.	Dick, Q.	Hastie, A.	Macnamara, Major	Sibthorp, Col.
Adam, Sir C.	D'Israeli, B.	Hawes, B.	Marshall, W.	Smith, J.
Alsager, Capt.	Divett, E.	Hawkins, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Smith, Hon. R.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Hay, Sir A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Smith, V.
Ashley, Lord	Duckworth, S.	Hayter, W.	Muskett, G.	Somerset, Lord G.
Baines, E.	Duff, J.	Henniker, Lord	O'Brien, W. S.	Steuart, R.
Baker, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Hinde, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stewart, James
Barnard, E. G.	Dundas, F.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stewart, John
Barrington, Lord	East, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Ossulston, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.
Beamish, F. B.	Easthope, J.	Hodgson, F.	Paget, Lord A.	Strangways, Ha. J.
Belfast, Earl of	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, R.	Paget, F.	Strutt, E.
Bellew, R. M.	Ebrington, Lord	Hogg, J.	Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Eliot, Lord	Hollond, R.	Palmer, R.	Sugden, Sir E.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Holmes, W.	Palmerston, Lord	Surrey, Earl
Blair, J.	Ellis, J.	Hope, G.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talfourd, Serjt.
Borthwick, P.	Etwall, R.	Hoskins, K.	Parker, R. T.	Tancred, H.
Bowes, J.	Fazakerley, J.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Thomson, Rt. Ha. C. P.
Bridgeman, H.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Howick, Lord	Peel, Sir R.	Tollemache, J.
Briscoe, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hughes, W.	Philipotts, J.	Townley, R.
Broadley, H.	Fitzalan, Lord	Humphery, J.	Pinney, W.	Tracy, H.
Bryan, G.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Hutton, R.	Polhill, F.	Trevor, Hon. G.
Buller, C.	Fitzroy, Hn. H.	Ingham, R.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Bulwer, E. L.	Fleetwood. P.	Inglis, Sir R.	Price, Sir R.	Tufnell, H.
Callaghan, D.	Forbes, W.	James, Sir W.	Protheroe, E.	Vere, Sir C.
Campbell, Sir J.	Forester, Hon. G.	Kemble, H.	Pryme, G.	Whalley, Sir S.
Canning, Sir S.	Freshfield, J.	Kirk, P.	Ramsay, Lord	White, A.
Cantilupe, Lord	Gaskell, M.	Knight, H.	Redington, T. N.	Wilberforce, W.
Carnac, Sir J.	Gibson, J.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wilshere, W.
Cayley, E. S.	Gibson, T.	Lambton, H.	Rich, H.	Wood, C.
Chalmers, P.	Gladstone, W. E.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Richards, R.	Wood, T.
Chandos, Marq. of	Gordon, R.	Lefevre, C.	Rickford, W.	Worsley, Lord
Chaplin, Col.	Gore, O.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Yates, J.
Chetwynd, Capt.	Goring, H.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rose, Sir G.	Young, G. F.
Clay, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lennox, Lord A.	Round, C.	
Clive, E. B.	Greenaway, C.	Lincoln, Earl of	Rumbold, C.	
Courtenay, P.	Grey, Sir G.	Lockhart, A.	Russell, Lord J.	
Cowper, Hon. W.	Grimsditch, T.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	
Craig, W. G.	Hall, B.	Lynch, A.	Sandon, Lord	*Tellers.*
Dalrymple, Sir A.			Sanford, E.	Baring, F. T.
Dennistoun, J.			Seymour, Lord	Stanley, E. J.

No. 18. Afterwards, Motion made, and Question put, "That the blank be filled with the sum of 375,000*l.*:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 41, Noes 173.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Duncombe, T.	Hindley, C.	Morris, D.	Tollemache, F.
Baines, E.	Fielden, J.	Hume, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Vigors, N.
Blair, J.	Finch, F.	Humphery, J.	Parker, R.	Wakley, T.
Brocklehurst, J.	Forbes, W.	Jervis, S.	Philips, M.	Whalley, Sir S.
Brotherton, J.	Godson, R.	Kemble, H.	Phillpotts, J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Buller, C.	Goring, H.	Leader, J. T.	Rickford, W.	
Chalmers, P.	Grote, G.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
Dick, Q.	Hall, B.	Martin, J.	Strutt, E.	Hawes, B.
Duke, Sir J.	Harvey, D. W.	Molesworth, SirW.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Warburton, H.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T.	Baker, E.	Bentinck, Lord G.	Bryan, G.	Cayley, E.
Acland, T. D.	Baring, F.	Berkeley, Hon. H.	Bulwer, E. L.	Chandos, Marq.
A'Court, Capt.	Barnard, E.	Borthwick, P.	Callaghan, D.	Chaplin, Col.
Adam, Sir C.	Barrington, Lord	Bowes, J.	Campbell, Sir J.	Chetwynd, Major
Alsager, Capt.	Beamish, F.	Bridgeman, H.	Canning, Sir S.	Clay, W.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Belfast, Earl of	Briscoe, J.	Cantilupe, Lord	Clive, E.
Ashley, Lord	Bellew, R.	Broadley, H.	Carnac, Sir J.	Courtenay, P.

Hon. W.
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Lord
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Hon. G.
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Gaskell, M.
Gibson, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Gore, O.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hastie, A.
Hawkins, J.
Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Henniker, Lord
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holloud, R.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.W.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, Philip
Howick, Lord
Hughes, W.
Hutton, R.
Ingham, R.

Inglis, Sir R.
James, Sir W.
Kirk, P.
Knight, H.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lockhart, A.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Morpeth, Lord
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Ferrall, R.
Ossulston, Lord
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C.
Palmer, R.
Palmerston, Lord

Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Pinney, W.
Polhill, Capt.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Ramsay, Lord
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.
Rich, H.
Richards, R.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Rumbold, C.
Russell, Lord J.
Sandon, Lord
Sanford, E.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Smith, J.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, V.
Somerset, Lord

Stanley, E. J.
Stewart, James
Stewart, John
Stuart, Lord J.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Style, Sir C.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Townley, R.
Tracy, H.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Vere, Sir C.
White, A.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, C.
Wood, T.
Worsley, Lord
Yates, A.
Young, G. F.

Tellers.
Gordon, R.
Steuart, R.

Dudley Election Recognisances. — Petition of William Meryweather urner, Esquire (presented 15th of December), considered: — Witnesses examined upon oath, and withdrew: — Motion made, and Question put, "That ie time for the sureties entering into recognisances, in the case of the Dudley lection Petition, be extended till Tuesday, 26th of December:" — (Mr. ryme.) — The House divided; Ayes 123, Noes 68. — (December 18.)

AYES.

C.
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, Lord

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Hon. W.

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rt, C. T.

Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, F.
Eliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Fazakerley, J.
Ferguson, Sir Ron.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Gibson, J.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Lord
Grote, G.
Hall, B.
Hastie, A.
Hawes B.
Hawkins, J.

Hay, Sir A.
Hayter, W.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hope, H.
Hoskins, K.
Howick, Lord
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Knight, H.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lambton, H.
Leader, J. T.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Maher, J.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P.
Molesworth, Sir W.

Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.
Muskett, G.
O'Connell, M. J.
Paget, F.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Phillpotts, J.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Protheroe, E.
Redington, T. N.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sandon, Lord
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, J.
Somers, J.
Standish, C.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, John

Stuart, Lord J.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Style, Sir C.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Tracy, H.
Tufnell, H.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Wakley, T.
Warburton, H.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
Wilberforce, W.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Wilshere, W.
Worsley, Lord
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Pryme, G.
Wood, C.

NOES.

Capt.
, Lord
apt.
tt, Hn.

ord
W.

Blennerhassett, A.
Borthwick, P.
Bradshaw, J.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Chaplin, Col.
Chapman, A.
Copeland, Ald.
Courtenay, P.

Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Eaton, R.
Ellis, J.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.

Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O.

Grimsditch, T.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Hope, G.

Hughes, W.	Marton, G.	Richards, R.	Somerset, Lord G.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Irving, J.	Parker, R.	Rose, Sir G.	Thompson, Ald.	
Kirk, P.	Peel, Sir R.	Round, J.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Perceval, Col.	St. Paul, H.	Verner, Col.	Holmes, W.
Mackenzie, T.	Polhill, F.	Sheppard, T.	Wood, T.	Fremantle, T.
Maclean, D.	Reid, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Yorke, Hon. E.	

No. 20. PENSIONS.—Order for nominating committee, read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Committee do consist of twenty-one members:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "twenty-one," in order to insert the words "twenty-two," instead thereof:—Question proposed, "That the words 'twenty-one' stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 122, Noes 71.

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Duncan, Lord Vis.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morpeth, Lord	Somers, J.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Dundas, F.	Hodgson, R.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E. J.
Baker, E.	Ebrington, Lord	Hollond, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
Ball, N.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Holmes, W.	Muskett, G.	Stewart, James
Baring, F. T.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hope, G.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strangways, Hon. J.
Barnard, E.	Ellis, J.	Hoskins, K.	Ossulston, Lord	Style, Sir C.
Barrington, Lord	Erle, W.	Howick, Lord	Paget, F.	Surrey, Earl of
Beamish, F.	Fazakerley, J.	Hutton, R.	Palmer, C. F.	Tancred, H.
Belfast, Earl of	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmerston, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Bernal, R.	Fitzalan, Lord	Irving, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tracy, H.
Blackett, C.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Kirk, P.	Peel, Sir R.	Tufnell, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Fleetwood, P.	Knight, H. G.	Phillpotts, J.	Verney, Sir H.
Brocklehurst, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Wall, C.
Bryan, G.	Freshfield, J.	Lambton, H.	Price, Sir R.	White, A.
Bulwer, E. L.	Gladstone, W.	Lefevre, C.	Redington, T.	Wilshere, W.
Byng, G.	Goddard, A.	Lemon, Sir C.	Reid, Sir J.	Wood, C.
Callaghan, D.	Gordon, R.	Loch, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Worsley, Lord
Campbell, Sir J.	Greene, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rich, H.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Clements, Lord	Grey, Sir G.	Mackenzie, T.	Richards, R.	Yates, J.
Clive, E.	Hallyburton, Lord	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Young, J.
Courtenay, P.	Hastie, A.	Macnamara, Major	Rose, Sir G.	
Cowper, Hon. W.	Hay, Sir A.	Maher, J.	Rumbold, C.	
Crawford, W.	Hayter, W.	Maule, W.	Russell, Lord J.	
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Henniker, Lord	Melgund, Lord	Russell, Lord	*Tellers.*
Denison, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Mildmay, P.	Sheppard, T.	Seymour, Lord
Divett, E.			Smith, J.	Smith, Vernon

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Copeland, Ald.	Gibson, T.	Leader, J.	Sibthorp, Col.
Alsager, Capt.	Craig, W.	Godson, R.	Lennox, Lord G.	Stewart, John
Attwood, W.	Dennistoun, J.	Gore, O.	Lushington, C.	Stuart, Lord J
Attwood, M.	Dick, Q.	Grimsditch, T.	Maclean, D.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Bentinck, Lord G.	D'Israeli, B.	Grote, G.	Marshall, W.	Thompson, Ald.
Borthwick, P.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hall, B.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Tollemache, F.
Broadwood, H.	Duckworth, S.	Hawkins, J.	Parker, R.	Vigors, N.
Brotherton, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Hinde, J.	Pattison, J.	Warburton, H.
Browne, R. D.	Duncombe, T.	Hindley, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Whalley, Sir S.
Brownrigg, S.	Easthope, J.	Howard, P.	Philips, M.	Williams, W.
Buller, C.	Etwall, R.	Hughes, W.	Polhill, F.	Young, G. F.
Castlereagh, Lord	Fielden, J.	Hume, J.	Protheroe, E.	
Chalmers, P.	Finch, F.	Humphery, J.	Pryme, G.	*Tellers.*
Clay, W.	Gaskell, M.	Jervis, J.	Round, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Codrington, Adml.	Gibson, J.	Jervis, S.	Salwey, Col.	Wakley, T.

No. 21. CIVIL LIST BILL.—Amendment proposed, in pr. 11., l. ult., to leave out from the word "Act" to "provided," in pr. 12., l. 29.:—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Bill:"—The House divided; Ayes 125, Noes 23.—(December 19.)

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.	Alsager, Capt.	Baker, E.	Barnard, E.	Beamish, F.
Adam, Sir C.	Anson, Hon. Col.	Baring, F.	Barrington, Lord	Bentinck, Lord W.

	Ebrington, Lord	Hayter, W.	Melgund, Lord	Smith, J. A.
	Eliot, Lord	Henniker, Lord	Mildmay, P.	Smith, Vernon
n, J.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Standish, C.
	Ellis, J.	Hobhouse, T.	Muskett, G.	Steuart, R.
	Erle, W.	Hope, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stewart, James
	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Hope, H. T.	Paget, F.	Stewart, John
D.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Howick, Lord	Palmerston, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.
h, Lord	R. C.	Hughes, W.	Parker, J.	Strangways, Hn. J.
	Fitzalan, Lord	Hutton, R.	Parker, R. T.	Style, Sir C.
L.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pechell, Capt.	Surrey, Earl of
lon. W.	Fleetwood, P.	Irving, J.	Peel, Sir R.	Tancred, H.
	Forester, Hon. G.	Knight, H.	Polhill, F.	Thomson, Rt.Hon.
W.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Labouchere, Rt.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	C. P.
, Sir A.	Freshfield, J. W.	Hon. H.	Price, Sir R.	Tracy, H.
	Gaskell, J. M.	Lambton, H.	Protheroe, E.	Vere, Sir C.
W.	Gladstone, W. E.	Lefevre, C.	Pryme, G.	Wall, C.
rt, C. T.	Goddard, A.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wilberforce, W.
B.	Godson, R.	Loch, J.	Rich, H.	Wilshere, W.
ir C. E.	Gordon, R.	Lockhart, A.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	Yates, J. A.
J.	Grey, Sir G.	Lucas, E.	Rose, Sir G.	Young, G. F.
ord Vis.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Russell, Lord J.	
, T.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Macleod, R.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
	Hastie, A.	Macnamara, Major	Sheppard, T.	Stanley, E. J.
	Hawkins, J. H.	Maher, J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Wood, Mr.
J.	Hay, Sir A.			

NOES.

H.	Hall, B.	Leader, J. T.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W.
P.	Hawes, B.	Lushington, Chas.	Vigors, N.	
	Hindley, C.	Marshall, W.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*
n, J.	Hollond, R.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Warburton, H.	Grote, G.
/.	Humphery, J.	Phillpotts, J.	Whalley, Sir S.	Hume, J.
	Jervis, S.			

Another amendment proposed, in pr. 12., l. 19., to leave out from the word reign" to the word "and" in pr. 13., l. 1. (provision that not more than ,000*l.* shall be granted for pensions in any one year): — Question put, That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The ouse divided; Ayes 26, Noes 114.

AYES.

H.	Fielden, J.	Leader, J. T.	O'Connell, M. J.	Whalley, Sir S.
, J.	Finch, F.	Lefevre, C.	Pattison, J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
D.	Grote, G.	Marshall, W.	Phillpotts, J.	
P.	Hall, B.	Melgund, Lord	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
J.	Hastie, A.	Mildmay, P.	Vigors, N.	Hume, J.
, T.	Hindley, C.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Warburton, H.	Wakley, T.

NOES.

Capt.	D'Israeli, B.	Hay, Sir A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
C.	Divett, E.	Hayter, W.	Paget, F.	Stewart, John
apt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Henniker, Lord	Palmerston, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.
on. Col.	East, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.
	Easthope, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, R. T.	Surrey, Earl of
	Ebrington, Lord	Hodgson, F.	Pechell, Capt.	Tancred, H.
t.	Eliot, Lord	Holmes, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
B.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hope, G.	Perceval, Col.	C. P.
Lord G.	Ellis, J.	Hughes, W.	Polhill, F.	Tracy, H.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Humphery, J.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Vere, Sir C.
	R. C.	Hutton, R.	Price, Sir R.	Wall, C.
, P.	Fitzalan, Lord	Inglis, Sir R.	Pryme, G.	Wilberforce, W.
	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Irving, J.	Redington, T. N.	Wilshere, W.
	Fleetwood, P.	Knight, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wood, C.
h, Lord	Forester, Hon. G.	Lambton, H.	Rich, H.	Wood, T.
	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rose, Sir G.	Yates, A.
, P.	Freshfield, J.	Lockhart, A.	Russell, Lord J.	Young, G. F.
	Gaskell, J. M.	Lucas, E.	Seymour, Lord	
W.	Gladstone, W.	Lushington, C.	Sheppard, T.	
, Sir A.	Godson, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Sibthorp, Col.	
	Grey, Sir G.	Mackinnon, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
W.	Grimsditch, T.	Macleod, R.	Smith, J. A.	Baring, F. T.
in, J.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Macnamara, Major	Smith, Vernon	Labouchere, Rt.
rt, Rt.	Hawes, B.	Maher, J.	Standish, C.	Hon. H.
T.	Hawkins, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Stanley, E. J.	

No. 23. Another Amendment proposed, in pr. 24., l. 3., to leave out from the words "such payments" to the word "and," in line 27. (ten thousand pounds charged on Consolidated Fund for Home Secret Services): — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Bill:" — The House divided; Ayes 100, Noes 25.

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.	Ebrington, Lord	Hope, G. W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
Adam, Sir C.	Eliot, Lord	Hope, H. T.	Paget, F.	Stuart, Lord J.
Alsager, Capt.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hughes, W.	Palmerston, Lord	Style, Sir C.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Ellis, John	Hutton, R.	Parker, R. T.	Surrey, Earl of
Ball, N.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pechell, Capt.	Tancred, H.
Barnard, E.	Fitzalan, Lord	Irving, J.	Perceval, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Knight, H.	Phillpotts, J.	Tracy, H.
Bernal, R.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Vere, Sir C.
Borthwick, P.	Fleetwood, P.	Lambton, H.	Protheroe, E.	Wall, C.
Byng, G.	Freshfield, J.	Lefevre, C.	Pryme, G.	Wilberforce, W.
Canning, Rt. Hon. Sir S.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Redington, T.	Wilshere, W.
Castlereagh, Lord	Gladstone, W. E.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wood, C.
Craig, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Lockhart, A.	Rich, H.	Wood, T.
Crawford, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Lushington, C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Yates, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackinnon, W.	Rose, Sir G.	Young, G. F.
Darby, G.	Hay, Sir A.	Macleod, R.	Russell, Lord J.	
Denison, W.	Hayter, W.	Macnamara, Major	Seymour, Lord	
Divett, E.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maher, J.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Douglas, Sir C.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Melgund, Lord	Sinclair, Sir G.	
East, J.	Hodgson, F.	Mildmay, P.	Smith, J. A.	*Tellers.*
Easthope, J.	Holmes, W.	Morpeth, Lord	Smith, R. V.	Baring, F. T.
			Stanley, E. J.	Parker, J.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Duke, Sir J.	Hawkins, J.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Beamish, F.	Duncombe, T.	Hindley, C.	Pattison, J.	
Buller, C.	Finch, F.	Hume, J.	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
Callaghan, D.	Godson, R.	Humphery, J.	Vigors, N.	Chalmers, P.
Clay, W.	Grote, G.	Leader, J. T.	Wakley, T.	O'Connell, M. J.
Dennistoun, J.	Hawes, B.	Marshall, W.	Warburton, H.	

No. 24. PONTEFRACT ELECTION. — Adjourned proceedings on Petition of James Coppock (presented 16th of September), resumed; several witnesses examined upon oath; Order made on Friday last, read, as follows: —

"That the time for entering into recognisances in the case of the Pontefract Election Petition be enlarged till Tuesday, the 26th day of this instant December:"

Motion made, and Question put, "That the said Order be discharged:" — The House divided; Ayes 86, Noes 56.

AYES.

Anson, Hon. Col.	Dundas, F.	Jervis, J.	Philips, M.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Ball, N.	Easthope, J.	Leader, J. T.	Phillpotts, J.	Tracy, H.
Barnard, E.	Elliot, Hn. J. E.	Lennox, Lord G.	Price, Sir R.	Vigors, N.
Beamish, F.	Erle, W.	Lushington, Dr.	Pryme, G.	Villiers, C.
Belfast, Earl of	Etwall, R.	Lushington, C.	Ramsbotton, J.	Wakley, T.
Briscoe, J.	Finch, F.	Macleod, R.	Salwey, Col.	Whalley, Sir S.
Bryan, G.	Fitzalan, Lord	Macnamara, Major	Sheil, R. L.	White, A.
Callaghan, D.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Maher, J.	Smith, R. V.	Wilshere, W.
Campbell, Sir J.	Gibson, J.	Maule, W.	Somers, J.	Wood, C.
Cayley, E.	Gordon, R.	Morris, D.	Standish, C.	Wood, Sir M.
Chalmers, P.	Grattan, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Codrington, Adml.	Hallyburton, Lord	Muskett, G. A.	Steuart, R.	Wyse, T.
Craig, W.	Hastie, A.	Paget, F.	Stewart, James	Yates, J.
Denison, W.	Hawes, B.	Palmer, C.	Stuart, Lord J.	
Dennistoun, J.	Hindley, C.	Palmerston, Lord	Style, Sir C.	
D'Eyncourt, C. T.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Surrey, Earl of	*Tellers.*
Divett, E.	Howard, P. H.	Pattison, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Aglionby, H.
Duff, J.	Hume, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Tancred, H.	O'Connell, M. J.
Duke, Sir J.				

NOES.

t.	Dick, Q.	Grimsditch, T.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Spry, Sir S.
Hon.	D'Israeli, B.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Ossulston, Lord	Stewart, John
	Douglas, Sir C.	Hayter, W.	Parker, R.	Thompson, Ald.
	Eaton, R.	Henniker, Lord	Perceval, Col.	Tollemache, F.
	Ellis, J.	Holmes, W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vere, Sir C.
rd G.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hope, G.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, T.
	Forester, Hon. G.	Hughes, W.	Rose, Rt. Hon. Sir G.	Young, G. F.
H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Kirk, P.		Young, J. (Cav.)
l. Vt.	Freshfield, J.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Round, J.	
d.	Gladstone, W.	Lockhart, A.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
	Godson, R.	Lucas, E.	Sibthorp, Col.	Inglis, Sir R.
	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mackenzie, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Maclean, D.
	Gore, O.			

UDLEY ELECTION RECOGNISANCES. — Motion made, and Question put, at the time for William Meryweather Turner, the petitioner against the n for the Borough of Dudley, to enter into his recognisance, be enlarged o-morrow:" — The House divided; Ayes 81, Noes 45.

AYES.

	Duke, Sir J.	Howard, P.	Pattison, J.	Tancred, H.
	Easthope, J.	Hume, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Tracy, H.
	Elliot, Hon. J.	Leader, J.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.
	Erle, W.	Lennox, Lord G.	Phillpotts, J.	Villiers, C.
of	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Price, Sir R.	Wakley, T.
	Fitzalan, Lord	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Macnamara, Major	Salwey, Col.	Whalley, Sir S.
	Gibson, J.	Maher, J.	Sheil, R.	White, A.
.	Gordon, R.	Maule, W.	Somers, J.	Wilshere, W.
r J.	Gratton, J.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Standish, C.	Wood, C.
	Hallyburton, Lord D.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stanley, E. J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
		Morris, D.	Steuart, R.	Wyse, T.
	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stewart, James	Yates, J.
	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Stuart, Lord J.	
J.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strangways, Hn. J.	*Tellers.*
C. T.	Hindley, C.	Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.	Thomson, P.
	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Surrey, Earl of	Pryme, G.

NOES.

l. Vt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Talfourd, Serjt.
	East, J.	Henniker, Lord	Maclean, D.	Vere, Sir C.
rd G.	Eaton, R.	Holmes, W.	Ossulston, Lord	Wood, T.
	Ellis, J.	Hope, G.	Parker, R.	Young, G. F.
H.	Fitzroy, H.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Young, J. (Cav.)
l. Vt.	Forester, Hon. G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Polhill, F.	
Lord	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Sibthorp, Col.	
.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Kirk, P.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
	Gore, O.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Spry, Sir S.	Fremantle, Sir T.
	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Stewart, John	Gladstone, W. E.

LIGO COUNTY ELECTION RECOGNISANCES. — Motion made, and Question osed, "That the time for entering into recognisance by the petitioners sureties in the case of John Gallaher and others, complaining of the o County Election, be enlarged till Saturday, the 30th day of this instant ember:" — Question put, "That the debate be adjourned till this day:" — House divided; Ayes 26, Noes 58.

AYES.

d. Vt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Wood, T.
	Eaton, R.	Henniker, Lord	Lockhart, A.	Young, G.
H.	Ellis, J.	Holmes, W.	Maclean, D.	
Lord	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
.	Gladstone, W.	Kemble, H.	Vere, Sir C.	Forrester, Hon. G.
	Grimsditch, T.	Kirk, P.	Wakley, T.	Gore, O.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Finch, F.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.
Ball, N.	Fitzalan, Lord	Lynch, A.	Redington, T.	Warburton, H.
Baring, F. T.	Freshfield, J.	Macleod, R.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	White, A.
Beamish, F.	Gibson, J.	Macnamara, Major	Salwey, Col.	Wilshere, W.
Belfast, Earl of	Gordon, R.	Maher, J.	Sheil, R.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Browne, R.	Gratton, J.	Maule, W.	Somers, J.	Wyse, T.
Bryan, G.	Hastie, A.	Morpeth, Lord	Stanley, E.	Yates, J.
Cayley, E.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Stewart, James	Young, J. (Cav.)
Chalmers, P.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Style, Sir C.	
Craig, W. G.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
Dennistoun, J.	Hollond, R.	Pattison, J.	Tancred, H.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.
Easthope, J.	Hughes, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Tracy, H.	Steuart, R.
Elliot, Hon. J.	Hume, J.			

No. 27. Question again stated: — Whereupon Motion made, and Question proposed, "That this House do now adjourn:" — Motion, by leave, withdrawn: — Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 55, Noes 20.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Finch, F.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wakley, T.
Ball, N.	Gibson, J.	Macnamara, Major	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.
Baring, F.	Gordon, R.	Maher, J.	Sheil, R.	White, A.
Beamish, F.	Grattan, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Somers, J.	Wilshere, W.
Belfast, Earl of	Hastie, A.	Muskett, G.	Stanley, E.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Bryan, G.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.	Wyse, T.
Cayley, E.	Hayter, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stewart, James	Yates, J.
Chalmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pattison, J.	Style, Sir C.	
Craig, W.	Hollond, R.	Pechell, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
Dennistoun, J.	Hume, J.	Pryme, G.	Tancred, H.	Browne, R.
Easthope, J.	Lennox, Lord G.	Redington, T.	Tracy, H.	Maule, W.
Elliot, Hon. J.	Lynch, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vigors, N.	

NOES.

Alexander, Lord	Darby, G.	Gore, O.	Kemble, H.	*Tellers.*
Attwood, W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimsditch, T.	Kirk, P.	Ellis, J.
Broadwood, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Henniker, Lord	Lockhart, A.	Young, J.
Castlereagh, Lord	Freshfield, J.	Holmes, W.	Maclean, D.	
Courtenay, P.	Gladstone, W. E.	Hughes, W.	Wood, T.	

No. 28. Limerick County Election. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the time for entering the recognisances in the Limerick County Election Petition be enlarged till Monday, the 1st day of January next:" — Entry in Journal (9th of January, 1807, Petition respecting Penryn Election) read: Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 59, Noes 50. — (December 21.)

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.	Broadwood, H.	Gore, O.	Kirk, P.	Sheppard, T.
Aglionby, H.	Chapman, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Sibthorp, Col.
Alsager, Capt.	Courtenay, P.	Henniker, Lord	Marton, G.	Spry, Sir S.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Cresswell, C.	Hogg, J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stewart, John
Attwood, W.	Darby, G.	Holmes, W.	Osbaldston, Lord	Style, Sir C.
Attwood, M.	Dick, Q.	Hope, G.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Trench, Sir F.
Baker, E.	D'Israeli, B.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Pemberton, T.	Vere, Sir C.
Barrington, Lord	Eaton, R.	Hutton, R.	Reid, Sir J.	Young, G. F.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Ellis, John	Inglis, Sir R.	Richards, R.	Young, J. (Carm.)
Blair, J.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Irving, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Blennerhassett, A.	Forester, Hon. G.	James, Sir W.	Rose, Right Hon. Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Borthwick, P.	Godson, R.	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Round, J.	Freshfield, J.
	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Kemble, H.		Maclean, D.

NOES.

Anson, Hon. Col.	Briscoe, J.	Buller, C.	Denison, W.	Duckworth, S.
Baring, F. T.	Browne, R.	Callaghan, D.	Dennistoun, J.	Duncan, Lord
Barnard, E.	Bryan, G.	Chalmers, P.	D'Eyncourt, C. T.	Dundas, F.

Hollond, R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stewart, James	White, A.
Howard, P.	Paget, F.	Stuart, Lord J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
n. Lennox, Lord G.	Palmer, C.	Tancred, H.	Wyse, T.
Macnamara, Major	Pechell, Capt.	Tracy, H.	Yates, J.
Mayer, J.	Ramsbottom, J.	Vigors, N.	
Maule, W.	Salwey, Col.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*
Morris, D.	Stanley, E. J.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
Muskett, G.	Steuart, R.	Whalley, Sir S.	Jervis, J.

D-LOOM WEAVERS. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That s in this kingdom an immense body of Hand-loom Weavers suffering leled distress, and that this distress arises from the unprecedented e of wages that the weavers are paid for their work, and from the axes imposed by this House on the food and other necessaries of life, a ıcy of which their wages should enable them to purchase; that the hich a large proportion of these weavers execute consists of articles ısably necessary to the personal comfort and convenience of the higher ldle classes of society, or of articles exported to foreign countries, and xchanged for luxuries and necessaries, to increase the affluence and t of those classes; that it is therefore the interest as well as the duty epresentatives of the people in this House, immediately to devise and ıch laws as shall either raise the wages of these distressed weavers to a dequate to maintain them comfortably, or that shall so reduce the taxes l on the necessaries of life, and to alter the mode of collecting such ıs that no part of the wages paid to these weavers shall be abstracted ıem, by either direct or indirect taxation on those necessaries:" — (Mr. 'IELDEN.) — Previous question put, "That that Question be now put:" House divided; Ayes 11, Noes 73.

AYES.

Cayley, E.	Godson, R.	Morris, D.	*Tellers.*
Fleetwood, P.	Hallyburton, Lord	Wakley, T.	Fielden, J.
Freshfield, J. W.	D.	Wilmot, Sir J.	Hindley, C.

NOES.

Darby, G.	Hollond, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Denison, W.	Hope, G.	Rose, Right Hon.	Tufnell, H.
Dennistoun, J.	Howard, P.	Sir G.	Vere, Sir C.
l. Dick, Q.	Hume, J.	Round, J.	Vigors, N.
Douglas, Sir C.	Kemble, H.	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.
Eaton, R.	Labouchere, Right	Sibthorp, Col.	Whalley, Sir S.
Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hon. H.	Smith, R.	White, A.
l Fremantle, Sir T.	Lennox, Lord G.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, C.
). Goddard, A.	Macleod, R.	Stewart, John	Wood, Sir M.
H. Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Macnamara, Major	Style, Sir C.	Wyse, T.
Grey, Sir G.	O'Ferrall, R.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Yates, J.
Grimsditch, T.	Paget, F.	Tancred, H.	Young, G. F.
Hastie, A.	Pechell, Capt.	Thomson, Rt. Hon.	
Hayter, W.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	C. P.	*Tellers.*
Hobhouse, Sir J.	Philips, M.	Tollemache, F.	Parker, J.
Hobhouse, T. B.	Richards, R.	Tracy, H.	Steuart, R.

HESS OF KENT'S ANNUITY BILL — In Committee. — Clause 1. — Mode, and Question put, "That the blank be filled with the sum of 22,000*l.* t of annuity):" — The Committee divided; Ayes 19, Noes 67.

AYES.

Broadwood, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Tollemache, F.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Kemble, H.	Wakley, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
Dick, Q.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
Fielden, J.	Richards, R.	Wyse, T.	
l Finch, F.	Round, J.		

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Tancred, H.
Baker, E.	R. C.	Labouchere, Right	Pechell, Capt.	Tracy, H.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hon. H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Goddard, A.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rich, H.	Tufnell, H.
Borthwick, P.	Grey, Sir G.	Lushington, C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Vere, Sir C.
Briscoe, J.	Hallyburton, Lord	Lynch, A.	Russell, Lord J.	Vigors, N.
Chalmers, P.	Hastie, A.	Macleod, R.	Smith, R. V.	Whalley, Sir S.
Courtenay, P.	Hawes, B.	Macnamara, Major	Steuart, R.	White, A.
Denison, W.	Hayter, W.	Maule, W.	Stewart, John	Wood, C.
Dennistoun, J.	Hindley, C.	Mildmay, P. St.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wood, Sir M.
Douglas, Sir C.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	John	Style, Sir C.	Young, G. F.
Duff, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morpeth, Lord	Surrey, Earl of	
Dundas, F.	Hollond, R.	Morris, D.	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hope, G. W.	O'Ferrall, R.	Thomson, Right	Stanley, E. J.
Ellis, John	Howard, P.	Paget, F.	Hon. C. P.	Baring, F. T.

No. 31. ADJOURNMENT. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That this House will, at the rising of the House this day, adjourn till Tuesday, the 16th day of January next:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "Tuesday, the 16th day of January next," in order to add the words, "Thursday next," instead thereof: — Question, "That the words 'Tuesday, the 16th day of January next' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 44, Noes 17. — (December 23.)

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Easthope, J.	Hobhouse, Rt. Hn.	Pechell, Capt.	Whalley, Sir S.
Aglionby, H.	Ebrington, Lord	Sir J.	Russell, Lord J.	Wyse, T.
Baring, F. T.	Euston, Earl of	Howard, P.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Yates, J. A.
Buller, C.	Evans, Col.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Steuart, R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Chalmers, P.	Fergusson, Right	Labouchere, Right	Stuart, Lord J.	
Clements, Lord Vt.	Hon. R. C.	Hon. H.	Style, Sir C.	
Codrington, Adml.	Fleetwood, P.	Lennox, Lord G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	
Cowper, Hon. W.	Gladstone, W. E.	Mackinnon, W.	C. P.	*Tellers.*
Duff, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Macleod, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.	O'Ferrall, M.
Duke, Sir J.	Hay, Sir A.	Palmerston, Lord	Vigors, N.	Stanley, E. J.
Dundas, F.	Hindley, C.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Ward, H.	

NOES.

Copeland, Ald.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
Ellis, J. (Newry)	Vere, Sir C.	Bentinck, Lord G.
Holmes, W.	Wakley, T.	Inglis, Sir R.
Leader, J.		

No. 32. CANADA. — Papers relating to the affairs of Canada (presented 23d of December, and this day), read; Motion made and Question proposed, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, to thank her Majesty for her gracious communication of Papers relating to the affairs of Canada: — To assure her Majesty, that the anxious consideration of this House shall be given to the preparation of such measures as the present exigency may require: — To express to her Majesty our deep concern, that a disaffected party in Canada should have had recourse to open violence and rebellion, with a view to throw off their allegiance to the Crown: — To declare to her Majesty our satisfaction that these designs have been opposed, no less by her Majesty's loyal subjects in North America, than by her Majesty's forces; and to assure her Majesty, that, while this House is ever ready to afford redress to real grievances, we are fully determined to support the efforts of her Majesty for the suppression of revolt, and the restoration of tranquillity:" — (LORD JOHN RUSSELL.) — Debate arising; — (January 16. 1838.)

Motion made, and Question put, "That the debate be adjourned till this day:" — The House divided; Ayes 28, Noes 188. — (January 17.)

AYES.

. E.	Eliot, Lord	Hindley, C.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Wakley, T.
rton, J.	Finch, F.	Hodges, T.	Somerville, Sir W.	Warburton, H.
e, R.	Forester, Hon. G.	Marton, G.	Stewart, James	
Hon. Col.	Gillon, W.	Molesworth, SirW.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
R.	Goddard, A.	O'Brien, W. S.	Vigors, N.	Leader, J.
G.	Grote, G.	Praed, W.	Villiers, C.	Hume, J.
toun, J.	Hall, B.			

NOES.

l, Sir T. D.	Cayley, E.	Granby, Marq. of	Lushington, C.	Rushbrooke, Col.
, T. D.	Chandos, Marq. of	Greene, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Russell, Lord J.
Sir C.	Childers, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Mackenzie, W.	Russell, Lord C.
by, H.	Clay, W.	Grimston, Lord Vt.	Macleod, R.	Salwey, Col.
rth, P.	Clayton, Sir W.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Macnamara, Major	Sandon, Lord Vt.
Lord Visct.	Collins, W.	Hale, R.	Manners, Lord C.	Seymour, Lord
r, Capt.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Halford, H.	Marshall, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.
, R.	Compton, H.	Harland, W.	Martin, J.	Somerset, Lord G.
mott, Hon.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hastie, A.	Maule, W. H.	Stanley, Lord
	Cowper, Hon. W.	Hawes, B.	Mildmay, P. St.	Stuart, H.
, Lord	Crawford, W.	Hawkes, T.	John	Style, Sir C.
od, W.	Denison, W.	Hawkins, J.	Milnes, R.	Surrey, Earl of
W.	De Horsey, S.	Hay, Sir A.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Hon. W.	D'Israeli, B.	Hayter, W.	Muskett, G. A.	Tancred, H.
, Col.	Divett, E.	Heathcote, G.	O'Ferrall, R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
, F. T.	Duckworth, S.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Pakington, J.	C. P.
gton, Lord	Duke, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Palmer, C.	Trevor, Hon. G.
, Earl of	Dundas, F.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Palmer, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.
ck, Lord G.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hogg, J.	Palmerston, Lord	Tufnell, H.
ey, Hon. H.	Easthope, J.	Hope, G.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Turner, E.
, R.	Eaton, R.	Hotham, Lord	Parrott, J.	Vere, Sir C.
tone, W.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Howard, F.	Pechell, Capt.	Villiers, Lord Visct.
W.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Howard, P.	Peel, Sir R.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
rhassett, A.	Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Peel, J.	Welby, G.
, W.	Ellice, E.	Hurst, R.	Pemberton, T.	Wilde, Serjt.
vick, P.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wilshere, W.
, J.	Evans, Col.	James, W.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Winnington, T. E.
aw, J.	Farnham, E.	Jermyn, Earl	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Winnington, H. J.
ton, T.	Fitzalan, Lord	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Poulter, J.	Wood, C.
, W.	Fleetwood, P.	Jones, T.	Pryme, G.	Wood, T.
, W.	Forbes, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Ramsbottom, J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
, C.	Fort, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Ramsay, Lord	Yorke, Hon. E.
r, E. L.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knight, H.	Reid, Sir J.	Young, G. F.
tt, Sir F.	Gibson, T.	Labouchere, Right	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ell, Sir J.	Gladstone, W. E.	Hon. H.	Richards, R.	
ng, Sir S.	Gordon, R.	Lambton, H.	Rickford, W.	
upe, Lord	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
reagh, Lord	Goring, H.	Lennox, Lord A.	Rose, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
dish, Hn. C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Lockhart, A.	Round, C.	Stanley, E. J.
dish, Hn. G.	H.	Logan, H.	Round, J.	Steuart, R.

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3. Lower Canada Government. — Motion made, and Question put, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill to make temporary provision for the Government of Lower Canada:" — The House divided; Ayes 198, Noes 7. — (January 17.)

AYES.

l, Sir T. D.	Blair, J.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Duke, Sir J.	Forbes, W.
l, T. D.	Blake, W.	Childers, J.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Forester, Hon. G.
, Sir C.	Bolling, W.	Clay, W.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Fort, J.
aby, H.	Borthwick, P.	Collins, W.	Dundas, F.	Fremantle, Sir T.
aby, Major	Bowes, J.	Coote, Sir C.	East, J.	French, F.
orth, P.	Broadley, H.	Corry, Hon. H.	Easthope, J.	Gladstone, W.
, Hon. Col.	Brodie, W.	Cowper, Hon. W.	Eliot, Lord	Godson, R.
r, Lord	Brownrigg, S.	Craig, W.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Gordon, R.
od, W.	Bruges, W.	Cresswell, C.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.
od, M.	Buller, C.	Cripps, J.	Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.
, Col.	Buller, E.	Dalmeny, Lord	Ellice, E.	H.
rd, E.	Burdett, Sir F.	Darby, G.	Ellis, J.	Granby, Marq. of
gton, Lord	Burr, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Finch, F.	Grey, Sir G.
ck, Lord G.	Busfeild, W.	De Horsey, S.	Fitzalan, Lord	Grimston, Ld. Vt.
ey, Hon. H.	Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	D'Israeli, B.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Grimston, Hon. E.
l, R.	Canning, Sir S.	Dottin, A.	Fleetwood, P.	Hale, R.
tone, W.	Carnac, Sir J	Dugdale, W.	Fleming, J.	Halford, H.

Harland, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Seymour, Lord	Townley, R.
Hastie, A.	James, W.	Ossulston, Lord	Sheppard, T.	Tracy, H.
Hawes, B.	Jermyn, Earl	Pakington, J.	Shirley, E.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Hawkes, T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Palmer, R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Tufnell, H.
Hawkins, J.	Knight, H.	Palmerston, Lord	Slaney, R.	Vere, Sir C.
Hay, Sir A.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Smith, J.	Vivian, Sir R.
Hayter, W.	Lambton, H.	Parrott, J.	Smith, Hon. R.	Walker, R.
Heathcote, G.	Lefevre, C.	Pattison, J.	Smith, R.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Hobhouse, Sir J.	Lennox, Lord A.	Pechell, Capt.	Somerset, Lord G.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Hobhouse, T. B.	Lister, E.	Peel, Sir R.	Somerville, Sir W.	White, A.
Hodges, T.	Lockhart, A.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Standish, C.	Wilde, Serjt.
Hodgson, F.	Logan, H.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Stanley, Lord	Wilshere, W.
Hodgson, R.	Lushington, C.	Rice, E. R.	Stanley, W. O.	Winnington, H.
Hogg, J.	Lynch, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Stuart, H.	Wood, C.
Hollond, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Rich, H.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wood, T.
Holmes, W.	Macleod, R.	Richards, R.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Worsley, Lord
Hope, G.	Macnamara, Major	Rolfe, Sir R.	Sturt, H.	Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Horsman, E.	Maule, W.	Rose, Sir G.	Style, Sir C.	Yates, J.
Howard, F.	Mildmay, P.	Round, C.	Surrey, Earl of	Young, G. F.
Howard, P.	Milton, Lord Vt.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Howard, Hon. W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Russell, Lord J.	Tancred, H.	
Howick, Lord Vt.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Hurst, R.	Muskett, G. A.	Sanderson, R.	Thornely, T.	Stanley, E. J.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.		Scarlett, Hon. J.		Steuart, R.

NOES.

Bodkin, J.	Hindley, C.	*Tellers.*
Browne, R.	Leader, J.	Hume, J.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Vigors, N.	Wakley, T.
Goddard, A.		

No. 34. LOWER CANADA. — Motion made, and Question put, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, that she will be graciously pleased to give directions that there be laid before this House, copies of any Despatches received from Lower Canada, explaining the conduct and proceedings of the Speaker of the House of Assembly of that province, and of the twenty-seven other persons named in the Report of the Attorney and Solicitor General, dated 18th of November, 1837, upon account of which the said persons were directed to be arrested, and the date of the proceedings upon account of which their arrest was ordered, and the date when ordered to be arrested:" — The House divided; Ayes 13, Noes 61.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Buller, C.	Hawes, B.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Aglionby, Major	Collins, W.	Leader, J.	Wakley, T.	Hume, J.
Bodkin, J.	Finch, F.	Lister, E.	Warburton, H.	Grote, G.
Brotherton, J.				

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Clay, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord	Stuart, H.
Acland, T. D.	Darby, G.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Ferrall, R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Adam, Sir C.	De Horsey, S.	Hodgson, R.	Palmerston, Lord	Wood, T.
Ainsworth, P.	Eliot, Lord	Hope, G.	Peel, Sir R.	Worsley, Lord
Ashley, Lord	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Howard, P.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Attwood, W.	Forbes, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Richards, R.	Young, G. F.
Attwood, M.	Forester, Hon. G.	James, W.	Rose, Sir G.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Barrington, Lord	Fremantle, Sir T.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Borthwick, P.	Gladstone, W. E.	Logan, H.	Russell, Lord J.	
Brownrigg, S.	Gordon, R.	Lushington, C.	Smith, R.	
Bruges, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Maule, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Canning, Sir S.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Grimston, Hon. E.		Stanley, Lord	Grey, Sir G.
Childers, J.	Hale, R.		Steuart, R.	Wood, C.

No. 35. LOWER CANADA GOVERNMENT BILL. — Order read, for resuming adjourned debate on Amendment proposed to be made to the Question (22d of January),

That the Bill be committed:" — And which Amendment was to leave out om the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words this Bill be taken into further consideration upon this day six months," in- ad thereof: — Question again proposed, "That the words proposed to be t out stand part of the Question:" — Debate resumed: Question put: — ie House divided; Ayes 262, Noes 16. — (January 23.)

AYES.

D.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Gordon, R.	Lennox, Lord A.	Shirley, E.
apt.	Coote, Sir C.	Goring, H.	Loch, J.	Slaney, R.
C.	Copeland, Ald.	Granby, Marquess	Lockhart, A.	Smith, J. A.
H.	Corry, Hn. H.	Grattan, J.	Logan, H.	Smith, Hon. R.
rd Vt.	Courtenay, P.	Greene, T.	Lushington, C.	Somerville, Sir W.
pt.	Cowper, Hon. W.	Grey, Sir G.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Spencer, Hon. F.
	Craig, W.	Grimston, Lord	Lynch, A.	Standish, C.
n. Col.	Crawford, W.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Mackenzie, T.	Stanley, W. O.
rd	Dalmeny, Lord	Guest, J.	Mackenzie, W.	Steuart, R.
V.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Halford, H.	Maclean, D.	Stuart, H.
	Damer, Hon. D.	Hallyburton, Lord	Macleod, R.	Stuart, Lord J.
n. W.	Darby, G.	Handley, H.	Mahon, Lord	Stuart, V.
l.	Dashwood, G.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Marshall, W.	Strangways, Hn. J.
	Denison, W.	Harland, W.	Martin, J.	Strutt, E.
.	De Horsay, S.	Hastie, A.	Marton, G.	Style, Sir C.
, Lord	Divett, E.	Hawes, B.	Melgund, Lord	Sugden, Sir E.
rl of	Dottin, A.	Hawkes, T.	Mildmay, P.	Surrey, Earl of
Lord G.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hawkins, J.	Milnes, R.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Hon. H.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hay, Sir A.	Morpeth, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
	Duckworth, S.	Hayter, W.	Muskett, G.	C. P.
	Dugdale, W.	Herbert, Hon. S.	O'Brien, W. S.	Thornely, T.
	Duke, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Tracy, H.
	Duncan, Lord	Hobhouse, T. B.	Paget, Lord A.	Trench, Sir F.
.	Dundas, F.	Hodges, T.	Paget, F.	Trevor, Hon. G.
, P.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hodgson, R.	Pakington, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
	Easthope, J.	Hogg, J.	Palmerston, Lord	Tufnell, H.
J.	Eaton, R.	Hollond, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Turner, E.
T.	Egerton, Lord F.	Holmes, W.	Parker, T.	Verney, Sir H.
H.	Eliot, Lord	Hope, G.	Parrott, J.	Villiers, Lord
l, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Horsman, E.	Peel, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
	Ellice, Capt. A	Hotham, Lord	Pemberton, T.	Vivian, Sir R.
, S.	Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.	Howard, F. J.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Walker, R.
.	Ellice, E.	Howard, P.	Phillpotts, J.	Wall, C.
	Ellis, J.	Howick, Lord	Pinney, W.	Ward, H.
	Erle, W.	Humphery, J.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Westenra, Hon. H.
L.	Estcourt, T.	Hurst, R.	Poulter, J.	Westenra, Hon. J.
ir F.	Etwall, R.	Hutton, R.	Protheroe, E.	Wilbraham, G.
	Evans, Col.	Ingham, R.	Pryme, G.	Wilmot, Sir J.
V.	Evans, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Redington, T.	Wilshere, W.
	Farnham, E.	Irving, J.	Reid, Sir J.	Winnington, T. E.
Hn. G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	James, W.	Rice, E.	Winnington, H. J.
Sir J.	Finch, F.	James, Sir W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wodehouse, E.
ıt. Hn.	Fitzalan, Lord	Jones, W.	Rich, H.	Wood, C.
	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	Wood, T.
h, Lord	Fleetwood, P.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Worsley, Lord
Hn. C.	Fleming, J.	Knight, Gally	Rose, Sir G.	Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Hn. G.	Forbes, W.	Labouchere, Rt.	Round, C.	Wyse, T.
	Fort, J.	Hon. H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Young, G. F.
P.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lambton, H.	Rushout, Geo.	Young, J.(Cav.)
.	French, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Russell, Lord J.	
A.	Freshfield, J.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Salwey, Col.	
	Gibson, J.	Law, Hon. C.	Scarlett Hon. R.	*Tellers.*
	Gladstone, W.	Lefevre, C.	Seymour, Lord	Smith, V.
ir W.	Goddard, A.	Lennox, Lord G.	Sheppard, T.	Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

	Gillon, W.	Leader, J. T.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
, J.	Harvey, D. W.	Lister, E.	Wakley, T.	Hume, J.
D.	Hindley, C.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Warburton, H.	Grote, G.
	Jervis, S.	Turner, W.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	

- LOWER CANADA GOVERNMENT BILL. — Motion made, and Question put, That the Order of the Day for the Committee on the Lower Canada Govern- ent Bill have precedence of Notices of Motions on Thursday next:" — The ouse divided; Ayes 101, Noes 6.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	De Horsey, S.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Martin, J.	Scarlett, Hon. R.
Adam, Sir C.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Milnes, R.	Smith, R. V.
Aglionby, H.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hodges, T.	Morpeth, Lord	Somerville, Sir W.
Alsager, Capt.	Duke, Sir J.	Hodgson, R.	Muskett, G.	Stanley, E. J.
Ashley, Lord	Dundas, F.	Hollond, R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Strutt, E.
Baines, E.	Ellis, J.	Howard, P. H.	Pakington, J.	Thomson, Rt.
Barrington, Lord	Erle, W.	Howick, Lord	Palmerston, Lord	Hn. C. P.
Bewes, T.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hurst, R.	Parker, J.	Thornely, T.
Borthwich, P.	Farnham, E.	Hutton, R.	Parrott, J.	Tracy, H.
Bradshaw, J.	Finch, F.	Inglis, Sir, R.	Phillpotts, J.	Turner, E.
Broadwood, H.	Fleetwood, P.	James, W.	Pinney, W.	Turner, W.
Brodie, W.	Forbes, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Pryme, G.	Wilbraham, G.
Brotherton, J.	Gibson, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Redington, T.	Winnington, T. E.
Bruges, W.	Gillon, W.	Lefevre, C.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Winnington, H. J.
Buller, C.	Goddard, A.	Lennox, Lord G.	Richards, R.	Wood, T.
Busfeild, W.	Gordon, R.	Lister, E.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Campbell, Sir J.	Goring, H.	Lockhart, A.	Rose, Sir G.	
Cavendish, Hon. C.	Grey, Sir G.	Logan, H.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lushington, C.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Labouchere, Rt.
Clayton, Sir W.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Mackenzie, T.	Russell, Lord J.	Hn. H.
Craig, W.	Harvey, D. W.	Macleod, R.	Salwey, Col.	Steuart, R.
Darby, G.	Hawes, B.			

NOES.

Grote, G.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Hindley, C.	Warburton, H.	Wakley, T.
Hume, J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Leader, J.

No. 37. Lower Canada Government Bill. — Order for the third reading, read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:—The House divided; Ayes 110, Noes 8. — (January 29.)

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Thompson, Ald.
Aglionby, Major	Hn. C. T.	Hodgson, R.	Plumptre, J.	Thornely, T.
Alston, R.	Duke, Sir J.	Horsman, E.	Poulter, J.	Tufnell, H.
Attwood, W.	Duncan, Lord	Hoskins, K.	Protheroe, E.	Vere, Sir C.
Barnard, E.	Dundas, Hn. J. C.	Hughes, W.	Reid, Sir J.	Verney, Sir H.
Bateman, J.	Easthope, J.	Hutton, R.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Walker, R.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Eaton, R.	Inglis, Sir R.	Richards, R.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Bernal, R.	Evans, Col.	James, W.	Russell, Lord J.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Bewes, T.	Fazakerley, J.	Jenkins, R.	Salwey, Col.	White, A.
Blair, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Loch, J.	Sheppard, T.	Wilberforce, W.
Blennerhassett, A.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Lockhart, A.	Stanley, E. J.	Wilshere, W.
Borthwick, P.	R. C.	Logan, H.	Stanley, W. O.	Winnington, T. E.
Brodie, W.	Fitzalan, Lord	Mackenzie, T.	Steuart, R.	Wood, C.
Busfeild, W.	Forbes, W.	Mackenzie, W.	Stewart, James	Wood, Sir M.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Freshfield, J.	Macleod, R.	Stuart, H.	Worsley, Lord
Carnac, Sir J.	Gibson, J.	Macnamara, Major	Stuart, V.	Yates, J.
Cayley, E.	Grey, Sir G.	Martin, J.	Strutt, E.	Young, G. F.
Chapman, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Marton, G.	Style, Sir C.	
Clay, W.	Harland, W.	O'Ferrall, M.	Sugden, Sir E.	
Collier, J.	Hastie, A.	Palmerston, Lord	Surrey, Earl of	
Craig, W.	Hawes, B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord	Hawkins, J.	Parrott, J.	Tancred, H.	Gordon, R.
Darby, G.	Heathcoat, J.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	Seymour, Lord
Denison, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Phillpotts, J.	C. P.	

NOES.

Attwood, T.	Molesworth, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Baines, E.	Wakley, T.	Hume, J.
Currie, R.	Warburton, H.	Grote, G.
Leader, J. T.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	

SHERIFFS' COURTS (SCOTLAND) BILL.—Clause 15. (Preparation of Records). Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 56, Noes 24. — (February 2.)

AYES.

T.	Duke, Sir J.	Howard, P.	Parnell, Rt. Hon. Sir H.	Vigors, N.
	Duncan, Lord	Hume, J.	Parrott, J.	Wakley, T.
	Erle, W.	Humphery, J.	Poulter, J.	Wallace, R.
	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Jervis, S.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	White, A.
n, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
g, S.	French, F.	Lambton, H.	Salwey, Col.	Woulfe, Serjt.
on. Col.	Gibson, J.	Lister, E.	Stanley, E. J.	Young, G. F.
, P.	Gordon, R.	Mackinnon, W.	Style, Sir C.	
	Hall, B.	Macleod, R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	
	Hastie, A.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
un, J.	Heathcoat, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Tracy, H.	Lord Advocate
Sir C.	Horsman, E.	O'Brien, W.		O'Ferrall, R. M.
		O'Conor Don		

NOES.

Capt.	Blennerhassett, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Plumptre, J.	Young, J.
ott, Hon.	Broadley, H.	Houstoun, G.	Pringle, A.	
	Chisholm, A.	Hughes, W.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
, M.	Darby, G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Forbes, W.
, J.	Eaton, R.	Lockhart, A.	Thompson, Ald.	Mackenzie, W.
	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mackenzie, T.	Vere, Sir C.	

Clause 17. (Proofs in Scotland to be taken by Sheriffs). P. 6., l. 23., after the words "Commissioners as heretofore," proposed to insert the words "it shall be lawful for her Majesty's Secretary of State for the Home Department, from time to time, to name commissioners to whom remits may be made, to take such proofs in such counties, when required by the sheriffs:"—Question put, "That the words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 51, Noes 20.

AYES.

r C.	Duncan, Lord	Hume, J.	Poulter, J.	White, A.
	Erle, W.	Humphery, J.	Redington, T.	Wilshere, W.
	Fergusson, Sir Rob.	Jervis, S.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, Sir M.
n, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Salwey, Col.	Woulfe, Serjt.
g, S.	French, F.	Lambton, H.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, J. A.
lon. Col.	Gibson, J.	Lister, E.	Style, Sir C.	
a, D.	Gordon, R.	Mackinnon, W.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	
, P.	Hall, B.	Macleod, R.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
un, J.	Heathcoat, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Vigors, N.	Lord Advocate
Sir C.	Horsman, E.	O'Brien, W. S.	Wakley, T.	O'Ferrall, M.
r J.	Howard, P. H.	O'Conor Don.	Wallace, R.	
		Parnell, Sir H.		

NOES.

Capt.	Blair, J.	Eaton, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Young, J.
ott, Hn.	Blennerhassett, A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mackenzie, W.	
	Broadley, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Pringle, A.	*Tellers.*
, M.	Chisholm, A.	Houstoun, G.	Richards, R.	Forbes, W.
, J.	Darby, G.	Hughes, W.	Vere, Sir C.	Lockhart, J.

PARLIAMENTARY ELECTORS AND FREEMEN BILL. — Order for committee read; Motion made, and Question put, "That it be an instruction to the committee, that they have power to divide the Bill into two Bills:" — (Mr. HINDE.) — The House divided; Ayes 68, Noes 158. — (February 5.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Canning, Sir S.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Sandon, Lord
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Chapman, A.	Hodgson, F.	Mackinnon, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Attwood, W.	Chute, W.	Hodgson, R.	Marton, G.	Shirley, E.
Bailey, J.	Collier, J.	Hogg, J.	Maxwell, H.	Sibthorp, Col.
Baillie, Col.	Cresswell, C.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Milnes, R.	Stuart, H.
Baker, E.	D'Israeli, B.	Hughes, W.	Parker, T.	Vere, Sir C.
Barrington, Lord	Eaton, R.	Johnstone, H.	Perceval, Col.	Villiers, Lord
Bateman, J.	Ellis, J.	Jones, T.	Peyton, H.	Whitmore, T.
Bell, M.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Kemble, H.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Wood, T.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Forbes, W.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Plumptre, J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Blackstone, W.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Law, Hon. C.	Praed, W.	
Blair, J.	Freshfield, J.	Lockhart, A.	Pringle, A.	
Blennerhassett, A.	Gladstone, W.	Logan, H.	Rickford, W.	*Tellers.*
Burr, H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Round, C. G.	Hinde, H.
	Gore, O.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.	Maclean, D.

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.	Conyngham, Lord	Grattan, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stuart, V.
Aglionby, H.	Craig, W.	Grattan, H.	Muskett, G. A.	Strangways, Hn. J.
Aglionby, Major	Crawford, W.	Grote, G.	Nagle, Sir R.	Strickland, Sir G.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Crompton, S.	Hall, B.	O'Brien, W.	Style, Sir C.
Anson, Sir G.	Curry, W.	Harland, W.	O'Connor Don	Talbot, J. H.
Archbold, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hawkins, J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Tancred, H.
Attwood, T.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Heathcoat, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thornely, T.
Baines, E.	Dashwood, G.	Hindley, C.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tracy, H.
Barnard, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parrot, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Beamish, F.	Duncombe, T.	Hodges, T.	Pattison, J.	Turner, E.
Bellew, R.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Howard, F.	Pease, J.	Vigors, N.
Bernal, R.	Dundas, F.	Howard, P. H.	Pechell, Capt.	Villiers, C.
Bewes, T.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hume, J.	Pendarves, E.	Vivian, Major
Blackett, C.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Humphery, J.	Philips, M.	Wakley, T.
Blake, M. J.	Easthope, J.	Hutton, R.	Phillpotts, J.	Walker, C. A.
Blake, W. J.	Ebrington, Lord	Ingham, R.	Poulter, J.	Wallace, R.
Bridgeman, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	James, W.	Protheroe, E.	Warburton, H.
Briscoe, J.	Ellice, E.	Jervis, S.	Pryme, G.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Brocklehurst, J.	Erle, W.	Lambton, H.	Redington, T.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Brodie, W.	Evans, Col.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rice, E.	Whalley, Sir S.
Brotherton, J.	Evans, G.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	White, A.
Buller, C.	Fielden, J.	Lister, E.	Rich, H.	Williams, W.
Buller, E.	Fenton, J.	Macleod, R.	Roche, W.	Wilshere, W.
Busfeild, W.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	M'Taggart, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, C.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Maher, J.	Russell, Lord C.	Wood, Sir M.
Callaghan, D.	Finch, F.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	Wrightson, W.
Campbell, Sir J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Marsland, H.	Sanford, E.	Yates, J. A.
Cayley, E.	French, F.	Martin, J.	Scholefield, J.	
Clay, W.	Gibson, J.	Maule, W. H.	Scrope, G.	——
Clements, Lord	Gillon, W.	Melgund, Lord	Somerville, Sir W.	
Clive, E. B.	Gordon, R.	Mildmay, P.	Stanley, W. O.	*Tellers.*
Collier, J.	Goring, H.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Stansfeild, W.	Stanley, E. J.
Colquhoun, Sir J.		Morris, D.	Stuart, Lord J.	Rolfe, Sir R.

No. 41. PARLIAMENTARY ELECTORS BILL — (in Committee). — First Clause, — (Rates and taxes of persons already on the register of parliamentary electors for boroughs need not be paid beyond the 11th day of the previous October). Amendment proposed, l. 10., to leave out the following words, "whose name is or shall be upon the register for the time being as entitled to vote in the election of a Member or Members of Parliament to serve in Parliament for any city, town, or borough in England:" — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the clause:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 206, Noes 107.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Bailey, J.	Bentinck, Lord G.	Briscoe, J.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.
Adam, Sir C.	Baillie, Col.	Bentinck, Lord W.	Broadley, H.	Cayley, E.
Adare, Lord Vt.	Bainbridge, E.	Berkeley, Hon. H.	Broadwood, H.	Christopher, R.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Baker, E.	Rewes, T.	Brodie, W.	Clements, Lord
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Baring, H. B.	Blackett, C.	Brownrigg, S.	Clive, E.
Ashley, Lord	Baring, W. B.	Blackstone, W.	Buller, E.	Collier, J.
Bagge, W.	Barrington, Lord	Blair, J.	Burr, H.	Colquhoun, Sir J.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Bateman, J.	Blennerhassett, A.	Busfeild, W.	Compton, H.
	Bellew, R.	Bradshaw, J.	Byng, G.	Copeland, Ald.

ı. H.	Goddard, A.	Jones, J.	Palmerston, Lord	Smith, R. V.
	Godson, R.	Jones, Th.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Standish, C.
W.	Gordon, R.	Kemble, H.	Parker, T.	Stanley, W. O.
S.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Parnell, Sir H.	Stuart, H.
Lord	Gore, O.	Knight, H.	Pease, J.	Stuart, Lord J.
Sir A.	Goring, H.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pemberton, T.	Strangways, Hn. J.
	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.	Pendarves, E.	Sugden, Sir E.
ı.	Granby, Marquess	Law, Hon. C.	Perceval, Col.	Surrey, Earl of
	Grey, Sir G.	Lefroy, Rt. Hon. T.	Peyton, H.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
	Grimsditch, T.	Lemon, Sir C.	Plumptre, J.	Townley, R.
W. D.	Grimston, Lord	Lennox, Lord G.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Trench, Sir F.
	Grimston, Hon. E.	Loch, J.	Poulter, J.	Trevor, Hon. G.
on. T.	Grosvenor, Lord R.	Lockhart, A.	Praed, W.	Troubridge, Sir E.
ıpt. D.	Hale, R.	Logan, H.	Pringle, A.	Tufnell, H.
	Harcourt, G.	Long, W.	Rice, E.	Vere, Sir C.
	Hardinge, Sir H.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Verney, Sir H.
Lord	Harland, W.	Lowther, J. H.	Rich, H.	Villiers, Lord Vt.
ı. J.	Hayter, W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Richards, R.	Vivian, Major C.
	Heron, Sir R.	Mackenzie, T.	Rickford, W.	Vivian, Major R.
	Hinde, J. H.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Vivian, Sir R.
Sir Rob.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maidstone, Lord	Rose, Sir G.	Westenra, Hon. H.
Rt. Hn.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Manners, Lord C.	Round, C. G.	Westenra, Hon. J.
	Hodgson, F.	Master, T.	Round, J.	Whitmore, T.
rd C.	Hodgson, R.	Maunsell, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wilberforce, W.
ın. H.	Hogg, J.	Mildmay, P.	Russell, Lord J.	Wilshere, W.
	Holmes, Hon. W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Russell, Lord C.	Wood, C.
	Hope, G. W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sanford, E.	Wood, Sir M.
Sir T.	Houstoun, G.	O'Ferrall, R.	Seale, Col.	Wood, T.
	Hughes, W.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Seymour, Lord	Wrightson, W.
J.	Hurst, R.	Packe, C.	Sharpe, Gen.	Young, Sir W.
	Inglis, Sir R.	Paget, Lord A.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	
W. E.	James, Sir W.	Palmer, C. F.	Shirley, E.	*Tellers.*
S.	Johnston, H.	Palmer, R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Stanley, E. J.
			Smith, Hon. R.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

H. A.	Dennistoun, J.	James, W.	O'Connell, M.	Tracy, H.
ł.	Divett, E.	Jervis, J.	O'Conor Don	Turner, E.
	Duckworth, S.	Jervis, S.	Parrott, J.	Vigors, N.
	Duke, Sir J.	Johnston, Gen.	Pattison, J.	Villiers, C.
	Easthope, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Philips, M.	Vivian, J.
	Ellice, E.	Leader, J. T.	Phillpotts, J.	Wakley, T.
	Evans, G.	Lister, E.	Protheroe, E.	Walker, C.
	Fielden, J.	Lushington, Dr.	Pryme, G.	Walker, R.
	Fenton, J.	Lushington, C.	Ramsbottom, J.	Wallace, R.
Sir W.	Finch, F.	Macleod, R.	Redington, T.	Whalley, Sir S.
H.	Gillon, W.	Maher, J.	Rippon, C.	White, A.
ıt, J.	Grattan, H.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	White, S.
, J.	Grote, G.	Marsland, H.	Scholefield, J.	Williams, W.
	Hall, B.	Martin, J.	Somers, J.	Worsley, Lord
D.	Harvey, D.	Maule, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wyse, T.
P.	Hastie, A.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
	Hawkins, J.	Morris, D.	Stuart, V.	
	Heathcoat, J.	Muskett, G.	Strickland, Sir G.	
ı, Ld A.	Hindley, C.	Nagle, Sir R.	Strutt, E.	
	Hodges, T.	O'Brien, W.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
	Hume, J.	O'Connell, D.	Talbot, J. H.	Duncombe, T.
ł, Rt.	Humphery, J.	O'Connell, J.	Tancred, H. W.	Warburton, H.
	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thornely, T.	

First Clause. — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 214, Noes 118.

AYES.

C.	Bentinck, Lord W.	Brocklehurst, J.	Clay, W.	Dalrymple, Sir A.
H.	Berkeley, Hon. H.	Brodie, W.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Dashwood, G.
Major	Berkeley, Hon. G.	Brotherton, J.	Clive, E.	Dennistoun, J.
n. Col.	Bewes, T.	Buller, C.	Collier, J.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
R.	Blackett, C.	Busfield, W.	Collins, W.	Divett, E.
ſ.	Blackstone, W.	Byng, G.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Duckworth, S.
, E.	Blake, M.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Craig, W.	Duff, J.
	Bowes, J.	Callaghan, D.	Crawford, W.	Duke, Sir J.
, Lord	Brabazon, Sir W.	Campbell, W.	Crompton, S.	Duncombe, T.
	Bridgeman, H.	Cayley, E.	Currie, R.	Dundas, C. W. D.
r.	Briscoe, J.	Chalmers, P.	Curry, W.	Dundas, F.
	Broadwood, H.	Chapman, Sir M.	Dalmeny, Lord	

Dundas, Hon. T.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Elliot, Hon. J. E.
Ellice, E.
Evans, Col.
Evans, G.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzroy, Lord C.
French, F.
Gillon, W.
Godson, R.
Gordon, R.
Grattan, H.
Grey, Sir G.
Grote, G.
Hall, B.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D.
Hastie, A.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Heron, Sir R.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Howard, P.
Hughes, W.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Johnston, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Leader, J. T.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Long, W.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, W.
Mildmay, P.
Molesworth, Sir W.
Morris D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, W.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Ponsonby, C. F.
Poulter, J.
Power, J.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rippon, C.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R. V.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Standish, C.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Stewart, J.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, J.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Tracy, H.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, E.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Major
Vivian, J. H.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C. A.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hon. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
White, S.
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Worsley, Lord
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.
Adare, Lord Vt.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.
Ashley, Lord
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, H. B.
Baring, W. B.
Bateman, J.
Bell, M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blair, J.
Blennerhasset, A.
Bradshaw, J.
Broadley, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Burr, H.
Christopher, R.
Compton, H.
Copeland, Ald.
Corry, Hn. H.
Courtenay, P.
Darby, G.
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douro, Marquess
Duffield, T.
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Freshfield, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Granby, Marquess
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R. B.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W.
Hope, G.
Houstoun, G.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
James, Sir W.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H. G.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Maidstone, Lord
Manners, Lord C.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Packe, C.
Palmer, R.
Parker, T.
Pemberton, T
Perceval, Col.
Peyton, H.
Plumptre, J. P.
Pringle, A.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Sanderson, R.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Shirley, E.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stuart, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Villiers, Lord Fr.
Whitmore, T. C.
Wilberforce, W.
Wood, T.
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Maclean, D.
Praed, W.

No. 43. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill. — Order for Committee read; Motion made and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now the leave chair:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House do resolve itself into the said Committee upon this day six months," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:—The House divided; Ayes 277, Noes 25. — (February 9.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.
Adam, Sir C.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Alexander, Lord
Alford, Lord Visct.
Alsager, Capt.
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Baillie, Col.
Baines, E.
Baker, E.
Ball, N.
Baring, F.

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Lord G.
Hon. H.
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Sir H.
, Lord
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, P.
, Sir M.
e, A.
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d Visct.
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n, Sir J.
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, S.
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Lord
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Denison, W.
Dennistoun, J.
Douglas, Sir C.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord
Dundas, C.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Easthope, J.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Eaton, R.
Ebrington, Lord
Egerton, Sir P.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellis, J. (Newry)
Evans, Col.
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Forbes, W.
Fort, J.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Halford, H.
Hall, B.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G.
Harland, W.
Hastie, A.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hillsborough, Earl of
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, Hon. W.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.

Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Houldsworth, T.
Howard, F. J.
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord
Hughes, W.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hutton, R.
Irton, S.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Johnstone, H.
Johnston, Gen.
Jolliffe, Sir W.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Lister, E.
Litton, E.
Loch, J.
Logan, H.
Long, W.
Lucas, E.
Lushington, C.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackinnon, W.
Macleod, R.
Maher, J.
Maidstone, Lord
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Marsland, T.
Martin, J.
Master, T.
Maule, W.
Maunsell, T.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P. St. John
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.

Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R.
Ossulston, Lord
Paget, F.
Pakington, J.
Parker, M.
Parrott, J.
Patten, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.
Phillpotts, J.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Poulter, J.
Powell, Col.
Power, J.
Price, R.
Protheroe, E.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sinclair, Sir G.

Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Stewart, J.
Stuart, H.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, J.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, E.
Vere, Sir C.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C. P.
Vivian, Major C.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Ward, H.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Whitmore, T.
Wilberforce, W.
Williams, W.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Steuart, R.

NOES.

T.
.
, Sir W.
n, H.
H.
ie, Hn. W.

Evans, G.
Fitzsimon, N.
Gore, O. J.
Gore, O. W.
Granby, Marq. of
Hayes, Sir E.
Ingestrie, Lord Vt.
Kemble, H.
Lockhart, A.
Macnamara, Major
Maxwell, H.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Parker, R.
Pryme, G.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Verner, Col.
Westenra, Hn. H.

Tellers.
O'Connell, D.
Gibson, J.

Parliamentary Electors and Freemen Bill, — reported; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Amendments be now read a second time:" Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Bill be re-committed," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 152, Noes 75.

AYES.

r C.
, H.
, Major
lon. Col.

Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Baring, F.
Barron, H.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord W.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blewitt, R.
Briscoe, J.

Brodie, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pendarves, E.	Talbot, J. H.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Lennox, Lord A.	Philips, Mark	Talfourd, Serjt.
Buller, C.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Lister, E.	Phillpotts, J.	Tancred, H.
Busfeild, W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Loch, J.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Campbell, Sir J.	French, F.	Maher, J.	Power, J.	Thornely, T.
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Gibson, J.	Marshall, W.	Protheroe, E.	Townley, R.
Cayley, E.	Gordon, R.	Martin, J.	Pryme, G.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Chalmers, P.	Grattan, H.	Maule, W.	Redington, T.	Tufnell, H.
Chapman, Sir M.	Grey, Sir G.	Melgund, Lord	Rice, E.	Vigors, N.
Chester, H.	Harland, W.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, J. H.
Cowper, Hon. W.	Hastie, A.	Morpeth, Lord	Rich, H.	Vyvyan, Sir R.
Craig, W.	Hayter, W.	Morris, D.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Walker, C.
Currie, R.	Hindley, C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rundle, J.	Wallace, R.
Curry, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Muskett, G.	Russell, Lord J.	Warburton, H.
Dalmeny, Lord	Hobhouse, T. B.	Nagle, Sir R.	Salwey, Col.	Westenra, Hn. J. C.
Dennistoun, J.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, D.	Sanford, E.	White, A.
Divett, E.	Horsman, E.	O'Connell, M. J.	Scholefield, J.	Williams, W.
Duke, Sir J.	Howard, F.	O'Connell, M.	Seymour, Lord	Wilshere, W.
Duncan, Lord	Howard, P.	O'Conor Don	Sheil, R.	Winnington, H.
Dundas, C.	Howick, Lord	O'Ferrall, R.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, C.
Dundas, F.	Hume, J.	Paget, F.	Speirs, A.	Wood, G.
Dundas, Hon. T.	Hutton, R.	Palmerston, Lord	Stanley, W. O.	Worsley, Lord
Dundas, Capt. D.	Johnston, Gen.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Ebrington, Lord	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Parnell, Sir H.	Stewart, J.	
Elliot, Hon. J.	Lefevre, C.	Parrott, J.	Stuart, Lord J.	
Erle, W.	Lemon, Sir C.	Pease J.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
Evans, G.		Pechell, Capt.	Strutt, E.	Steuart, R.
Evans, W.			Talbot, C. R.	Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Compton, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Scarlett, Hon. R.
Alsager, Capt.	Corry, Hon. H.	Harvey, D. W.	Lockhart, A.	Somerset, Lord
Attwood, W.	Darby, G.	Henniker, Lord	Logan, H.	Sugden, Sir E.
Attwood, M.	De Horsey, S.	Hodgson, R.	Maidstone, Lord	Verner, Col.
Bailey, J.	Dick, Q.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Miles, P.	Wakley, T.
Baker, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Holmes, W.	Neeld, John	Whitmore, T.
Barneby, J.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hope, G.	Pakington, J.	Wilberforce, W.
Barrington, Lord	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, R.	Wilmot, Sir J.
Bolling, W.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wodehouse, E.
Broadley, H	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Ingestrie, Lord	Plumptre, J.	
Broadwood, H.	Farnham, E.	Irton, S.	Reid, Sir J.	
Brownrigg, S.	Forbes, W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Rolleston, L.	
Burdett, Sir F.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jervis, S.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Burroughes, H.	Fort, J.	Johnstone, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Jervis, J.
Chisholme, A.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Miles, W.
Cole, Lord Visct.	Goddard, A.	Jones, W.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	

No. 45. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — First Clause (The Poor Law Commissioners to be the commissioners to carry this Act into execution); — Amendment proposed, l. 6., to leave out the word "the," and after the word "commissioners" to insert the words "for Ireland:" — Question put, "That the word 'the' stand part of the clause:" — The Committee divided: Ayes 117, Noes 23. — (February 12.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Hume, J.	Palmer, G.
Adare, Lord Visct.	Burr, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
Aglionby, Major	Burroughes, H.	French, F.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parnell, Sir H.
Alsager, Capt.	Busfeild, W.	Freshfield, J.	Jephson, C.	Parrott, J.
Alston, R.	Chapman, Sir M.	Glynne, Sir S.	Jones, T.	Pease, J.
Bailey, J.	Chute, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Kemble, H.	Perceval, Col.
Baines, E.	Clements, Lord	Grattan, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Philips, G.
Baker, E.	Clive, Hon. R.	Greenaway, C.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Barnard, E.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Grimsditch, T.	Lister, E.	Plumptre, J.
Barron, H.	Collier, J.	Hall, B.	Litton, E.	Rice, E. R.
Barry, G.	Coote, Sir C.	Hastie, A.	Logan, H.	Rickford, W.
Benett, J.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hayes, Sir E.	Lucas, E.	Rundle, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Dalmeny, Lord	Heathcote, Sir W.	M'Taggart, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bewes, T.	Darby, G.	Hillsborough, Earl of	Maher, J.	Russell, Lord J.
Blackstone, W.	Davies, Col.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Martin, J.	Salwey, Col.
Blair, J.	Duckworth, S.	Hodgson, R.	Marton, G.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
Blake, W.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Monypenny, T.	Sanford, E.
Bolling, W.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hughes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Scrope, G.
Briscoe, J.	Evans, W.		Morris, D.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Brodie, W.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.		O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Speirs, Alexander

W.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Vere, Sir C.	Winnington, T.	*Tellers.*
	Trench, Sir F.	Verner, Col.	Wood, G.	Rolfe, Sir R.
).	Tufnell, H.	Vivian, Major C.	Wrightson, W.	Troubridge, Sir T.
l.	Turner, E.	Vivian, J.	Young, J.	
		Vivian, Sir R.		

NOES.

	Chester, H.	Nagle, Sir R.	Pryme, G.	Yates, J. A.
Sir W.	Evans, G.	O'Brien, W.	Redington, T.	
), H.	Gibson, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Roche, W.	*Tellers.*
	Grattan, H.	O'Conor Don	Somerville, Sir W.	O'Connell, D.
n. Col.	Johnston, Gen.	Power, J.	Westenra, Hon. H.	Beamish, F.
D.	Leader, J.			

Clause 12. (Assistant Commissioner may administer an oath). P. 4., l. 35., nendment proposed, to leave out the words "upon oath (which oath such as- tant commissioner is hereby empowered to administer):" — Question put, That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Clause:" — The mmittee divided; Ayes 148, Noes 77.

AYES.

D.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Hayter, W.	Miles, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Ld. Vt.	Clive, Hon. R.	Hinde, J. H.	Monypenny, T.	Sheppard, T.
apt.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
	Compton, H.	Hodges, T. L.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stanley, E. J.
R.	Coote, Sir C. H.	Hodgson, R.	Morris, D.	Stanley, W. O.
W.	Corry, Hon. H.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Stansfield, W.
	Courtenay, P.	Hope, G. W.	Packe, C. W.	Stuart, H.
	Currie, R.	Houstoun, G.	Pakington, J. S.	Stuart, Lord J.
	Curry, W.	Howard, F. J.	Parker, J.	Stuart, V.
T.	Dalmeny, Lord	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parker, M.	Sugden, Sir E.
, Ld. Vt.	Darby, G.	Hughes, W. B.	Parker, R.	Talbot, C. R. M.
	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.
J.	Dowdeswell, W.	James, Sir W.	Parrot, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
	Dundas, Hon. J. C.	Jolliffe, Sir W.	Patten, J.	Thornely, T.
	Egerton, Sir P.	Jones, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Tollemache, F.
Lord G.	Ellis, J.	Jones, T.	Perceval, Col.	Trench, Sir F.
, W.	Feilden, W.	Kemble, H.	Philippe, Sir R.	Verner, Col.
	Fort, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Philips, M.	Vivian, Major C.
	Gibson, T.	Lambton, H.	Phillpotts, J.	Vivian, Sir R.
set, A.	Glynne, Sir S.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Walker, R.
	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Litton, E.	Plumptre, J.	White, L.
H.	Goring, H.	Lockhart, A. M.	Pringle, A.	Whitmore, T.
J. Y.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Logan, H.	Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.	Wilkins, W.
ir F.	Grattan, J.	Lucas, E.	Richards, R.	Winnington, T. E.
s, H. N.	Greenaway, C.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rickford, W.	Woulfe, Serjt.
V.	Grey, Sir G.	Macleod, R.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Young, J. (Cav.)
, Major	Grimsditch, T.	Marsland, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
A. W.	Halse, J.	Master, T.	Sanderson, R.	*Tellers.*
r, R.	Hastie, A.	Maunsell, T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Adam, Sir C.
	Hayes, Sir E.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Sanford, E. A.	Campbell, Sir J.
			Scrope, G. P.	

NOES.

Major	Collier, J.	Jephson, C.	O'Conor Don	Vigors, N.
	Collins, W.	Johnston, Gen.	Pease, J.	Walker, C. A.
?.	Divett, E.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Power, James	Westenra, Hn. H. R.
lon. H.	Duke, Sir J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Redington, T.	Westenra, Hon. J.
.	Dundas, F.	Lefevre, C. S.	Rice, E. R.	White, S.
J.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Lister, E. C.	Roche, W.	Williams, W.
	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Maher, J.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G. W.
Sir W.	Evans, W.	Marshall, W.	Seymour, Lord	Wrightson, W. B.
, H.	Ferguson, Sir R. A.	Marsland, H.	Smith, R. V.	Wyse, T.
rst, J.	Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.	Martin, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J.
.	Fitzsimon, N.	Maule, W. H.	Stewart, James	
), J.	Gibson, J.	Muskett, G.	Strutt, E.	
Hn. G.	Grattan, H.	Nagle, Sir R.	Style, Sir C.	
D.	Hindley, C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Talbot, J. H.	*Tellers.*
Sir M.	Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, J.	Tufnell, H.	Hume, J.
l.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Turner, E.	O'Connell, D.
		O'Connell, M.		

No. 47. SLIGO BOROUGH ELECTION. — Order read, for consideration of the matter of complaint contained in the petition of John Somers, Esquire, at the bar of the House; Motion made, and Question put, "That the said Order be discharged:" — The House divided; Ayes 128, Noes 142. — (February 14.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.
Aglionby, Major
Ainsworth, P.
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Barnard, E.
Barrington, Ld.Vt.
Barry, G. S.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R.
Blake, M. J.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bridgeman, H.
Brotherton, J.
Buller, C.
Bulwer, E. L.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cavendish, Hon.C.
Cayley, E.
Chapman, Sir M.
Chetwynd, Major
Clive, E.
Collier, J.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Darlington, Earl of
Davies, Col.
Dennistoun, J.
Divett, E.
Dundas, Capt.
Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.
Etwall, R.
Fitzsimon, N.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gladstone, W.
Goring, H. D.
Grattan, H.
Halford, H.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodgson, R.
Howard, P.
Hume, J.
Hurst, R.
James, W.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Langton, W. G.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Leader, J.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Lushington, C.
Macnamara, Major
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Marsland, H.
Maule, W.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor Don
Palmer, C.
Palmer, R.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Phillpotts, J.
Poulter, J.
Power, James
Pryme, G.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T. N.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Colonel
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Seale, Colonel
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Slaney, R.
Smith, R. V.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, W. O.
Stewart, J.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Wakley, T.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Wemyss, J. E.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilkins, W.
Williams, W.
Wood, C.
Wood, G.
Woulfe, Mr. Serjt.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C. W.
Yates, John

Tellers.
French, F.
Horsman, E.

NOES.

A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baillie, Col.
Baring, H.
Barneby, J.
Bateman, J.
Bell, M.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H. N.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Col.
Chisholm, A. W.
Christopher, R.
Clive, Hon. R.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Darby, G.
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A. R.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Ellis, J.
Farnham, E.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gibson, T.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Grant, Hon. Col.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Halse, J.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hinde, J.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Hughes, W.
Ingestrie, Lord Vt.
Irton, S.
Jephson, C. D. O.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C. E.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lewis, W.
Litton, E.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackinnon, W.
Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Master, T. W. C.
Maunsell, T.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Monypenny, T. G.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, John
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Powell, Col.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Reid, Sir J. R.
Richards, R.
Rolleston, L.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Scarlett, Hon. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Shirley, E.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, E.
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Style, Sir C.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord Vt.
Wilberforce, W.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Winnington, H. J.
Wodehouse, E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Jackson, Serjt.
Perceval, Col.

No. 48. BALLOT. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill for taking the votes of parliamentary electors by way of ballot:" — (Mr. GROTE.) — The House divided; Ayes 198, Noes 315. — (*February 15.*)

AYES.

H.
Major
, P.
G.
R.
T.
, E.

Lord W.
Hon. H.

J.
J.

C.

Sir W.
n, H.
rst, J.

n, J.
. D.

. L.
W.
on. Col.
, D.
ir J.
, P.
, Sir M.
H.
r, J. P.

Clay, W.
Clive, E. B.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Conyngham, Ld. A.
Craig, W. G.
Crawford, W.
Currie, R.
Dashwood, G. H.
Davies, Col.
Denison, W. J.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Right Hon. C. T.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, C. W. D.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hn. J. C.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Easthope, J.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, E.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, Colonel
Evans, G.
Fielden, J.
Fenton, J.
Ferguson, Sir Ron.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fort, J.
Gibson, J.
Gillon, W. D.

Grattan, H.
Guest, J. J.
Hall, B.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawkins, J.
Hector, C.
Heron, Sir R.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Howard, F.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jephson, C. D.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Johnston, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Langton, W.
Leader, J. T.
Lister, E.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Ld. Vt.
Molesworth, Sir W.
Muskett, G. A.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Callaghan, Hn. C.

O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor Don
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Poulter, J.
Power, James
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T. N.
Rice, E. R.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G. P.
Seale, Col.
Sharpe, Gen.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, J.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Standish C.
Stanley, M.

Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, J.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H. W.
Thornely, T.
Tufnell, H.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Major
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Wakley, T.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Wemyss, J. E.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Whalley, Sir S.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wood, Sir M.
Worsley, Lord
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Grote, G.
Ward, H.

NOES.

ir T.
. D.
Capt.
C.
rd Visct.
, Lord
ord
Capt.
tt, Hn. H.
ord
on. W.
junior
ol.
. T.
on. F.
. B.
J.
n, Lord
J.
arl of
Lord G.
R.
ie, I.
ie, W.
assett, A.
W.
k, P.
, J.
, T.
H.
od, H.

Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burdett, Sir F.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H. N.
Byng, G.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.
Campbell, Sir H.
Campbell, W. F.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.
Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cavendish, Hn. G.
Cayley, E. S.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Col.
Chapman, A.
Chetwynd, Major
Chisholme, A. W.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W.
Clive, Lord Visct.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C. W.
Cole, Lord Visct
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Coote, Sir C.
Copeland, Ald.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Cresswell, C.
Cripps, J.

Curry, W.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marquis of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Dungannon, Lord
Dunlop, J.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J. (Newry)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Fergusson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Fitzroy, Hn. H.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.

Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fremantle, Sir T.
French, F.
Gaskell, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W
Glynne, Sir S. R.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J.
Gore, O. W.
Goring, H.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Handley, H.
Harcourt, G. G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Harland, W.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir G.
Heathcote, G. J.
Heneage, E.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.

Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Right Hon. Sir J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hope, H. T.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, Hon. W.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Ingestrie, Lord Vt.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.

Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Miles, W.	Peyton, H.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Vivian, J. E.
Lemon, Sir C.	Miles, P. W. S.	Philipps, Sir R.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Wall, C. B.
Lennox, Lord G.	Milnes, R.	Pinney, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Welby, G.
Lennox, Lord A.	Milton, Lord Vt.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Sheppard, T.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Leveson, Lord	Monypenny, T.	Plumptre, J.	Shirley, E. J.	Wilberforce, W.
Lewis, W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Polhill, F.	Sibthorp, Col.	Wilbraham, G.
Liddell, Hon. H.	Morpeth, Lord	Powell, Col.	Slaney, R.	Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Litton, E.	Neeld, Joseph	Praed, W.	Smith, A.	Wilkins, W.
Lockhart, A.	Neeld, John	Price, Sir R.	Smith, Hon. R.	Williams, R.
Logan, H.	Norreys, Lord	Price, R.	Somerset, Lord G.	Wilshere, W.
Long, W.	Ossulston, Lord	Pringle, A.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Wodehouse, E.
Lowther, J. H.	Packe, C.	Pusey, P.	Stanley, E.	Wood, C.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Paget, Lord A.	Reid, Sir. J.	Stewart, John	Wood, G. W.
Mackenzie, T.	Pakington, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Stuart, H.	Wood, T.
Mackinnon, W.	Palmer, R.	Richards, R.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Wrightson, W.
Maclean, D.	Palmer, G.	Rickford, W.	Sturt, H. C.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
M'Taggart, J.	Palmerston, Lord	Rolfe, Sir R.	Sugden, Sir E.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Mahon, Lord Vt.	Parker, M.	Rolleston, L.	Surrey, Earl	Young, G. F.
Mahony, P.	Parker, R. T.	Rose, Sir G.	Talbot, C. R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Parker, T. A. W.	Round, J.	Tollemache, F.	Young, Sir W.
Manners, Lord C.	Patten, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Townley, R.	
Marsland, T.	Peel, Sir R.	Rushout, G.	Trench, Sir F.	
Marton, G.	Peel, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Turner, E.	
Master, T.	Pemberton, T.	St. Paul, H.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Maunsell, T.	Perceval, Col.	Sanderson, R.	Verner, Col.	Seymour, Lord
Meynell, Capt.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Sandon, Lord	Villiers, Lord Vt.	Smith, R. V.

No. 49. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — Clause 18. (Commissioners may divide unions into electoral districts). P. 6., l. 41., Amendment proposed, after "division," to insert the words "with the assent of the majority of the guardians:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 47, Noes 84. — (February 16.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Chapman, Sir M.	Hawkes, T.	Monypenny, T.	Wakley, T.
Aglionby, Major	Chester, H.	Hayes, Sir E.	Nagle, Sir R.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Archbold, R.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Hindley, C.	O'Conor, Don	Yates, J.
Attwood, T.	Corry, Hon. H.	Holland, R.	Power, James	Young, J. (Cav.)
Beamish, F.	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Redington, T.	
Bellew, R.	Darby, G.	Jephson, C.	Rolleston, L.	
Bodkin, J.	Easthope, J.	Jones, W.	Scholefield, J.	
Brabazon, Sir W.	Farnham, E. B.	Kemble, H.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Bridgeman, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Logan, H.	Vigors, N.	O'Connell, D.
Brotherton, J.	Grattan, H.	Master, T. W.	Vivian, J. E.	O'Brien, W. S.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Grimsditch, T.	Maxwell, H.		

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Cave, R. O.	Hodgson, R.	Parrott, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Adare, Lord	Chalmers, P.	Howard, P.	Pease, J.	Thompson, Ald.
Bagge, W.	Chetwynd, Major	Howick, Lord Vt.	Perceval, Col.	Thornhill, G.
Bailey, J.	Chute, W.	Hughes, W.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Turner, E.
Baker, E.	Cole, Hon. A.	Hutton, R.	Pryme, G.	Villiers, C.
Barnard, E.	Cole, Lord	Irving, J.	Pusey, P.	White, A.
Barrington, Lord	Conolly, E.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Round, C.	Williams, T.
Barron, H.	Ellis, J.	Knight, H.	Rundle, J.	Winnington, T. E.
Barry, G.	Erle, W.	Lister, E. C.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Wodehouse, E.
Bateman, J.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Litton, E.	Scrope, G. P.	Wood, G. W.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Forbes, W.	Macleod, R.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Wrightson, W.
Bewes, T.	French, F.	Marsland, H.	Sheppard, T.	
Blair, J.	Gordon, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Smith, R.	
Blake, M.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Morris, D.	Stuart, V.	
Blake, W.	Grattan, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Strickland, Sir G.	
Briscoe, J. I.	Grosvenor, Ld. R.	Northland, Lord	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Buller, C.	Hodges, T.	Packe, C.	Sugden, Sir E.	Campbell, Sir J.
Busfeild, W.		Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talbot, C. R.	Ferguson, Sir R. A.
Campbell, Sir J.		Parnell, Sir H.		

Clause 19. (Number and qualification of guardians). P. 7., l. 11., Amendment proposed, to leave out the following proviso: — "That no person being in holy orders, or being a regular minister of any religious denomination, shall be eligible to be a guardian:" — Question put, "That the proviso stand part of the clause:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 107, Noes 30.

AYES.

D.	Clements, Lord V.	Hayes, Sir E.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
d Visct.	Cole, Hon. A. H.	Hodges, T.	Morris, D.	Trench, Sir F.
H.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Turner, E.
	Conolly, E.	Hollond, R.	Northland, Ld. Vt.	Turner, W.
	Corry, Hon. H.	Houstoun, G.	Parnell, Sir H.	Villiers, C.
	Cripps, J.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parrott, J.	Vivian, J.
W.	Crompton, S.	Hughes, W. B.	Perceval, Col.	Wakley, T.
	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Philips, G.	Walker, C.
	Darby, G.	Hutton, R.	Pryme, G.	White, L.
	Davies, Col.	Jephson, C.	Pusey, P.	Wilberforce, W.
Hon. H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Jones, T.	Rice, E. R.	Wilshere, W.
	Ellis, J.	Kemble, H.	Rickford, W.	Winnington, T. E.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Round, C.	Wood, G.
	Finch, F.	Knight, H.	Rundle, J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
st, J.	Forbes, W.	Lister, E. C.	Scarlett, Hn. Rob.	Wrightson, W. B.
	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Litton, E.	Scrope, G. P.	Wyse, T.
, J.	Grattan, J.	Lockhart, A.	Seale, Col.	Young, J. (Cav.)
	Greenaway, C.	Lucas, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	
Sir J.	Grimsditch, T.	Manners, Lord C.	Shirley, E.	*Tellers.*
Sir M.	Harland, W. C.	Marshall, W.	Stuart, V.	Campbell, Sir J.
L.	Hawkes, T.	Master, T.	Strutt, E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
		Maxwell, H.	Sugden, Sir E.	
		Monypenny, T.	Thornely, T.	

NOES.

R.	Chester, H.	Maher, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, Sir M.
	Erle, W.	Nagle, Sir R.	Stewart, James	Yates, J. A.
	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	O'Brien, W.	Style, Sir C.	
Sir W.	Fitzsimon, N.	O'Conor Don	Talbot, J. H.	*Tellers.*
, H.	Gibson, J.	Power, James	Vigors, N.	Bellew, R.
	Grattan, H.	Roche, W.	Westenra, Hon. H.	O'Connell, D.
n. Col.	Hindley, C.	Somers, J.	Westenra, Hon. J.	

Clause 23. (Ex officio guardians). — Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 124, Noes 44.

AYES.

D.	Cole, Hon. A. H.	Goddard, A.	Litton, E.	Somerset, Lord G.
d Visct.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Greenaway, C.	Lockhart, A.	Somerville, Sir W.
Ld. Vt.	Conolly, E.	Grey, Sir G.	Master, T.	Stanley, E. J.
	Corry, Hon. H.	Grimsditch, T.	Meynell, Capt.	Stuart, V.
	Courtenay, P.	Hawkes, T.	Mildmay, P.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Cripps, J.	Hayes, Sir E.	Monypenny, G.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.
W.	Currie, R.	Heathcote, G. J.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Thornhill, G.
	Currie, W.	Henniker, Lord	Morris, D.	Townley, R.
	Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Northland, Ld. Vt.	Turner, W.
Lord G.	Darlington, Earl of	Hope, G.	O'Brien, W. S.	Verner, Col.
Hon. H.	Davies, Col.	Houstoun, G.	Pakington, J.	Villiers, Lord
Hon. G.	Douglas, Sir C.	Howard, P.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Wilberforce, W.
	Dundas, C. W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Perceval, Col.	Wilbraham, G.
	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hughes, W.	Philips, G. R.	Wilshere, W.
P.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Ingestrie, Lord	Plumptre, J.	Winnington, T.
	Ellis, J.	Ingham, R.	Ponsonby, C.	Winnington, H.
I.	Evans, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Wood, G. W.
st, J.	Fellowes, E.	Irving, J.	Pusey, P.	Wood, T.
	Ferguson, Sir R. A.	Jackson, Serjt.	Redington, T.	Wrightson, W.
J. Y.	Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.	Jephson, C.	Rice, E. R.	Wyse, T.
	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Jones, T.	Rickford, W.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Ld. Vt.	Forbes, W.	Kemble, H.	Round, C.	
P.	French, F.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Rushout, G.	*Tellers.*
Sir M.	Gibson, J.	Knight, H.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Baring, F. T.
Major	Gladstone, W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Campbell, Sir J.
Lord Vt.		Lennox, Lord G.	Shirley, E.	

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Evans, G.	Johnston, Gen.	Strutt, E.	White, L.
Aglionby, Major	Finch, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Style, Sir C.	White, S.
Archbold, R.	Fitzsimon, N.	Marshall, W.	Talbot, J.	Williams, W. A.
Barry, G. S.	Grattan, J.	Maule, W.	Thornely, T.	Yates, J.
Beamish, F. B.	Grattan, H.	Nagle, Sir R.	Vigors, N.	
Bellew, R. M.	Hindley, C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Wakley, T.	
Blake, M. J.	Hodges, T. L.	O'Connell, M.	Walker, C. A.	
Browne, R.	Hume, J.	O'Conor Don	Wallace, R.	*Tellers.*
Chester, H.	Hutton, R.	Power, James	Westenra, Hn. H.	Maher, J.
Easthope, J.	Jervis, J.	Roche, W.	Westenra, Hn. J. C.	O'Connell, D.

No. 52. PARLIAMENTARY ELECTORS BILL. — Order for third reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now" and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 189, Noes 172. — (February 19.)

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Grote, G.	O'Connell, J.	Stuart, Lord J.
Aglionby, H.	Clive, E. B.	Hall, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stuart, V.
Ainsworth, P.	Collier, J.	Handley, H.	O'Conor Don	Strickland, Sir G.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Collins, W.	Harland, W.	Paget, F.	Style, Sir C.
Archbold, R.	Craig, W.	Hawkins, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talfourd, Serjt.
Baines, E.	Crawford, W.	Heneage, E.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.
Bannerman, A.	Currie, R.	Heron, Sir R.	Parrott, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Baring, F. T.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Pattison, J.	Thornely, T.
Barnard, E.	Davies, Col.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pease, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barron, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Howard, F.	Pechell, Capt.	Tufnell, H.
Barry, G. S.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Howard, P. H.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, E.
Beamish, F.	Divett, E.	Hume, J.	Philips, M.	Turner, W.
Belfast, Earl of	Duckworth, S.	Humphery, J.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Vigors, N.
Bellew, R.	Duke, Sir J.	Hutton, R.	Power, James	Villiers, C. P.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Duncan, Ld. Vt.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Price, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
Bernal, R.	Duncombe, T.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Protheroe, E.	Vivian, Sir R.
Bewes, T.	Dundas, C. W.	Lambton, H.	Pryme, G.	Wakley, T.
Blackett, C.	Dundas, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Redington, T.	Wall, C.
Blake, M.	Easthope, J.	Lefevre, C.	Rice, E. R.	Warburton, H.
Blake, W.	Ellice, Capt.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Ward, H.
Blewitt, R.	Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.	Lennox, Lord A.	Rich, H.	Wemyss, J. E.
Bowes, J.	Ellice, E.	Lister, E.	Rippon, C.	Whalley, Sir S.
Brabazon, Lord	Erle, W.	Loch, J.	Roche, E.	White, A.
Briscoe, J.	Evans, Col.	Lushington, C.	Roche, W.	White L.
Brotherton, J.	Evans, W.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	White, S.
Brownrigg, S.	Fenton, J.	Macnamara, Major	Russell, Lord J.	Wilbraham, G.
Buller, C.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Maher, J.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Buller, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Mahony, P.	Sanford, E.	Williams, W. A.
Busfeild, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Maule, W.	Seale, Col.	Winnington, T. E.
Byng, G.	Fitzalan, Lord	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Seymour, Lord	Winnington, H. J.
Callaghan, D.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Mildmay, P. John	Slaney, R. A.	Wood, G.
Cave, R. O.	Fitzsimon, N.	Milton, Lord Vt.	Smith, J. A.	Worsley, Lord
Cavendish, Hon. G.	Fort, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Smith, R. V.	Wrightson, W. B.
Cayley, E.	Goring, H.	Murray, Rt. Hn.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J.
Chalmers, P.	Grattan, J.	Nagle, Sir R.	Speirs, A.	
Chapman, Sir M.	Grattan, H.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Chester, H.	Grey, Sir G.	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.	Stanley, W. O.	Gordon, R.
Chetwynd, Major	Grosvenor, Ld. R.		Stansfield, W. R. C.	Wood, C.
Chichester, J.			Steuart, R.	
Clay, W.			Stewart, James	

NOES.

A'Court, Capt.	Baillie, Col.	Bradshaw, J.	Chaplin, Col.	Courtenay, P.
Adare, Lord Visct.	Baker, E.	Bramston, T.	Chute, W. L.	Darby, G.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.	Baring, Hn. H. B.	Broadley, H.	Clive, Lord Visct.	Darlington, Earl of
Alford, Lord Visct.	Barneby, J.	Bruce, Lord E.	Clive, Hon R.	De Horsey, S. H.
Alsager, Capt.	Bateman, J.	Bruges, W.	Codringt on, C.	D'Israeli, B.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Bell, M.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Cole, Hon. A.	Dottin, A.
Ashley, Lord	Bentinck, Lord G.	Burroughes, H.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Douglas, Sir C.
Ashley, Hon. H.	Bethell, R.	Calcraft, J.	Compton, H. C.	Dowdeswell, W.
Bagge, W.	Blackburne, I.	Campbell, Sir H.	Conolly, E.	Dugdale, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Blackstone, W.	Canning, Sir S.	Cooper, E.	Duncombe, Hn. A.
Bailey, J. jun.	Blair, J.	Castlereagh, Lord	Corry, Hon. H.	East, J.

Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Egerton, W. T.
Egerton, Sir P.
Eliot, Lord
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Feilden, W.
Fellows, W.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gladstone, W. E.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Grimston, Lord
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Hope, G.
Hope, H.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Ingestrie, Lord
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, W.
Kemble, H.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Maidstone, Lord
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Miles, W.
Miles, P. W. S.
Miller, W.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Northland, Ld. Vt.
Ossulston, Lord
Packe, C. W.
Pakington, J.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G. J.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Powell, Col.
Praed, W.
Pringle, A.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Shirley, E. J.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord
Stanley, E.
Stewart, John
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Vere, Sir C.
Villiers, Lord Visct.
Welby, G.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Williams, R.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, T.
Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

No. 53. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — Clause 35. (Workhouses to be provided): — Amendment proposed, p. 12., l. 42., after the word "Workhouses," to insert the following words: — "or asylum or asylums for the necessary relief of the lame, impotent, old, blind, and such others as are destitute, and not able to work:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 75, Noes 134.

AYES.

Adare, Lord Visct.
Archbold, R.
Bagge, W.
Baring, H. B.
Bateman, J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Brabazon, Lord
Broadwood, H.
Buller, Sir J.
Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.
Chapman, Sir M.
Chester, H.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Compton, H.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Curry, W.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
Dungannon, Lord
Evans, G.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fitzsimon, N.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Glynne, Sir S.
Grattan, H.
Greene, T.
Grimston, Lord Vt.
Hayes, Sir E.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon S.
Howard, P.
Hutton, R.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jephson, C.
Jones, T.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Monypenny, T.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
Packe, C.
Parker, T.
Peel, J.
Perceval, Col.
Polhill, F.
Power, James
Pryme, G.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Sandon, Lord
Stewart, James
Thornhill, G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Ld. Vt.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hn. J.
White, L.
White, S.
Wood, T.
Wrightson, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Conolly, Col.
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Bailey, J.
Baring, F.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Lord
Barron, H.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F. B.
Bellew, R.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bramston, T. W.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Bruges, W.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir H.
Chalmers, P.
Clements, Lord Vt.
Craig, W.
Crompton, S.
Darby, G.
Douglas, Sir C. E.
Duke, Sir J.
Eaton, R.
Ebrington, Lord
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellis, J. (Newry)
Finch, F.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fort, J.
Gladstone, W.
Gordon, R.
Grattan, J.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Hn. E.
Hastie, A.
Hawkes, T.
Hayter, W.
Hinde, J. H.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T. L.
Hodgson, R.
Howard, F.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hume, J.
Hurt, F.
Irton, S.
Kemble, H.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Knight, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Marsland, H.
Maule, W.
Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hn. C.
Pakington, J.
Pease, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Plumptre, J.
Price, Sir R.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, E. R.
Rickford, W.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Round, C.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Scrope, G. P.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, R. V.
Somerville, Sir W
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, M.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stuart, Lord J.

Stuart, V.	Thornely, T.	Vivian, J. H.	Wilshere, W.	Yates, J. A.
Strutt, E.	Tollemache, F.	Vivian, Sir R. H.	Winnington, T. E.	
Sugden, Sir E.	Tufnell, H.	Walker, R.	Winnington, H. J.	*Tellers.*
Tancred, H.	Verney, Sir H.	White, A.	Wood, G.	Parker, J.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Vigors, N.	Wilkins, W.	Worsley, Lord	Seymour, Lord
	Vivian, Major	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Wyse, T.	

No. 54. Poor Laws Amendment Act. — Remonstrance of Richard Jackson, chairman of a meeting of inhabitant householders and ratepayers of Paddock, against, brought up, and read: — Motion put, "That this remonstrance do lie on the table:" — The House divided; Ayes 10, Noes 200. — (February 20.)

AYES.

Aglionby, Major	Hume, J.	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
Attwood, T.	O'Connell, M. J.	Vigors, N.	Johnston, Gen.
Fielden, J.	Roche, E. B.	Wakley, T.	Aglionby, Mr.
Grote, G.			

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	Fellowes, E.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Powell, Col.
A'Court, Capt.	Calcraft, J. H.	Fenton, J.	Lefevre, C.	Power, James
Adare, Lord Visct.	Carnac, Sir J.	Fitzalan, Lord	Lemon, Sir C.	Price, R.
Ainsworth, P.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Fitzsimon, N.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pusey, P.
Alford, Lord Visct.	Chester, H.	Fort, J.	Lennox, Lord A.	Ramsbottom, J.
Alsager, Capt.	Christopher, R. A.	Gaskell, J. Milnes	Lewis, W.	Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.
Archbold, R.	Chute, W.	Gladstone, W. E.	Lister, E.	Rich, H.
Ashley, Lord	Clements, Lord	Glynne, Sir S.	Litton, E.	Rolleston, L.
Bagge, W.	Clive, E.	Goddard, A.	Lockhart, A.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Collier, J.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Logan, H.	Round, C.
Bailey, J. junior	Crompton, H. C.	Gore, Ormsby J.	Lowther, J.	Round, J.
Baillie, Col.	Conolly, E.	Gore, Ormsby W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Baines, E.	Corry, Hon. H.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Manners, Lord C.	Russell, Lord J.
Baker, E.	Courtenay, P.	Grimsditch, T.	Master, T.	Russell, Lord C.
Barnard, E.	Cresswell, C.	Grosvenor, Lord	Maunsell, T.	Sanford, E.
Barneby, J.	Cripps, J.	Halford, H.	Melgund, Lord	Sheppard, T.
Barnes, Sir E.	Curry, W.	Heathcote, G. J.	Meynell, Capt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Barrington, Lord	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Henniker, Lord	Miles, W.	Smith, A.
Bateman, J.	Darby, G.	Hinde, J. H.	Miles, P.	Stanley, E.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Darlington, Earl of	Hobhouse, T. B.	Monypenny, T.	Stansfield, W.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Davies, Col.	Hodges, T.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Steuart, R.
Bethell, R.	Dennistoun, J.	Hodgson, F.	Morris, D.	Stewart, John
Blackburne, I.	De Horsey, S.	Hodgson, R.	Nagle, Sir R.	Stuart, Lord J.
Blackstone, W. S.	D'Israeli, B.	Hogg, J.	Neeld, James	Strickland, Sir G.
Blennerhassett, A.	Dottin, A.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Neeld, John	Strutt, E.
Boldero, H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Holmes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Sturt, H.
Borthwick, P.	Dowdeswell, W.	Houldsworth, T.	Packe, C.	Surrey, Earl of
Bowes, J.	Duckworth, S.	Houstoun, G.	Pakington, J.	Tollemache, F.
Bradshaw, J.	Duncombe, T.	Howick, Lord	Palmer, C.	Vere, Sir C.
Bramston, T.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hutton, R.	Palmer, R.	Verner, Col.
Broadley, H.	East, J.	Ingham, R.	Palmer, G.	Walker, R.
Brotherton, J.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, M.	White, A.
Brownrigg, S.	Eaton, R.	Irton, S.	Parker, R. T.	Wilberforce, W.
Bruges, W. H.	Egerton, W.	James, W.	Pattison, J.	Wilshere, W.
Buller, C.	Elliot, Lord	James, Sir W.	Peel, Sir R.	Wodehouse, E.
Buller, E.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Johnstone, H.	Perceval, Col.	Wrightson, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Elice, E.	Jones, J.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Burdett, Sir F.	Ellis, J.	Jones, W.	Philips, M.	*Tellers.*
Burr, H.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pinney, W.	Divett, E.
Burrell, Sir C.	Fazakerley, J. N.		Polhill, F.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Burroughes, H.	Feilden, W.			
Byng, G.				

No. 55. Poor Law Amendment Act. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill to repeal the Poor Law Amendment Act, passed in the Session of 1834:" — Previous Question put, "That the Question be now put:" — The House divided; Ayes 321, Noes 13.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T.	Adam, Sir C.	Aglionby, Major	Alsager, Capt.	Attwood, W.
Acland, T. D.	Aglionby, H. A.	Ainsworth, P.	Alston, R.	Attwood, T.

	Cresswell, C.	Hinde, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Somers, J.
	Cripps, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Speirs, A.
	Curry, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Neeld, Joseph	Stanley, M.
.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Neeld, John	Stanley, W.
W. B.	Darby, G.	Hogg, J.	Nicholl, J.	Stansfield, W.
G.	Dashwood, G.	Hollond, R.	Norreys, Lord	Steuart, R.
	Dennistoun, J.	Holmes, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stuart, H.
E.	Divett, E.	Horsman, E.	O'Conor Don	Stuart, Lord J.
Ld. Vt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Houstoun, G.	Ossulston, Lord	Stuart, V.
	Dowdeswell, W.	Howard, F. J.	Packe, C.	Strickland, Sir G.
	Duckworth, S.	Howard, P. H.	Paget, Lord A.	Strutt, E.
l of	Dugdale, W.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	Paget, F.	Style, Sir C.
	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Hughes, W. B.	Pakington, J.	Surrey, Earl of
ord G.	Duncombe, T.	Hume, J.	Palmer, C.	Talbot, J. H.
on. H.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Hurst, R.	Palmer, R.	Talfourd, Serjt.
on. C.	Dundas, F.	Hurt, F.	Palmerston, Lord	Tancred, H.
	Dunlop, J.	Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thompson, Ald.
	East, J.	Ingestrie, Lord Vt.	Parker, R. T.	Thornely, T.
	Easthope, J.	Ingham, R.	Parrott, J.	Thornhill, G.
I.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Inglis, Sir R.	Patten, J.	Tollemache, F.
	Eaton, R.	Irton, S.	Pease, J.	Towneley, R.
	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	James, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Troubridge, Sir E.
ett, A.	Egerton, W. T.	Jenkins, R.	Peel, Sir R.	Tufnell, H.
	Egerton, Sir P.	Jervis, J.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, W.
P.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Johnston, Gen.	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.
	Ellice, E.	Jones, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Verner, Col.
.	Erle, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Philips, M.	Verney, Sir H.
	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Philips, G. R.	Villiers, C.
	Evans, G.	Knight, H.	Phillpotts, J.	Villiers, Lord
H.	Evans, W.	Labouchere, Right	Pinney, W.	Vivian, J.
t, J.	Farnham, E.	Hon. H.	Plumptre, J.	Wakley, T.
	Fazakerley, J.	Lambton, H.	Ponsonby, C.	Walker, R.
	Feilden, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Wallace, R.
	Fielden, J.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Power, James	Warburton, H.
	Fellowes, E.	Lefevre, C.	Price, Sir R.	Ward, H.
	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lemon, Sir C.	Pringle, A.	Welby, G.
. Y.	Finch, F.	Lennox, Lord G.	Protheroe, E.	Wemyss, J.
	Fitzalan, Lord	Lennox, Lord A.	Pryme, G.	Westenra, Hn. H.
H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Leveson, Lord	Pusey, P.	Westenra, Hon. J.
.	Fleming, J.	Litton, E.	Redington, T.	White, A.
lon. G.	Fort, J.	Loch, J.	Rice, E.	White, S.
D.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lockhart, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wilberforce, W.
ir H.	Gillon, W.	Logan, H.	Rich, H.	Wilbraham, G.
r S.	Gladstone, W. E.	Long W.	Richards, R.	Wilde, Serjt.
Hon. C.	Goulburn, Right	Lowther, J.	Rickford, W.	Wilkins, W.
Hn. G.	Hon. H.	Mackenzie, T.	Roche, W.	Williams, W.
i.	Greene, T.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. A.
.	Grey, Sir G.	Macnamara, Major	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Winnington, T. E.
lonel	Grimsditch, T.	Maher, J.	Round, C. G.	Winnington, H. J.
k.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Manners, Lord C.	Rundle, J.	Wodehouse, E.
Major	Grimston, Hn. E.	Marshall, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, G.
J. P.	Grote, G.	Marsland, H.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, T.
, R.	Hale, R.	Marsland, T.	Russell, Lord C.	Worsley, Lord
	Halford, H.	Martin, J.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Wrightson, W.
	Hall, B.	Marton, G.	Sanford, E.	Wyse, T.
	Handley, H.	Maunsell, T.	Scrope, G.	Yates, J.
Visct.	Harcourt, G.	Melgund, Lord	Seymour, Lord	Yorke, Hon. E.
R.	Hastie, A.	Mildmay, P.	Sharpe, Gen.	
Visct.	Hawes, B.	Miles, P. W. S.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	
	Hawkes, T.	Miles, W.	Sibthorp, Col.	
I.	Hawkins, J.	Milton, Lord	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
ld.	Heathcote, G.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Slaney, R. A.	Stanley, E. J.
P.	Henniker, Lord	Monypenny, T. G.	Smith, J. A.	Wood, C.
	Heron, Sir R.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Smith, R. Vernon	

NOES.

	D'Israeli, B.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Peel, J.	*Tellers.*
I.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	James, Sir W.	Vivian, J.	Harvey, D.
J.	Dungannon, Lord	Lewis, W.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.	Young, G. F.
S.				

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56. Main Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 17, Noes 309.

AYES.

:	Feilden, W.	Jones, W.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
'.	Grimsditch, T.	Lewis, W.	Turner, W.	Fielden, J.
	Hawkes, T.	Marton, G.	Wilberforce, W.	Wakley, T.
.	Johnston, Gen.	Parker, R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	
, Lord				

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Alston, R.
Bagge, W.
Bailey, J. junior
Baines, E.
Baker, E.
Baring, F. T.
Baring, Hn. W. B.
Barnard, E.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.
Bateman, J.
Beamish, F.
Belfast, Earl of
Bell, M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bethell, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackburne, I.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blennerhasset, A.
Blunt, Sir C.
Borthwick, P.
Bowes, J.
Bramston, T.
Briscoe, J.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Browne, R.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W.
Buller, C.
Buller, E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burroughes, H. N.
Busfeild, W.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.
Calcraft, J.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cavendish, Hn G. H.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Chaplin, Col.
Chetwynd, Major
Chichester, J. P.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W. L.
Clay, W.
Clive, E. B.
Clive, Lord Visct.
Clive, Hon. R.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Collier, J.
Compton, H.
Copeland, Ald.
Courtenay, P.
Craig, W.
Cresswell, C.
Cripps, J.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Darby, G.
Dashwood, G.
Dennistoun, J.
Divett, E.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Duckworth, S.
Dugdale, W.
Duncan, Ld. Visct.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, C. W. D.
Dundas, F.
Dunlop, J.
East, J.
Easthope, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Ebrington, Lord
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, E.
Erle, W.
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Fazakerley, J.
Fellowes, E.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Finch, F.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzsimon, N.
Fleming, J.
Fort, J.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gillon, W. D.
Gladstone, W.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Greene, T.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimston, Lord
Grimston, Hon. E.
Grote, G.
Hale, R.
Hall, B.
Handley, H.
Harcourt, G.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Heathcote, G.
Henniker, Lord
Heron, Sir R.
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Hollond, R.
Holmes, W.
Horsman, E.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, F.
Howard, P.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hume, J.
Hurst, R.
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
Ingestrie, Lord
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
James, W.
Jenkins, R.
Jervis, S.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Leveson, Lord
Litton, E.
Loch, J.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, Hart
Long, W.
Lowther, J. H.
Mackenzie, T.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Maher, J.
Manners, Lord C.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Marsland, T.
Martin, J.
Maunsell, T.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Mildmay, P. St. Jn.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Milton, Lord
Molesworth, Sir W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hon. J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Norreys, Lord
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Conor Don
Ossulston, Lord
Packe, C.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmer, R.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parrot, J.
Patten, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Plumptre, J.
Ponsonby, C. F.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Price, Sir R.
Pringle, A.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C.
Rundle, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord C.
Sandon, Lord
Sanford, E.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Slaney, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, R. V.
Somers, J.
Speirs, A.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W. R. C.
Stuart, H.
Stuart, Lord
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, J.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tufnell, H.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Colonel
Verney, Sir H.
Villiers, C.
Villiers, Lord
Vivian, J.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Welby, G.
Wemyss, J.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
White, A.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Wilde, Serjt.
Wilkins, W.
Williams, W. A.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, C.
Wood, G. W.
Wood, T.
Worsley, Lord
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, G. F.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

No. 57. French Claims. — Motion made, and Question put, "That a Select Committee be appointed for the purpose of investigating the claims of D'Arcy Talbot and other claimants of the French Compensation Fund:" — Mr. Mackinnon. — The House divided; Ayes 52, Noes 101. — (February 22.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.
Archbold, R.
Bagge, W.
Barry, G. S.
Bateman, J.
Bellew, R. M.
Bodkin, J.
Borthwick, P.
Broadwood, H.
Brodie, W.
Browne, R. D.
Bruges, W.
Bryan, G.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Conolly, Col.
Darby, G.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Ellis, J.
Fort, J.
Gore, O. J. R.
Grattan, J.
Hayes, Sir E.
Jackson, Serjt.

C.	Neeld, John	Praed, W. M.	Walker, C.	Young, J. (Cav.)
	O'Brien, W. S.	Round, C. G.	Warburton, H.	
A. M.	O'Connell, D.	Round, J.	White, S.	*Tellers.*
	Palmer, G.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Wyse, T.	Mackinnon, W.
	Plumptre, J.	Smith, A.	Yates, J.	O'Connell, M. J.
H.	Power, James	Vigors, N.		

NOES.

H.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Goddard, A.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Stanley, W. O.
Major	Chetwynd, Major	Goring, H.	Lennox, Lord G.	Strickland, Sir G.
, P.	Collier, J.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lister, E.	Surrey, Earl of
unior	Dalmeny, Lord	Grimsditch, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Tancred, H. W.
	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Handley, H.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Thompson, Ald.
B.	Davies, Col.	Hawkins, J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Thornely, T.
	Dick, Q.	Hayter, W.	Palmerston, Ld Vt.	Troubridge, Sir E.
, Ld. Vt.	Divett, E.	Heathcoat, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Turner, E.
Lord G.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hinde, J. H.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tyrell, Sir J.
	Duckworth, S.	Hodgson, R.	Pattison, J.	Vere, Sir C.
, W.	Duke, Sir J.	Horsman, E.	Peel, Sir R.	Verney, Sir H.
	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Poulter, J.	Vivian, J.
ssett, A.	Dundas, C.	Hughes, W.	Price, Sir R.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
	Dundas, Hn. J. C.	Humphery, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wall, C.
H.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hurt, F.	Rich, H.	White, A.
rst, J.	Egerton, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Richards, R.	Williams, W.
, J.	Evans, Col.	Irton, S.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
, S.	Farnham, E.	James, W.	Russell, Lord J.	
J. Y.	Fazakerley, J.	Johnstone, H.	Smith, R.	*Tellers.*
V.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Johnston, Gen.	Somers, J.	Steuart, R.
Hn. G.	R. C.	Jones, J.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, C.
r J.	Gaskell, J. M.			

Baron de Bode. — Motion made, and Question put, "That a Select Committee be appointed, for completing the investigation of the case of the Baron de Bode, heretofore referred, in the year 1834, to a Select Committee of this House:" — The House divided; Ayes 28, Noes 108.

AYES.

H.	Bruges, W.	Hawes, B.	Pechell, Capt.	Ward, H.
Major	Duncombe, T.	Hayter, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
E.	Fenton, J.	Logan, H.	Stewart, J.	
F.	Forbes, W.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
J.	Hall, B.	Morris, D.	Vigors, N.	Warburton, H.
J.	Handley, H.	O'Connell, D.	Wallace, R.	Hume, J.
L. D.				

NOES.

C.	Copeland, Ald.	Goddard, A.	Marsland, H.	Stanley, E. J.
on. Col.	Cripps, J.	Gordon, R.	Marsland, T.	Stanley, W. O.
tt, Hon.	Curry, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Maule, Hon. F.	Stuart, H.
	Dalmeny, Lord	Goring, H.	Maunsell, T.	Stuart, V.
	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Greenaway, C.	Morpeth, Lord	Strickland, Sir G.
	Darlington, Earl of	Grey, Sir G.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Surrey, Earl of
	Davies, Col.	Grimsditch, T.	Packe, C.	Tancred, H.
	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Hastie, A.	Palmerston, Lord	Troubridge, Sir E.
J.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hawkins, J.	Parnell, Sir H.	Turner, E.
Lord G.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Plumptre, J.	Turner, W.
	Dundas, C. W. D.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Price, Sir R.	Vere, Sir C.
ssett, A.	Easthope, J.	Hodgson, R.	Pringle, A.	Verney, Sir H.
H.	Eliot, Lord	Howard, P.	Protheroe, E.	Vivian, J.
rst, J.	Farnham, E.	Howick, Lord	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R.
n, J.	Feilden, W.	Hughes, W.	Rich, H.	Wall, C.
es, H.	Fellowes, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Rickford, W.	White, A.
W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	James, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilbraham, G.
Hn. G.	R. C.	Lascelles, Hn. W.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Wood, C.
, Sir J.	Fitzalan, Lord	Lennox, Lord G.	Russell, Lord J.	Yates, J.
, P.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lennox, Lord A.	Salwey, Col.	
Marq.	Gibson, T.	Lister, E.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
r, J. P.	Gladstone, W. E.	Litton, E.	Slaney, R.	Parker, J.
	Glynne, Sir S.	Macleod, R.	Smith, R.	Steuart, R.

No. 59. INTIMIDATION OF VOTERS. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill to prevent threats or attempts at intimidation to voters, to influence their votes for Members of Parliament:" — The House divided; Ayes 50, Noes 23.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Darlington, Earl	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
Acland, T. D.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Palmerston, Lord	Stuart, H.
Aglionby, H.	Duncombe, T.	Hodgson, R.	Pease, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Hughes, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Baring, F.	Farnham, E.	Lascelles, Hn. W. S.	Plumptre, J.	Wood, G.
Blewitt, R.	Finch, F.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pringle, A.	Yates, J. A.
Boldero, H.	Forbes, W.	Lennox, Lord A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	
Borthwick, P.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lowther, J. H.	Russell, Lord J.	
Brotherton, J.	Gladstone, W.	Marsland, T.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
Busfeild, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Morpeth, Lord	Sibthorp, Col.	Slaney, Mr.
Campbell, Sir J.	Grimsditch, T.	Morris, D.	Smith, R. V.	Strickland, Sir G.

NOES.

Aglionby, Major	Gibson, T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Warburton, H.
Bagge, W.	Gillon, W.	James, W.	Stewart, James	
Beamish, F. B.	Goring, H.	Jervis, J.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
Blake, M.	Hawes, B.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Vigors, N.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Chalmers, P.	Howard, P.	Litton, E.	Wallace, R.	Bentinck, Lord G.
Davies, Col.	Hume, J.			

No. 60. POOR RELIEF (IRELAND) BILL — (in Committee). — Clause 41. (Relief in Workhouses): — Amendment proposed, page 15., line 33., after the word "and," to insert the words "at the cost of the districts wherein they may respectively have acquired a settlement, and for" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 31, Noes 103. — (February 23.)

AYES.

Bailey, J. junior	De Horsey, S.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pringle, A.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bateson, Sir R.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Jones, T.	Pusey, P.	Wrightson, W.
Bodkin, J.	Forbes, W.	Litton, E.	Verner, Col.	
Bridgeman, H.	Hayes, Sir E.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Callaghan, D.	Hodgson, R.	Meynell, Capt.	Vivian, J.	Lucas, E.
Cole, Hon. A. H.	Hughes, W.	O'Connell, D.	Wakley, T.	Somerset, Lord G.
Cole, Lord Vt.	Irton, S.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	White, S.	

NOES.

Acland, Sir T.	Chester, H.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sugden, Sir E.
Adare, Lord Visct.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Hume, J.	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.	Talbot, J. H.
Aglionby, H.	Courtenay, P.	Hurt, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thornely, T.
Aglionby, Major.	Curry, W.	Hutton, R.	Packe, C.	Townley, R.
Archbold, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	James, W.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tufnell, H.
Barron, H.	Darby, G.	Jephson, C. D. O.	Pease, J.	Turner, W.
Barry, G.	Davies, Col.	Jervis, J.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Turner, E.
Bateman, J.	Easthope, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Power, J.	Vivian, Major
Beamish, F. B.	Ellis, J.	Lowther, J. H.	Redington, T. N.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Bellew, R. M.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Macleod, R.	Roche, E.	Walker, C.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Finch, F.	Mahony, P.	Roche, W.	Westenra, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Marshall, W.	Round, C.	White, L.
Blake, M.	French, F.	Marsland, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Winnington, T. E.
Bolling, W.	Grattan, J.	Martin, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, G.
Brabazon, Lord	Grattan, H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Scrope, G.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Greenaway, C.	Maule, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Wyse, T.
Briscoe, J. I.	Hawes, B.	Maunsell, T.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J. A.
Brocklehurst, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Miles, W.	Stansfield, W.	Young, J. (Cav).
Brotherton, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morpeth, Lord	Stewart, James	
Bruges, W. H. L.	Horsman, E.	Morris, D.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Howard, P.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Style, Sir C.	Gordon, R.
Chapman, Sir M.		Nagle, Sir R.		Wood, C.

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61. Clause 41. — Amendment proposed, to add the following proviso at the end of the clause: — "Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the guardians, with the consent of the commissioners, to direct that relief shall be given to any destitute person who shall, from old age or infirmity of body, be wholly unable to work, without requiring that such person shall reside in any workhouse:" — Question put, "That the proposed proviso be there added:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 32, Noes 99.

AYES.

onby, H.	Brotherton, J.	Hodgson, R.	Scrope, G.	Yates, J.
ng, H.	Callaghan, D.	Horsman, E.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
son, Sir R.	Darby, G.	Johnson, Gen.	Style, Sir C.	
inck, Lord G.	Fielden, J.	Mahony, P.	Vigors, N. A.	
tin, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Morris, D.	Villiers, Lord Vt.	*Tellers.*
geman, H.	Fleetwood, P.	O'Connell, M. J.	Wakley, T.	O'Brien, W. S.
oe, J.	Hall, B.	O'Connell, M.	Williams.W.(Cov.)	O'Connell, Dan.
klehurst, J.	Halse, J.	Plumptre, J.		

NOES.

ıd, Sir T. D.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hughes, W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sugden, Sir E.
e, Lord Vt.	Finch, F.	Hume, J.	Nagle, Sir R.	Talbot, J. H.
nby, Major	Fitzgibbon, Col.	Hurt, F.	Nicholl, J.	Thornely, T.
worth, P.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Hutton, R.	O'Callaghan, Hn.C.	Troubridge, Sir E.
bold, R.	Gladstone, W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Packe, C.	Tufnell, H.
g, F.	Gordon, R.	James, W.	Paget, F.	Vivian, Major C.
ngton, Ld. Vt.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Jones, T.	Parnell, Sir H.	Vivian, J.
n, H. W.	Grattan, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Perceval, Colonel	Vivian, Sir R. H.
, G.	Grattan, H.	Lambton, H.	Power, James	Walker, C. A.
ıish, F. B.	Greene, T.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pusey, P.	Westenra, Hon. J.
w, R.	Greenaway, C.	Lemon, Sir C.	Redington, T.	Winnington, T. E.
eley, Hon. H.	Grey, Sir G.	Lennox, Lord G.	Roche, W.	Wood, C.
e, M. J.	Hawes, B.	Lockhart, A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, G.
azon, Lord	Hayes, Sir E.	Lowther, J. H.	Round, C.	Woulfe, Mr. Serjt.
dwood, H.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wrightson, W.
lmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Macleod, R.	Russell, Lord J.	Wyse, T.
pman, Sir M.	Howard, F.	Marshall, W.	Sanford, E.	Young, J. (Cav.)
nents, Lord	Howard, P.	Maule, Hon. F.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	
, Lord	Howick, Lord	Maule, W. H.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
ry, Hon. H.		Miles, W.	Stansfield, W.	Parker, J.
ry, W.		Morpeth, Lord	Stuart, V.	Steuart, R.

62. Gravesend Pier Bill. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 195, Noes 44. — (February 26.)

AYES.

and, T. D.	Brabazon, Sir W.	Crawford, W.	Fort, J.	Humphery, J.
ionby, Major	Briscoe, J.	Curry, W.	Freshfield, J.	Hurt, F.
ger, Capt.	Broadley, H.	Dalmeny, Lord	Gibson, T.	Hutton, R.
on, Sir G.	Brocklehurst, J.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Inglis, Sir R.
ot, Hon. W.	Brodie, W.	Darby, G.	Graham, Sir J.	James, W.
ey, J.	Brotherton, J.	Denison, W.	Grattan, J.	Jenkins, R.
ey, J. junior	Bryan, G.	Divett, E.	Grimsditch, T.	Johnson, Gen.
es, E.	Busfeild, W.	Dottin, A.	Grote, G.	Johnstone, H.
er, E.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Douglas, Sir C.	Halse, J.	Jones, T.
ing, Hn. W. B.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Duff, J.	Handley, H.	Kerrison, Sir E.
ard, E.	Callaghan, D.	Duffield, T.	Harcourt, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.
rington, Lord	Chandos, Marq. of	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Harvey, D. W.	Langton, W.
y, G.	Chapman, A.	Eaton, R.	Hastie, A.	Law, Hon. C.
man, J.	Chichester, J.	Eliot, Lord	Hawkes, T.	Lennox, Lord G.
mish, F. B.	Chute, W.	Ellice, E.	Hawkins, J.	Lennox, Lord A.
tinck, Lord W.	Clay, W.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hayter, W.	Lister, E.
keley, Hon. H.	Codrington, C. W.	Evans, G.	Hodgson, F.	Litton, E.
ke, M.	Codrington, Adm.	Farrand, R.	Hodgson, R.	Loch, J.
merhassett, A.	Cole, Hon. A.	Feilden, W.	Hogg, J.	Lockhart, A.
witt, R.	Collier, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Holmes, W.	Logan, H.
nt, Sir C.	Collins, W.	Finch, F.	Howard, F.	Lowther, J.
kin, J.	Coote, Sir C.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hughes, W.	Mackinnon, W.
lero, H.	Craig, W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Hume, J.	Macleod, R.

Macnamara, Major	Palmer, G.	Pusey, P.	Stewart, James	Wemyss, J.
M'Taggart, J.	Parker, R. T.	Richards, R.	Stewart, John	White, A.
Marsland, H.	Pattison, J.	Roche, E.	Stuart, Lord J.	White, L.
Marsland, T.	Pechell, Capt.	Roche, W.	Strutt, E.	Wilberforce, W.
Maule, Hon. F.	Phillpotts, J.	Round, J.	Talbot, J.	Wilbraham, G.
Maule, W.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Tancred, H.	Williams, R.
Maunsell, T.	Plumptre, J.	Salwey, Col.	Thornely, T.	Winnington, H. J.
Maxwell, H.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Sanderson, R.	Turner, W.	Wrightson, W.
Mildmay, P.	Poulter, J.	Sanford, E.	Verner, Col.	Yates, J.
Morris, D.	Powell, Col.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Vigors, N.	
O'Brien, W. S.	Praed, W.	Seale, Col.	Vivian, J.	
O'Connell, M.	Price, R.	Somerset, Ld. G.	Vivian, Sir R. H.	*Tellers.*
Paget, Lord A.	Pringle, A.	Speirs, A.	Wakley, T.	Copeland, Ald.
Paget, F.	Pryme, G.	Standish, C.	Wallace, R.	Wood, Sir M.

NOES.

Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Calcraft, J.	Grattan, H.	Marton, G.	Sugden, Sir E.
Ashley, Hon. H.	Darlington, Earl	Hinde, J. H.	Master, T.	Trench, Sir F.
Attwood, M.	D'Israeli, B.	Irton, S.	Miles, P.	Walker, R.
Baillie, Col.	Dugdale, W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Milnes, R.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bateson, Sir R.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Jervis, J.	Palmer, C.	Winnington, T. E.
Bell, M.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Lewis, W.	Redington, T.	
Bentinck, Lord G.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lucas, E.	Rolleston, L.	
Brownrigg, S.	Gore, O. J. R.	Lushington, C.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gore, O. W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sturt, H.	Law, T. L.
	Grant, Hon. Col.	Mahon, Lord	Style, Sir C.	Burrell, Sir C.

No. 63. Breach of Privilege. — Complaint made of certain expressions in a speech of Daniel O'Connell, Esquire, a Member of this House, at a dinner at the Crown and Anchor Tavern, and reported in the *Morning Chronicle* and *Morning Post* newspapers, as containing a charge of foul perjury against Members of this House, in the discharge of their judicial duties: — *Morning Chronicle* newspaper, dated Thursday, 22d February, 1838, delivered in; and *Morning Post* newspaper of the same date delivered in; speech of Mr. O'Connell, as reported in the *Morning Chronicle*, read; passage objected to, as reported in *Morning Post*, read; Mr. O'Connell heard in his place; when he avowed his having used the said expressions; and then he withdrew.

Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the expressions in the said speech, containing a charge of foul perjury against Members of this House, in the discharge of their judicial duties, are a false and scandalous imputation on the honour and conduct of Members of this House:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Order of the Day for the Committee on the Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill be now read," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 263, Noes 254.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Barrington, Lord	Buller, Sir J.	Copeland, Ald.	Eaton, R.
A'Court, Capt.	Bateman, J.	Burrell, Sir C.	Corry, Hn. H.	Egerton, W.
Adare, Lord Vt.	Bateson, Sir R.	Calcraft, J.	Courtenay, P.	Egerton, Sir P.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.	Bell, M.	Campbell, Sir H.	Cresswell, C.	Egerton, Lord F.
Alsager, Capt.	Benett, J.	Canning, Sir S.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Eliot, Lord
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Bentinck, Lord G.	Cantilupe, Lord	Damer, Hon. D.	Ellis, J.
Ashley, Lord	Bethell, R.	Castlereagh, Lord	Darby, G.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Ashley, Hon. H.	Blackburne, I.	Chandos, Marq. of	Darlington, Earl	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Attwood, W.	Blackstone, W.	Chaplin, Colonel	De Horsey, S.	Farnham, E.
Attwood, M.	Blair, J.	Chapman, A.	Dick, Q.	Farrand, R.
Bagge, W.	Blennerhassett, A.	Chisholm, A.	D'Israeli, B.	Feilden, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Boldero, H.	Christopher, R. A.	Dottin, A.	Fielden, J.
Bailey, J.	Bolling, W.	Chute, W. L.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Bailey, J. junior	Borthwick, P.	Clive, Lord Viset.	Douro, Marq. of	Foley, E. T.
Baillie, Colonel	Bradshaw, J.	Clive, Hon. R.	Dowdeswell, W.	Follett, Sir W.
Baker, E.	Bramston, T.	Codrington, C.	Duffield, T.	Forbes, W.
Baring, Hon. F.	Broadley, H.	Cole, Hon. A.	Dugdale, W.	Forester, Hon. G.
Baring, Hon. W. B.	Broadwood, H.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Freshfield, J.
Barneby, J.	Brownrigg, S.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Gaskell, Milnes
Barnes, Sir E.	Bruce, Lord E.	Conolly, Col.	East, J.	Gibson, T.
	Bruges, W. H. L.	Coote, Sir C.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Gladstone, W.

, Sir S.
rd, A.
n, R.
n, Hn. Capt.
O. J. R.
O. W.
arn, Rt. Hn.
m, Sir J.
y, Marq. of
, Hon. Col.
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ditch, T.
ton, Ld. Vt.
ton, Hon. E.
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J.
urt, G.
urt, G. S.
ge, Sir H.
s, T.
Sir E.
ker, Lord
rt, Hon. S.
s, Rt. Hn. J.
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orough, Earl
, J. H.
on, F.
on, R.
J.
s, W.

Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Hope, G.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W. B.
Humphery, J.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W. C.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Jones, J.
Jones, W.
Jones, T
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C. E.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lennox, Lord A.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Long, W.

Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W. F.
Mackinnon, W.
Mahon, Lord Visct.
Maidstone, Lord
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Ossulston, Lord
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R. T.
Parker, T.
Peel, Sir R.

Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Pigot, R.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powell, Col.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Ld. Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.

Spry, Sir S. T.
Stanley, E.
Stansfield, W.
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
St. Paul, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord
Vivian, J.
Welby, G.
Wilberforce, W.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Baring, H.

NOES.

, Sir C.
ıby, H.
ıby, Major
ı, R.
ı, Hon. Col.
ı, Sir G.
old, R.
od, T.
ridge, E.
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N.
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rd, E.
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sh, F.
t, Earl of
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ey, Hon. H.
l, R.
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tt, C.
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t, R. J.
, Sir C.
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ton, Sir W.
man, H.
e, J.
lehurst J.
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erton, J.
ıe, R.
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r, E. L.
ld, W.
, Hon. Col.
G.
Rt. Hon. G.
han, D.
bell, Sir J.
e, Sir J.
dish, Hn. C.
dish, Hon. G.
r, E. S.

Chalmers, P.
Chapman, Sir M.
Chetwynd, Major
Chichester, J. P.
Clay, W.
Clements, Lord
Clive, E.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Currie, R.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Davies, Col.
Denison, W.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duncan, Lord Vis.
Dundas, C. W.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.
Ellice, E.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, Col.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Fenton, J.
Ferguson, Sir Ron.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Ferguson, R.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. *Colonel*

Fitzpatrick, J.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fleetwood, P.
Fort, J.
French, F.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W. G.
Heathcote, J.
Hobhouse, Sir
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Howard, F.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, J.
Johnson, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J. T.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Leveson, Lord
Lister, E. C.
Loch, J.
Lushington, Dr.

Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Mahony, P.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Ord, W.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Poulter, J.
Power, James
Price, Sir R.
Pryme, G.
Pryse, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E.

Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Slaney, R.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, C.
Talbot, J. H.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Verner, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C. A.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Wemyss, J.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
White, A.

White, H.
White, S.
White, L.
Wilbraham, G.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Winnington, H.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

No. 64. Resolved, that expressions in the said speech, containing a charge of foul perjury against Members of this House, in the discharge of their judicial duties, are a false and scandalous imputation on the honour and conduct of Members of this House.

Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. O'Connell, having avowed that he had used the said expressions, has been guilty of a breach of the privileges of this House:" — Afterwards, Motion made, and Question proposed, "That this House do now adjourn," and, by leave, withdrawn: — Main Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 293, Noes 85.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adam, Sir C.
Adare, Lord Vt.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Ashley, Lord
Ashley, Hon. H.
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J. (Wor)
Bailey, J. (Sud.)
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, F. T.
Baring, Hon. W.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord
Bateman, J.
Bateson, Sir R.
Belfast, Earl of
Bell, M.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackett, C.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, C.
Buller, E.
Buller, Sir J.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Lord
Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Col.
Chichester, J. P.
Chisholm, A. W.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Vt.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Colquhoun, J.
Conolly, E.
Coote, Sir C.
Copeland, Ald.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Craig, W.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
Denison, W.
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R. J.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, F.
Farrand, R.
Feilden, W.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hn. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, R.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Mr. Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl of
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lambton, H.
Lascelles, Hn. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Long, W.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Maidstone, Lord
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Melgund, Lord
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morpeth, Lord
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Ossulston, Lord
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Parnell, Sir H.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Pigot, R.
Pinney, W.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Ponsonby, C.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Seymour, Lord
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Slaney, R.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Stuart, V.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thomson, C. P.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Tyrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Verney, Sir H.
Villiers, Lord Vt.
Vivian, J.
Welby, G.
White, L.
Wilberforce, W.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Winnington, H.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, T.
Wrightson, W.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

›y, H.	Callaghan, D.	Hawes, B.	Parrott, J.	Walker, C.
›y, Major	Carnac, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	Pattison, J.	Wallace, R.
Hon. Col.	Clements, Lord	Hollond, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Warburton, H.
ld, R.	Collins, W.	Jephson, C.	Power, J.	Ward, H. G.
d, T.	Dalmeny, Lord	Johnson, Gen.	Pryme, G.	Westenra, Hn. H.
	Davies, Col.	Lister, E.	Roche, E.	Westenra, Hon. J.
H.	Dennistoun, J.	Lushington, C.	Roche, W.	White, A.
3.	Duff, J.	Macnamara, Major	Salwey, Col.	White, S.
h, F.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Mahony, P.	Seale, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
y, Hon. H.	Dundas, F.	Marsland, H.	Somers, J.	Williams, W.
M.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Martin, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, Sir M.
, J.	Ellice, E.	Maule, W.	Stansfield, W.	Woulfe, Serjt.
›n, Sir W.	Erle, W.	Nagle, Sir R.	Strickland, Sir G.	Wyse, T.
ıan, H.	Evans, Sir De L.	O'Callaghan, Hon.	Talbot, J. H.	Yates, J.
ton, J.	Evans, G.	C.	Talfourd, Serjt.	
, R. D.	Finch, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
G.	Fitzsimon, N.	O'Connell, M.	Vigors, N.	Gillon, W.
Hon. Col.	Grattan, H.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Wakley, T.	Hume, J.

. Resolved, that Mr. O'Connell, having avowed that he had used the said expressions, has been guilty of a breach of the privileges of this House.

Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. O'Connell be reprimanded for the same, in his place, by Mr. Speaker:" — And a Member, Mr. Callaghan, having, in the course of the debate, avowed the sentiments attributed to Mr. O'Connell as his own sentiments, the words made use of by him were directed to be taken down by the clerk; and the same were taken down accordingly, and are as follow:—"I avow, Sir, the sentiments attributed to the Honouable Member for Dublin, and I adopt his expressions, to the word and to the letter:" — Motion made, and Question put, "That this House do now adjourn:" — The House divided; Ayes 159, Noes 246.

AYES.

Sir C.	Craig, W. G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, M.	Thornely, T.
›y, H.	Curry, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Palmerston, Lord	Troubridge, Sir E.
›y, Major	Dalmeny, Lord	Hollond, R.	Parrot, J.	Turner, E.
Hon. Col.	Dennistoun, J.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Pattison, J.	Turner, W.
ld, R.	Divett, E.	Hume, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.
d, T.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Hutton, R.	Pendarves, E.	Vivian, Sir R.
dge, E.	Dundas, C.	Jephson, C.	Philips, G.	Wakley, T.
	Dundas, F.	Jervis, J.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Walker, C.
F. T.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Johnson, Gen.	Power, James	Walker R.
H.	Easthope, J.	Kinnaird, Hon A.	Price, Sir R.	Wallace, R.
3.	Ebrington, Lord	Labouchere, Rt.	Pryse, P.	Warburton, H.
, F.	Ellice, E.	Hon. H.	Redington, T.	Ward, H.
Earl of	Erle, W.	Lambton, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Westenra, Hn. H.
r, Hon. H.	Etwall, R.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rich, H.	Westenra, Hon. J.
R.	Evans, G.	Lister, E.	Roche, E.	White, A.
T.	Fazakerley, J.	Lushington, Dr.	Roche, W.	White, S.
f.	Fenton, J.	Lushington, C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Lynch, A.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W.
J.	R. C.	Macleod, R.	Salwey, Col.	Wilshere, W.
ıan, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Macnamara, Major	Seale, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
J.	Fleetwood, P.	Mahony, P.	Seymour, Lord	Wood, C.
hurst, J.	Fort, J.	Marshall, W.	Somers, J.	Wood, Sir M.
W.	Gillon, W. D.	Martin, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, G.
, R.	Gordon, R.	Maule Hon. F.	Stanley, E. J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
C.	Grattan, J.	Maule, W. H.	Stansfield, W. R. C.	Wrightson, W.
, W.	Grattan, H.	Melgund, Lord	Steuart, R.	Wyse, T.
t. Hon. G.	Greenaway, C.	Mildmay, P.	Stuart, V.	Yates, J. A.
ın, D.	Grey, Sir G.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Strickland, Sir G.	
Sir J.	Guest, J.	Morris, D.	Strutt, E.	
sh, Hn. C.	Handley, H.	Nagle, Sir R.	Talbot, J.	
ter, J.	Hastie, A.	O'Brien, W. S.	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
:s, Lord	Hawes, B.	O'Callaghan, Hn.	Tancred, H.	Brotherton, J.
.	Hawkins, J.	C.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	Finch, F.
W.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	C. P.	

NOES.

T. D.	Adare, Lord Vt.	Alsager, Capt.	Ashley, Lord	Attwood, W.
, Capt.	Alexander, Ld. Vt.	Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Ashley, Hon. H.	Attwood, M.

Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J. (Wor.)
Bailey, J. (Sud.)
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, Hon. W.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord
Bateman, J.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Lord
Castlereagh, Lord
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Col.
Chisholm, A.
Christopher, R.
Chute, W.
Clive, Lord Vt.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Vt.
Conolly, E.
Copeland, Ald.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marquess of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Duncombe, Hn.W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)
Estcourt, T.(Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Feilden, W.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, Ormsby J.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones. W.
Jones, T.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Long, W.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Mahon, Lord
Maidstone, Lord
Marsland, T.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Ossulston, Lord
Packe, C.
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Pigot, R.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J.
Pollock, Sir F.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E.
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Tyrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord
Vivian, J.
Welby, G.
Wilberforce, W.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Winnington, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

No. 66. BREACH OF PRIVILEGE. — Debate resumed on Question (26th of February), "That Mr. O'Connell be reprimanded for the same, in his place, by Mr. Speaker:" — Question again stated: — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House taking into consideration that several Members of this House have avowed their belief that the decisions on election committees, sworn well and truly to try the matter before them, are biassed by party interest and attachments; and considering that the late decisions of such committees have been impugned in the strongest terms by the publications in the daily newspapers; considering, moreover, that this House has ordered to be read a second time, a Bill 'to regulate the trial of election and returns of Members to serve in Parliament,' is content to proceed no further in the matter of the said complaint:" — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 249, Noes 225. — (February 27.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Alexander, Ld. Vt.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.
Ashley, Lord
Ashley, Hon. H.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, Hon. W.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord
Bateman, J.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H. G.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.

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Sir H.
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Ld. Vt.
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Visct.
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Ald.
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P.
C.
Sir A.
n. D.
, Earl
, S.
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ord F.

Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farrand, R.
Feilden, W.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gladstone, W. E.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R. B.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G. G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hon. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.

Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hope, H. T.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W.
Hurst, R.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hn. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H. T.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Long, W.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Mahon, Lord Vt.

Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
Northland, Ld. Vt.
O'Neil, Hon. J. B.
Ossulston, Lord
Packe, C. W.
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R. T.
Patten, J. W.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Pigot, R.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Praed, W. M.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Rushbrooke, Col.

Rushout, G.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E. J.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, J.
Smyth, Sir G. H.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E.
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord Visct.
Vivian, J. E.
Wall, C. B.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col. T.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

C.
H.
Major
, P.
n. Col.
G.
R.
T.
T.
W.
. B.
rl of
Lord W.
Hon. H.
J.
, H.
st, J.
, J.
Hon. G.

Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cavendish, Hon. G. H.
Chalmers, P.
Chetwynd, Major
Clements, Lord
Codrington, Adml.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Currie, R.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Davies, Col.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Ellice, Capt.
Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.
Ellice, E.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.

Fazakerley, J.
Ferguson, Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fort, J.
French, F.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Lord
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcote, J.
Hector, C.
Hobhouse, Rt. Hn. Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Howard, F.
Howick, Lord

Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jephson, C.
Johnson, Gen.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Leveson, Lord
Lister, E. C.
Loch, J.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Morpeth, Lord
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, R. M.

Ord, W.
Paget, Lord A.
Palmer, C.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Poulter, J. S.
Power, James
Price, Sir R.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scrope, G. P.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Smith, Hon. R.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.

Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strutt, E.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, C. R.
Talbot, J. H.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C. A.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Wemyss, J. E.
Westenra, Hon. H.
Westenra, Hn. J. C.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H.
Wood, C.
Wood, G.
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

No. 67. Main Question put, " That Mr. O'Connell be reprimanded for the same, in his place, by Mr. Speaker: " — The House divided; Ayes 226, Noes 197.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Alexander, Lord
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnot, Hn. H.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baker, E.
Baring, Hn. W. B.
Barneby, J.
Barnes, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord
Bateman, J.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H. G.
Bolling, W.
Borthwick, P.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burdett, Sir F.
Burrell, Sir C.
Calcraft, J. H.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantilupe, Lord
Castlereagh, Lord
Chandos, Marq. of
Chaplin, Col.
Chapman, A.
Christopher, R. A.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, Lord
Clive, Hon. R. H.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Conolly, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A. R.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Dungannon, Lord
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, John
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farrand, R.
Feilden, W.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Follett, Sir W.
Forbes, W.
Gaskell, Milnes
Gladstone, W.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Lord
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G. G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heuniker, Lord
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl of
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hope, H.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Irton, S.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hon. T.
Lewis, W.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Long, W.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mackinnon, W.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
Marsland, T.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T. P.
Maxwell, H.
Miles, W.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
Northland, Ld. Vt.
O'Neil, Hn. J. B.
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Praed, W. M.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, Geo.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S. T.
Stanley, E.
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Ld. Vt.
Vivian, J. E.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Colonel T.
Wood, T.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E. T.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Ainsworth, P.
Alston, R.
Anson, Sir G.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Baring, F. T.
Barron, H.
Barry, G. S.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R.
Bentinck, Lord W.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bodkin, J.
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Buller, C.
Buller, E.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Campbell, W. F.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cayley, E. S.
Chalmers, P.
Codrington, Adm.
Collins, W.
Craig, W. G.
Crawford, W.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Davies, Col.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duncan, Lord
Dundas, C. W. D.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Dunlop, J.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, E.
Erle, W.
Evans, Sir De Lacy
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Fenton, J.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.

	Hutton, R.	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.	Russell, Lord J.	Wallace, R.
. W.	James, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Russell, Lord	Warburton, H.
	Jephson, C.	O'Connell, M.	Salwey, Col.	Ward, H. G.
	Jervis, J.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Sanford, E.	Wemyss, J. E.
	Lambton, H.	Ord, W.	Scrope, G. P.	Westenra, Hn. H.
	Langdale, Hon. C.	Palmer, C.	Seale, Col.	Westenra, Hn. J. C.
	Lefevre, C.	Palmerston, Lord	Smith, Vernon	White, H.
	Lennox, Lord G.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Somers, J.	White, S.
:.	Lister, E.	Parrott, J.	Standish, C.	Wilbraham, G.
	Lushington, Dr.	Pattison, J.	Stanley, W. O.	Wilde, Serjt.
	Lushington, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Lynch, A.	Pendarves, E.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Williams, W. A.
	Macleod, R.	Philipps, Sir R.	Strutt, E.	Wilshere, W.
	M'Taggart, J.	Philips, G.	Style, Sir C.	Winnington, T. E.
	Maher, J.	Pinney, W.	Talbot, J. H.	Winnington, H. J.
.	Mahony, P.	Ponsonby, C.	Tancred, H.	Wood, C.
	Marshall, W.	Poulter, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C.	Wood, Sir M.
	Marsland, H.	Power, James	Thornely, T.	Wood, G.
	Martin, J.	Pryme, G.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wrightson, W. B.
	Maule, Hon. F.	Redington, T.	Turner, E.	Wyse, T.
	Mildmay, P. St. John	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Verney, Sir H.	Yates, J.
. B.	Morpeth, Lord	Rich, H.	Vigors, N.	
	Morris, D.	Rippon, C.	Vivian, Sir R. H.	
	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Roche, E. B.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*
l	Nagle, Sir R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Walker, C. A.	Stanley, E. J.
	O'Brien, W. S.	Rundle, J.	Walker, R.	Steuart, R.

OYAL MARINES.—Motion made, and Question proposed, "That an humble ress be presented to her Majesty, praying her Majesty will be graciously sed to take into her serious consideration the expediency of adopting some to accelerate promotion generally in the corps of Royal Marines, so that ay keep pace, in a fair and equitable degree, with those branches of her esty's forces whose system of promotion is progressive:"—(LORD GEORGE NOX.)—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to end of the Question, in order to add the words "there be laid before this se, copies of the Orders in Council of July, 1837, respecting the corps of al Marines; also, an account of the effects of those Orders in Council on corps of Royal Marines," instead thereof:—(Mr. CHANCELLOR of the HEQUER.)—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 100, Noes 87.

AYES.

pt.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Gaskell, J. M.	Knight, H.	Rusbrooke, Col.
Vt.	Campbell, Sir H.	Godson, R.	Leader, J. T.	Rushout, G.
d. Vt.	Carnac, Sir J.	Gore, O. J. R.	Lennox, Lord A.	Seale, Col.
t.	Chandos, Marq. of	Gore, O. W.	Lockhart, A.	Sibthorp, Col.
	Chaplin, Col.	Grimsditch, T.	Logan, H.	Sinclair, Sir G.
	Chetwynd, Major	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lowther, J. H.	Stewart, John
	Chute, W. L.	Hale, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Stuart, H.
	Clayton, Sir W.	Hawkes, T.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Talfourd, Serjt.
ior	Codrington, C.	Hodgson, R.	Master, T.	Vere, Sir C.
	Courtenay, P.	Hogg, J.	Monypenny, T.	Verner, Col.
rd G.	Craig, W.	Holmes, W.	Neeld, Joseph	Wakley, T.
I.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hotham, Lord	Neeld, John	Wallace, R.
W.	De Horsey, S.	Houldsworth, T.	Norreys, Lord	Wemyss, J.
	Douglas, Sir C.	Houstoun, G.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Wodehouse, E.
	Duke, Sir J.	Howard, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Wyndham, W.
	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Yorke, Hon. E. T.
'.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hume, J.	Pringle, A.	
	Eliot, Lord	Hurt, F.	Rippon, C.	
.	Farnham, E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Rolleston, L.	*Tellers.*
H.	Forbes, W.	Jenkins, R.	Round, C.	Boldero, Capt.
Y.	Freshfield, J.	Johnson, Gen.	Round, J.	Lennox, Lord G.

NOES.

ral	Baines, E.	Brotherton, J.	Dalmeny, Lord	Fitzsimon, N.
.	Barneby, J.	Busfeild, W.	Dunlop, J.	Fleetwood, P.
ajor	Blake, W.	Cavendish, Hon. G. H.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Gillon, W.
?.	Bodkin, J.	Chalmers, P.	Finch, F.	Gladstone, W.
	Bridgeman, H.	Curry, W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
.	Brocklehurst, J.			

Gordon, R.	Maher, J.	Philips, M.	Somerville, Sir W.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Greenaway, C.	Mahony, P.	Pinney, W.	Stanley, M.	Warburton, H.
Grey, Sir G.	Marsland, H.	Power, James	Stansfield, W.	Ward, H. G.
Hawes, B.	Maule, Hn. F.	Price, Sir R.	Steuart, R.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Hobhouse, Sir J.	Melgund, Lord	Protheroe, E.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. A.
Hobhouse, T. B.	Milnes, R.	Pusey, P.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wilshere, W.
Horsman, E.	Morpeth, Lord	Redington, T.	Style, Sir C.	Wood, C.
Howick, Lord Vt.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Talbot, J. H.	Wrightson, W.
Hurst, R. H.	Palmerston, Lord	Rich, H.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Yates, J.
Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Rolfe, Sir R.	Thornely, T.	
Langdale, Hon. C.	Parnell, Sir H.	Russell, Lord J.	Turner, W.	Stanley, E. J.
Lefevre, C.	Parrott, J.	Seymour, Lord	Verney, Sir H.	Troubridge, Sir T.
Lynch, A.	Pendarves, E.	Smith, R. V.		

No. 69. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — Clause 47. (Commissioners may assist emigration): " — Question put, " That the clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill: "— The Committee divided; Ayes 71, Noes 26. — (March 2.)

AYES.

Alston, R.	Curry, W.	Jones, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.
Bagge, W.	Dalmeny, Lord	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Parnell, Sir H.	Sugden, Sir E.
Barron, H.	Darby, G.	Lister, E. C.	Perceval, Col.	Turner, E.
Barry, G. S.	Duke, Sir J.	Litton, E.	Poulter, J.	White, S.
Beamish, F.	Ellis, J.	Lynch, A.	Redington, T.	Wilshere, W.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Macleod, R.	Rice, E. R.	Wood, G.
Blake, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Marshall, W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Briscoe, J.	Fitzpatrick, J.	Marsland, H.	Round, C.	Wyse, T.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Forbes, W.	Martin, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Yates, J.
Burroughes, H.	Hayes, Sir E.	Maule, Hon. F.	Scrope, G. P.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hodges, T.	Maule, W.	Shirley, E. J.	
Chute, W.	Hodgson, R.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Clements, Lord	Hume, J.	Morris, D.	Stansfield, W.	*Tellers.*
Conolly, E.	Hutton, R.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stewart, James	Baring, F. T.
Corry, Hon. H.	Jackson, Serjt.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stuart, V.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.
Craig, W.		Palmer, C.		

NOES.

Archbold, R.	Castlereagh, Lord	Jephson, C.	Roche, E.	Walker, C. A.
Bateson, Sir R.	Evans, G.	Kemble, H.	Salwey, Col.	White, L.
Blake, M.	Fitzsimon, N.	Lucas, E.	Talbot, J. H.	
Bodkin, J.	Grattan, J.	Plumptre, J.	Trench, Sir F.	*Tellers.*
Bridgman, H.	Grattan, H.	Power, James	Vigors, N.	Brabazon, Sir W.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Hughes, W.	Pryme, G.	Wakley, T.	O'Connell, D.

No. 70. Canada. — Motion made, and Question put, " That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, to express to her Majesty our deep regret that the tranquillity of her Majesty's provinces of Upper and Lower Canada should have been disturbed by the wicked and treasonable designs of a disaffected party in those provinces, by which many of the inhabitants have been seduced into open revolt against the authority of her Majesty:

" To assure her Majesty that we have observed, with the utmost satisfaction, the zeal and fidelity which have animated the loyal inhabitants of her Majesty's North American provinces, and that we cordially rejoice in the success which has attended the exertions of her Majesty's regular forces, combined with the voluntary services of her Majesty's faithful subjects: — To assure her Majesty of our continued determination to aid her Majesty in every effort which she may be called upon to make for the suppression of revolt and the complete restoration of tranquillity, professing, at the same time, our desire to afford redress for every real grievance, and maturely to consider such permanent arrangements for the constitution and government of the province of Lower Canada, as may best secure the rights and liberties, and promote the interests, of all classes of her Majesty's subjects in that province:

Humbly to represent to her Majesty, that it appears to us, upon a con-ration of the documents and correspondence relating to the North American vinces which her Majesty has been graciously pleased to communicate to House, that the open defiance of her Majesty's lawful authority in the vinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and the necessity of suppressing ellion by force of arms, and of suspending the constitutional Government ower Canada, are in a great degree attributable to the want of foresight energy on the part of her Majesty's confidential servants, and to the am-ious, dilatory, and irresolute course which they have pursued in respect to affairs of Canada since their appointment to office:" — (Lord Viscount don.) — The House divided; Ayes 287, Noes 316. — (March 7.)

AYES.

r. D.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Litton, E.	Rickford, W.
).	Compton, H. C.	Green, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rolleston, L.
ipt.	Conolly, E.	Grimsditch, T.	Logan, H.	Rose, Sir G.
Vt.	Coote, Sir C.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lowther, J. H.	Round, C.
d. Vt.	Copeland, Ald.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lucas, E.	Round, J.
Vt.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hale, R. B.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rushbrooke, Col.
ot.	Courtenay, P.	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushout, G.
Hn.H.	Crewe, Sir G.	Halse, J.	Mackenzie, W.	St. Paul, H.
	Cripps, J.	Harcourt, G.	Mackinnon, W.	Sanderson, R.
).H.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Harcourt, G. S.	Maclean, D.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
.	Damer, Hon. D.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mahon, Lord	Scarlett, Hon. J.
.	Darby, G.	Hawkes, T.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Scarlett, Hon. R.
	Darlington, Earl of	Hayes, Sir E.	Manners, Lord C.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
. W.	Davenport, J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Marsland, T.	Sheppard, T.
nior	De Horsay, S.	Henniker, Lord	Marton, G.	Shirley, E.
	Dick, Q.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Master, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
	D'Israeli, B.	Herries, Rt Hn. J.	Maunsell, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.
ı. F.	Dottin, A. R.	Hill, Sir R.	Maxwell, H.	Smith, A.
W. B.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hillsborough, Earl	Meynell, Capt.	Smyth, Sir G.
	Douro, Marq. of	Hinde, J. H.	Miles, W.	Somerset, Lord
Ld.Vt.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hodgson, F.	Miles, P. W.	Spry, Sir S.
	Duffield, T.	Hodgson, R.	Miller, W.	Stanley, E.
· R.	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Hogg, J.	Milnes, R. M.	Stanley, Lord
	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Monypenny, T.	Stewart, John
ord G.	Dungannon, Lord	Holmes, W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Stuart, H.
	East, J.	Hope, G. W.	Morgan, C. M. R.	Sturt, H.
I.	Eastnor, Ld. Vt.	Hope, Hn. J.	Neeld, Joseph	Sugden, Sir E.
W.	Eaton, R.	Hope, H.	Neeld, John	Teignmouth, Lord
	Egerton, W. T.	Hotham, Lord	Nicholl, J.	Thompson, Ald.
ett, A.	Egerton, Sir P.	Houldsworth, T.	Northland, Ld. Vt.	Thornhill, G.
G.	Egerton, Lord F.	Houstoun, G.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Tollemache, F.
	Eliot, Lord	Howard, Hon W	Ossulston, Lord	Trench, Sir F.
P.	Ellis, J.	Hughes, W.	Packe, C. W.	Trevor, Hon. G.
.	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Hurt, F.	Pakington, J.	Vere, Sir C.
r.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Ingestrie, Lord Vt.	Palmer, R.	Verner, Col.
.	Farnham, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmer, G.	Villiers, Lord Vt.
H.	Farrand, R.	Irton, S.	Parker, M.	Vivian, J. E.
S.	Feilden, W.	Irving, J.	Parker, R.	Welby, G.
E.	Fellowes, E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, T.	Whitmore, T.
H.	Filmer, Sir E.	James, Sir W.	Patten, J. W.	Wilberforce, W.
. Y.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Jenkins, R.	Peel, Sir R.	Wilbraham, Hn.B.
	Fleming, J.	Jermyn, Earl	Peel, J.	Williams, R.
C.	Foley, E.	Johnstone, H.	Pemberton, T.	Williams, T.
N.	Follett, Sir W.	Jones, J.	Perceval, Col.	Wodehouse, E.
	Forbes, W.	Jones, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wood, Col. T.
ir H.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jones, T.	Peyton, H.	Wood, T.
r S.	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Pigot, R.	Wyndham, W.
ord	Gaskell, J. M.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
, Lord	Gibson, T.	Kirk, P.	Plumptre, J.	Wynn, Sir W.
arq.	Gladstone, W.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Polhill, F.	Yorke, Hon. E.
l.	Glynne, Sir S.	Knight, H.	Pollen, Sir J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ı.	Goddard, A.	Knightley, Sir C.	Powell, Col.	Young, Sir W.
ı.	Godson, R.	Lascelles, Hn.W.S.	Powerscourt, Lord	
, R. A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Law, Hon. C.	Praed, W. M.	
L.	Gore, O. J. R.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Price, R.	
R. H.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lewis, W.	Pringle, A.	*Tellers.*
, C.	Graham, Sir J.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Pusey, P.	Baring, H.
A.	Granby, Marq. of	Lincoln, Earl of	Reid, Sir J.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Visct.			Richards, R.	

NOES.

ord Vt.	Ainsworth, P.	Anson, Sir G.	Ball, N.	Barry, G.
l.	Alston, R.	Archbold, R.	Baring, F. T.	Beamish, F.
l.	Andover, Ld. Vt.	Attwood, T.	Barnard, E.	Belfast, Earl of
Major	Anson, Hon. Col.	Baines, E.	Barron, H.	Bellew, R.

Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord W.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hn. G.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bodkin, J.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Lord
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J. I.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Bryan, G.
Buller, C.
Buller, E.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Byng, G.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Campbell, W.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cave, R. O.
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cavendish, Hn. H.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Chester, H.
Chetwynd, Major
Chichester, J. P. B.
Childers, J.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Ld. Vt.
Clive, E.
Codrington, Adml.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhon, Sir J.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Crompton, S.
Currie, R.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Davies, Col.
Denison, W.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, C.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Dunlop, J.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Elliot, Hn. J. E.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.
Ellice, E.
Etwall, R.
Euston, Earl of
Evans, Sir De L.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Fenton, J.
Ferguson, Sir Ron.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Ferguson, R.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzpatrick, J.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fleetwood, P.
Fort, J.
French, F.
Gibson, J.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Ld. R.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Hallyburton, Lord
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Heathcote, G.
Heneage, E.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Holloud, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F. J.
Howard, P.
Howard, R.
Howick, Ld. Vt.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, S.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Langton, W. G.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lennox, Lord A.
Leveson, Lord
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Long, W.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maule, W. H.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P.
Milton, Lord Vt.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G. A.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, C.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hn. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Ord, W.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, C. F. A.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Poulter, J.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R. M.
Rumbold, C. E.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Shelborne, Earl of
Slaney, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R. V.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, C. R.
Talbot, J. H.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C. P.
Vivian, Major
Vivian, J. H.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Wemyss, J. E.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hn. J.
White, A.
White, H.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

No. 71. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — Clause 62. (Existing surveys to be used if sufficient; if not, guardians to cause surveys to be made):" — Amendment proposed, line 15., after the word "direct," to insert the words "with the consent of two thirds of the guardians:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 27, Noes 50. — (March 9.)

AYES.

Archbold, R.
Blake, M.
Browne, R.
Douglas, Sir C.
Eaton, R.
Finch, F.
Forbes, W.
Gladstone, W.
Hayes, Sir E.
Hodgson, R.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jephson, C.
Jones, T.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Litton, E.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M.
Perceval, Col.
Roche, D.
Rolleston, L.
Round, C.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Style, Sir C.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, Lord Vt.

Tellers.
Bateson, Sir R.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.

NOES.

T. D.	Fleetwood, P.	Lucas, E.	Power, John	Somerville, Sir W.
F.	French, F.	Macleod, R.	Redington, T.	Spencer, Hon. F.
.	Gillon, W.	Mahony, P.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Stuart, V.
, J.	Gordon, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Roche, E.	Wakley, T.
	Hall, B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Roche, W.	Westenra, Hn. H.
P.	Harvey, D. W.	O'Brien, C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, G.
	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Russell, Lord J.	
	Hodges, T.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Scrope, G. P.	*Tellers.*
	Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, M. J.	Seymour, Lord	Lynch, A.
ord	Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Sheil, R.	Woulfe, Serjt.
N.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pinney, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	

Fishguard Harbour Bill. — Order for second reading, read; Motion de, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the estion to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; es 181, Noes 20. — (March 12.)

AYES.

Major	Clay, W.	Halford, H.	Mildmay, P.	Speirs, A.
pt.	Collins, W.	Hastie, A.	Miles, W.	Spencer, Hon. F.
. Col.	Colquhoun, J.	Hayes, Sir E.	Miles, P.	Standish, C.
R.	Courtenay, P.	Hillsborough, Earl	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.
	Crawford, W.	Hinde, J. H.	Nicholl, J.	Stanley, E.
	Dalmeny, Lord	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Brien, C.	Stanley, Lord
	Dennistoun, J.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, D.	Stanley, W. O.
, A.	Divett, E.	Hodgson, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.
	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stewart, James
	Duff, J.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Ord, W.	Strickland, Sir G.
	Duke, Sir J.		Palmer, G.	Sturt, H. C.
r R.	Dunbar, G.	Horsman, E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.
	Duncombe, T.	Houldsworth, T.	Parker, R. T.	Tancred, H.
ord G.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Howick, Ld. Visct.	Parrott, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
	Dundas, C.	Hughes, W.	Patten, J. W.	
	Ebrington, Lord	Hume, J.	Pease, J.	Thornely, T.
, I.	Ellice, E.	Irton, S.	Phillpotts, J.	Trench, Sir F.
ett, A.	Euston, Earl of	Irving, J.	Pigot, R.	Wakley, T.
.	Evans, G.	James, W.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Wallace, R.
I.	Evans, W.	James, Sir W.	Price, Sir R.	Wemyss, J.
I.	Fazakerley, J.	Jones, T.	Price, R.	White, A.
it, J.	Fielden, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	White, S.
	Fellowes, E.	Lambton, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Whitmore, T.
J.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rich, H.	Wilberforce, W.
	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Langton, W.	Roche, E.	Wilbraham, G.
S.	Ferguson, R.	Leader, J.	Rolleston, L.	Wilshere, W.
	Filmer, E.	Lefevre, C.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, T. E.
, H.	Finch, F.	Lennox, Lord G.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Winnington, H. J.
.	Fitzalan, Lord	Lennox, Lord A.	Sanford, E.	Wood, G.
. Col.	Fleetwood, P.	Lister, E.	Scholefield, J.	Wrightson, W.
	Fort, J.	Lushington, C.	Seale, Col.	Yates, J.
In. G.	French, F.	Lynch, A.	Seymour, Lord	
D.	Freshfield, J.	Mackenzie, W.	Sharpe, Gen.	
ir J.	Gordon, R.	Mackinnon, W.	Slaney, R.	
r S.	Gore, O. W.	Marsland, T.	Smith, Hon. R.	*Tellers.*
, Lord	Greene, T.	Marton, G.	Smyth, Sir G.	Thompson, Ald.
	Grey, Sir C.	Master, T.	Somerset, Lord G.	Troubridge, Sir T.
A.	Grimsditch, T.	Maunsell, T.	Somerville, Sir W.	

NOES.

	Forbes, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, C.	
arq. of	Graham, Sir J.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
	Holmes, W.	Maxwell, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Jones, J.
, W.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pakington, J. S.	Trevor, Hon. G.	Philipps, Sir R.
n. H.	Litton, E.	Powell, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	

No. 73. SUPPLY. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Order of the Day for the Committee of Supply be now read: — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "appointment of the Honourable Mr. Primrose to the office of Cashier and Receiver General of the Post Office revenues in Scotland, being a person not previously employed in the Post Office department, is contrary to the regulations of the Post Office as established by the Duke of Richmond, the Postmaster General, in 1831, injurious to the public service, and prejudicial to the interests of the established clerks and officers in the Post Office establishment:" — (Mr. HUME.) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 202, Noes 29.

AYES.

Acheson, Ld. Vt.	Chapman, A.	Hodges, T.	Paget, Lord A.	Smith, J.
Acland, T. D.	Chute, W. L.	Hoskins, K.	Pakington, J. S.	Smith, R. V.
Adam, Admi.	Collier, J.	Houldsworth, T.	Palmerston, Lord	Somerville, Sir W.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Conolly, E.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Speirs, A.
Archbold, R.	Courtenay, P.	Howard, F.	Parker, R. T.	Stanley, Lord
Bailey, J. junior	Craig, W. G.	Howard, P.	Parnell, Sir H.	Stanley, W. O.
Baines, E.	Curry, W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parrot, J.	Stansfield, W.
Ball, N.	De Horsey, S.	Hughes, W.	Pease, J.	Stuart, Lord J.
Baring, F.	Divett, E.	Hurt, F.	Peel, Sir R.	Stuart, V.
Barnard, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hutton, R.	Pendarves, E.	Strickland, Sir G.
Barron, H.	Duckworth, S.	James, W.	Philipps, Sir R.	Strutt, E.
Barry, G.	Duff, J.	Jephson, C.	Philips, M.	Style, Sir C.
Beamish, F.	Duke, Sir J.	Johnstone, H.	Philips, G.	Surrey, Earl of
Bellew, R.	Duncombe, T.	Jones, J.	Pinney, W.	Talbot, C. R.
Benett, J.	Dundas, C.	Kemble, H.	Plumptre, J.	Talbot, J. H.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Dundas, F.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Poulter, J.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Dunlop, J.	Kirk, P.	Power, James	Tollemache, F.
Bernal, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Power, John	Troubridge, Sir T.
Bewes, T.	Evans, W.	Lambton, H.	Price, Sir R.	Verney, Sir H.
Blair, J.	Feilden, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Protheroe, E.	Vivian, Major C.
Blennerhassett, A.	Fellowes, E.	Lefevre, C.	Pusey, P.	Vivian, J. H.
Blewitt, R.	Fenton, J.	Lennox, Lord A.	Redington, T.	Vivian, J. E.
Bolling, W.	Ferguson, R.	Leveson, Lord	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R.
Briscoe, J.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Loch, J.	Rich, H.	Walker, R.
Broadwood, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lockhart, A.	Richards, R.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Brocklehurst, J.	Finch, F.	Logan, H.	Roche, W.	White, A.
Brotherton, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	Lushington, Dr.	Roche, D.	White, S.
Brownrigg, S.	Fort, J.	Macnamara, Major	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilbraham, G.
Bryan, G.	Freshfield, J.	Marshall, W.	Rolleston, L.	Williams, W. A.
Buller, C.	Gibson, T.	Maule, Hon. F.	Round, C.	Wilshere, W.
Buller, E.	Gordon, R.	Melgund, Lord	Rundle, J.	Winnington, T. E.
Burroughes, H.	Graham, Sir J.	Mildmay, P.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, C.
Busfeild, W.	Grattan, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Grattan, H.	Morris, D.	Sanford, E.	Wood, T.
Byng, G.	Grey, Sir C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	Grey, Sir G.	Nagle, Sir R.	Seymour, Lord	Wrightson, W.
Callaghan, D.	Hall, B.	Nicholl, J.	Sharpe, Gen.	Yates, J.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sheil, R.	
Canning, Sir S.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M.	Shelborne, Earl	*Tellers.*
Carnac, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Conor, Don	Sheppard, T.	Steuart, R.
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Shirley, E.	Stanley, E. J.
Cavendish, Hn. G.			Sinclair, Sir G.	

NOES.

Aglionby, Major	Dick, Q.	Hinde, J. H.	Round, J.	White, L.
Bagge, W.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hodgson, R.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Blackstone, W.	Fielden, J.	Hotham, Lord	Sibthorp, Col.	
Brabazon, Sir W.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Knightley, Sir C.	Stanley, E.	*Tellers.*
Chandos, Marq. of	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, W.	Wakley, T.	Hume, J.
Colquhon, J.	Grote, G.	Marsland, H.	Warburton, H.	Wallace, R.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hale, R.	Maunsell, T.		

No. 74. Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "it is the opinion of this House, that the duty now chargable on all insurances against fire, at the rate of 3*s.* per cent. on each policy, shall cease; and shall henceforward be at the rate of 1*s.* 6*d.* in lieu thereof, on all such policies, being a reduction of one

half the former amount," instead thereof: — (COLONEL SIBTHORP.) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 95, Noes 20.

AYES.

heson, Ld. Vt.	Craig, W.	Hurt, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Strutt, E.
hand, T. D.	Curry, W.	Hutton, R.	Parnell, Sir H.	Style, Sir C.
ring, F. T.	Darby, G.	Johnstone, H.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.
ary, G.	Divett, E.	Kemble, H.	Pease, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
mish, F.	Duff, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pendarves, E.	Vere, Sir C.
att, J.	Dunlop, J.	Lennox, Lord G.	Philips, G.	Verney, Sir H.
rsley, Hon. H.	Easthope, J.	Lockhart, A.	Poulter, J.	Vivian, Major C.
rnal, R.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Mackenzie, T.	Protheroe, E.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
ant, Sir C.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Macleod, R.	Pusey, P.	White, L.
iscoe, J.	Finch, F.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	White, S.
yan, G.	French, F.	Marshall, W.	Rich, H.	Williams, W. A.
aller, E.	Grattan, J.	Master, T.	Roche, D.	Winnington, T.
atfield, W.	Guest, J.	Mildmay, P.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, C.
ampbell, Sir H.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Miles, P.	Rushout, G.	Wood, T.
ampbell, Sir J.	Hodges, T.	Morris, D.	Russell, Lord J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
ichester, J.	Hodgson, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Salwey, Col.	Wyse, T.
alders, J.	Howard P.	O'Brien, W.	Sharpe, Gen.	
aute, W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Ferrall, R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
ay, W.	Hughes, W. B.	Palmer, C.	Stanley, E. J.	Grey, Sir G.
eally, E.		Palmerston, Lord	Stansfield, W.	Maule, F.

NOES.

ring, H. B.	Gibson, T.	Mackenzie, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	
therton, J.	Hume, J.	Marsland, H.	Walker, R.	*Tellers.*
llier, J.	Jones, J.	Parker, R. T.	Warburton, H.	Forester, Hon. G.
s, J.	Kirk, P.	Perceval, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Sibthorp, Col.
den, J.	Logan, H.	Round, J.	Wood, G.	

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75. Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a number of land forces not exceeding 89,305 men (exclusive of the men belonging to the regiments employed in the territorial possessions of the East India Company), commissioned and non-commissioned officers included, be maintained, for the service of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, from the 1st day of April, 1838, to the 31st day of March, 1839:" — Afterwards, Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a number of land forces, not exceeding 79,305 men, &c., be maintained," &c. — Question put, "That a number of land forces, not exceeding 79,305 men, &c., be maintained," &c.: — The Committee divided; Ayes 11, Noes 121.

AYES.

Aglionby, Major	Fielden, J.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*
Blewitt, R.	Grote, G.	Warburton, H.	Gillon, W.
Brotherton, J.	Marsland, H.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Hume, J.
Dennistoun, J.	Rundle, J.		

NOES.

on, Hon. Col.	Conolly, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hotham, Lord	Master, T.
bold, R.	Courtenay, P.	Filmer, Sir E.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Maule, Hon. F.
ng, F. T.	Craig, W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Hurt, F.	Mildmay, P.
y, G.	Cripps, J.	Fleetwood, P.	Hutton, R.	Miles, P. W. S.
nish, F.	Curry, W.	Forester, Hon. G.	James, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.
eley, Hon. H.	Damer, Hon. D.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jephson, C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
es, T.	Darby, G.	Gibson, T.	Kemble, H.	O'Brien, C.
kburne, I.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grattan, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	O'Brien, W. S.
, J.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Grey, Sir G.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	O'Ferrall, R.
oe, J.	Dunlop, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Lefevre, C. S.	Paget, Lord A.
ie, W.	Egerton, W. T.	Hayes, Sir E.	Lennox, Lord G.	Paget, F.
eild, W.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hayter, W.	Lister, E.	Palmer, C.
mers, P.	Ellice, E.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Lushington, C.	Palmer, G.
ders, J.	Evans, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Palmerston, Lord
ington, C.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hodges, T. L.	Lynch, A.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
pton, H.		Hodgson, R.	Macleod, R.	Parker, R.

Parnell, Sir H.	Roche, W.	Shirley, E.	Teignmouth, Lord	Winnington, T.E.
Perceval, Col.	Roche, D.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wood, C.
Plumptre, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Vere, Sir C.	Wood, G.
Ponsonby, C.	Round, C.	Stanley, E. J.	Verney, Sir H.	Wood, T.
Power, James	Rushout, G.	Stansfield, W.	Vivian, Sir R.	
Rice, E.	Russell, Lord J.	Stuart, V.	White, A.	
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Salwey, Col.	Style, Sir C.	White, S.	
Rich, H.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Tancred, H.	Wilbraham, G.	*Tellers.*
Richards, R.	Seymour, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Williams, W.	Dalmeny, Lord
Rickford, W.	Sharpe, Gen.		Wilshere, W.	Steuart, R.

No. 76. MONTGOMERYSHIRE (WESTERN BRANCH) CANAL BILL. — Order for second reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 3, Noes 77. — (March 14.)

AYES.

Price, Sir R.	*Tellers.*
Stewart, J.	Clay, W.
Young, J. (Cav.)	Slaney, R.

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Maunsell, T.	Speirs, Alexander
Bailey, J. junior	Dunbar, G.	Hughes, W.	Miles, P.	Stanley, Lord
Barnard, E.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hume, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stewart, James
Bentinck, Lord W.	Egerton, Sir P.	Humphery, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Tancred, H. W.
Blackstone, W. S.	Ellice, E.	Jackson, Serjt.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Thornely, T.
Blunt, Sir C.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)	Jones, J.	Palmer, G.	Vere, Sir C.
Bradshaw, J.	Etwall, R.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pendarves, E.	Wakley, T.
Broadley, H.	French, F.	Langton, W.	Plumptre, J.	Walker, R.
Brocklehurst, J.	Gibson, T.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pringle, A.	Wallace, R.
Brotherton, J.	Goddard, A.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Redington, T.	Wood, Sir M.
Chalmers, P.	Gore, O.	Lister, E. C.	Richards, R.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Cole, Lord Visct.	Graham, Sir J.	Lockhart, A.	Rolleston, L.	Wynn, Sir W.
Copeland, Ald.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Lowther, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Dalmeny, Lord	Grey, Sir C.	Mackenzie, T.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
Dennistoun, J.	Halse, J.	Mackinnon, W.	Smith, R. Vernon	Clive, Hon. R.
Divett, E.	Hinde, J. H.	Master, T.	Somerset, Lord G.	Lefevre, C.

No. 77. CORN LAWS. — Motion made, and Question put, "That this House will resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, to consider the Act 9th Geo. IV. c. 60., relating to the importation of corn:" — The House divided; Ayes 95, Noes 300. — (March 15.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Hawkins, J.	Philips, M.	Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Ainsworth, P.	Duckworth, S.	Hayter, W.	Philips, G.	Vigors, N.
Bainbridge, E.	Dunlop, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Phillpotts, J.	Wakley, T.
Baines, E.	Easthope, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Protheroe, E.	Walker, R.
Bannerman, A.	Ellice, E.	Horsman, E.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
Beamish, F.	Hume, J.	Humphery, J.	Roche, E. B.	Warburton, H.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Evans, W.	Jervis, S.	Rundle, J.	Ward, H.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Feilden, W.	Johnston, Gen.	Russell, Lord	White, A.
Bewes, T.	Fielden, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Salwey, Col.	White, L.
Blackett, C.	Fenton, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Scholefield, J.	Wilde, Serjt.
Blake, W.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Leader, J.	Sharpe, Gen.	Williams, W.(Cov.)
Brocklehurst, J.	Ferguson, R.	Lister, E.	Smith, R. V.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Fleetwood, P.	Marshall, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, G. W.
Busfeild, W.	Fort, J.	Marsland, H.	Stansfield, W.	
Chalmers, P.	Grey, Sir C.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Stuart, Lord J.	
Clay, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Strickland, Sir G.	
Collins, W.	Grote, G.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strutt, E.	
Colquhoun, J.	Hall, B.	Ord, W.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
Currie, R.	Harvey, D. W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thompson, Ald.	Molesworth, Sir W.
Dalmeny, Lord	Hastie, A.	Parnell, Sir H.	Thornely, T.	Villiers, C.
Dennistoun, J.	Hawes, B.			

NOES.

.D.	Corry, Hon. H.	Harcourt, G. S.	Mahon, Lord Vist.	Rushbrooke, Col.
.	Craig, W.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Maidstone, Lord	Rushout, G.
it.	Cripps, J.	Hawkes, T.	Manners, Lord C.	Russell, Lord J.
Viset.	Curry, W.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Marsland, T.	Russell, Lord C.
jor	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Heathcote, G.	Marton, G.	Sanderson, R.
Viset.	Damer, Hon. D.	Heneage, E.	Master, T.	Sandon, Lord
.	Darby, G.	Henniker, Lord	Maunsell, T.	Sanford, E.
	De Horsey, S.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Maxwell, H.	Scarlett, Hon. J.
Hon.	Dick, Q.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Meynell, Capt.	Scarlett, Hon. R.
	D'Israeli, B.	Hillsborough, Earl	Mildmay, P.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
	Douglas, Sir C.	of	Miles, W.	Sheil, R.
	Douro, Marq. of	Hodges, T.	Miles, P. W. S.	Sheppard, T.
	Dowdeswell, W.	Hodgson, F.	Milnes, R.	Shirley, E.
	Dunbar, G.	Hodgson, R.	Monypenny, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
ior	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hogg, J.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Morris, D.	Smith, A.
	Dundas, C.	A'Court	Neeld, Joseph	Smith, Hon. R.
F.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Holmes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Smith, Sir G.
d. Vt.	East, J.	Hope, G.	Norreys, Lord	Somerset, Lord
	Eaton, R.	Hope, Hon. J.	O'Brien, W.	Spry, Sir S.
t.	Ebrington, Lord	Hope, H.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Stanley, E.
	Egerton, W.	Hoskins, K.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Staunton, Sir G.
	Egerton, Sir P.	Hotham, Lord	Ossulston, Lord	Stewart, John
d G.	Eliot, Lord	Houldsworth, T.	Packe, C.	Stuart, H.
n. G.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Houstoun, G.	Paget, F.	Stuart, V.
	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Howard, P. H.	Pakington, J.	Strangways, Hn. J.
.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Howard, R.	Palmer, C. F.	Sturt, H.
V.	Farnham, E. B.	Howard, Hon. W.	Palmer, R.	Surrey, Earl of
	Fellowes, E.	Hughes, W. B.	Palmer, G.	Talbot, C. R.
	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hurst, R.	Parker, M.	Teignmouth, Lord
.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Hurt, F.	Parker, R. T.	Thornhill, G.
t, A.	R. C.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Parker, T.	Tollemache, F.
	Filmer, Sir E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parrott, J.	Towneley, R.
	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Irton, S.	Pease, J.	Trench, Sir F.
	Fitzsimon, N.	Jackson, Serjt.	Peel, Sir R.	Trevor, Hon. G.
	Fleming, J.	James, Sir W.	Pemberton, T.	Tronbridge, Sir E.
I.	Foley, E.	Jephson, C.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, E.
	Forbes, W.	Jermyn, Earl	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.
	Forester, Hon. G.	Johnston, H.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Verney, Sir H.
I.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jones, J.	Pigot, R.	Vivian, J. E.
Y.	Gaskell, J. Milnes	Jones, T.	Pinney, W.	Welby, G.
	Gibson, T.	Kemble, H.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Wemyss, J.
	Gladstone, W. E.	Kirk, P.	Plumptre, J.	White, H.
I.	Glynn, Sir S.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Polhill, F.	White, S.
	Goddard, A.	Knight, H.	Pollen, Sir J.	Whitmore, T.
n. G.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knightley, Sir C.	Poulter, J.	Wilbraham, G.
d. Vt.	Gore, Ormsby J.	Lefevre, C.	Powell, Col.	Williams, R.
n. C.	Gore, Ormsby W.	Lemon, Sir C.	Powerscourt, Lord	Williams, W.
n. G.	Goring, H.	Lennox, Lord G.	Visct.	Wilshere, W.
	Goulburn, Right	Lennox, Lord A.	Praed, W.	Winnington, T. E.
nel	Hon. H.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Price, Sir R.	Winnington, H. J.
W.	Graham, Sir J.	Litton, E.	Price, R.	Wodehouse, E.
R.	Granby, Marq. of	Lockhart, A.	Pringle, A.	Wood, Col.
	Grant, Hon. Col.	Logan, H.	Pusey, P.	Wood, T.
W.	Greene, T.	Long, W.	Ramsay, Lord	Worsley, Lord
t.	Grimsditch, T.	Lowther, J. H.	Reid, Sir J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lucas, E.	Richards, R.	Yorke, Hon. E.
. H.	Hale, R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rickford, W.	Young, J. (Cav.)
t.	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, T.	Rolleston, L.	
	Halse, J.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	*Tellers.*
	Handley, H.	Macleod, R.	Round, C.	Chandos, Marq. of
d.	Harcourt, G. G.	M'Taggart, J.	Round, J.	Darlington, Earl of

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LASGOW WATERWORKS BILL. — Motion made, and question proposed, hat the Bill be now read a second time: " — Debate arising; Motion made, Question put, " That the debate be adjourned till this day fortnight: " — House divided; Ayes 34, Noes 111. — (March 16.)

AYES.

	Clive, E.	Leader, J. T.	Salwey, Col.	White, S.
	Craig, W.	Lennox, Lord G.	Seale, Col.	Yates, J. A.
	Crawford, W.	Muskett, G.	Stuart, Lord J.	
n. H.	Dennistoun, J.	O'Brien, C.	Strutt, E.	
d.	Ellice, E.	O'Connell, D.	Thornely, T.	
	Finch, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Villiers, C.	*Tellers.*
.	Hawkins, J.	Philips, M.	Wakley, T.	Chalmers, P.
	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Roche, E.	Wallace, R.	Hume, J.

NOES.

Ainsworth, P.	Collins, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Lister, E.	Scholefield, J.
Alsager, Capt.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Greene, T.	Litton, E.	Shirley, E. J.
Bailey, J.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Grey, Sir C.	Lushington, C.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bailey, J. junior	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grimsditch, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Somerset, Lord G.
Baines, E.	De Horsey, S.	Hall, B.	Mackenzie, T.	Somerville, Sir W.
Barnard, E.	D'Israeli, B.	Halse, J.	Mackinnon, W.	Stanley, Lord
Barrington, Lord	Divett, E.	Harvey, D. W.	Maraland, H.	Strickland, Sir G.
Bateson, Sir R.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hastie, A.	Milnes, R.	Tancred, H.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Dunbar, G.	Hawes, B.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Blackburne, I.	Duncombe, T.	Hayter, W.	Neeld, Joseph	Tennent, J.
Blackstone, W.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Henniker, Lord	Pakington, J.	Tronbridge, Sir E.
Blair, J.	Dundas, F.	Hodgson, R.	Palmer, R.	Turner, E.
Blakemore, R.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Holland, R.	Parker, T.	Walker, R.
Bramston, T.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court,	Patten, J.	Wilberforce, W.
Brotherton, J.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Houldsworth, T.	Pease, J.	Wilbraham, G.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Evans, G.	Houstoun, G.	Plumptre, J.	Winnington, T. E.
Burroughes, H. N.	Farnham, E.	Howard, P.	Pringle, A.	Wood, Sir M.
Busfeild, W.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Hughes, W.	Richards, R.	Wood, G.
Campbell, W. F.	Fitzalan, Lord	Humphery, J.	Round, C.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Carnac, Sir J.	Forbes, W.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Rundle, J.	
Codrington, C. W.	Freshfield, J.	Johnstone, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
Codrington, Adml.	Gaskell, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Sanderson, R.	Dunlop, J.
Cole, Lord Visct.	Gore, O. J.		Sandon, Lord Vt.	Speirs, A.

No. 79. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — Clause 67. (Rate to be paid by the occupier): — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the clause be postponed:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 23, Noes 71.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.	Jones, T.	Roche, W.	White L.
Bateson, Sir R.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lucas, E.	Roche, E.	
Beamish, F.	Fitzgibbon, Hon.	Maher, J.	Roche, D.	*Tellers.*
Blake, M.	Col.	Nagle, Sir R.	Style, Sir C.	Conolly, Col.
Bridgeman, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	O'Brien, C.	Wakley, T.	O'Connell, D.
Bryan, G.	Hindley, C.	Redington, T.		

NOES.

Acheson, Ld. Vt.	Cole, Hon. A. H.	Howard, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Adam, Sir C.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	O'Brien, W. S.	Westenra, Hon. H.
Ainsworth, P.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hume, J.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bannerman, A.	Courtenay, P.	Humphrey, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Williams, W.
Baring, F. T.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hurt, F.	Parnell, Sir H.	Winnington, T. E.
Barron, H.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hutton, R.	Rice, E. R.	Wood, G. W.
Barry, G.	Fleetwood, P.	Jephson, C.	Round, C.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Blackstone, W.	French, F.	Kirk, P.	Russell, Lord J.	Wyse, T.
Briscoe, J.	Grattan, J.	Lefevre, C.	Scholefield, J.	Yates, J. A.
Broadwood, H.	Grey, Sir G.	Litton, E.	Scrope, G.	
Brocklehurst, J.	Grote, G.	Lockhart, A.	Seymour, Lord	
Brotherton, J.	Hawes, B.	Macleod, R.	Smith, R. V.	*Tellers.*
Bruges, W.	Hawkes, T.	Mildmay, P.	Stanley, E. J.	Dalmeny, Lord
Callaghan, D.	Hayes, Sir E.	Monypenny, T. G.	Steuart, R.	Lynch, A.
Chalmers, P.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stuart, V.	
Clements, Lord	Hodgson, R.			

No. 80. Clause 69. (Proportion of rate to be deducted from rent): — After the words "he may deduct from such rent, for each pound of the rent which he shall be liable so to pay," proposed to insert the words "two thirds:" — Question put, "That the words 'two thirds' be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 31, Noes 46.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Blake, M. J.	Brotherton, J.	Bryan, G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Barron, H.	Bodkin, J. J.	Browne, R.	Callaghan, D.	Finch, F.
English, F.	Bridgeman, H.	Bruges, W.	Courtenay, P.	Fitzsimon, N.

ribbon, Hon.	O'Brien, C.	Roche, W.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
l.	O'Connell, M. J.	Roche, D.	Vigors, N.	O'Brien, W. S.
rard, F. J.	Packe, C.	Stuart, H.	Westenra, Hn. H.	O'Connell, D.
aird, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	Stuart, V.	White, L.	
er, J.				

NOES.

son, Lord Vt.	Damer, Hon. D.	Hutton, R.	Palmer, C.	Thornely, T.
nd, Sir T. D.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Jephson, C.	Perceval, Col.	Verney, Sir H.
nd, T. D.	Fitzalan, Lord	Jones, T.	Plumptre, J.	Williams, W.
ng, F.	French, F.	Litton, E.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Woulfe, Serjt.
ington, Ld. Vt.	Grattan, J.	Lockhart, A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wyse, T.
y, G.	Hayes, Sir E.	Lucas, E.	Russell, Lord J.	
pbell, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Macleod, R.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	——
lereagh, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
olly, E.	Howard, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
y, Hon. H.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Nicholl, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Lynch, A.
y, W.	Hurt, F.	O'Neil, Hon. J.		Parker, J. (Shef.)

81. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill — (in Committee). — Clause 70. (Where a person receiving rent in respect of any rateable property shall also pay a rent in respect of the same, he shall be entitled to deduct from the rent so paid by him, a sum bearing such proportion to the amount of the rate deducted from the rent received by him, as the rent paid by him bears to the rent received by him): — Amendment proposed, l. 27., after the word "rent," to insert the words "jointure, rent charge, or annuity in respect of the same:" — Question put, "That these words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 27, Noes 37. — (March 19.)

AYES.

bold, R.	Finch, F.	Kirk, P.	Palmer, G.	Style, Sir C.
on, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Litton, E.	Pechell, Capt.	Westenra, Hn. H.
son, Sir R.	French, F.	Macnamara, Major	Redington, T.	
geman, H.	Hayes, Sir E.	Maher, J.	Roche, W.	*Tellers.*
ster, H.	Jephson, C.	O'Connell, D.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Roche, D.
y, W.	Jones, T.	O'Connell, M.	Sinclair, Sir G.	O'Brien, W. S.
ns, G.				

NOES.

re, Lord Vt.	Courtenay, P.	Hughes, W.	Power, J.	Staunton, Sir G.
ington, Lord	Damer, Hon. D.	Lucas, E.	Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.	Thornely, T.
coe, J.	Ebrington, Lord	Lynch, A.	Richards, R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
er, Sir J. Y.	Ellis, J.	Miles, W.	Rundle, J.	
feild, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Morpeth, Lord	Russell, Lord J.	
lereagh, Lord	R. C.	Nicholl, J.	Scrope, G.	*Tellers.*
ders, J.	Gladstone, W.	O'Callaghan, Hon.	Sheil, R.	Campbell, Sir J.
nents, Lord	Grey, Sir G.	C.	Shirley, E.	Labouchere, Right
olly, E.	Hodgson, R.	Poulter, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Hon. H.

82. Clause 71. (A person renting a tenement, and not liable to pay a rent not exceeding , may deduct from his rent the whole rate paid by him): — Proposed to fill the blank with the words "five pounds:" — Question put, "That the blank be filled with the words 'five pounds:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 57, Noes 17.

AYES.

ington, Lord	Cole, Hon. A.	Grey, Sir G.	Jephson, C.	Marsland, H.
son, Sir R.	Coote, Sir C. H.	Hayes, Sir E.	Jones, T.	Martin, J.
mish, F.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hodgson, R.	Kirk, P.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.
te, M. J.	Dalmeny, Lord	Howard, P. H.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Morris, D.
coe, J. I.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Howick, Lord Vt.	Litton, E.	O'Brien, W. S.
ler, Sir J. Y.	Fergusson, Right	Hughes, W. B.	Lucas, E.	Parnell, Sir H.
feild, W.	Hon. R. C.	Humphery, J.	Lynch, A.	Plumptre, J.
ster, H.	Gladstone, W. E.	Hurt, F.	Marshall, W.	Pringle, A.

Rice, E. R.	Rundle, J.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.	Winnington, T. E.	*Tellers.*
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Russell, Lord J.	Thornely, T.	Wood, Sir M.	Brotherton, J.
Roche, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Woulfe, Serjt.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	
Roche, D.	Staunton, Sir G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Young, J. (Cav.)	
Round, C.				

NOES.

Archbold, R.	Curry, W.	O'Connell, J.	Stansfield, W.	*Tellers.*
Bridgeman, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Redington, T.	Wakley, T.	French, F.
Bryan, G.	Maher, J.	Roche, E.	Westenra, Hon. H.	Style, Sir C.
Butler, Hon. Col.	O'Connell, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, G. W.	
Clements, Lord				

No. 83. Clause 71. : — Question, " That the clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill : " — The Committee divided ; Ayes 49, Noes 27.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Marsland, H.	Roche, E.	Wakley, T.
Beamish, F.	Grey, Sir G.	Martin, J.	Roche, W.	White, L.
Blake, M.	Howard, P. H.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Roche, D.	White, S.
Bridgeman, H.	Howick, Lord	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.	Winnington, T. E.
Briscoe, J. I.	Hughes, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Humphery, J.	O'Connell, D.	Shirley, E.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hurt, F.	O'Connell, J.	Stansfield, W. R. C.	
Busfeild, W.	Litton, E.	Parnell, Sir H.	Staunton, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Cole, Hon. A.	Macleod, R.	Plumptre, J.	Style, Sir C.	Dalmeny, Lord
Coote, Sir C.	Marshall, W.	Rice, E.	Thornely, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Corry, Hon. H.		Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Tollemache, F.	

NOES.

Barrington, Lord	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Kirk, P.	Round, C.	Wood, G.
Bateson, Sir R.	Fitzsimon, N.	Lefevre, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Brabazon, Sir W.	Hayes, Sir E.	Lucas, E.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Bryan, G.	Hodgson, R.	Lynch, A.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
Butler, Hon. Col.	Jephson, C. D.	Maher, J.	Tennent, J.	Clements, Ld. Vt.
Chester, H.	Jones, T.	Redington, T. N.	Westenra, Hon. H.	French, F.
Curry, W.				

No. 84. Clause 74. (Receipts for rates to be taken in payment of rent) : — Amendment proposed, l. 29., to leave out all the words after the words " That no," and to add the following words, " deduction on account of any payment of rate under this Act shall be held to be a discharge of any portion of any gale, or quarterly or other payment of rent, due from the person entitled to make such deduction, so as to prejudice the right of any landlord to recover the possession of any hereditaments by ejectment for non-payment of the rent thereof, in any case where the remaining portion of such gale shall be unpaid ; but that it shall and may be lawful for such landlord to proceed for the recovery of such hereditaments by ejectment, as effectually as if the entire gale or quarterly or other payment of rent, out of which such deduction is hereby allowed, had remained wholly due and unpaid : " — Question, " That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the clause," put, and negatived :—Question put, " That the proposed words be added : " — The Committee divided; Ayes 69, Noes 8.

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Busfeild, W.	Finch, F.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Lynch, A.
Ainsworth, P.	Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hughes, W.	Macleod, R.
Archbold, R.	Cole, Hon. A.	Fitzsimon, N.	Hurt, F.	Maher, J.
Barron, H. W.	Craig, W.	Forbes, W.	James, W.	Marshall, W.
Barry, G. S.	Curry, W.	French, F.	Jephson, C. D. O.	Maxwell, H.
Bateson, Sir R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Grimsditch, T.	Jones, T.	Monypenny, T.
Beamish, F.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hayes, Sir E.	Kirk, P.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Blake, M. J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hodgson, R.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Morris, D.
Briscoe, J.		Howard, F. J.	Litton, E.	O'Brien, W. S.

on. J.	Roche, E.	Stansfield, W.	Thornely, T.	Wyse, T.
. F.	Roche, D.	Staunton, Sir G.	Tollemache, F.	Yates, J. A.
ir H.	Russell, Lord J.	Stuart, V.	White, A.	
J.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Style, Sir C.	Wood, C.	*Tellers.*
R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	Wood, G. W.	Grey, Sir G.
ı, T.	Somerville, Sir W.	C. P.	Woulfe, Serjt.	Parker, J.

NOES.

Brabazon, Sir W.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*	
Bridgeman, H.	Westenra, Hn. H.	Bryan, G.	
O'Brien, W.	White, L.	O'Connell, D.	
O'Connell, J.	White, S.		

Clause 76. (Every ratepayer shall have a vote or votes according to scale) : — Amendment proposed, l. 9., to leave out the words " or votes : " — Question put, " That the words ' or voters ' stand part of the clause : " — The Committee divided ; Ayes 58, Noes 19.

AYES.

T. D.	Curry, W.	Kirk, P.	Palmer, G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
h, P.	Dalmeny, Lord	Lefroy, Rt. Hon. T.	Parnell, Sir H.	C. P.
..	Douglas, Sir C.	Litton, E.	Plumptre, J.	Tollemache, F.
I. W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Lucas, E.	Price, Sir R.	Westenra, Hn. H.
S.	French, F.	Lynch, A.	Redington, T.	Wood, C.
Sir R.	Hayes, Sir E.	Macleod, R.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, G.
ne, I.	Hodgson, R.	Maxwell, H.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wyse, T.
, Sir W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, J.
I. I.	Hughes, W.	Morris, D.	Stansfield, W.	
W.	Hurt, F.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stuart, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
gh, Lord	James, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stuart, V.	Grey, Sir G.
d Visct.	Jephson, C.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Tennent, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
.	Jones, T.	Palmer, C. F.		

NOES.

, R.	Bretherton, J.	Maher, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
F.	Bryan, G.	O'Brien, C.	White, A.	O'Connell, D.
.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	O'Connell, J.	White, L.	Wakley, T.
f.	Finch, F.	Roche, E.	White, S.	
ın, H.	Howard, F.	Roche, D.		

Clause 76. (Where such property so occupied, or the net amount of such ent, or the net annual value of such tithe or composition, or rent in lieu of ithe, as the case may be, shall exceed *5l.*, and not amount to , one ote) : — Question put, " That the blank be filled with ' fifty pounds : ' " — The Committee divided ; Ayes 54, Noes 20.

AYES.

Sir T. D.	Curry, W.	Jones, T.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Stuart, Lord J.
T. D.	Douglas, Sir C.	Kirk, P.	Palmer, C.	Stuart, V.
th, P.	Forbes, W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Palmer, G.	Tennant, J.
..	French, F.	Litton, E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
H.	Grey, Sir G.	Lucas, E.	Parnell, Sir H.	C. P.
. S.	Hayes, Sir E.	Lynch, A.	Plumptre, J.	Woulfe, Mr. Serjt.
Sir R.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Macleod, R.	Price, Sir R.	Wyse, T.
ne, I.	Hodgson, R.	Maher, J.	Redington, T.	
n, Sir W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Monypenny, T.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
J. I.	Hughes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Rolfe, Sir R.
rd Visct.	James, W.	Morris, D.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wood, C.
f.	Jephson, C.	Murray, Rt. Hon. J.	Stanley, E. J.	

NOES.

Archbold, R.	Bryan, G.	O'Brien, C.	Roche, W.	
Beamish, F.	Clements, Lord Vt.	O'Connell, D.	Roche, D.	*Tellers.*
Blake, M.	Finch, F.	O'Connell, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Brotherton, J.
Bodkin, J.	Howard, F. J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Vigors, N.	O'Brien, W. S.
Bridgman, H.	Marshall, W.	Roche, E.	Wakley, T.	

No. 87. Clause 78. (At election of guardians, votes to be taken in writing):—Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "in writing," and insert the words "by ballot:"—Question put, "That the words 'in writing' stand part of the clause:"—The Committee divided; Ayes, 54 Noes 27.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hughes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Acland, T. D.	Curry, W.	Jones, T.	Morris, D.	Townley, R.
Baines, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Kirk, P.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Barrington, Lord	Ebrington, Lord	Knight, H.	O'Brien, W. S.	Wood, C.
Barron, H. W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Barry, G.	Forbes, W.	Litton, E.	Palmer, C.	Yates, J. A.
Bateson, Sir R.	French, F.	Lucas, E.	Palmer, G.	
Blackburne, I.	Grey, Sir G.	Macleod, R.	Price, Sir R.	*Tellers.*
Briscoe, J.	Hayes, Sir E.	Maher, J.	Redington, T.	Parker, J.
Clements, Ld. Vt.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Marshall, W.	Russell, Lord J.	Stanley, E. J.
Cole, Lord Visct.	Hodgson, R.	Maxwell, H.	Stuart, V.	
Conolly, E.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Monypenny, T.	Tennant, J.	

NOES.

Archbold, R.	Bryan, G.	Lynch, A.	Roche, W.	Wallace, R.
Beamish, F. B.	Craig, W.	O'Brien, C.	Roche, D.	Wyse, T.
Blake, M.	Finch, F.	O'Connell, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
Bodkin, J.	Howard, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Brabazon, Sir W.	James, W.	O'Connell, M.	Style, Sir C.	O'Connell, D.
Bridgeman, H.	Jephson, C.	Roche, E. B.	Vigors, N.	Wakley, T.
Brotherton, J.				

No. 88. Clause 79. (Votes may be given by proxy):—Question put, "That the clause stand part of the Bill:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 52, Noes 27.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morris, D.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Acland, T. D.	Conolly, E.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Townley, R.
Ainsworth, P.	Corry, Hon. H.	Howard, F.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Baines, E.	Craig, W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Palmer, C.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Barrington, Lord	Curry, W.	Hughes, W.	Palmer, G.	
Barron, H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Jephson, C.	Price, Sir R.	
Barry, G. S.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Jones, T.	Russell, Lord J.	
Bateson, Sir R.	Fleetwood, P.	Litton, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	
Blackburn, I.	Forbes, W.	Lucas, E.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Briscoe, J. I.	French, F.	Macleod, R.	Stanley, E. J.	Lynch, A.
Campbell, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Marshall, W.	Stuart, V.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Clements, Lord V.	Hayes, Sir E.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Tennent, J.	

NOES.

Archbold, R.	Bryan, G.	O'Connell, D.	Roche, W.	Wallace, R.
Beamish, F. B.	Finch, F.	O'Connell, J.	Roche, D.	Yates, J. A.
Blake, M. J.	Fitzsimon, N.	O'Connell, M. J.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Bodkin, J.	James, W.	O'Connell, M.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Brabazon, Sir W.	Maher, J.	Redington, T.	Vigors, N.	O'Brien, W. S.
Bridgeman, H.	O'Brien, C.	Roche, E.	Wakley, T.	Wyse, T.
Brotherton, J.				

ɔonded Corn. — Motion made, and Question put, "That this House will ıediately resolve itself into a Committee, to consider of the manufacture of ign bonded corn, under the Queen's locks, for exportation:" — (Colonel LE.) — The House divided; Ayes 127, Noes 92. — (March 20.)

AYES.

.	Clive, Hon. R.	Horsman, E.	Pechell, Capt.	Wakley, T.
ajor	Codrington, Adml.	Hoskins, K.	Pendarves, E.	Walker, R.
?.	Collier, J.	Howard, P. H.	Philips, M.	Wallace, R.
ıior	Courtenay, P.	Hume, J.	Roche, D.	Warburton, H.
A.	Curry, W.	Humphery, J.	Rundle, J.	Ward, H.
'.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hutton, R.	Russell, Lord J.	White, A.
	Davies, Col.	Ingham, R.	Salwey, Col.	White, L.
	Divett, E.	Irton, S.	Sandon, Lord.Vt.	White, S.
ord G.	Duckworth, S.	James, W.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Whitmore, T.
	Duke, Sir J.	James, Sir W.	Seymour, Lord	Williams, W.(Cov.)
	Dundas, C. W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Smith, Hon. R.	Williams, W. A.
R.	Dundas, Hon. J.C.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Smith, R. V.	Winnington, T. E.
	Eliot, Lord	Langdale, Hon. C.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, C.
H.	Evans, W.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, Col.
	Fielden, J.	Lister, E.	Steuart, R.	Wood, G.
t, J.	Fenton, J.	Lushington, C.	Stewart, James	Wood, T.
J.	Finch, F.	Lynch, A.	Stewart, John	Worsley, Lord
	Gillon, W.	Macleod, R.	Stuart, V.	Woulfe, Serjt.
	Gladstone, W. E.	Marsland, H.	Strutt, E.	Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
	Grattan, H.	Miles, W.	Talbot, J.	Wyse, T.
	Grey, Sir G.	Miles, P.	Teignmouth, Lord	Yates, J. A.
. Col.	Grimsditch, T.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	
ir J.	Hall, B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Thompson, Ald.	
'.	Hastie, A.	O'Connell, D.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
..	Hawes, B.	Palmer, C.	Vigors, N.	Reid, Sir. J.
	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Villiers, C.	Seale, Col.
	Hobhouse, T. B.			

NOES.

	Cripps, J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Master, T.	Round, J.
,Hn.H.	De Horsey, S.	Hennıiker, Lord	Maunsell, T.	Sanderson, R.
	Dick, Q.	Hillsborough, Earl	Milnes, R.	Sheppard, T.
	Dowdeswell, W.	of	Monypenny, T.	Shirley, E. J.
	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Hodgson, R.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.
	Duncombe, Hn.A.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Nicholl, J.	Smith, A.
	Eaton, R.	A'Court	Norreys, Lord	Smyth, Sir G.
	Egerton, W.	Hughes, W.	Packe, C.	Stanley, E.
	Egerton, Sir P.	Hurt, F.	Pakington, J.	Stuart, H.
ir W.	Fellowes, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmer, G.	Vere, Sir C.
. W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jones, T.	Parker, M.	Vivian, J.
'.	Fleming, J.	Kemble, H.	Parker, R.	Winnington, H. J.
	Forbes, W.	Kirk, P.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wodehouse, E.
. Y.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Polhill, F.	Yorke, Hon. E.
, H.	French, F.	Knightley, Sir C.	Poulter, J.	Young, Sir W.
	Glynne, Sir S.	Litton, E.	Praed, W.	
, C.	Gore, O. J. R.	Logan, H.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
Visct.	Gore, O. W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rickford, W.	Chandos, Marq. of
	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Mackenzie, T.	Rolleston, L.	Rushbrooke, Col.
	Harcourt, G. S.	Mackenzie, W.	Round, C.	

Lord's Day Bill. — Order for second reading read; Motion made, and estion put, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — The House ided; Ayes 139, Noes 68. — (March 21.)

AYES.

D.	Bell, M.	Buller, E.	Conolly, E.	Evans, W.
d	Bentinck, Lord G.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Corry, Hon. H.	Farnham, E.
	Bethell, R.	Burr, H.	Courtenay, P.	Feilden, W.
	Blackburn, I.	Burrell, Sir C.	Craig, W. G.	Filmer, Sir E.
nior	Blair, J.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Forbes, W.
	Blakemore, R.	Calcraft, J. H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.
	Boldero, H.	Canning, Sir S.	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Freshfield, J.
. W. B.	Briscoe, J.	Chapman, A.	Egerton, W. T.	Gaskell, J. M.
Lord	Broadley, H.	Chisholme, A. W.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Gladstone, W.
	Brocklehurst, J.	Chute, W.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)	Glynne, Sir S. R.
r R.	*Bruges, W.*	Clive, Hon. R.	Etwall, R.	Greene, T.

Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Jones, W.	Macleod, R.	Perceval, Col.	Stewart, James
Grimsditch, T.	Jones, T.	Mahon, Ld. Vt.	Praed, W.	Stuart, V.
Halse, J.	Kemble, H.	Master, T.	Pringle, A.	Style, Sir C.
Harcourt, G. S.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Maunsell, T.	Protheroe, E.	Sugden, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.	Kirk, P.	Miles, W.	Rice, E.	Teignmouth, Lord
Henniker, Lord	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Miles, P.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Trench, Sir F.
Hodgson, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Richards, R.	Vere, Sir C.
Hodgson, R.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rolleston, L.	Walker, R.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Lefevre, C.	Morris, D.	Rose, Sir G.	Welby, G.
Hope, G. W.	Lennox, Lord A.	Nicholl, J.	Round, C. G.	White, A.
Houstoun, G.	Lister, E.	Pakington, J.	Round, J.	Whitmore, T.
Hughes, W.	Litton, E.	Palmer, R.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Williams, W. A.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Lockhart, A.	Palmer, G.	Rushout, G.	Wood, Col. T.
Irton, S.	Long, W.	Parker, R. T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Worsley, Lord
Johnstone, H.	Lowther, J. H.	Pease, J.	Shirley, E.	
Jones, J.	Lushington, C.	Peel, Sir R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Pemberton, T.	Smith, A.	Plumptre, J.
	Mackenzie, T.	Pendarves, E.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Inglis, Sir R.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Collins, W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Milnes, R.	Stuart, Lord J.
Aglionby, Major	Dalmeny, Lord	Grote, G.	O'Brien, C.	Tancred, H.
Alston, R.	Davies, Col.	Hall, B.	O'Connell, D.	Thornely, T.
Archbold, R.	Dennistoun, J.	Harvey, D. W.	O'Connell, J.	Vigors, N.
Barnard, E.	Divett, E.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, M.	Wall, C.
Barry, G.	Duke, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	Paget, Lord A.	Westenra, Hn. H R.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Horsman, E.	Pattison, J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bewes, T.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Wilshere, W.
Blake, W. J.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Johnston, Gen.	Philips, M.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Blunt, Sir C.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Langton, W.	Redington, T. N.	
Brodie, W.	Ellice, E.	Leader, J. T.	Roche, W.	
Brotherton, J.	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Roche, D.	
Busfeild, W.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
Clements, Lord Vt.	Ferguson, R.	Marsland, H.	Smith, R. V.	Hume, J.
Clive, E. B.	Finch, F.	Martin, J.	Standish, C.	Wakley, T.

No. 91. STIPENDIARY SHERIFFS (SCOTLAND). — Motion made, and Question put, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into the nature and extent of the duties performed by the thirty stipendiary sheriffs in Scotland, who are paid out of the Exchequer: — Also, into the nature and extent of the duties performed by fifty-two stipendiary substitutes of the aforesaid sheriffs, who are also paid out of the Exchequer; and to report how far it will be advisable to continue the system of performing by deputy the duties of sheriffs in Scotland:" — (Mr. WALLACE.) — The House divided; Ayes 19, Noes 53. — (March 22.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Duke, Sir J.	Pechell, Capt.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*
Aglionby, Major	Finch, F.	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
Brotherton, J.	Gillon, W. D.	Thornely, T.	Ward, H.	Wallace, R.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Humphery, J.	Vigors, N.	Wood, Sir M.	
Carnac, Sir J.	Marsland, H.	Vivian, J.		

NOES.

Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hughes, W.	Miles, P.	Smith, R. V.
Bailey, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Ingham, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
Baring, F. T.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	James, W.	Poulter, J.	Talbot, C. R.
Barnard, E.	Gore, O. J.	Jenkins, R.	Praed, W.	Tancred, H.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Grey, Sir C.	Jones, W.	Pringle, A.	Trench, Sir F.
Bruges, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rice, E. R.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C. W.
Busfeild, W.	Hawes, B.	Kirk, P.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Lister, E. C.	Richards, R.	
Chalmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Lushington, Dr.	Round, C. G.	
Chisholme, A.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Colquhoun, J. C.	Hope, G. W.	Macleod, R.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Craig, W.
	Howard, P. H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sharpe, Gen.	Gordon, R.

r RIVER NAVIGATION. — Report (22d March) from the Select Committee itions for Private Bills, read: — Motion made, and Question put, "That id Report be referred to the Select Committee on Standing Orders:" — louse divided; Ayes 19, Noes 72. — (March 23.)

AYES.

	Houldsworth, T.	Molesworth, SirW.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	*Tellers.*
Vt.	Irving, J.	Noel, W. M.	Rolleston, L.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
	Johnstone, H.	O'Connell, Dan.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Perceval, Col.
	Liddell, Hon. H.	O'Connell, M. J.	Somerset, Lord G.	
	Litton, E.	O'Neil, Hn. J. B.		

NOES.

r	Busfeild, W.	Halse, J.	Nagle, Sir R.	Tancred, H.
	Callaghan, D.	Hawes, B.	Ord, W.	Troubridge, Sir E.
.B.	Campbell, W.	Hayter, W.	Palmer, R.	Vivian, Sir R.
	Clive, Hon. R.	Hodgson, R.	Parker, M.	Walker, R.
	Codrington, Adm.	Hughes, W.	Parrott, J.	White, A.
	Courtenay, P.	Hume, J.	Philips, G.	Wilbraham, G.
	Curry, W.	Humphery, J.	Protheroe, E.	Winnington, H. J.
	Divett, E.	Hutton, R.	Round, C.	Wrightson, W.
	Ellice, E.	Knight, H.	Sanford, E.	Yates, J. A.
	Euston, Earl of	Langdale, Hon. C.	Sheppard, T.	
	Feilden, W.	Lister, E.	Spencer, Hon. F.	
	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Lockhart, A.	Stuart, Lord J.	
	Fitzsimon, N.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
	Fort, J.	Master, T.	Strickland, Sir G.	Aglionby, H.
	Freshfield, J.	Miles, P.	Sturt, H.	Lefevre, C.
	Greene, T.	Monypenny, T.		

OR RELIEF (IRELAND) BILL — (in Committee). — Clause 116. (Interpret- Clause) page 40. line 13.: — Amendment proposed, after the word "incor- l" to insert the following words: "and also every fee-farm rent and eck and rent-charge, the word tithe shall include rent or composition in f tithe, and also the ministers' money charged under an Act made in ment of Ireland in the Session holden in the seventeenth and eighteenth of the reign of King Charles the Second, for provision of ministers in and corporate towns in Ireland:" — Amendment proposed to the pro- Amendment, to leave out all the words after the words "in lieu of " — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of oposed Amendment:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 59, Noes 26.

AYES.

Vt.	Callaghan, D.	Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thornely, T.
	Campbell, Sir J.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Vigors, N.
or	Chalmers, P.	Hume, J.	Pease, J.	White, L.
	Chester, H.	Humphery, J.	Redington, T.	Wilde, Serjt.
	Curry, W.	Hutton, R.	Roche, W.	Williams, W.(Cov.)
	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Roche, D.	Wood, G.
	Fielden, J.	Macleod, R.	Rundle, J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.	Wyse, T.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	O'Brien, C.	Salwey, Col.	
		O'Brien, W. S.	Somerville, Sir W.	
	Grattan, J.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
	Grattan, H.		Strickland, Sir G.	Baring, F. T.
Col.	Howard, F. J.	O'Connell, D.	Style, Sir C.	Rolfe, Sir R.

NOES.

ord	Filmer, Sir E.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Gladstone, W. E.	Jones, T.	Plumptre, J.	Trench, Sir F.
d G.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Kirk, P.	Powerscourt, Lord	
Y.		Mackenzie, W.	Praed, W.	*Tellers.*
d. Vt	Hillsborough, E. of	Maunsell, T. P.	Richards, R.	Litton, E.
	Hodgson, R.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Rolleston, L.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.

No. 94. Postponed Clause 26., page 10. (Power to commisioners to appoint paid officers) : — Motion made, and Question put, "That the clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill :" — The Committee divided; Ayes 35, Noes 33.

AYES.

Baring, F. T.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hume, J.	Roche, E.	Winnington, T. E
Barron, H.	Grattan, J.	Lefroy, Rt. Hon. T.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, G.
Beamish, F. B.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Hoskins, K.	Marsland, H.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F	Yates, J. A.
Brotherton, J.	Howard, P.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Stuart, V.	
Chalmers, P.	Howard, R.	O'Brien, C.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Conolly, E.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Vigors, N.	Jeffrey, Sir
Curry, W.		Parnell, Sir H.	White, L.	Wood, C.

NOES.

Acheson, Ld. Vt.	Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.	Hillsborough, Earl of	Maxwell, H.	Wyse, T.
Archbold, R.	Chester, H.	Hodgson, R.	Monypenny, T.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Blake, M.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Hughes, W.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	
Bodkin, J.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Jones, T.	Packe, C.	
Brabazon, Sir W.	Dunbar, G.	Kirk, P.	Perceval, Col.	
Browne, R. D.	Evans, G.	Litton, E.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
Bryan, G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Mackenzie, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	Bateson, Sir R.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Filmer, Sir E.		Trench, Sir F.	O'Brien, W. S.

No. 95. Clause brought up, and read the first time :

"Provided always, and be it enacted, That, upon application from any parish, duly convened in vestry for the purpose (of which special notice shall be given by the churchwardens ten clear days before at the least), it shall and may be lawful for the commissioners to exempt such parish from the provisions of this Act, or any of them, as to the said commissioners shall seem fit, on condition that such parish shall forthwith elect guardians for the care of its own poor, and conform, in all other particulars, to such provisions of this Act as they shall be subject to, and to all such rules and regulations of said commissioners as shall be made pursuant thereto, concerning said parish; and be it enacted, That such guardians shall have the same powers of levying a rate upon such parish as are conferred by this Act upon the guardians of any union: provided always, that the proceedings of all such parochial boards of guardians shall be subject to the inspection of, and be reported to, the commissioners, and be in all respects subject to the control, orders, and regulations of the said commissioners, in like manner as the proceedings of the boards of guardians of any union are hereby made subject; and that it shall and may be lawful for said commissioners, if they shall disapprove of the proceedings of said board of parochial guardians, to annex such parish to a workhouse union, as they may see fit :" — (Lord Viscount Castlereagh.)

Motion made, and Question put, "That the clause be read a second time :" — The Committee divided; Ayes 21, Noes 66.

AYES.

Browne, R.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kirk, P.	Monypenny, T.	Somerville, Sir W.
Cole, Lord Visct.	Forbes, W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	O'Connell, Morg.	
Conolly, E.	Hillsborough, Earl	Liddell, Hon. H.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	*Tellers.*
Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, W.	Packe, C.	Bateson, Sir R.
Dunbar, G.	Jones, T.	Maxwell, H.	Perceval, Col.	Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.

NOES.

Archbold, R.	Chalmers, P.	Grattan, J.	James, W.	O'Brien, W. S.
Baring, F.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Hawes, B.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
Beamish, F. B.	Curry, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Knight, H.	Plumptre, J.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Damer, Hon. D.	Hope, G. W.	Lennox, Lord A.	Power, James
Blake, M.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Howard, F.	Litton, E.	Protheroe, E.
Bodkin, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Howard, P.	Lynch, A.	Roche, E.
Brocklehurst, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	Howard, R.	Macleod, R.	Roche, D.
Brotherton, J.	French, F.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.
Bryan, G.	Gladstone, W.	Hughes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Salwey, Col.
Campbell, W. F.		Ingham, R.	O'Brien, C.	

s, Rt. Hon. F.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	Westenra, Hn. H.	Woulfe, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
lair, Sir G.	C. P.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Wyse, T.	Gordon, R.
ley, E. J.	Tollemache, F.	Winnington, T. E.	Yates, J.	Seymour, Lord
rt, V.	Vigors, N.	Wood, C.	Young, J. (Cav.)	
e, Sir C.	Wallace, R.	Wood, G.		

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96. Clause brought up, and read a first time: —

"And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the guardians of any union, not divided into electoral districts, to agree by any writing under the hands of all such guardians, subject to the approbation of the Poor Law Commissioners, that each parish within such union shall be separately rateable with, and liable to defray the expense of, its own poor in the union workhouse; and for the guardians of any union that shall have been divided into electoral districts, to agree by writing under the hands of all such guardians, subject to the approbation of the Poor Law Commissioners, that each electoral district within such union shall be separately rateable with, and liable to defray the expense of, its own poor in the union workhouse: — (Mr. Lucas.)

Motion made, and Question put, "That the clause be read a second time:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 25, Noes 53.

AYES.

ınd, T. D.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Kirk, P.	Nicholl, J.	Vigors, N.
son, Sir R.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	
lereagh, Ld Vt.	Gladstone, W. E.	Litton, E.	Perceval, Col.	
, Lord Visct.	Grimston, Lord	Mackenzie, W.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
ier, Hon. D.	Hillsborough, E. of	Maxwell, H.	Roche, D.	Conolly, Col.
glas, Sir C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Monypenny, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Lucas, E.

NOES.

ıbold, R.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Howard, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
ies, E.	Courtenay, P.	Howick, Ld. Visct.	O'Connell, Morg.	C. P.
ng, F.	Craig, W. G.	Hughes, W.	Protheroe, E.	Tollemache, F.
eby, J.	Curry, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	Wallace, R.
nish, F.	Divett, E.	Knight, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, G.
e, M.	Forbes, W.	Lennox, Lord A.	Russell, Lord J.	Yates, J.
kin, J.	French, F.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Young, J. (Cav).
klehurst, J.	Gordon, R.	Macleod, R.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	
herton, J.	Hawes, B.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Somerville, Sir W.	
ın, G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Brien, C.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
ughan, D.	Howard, F.	O'Callaghan, Hon.	Stuart, V.	Seymour, Lord
pbell, W.	Howard, P.	C.	Thornely, T.	Wood, C.

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97. First Fruits and Tenths, &c. Bill. — Read a third time: — Clause, "General court not to be held duly constructed, unless seven governors are present, of whom one of the Privy Council, one of the Bishops, one of the Judges, or Queen's Counsel, shall always be three," brought up, and read a first time: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the said clause be read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 9, Noes 37.

AYES.

Beamish, F.	Hawes, B.	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
Brocklehurst, J.	Macleod, R.	Thornely, T.	Baines, E.
Brotherton, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Wallace, R.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.

NOES.

ınd, T. D.	Divett, E.	Hughes, W.	Plumptre, J.	Stanley, E. J.
ng, F. T.	Douglas, Sir C.	Ingham, R.	Protheroe, E.	Tollemache, F.
son, Sir R.	Duke, Sir J.	Knight, H.	Redington, T.	
pbell, W.	Forbes, W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Roche, D.	
ning, Sir S.	Gladstone, W.	Lennox, Lord A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
lmers, P.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Litton, E.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
nents, Lord	H.	Mackenzie, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Barneby, J.
e, Lord Vt.	Hillsborough, Earl	Nicholl, J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Inglis, Sir R.
ig, W.	Howard, P.	Perceval, Col.	Sinclair, Sir G.	

No. 98. MUTINY BILL.—Order for committee, read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "a Select Committee be appointed to inquire into the state of military punishments and rewards now in force throughout the British army," instead thereof:" — (CAPTAIN BOLDERO.) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 150, Noes 76. — (March 26.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Davies, Col.	Hinde, J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Spencer, Hon. F.
Adam, Sir C.	Divett, E.	Holbhouse, Sir J.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Stanley, E. J.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, F.	Packe, C.	Stanley, Lord
Bailey, J.	Douro, Marq. of	Hodgson, R.	Pakington, J.	Stansfield, W.
Bailey, J. junior	Dowdeswell, W.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, G.	Stewart, James
Baker, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Hope, G.	Palmerston, Visct.	Surrey, Earl of
Baring, F. T.	Dunbar, G.	Hope, Hon. Jas.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Teignmouth, Lord
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hotham, Lord	Parker, M.	Tennent, J. E.
Barneby, J.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, R. T.	Tollemache, F.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Dundas, F.	Howard, P.	Parker, T. A. W.	Townley, R.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Howard, R.	Parnell, Sir H.	Trench, Sir F.
Blackburne, I.	Egerton, W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Patten, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Blackstone, W.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hughes, W.	Polhill, F.	Vere, Sir C.
Blair, J.	Evans, W.	Hurt, F.	Powell, Col.	Vivian, J.
Blakemore, R.	Fazakerley, J.	Ingham, R.	Power, James	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Bolling, W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Praed, W.	Welby, G.
Bradshaw, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	James, W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Westenra, Hon. H.
Broadley, H.	Follett, Sir W.	Jones, W.	Richards, R.	White, S.
Broadwood, H.	Forbes, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rickford, W.	Williams, R.
Brownrigg, S.	Forester, Hon. G.	Kirk, P.	Roche, D.	Williams, W. A.
Bruges, W.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lambton, H.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Winnington, T. E.
Burr, H.	Gibson, T.	Lefevre, C.	Round, C.	Winnington, H. J.
Busfeild, W.	Glynne, Sir S.	Lockhart, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, C.
Childers, J.	Gordon, R.	Logan, Hart	Rushout, G.	Wood, T.
Chisholme, A.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Russell, Lord J.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Chute, W.	Grey, Sir C.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Sanderson, R.	Wyndham, W.
Clive, Hon. R.	Grey, Sir G.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Codrington, C.	Halford, H.	Master, T. W.	Sharpe, Gen.	
Cole, Lord Visct.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	
Compton, H. C.	Harland, W.	Maunsell, T.	Sheppard, T.	
Dalmeny, Lord	Heathcote, Sir W.	Miles, P.	Shirley, E.	*Tellers.*
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Henniker, Lord	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Seymour, Lord
Darby, G.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Nicholl, J.	Smith, R. V.	Steuart, R.
		O'Callaghan, Hn. C.		

NOES.

Ainsworth, P.	Collier, J.	Halse, J.	O'Brien, C.	Wakley, T.
Archbold, R.	Collins, W.	Hastie, A.	O'Brien, W. S.	Walker, R.
Barnard, E.	Curry, W.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, D.	Wallace, R.
Beamish, F.	Dashwood, G. H.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, J.	Warburton, H.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Dennistoun, J.	Hollond, R.	Pease, J.	Ward, H.
Bewes, T.	D'Eyncourt, Right Hon. C. T.	Hoskins, K.	Plumptre, J.	White, A.
Bodkin, J.	Easthope, J.	Hume, J.	Poulter, J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bridgeman, H.	Evans, Sir E. De L.	Humphrey, J.	Rice, E.	Wilshere, W.
Briscoe, J.	Evans, G.	Johnston, Gen.	Rundle, J.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Fielden, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Salwey, Col.	Wyse, T.
Browne, R. D.	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Bryan, G.	Gillon, W. D.	Mackenzie, T.	Style, Sir C.	
Bulwer, E. L.	Grattan, H.	Macnamara, Major	Tancred, H. W.	
Burdett, Sir F.	Greenaway, C.	Marshall, W.	Thompson, Ald.	*Tellers.*
Butler, Hon. Col.	Grote, G.	Marsland, H.	Thornely, T.	Boldero, Capt.
Chalmers, P.	Hall, B.	Martin, J.	Vigors, N.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Chester, H.		Morris, D.		

No. 99. SPAIN. — Order read for resuming adjourned debate upon Question (27th of March), "That an humble address be presented to her Majesty, expressing to her Majesty the opinion of this House, that no advantage, either to the interests of this country or to those of Spain, has resulted from the employment of her Majesty's subjects in the service of her Catholic Majesty, in consequence of the suspension, by Order in Council, of the provisions of the Foreign Enlistment Act; and, since the continuance of such Order in Council is not required by

the obligation of existing treaties, humbly praying that her Majesty will be graciously pleased not to renew it:" — (Lord Eliot.) — Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 62, Noes 70. — (March 28.)

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Cartwright, W.	Glynne, Sir S.	Litton, E.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Acland, T. D.	Clive, Lord Visct.	Goddard, A.	Lucas, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Smith, A.
Bailey, J.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Mackenzie, T.	Sugden, Sir E.
Baillie, Col.	Darby, G.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackinnon, W.	Vere, Sir C.
Baker, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Halse, J.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Verner, Col.
Barneby, J.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Harcourt, G.	Master, T.	Whitmore, T.
Blair, J.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hodgson, F.	Maunsell, T.	Wyndham, W.
Bramston, T.	Egerton, Lord F.	Hodgson, R.	Milnes, R.	
Broadwood, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Holmes, Hon. W.	Nicholl, J.	
Brownrigg, S.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Pakington, J.	
Bruges, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Irton, S.	Palmer, G.	*Tellers.*
Burdett, Sir F.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Parker, M.	Fremantle, Sir T.
	Gibson, T.		Round, C.	Lascelles, Hon. W.

NOES.

Ainsworth, P.	Dennistoun, J.	Grey, Sir G.	O'Brien, C.	Scrope, G. P.
Ball, N.	Duff, J.	Hawes, B.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Standish, C.
Bannerman, A.	Duke, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	Palmer, C. F.	Style, Sir C.
Barnard, E.	Duncan, Ld. Vt.	Hindley, C.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tancred, H.
Blackett, C.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hodges, T.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.
Blake, W.	Ellice, Capt.	Horsman, E.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, W.
Brocklehurst, J.	Ellice, E.	Hoskins, K.	Philips, G.	Wallace, R.
Brodie, W.	Euston, Earl of	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	White, A.
Brotherton, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Lemon, Sir C.	Power, James	Wood, C.
Busfeild, W.	Evans, W.	Lushington, C.	Price, Sir R.	Wrightson, W
Butler, Hon. Col.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Marsland, H.	Pryse, P.	
Chalmers, P.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Maule, Hon. F.	Roche, W.	
Craig, W.	Ferguson, R.	Morris, D.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Curry, W.	Grattan, H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Salwey, Col.	Stanley, E. J.
Davies, Col.	Grey, Sir C.	Muskett, G.	Sanford, E.	Steuart, R.

No. 100. Notting Hill Footway Bill. — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be read the third time upon Monday next: — The House divided; Ayes 226, Noes 83. — (March 29.)

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.	Campbell, W.	Duncombe, T.	Grosvenor, Ld. R.	Leveson, Lord
Aglionby, H.	Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Grote, G.	Liddell, Hon. H.
Alston, R.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hale, R.	Litton, E.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Dundas, F.	Handley, H.	Loch, J.
Archbold, R.	Chalmers, P.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Harvey, D. W.	Lockhart, A.
Bailey, J.	Chaplin, Col.	Easthope, J.	Hastie, A.	Logan, H.
Bannerman, A.	Chester, H.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hawkins, J.	Lowther, J.
Barnard, E.	Chetwynd, Major	Egerton, Lord F.	Heneage, E.	Lucas, E.
Barry, G. S.	Clay, W.	Eliot, Lord	Hill, Lord A.	Lushington, Dr.
Beamish, F.	Codrington, C.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hinde, J.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Collier, J.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Mackenzie, T.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Collins, W.	Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.	Hodges, T. L.	Macleod, R.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Copeland, Ald.	Ellice, E.	Hodgson, F.	M'Taggart, J.
Berkeley, Hon. G.	Courtenay, P.	Evans, G.	Hodgson, R.	Maher, J.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Craig, W.	Evans, W.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Mahony, P.
Blackburne, I.	Crewe, Sir G.	Fector, J. M.		Marsland, H.
Blair, J.	Cripps, J.	Fellowes, E.	Holmes, W.	Melgund, Lord
Blake, M.	Crompton, S.	Ferguson, R.	Hoskins, K.	Meynell, Capt.
Blake, W.	Currie, R.	Finch, F.	Houldsworth, T.	Nagle, Sir R.
Blunt, Sir C.	Dalmeny, Lord	Fitzalan, Lord	Hughes, W.	Neeld, Joseph
Brabazon, Sir W.	Denison, W.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hume, J.	Northland, Ld. Vt.
Bridgeman, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	Humphery, J.	O'Connell, D.
Broadley, H.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Fleetwood, P.	Hurst, R.	O'Connell, J.
Broadwood, H.		Fleming, J.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.
Browne, R.	Dick, Q.	Forbes, W.	Irving, J.	O'Connell, Morg.
Buller, C.	D'Israeli, B.	Forester, Hon. G.	James, W.	O'Connell, M.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Divett, E.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jervis, S.	O'Ferrall, R.
Bulwer, E. L.	Dottin, A.	Gillon, W.	Johnston, Gen.	O'Neil, Hon. J.
Burroughes, H.	Dowdeswell, W.	Gore, O. W.	Jones, J.	Paget, F.
Busfeild, W.	Dunbar, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Palmer, C.
Callaghan, D.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Grimsditch, T.	Lennox, Lord A.	Palmer, R.

Palmer, G.	Roche, E.	Stanley, E. J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Wilbraham, G.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Roche, W.	Stanley, E.	Thornely, T.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Parker, T.	Roche, D.	Stanley, Lord	Troubridge, Sir E.	Williams, W. A.
Patten, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Stanley, W. O.	Turner, W.	Winnington, T.
Peel, J.	Salwey, Col.	Stansfield, W.	Vigors, N.	Wodehouse, E.
Philips, M.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Staunton, Sir G.	Villiers, C.	Wood, C.
Philips, G. R.	Scarlett, Hn. Rob.	Steuart, R.	Villiers, Lord Vt.	Worsley, Lord
Phillpotts, J.	Scholefield, J.	Stewart, J.	Vivian, J.	Wrightson, W.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Seymour, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.	Wakley, T.	Wyndham, W.
Polhill, F.	Sharpe, Gen.	Stuart, V.	Walker, R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Strickland, Sir G.	Wallace, R.	
Power, James	Sinclair, Sir G.	Strutt, E.	Warburton, H.	
Redington, T.	Smith, R. V.	Surrey, Earl of	Ward, H. G.	*Tellers.*
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Somerville, Sir W.	Talbot, C. R. M.	Wemyss, J. E.	Lennox, Lord G.
Richards, R.	Speirs, A.	Talbot, J. H.	White, S.	Maule, Hon. F.
Rippon, C.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Tancred, H.		

NOES.

Ashley, Lord	Clive, Lord Visct.	Halford, H.	Nicholl, J.	Stewart, James
Bagge, W.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Hawes, B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sturt, H.
Baines, E.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Hayter, W.	Pakington, J.	Style, Sir C.
Baring, Hon. F.	Conolly, E.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Parker, M.	Tennant, J.
Barneby, J.	Darby, G.	Hindley, C.	Parker, R.	Trevor, Hon. G.
Bramston, T.	Dungannon, Lord	Hope, G.	Pease, J.	Welby, G.
Briscoe, J.	Egerton, W. T.	Hope, H. T.	Pechell, Capt.	White, A.
Brodie, W.	Egerton, Sir P.	Ingestre, Lord	Plumptre, J.	Whitmore, T.
Brotherton, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Pringle, A.	Williams, R.
Brownrigg, S.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Irton, S.	Round, J.	Wilshere, W.
Bruges, W.	Feilden, W.	Kemble, H.	Rundle, J.	Wood, Col.
Buller, E.	Fenton, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Russell, Lord C.	Wood, T.
Byng, G.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Calcraft, J.	Freshfield, J.	Lushington, C.	Sheppard, T.	
Canning, Sir S.	Gaskell, J. M.	Marton, G.	Shirley, E.	*Tellers.*
Chapman, A.	Greene, T.	Maunsell, T.	Smith, A.	Hall, B.
Childers, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Somerset, Lord G.	Teignmouth, Lord

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No. 101. GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY BILL. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time: — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now" and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 240, Noes 92.

AYES.

Acheson, Ld. Vt.	Busfeild, W.	Duncombe, T.	Green, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.
A'Court, Capt.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Dundas, C.	Grey, Sir C.	Knight, H.
Aglionby, H.	Callaghan, D.	Dundas, F.	Grote, G.	Langton, W. G.
Ainsworth, P.	Campbell, W.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Guest, J. J.	Lennox, Lord G.
Alford, Lord Vt.	Canning, Sir S.	Easthope, J.	Handley, H.	Lennox, Lord A.
Alston, R.	Cavendish, Hon. C.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Harcourt, G.	Leveson, Lord
Anson, Hon. Col.	Cavendish, Hon. G.	Egerton, Lord F.	Hawkins, J.	Liddell, Hon. H.
Archbold, R.	Chandos, Marq. of	Eliot, Lord	Hayter, W.	Litton, E.
Bailey, J.	Chapman, A.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hill, Lord A.	Loch, J.
Bailey, J. junior	Chester, H.	Etwall, R.	Hinde, J. H.	Lockhart, A. M.
Baines, E.	Childers, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Hindley, C.	Logan, H.
Bannerman, A.	Chisholm, A. W.	Evans, G.	Hodgson, R.	Lowther, J.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Clay, W.	Fazakerley, J.	Holmes, W.	Lucas, E.
Barnard, E.	Clive, E.	Fector, J.	Horsman, E.	Lushington, C.
Barry, G.	Clive, Lord Visct.	Feilden, W.	Houldsworth, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Beamish, F.	Clive, Hon. R.	Fielden, J.	Houstoun, G.	Lynch, A.
Bell, M.	Collins, W.	Fellowes, E.	Hume, J.	Mackenzie, T.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Copeland, Ald.	Fenton, J.	Humphery, J.	Mackenzie, W. F.
Blake, M.	Craig, W.	Finch, F.	Hurst, R.	Mackinnon, W.
Blake, W.	Crawford, W.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hutton, R.	Macleod, R.
Blunt, Sir C.	Crewe, Sir G.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Ingestre, Lord	M'Taggart, J.
Bodkin, J.	Cripps, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	Inglis, Sir R.	Maher, J.
Bolling, W.	Crompton, S.	Fleming, J.	Irton, S.	Mahony, P.
Brabazon, Lord	Curry, W.	Follett, Sir W.	Irving, J.	Manners, Lord C.
Bramston, T.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	French, F.	James, W.	Marsland, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Denison, W. J.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jervis, S.	Maunsell, T.
Broadwood, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Gladstone, W.	Johnston, Gen.	Melgund, Ld. Vt.
Brownrigg, S.	Divett, E.	Gordon, R.	Johnstone, H.	Meynell, Capt.
Buller, C.	Douglas, Sir C.	Gore, O. J. R.	Jones, J.	Mordaunt, Sir J.
Buller, E.	Duckworth, S.	Graham, Sir J.	Kemble, H.	Nagle, Sir R.
Bulwer, E. L.	Dunbar, G.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Necld, Joseph

e obligation of existing treaties, humbly praying that her Majesty will be aciously pleased not to renew it:" — (Lord Eliot.) — Question put: — ıe House divided; Ayes 62, Noes 70. — (March 28.)

AYES.

r T. D.	Cartwright, W.	Glynne, Sir S.	Litton, E.	Rushbrooke, Col.
. D.	Clive, Lord Visct.	Goddard, A.	Lucas, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
t, Hon.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Smith, A.
	Colquhoun, J. C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Mackenzie, T.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Darby, G.	H.	Mackinnon, W.	Vere, Sir C.
l.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimsditch, T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Verner, Col.
	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Halse, J.	Master, T.	Whitmore, T.
.	Egerton, Sir P.	Harcourt, G.	Maunsell, T.	Wyndham, W.
	Egerton, Lord F.	Hodgson, F.	Milnes, R.	
T.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	
l, H.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Holmes, Hon. W.	Pakington, J.	
, S.	Filmer, Sir E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmer, G.	*Tellers.*
.	Gaskell, J. M.	Irton, S.	Parker, M.	Fremantle, Sir T.
r F.	Gibson, T.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Round, C.	Lascelles, Hon. W.

NOES.

, P.	Dennistoun, J.	Grey, Sir G.	O'Brien, C.	Scrope, G. P.
	Duff, J.	Hawes, B.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Standish, C.
n, A.	Duke, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	Palmer, C. F.	Style, Sir C.
.	Duncan, Ld. Vt.	Hindley, C.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tancred, H.
.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hodges, T.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.
	Ellice, Capt.	Horsman, E.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, W.
ıst, J.	Ellice, E.	Hoskins, K.	Philips, G.	Wallace, R.
	Euston, Earl of	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	White, A.
, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Lemon, Sir C.	Power, James	Wood, C.
V.	Evans, W.	Lushington, C.	Price, Sir R.	Wrightson, W
ın. Col.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Marsland, H.	Pryse, P.	
P.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Maule, Hon. F.	Roche, W.	
	Ferguson, R.	Morris, D.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
	Grattan, H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Salwey, Col.	Stanley, E. J.
ıl.	Grey, Sir C.	Muskett, G.	Sanford, E.	Steuart, R.

Notting Hill Footway Bill. — Motion made, and Question put, "That e Bill be read the third time upon Monday next: — The House divided; yes 226, Noes 83. — (March 29.)

AYES.

Capt.	Campbell, W.	Duncombe, T.	Grosvenor, Ld. R.	Leveson, Lord
H.	Cantilupe, Ld. Vt.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Grote, G.	Liddell, Hon. H.
	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hale, R.	Litton, E.
ın. Col.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Dundas, F.	Handley, H.	Loch, J.
R.	Chalmers, P.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Harvey, D. W.	Lockhart, A.
	Chaplin, Col.	Easthope, J.	Hastie, A.	Logan, H.
n, A.	Chester, H.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hawkins, J.	Lowther, J.
S.	Chetwynd, Major	Egerton, Lord F.	Heneage, E.	Lucas, E.
S.	Clay, W.	Eliot, Lord	Hill, Lord A.	Lushington, Dr.
F.	Codrington, C.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hinde, J.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Lord G.	Collier, J.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Mackenzie, T.
Lord W.	Collins, W.	Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.	Hodges, T. L.	Macleod, R.
Hon. H.	Copeland, Ald.	Ellice, E.	Hodgson, F.	M'Taggart, J.
Hon. G.	Courtenay, P.	Evans, G.	Hodgson, R.	Maher, J.
Hon. C.	Craig, W.	Evans, W.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Mahony, P.
e, I.	Crewe, Sir G.	Fector, J. M.	A'Court	Marsland, H.
	Cripps, J.	Fellowes, E.	Holmes, W.	Melgund, Lord
	Crompton, S.	Ferguson, R.	Hoskins, K.	Meynell, Capt.
	Currie, R.	Finch, F.	Houldsworth, T.	Nagle, Sir R.
C.	Dalmeny, Lord	Fitzalan, Lord	Hughes, W.	Neeld, Joseph
Sir W.	Denison, W.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hume, J.	Northland, Ld. Vt.
, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	Humphery, J.	O'Connell, D.
H.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Fleetwood, P.	Hurst, R.	O'Connell, J.
l, H.	Hn. C. T.	Fleming, J.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.
..	Dick, Q.	Forbes, W.	Irving, J.	O'Connell, Morg.
	D'Israeli, B.	Forester, Hon. G.	James, W.	O'Connell, M.
J. Y.	Divett, E.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jervis, S.	O'Ferrall, R.
L.	Dottin, A.	Gillon, W.	Johnston, Gen.	O'Neil, Hon. J.
s, H.	Dowdeswell, W.	Gore, O. W.	Jones, J.	Paget, F.
V.	Dunbar, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Palmer, C.
, D.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Grimsditch, T.	Lennox, Lord A.	Palmer, R.

Palmer, G.	Roche, E.	Stanley, E. J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Wilbraham, G.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Roche, W.	Stanley, E.	Thornely, T.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Parker, T.	Roche, D.	Stanley, Lord	Troubridge, Sir E.	Williams, W. A.
Patten, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Stanley, W. O.	Turner, W.	Winnington, T.
Peel, J.	Salwey, Col.	Stansfield, W.	Vigors, N.	Wodehouse, E.
Philips, M.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Staunton, Sir G.	Villiers, C.	Wood, C.
Philips, G. R.	Scarlett, Hn. Rob.	Steuart, R.	Villiers, Lord Vt.	Worsley, Lord
Phillpotts, J.	Scholefield, J.	Stewart, J.	Vivian, J.	Wrightson, W.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Seymour, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.	Wakley, T.	Wyndham, W.
Polhill, F.	Sharpe, Gen.	Stuart, V.	Walker, R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Strickland, Sir G.	Wallace, R.	
Power, James	Sinclair, Sir G.	Strutt, E.	Warburton, H.	
Redington, T.	Smith, R. V.	Surrey, Earl of	Ward, H. G.	*Tellers.*
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Somerville, Sir W.	Talbot, C. R. M.	Wemyss, J. E.	Lennox, Lord G.
Richards, R.	Speirs, A.	Talbot, J. H.	White, S.	Maule, Hon. F.
Rippon, C.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Tancred, H.		

NOES.

Ashley, Lord	Clive, Lord Visct.	Halford, H.	Nicholl, J.	Stewart, James
Bagge, W.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Hawes, B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sturt, H.
Baines, E.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Hayter, W.	Pakington, J.	Style, Sir C.
Baring, Hon. F.	Conolly, E.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Parker, M.	Tennant, J.
Barneby, J.	Darby, G.	Hindley, C.	Parker, R.	Trevor, Hon. G.
Bramston, T.	Dungannon, Lord	Hope, G.	Pease, J.	Welby, G.
Briscoe, J.	Egerton, W. T.	Hope, H. T.	Pechell, Capt.	White, A.
Brodie, W.	Egerton, Sir P.	Ingestre, Lord	Plumptre, J.	Whitmore, T.
Brotherton, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Pringle, A.	Williams, R.
Brownrigg, S.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Irton, S.	Round, J.	Wilshere, W.
Bruges, W.	Feilden, W.	Kemble, H.	Rundle, J.	Wood, Col.
Buller, E.	Fenton, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Russell, Lord C.	Wood, T.
Byng, G.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Calcraft, J.	Freshfield, J.	Lushington, C.	Sheppard, T.	
Canning, Sir S.	Gaskell, J. M.	Marton, G.	Shirley, E.	*Tellers.*
Chapman, A.	Greene, T.	Maunsell, T.	Smith, A.	Hall, B.
Childers, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Somerset, Lord G.	Teignmouth, Lord

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No. 101. GRAND JUNCTION RAILWAY BILL. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time: — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now" and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 240, Noes 92.

AYES.

Acheson, Ld. Vt.	Busfeild, W.	Duncombe, T.	Green, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.
A'Court, Capt.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Dundas, C.	Grey, Sir C.	Knight, H.
Aglionby, H.	Callaghan, D.	Dundas, F.	Grote, G.	Langton, W. G.
Ainsworth, P.	Campbell, W.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Guest, J. J.	Lennox, Lord G.
Alford, Lord Vt.	Canning, Sir S.	Easthope, J.	Handley, H.	Lennox, Lord A.
Alston, R.	Cavendish, Hon. C.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Harcourt, G.	Leveson, Lord
Anson, Hon. Col.	Cavendish, Hon. G.	Egerton, Lord F.	Hawkins, J.	Liddell, Hon. H.
Archbold, R.	Chandos, Marq. of	Eliot, Lord	Hayter, W.	Litton, E.
Bailey, J.	Chapman, A.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hill, Lord A.	Loch, J.
Bailey, J. junior	Chester, H.	Etwall, R.	Hinde, J. H.	Lockhart, A. M.
Baines, E.	Childers, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Hindley, C.	Logan, H.
Bannerman, A.	Chisholm, A. W.	Evans, G.	Hodgson, R.	Lowther, J.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Clay, W.	Fazakerley, J.	Holmes, W.	Lucas, E.
Barnard, E.	Clive, E.	Fector, J.	Horsman, E.	Lushington, C.
Barry, G.	Clive, Lord Visct.	Feilden, W.	Houldsworth, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Beamish, F.	Clive, Hon. R.	Fielden, J.	Houstoun, G.	Lynch, A.
Bell, M.	Collins, W.	Fellowes, E.	Hume, J.	Mackenzie, T.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Copeland, Ald.	Fenton, J.	Humphery, J.	Mackenzie, W. F.
Blake, M.	Craig, W.	Finch, F.	Hurst, R.	Mackinnon, W.
Blake, W.	Crawford, W.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hutton, R.	Macleod, R.
Blunt, Sir C.	Crewe, Sir G.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Ingestre, Lord	M'Taggart, J.
Bodkin, J.	Cripps, J.	Fitzsimon, N.	Inglis, Sir R.	Maher, J.
Bolling, W.	Crompton, S.	Fleming, J.	Irton, S.	Mahony, P.
Brabazon, Lord	Curry, W.	Follett, Sir W.	Irving, J.	Manners, Lord C.
Bramston, T.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	French, F.	James, W.	Marsland, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Denison, W. J.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jervis, S.	Maunsell, T.
Broadwood, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Gladstone, W.	Johnston, Gen.	Melgund, Ld. Vt.
Brownrigg, S.	Divett, E.	Gordon, R.	Johnstone, H.	Meynell, Capt.
Buller, C.	Douglas, Sir C.	Gore, O. J. R.	Jones, J.	Mordaunt, Sir J.
Buller, E.	Duckworth, S.	Graham, Sir J.	Kemble, H.	Nagle, Sir R.
Bulwer, E. L.	Dunbar, G.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Neeld, Joseph

	Pendarves, E.	Shirley, E.	Talbot, J. H.	White, S.
l. Vt.	Perceval, Col.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Tancred, H.	Wilbraham, G.
	Phillpotts, J.	Smith, J. A.	Teignmouth, Lord	Wilkins, W.
	Plumptre, J.	Smith, Hon. R.	Tennent, J. E.	Williams, R.
Hon.	Power, James	Smyth, Sir G.	Thornely, T.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Price, Sir R.	Somerville, Sir W.	Trench, Sir F.	Wilshere, W.
	Redington, T.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Turner, W.	Winnington, T. E.
	Roche, E.	Stansfield, W.	Vigors, N.	Wood, Sir M.
J.	Roche, W.	Staunton, Sir G.	Villiers, C.	Wood, Col.
org.	Roche, D.	Stewart, James	Wakley, T.	Wrightson, W.
	Rolfe, Sir R.	Stewart, John	Walker, R.	Wyndham, W.
	Rushbrooke, Col.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wallace, R.	Yates, J. A.
	Rushout, G.	Stuart, V.	Warburton, H.	Young, J. (Cav.)
	Sanford, E.	Strickland, Sir G.	Ward, H.	
eff.)	Scholefield, J.	Strutt, E.	Welby, G.	
	Sharpe, Gen.	Sturt, H.	Wemyss, J. E.	*Tellers.*
	Sheil, R.	Surrey, Earl of	Westenra, Hn. H.	Sandon, Lord
	Sheppard, T.	Talbot, C. R.	White, A.	Verney, Sir H.

NOES.

	Chetwynd, Major	Forbes, W.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Stanley, Lord
	Codrington, C.	Gillon, W.	Pakington, J.	Stuart, H.
	Codrington, Sir E.	Glynne, Sir S.	Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.
	Cole, Lord Visct.	Goring, H.	Palmer, R.	Thomson, Rt.
	Collier, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Parker, M.	Hn. C. P.
d W.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Grimston, Lord Vt.	Parker, R.	Trevor, Hon. G.
	Conolly, E.	Grosvenor, Lord	Peel, J.	Vere, Sir C.
	Courtenay, P.	Halford, H.	Philips, M.	Vivian, J.
	Dalmeny, Lord	Hastie, A.	Pigot, R.	Whitmore, T.
	Darby, G.	Hawes, B.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Williams, W. A.
	Darlington, Earl of	Hogg, J.	Powerscourt, Lord	Wood, C.
J.	Dick, Q.	Howick, Lord	Richards, R.	Wood, G.
	Duncan, Ld. Visct.	Hughes, W.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	Wood, T.
	Dungannon, Lord	Jones, W.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Yorke, Hon. E.
	Egerton, W.	Lambton, H.	Sibthorp, Col.	
/.	Egerton, Sir P.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Smith, R. V.	
I. N.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Lushington, Dr.	Somerset, Lord G.	
G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Standish, C.	*Tellers.*
	Filmer, Sir E.	Marton, G.	Stanley, E. J.	Blackburne, I.
	Fleetwood, P.	Noel, W. M.	Stanley, E.	Patten, J.

NEGRO APPRENTICESHIP. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That House is of opinion that the apprenticeship in the British Colonies, lished by the Act 3 and 4 Will. IV. c. 73., shall determine on the 1st day igust, 1838:" — (SIR GEORGE STRICKLAND.) — Amendment proposed, to out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add ords "the Order of the Day for the second reading of the Slavery Abolition Act Amendment Bill be now read" — (SIR GEORGE GREY),—instead of: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part e Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 205, Noes 269. — (March 30.)

AYES.

A.	Brabazon, Sir W.	Chisholm, A.	Dundas, Hn. J. C.	Gibson, T.
'isct.	Bridgeman, H.	Clive, E. B.	Dungannon, Lord	Gillon, W.
	Briscoe, J.	Collier, J.	Easthope, J.	Glynne, Sir S.
	Broadwood, H.	Collins, W.	Eaton, R.	Gore, O. J.
	Brocklehurst, J.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Egerton, Sir P.	Gore, O. W.
	Brodie, W.	Conyngham, Ld. A.	Eliot, Lord	Goring, H. D.
W.	Brotherton, J.	Copeland, Ald.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Grattan, H.
	Browne, R.	Craig, W.	Etwall, R.	Greenaway, C.
	Bruges, W.	Cripps, J.	Evans, G.	Grimsditch, T.
	Bryan, G.	Dashwood, G.	Evans, W.	Grote, G.
	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Denison, W.	Farnham, E.	Guest, J.
	Bulwer, E. L.	Dennistoun, J.	Fector, J.	Hall, B.
	Busfeild, W.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Feilden, W.	Halse, J.
l. H.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Hn. C. T.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Handley, H.
l. C.	Byng, G.	De Horsey, S.	Fielden, J.	Harland, W.
	Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.	D'Israeli, B.	Finch, F.	Harvey, D. W.
/.	Cayley, E.	Divett, E.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Hawes, B.
	Chalmers, P.	Duff, J.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Heathcoat, J.
	Chandos, Marq. of	Duke, Sir J.	Fleetwood, P.	Hill, Lord A.
	Chester, H.	Duncombe, T.	Foley, E.	Hindley, C.
	Chetwynd, Major	Dundas, C. W. D.	Fort, J.	Hodges, T.

report such alterations and amendments as may be best calculated to correct existing evils:" — (Mr. O'Connell.) — Question put, "That those words be there added: — The House divided; Ayes 57, Noes 80.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Gillon, W.	Knight, H.	Plumptre, J.	Style, Sir C.
Blake, M.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Praed, W. M.	Talbot, C. R.
Cayley, E.	Gore, O. W.	Maher, J.	Protheroe, E.	Tollemache, F.
Cole, Hon. A.	Hall, B.	O'Brien, C.	Redington, T.	Vigors, N.
Courtenay, P.	Hindley, C.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Roche, E.	Wallace, R.
Darlington, Earl of	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, M. J.	Roche, W.	Wilbraham, G.
Duke, Sir J.	Hope, G. W.	O'Connell, Morg.	Round, C.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Dundas, Hon. T.	Howard, F.	O'Connell, M.	Salwey, Col.	Worsley, Lord
Dungannon, Lord	Hume, J.	Palmer, R.	Seymour, Lord	
Evans, G.	Hutton, R.	Philips, M.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Fector, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pigot, R.	Somerville, Sir W.	O'Connell, D.
Gibson, T.	James, W.	Pinney, W.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Grote, G.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hodgson, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sugden, Sir E.
Adam, Sir C.	Ellis, J.	Hollond, R.	Parker, R.	Tancred, H.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Howard, P. H.	Peel, Sir R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Pendarves, E.	Thornely, T.
Bernal, R.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Powerscourt, Lord	Vivian, J.
Blackburne, I.	Finch, F.	Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.	Price, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Blake, W.	Fitzalan, Lord	Law, Hon. C.	Pringle, A.	Williams, W.
Boldero, H.	Follett, Sir W.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rice, E. R.	Wood, G.
Bramston, T.	Gaskell, J. M.	Maule, Hon. F.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wyun, Rt. Hn. C.
Brocklehurst, J.	Gordon, R.	Melgund, Lord	Rich, H.	Yates, J.
Brotherton, J.	Greene, T.	Morpeth, Lord	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Bulwer, E. L.	Grey, Sir C.	Morris, D.	Russell, Lord J.	
Canning, Sir S.	Grey, Sir G.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	
Craig, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Neeld, Joseph	Sibthorp, Col.	
Curry, W.	Hawes, B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord	Hawkins, J.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stanley, Lord	Buller, C.
Ebrington, Lord	Herbert, Hon. S.	Palmerston, Lord	Strutt, E.	Baring, F. T.
Egerton, Sir P.	Hobhouse, Sir J.			

No. 105. Soap Duties. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill to repeal the duties on soap:" — (Mr. Gillon.) — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "repeal," to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "one third of the existing duty on soap," instead thereof: — (Lord Viscount Sandon.) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 166, Noes 78: — Main Question put, and negatived. — (April 3.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Bulwer, E. L.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Logan, H.
Adam, Sir C.	Burr, H.	Easthope, J.	Harland, W.	Long, W.
Aglionby, H.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hastie, A.	Lushington, Dr.
Ainsworth, P.	Campbell, Sir J.	Ellice, E.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Lushington, C.
Alsager, Capt.	Campbell, W.	Evans, G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Macleod, R.
Ashley, Lord	Canning, Sir S.	Fazakerley, J.	Holmes, W.	Macnamara, Major
Baines, E.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Fellowes, E.	Hope, G.	M'Taggart, J.
Bannerman, A.	Cayley, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hoskins, K.	Maher, J.
Baring, F.	Clay, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Howard, F.	Mahon, Lord Vt.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Filmer, Sir E.	Howard, P.	Mahony, P.
Benett, J.	Clive, E.	Finch, F.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Martin, J.
Berkeley, Hon C.	Codrington, Adm.	Follett, Sir W.	James, W.	Maule, Hon. F.
Bernal, R.	Corry, Hon. H.	French, F.	James, Sir W.	Melgund, Lord
Bewes, T.	Craig, W.	Gordon, R.	Kemble, H.	Morpeth, Lord
Blackburne, I.	Curry, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Blake, W. J.	Dalmeny, Lord	Grant, Hon. Col.	Kirk, P.	Muskett, G.
Blennerhassett, A.	Darby, G.	Grattan, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	O'Brien, C.
Blunt, Sir C.	Dennistoun, J.	Grattan, H.	Knight, H.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.
Bridgeman, H.	De Horsey, S.	Grey, Sir C.	Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.	O'Connell, D.
Briscoe, J.	Duckworth, S.	Grey, Sir G.	Lambton, H.	O'Connell, J.
Brodie, W.	Dunbar, G.	Guest, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	O'Connell, M. J.
Bryan, G.	Duncombe, T.	Hall, B.	Liddell, Hon. H.	O'Ferrall, R.
Buller, C.	Dundas, F.			Paget, F.

Palmer, G.
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Peyton, H.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Pbillpotts, J.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Redington, T. N.
Reid, Sir J.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanderson, R.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Seymour, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, Lord
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Teignmouth, Lord
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Verney, Sir H.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Wakley, T.
Ward, H. G.
Westenra, Hon. H.
White, A.
White, S.
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, C.
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Gillon, W.
Smith, R. V.

NOES.

Alford, Lord Visct.
Bagge, W.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blackstone, W.
Boldero, H. G.
Bradshaw, J.
Broadley, H.
Brotherton, J.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burrell, Sir C.
Chisholm, A. W.
Chute, W. L.
Codrington, C. W.
Colquhoun, J.
Darlington, Earl
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Duke, Sir J.
Dungannon, Lord
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Egerton, Sir P.
Ellis, J. (Newry)
Fector, J.
Feilden, W.
Fielden, J.
Fleming, J.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gore, O. J. R.
Goring, H.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Grote, G.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hawes, B.
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hope, H.
Hume, J.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Jervis, S.
Jones, J.
Langton, W.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Mackenzie, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morris, D.
Neeld, Joseph
Norreys, Lord
Parker, R.
Pigot, R.
Richards, R.
Rippon, C.
Round, C.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Sandon, Lord
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Thompson, Ald.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Wood, T.
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Gore, O.
Gaskell, Milnes

No. 106. CANADA (LORD DURHAM'S MISSION). — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That it is the opinion of this House, that the duties of the High Commissioner and Governor General of her Majesty's North American Provinces should be conducted with the utmost possible degree of economy consistent with the just and ample remuneration of the several persons necessarily employed in the discharge of them:" — (MARQUESS of CHANDOS.) — Previous Question put, "That the Question be now put:" — The House divided; Ayes 158, Noes 160.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Alford, Lord Vt.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Baillie, Col.
Baring, Hon. W.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H. G.
Bolling, W.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burrell, Sir C.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantalupe, Lord
Chandos, Marq. of
Chisholm, A.
Chute, W.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Vt.
Conolly, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marquess of
Dunbar, G.
Dungannon, Lord
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Fector, J.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fleming, J.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gladstone, W.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, Ormsby J.
Gore, O. W.
Graham, Sir J.
Grant, Hon. Col.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayes, Sir E.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
James, Sir W.
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lockhart, A.
Logan, H.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Mackenzie, T.
Mahon, Lord
Master, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miller, W.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
Packe, C.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, R.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Peyton, H.
Pigot, R.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powell, Col.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W.
Pringle, A.
Reid, Sir J. R.
Richards, R.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord
Stanley, Lord
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Thompson, Ald.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F. T.
Bellew, R.
Benett, J.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M. J.
Blake, W.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bodkin, J. J.
Bridgeman, H.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Bryan, G.
Buller, C.
Buller, E.
Bulwer, E. L.
Byng, Rt. Hon. G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Campbell, W.
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cavendish, Hon. G. H.
Cayley, E. S.
Clay, W.
Clements, Lord
Clive, E.
Codrington, Adml.
Craig, W.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dennistoun, J.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Elliot, Hn. J. E.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, E.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Ferguson, Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fleetwood, P.
French, F.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Harland, W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hobhouse, Rt. Hn. Sir J.
Hodges, T.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F.
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord
Hume, J.
James, W.
Kinnaird, Hn. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Mahony, P.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Maule, Hon. F.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Brien, C.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Paget, F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Protheroe, E.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C. E.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Seymour, Lord
Shelborne, Earl of
Smith, R. V.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Standish, C.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, Major C.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Wemyss, J. E.
Westenra, Hn. J. C.
Wilbraham, G.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, G.
Woulfe, Serjt.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Wood, C.

No. 107. SLAVERY ABOLITION ACT AMENDMENT BILL — (in Committee). — Clause, "That in the Island of Jamaica no prædial apprenticed labourer, whether attached or not attached to the soil, shall continue in such apprenticeship beyond the 1st day of August next," brought up, and read: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause be read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 61, Noes 115. — (April 6.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Baines, E.
Barnard, E.
Blennerhassett, A.
Blunt, Sir C.
Briscoe, J.
Brownrigg, S.
Bryan, G.
Cayley, E.
Dashwood, G.
Denison, W.
Dennistoun, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Dungannon, Lord
Easthope, J.
Eaton, R.
Evans, W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gibson, T.
Grote, G.
Harland, W.
Hawes, B.
Hodges, T.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Jones, J.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Long, W.
Lushington, Dr.
Martin, J.
Mathew, G.
Monypenny, T.
Morris, D.
Muskett, G. A.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
Pattison, J.
Redington, T.
Rice, E. R.
Salway, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stansfield, W.
Style, Sir C.
Thornely, T.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C. P.
Wakley, T.
Warburton, H.
Welby, G.
White, A.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Winnington, T. E.

Tellers.
Stuart, J.
Ward, H. G.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.
Adam, Sir C.
Ainsworth, P.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Ashley, Lord
Baillie, Col.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F. T.
Barron, H. W.
Benett, J.
Blackburne, I.
Blair, J.
Blake, W.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Buller, E.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cavendish, Hn. G.
Clements, Lord
Clive, Hon. R.
Conolly, E.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. T.
East, J.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Fazakerley, J.
Fellowes, E.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzsimon, N.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Gordon, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grattan, J.
Greene, T.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, W.
Howard, F.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, R.
Howick, Lord
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Kemble, H.
Kirk, P.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lefevre, C.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Macleod, R.
Maule, Hon. F.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Northland, Ld. Vt.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Ord, W.
Paget, Lord A.
Pakington, J. S.

Palmerston, Lord	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	Somerset, Lord G.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Vere, Sir C.	Wodehouse, E.
Patten, J.	Round, C. G.	Stanley, Lord	Verney, Sir H.	Wood, C.
Peel, Sir R.	Russell, Lord J.	Stewart, John	Vivian, Major C.	Wrightson, W.
Philips, M.	Sandon, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.	Vivian, Sir R. H.	Yates, J.
Plumptre, J.	Seymour, Lord	Strutt, E.	Walker, R.	
Power, James	Sharpe, Gen.	Talbot, C.	Wall, C. B.	
Price, Sir R.	Sheppard, T.	Tancred, H.	Westenra, Hn. H.	*Tellers.*
Reid, Sir J.	Smith, A.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	White, S.	Grey, Sir G.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Smith, R. V.		Wilbraham, G.	Stcuart, R.

No. 108. SHAFTESBURY ELECTION. — Order read for attendance of Mr. Poulter and Mr. Metcalfe; — Mr. Poulter called to the bar; and the passages complained of being read, — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the expressions in the said letter, containing a charge of corruption against Members of a committee of this House, in the discharge of their judicial duties, are a false and scandalous imputation on the honour and conduct of Members of this House: — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the debate be adjourned till this day month:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "the Order of the Day for the third reading of the Slavery Abolition Act Amendment Bill, be now read, instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question." — The House divided; Ayes 124, Noes 120. — (April 9.)

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.	Chute, W.	Gore, O. J. R.	Mackenzie, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
Adare, Lord Visct.	Codrington, C.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Mackinnon, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Cole, Hon. A.	Grimston, Lord	Maclean, D.	Smith, A.
Attwood, W.	Conolly, E.	Harcourt, G. S.	Maxwell, H.	Somerset, Lord G.
Attwood, M.	Cooper, E.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Miller, W.	Spry, Sir S. T.
Bagge, W.	Corry, Hon. H.	Henniker, Lord	Monypenny, T.	Stanley, Lord
Baillie, Col.	Courtenay, P.	Herries, Rt. Hon. J.	Ossulston, Lord	Stewart, John
Baring, Hon. F.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hodgson, R.	Palmer, G.	Stuart, H.
Baring, H. B.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Parker, R. T.	Sugden, Sir E.
Baring, Hon. W.	Douro, Marq. of	Holmes, W.	Parker, T.	Teignmouth, Lord
Bateson, Sir R.	Dunbar, G.	Hope, G. W.	Patten, J. W.	Thompson, Ald.
Bethell, R.	East, J.	Hope, H. T.	Peel, Sir R.	Trench, Sir F.
Blackburne, I.	Eaton, R.	Hotham, Lord	Perceval, Hon. G.	Verner, Col.
Bolling, W.	Egerton, W.	Houldsworth, T.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Villiers, Lord Vt.
Bradshaw, J.	Ellis, John	Hurt, F.	Polhill, F.	Welby, G.
Bramston, T.	Farrand, R.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pollock, Sir F.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Broadley, H.	Fector, J.	Jones, T.	Powerscourt, Lord	Wodehouse, E.
Brownrigg, S.	Fellows, E.	Kelly, F.	Praed, W. M.	Wood, Col. T.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Forester, Hon. G.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	Wood, T.
Canning, Sir S.	Freshfield, J.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Rickford, W.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.	Gaskell, J. M.	Kirk, P.	Rose, Sir G.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Cartwright, W.	Gibson, T.	Lowther, J. H.	Round, C.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Chandos, Marquess	Gladstone, W. E.	Lucas, E.	Round, J.	
Chapman, A.	Godson, R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sanderson, R.	*Tellers.*
Chichester, J.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.		Scarlett, Hon. J.	Blackstone, W.
			Sheppard, T.	Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.	Dalmeny, Lord	Greenaway, C.	Lushington, C.	Pattison, J.
Aglionby, H.	Denison, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Lynch, A.	Pechell, Capt.
Archbold, R.	Dennistoun, J.	Hall, B.	Macleod, R.	Philips, G.
Baines, E.	Duff, J.	Harvey, D. W.	Macnamara, Major	Pinney, W.
Ball, N.	Duke, Sir J.	Hastie, A.	M'Taggart, J.	Power, James
Bannerman, A.	Duncombe, T.	Hawes, B.	Mahony, P.	Power, John
Baring, F. T.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hawkins, J.	Martin, J.	Protheroe, E.
Barnard, E.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Hill, Lord A.	Maule, Hon. F.	Ramsbottom, J.
Bellew, R.	Easthope, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Bernal, R.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Roche, E.
Blake, W.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Horsman, E.	O'Brien, C.	Rumbold, C.
Blunt, Sir C.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, D.	Russell, Lord J.
Bridgeman, H.	Evans, Sir De L.	Hume, J.	O'Connell, J.	Salwey, Col.
Bryan, G.	Fazakerley, J.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, Morg.	Sanford, E.
Buller, E.	Finch, F.	James, W.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Scholefield, J.
Callaghan, D.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Ord, W.	Scrope, G.
Chester, H.	Fitzsimon, N.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Palmerston, Lord	Seymour, Lord
Clay, W.	Gordon, R.	Lushington, Dr.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sharpe, Gen.
Craig, W.	Grattan, J.		Parnell, Sir H.	Stanley, E. J.

Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N. A.
Villiers, C. P.
Warburton, H.
White, A.
White, S.
Wilde, Serjt.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, Sir M.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Mildmay, P. St. John
O'Brien, W. S.

No. 109. Question again proposed; Debate arising, Question put, "That the Debate be adjourned till this day week." — The House divided; Ayes 121, Noes 117.

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.
Aglionby, H.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F. T.
Barnard, E.
Bellew, R.
Bernal, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Brocklehurst, J.
Bryan, G.
Buller, E.
Callaghan, D.
Chichester, J. P.
Clay, W.
Craig, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Davies, Col.
Dennistoun, J.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt.
Evans, Sir De L.
Fazakerley, J.
Finch, F.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzsimon, N.
Gordon, R.
Grattan, J.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Hall, B.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hill, Lord A.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Horsman, E.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hutton, R.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Mahony, P.
Martin, J.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maule, W.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, J.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Ord, W.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Philips, G.
Pinney, W.
Power, James
Protheroe, E.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Smith, R.
Stanley, E. J.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Wall, C. B.
Warburton, H.
White, A.
White, S.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
O'Connell, D.
Wilde, Serjt.

NOES.

A'Court, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Baillie, Col.
Baring, Hon. F.
Baring, H. B.
Baring, Hn. W. B.
Bateson, Sir R.
Bethell, R.
Blackstone, W.
Bolling, W.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.
Chapman, A.
Chute, W. L.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Conolly, E.
Cooper, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Dunbar, G.
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Ellis, J.
Farrand, R.
Fector, J.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Henniker, Lord
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hope, H. T.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
Jones, T.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Kirk, P.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, F.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Maxwell, H.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Parker, R. T.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Perceval, Hon. G. J.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W. M.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Thompson, Ald.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Verner, Col.
Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E. T.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gladstone, W.

No. 110. GREAT YARMOUTH ELECTION PETITION. — Petition of Thomas Baker, agent to John Penrice, and others, electors, stating that the poll books containing the poll taken at the last election were in the hands of William Barth, *Esquire*, the mayor and returning officer, and that the petitioner had endea-

red to serve him with the Speaker's warrant to produce the said poll books, had not been able to find him, and therefore praying that the consideration he petition and ballot might be postponed from to-morrow to some future brought up, and read; — Motion made, and Question put, "That mas Baker be called to the bar:" — The House divided; Ayes 78, s 100. — (April 25.)

AYES.

pt.	De Horsey, S.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Stuart, Hr.
d.Vt.	D'Israeli, B.	A'Court	Mackenzie, T.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Dunbar, G.	Hope, G. W.	Mahon, Lord Visct.	Thomas, Col.
t.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hotham, Lord	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Trench, Sir F.
	Follett, Sir W.	Houldsworth, T.	Milnes, R. M.	Trevor, Hon. G.
H.	Forester, Hon. G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Nicholl, J.	Verner, Col.
.	Freshfield, J.	Irving, J.	Pakington, J. S.	Walsh, Sir J.
E.	Gibson, T.	James, Sir W.	Peel, Sir R.	Wood, T.
Y.	Gladstone, W.	Kelly, F.	Peyton, H.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W.	Young, Sir W.
W.	Graham, Sir J.	Knight, H.	Pringle, A.	
R. H.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Knightley, Sir C.	Reid, Sir J.	
	Hayes, Sir E.	Lascelles, Hn. W.	Richards, R.	
.	Hillsborough, Earl	Liddell, Hon. H. T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
ir A.	Hodgson, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Fremantle, Sir T.
	Hogg, J.	Lowther, J.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Maclean, D.
Earl	Holmes, W.	Lucas, E.	Somerset, Lord G.	

NOES.

.	Duncombe, T.	Hutton, R.	Paget, Lord A.	Thomson, Right
A.	Dundas, C. W. D.	James, W.	Paget, F.	Hon. C. P.
	Dundas, Capt. D.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Townley, R.
	Dundas, Hn. J. C.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Philips, G.	Troubridge, Sir E.
	Elliot, Hon. J.	Langton, W.	Pryme, G.	Verney, Sir H.
.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Lefevre, C.	Redington, T.	Vigors, N.
J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Long W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Major C.
on. G.	Ferguson, R.	Lushington, C.	Roche, E.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
).	Finch, F.	Lynch, A.	Roche, W.	Wakley, T.
.	Gordon, R.	Macleod, R.	Rumbold, C.	Warburton, H.
lon.G.	Grattan, J.	Macnamara, Major	Russell, Lord J.	Westenra, Hn. H.
	Greenaway, C.	M'Taggart, J.	Sanford, E.	White, A.
	Grote, G.	Maule, W.	Seymour, Lord	White, S.
	Hastie, A.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Slaney, R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
:	Hawes, B.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Wilshere, W.
.	Hayter, W.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, C.
	Hill, Lord A.	O'Brien, C.	Strickland, Sir G.	Yates, J.
J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Strutt, E.	
	Hodges, T.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Talfourd, Serjt.	*Tellers.*
S.	Howard, P.	O'Connell, M. J.	Tancred, H. W.	Campbell, Sir J.
d Vis.	Hume, J.	Ord, W.	Thornely, T.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.

Copyright Bill. — Order for second reading read; Motion made, and estion proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amend- it proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question dd the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the d 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 89, s 34.

AYES.

).	Burrell, Sir C.	Gordon, R.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Tennent, J. E.
Vt.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Graham, Sir J.	Maule, W.	Vigors, N.
.	Chichester, J. P.	Grattan, J.	Milnes, R.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Howard, P.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	
	Darby, G.	Ingham, R.	Morris, D.	
Ld.Vt.	D'Israeli, B.	Law, Hon. C.	Praed, W. M.	
R.	Ellis, J.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Pringle, A.	*Tellers.*
; J.	Freshfield, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Inglis, Sir R.
	Gladstone, W	Macleod, R.	Seymour, Lord	Talfourd, Serjt.

NOES.

Briscoe, J.	Duckworth, S.	Lefevre, C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Broadley, H.	Finch, F.	Lynch, A.	Strutt, E.	Yates, J.
Brotherton, J.	Grote, G.	Muskett, G.	Sugden, Sir E.	
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hawes, B.	O'Brien, C.	Tancred, H.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Thornely, T.	
Collins, W.	Jervis, J.	Ossulston, Lord	Villiers, C.	*Tellers.*
Courtenay, P.	Jervis, S.	Pryme, G.	Wakley, T.	Hume, J.
Dennistoun, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Richards, R.	Ward, H. G.	Warburton, H.

No. 112. Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be committed to a committee of the whole House:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "Committee of the whole House," in order to add the words "Select Committee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words 'Committee of the whole House' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 38, Noes 31.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Graham, Sir J.	Maule, W.	Sugden, Sir E.
Adare, Lord Visct.	Burrell, Sir C.	Grattan, J.	Milnes, R.	Tancred, H.
Attwood, W.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Ingham, R.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	
Attwood, M.	Chichester, J. P.	Law, Hon. C.	Muskett, G. A.	
Barrington, Lord	Darby, G.	Lefevre, C.	Praed, W. M.	
Blakemore, R.	D'Israeli, B.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Pringle, A.	*Tellers.*
Broadley, H.	Freshfield, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Inglis, Sir R.
Brocklehurst, J.	Gladstone, W.	Macleod, R.	Richards, R.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Browne, R. D.	Gordon, R.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Rolfe, Sir R.	

NOES.

Barnard, E.	Duckworth, S.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Strutt, E.	Ward, H. G.
Briscoe, J.	Finch, F.	Lynch, A.	Tennent, J. E.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Brotherton, J.	Grote, G.	Morris, D.	Thornely, T.	Yates, J.
Chalmers, P.	Hawes, B.	O'Brien, C.	Vigors, N.	
Collins, W.	Hayter, W. G.	O'Brien, W. S.	Villiers, C.	*Tellers.*
Courtenay, P.	Jervis, J.	Ossulston, Lord	Wakley, T.	Howard, P. H.
Dennistoun, J.	Jervis, S.	Pryme, G.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.

No. 113. London Grand Junction Railway Bill. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:"—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 93, Noes 84. — (April 26.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Craig, W.	Hogg, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strickland, Sir G.
Alston, R.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Houldsworth, T.	O'Connell, Morg.	Strutt, E.
Anson, Hon. Col.	De Horsey, S.	Howard, P. H.	Paget, F.	Tancred, H.
Bailey, J. junior	Douglas, Sir C.	Humphery, J.	Phillpotts, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hutton, R.	Pinney, W.	Thomas, Col.
Barnard, E.	Easthope, J.	Ingham, R.	Redington, T.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Bellew, R.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Jermyn, Earl	Richards, R.	Trench, Sir F.
Benett, J.	Evans, G.	Kelly, F.	Roche, E.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Bewes, T.	Fector, J.	Kemble, H.	Rolleston, L.	Turner, E.
Blennerhassett, A.	Filmer, Sir E.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Round, C.	Vere, Sir C.
Blunt, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knight, H.	Rundle, J.	Vernon, G.
Boldero, H.	Freshfield, J.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wilbraham, G.
Briscoe, J.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lushington, Dr.	Russell, Lord C.	Wilmot, Sir J.
Brodie, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Lushington, C.	Slaney, R.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Harcourt, G. G.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Smith, A.	
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Bawes, B.	Macleod, R.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Burrell, Sir C.	Heron, Sir R.	M'Taggart, J.	Stanley, Lord	Duncombe, T.
Cavendish, Hon. C.	Herries, Rt Hn. J.	Maule, Hn. F.	Stanley, W. O.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
Chandos, Marq. of	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, D.	Steuart, R.	
Chute, W.	Hodgson, R.	O'Connell, J.	Stewart, James	
Conolly, E.				

NOES.

H.	Crawford, W.	Finch, F.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Speirs, A.
ol.	Darlington, Earl of	Fleming, J.	Macnamara, Major	Thornely, T.
	Davies, Col.	Godson, R.	Mahon, Lord	Trevor, Hon. G.
m, A.	Dennistoun, J.	Goring, H.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Vigors, N.
on. F.	Divett, E.	Grimston, Hn. E.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Vivian, J. E.
	Duckworth, S.	Hawkins, J.	Pakington, J.	Wall, C.
n, Lord	Duffield, T.	Hayter, W.	Palmer, C.	Walsh, Sir J.
Hon. C.	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Hill, Lord A.	Palmer, R.	Warburton, H.
e, W.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Perceval, Col.	White, A.
	Dundas, C. W.	A'Court	Philips, M.	Williams, W.(Cov.)
e, R.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Holmes, W.	Praed, W.	Wood, G.
H.	Eastnor, Lord	Hotham, Lord	Rushout, G.	Wyndham, W.
/.	Egerton, W. T.	Hughes, W.	Salwey, Col.	Yates, J. A.
	Eliot, Lord	Hurst, R. H.	Sandon, Lord	
W.	Ellis, J.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Sanford, E.	
A.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)	Irving, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
n. R.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	James, W.	Somerset, Lord	Hall, B.
/.	Fellowes, E.	Lockhart, A.	Somerville, Sir W.	Inglis, Sir R.

Motion made, and Question put, "That a sum, not exeeeding 80,280*l.*, e granted to her Majesty, for defraying the charge of Volunteer Corps, from ie 1st of April, 1838, to the 31st of March, 1839:"—The Committee divided; yes 203, Noes 57.—(April 27.)

AYES.

'. D.	Cole, Hon. A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Sanford, E.
lml.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Gore, O. J. R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Seymour, Lord
Capt.	Conolly, E.	Goring, H.	Mackenzie, T.	Sheil, R.
	Corry, Hon. H.	Goulburn, Right	Mackinnon, W.	Sheppard, T.
Ld. Vt.	Craig, W. G.	Hon. H.	Macleod, R.	Sibthorp, Col.
on. Col.	Crompton, S.	Graham, Sir J.	M'Taggart, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
tt, Hn. H.	Dalmeny, Lord	Granby, Marq. of	Marton, G.	Slaney, R.
ord	Damer, Hon. D.	Greenaway, C.	Maule, W.	Smith, J. A.
W.	Darby, G.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Somerset, Lord G.
	Darlington, Earl	Grimston, Hon. E.	Morpeth, Lord	Stanley, E. J.
on. W.	Denison, W.	Hale, R.	Neeld, John	Stanley, W. O.
junior	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Nicholl, J.	Stewart, James
	Hn. C. T.	Hayes, Sir E.	O'Connell, J.	Stuart, H.
on. F.	De Horsey, S. H.	Hill, Lord A.	Pakington, J.	Stuart, V.
L. B.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Palmer, C. F.	Strangways, Hn. J.
on. W. B.	Duff, J.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, R.	Surrey, Earl of
n, Ld. Vt.	Duffield, T.	Hope, G.	Palmerston, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hotham, Lord	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	C. P.
Hon. C.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, T.	Townley, R.
e, W.	East, J.	Howard, P. H.	Parnell, Sir H.	Trevor, Hon. G.
	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Howard, R.	Patten, J. W.	Troubridge, Sir E.
e, R.	Eaton, R.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Peel, Sir R.	Turner, E.
C.	Ebrington, Lord	Hughes, W.	Pendarves, E.	Vere, Sir C.
	Egerton, W.	Hurst, R.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.
H.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hurt, F.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Verney, Sir H.
d, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Ingham, R.	Philipps, Sir R.	Villiers, Lord Vt.
rst, J.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Inglis, Sir R.	Philips, G.	Wall, C. B.
/.	Erle, W.	Jermyn, Earl	Phillpotts, J.	Walsh, Sir J.
/.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)	Johnstone, H.	Polhill, F.	Westenra, Hn. H.
r J. Y.	Fector, J.	Jones, J.	Powell, Col.	White, S.
ir C.	Fellowes, E.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	Wilbraham, G.
es, H.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Protheroe, E.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
, Sir J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pryme, G.	Wood, C.
, W.	Fitzalan, Lord	Labouchere, Rt.	Rich, H.	Wood, G.
n, Hn. C.	Forbes, W.	Hon. H.	Richards, R.	Wood, T.
	Forester, Hon. G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rickford, W.	Worsley, Lord
Marq. of	Fremantle, Sir T.	Langton, W. G.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wyndham, W.
l, Major	French, F.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rolleston, L.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
/.	Freshfield, J.	Lefevre, C.	Round, C. G.	
Sir W.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lennox, Lord G.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
on. R. H.	Gibson, T.	Lockhart, A.	Russell, Lord J.	Maule, Hon. F.
on, C.	Gordon, R.	Long, W.	Russell, Lord	Steuart, R.

NOES.

, H.	Berkeley, Hon. H.	Callaghan, D.	Clay, W.	Divett, E.
T.	Bewes, T.	Chalmers, P.	Collins, W.	Duckworth, S.
	Brotherton, J.	Chester, H.	Dashwood, G.	Duke, Sir J.
an, A.	Bryan, G.	Chichester, J. P.	Dennistoun, J.	Duncombe, T.

Dundas, C.	Hayter, W.	Morris, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Easthope, J.	Hodges, T.	O'Brien, C.	Speirs, A.	Wilshere, W.
Evans, Sir De L.	Horsman, E.	O'Connell, D.	Tancred, H.	
Evans, G.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thornely, T.	——
Ferguson, R.	James, W.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	
Finch, F.	Jervis, J.	Redington, T.	Wakley, T.	*Tellers.*
Hall, B.	Jervis, S.	Roche, E. B.	White, A.	Hume, J.
Hastie, A.	Lushington, Dr.	Rundle, J.	White, L.	Warburton, H.
Hawes, B.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.		

No. 115. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill. — Order for third reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:"— Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 234, Noes 59. — (April 30.)

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.	Clive, Hon. R.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Spencer, Hon. F.
Adam, Sir C.	Codrington, Admi.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.	Stanley, Lord
Ainsworth, P.	Collier, J.	Hodges, T.	Ord, W.	Stanley, W. O.
Alsager, Capt.	Collins, W.	Hodgson, R.	Paget, F.	Staunton, Sir G.
Alston, R.	Courtenay, P.	Hollond, R.	Pakington, J. S.	Steuart, R.
Andover, Ld. Vt.	Craig, W.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, C. F.	Stewart, John
Anson, Sir G.	Crompton, S.	Horsman, E.	Palmerston, Lord	Stuart, H.
Baines, E.	Dalmeny, Lord	Houstoun, G.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stuart, V.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Darby, G.	Howard, F.	Patten, J. W.	Strickland, Sir G.
Barnard, E.	Davies, Col.	Howard, P. H.	Peel, Sir R.	Strutt, E.
Barrington, Lord	D'Israeli, B.	Howard, R.	Pendarves, E.	Style, Sir C.
Barron, H.	Divett, E.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Philipps, Sir R.	Sugden, Sir E.
Beamish, F.	Duckworth, S.	Hume, J.	Philips, M.	Talfourd, Serj.
Bellew, R.	Duff, J.	Hurt, F.	Philips, G.	Tancred, H.
Benett, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Ingham, R.	Pinney, W.	Teignmouth, Lord
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Duncan, Lord	Inglis, Sir R.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Bernal, R.	Dundas, Capt. D.	James, W.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Thornely, T.
Bewes, T.	Dundas, F.	Jenkins, R.	Powerscourt, Lord	Troubridge, Sir E.
Blackburne, I.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Jermyn, Earl of	Protheroe, E.	Turner, E.
Blackett, C.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Johnstone, H.	Redington, T.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
Blackstone, W.	East, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Reid, Sir J.	Vigors, N.
Blake, W.	Ebrington, Lord	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Rice, E. R.	Villiers, C. P.
Blakemore, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Knight, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Major
Blennerhassett, A.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Rich, H.	Vivian, J.
Blewitt, R.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Langdale, Hon. C.	Richards, R.	Vivian, Sir R.
Blunt, Sir C.	Feilden, W.	Lascelles, Hn. W. S.	Rickford, W.	Wakley, T.
Bolling, W.	Fellowes, E.	Lefevre, C.	Roche, W.	Walker, C.
Brabazon, Lord	Filmer, Sir E.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Ward, H.
Briscoe, J. I.	Fitzalan, Lord	Lennox, Lord G.	Rolleston, L.	Welby, G.
Broadley, H.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Loch, J.	Rose, Sir G.	White, S.
Brocklehurst, J.	Fox, G. L.	Long, W.	Round, C. G.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Brodie, W.	Freshfield, J.	Lowther, J.	Rundle, J.	Wilshere, W.
Brotherton, J.	Gordon, R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Russell, Lord J.	Winnington, T. E.
Brownrigg, S.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
Bruges, W.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Mackenzie, W.	Sanford, E.	Wood, C.
Bryan, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Mackinnon, W.	Scholefield, J.	Wood, G.
Burroughes, H.	Grattan, J.	Macleod, R.	Scrope, G. P.	Worsley, Lord
Busfeild, W.	Grey, Sir C.	M'Taggart, J.	Seymour, Lord	Wyndham, W.
Callaghan, D.	Halford, H.	Master, T.	Sharpe, Gen.	Wyse, T.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hall, B.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sheppard, T.	Yates, J.
Campbell, W.	Halse, J.	Maule, W. H.	Sibthorp, Col.	Young, Sir W.
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Hawes, B.	Maunsell, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hawkins, J.	Miles, W.	Slaney, R.	——
Chalmers, P.	Hayter, W.	Miles, P.	Smith, J.	
Chandos, Marq. of	Heneage, E.	Morpeth, Lord	Smith, R. V.	*Tellers.*
Chetwynd, Major	Henniker, Lord	Morris, D.	Somerset, Lord G.	Clements, Lord
Chute, W. L.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Muskett, G. A.	Somerville, Sir W.	Stanley, E. J.
Clay, W.	Hill, Lord A.	Nicholl, J.	Speirs, A.	
Clive, E.				

NOES.

Acheson, Lord Vt.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Corry, Hon. H.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	French, F.
Adare, Lord Visct.	Chapman, Sir M.	De Horsey, S.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Gore, O. J. R.
Archbold, R.	Cole, Hon. A.	Duffield, T.	Finch, F.	Granby, Marq. of
Bailey, J. junior	Cole, Lord Visct.	Dunbar, G.	Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.	Grattan, H.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Conolly, E.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Fitzsimon, N.	Grimston, Hn. E.
Browne, R. D.	Coote, Sir C.	Evans, G.		Hayes, Sir E.

R.	Kirk, P.	Nagle, Sir R.	Pryme, G.	Walsh, Sir J.
h, Earl	Lockhart, A.	O'Brien, C.	Roche, E.	Westenra, Hn. H.
	Lowther, Hn. Col.	O'Connell, D.	Roche, D.	White, L.
	Mackenzie, T.	O'Connell, M.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	
	Macnamara, Major	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Tennent, J. E.	*Tellers.*
	Meynell, Capt.	Perceval, Col.	Trench, Sir F.	Castlereagh, Lord
	Milton, Lord Vt.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Verner, Col.	O'Connell, M. J.

KING OF HANOVER'S ANNUITY. — Motion made, and Question put, "That ve be given to bring in a Bill to suspend the payment of the annuity of)0*l.*, granted by the Act 46 Geo. III. c. 145., and 47 Geo. III. c. 39., and of annuity of 15,000*l.* granted by the Act 18 Geo. III. c. 31., and transferred the Act 1 Geo. IV. c. 108. to his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, r King of Hanover, so long as his Royal Highness shall continue to be ıg of Hanover:" — The House divided; Ayes 62, Noes 97. — (May 1.)

AYES.

r, Hon.	Craig, W.	Hawes, B.	Protheroe, E.	Turner, E.
	Denison, W.	Hawkins, J.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.
t.	Dennistoun, J.	Hodges, T.	Rice, E. R.	Wakley, T.
B.	Duckworth, S.	Hollond, R.	Roche, E. B.	Ward, H.
	Duke, Sir J.	Horsman, E.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Dundas, Hon. J.	Humphery, J.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hutton, R.	Scholefield, J.	Yates, J.
J.	Fielden, J.	Leader, J. T.	Stansfield, W.	
	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Staunton, Sir G.	
	Gillon, W.	Macleod, R.	Stewart, James	
).	Grattan, H.	M'Taggart, J.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
	Hall, B.	Morris, D.	Style, Sir C.	Hume, J.
	Handley, H.	Muskett, G.	Tancred, H.	Warburton, H.
	Harvey, D. W.	Pattison, J.	Thornely, T.	

NOES.

D.	Dunbar, G.	Hughes, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Stuart, Lord J.
C.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Ingham, R.	Perceval, Col.	Stuart, V.
onel	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Irving, J.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Ellis, J.	Jenkins, R.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Surrey, Earl of
.	Fector, J.	Kelly, F.	Pringle, A.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
	Filmer, Sir E.	Kirk, P.	Reid, Sir J.	
, W.	Fleming, J.	Knight, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Trevor, Hon. G.
J.	Fox, G. L.	Knightley, Sir C.	Rickford, W.	Troubridge, Sir E.
, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Labouchere, Right	Rolfe, Sir R.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
, H. N.	Freshfield, J.	Hon. H.	Rolleston, L.	Vere, Sir C.
Sir J.	Gibson, T.	Lincoln, Earl of	Round, J.	Verner, Col.
W.	Gladstone, W. E.	Lockhart, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Vivian, J. E.
J.	Gordon, R.	Maule, Hon. F.	Russell, Lord J.	Wodehouse, E.
L.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Maunsell, T.	Sandon, Ld. Vt.	Wood, C.
. R.	H.	Miller, W.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Wood, T.
H.	Graham, Sir J.	Milnes, R.	Seymour, Lord	Wyndham, W.
). H.	Granby, Marq. of	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.	
C.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Nicholl, J.	Somerset, Lord G.	
	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stanley, Lord	*Tellers.*
, Earl of	Holmes, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stewart, John	Dalmeny, Lord
l.	Hope, G.	Parnell, Sir H.	Stuart, H.	Steuart, R.

NEW ENGLAND COMPANY. — Motion made, and Question put, "That there laid before this House a Return of the names of the persons now forming e Society, incorporated on the 7th of February, 1662, by King Charles II., the name of the 'Company for the Propagation of the Gospel in New ıgland, and the Parts adjacent, in America;' together with an Account of the veral lands, whether freehold, copyhold, or leasehold, and distinguishing e same; also, the tithes now held and enjoyed by such company, stating the ınual value of such lands, and in what parish or parishes of England such nds are situated; also, an Account of all other stock, funds, or property be-nging to the said Company, or held in trust for its use or purposes; and a ›py of the annual accounts, as made up for the year 1837, or year 1836." — he House divided; Ayes 27, Noes 56.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Hill, Lord A.	Monypenny, T. G.	Strickland, Sir G.	White, A.
Brotherton, J.	Hodges, T.	Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.	Yates, J.
Bulwer, E. L.	Humphery, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, E.	
Dick, Q.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Philips, G.	Turner, W.	*Tellers.*
Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.	Hume, J.
Halse, J.	Milnes, R. M.	Rundle, J.	Warburton, H.	Harvey, D. W.
Hawes, B.				

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Howard, R.	Morpeth, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Acland, T. D.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Muskett, G.	Vere, Sir C.
Adam, Sir C.	Fitzalan, Lord	Hughes, W.	O'Ferrall, R.	Verner, Col.
Barnard, E.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Hurt, F.	Palmerston, Lord	Vivian, J. E.
Beamish, F. B.	French, F.	Jermyn, Earl	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Wood, C.
Chandos, Marq. of	Freshfield, J.	Johnstone, H.	Perceval, Col.	Wyndham, W.
Colquhoun, J. C.	Graham, Sir J.	Kirk, P.	Phillpotts, J.	
Craig, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Rickford, W.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hayter, W.	Law, Hon. C. E.	Round, J.	Campbell, Sir J.
Denison, W.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Lefevre, C.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Gibson, T.
Duckworth, S.	Holmes, W.	Long, W.	Smith, R.	
Dunbar, G.	Howard, P. H.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Surrey, Earl of	
		Mahon, Lord Vt.	Tancred, H.	

No. 118. CHURCH LEASES. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into the mode of granting and renewing leases of the landed and other property of the bishops, deans and chapters, and other ecclesiastical bodies of England and Wales, and into the probable amount of any increased value which might be obtained by an improved management, with a due consideration of the interests of the Established Church, and of the present lessees of such property:" — (LORD JOHN RUSSELL.) — Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "a Select Committee be appointed:" — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 277, Noes 241. — (May 3.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Byng, G.	Duke, Sir J.	Grosvenor, Lord	Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Adam, Sir C.	Callaghan, D.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Grote, G.	Knight, H.
Ainsworth, P.	Campbell, Sir J.	Duncombe, T.	Guest, J. J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Alston, R.	Campbell, W.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Hall, B.	Lambton, H.
Andover, Ld. Vt.	Carnac, Sir J.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hallyburton, Lord D.	Langdale, Hon. C.
Archbold, R.	Cave, R.	Dundas, F.	Handley, H.	Lefevre, C.
Baines, E.	Cavendish, Hon. C.	Dundas, Hon. J. C.	Harcourt, G.	Lemon, Sir C.
Ball, N.	Cavendish, Hon. G.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Harland, W.	Lennox, Lord G.
Bannerman, A.	Cayley, E.	Easthope, J.	Hastie, A.	Leveson, Lord
Barnard, E.	Chalmers, P.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hawes, B.	Lister, E.
Barron, H.	Chapman, L.	Eliot, Lord	Hawkins, J.	Long, W.
Barry, G. S.	Chester, H.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hayter, W.	Lushington, Dr.
Beamish, F. B.	Chetwynd, Major	Erle, W.	Heathcoat, J.	Lushington, C.
Bellew, R.	Chichester, J.	Etwall, R.	Heathcote, G.	Lynch, A.
Benett, J.	Clay, W.	Evans, G.	Heneage, E.	Macleod, R.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Clayton, Sir W.	Evans, W.	Hill, Lord A.	Macnamara, Major
Berkeley, Hon. G.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Fazakerley, J.	Hindley, C.	Maher, J.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Clive, E.	Fenton, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Marshall, W.
Bernal, R.	Collier, J.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Marsland, H.
Bewes, T.	Collins, W.	Ferguson, R.	Hodges, T.	Martin, J.
Blackett, C.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hollond, R.	Maule, Hon. F.
Blake, M. J.	Coote, Sir C.	Finch, F.	Horsman, E.	Maule, W.
Blake, W.	Craig, W. G.	Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.	Hoskins, K.	Melgund, Ld. Vt.
Blewitt, R.	Crawford, W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Howard, F.	Mildmay, P.
Blunt, Sir C.	Crompton, S.	Fleetwood, P.	Howard, P.	Milton, Lord
Bowes, J.	Curry, W.	Fort, J.	Howick, Ld. Visct.	Moreton, Hon. A.
Brabazon, Lord	Dalmeny, Lord	Gillon, W.	Hume, J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Bridgman, H.	Dashwood, G.	Gordon, R.	Hurst, R.	Morris, D.
Briscoe, J.	Davies, Col.	Grattan, J.	Hutton, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Brocklehurst, J.	Denison, W. J.	Grattan, H.	Ingham, R.	Muskett, G.
Brodie, W.	Dennistoun, J.	Green, T.	James, W.	Nagle, Sir R.
Brotherton, J.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. C. T.	Greenaway, C.	Jervis, J.	O'Brien, C.
Bryan, G.	Divett, E.	Grey, Sir C.	Jervis, S.	O'Brien, W. S.
Buller, E.	Duckworth, S.	Grey, Sir G.	Johnston, Gen.	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
Busfeild, W.	Duff, J.		Johnstone, H.	

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Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G.
Seale, Col.

Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Slaney, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, R.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, J. H.

Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn.
C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Major C.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wall, C.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Westenra, Hn. H.

White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Wilkins, W.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

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C. W.
A. H.
Visct.
J. C.

Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Duffield, W.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Fector, J.
Fellowes, E.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fox, G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Glynne, Sir S.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Grimsditch, T.

Grimston, Lord
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Ker, D.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lockhart, A. M.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.

Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Noel, W.
Norreys, Lord
Northland, Ld. Vt.
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, Sir J.
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powell, Col.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Rae, Sir W.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.

Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Stormont, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Tyrrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Ld. Vt.
Walsh, Sir J.
Welby, G.
Whitmore, T.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Wynn, Sir W.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

Another amendment proposed, at the end of the Question to add the words
vith a view of applying such amount to the gradual diminution of the evils
ich flow from the deficiency in the means of religious instruction, and pau-

toral superintendence, by ministers of the Established Church:" — (Mr. LIDDELL.) — Question put, "That those words be there added:" — The House divided; Ayes 254, Noes 265.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Ld. Vt.
Alford, Ld. Vt.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Archdall, M.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, Hon. F.
Baring, Hn. W. B.
Barneby, J.
Bell, M.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blakemore, R.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Bradshaw J.
Bramston, T. W.
Broadley, H.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H.
Calcraft, J.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.
Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.
Chandos, Marq. of
Christopher, R.
Chute, W.
Clerk, Sir G.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Vt.
Colquhoun, J. C.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Duffield, T.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Egerton, Sir P.
Eliot, Lord
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Fector, J.
Fellowes, E.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fox, G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Halse, J.
Harcourt, G. G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heathcote, G.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl of
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W. B.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Ker, D.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lockhart, A.
Long, W.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W. F.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P. W. S.
Miles, W.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T. G.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Noel, W.
Norreys, Lord
Northland, Ld. Vt.
O'Neil, Hon. J.
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, Sir J.
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Polhill, F.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powell, Col.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Slaney, R.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, John
Stuart, H.
Stormont, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Thomson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Tyrrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Verney, Sir H.
Villiers, Lord Fr.
Wall, C.
Walsh, Sir J.
Welby, G.
Whitmore, T.
Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Wynn, Sir W.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Baring, H. B.
Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.
Acheson, Lord Vt.
Adam, Adml.
Ainsworth, P.
Alston, R.
Andover, Ld. Vt.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, T.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Bannerman, A.
Barnard, E.
Barron, H.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R.
Benett, J.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hon. G.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Blewitt, R.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Lord
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Buller, E.
Busfeild, W.
Byng, G.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Campbell, W. F.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cave, R.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cavendish, Hn. G.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Chapman, Sir M.
Chester, H.
Chetwynd, Major
Chichester, J. P.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Ld. Vt.
Clive, E.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Crompton, S.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Davies, Col.
Denison, W.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Ld. Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, C. W.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Fenton, J.
Ferguson, R.
Ferguson, Sir Ra.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, P.
Fort, J.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.

C.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	O'Connell, Morg.	Sanford, E.	Villiers, C.
G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	O'Ferrall, R.	Scholefield, J.	Vivian, Major
, Lord	Lefevre, C.	Ord, W.	Scrope, G.	Vivian, J.
	Lennox, Lord G.	Paget, F.	Seale, Col.	Vivian, Sir R.
	Leveson, Lord	Palmer, C.	Seymour, Lord	Wakley, T.
on, Lord	Lister, E.	Palmerston, Lord	Sharpe, Gen.	Walker, C.
H.	Lushington, Dr.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sheil, R.	Walker, R.
W.	Lushington, C.	Pattison, J.	Smith, J. A.	Wallace, R.
	Lynch, A.	Pease, J.	Smith, R. V.	Warburton, H.
	Macleod, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Somerville, Sir W.	Ward, H. G.
J.	Macnamara, Major	Pendarves, E.	Speirs, A.	Westenra, Hon. H.
	Maher, J.	Philipps, Sir R.	Spencer, Hon. F.	White, A.
J.	Marshall, W.	Philips, M.	Standish, C.	White, L.
E.	Marsland, H.	Phillpotts, J.	Stanley, W. M.	White, S.
A.	Martin, J.	Pinney, W.	Stanley, W. O.	Wilbraham, G.
	Maule, Hon F.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Stansfield, W.	Wilde, Serjt.
Sir J.	Maule, W.	Power, James	Staunton, Sir G.	Wilkins, W.
T. B.	Melgund, Lord	Protheroe, E.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Mildmay, P.	Pryme, G.	Stuart, Lord J.	Williams, W.
	Milton, Lord	Pryse, P.	Stuart, V.	Wilshere, W.
E.	Moreton, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Winnington, T. E.
	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rice, E. R.	Strickland, Sir G.	Winnington, H. J.
	Morris, D.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Strutt, E.	Wood, C.
	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rich, H.	Style, Sir C.	Wood, G.
ord Vt.	Muskett, G.	Rippon, C.	Talbot, J.	Worsley, Lord
	Nagle, Sir R.	Roche, E. B.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Wrightson, W.
	O'Brien, C.	Roche, W.	Tancred, H.	Wyse, T.
	O'Brien, W. S.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Yates, J. A.
	O'Callaghan, Hon. C.	Rumbold, C.	Thornely, T.	———
	O'Connell, D.	Rundle, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.	*Tellers.*
Gen.	O'Connell, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Turner, E.	Stanley, E. J.
Hon. A.	O'Connell, M. J.	Russell, Lord	Turner, W.	Steuart, R.
H.	O'Connell, M.	Russell, Lord C.	Vigors, N.	
		Salwey, Col.		

BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL.— Order for Committee read: — Motion ade, and Question put, "That it be an instruction to the Committee to pro-ide in the said Bill against the appointment in plurality to any benefice cathedral preferment, from and after the passing of the Bill:" — (Mr. UME:) — The House divided; Ayes 37, Noes 107.— (May 4.)

AYES.

	Harvey, D. W.	Marsland, H.	Stansfield, W. R. C.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Hector, C.	Muskett, G.	Strutt, E.	Yates, J. A.
J.	Hindley, C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Style, Sir C.	
P.	Horsman, E.	Pattison, J.	Vigors, N.	———
Sir M.	Humphery, J.	Philips, M.	Villiers, C.	
	James, W.	Rippon, C.	Warburton, H.	*Tellers.*
, T.	Johnston, Gen.	Rundle, J.	White, A.	Hume, J.
Ld. Vt.	Leader, J. T.	Scholefield, J.	White, S.	Hawes, B.
l.	Lushington, C.	Stanley, W. O.		

NOES.

y, Hon.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Harland, W.	Maunsell, T.	Stanley, E. J.
	Davies, Col.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Nicholl, J.	Stanley, Lord
D.	Denison, W.	Henniker, Lord	O'Ferrall, R.	Stanley, M.
, P.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hodgson, R.	Packe, C.	Steuart, R.
apt.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hoskins, K.	Parker, R. T.	Stewart, J.
l.	Egerton, W.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Sturt, H.
unior	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hughes, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Sugden, Sir E.
B.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Perceval, Col.	Teignmouth, Lord
n. W. B.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Ingham, R.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
	Farnham, E. B.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pusey, P.	Vivian, J.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Jackson, Serjt.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
		Johnstone, H.	Rich, H.	Westenra, Hon. H.
, I.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	Williams, W.
, S.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Kirk, P.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Winnington, T. E.
	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knight, H.	Rolleston, L.	Wood, C.
J. Y.	Freshfield, J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Wood, Sir M.
F.	Gordon, R.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Round, C.	Wood, T.
ir S.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Law, Hon. C.	Russell, Lord J.	Worsley, Lord
		Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sandon, Lord	Young, J. (Cav.)
. R.	Greenaway, C.	Macleod, R.	Sheppard, T.	———
H. C.	Grimsditch, T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
P.	Halford, H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Parker, J.
Lord	Harcourt, G. S.		Somerset, Lord G.	Verney, Sir H.

No. 121. (In Committee). — Second Clause, "Not more than preferments to be held together." In proviso, p. 2. l. 18., "that nothing in the clause contained shall prevent any archdeacon from holding together with his archdeconry benefices:" — Motion made, and Question put, "That the blank be filled with the word 'two:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 71, Noes 32.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hawkins, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stewart, James
Acland, T. D.	Darby, G.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Nicholl, J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Bailey, J.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Ferrall, R.	Teignmouth, Lord
Baring, Hn. W. B.	East, J.	Hodgson, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Troubridge, Sir E.
Benett, J.	Egerton, Lord F.	Hoskins, K.	Parnell, Sir H.	Vernon, G.
Bramston, T.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hughes, W. B.	Pendarves, E.	Vivian, J. E.
Brodie, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pusey, P.	Williams, W. A.
Bruges, W. H.	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Winnington, T. E.
Busfeild, W.	Gaskell, J. M.	Knight, H.	Rich, H.	Wood, G.
Campbell, Sir J.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Knightley, Sir C.	Round, C.	Wood, T.
Chester, H.	Greenaway, C.	Law, Hon. C.	Russell, Lord J.	
Chetwynd, Major	Grimsditch, T.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	—
Compton, H.	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Courtenay, P.	Harcourt, G. S.	Macleod, R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Crompton, S.		Maule, Hon. F.	Stanley, E. J.	Rolfe, Sir R.
		Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stanley, Lord	Wood, C.

NOES.

Baines, E.	Curry, W.	Marshall, W.	Stanley, W. O.	Warburton, H.
Bewes, T.	Evans, W.	Marsland, H.	Stansfield, W.	Worsley, Lord
Blewitt, R.	Hall, B.	Pryme, G.	Strutt, E.	Yates, J. A.
Bryan, G.	Hawes, B.	Rice, E. R.	Style, Sir C.	—
Bulwer, E. L.	Heathcoat, J.	Rippon, C.	Turner, W.	*Tellers.*
Cayley, E. S.	Hector, C.	Rundle, J.	Verney, Sir H.	Lushington, C.
Collier, J.	Hindley, C.	Salwey, Col.	Vigors, N.	Hume, J.
Currie, R.				

No. 122. Third Clause, "Spiritual person holding cathedral preferment which shall exceed the yearly value of pounds, not to hold therewith any benefice exceeding the value of pounds:" — Motion made, and Question put, "That the first blank be filled with the words 'one thousand pounds:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 65, Noes 44.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G.	East, J.	Halford, H.	Macleod, R.	Teignmouth, Lord
Acland, T. D.	Egerton, Lord F.	Harcourt, G.	Maule, Hon. F.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Bailey, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Heathcote, Sir W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Vernon, G.
Baring, Hon. W.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hobhouse, T. B.	Nicholl, J.	Vivian, J.
Benett, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hoskins, K.	O'Ferrall, R.	Winnington, T. E.
Bramston, T.	Fort, J.	Hughes, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Wood, C.
Campbell, Sir J.	Freshfield, J.	Hurt, F.	Parnell, Sir H.	Wood, T.
Chester, H.	Gaskell, J. M.	Ingham, R.	Pendarves, E.	Worsley, Lord
Compton, H.	Gladstone, W. E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pusey, P.	
Courtenay, P.	Goring, H.	Kemble, H.	Round, C.	—
Crawford, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Knight, H.	Russell, Lord J.	
Dalmeny, Lord	Greenaway, C.	Knightley, Sir C.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Grimsditch, T.	Law, Hon. C.	Sibthorp, Col.	Rolfe, Sir R.
Dundas, Capt. D.		Liddell, Hon. H.	Sugden, Sir E.	Rich, H.
		Mackenzie, W. F.	Surrey, Earl of	

NOES.

Barnard, E.	Crompton, S.	Hindley, C.	Rippon, C.	Vigors, N.
Bewes, T.	Currie, R.	Humphery, J.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blewitt, R.	Curry, W.	Hutton, R.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W.
Bridgeman, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Lushington, C.	Stanley, W. O.	Wood, G. W.
Brodie, W.	Evans, W.	Marshall, W.	Stansfield, W.	
Bruges, W.	Hall, B.	Marsland, H.	Stewart, James	—
Bryan, G.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, J.	Strutt, E.	
Bulwer, E. L.	Hawkins, J.	Phillpotts, J.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Busfeild, W.	Heathcoat, J.	Pryme, G.	Turner, W.	Hume, J.
Collier, J.	Hector, C.	Rice, E.	Verney, Sir H.	Warburton, H.

Third Clause, "Spiritual person holding cathedral preferment which shall ceed the annual value of one thousand pounds, not to hold therewith any nefice exceeding the yearly value of pounds:"—Motion made, and uestion put, "That the blank be filled with the words 'five hundred unds:'"—The Committee divided; Ayes 77, Noes 47.

AYES.

y, Hon.	Dundas, Capt. D. East, J.	Grimsditch, T. Halford, H	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Sinclair, Sir G. Stuart, V.
D.	Egerton, Sir P.	Harcourt, G. S.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Sugden, Sir E.
iiral	Egerton, Lord	Harland, W.	Mackenzie, W.	Surrey, Earl of
	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Heathcote, Sir W.	Macleod, R.	Teignmouth, Lord
n. W.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hill, Lord A.	Maule, Hon. F.	Troubridge, Sir E.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hodgson, R.	Melgund, Lord	Vernon, G.
		Hoskins, K.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Vivian, J.
Γ.	Fort, J.	Houstoun, G.	Nicholl, J.	Wall, C.
A.	Freshfield, J.	Hughes, W.	O'Ferrall, R.	Winnington, T. E.
.	Gaskell, J.	Hurt, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Wood, C.
, Adm.	Gladstone, W.	Ingham, R.	Parnell, Sir H.	Wood, G.
Visct.	Gordon, R.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pendarves, E.	Wood, T.
H.	Goring, H.	Kemble, H.	Round, C. G.	
P.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Knight, H. G.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
V.		Knightley, Sir C.	Sandon, Lord	Rolfe, Sir R.
	Greenaway, C.	Law, Hon. C.	Sibthorp, Col.	Dalmeny, Lord

NOES.

R.	Collier, J.	James, W.	Stansfield, W.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
.	Crompton, S.	Lushington, C.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. A.
	Curry, W.	Marshall, W.	Strutt, E.	Worsley, Lord
	Dennistoun, J.	Marsland, H.	Style, Sir C.	Yates, J. A.
. H.	Evans, W.	Palmer, C. F.	Tancred, H.	
it, J.	Hall, B.	Phillpotts, J.	Turner, W.	
	Hawkins, J.	Pryme, G.	Verney, Sir H.	
	Heathcoat, J.	Rice, E. R.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
	Hector, C.	Rippon, C.	Walker, R.	Hume, J.
L.	Hindley, C.	Rundle, J.	Warburton, H.	Hawes, B.
.	Hutton, R.	Salwey, Col.		

Eighth Clause, "Dispensation for second preferment unnecessary:" Motion de, and Question put, "That the clause stand part of the Bill:"—The Comtee divided; Ayes 138, Noes 16.

AYES.

T. D.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hindley, C.	Parker, M.	Tancred, H.
a. Col.	Denison, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Pechell, Capt.	Teignmouth, Lord
L.	Dennistoun, J.	Hollond, R.	Pendarves, E.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
	Douglas, Sir C.	Hope, G.	Philips, M.	
n. W.	Duke, Sir J.	Hoskins, K.	Philips, G.	Troubridge, Sir E.
.	Duncombe, T.	Houstoun, G.	Pryme, G.	Verner, Col.
	Dundas, C.	Hughes, W.	Pusey, P.	Verney, Sir H.
	Dundas, Capt. D. East, J.	Hume, J.	Rice, E.	Vernon, G.
		Hurt, F.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vigors, N.
	Ebrington, Lord	James, W.	Rich, H.	Vivian, Sir R.
Γ.	Egerton, Lord.	Jones, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Walker, R.
H.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Kemble, H.	Round, C.	Wallace, R.
H.	Erle, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rumbold, C.	Warburton, H.
it, J.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Rundle, J.	White, A.
	Fazakerley, J.		Russell, Lord J.	White, S.
, J.	Fielden, J.	Lefevre, C.	Russell, Lord C.	Wilbraham, G.
	Ferguson, R.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Filmer, Sir E.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sandon, Lord	Williams, W.
L.	Freshfield, J.	Marshall, W.	Scholefield, J.	Wilshere, W.
.	Gaskell, J. M.	Marsland, H.	Seymour, Lord	Winnington, T. E.
Sir J.	Greenaway, C.	Melgund, Lord	Sheppard, T.	Winnington, H. J.
Hn. C.	Harcourt, G. S.	Mildmay, P.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wood, T.
	Harland, W.	Miles, W.	Smith, R. V.	Wrightson, W.
P.	Hawes, B.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Stanley, E. J.	
Major	Hawkins, J.	Nicholl, J.	Stanley, W. O.	
	Hayter, W.	O'Brien, C.	Stuart, Lord J.	
r W.	Heathcoat, J.	Paget, F.	Strutt, E.	Tellers.
	Heron, Sir R.	Palmer, C. F.	Style, Sir C.	Gordon, R.
	Hill, Lord A.	Palmerston, Visct.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Greene, T.	Johnstone, H.	Perceval, Col.	*Tellers.*
Courtenay, P.	Grimsditch, T.	Law, Hon. C.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Gladstone, W. E.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, W.	Scarlett, Hon. R.	Inglis, Sir R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Holmes, W.	Packe, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	

No. 125. Ninth Clause, "Present rights of possession saved:"—At the end of the clause proposed to add the following proviso:—"Provided, always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to prevent any persons who, at the time of the passing of this Act, shall be in the actual possession of two benefices, from resigning one of such benefices, and from taking another in lieu thereof (the licence and permission of the archbishop of the province, or of the archbishops of both provinces, if the benefices be situate in both provinces, and of the patron or patrons of such benefices, to be signified in writing under the hands of the archbishops and patrons respectively being thereunto first had and obtained): provided, also, that the distance, although the same may exceed ten miles between the benefices to be holden together by means of such exchange, be less than the distance between respective benefices in the possession of such persons at the time of the passing of this Act; and that such exchange be subject also to the restrictions, as to value and population, to which the future holding of two benefices is rendered liable by the provisions of this Act"—Question put, "That the proviso be added:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 50, Noes 105.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Egerton, Lord F.	Grimsditch, T.	Maunsell, T.	Stuart, Lord J.
Acland, T. D.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Halford, H.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Bramston, T.	Farnham, E.	Harcourt, G. S.	Nicholl, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Bruges, W.	Freshfield, J.	Henniker, Lord	Parker, M.	Tyrell, Sir J.
Chute, W.	Gaskell, J.	Hodgson, R.	Perceval, Hn. G.	Vernon, G.
Cole, Lord Visct.	Gladstone, W.	Holmes, W.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Wrightson, W.
Courtenay, P.	Glynne, Sir S.	Hope, G.	Round, C.	
Craig, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hughes, W.	Scarlett, Hn. R.	
Douglas, Sir C.	Graham, Sir J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
East, J.	Granby, Marq. of	Lockhart, A.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Law, Hon. C.
Egerton, Sir P.		Mackenzie, W.	Somerset, Lord G.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Duke, Sir J.	Hume, J.	Philips, G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Andover, Lord	Duncombe, T.	Hurt, F.	Pryme, G.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Archbold, R.	Dundas, C. W. D.	James, W.	Pusey, P.	Verney, Sir H.
Baines, E.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Johnstone, H.	Rice, E.	Vigors, N.
Baring, Hon. W.	Ebrington, Lord	Jones, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Erle, W.	Kemble, H.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
Bewes, T.	Evans, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rolfe, Sir	Warburton, H.
Blewitt, R.	Fort, J.	Lahouchere, Right Hon. H.	Rumbold, C.	Ward, H.
Blunt, Sir C.	Gordon, R.	Lefevre, C.	Rundle, J.	White, A.
Broadley, H.	Greene, T.	Lushington, C.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Brocklehurst, J.	Greenaway, C.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W.
Brodie, W.	Harland, W.	Marsland, H.	Scholefield, J.	Wilshere, W.
Brotherton, J.	Hawes, B.	Melgund, Lord	Seale, Col.	Winnington, T. E.
Bryan, G.	Hawkins, J.	Milton, Lord	Seymour, Lord	Winnington, H. J.
Busfeild, W.	Hayter, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sheppard, T.	Worsley, Lord
Campbell, Sir J.	Heathcoat, J.	Morris, D.	Smith, R. Vernon	
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Spencer, Hon. F.	
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Paget, F.	Stanley, W. O.	
Cayley, E.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Palmer, C.	Stansfield, W.	
Chalmers, P.	Hollond, R.	Palmerston, Visct.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Chetwynd, Major	Hoskins, K.	Pechell, Capt.	Strutt, E.	Stanley, E. J.
Clayton, Sir W.	Howard, F. J.	Philips, M.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Dalmeny, Lord	Howick, Ld. Vt.		Tancred, H.	

No. 126. FISHGUARD HARBOUR BILL.—Reported; Amendments agreed to:—Clause, "That the expense of the company in obtaining their former Act, and of the opposition to the present Act, shall be paid out of the fund of 5000*l.*,"

ɔught up, and read a first time: Motion made, and Question put, "That the ıuse be now read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 34, Noes 83. (May 7.)

AYES.

, H.	Graham, Sir J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Richards, R.	Wood, Sir M.
, C.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	St. Paul, H.	Wood, Col.
Visct.	Hawkes, T.	Manners, Lord C.	Sibthorp, Col.	
	Holmes, W.	Maunsell, T.	Somerset, Lord G.	——
S.	Hope, H.	Morris, D.	Teignmouth, Lord	
.	Hoskins, K.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Tennent, J.	*Tellers.*
W. D.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, R. T.	Vere, Sir C.	Jones, J.
	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Trevor, R.

NOES.

R.	Chichester, J. P.	Hector, C.	Pease, J.	Turner, E.
	Davies, Col.	Hodgson, F.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, W.
ınior	Dennistoun, J.	Howard, P. H.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.
, A.	Divett, E.	Ingham, R.	Philips, G.	Villiers, C.
.	Dunbar, G.	James, W.	Power, James	Wakley, T.
.	Duncombe, T.	James, Sir W.	Redington, T.	Walker, R.
.	Ebrington, Lord	Jervis, J.	Round, C.	Wallace, R.
ord W.	Edwards, J.	Johnston, Gen.	Sandon, Lord	White, A.
, I.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lambton, H.	Sanford, E.	White, L.
.	Evans, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Sheppard, T.	Wilbraham, G.
Sir W.	Fector, J. M.	Lefevre, C.	Stansfield, W.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
ıt, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Loch, J.	Stuart, H.	Yates, J.
, J.	Freshfield, J.	Macleod, R.	Stuart, V.	
	Gillon, W. D.	Marshall, W.	Strickland, Sir G.	——
.	Greene, T.	O'Connell, D.	Style, Sir C.	
ı. Col.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Sir J.	Hayter, W.	Ord, W.		Parnell, Sir H.
A.	Heathcote, G.	Patten, J.	Thornely, T.	Maule, F.

Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway Bill. — Read a third time; Clause ınting compensation to the trustees of the Stirling roads, brought up, and d a first time: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Clause now read a second time:" — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question ; "That the Debate be adjourned till Thursday:" — The House divided; es 57, Noes 130.

AYES.

'.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Patten, J.	Tennent, J. E.
	Evans, G.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
	Filmer, Sir E.	Kelly, F.	Pringle, A.	
	Freshfield, J.	Loch, J.	Round, C. G.	Trevor, Hon. G.
J.	Gaskell, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.	Turner, W.
W.	Gore, Ormsby W.	Manners, Lord C.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Vere, Sir C.
, C.	Goring, H.	Maunsell, T.	Sheppard, T.	Williams, T.
Vt.	Greene, T.	Miles, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
S.	Hale, R.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Somerset, Lord G.	——
r C.	Hodgson, R.	Owen, Sir J.	Stansfield, W.	*Tellers.*
. Vt.	Hughes, W.	Parker, M.	Style, Sir C.	Graham, Sir J.
ın. T.	Ingham, R.	Parker, R. T.	Sugden, Sir E.	Sibthorp, Col.

NOES.

r, Hon.	Brocklehurst, J.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Harvey, D. W.	Lambton, H.
	Browne, R.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hastie, A.	Lemon, Sir C.
l Visct.	Busfeild, W.	Ebrington, Lord	Hawes, B.	Lister, E. C.
P.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Edwards, J.	Hawkes, T.	Lockhart, A.
pt.	Clerk, Sir G.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hayter, W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
.	Conolly, E.	Evans, G.	Hector, C.	Lynch, A.
	Courtenay, P.	Fector, J.	Hill, Lord A.	Mackenzie, W.
nior	Craig, W.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Hoskins, K.	Macleod, R.
, A.	Crawford, W.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Houldsworth, T.	Macnamara, Major
	Dalmeny, Lord	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Houstoun, G.	Maher, J.
.	Dennistoun, J.		Howard, P.	Marshall, W.
I.	De Horsey, S.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Irving, J.	Marton, G.
R.	D'Israeli, B.	French, F.	James, W.	Maule, Hon. F.
	Divett, E.	Gillon, W.	Johnson, Gen.	Meynell, Capt.
ir W.	Dunbar, G.	Glynne, Sir S.	Jones, J.	Milton, Lord
.	*Duncombe, T.*	Grimsditch, T.	Kemble, H.	Nagle, Sir R.

O'Connell, D.	Phillps, M.	Sanford, E.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wilbraham, G.
O'Connell, J.	Ponsonby, C.	Scholefield, J.	Turner, E.	Wilmot, Sir J.
O'Connell, M. J.	Power, James	Smyth, Sir G.	Verner, Col.	Winnington, T.
O'Connell, Morgan	Pryme, G.	Somers, J.	Vigors, N.	Wood, Sir M.
O'Connell, Maurice	Rae, Sir W.	Steuart, R.	Villiers, C.	Wood, G. W.
O'Neil, Hon. J.	Redington, T.	Stewart, J.	Wakley, T.	Wrightson, W.
Pakington, J.	Richards, R.	Stuart, H.	Walker, R.	Yates, J.
Pechell, Capt.	Roche, W.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wall, C.	
Peel, Sir R.	Rushout, G.	Stuart, V.	Wallace, R.	*Tellers.*
Pendarves, E.	St. Paul, H.	Strickland, Sir G.	White, A.	Campbell, Sir J.
Perceval, Col.	Sandon, Lord	Thornely, T.	White, L.	Bentinck, Lord W.

No. 128. BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL — (in Committee). — Twenty-seventh Clause, "Certain spiritual persons not to be liable to penalties for non-residence, p. 12., l. 7.:" Amendment proposed, after the word "Cambridge," to insert the words "or being sub-dean or treasurer of Christ Church, in the University of Oxford:" — (SIR ROBERT HARRY INGLIS:) — Question put, "That those words be inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 52, Noes 75.

AYES.

Baker, E.	Egerton, Sir P.	Halford, H.	Milnes, R.	Round, J.
Boldero, H.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hodgson, R.	Moreton, Hn. A. H.	Sibthorp, Col.
Bramston, T.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hughes, W.	Neeld, Joseph	Somerset, Lord G.
Bruges, W.	Farnham, E.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Neeld, John	Teignmouth, Lord
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Filmer, Sir E.	Mackenzie, W.	Norreys, Lord	Villiers, Lord Vt.
Burr, H.	Fleming, J.	Maidstone, Lord	Perceval, Hon. G.	
Canning, Sir S.	Freshfield, J.	Marsland, T.	Praed, W.	
Chandos, Marq. of	Gaskell, J.	Master, T.	Price, R.	
Compton, H.	Glynn, Sir S.	Maunsell, T.	Rae, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Duncombe, Hn. A.	Granby, Marq. of	Meynell, Capt.	Reid, Sir J.	Inglis, Sir R.
East, J.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Miles, W.	Round, C.	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)
Egerton, W.	Hale, R.	Miles, P.		

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Collier, J.	Humphrey, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Vigors, N.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Divett, E.	Hurt, F.	Salwey, Col.	Vivian, Sir R.
Baines, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Kemble, H.	Scholefield, J.	Warburton, H.
Barnard, E.	Duff, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Seymour, Lord	White, A.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Knight, H.	Sheppard, T.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Barry, G.	Fazakerley, J.	Lushington, C.	Slaney, R.	Wood, C.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, T.
Bewes, T.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Stewart, James	Worsley, Lord
Blunt, Sir C.	Gordon, R.	O'Ferrall, M.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wrightson, W.
Bowes, J.	Hastie, A.	Paget, F.	Stuart, V.	Yates, J.
Brocklehurst, J.	Hawes, B.	Parnell, Sir H.	Sturt, H.	
Brotherton, J.	Hayter, W.	Pusey, P.	Style, Sir C.	
Bulwer, E. L.	Hector, C.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Talbot, J.	
Busfeild, W.	Hill, Lord A.	Rich, H.	Turner, E.	*Tellers.*
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hinde, J. H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Verney, Sir H.	Steuart, R.
Chapman, Sir M.	Hume, J.	Rundle, J.	Vernon, G.	Parker, J.
Childers, J.				

No. 129. Twenty-seventh Clause. — Amendment proposed, p. 12., l. 8., after "head-master," to insert "or lower master:" — (MARQUESS of CHANDOS:) — Question put, "That those words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 60, Noes 76.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Fleming, J.	Harcourt, G.	Maunsell, T. P.
Boldero, H.	Compton, H.	Freshfield, J.	Hodgson, R.	Miles, W.
Bowes, J.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Gaskell, J.	Hughes, W.	Miles, P.
Bruges, W.	East, J.	Glynne, Sir S.	Ingestre, Lord	Mordaunt, Sir J.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Egerton, W.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Neeld, Joseph
[redacted]	Egerton, Sir P.	Granby, Marq. of	Mackenzie, W.	Neeld, John
	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Grimston, Lord	Maidstone, Lord	Nicholl, J.
	Farnham, E.	Halford, H.	Marsland, T.	Norreys, Lord
	Filmer, Sir E.		Master, T.	Packe, C.

Perceval, Hon. G.	Round, C.	Somerset, Lord	Vivian, Major	*Tellers.*
Price, R.	Round, J.	Stuart, Lord J.	Vivian, J.	Chandos, Marq. of
Rae, Sir W.	Sheppard, T.	Teignmouth, Lord	Worsley, Lord	Praed, W.
Rolleston, L.	Sibthorp, Col.	Villiers, Lord		

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Duff, J.	Lushington, C.	Sandon, Lord Vist.	Verney, Sir H.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Dundas, Capt. D.	M'Taggart, J.	Scholefield, J.	Vernon, G.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Milnes, R.	Seymour, Lord	Vigors, N.
Barnard, E.	Fazakerley, J.	Milton, Lord	Slaney, R.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Barrington, Lord	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Speirs, A.	Warburton, H.
Barry, G.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stanley, E. J.	White, A.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Hastie, A.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stanley, Lord	Wood, C.
Bewes, T.	Hawes, B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stansfield, W.	Wood, T.
Blackett, C.	Hill, Lord A.	Parnell, Sir H.	Stewart, James	Wrightson, W.
Bramston, T.	Hume, J.	Protheroe, E.	Stuart, V.	Yates, J.
Brotherton, J.	Humphery, J.	Pryme, G.	Sturt, H.	
Busfeild, W.	Kemble, H.	Pusey, P.	Style, Sir C.	———
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rich, H.	Surrey, Earl of	
Chapman, Sir M.	Knight, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Talbot, J. H.	*Tellers*
Childers, J.	Leveson, Lord	Rundle, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Gordon, R.
Collier, J.	Lister, E.	Russell, Lord J.	Turner, E.	Steuart, R.
Divett, E.		Salwey, Col.		

No. 130. Twenty-seventh Clause. — At the end of the Clause, proposed to add the following proviso: — "Provided always, that such benefice shall not exceed the yearly value of 500*l.*, or have a population exceeding 3000 persons:" — (Mr. HAWES:) — Question put, "That the proviso be added:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 45, Noes 68.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Curry, W.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
Attwood, T.	Easthope, J.	Melgund, Lord	Scholefield, J.	Worsley, Lord
Bewes, T.	Ebrington, Lord	O'Brien, C.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Brocklehurst, J.	Evans, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stuart, V.	
Brotherton, J.	Fazakerly, J.	Pinney, W.	Style, Sir C.	———
Butler, Hon. Col.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Protheroe, E.	Talbot, J. H.	
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Kemble, H.	Pryme, G.	Verney, Sir H.	*Tellers.*
Childers, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Roche, W.	Vigors, N.	Hawes, B.
Collier, J.	Lister, E.	Rundle, J.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Courtenay, P.	Hoskins, K.	Pendarves, E.	Sugden, Sir E.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Surrey, Earl of
Baker, E.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Inglis, Sir R.	Praed, W.	Teignmouth, Lord
Barnard, E.	East, J.	Knight, H. G.	Pusey, P.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Leveson, Lord	Rae, Sir W.	Turner, E.
Blackburne, I.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Lockhart, A. M.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	Vernon, G.
Blackett, C.	Filmer, Sir E.	Marsland, T.	Round, C. G.	Vivian, Sir R.
Boldero, H.	Freshfield, J.	Milnes, R.	Round, J.	Wood, C.
Bruges, W.	Gaskell, J. M.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Russell, Lord J.	Wrightson, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sandon, Lord	
Burr, H.	Halford, H.	Neeld, Joseph	Seymour, Lord	———
Busfeild, W.	Harcourt, G.	Neeld, John	Sibthorp, Col.	
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Cole, Lord Vt.		Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stanley, Lord	Gordon, R.
Compton, H.		Parnell, Sir H.	Sturt, H.	Steuart, R.

No. 131. Twenty-seventh Clause. — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 69, Noes 34.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Barnard, E.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Compton, H.
Alsager, Capt.	Boldero, H.	Burr, H.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Courtenay, P.
Baker, E.	*Bruges, W. H.*	Busfeild, W.	Cole, Hon. A.	Dundas, Capt. D.

East, J.	Hodgson, R.	Milnes, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Sugden, Sir E.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hoskins, K.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Round, C.	Surrey, Earl of
Fazakerley, J.	Hughes, W. B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Round, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Neeld, Joseph	Russell, Lord J.	Troubridge, Sir T.
Filmer, Sir E.	Jephson, C.	Neeld, John	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Turner, E.
Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Nicholl, J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Vernon, G.
Gaskell, J. M.	Knight, H.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, C.
Gordon, R.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Pendarves, E.	Stanley, Lord	Wrightson, W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lockhart, A.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Halford, H.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Praed, W.	Stewart, James	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
	Marsland, T.	Pusey, P.	Stuart, V.	Seymour, Lord
		Rae, Sir W.	Sturt, H. C.	

NOES.

Brocklehurst, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Marsland, H.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Melgund, Lord	Stansfield, W. R. C.	Worsley, Lord
Bryan, G.	Easthope, J.	O'Brien, C.	Style, Sir C.	
Butler, Hon. Col.	Evans, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Talbot, J. H.	
Childers, J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Protheroe, E.	Terney, Sir H.	
Collier, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Curry, W.	Lister, E. C.	Roche, D.	Warburton, H.	Hawes, B.
Davies, Col.	Lushington, C.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. A.	Hume, J.

No. 132. Twenty-eighth Clause, "Spiritual persons holding extra offices in the Universities, &c. &c. not to be subject to penalties for non-residence or beneficial, whilst exercising the duties of such offices:"—Amendment proposed, p. 11, l. 14., after the words "having or holding," to insert the words "the office of proctor, or public orator, or librarian, or registrar:" — (Sir Robert Harry Inglis:) — Question, "That the words 'the office of proctor' be inserted," put, and agreed to: — Question put, "That the words 'or public orator, or librarian, or registrar,' be inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 30, Noes 52.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Heathcote, Sir W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.
Burr, H.	Freshfield, J.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Chute, W. L.	Gaskell, J. M.	Hughes, W.	Parker, M.	
Cole, Lord Visct.	Goring, H.	Lockhart, A.	Praed, W. M.	*Tellers.*
Compton, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, W.	Price, R.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.	Halford, H.	Marsland, T.	Pryme, G.	
East, J.	Harcourt, G.	Monypenny, T.	Round, J.	Inglis, Sir R.

NOES.

Adam, Sir C.	Curry, W.	Hoskins, K.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. A.
Alsager, Capt.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hume, J.	Round, C.	Wood, Sir M.
Barnard, E.	Davies, Col.	Kemble, H.	Rundle, J.	Wood, G.
Brocklehurst, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Lister, E.	Russell, Lord J.	Worsley, Lord
Brotherton, J.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Wrightson, W.
Bruges, W.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Marsland, H.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Bryan, G.	Evans, W.	Morpeth, Lord	Surrey, Earl of	
Busfeild, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	O'Brien, C.	Talbot, J. H.	
Butler, Hon. Col.	Gordon, R.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.	
Cavendish, Hon. G. H.	Hawes, B.	Pendarves, E.	Troubridge, Sir E.	*Tellers.*
Childers, J.	Heathcoat, J.	Protheroe, E.	Turner, E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
		Pusey, P.	Vigors, N.	Wood, C.

No. 133. Twenty-eighth Clause.—At the end of the clause, proposed to add the following proviso: — "Provided that every incumbent exempt from residence in his parish, by office, should state the fact in writing to the churchwardens of the parish, who shall cause such writing to be exposed in some conspicuous place within the church walls, and such writing to be removed when the exemption ceases:" — (Mr. Hume:) — Question put, "That the proviso be added:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 21, Noes 76.

AYES.

lehurst, J.	Evans, G.	Marsland, T.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
erton, J.	Heathcoat, J.	Monypenny, T.	Talbot, J. H.	
ı, G.	James, W.	O'Brien, C.	Turner, E.	*Tellers.*
r, Hon. Col.	Jephson, C.	Protheroe, E.	Turner, W.	Lushington, C.
', W.	Lister, E.	Rundle, J.	Vigors, E.	Hume, J.

NOES.

ıd, T. D.	Duke, Sir J.	Hawes, B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tancred, H.
ı, Sir C.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hawkins, J.	Parker, M.	Teignmouth, Lord
er, Capt.	East, J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Parker, T.	Troubridge, Sir E.
y, J.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Parnell, Sir H.	Verney, Sir H.
y, J. junior	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Hoskins, K.	Pendarves, E.	Wilkins, W.
ırd, E.	Evans, W.	Hughes, W.	Price, R.	Williams, W. A.
, G.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pryme, G.	Wood, T.
lley, H.	R. C.	Kemble, H.	Rice, E. R.	Worsley, Lord
es, W. H. L.	Freshfield, J.	Lockhart, A.	Roche, D.	Wrightson, W. B.
ild, W.	Gaskell, J. M.	Mackenzie, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Yates, J.
ndish, Hn. G.	Gordon, R.	Marshall, W.	Round, C.	
ers, J.	Goring, H.	Marsland, H.	Round, J.	
e, W. L.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Russell, Lord J.	
Lord Vist.	H.	Morpeth, Lord	Shirley, E.	*Tellers.*
ɔton, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Nicholl, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Sibthorp, Col.
tenay, P.	Guest, J.	Noel, W.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, C.
es, Col.	Harcourt, G. S.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Surrey, Earl of	

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134. Twenty-ninth Clause, "Spiritual person, being a prebendary, &c. &c., required to reside, and perform duties of a cathedral, &c. &c., may account such residence as if he had resided on a benefice, provided that he shall not be allowed to be absent from the benefice for more than months:) — Proposed to fill the blank with "five:" — Question put, "That the blank be filled with 'five:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 70, Noes 28.

AYES.

n, Admiral	Duke, Sir J.	Jephson, C.	Pendarves, E.	Vernon, G.
ger, Capt.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Johnstone, H.	Protheroe, E.	Vigors, N.
ood, T.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Kemble, H.	Pusey, P.	Wall, C.
y, J.	Evans, G.	Lister, E.	Rice, E. R.	White, S.
y, J. junior	Fellowes, E.	Lushington, C.	Roche, D.	Wilde, Serjt.
s, T.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Macleod, R.	Rundle, J.	Wilkins, W.
dley, H.	R. C.	Marshall, W.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W. A.
klehurst, J.	Goring, H.	Marsland, H.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
es, W. H.	Grey, Sir C.	Monypenny, T.	Seymour, Lord	Wood, Sir M.
n, G.	Guest, J.	Morpeth, Lord	Tancred, H.	Wood, G. W.
er, E. L.	Halford, H.	Nicholl, J.	Townley, R.	Yates, J.
eild, W.	Hawkins, J.	Noel, W.	Troubridge, Sir E.	
te, W. L.	Heathcoat, J.	O'Brien, C.	Turner, E.	*Tellers.*
pton, H.	Hume, J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Turner, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.
neny, Lord	James, W.	Parnell, Sir H.	Verney, Sir H.	Wood, C.

NOES.

nd, T. D.	Glynne, Sir S.	Hodgson, R.	Parker, M.	Teignmouth, Lord
oughes, H.	Goulburn, Right	Hughes, W.	Parker, T.	
, Lord Visct.	Hon. H.	Knight, H.	Praed, W. M.	
rtenay, P.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Round, C.	
ourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Harcourt, G. S.	Mackenzie, W.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
hfield, J.	Heathcote, Sir T.	Marsland, T.	Shirley, E.	East, J.
kell, J. M.	Hepburn, Sir W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Inglis, Sir R.

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135. Forty-second Clause, "Incumbents to answer queries transmitted to them by the bishop:" — Pr. 19., l. 19., at the end of the clause, proposed to add the following words: — "And if such spiritual person shall wilfully refuse or neglect to transmit such answers, he shall forfeit a sum equal to the amount of *four per cent. on the* income of his benefice:" — (Mr. Hume): — Ques-

tion put, "That those words be there added:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 33, Noes 110.

AYES.

Baines, E.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Marsland, H.	Turner, W.	Wood, G.
Berkeley, Hn. C.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Protheroe, E.	Verney, Sir H.	Worsley, Lord
Bulwer, E. L.	Evans, Sir De L.	Rundle, J.	Vigors, N.	
Busfeild, W.	Evans, G.	Russell, Lord C.	White, A.	—
Clay, W.	Hindley, C.	Salwey, Col.	White, S.	
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Scholefield, J.	Wilbraham, G.	*Tellers.*
Duke, Sir J.	Lister, E. C.	Stanley, W. O.	Wilde, Serjt.	Hawes, B.
	Marshall, W.	Stansfield, W.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Hume, J.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hawkins, J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sibthorp, Col.
Acland, T. D.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E. J.
Adam, Sir C.	East, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
Ainsworth, P.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Sturt, H.
Alsager, Capt.	Eaton, R.	Hope, G.	Noel, W.	Talbot, J. H.
Bailey, J.	Egerton, W. T.	Hoskins, K.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Bailey, J. junior	Egerton, Sir P.	Hughes, W.	Pakington, J. S.	Townley, R.
Baring, Hon. B.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hurt, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Troubridge, Sir E.
Bewes, T.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, M.	Verner, Col.
Blair, J.	Evans, W.	Johnstone, H.	Parker, T.	Vernon, G. H.
Blunt, Sir C.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Jones, J.	Praed, W. M.	Villiers, Lord F.
Broadley, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kemble, H.	Pryme, G.	Vivian, Sir R.
Brocklehurst, J.	Freshfield, J.	Knight, H.	Pusey, P.	Wallace, R.
Brotherton, J.	Glynne, Sir S.	Knightley, Sir C.	Rice, E. R.	White, L.
Bruges, W. H. L.	Gordon, R.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Richards, R.	Wilkins, W.
Burroughes, H.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lefevre, C.	Rolleston, L.	Williams, W. A.
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Grey, Sir G.	Lockhart, A.	Round, C.	Winnington, H. A.
Childers, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, W.	Round, J.	Wood, T.
Codrington, C.	Guest, J.	Macleod, R.	Russell, Lord J.	—
Cole, Hon. A. H.	Halford, H.	Marsland, T.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	
Cole, Lord Visct.	Harcourt, G.	Maunsell, T.	Seymour, Lord	*Tellers.*
Compton, H.	Hawkes, T.	Monypenny, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Campbell, Sir J.
Courtenay, P.		Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sheppard, T.	Wood, C.
			Shirley, E. J.	

No. 136. SHERIFFS' COURTS (SCOTLAND) BILL.—Report further considered; Bill recommitted; considered in Committee:—(in Committee).—Fifteenth Clause, "Preparation of Records:"—Question put, "That the Clause stand part of the Bill:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 61, Noes 29.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Horsman, E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Townley, R.
Adam, Sir C.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hoskins, K.	Pease, J.	Vivian, Sir R.
Ainsworth, P.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Howard, F.	Price, Sir R.	White, A.
Archbold, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Howard, P. H.	Pryme, G.	Wilbraham, G.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Howard, R.	Redington, T.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Hume, J.	Rice, E. R.	Williams, W. A.
Blunt, Sir C.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Russell, Lord C.	Winnington, H. A.
Brotherton, J.	Gordon, R.	Lefevre, C.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.
Cavendish, Hn. C.	Hastie, A.	Macleod, R.	Scholefield, J.	—
Curry, W.	Heathcote, G. J.	Maher, J.	Sharpe, Gen.	
Dennistoun, J.	Heneage, E.	Marshall, W.	Smith, R.	*Tellers.*
Duke, Sir J.	Hill, Lord A.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Stanley, E. J.	Steuart, R.
Dundas, C.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morris, D.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.	Wallace, R.
		Murray, Rt. Hn. J.		

NOES.

Barneby, J.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Johnstone, H.	Pakington, J.	Verner, Col.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Grimsditch, T.	Kemble, H.	Rolleston, L.	Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Blair, J.	Hale, R.	Lockhart, A.	Round, C.	—
Bramston, T.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	*Tellers.*
Cole, Lord Visct.	Hope, G. W.	Monypenny, T.	Sheppard, T.	Mackenzie, W.
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hughes, W.	Ossulston, Lord	Sinclair, Sir G.	Rae, Sir W.
Farnham, E.	Hurt, F.			

COURT OF SESSION, &c. (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Report further considered; recommitted; considered in Committee: — (in Committee.) — Eighteenth se, "Appointment of extractors:" Motion made, and Question put, at the clause stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 44, 29.

AYES.

Hn.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Howard, P. H.	Ponsonby, C. F. A.	Talbot, J. H.
	Evans, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	Vivian, Sir R.
	Ferguson, Sir Ron.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	White, A.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Maher, J.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. A.
		Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Scholefield, J.	Winnington, H.
ı. C.	Hastie, A.	Morris, D.	Smith, R. V.	Wood, G.
.	Hill, Lord A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	
	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Palmerston, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stuart, V.	Horsman, E.
. D.	Hoskins, K.	Pease, J.	Style, Sir C.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hume, J.	Pringle, A.	Verner, Col.
		Johnstone, H.	Round, C.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
	Hale, R. B.	Lockhart, A.	Sharpe, Gen.	
	Hawes, B.	Mackenzie, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	
sct.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, W.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
I.	Hope, G.	Monypenny, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Rae, Sir W.
.	Hughes, W.	Packe, C. W.	Thompson, Ald.	Wallace, R.

FIRST FRUITS AND TENTHS. — Motion made, and Question put, "That House will resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, to take consideration the propriety of abolishing the First Friuts of the clergy in land and Wales, and the more effectual rating and the better collection of Tenths applicable to the maintenance of the poor clergy:" — (Mr. ES:) — The House divided; Ayes 48, Noes 27.

AYES.

	Duncombe, T.	Marsland, H.	Stansfield, W.	White, L.
	Grimsditch, T.	Ord, W.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. A.
	Hawes, B.	Parker, R.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wood, G.
	Heathcoat, J.	Pease, J.	Stuart, V.	Young, J.
	Hindley, C.	Pendarves, E.	Strickland, Sir G.	
, J.	Hughes, W.	Philips, M.	Style, Sir C.	
I.	Hume, J.	Pryme, G.	Talfourd, Serjt.	
Col.	Humphery, J.	Roche, D.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
	Lemon, Sir C.	Rundle, J.	Turner, W.	Baines, E.
	Lister, E. C.	Salwey, Col.	Vigors, N.	Knight, H.
	Lushington, C.	Stanley, W. O.	White, A.	

NOES.

.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Houstoun, G.	Pusey, P.	Wood, C.
	Freshfield, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	
Lord	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Maunsell, T.	Richards, R.	
		Nicholl, J.	Round, C.	
.	Hinde, J. H.	Palmer, R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Ox.U.)	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Palmerston, Lord		Maule, Hon. F.
(Dev.)	Hodgson, R.	Perceval, Col.	Vivian, J. E.	Rolfe, Sir R.

BONDED CORN BILL. — Order for second reading read; Motion made, and estion proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amend- nt proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question dd the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the d 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 150, es 220. — *(May 9.)*

AYES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.
Aglionby, H.
Ainsworth, P.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, Hon. F.
Barnard, E.
Barron, H.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R. M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, W.
Blakemore, R.
Bolling, W.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brotherton, J.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Cavendish, Hn. G.
Chalmers, P.
Clay, W.
Clive, E. B.
Codrington, Sir E.
Collier, J.
Colquhoun, J.
Currie, R.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Davies, Col.
Dennistoun, J.
Divett, E.
Duff, J.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, Capt. D.
Easthope, J.
Eliot, Lord
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.
Erle, W.
Evans, Sir De L.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Feilden, W.
Ferguson, R.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fort, J.
Gillon, W.
Hall, B.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hector, C.
Heron, Sir R.
Hinde, J. H.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hope, G.
Horsman, E.
Howard, P. H.
Hume, J.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, Sir W.
Jephson, C.
Johnson, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Loch, J.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Maule, Hon. F.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
Ord, W.
Palmer, C. F.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, Mark
Philips, G.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Reid, Sir J.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rundle, J.
Salwey, Col.
Sandon, Ld. Vt.
Scrope, G. P.
Sharpe, Gen.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, R. V.
Steuart, R.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tennent, J. E.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, J. H.
Wakley, T.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Westenra, Hn.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Williams, W. A.
Winnington, Sir
Wood, Col. T.
Wood, T.
Worsley, Lord
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Villiers, C.
Seale, Col.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
Alford, Lord Vt.
Alsager, Capt.
Alston, R.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Archdale, M.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Lord
Barry, G.
Bell, M.
Benett, J.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blake, M.
Blennerhassett, A.
Bowes, J.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H.
Campbell, W.
Cantalupe, Lord
Cartwright, W.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cayley, E.
Chetwynd, Major
Christopher, R.
Chute, W. L.
Clerk, Sir G.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A. H.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Compton, H. C.
Conolly, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Crewe, Sir G.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Etwall, R.
Farnham, E.
Fector, J.
Fellowes, E.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Forester, Hon. G.
French, F.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Glynne, Sir S.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goring, H.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greenaway, C.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Handley, H.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heathcote, G. J.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hn. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, H.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Irving, J.
Jones, J.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J. H.
Lygon, Hn. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Macnamara, Major
Mahon, Lord
Maidstone, Lord
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Noel, W.
O'Neil, Hon. J. B.
Packe, C.
Paget, F.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, T.
Pease, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Polhill, F.
Powell, Col.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W. M.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Sanderson, R.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scarlett, Hon. R.
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, John
Sturt, H.
Surrey, Earl of
Towneley, R.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Tyrrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Lord F.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H. S.
Wall, C. B.
Walsh, Sir J.
Welby, G.
Williams, R.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Winnington, H. J.
Wodehouse, E.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J.
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Chandos, Marq.
Fremantle, Sir T.

CUSTODY OF INFANTS BILL. — Reported; Amendments agreed to: — ion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be ingrossed:" — The House ded; Ayes 91, Noes 18.

AYES.

, Hon.	Chester, H.	Hope, G. W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Talbot, J. H.
	Chichester, J. P.	Horsman, E.	Muskett, G.	Thornely, T.
.	Courtenay, P.	Howard, P. H.	O'Brien, W. S.	Turner, E.
	Craig, W.	Hughes, W.	Palmer, C.	Vigors, N.
.	Davies, Col.	Hume, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Villiers, C. P.
A.	Dennistoun, J.	Hutton, R.	Pease, J.	Wakley, T.
	D'Israeli, B.	Inglis, Sir R.	Protheroe, E.	Wallace, R.
Lord	Dundas, F.	Jephson, C.	Pryme, G.	White, A.
	Ellis, J.	Jervis, S.	Rice, E. R.	Wilkins, W.
	Evans, W.	Kirk, P.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Fort, J.	Lister, E.	Rickford, W.	Williams, W. A.
ir W.	Freshfield, J.	Lockhart, A.	Roche, W.	Wood, G.
, J.	Gibson, T.	Lynch, A.	Rolleston, L.	Young, J. (Cav.)
J.	Greenaway, C.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.	
	Grimsditch, T.	Macleod, R.	Salwey, Col.	
C.	Hall, B.	Mahon, Ld. Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
	Handley, H.	Marshall, W.	Strickland, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
'.	Harvey, D. W.	Marsland, H.	Strutt, E.	Praed, W. M.
	Hector, C.	Maule, W. H.	Surrey, Earl of	Talfourd, Serjt.
ir M.	Hindley, C.	Milnes, R.		

NOES.

R.	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, W.	Turner, W.	*Tellers.*
Y.	Hawkes, T.	Pringle, A.	Warburton, H.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
	Heathcote, Sir W.	Round, C.	Wood, Col.	
).	Humphery, J.	Sugden, Sir E.	Wood, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
	Jervis, J.			

COPYRIGHT BILL. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Ques- proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment posed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in er to add the words "this House will, upon this day six months, resolve lf into the said Committee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the ds proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House ided; Ayes 116, Noes 64.

AYES.

D.	Cripps, J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Miles, P. W.	Rolleston, L.
	Curry, W.	Heathcote, G. J.	Milnes, R.	Round, C.
, Hon.	Darby, G.	Hector, C.	Monypenny, T.	Rundle, J.
	Darlington, Earl	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Rushbrooke, Col.
.	Davies, Col.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord
/.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hillsborough, Earl	Morris, D.	Sandon, Lord
nior	Egerton, W.	Holmes, W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
B.	Ellis, J.	Hope, G.	Neeld, Joseph	Sinclair, Sir G.
Lord	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Horsman, E.	Neeld, John	Slaney, R.
ord G.	Etwall, R.	Howick, Lord	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Talbot, J. H.
n. G.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hutton, R.	Packe, C.	Tancred, H.
	Freshfield, J.	Ingham, R.	Palmer, C.	Vere, Sir C.
T.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jenkins, R.	Palmer, R.	Vigors, N.
L.	Gladstone, W.	Kirk, P.	Parker T.	Vivian, J.
C.	Glynne, Sir S.	Lambton, H.	Patten, J.	Waddington, H.
V.	Gordon, R.	Lascelles, Hn. W.	Perceval, Col.	Walsh, Sir J.
Lord	Graham, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.	Powerscourt, Lord	Wilkins, W.
Hn. C.	Greene, T.	Lockhart, A.	Praed, W. M.	Winnington, T. E.
Hn. G.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Price, Sir R.	Wyse, T.
Marq. of	Grimston, Lord	Mackenzie, W.	Price, R.	
, C.	Halford, H.	Macleod, R.	Pringle, A.	
H.	Handley, H.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Protheroe, E.	*Tellers.*
	Harland, W.	Master, T.	Pusey, P.	Inglis, Sir R.
	Hawkes, T.	Maunsell, T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Talfourd, Serjt.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Duke, Sir J.	Hume, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Duncombe, T.	Jephson, C.	Pease, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Aglionby, H.	East, J.	Jervis, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.
Alsager, Capt.	Easthope, J.	Jervis, S.	Philips, M.	Turner, W.
Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Eastnor, Lord	Jones, J.	Pryme, G.	Villiers, C. P.
Bannerman, A.	Evans, W.	Kelly, F.	Rice, E.	Wall, C. B.
Briscoe, J.	Fort, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Richards, R.	Wallace, R.
Brotherton, J.	Gillon, W.	Lister, E.	Roche, W.	White, A.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hale, R.	Marshall, W.	Roche, D.	Williams, W. (Co.)
Busfeild, W.	Hawkins, J.	Marsland, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. A.
Chalmers, P.	Hayter, W.	Maule, Hon. F.	Salwey, Col.	
Colquhoun, J.	Hinde, J.	Nicholl, J.	Somerset, Lord G.	*Tellers.*
Dennistoun, J.	Hindley, C.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Stuart, V.	Wakley, T.
Dowdeswell, W.	Hughes, W.		Strutt, E.	Warburton, H.

No. 142. SALMON FISHERIES (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Debate be adjourned till this day:" — (Mr. BROTHERTON:) — The House divided; Ayes 37, Noes 41.

AYES.

Bentinck, Lord G.	Fox, G.	Jervis, J.	Protheroe, E.	Warburton, H.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lockhart, A.	Richards, R.	Williams, W. (Co.)
Codrington, C.	Gordon, R.	Lynch, A.	Rundle, J.	
Colquhoun, J. C.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
Conolly, E.	Handley, H.	Macleod, R.	Thornely, T.	
Curry, W.	Hawkes, T.	Maule, Hon. F.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hayter, W.	Morris, D.	Wakley, T.	Brotherton, J.
Dennistoun, J.	Hepburn, Sir T.	O'Connell, M.	Wallace, R.	Chalmers, P.
Evans, W.	Hume, J.	Powerscourt, Lord		

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Blair, J.	Gibson, T.	Lefevre, C.	Rushbrooke, Col.
	Callaghan, D.	Gillon, W.	Mackenzie, W.	Talbot, J. H.
Aglionby, H.	Campbell, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Williams, W. A.
Alston, R.	Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.	Hale, R.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Craig, W.	Hillsborough, Earl	Nicholl, J.	
	Dunbar, G.	Hinde, J. H.	Patten, J.	
Archbold, R.	Duncombe, T.	Hughes, W.	Pechell, Capt.	*Tellers.*
Ball, N.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Jackson, Serjt.	Perceval, Col.	Green, T.
Bannerman, A.	Etwall, R.	Jephson, C.	Pringle, A.	Holmes, W.
Barrington, Lord	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	

No. 143. Question again proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Whereupon Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the House do now adjourn:" — (Mr. CHALMERS:) — Motion, by leave, withdrawn: — Question again proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Whereupon Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the House do now adjourn:" — (LORD GEORGE BENTINCK:) — Motion, by leave, withdrawn: — Original Question put, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 45, Noes 14.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jephson, C.	Pechell, Capt.
	Callaghan, D.	Gibson, T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Perceval, Col.
Aglionby, H.	Clerk, Sir G.	Gillon, W.	Lochhart, A.	Powerscourt, Lord
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Codrington, C.	Gordon, R.	Lynch, A.	Pringle, A.
Archbold, R.	Craig, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mackenzie, W.	Protheroe, E.
Ball, N.	Curry, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bannerman, A.	Darby, G.	Hawkes, T.	Nicholl, J.	
Barrington, Lord	Dunbar, G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	O'Connell, M.	*Tellers.*
Blair, J.	Etwall, R.	Hinde, J. H.	Patten, J. W.	Campbell, W.
Brotherton, J.	Fox, G.	Hughes, W.	Pease, J.	Holmes, W.

NOES.

rd G.	Mackenzie, T.	Richards, R.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
d. Vt.	Macleod, R.	Rundle, J.	Wakley, T.	Chalmers, P.
J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Warburton, H.	Wallace, R.
	Mordaunt, Sir J.			

Benefices Plurality Bill. — Considered in Committee: — (in Comee.) — Ninety-fourth Clause, "Bishop who shall grant or revoke a licence curate to cause a copy to be entered in the registry of his diocese; Registo transmit a copy to the churchwardens or chapelwardens of the parish; istrar to be entitled to demand from the incumbent a fee of :" — endment proposed, l. 25., p. 41., after the word "from," to insert the ls "the same respectively:" — (Sir Robert Harry Inglis:) — Quesput, "That the words 'the same respectively' be inserted:" — The Comee divided; Ayes 47, Noes 49. — (May 11.)

AYES.

	Darby, G.	Halford, H.	Monypenny, T.	Vere, Sir C.
or.)	East, J.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Vernon, G.
tt, A.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morgan, C.	Wood, T.
	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hodgson, R.	O'Neil, Hon. J.	Young, Sir W.
	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Hope, G. W.	Pusey, P.	
	Fellowes, E.	Hughes, W.	Rickford, W.	
	Filmer, Sir E.	Kemble, H.	Rose, Sir G.	
H.	Freshfield, J.	Law, Hon. C.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sibthorp, Col.	Inglis, Sir R.
t.	H.	Mackenzie, T.	Sugden, Sir E.	Nicholl, J.
.	Grimsditch, T.	Marsland, T.		

NOES.

Hon.	Craig, W.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
	Dalmeny, Lord	Macleod, R.	Seymour, Lord	Williams, W. A.
.	Evans, Sir De L.	Maule, Hon. F.	Stanley, W. O.	Winnington, T. E.
.	Evans, G.	Morris, D.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, G.
	Evans, W.	Palmer, C.	Stuart, Lord J.	
A.	Fergusson, Right	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Style, Sir C.	
	Hon. R. C.	Pechell, Capt.	Tancred, H.	
n. H.	Hastie, A.	Philips, M.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	*Tellers.*
	Hawes, B.	Rice, E.	C. P.	Labouchere, Rt.
, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.	Thornely, T.	Hn. H.
.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Turner, E.	Smith, V.
	Lefevre, C.	Russell, Lord J.	Turner, W.	

Clause brought up, and read: — "And be it enacted, that from and after decease of any spiritual person holding any benefice, to which a house of idence is annexed, and in which he shall have been residing at the time of decease, it shall be lawful for the widow or the family, or the legal repreatives of such spiritual person, to reside in such house for any period not eding three months after the decease of such spiritual person, holding and ying therewith the garden and glebe land (if any) belonging to such house, ie same manner as such spiritual person might have held and enjoyed the e; provided that the quantity of garden and glebe land so held shall in ase exceed ten acres:" — (Colonel Sibthorp:) — Question put, "That Clause be read a second time:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 36, s 95.

AYES.

	Brownrigg, S.	Cole, Lord Visct.	D'Israeli, S.	Grimsditch, T.
ıior	Bruges, W.	Colquhoun, J.	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, R.
W.	Burrell, Sir C.	Copeland, Ald.	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
	Canning, Sir S.	De Horsey, S.	Freshfield, J.	Mackenzie, T.

Mackenzie, W.	Morgan, C.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Marsland, T.	Morris, D.	Somerset, Lord G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Sibthorp, Col.
Meynell, Capt.	Perceval, Col.	Stewart, John	Wood, G.	Clerk, Sir G.
Monypenny, T.	Pusey, P.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Young, Sir W.	

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Davies, Col.	Hope, G. W.	Palmerston, Visct.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Adam, Adml.	Dennistoun, J.	Houstoun, G.	Pechell, Capt.	
Aglionby, H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Howard, P.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Thornely, T.
Baines, E.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Philips, M.	Towneley, R.
Beamish, F.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hughes, W.	Phillpotts, J.	Verney, Sir H.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hutt, W.	Pringle, A.	Vivian, Sir H.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Protheroe, E.	Waddington, H.
Blair, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Johnstone, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wallace, R.
Bramston, T.	Evans, W.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	White A.
Brocklehurst, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Law, Hon. C.	Rolleston, J.	White, S.
Brotherton, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lefevre, C. S.	Rose, Sir G.	Williams, W. A.
Bryan, G.	Gillon, W.	Lockhart, A.	Russell, Lord J.	Winnington, Sir T.
Bulwer, E. L.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lowther, J. H.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
Burroughes, H.	Greene, T.	Macleod, R.	Scholefield, J.	Wood, T.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hill, Lord A.	Marsland, H.	Seale, Col.	
Chetwynd, Major	Hindley, C.	Martin, J.	Smith, R. V.	—
Childers, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Stansfield, W.	
Courtenay, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Melgund, Lord	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Craig, W.	Holmes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stuart, H.	Parker, J.
Darby, G.		Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Strickland, Sir G.	Rolfe, Sir H.
		Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.	

No. 146. SCHOOLS (SCOTLAND) BILL.—Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:"—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 79, Noes 12.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Meynell, Capt.	Sheppard, T.
Adam, Adml.	Davies, Col.	Holmes, W.	Miles, P. W.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Alsager, Capt.	De Horsey, S.	Hope, H. W.	Morgan, C.	Style, Sir C.
Bagge, W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Houstoun, G.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Bailey, J. junior	Dundas, Capt. D.	Hughes, W.	Morris, D.	Trevor, Hon. G.
Beamish, F.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hutt, W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Vivian, Sir H.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Ingham, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Waddington, H.
Blackstone, W.	Evans, Sir De L.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Blair, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Johnstone, H.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Williams, W. A.
Brotherton, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	Winnington, H. J.
Bruges, W.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lockhart, A.	Prothero, E.	Young, Sir W.
Burroughes, H.	Glynne, Sir S.	Lowther, J. H.	Pusey, P.	
Clerk, Sir G.	Gordon, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	—
Cole, Lord Visct.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, W.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
Colquhoun, J.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Macleod, R.	Rose, Sir G.	Maule, Hon. F.
Craig, W.	Hinde, J. H.	Martin, J.	Round, C.	Steuart, R.
		Melgund, Lord	Rushbrooke, Col.	

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Scholefield, J.	*Tellers.*
Baines, E.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Philips, M.	Strickland, Sir G.	Gillon, J.
Dundas, C. W. D.	Marsland, H.	Salwey, Col.	Vigors, N.	Dennistoun, J.

No. 147. FREEMEN'S ADMISSION BILL.—Order for second reading read; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be now read a second time:"—The House divided; Ayes 55, Noes 30.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	De Horsey, S.	Houstoun, G.	Miles, P.	Sibthorp, Col.
Bagge, W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Howard P.	Morris, D.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bailey, J. junior	Dunbar, G.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Egerton, Sir P.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Trevor, Hon. G.
Blackstone, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Johnstone, H.	Pringle, A.	Waddington, H.
Blair, J.	Gaskell, J.	Kelly, F.	Protheroe, E.	Winnington, T. E.
Bruges, W.	Glynne, Sir S.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	Young, Sir W.
Burroughes, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rose, Sir G.	
Clerk, Sir G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Lowther, J. H.	Round, C.	
Cole, Lord Vt.	Hinde, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, W.	Scholefield, J.	Holmes, W.
Davies, Col.	Hope, G. W.	Meynell, Capt.	Sheppard, T.	Williams, W.

NOES.

Adam, Adml.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wallace, R.
Beamish, F. B.	Gillon, W.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
Brotherton, J.	Hutt, W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.	
Craig, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strickland, Sir G.	
Dennistoun, J.	Macleod, R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Dundas, C. W. D	Marsland, H.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.	Baines, E.
Dundas, Capt. D.	Martin, J.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	Aglionby, H.

No. 148. Tithes (Ireland). — Order for committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" —

Resolutions of the House, of 7th of April, 1835, read, as follow: —

"Resolved, That any surplus revenue of the present Church Establishment in Ireland, not required for the spiritual care of its members, be applied to the moral and religious education of all classes of the people, without distinction of religious persuasion, providing for the resumption of such surplus, or of any such part of it as may be required by an increase in the number of the members of the Established Church."

"Resolved, That it is the opinion of this House, that no measure upon the subject of tithes in Ireland can lead to a satisfactory and final adjustment, which does not embody the principle contained in the foregoing Resolution."

Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "the said Resolutions be rescinded," instead thereof: — (Sir Thomas Acland:) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 317, Noes 298. — (May 15.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G.	Bentinck, Lord W.	Bulwer, E. L.	Codrington, Adm.	Dundas, Capt. D.
Acheson, Ld. Vt.	Berkeley, Hon. H.	Busfeild, W.	Collier, J.	Dundas, F.
Adam, Adm.	Berkeley, Hon. G.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Collins, W.	Dundas, Hon. J.
Aglionby, H.	Berkeley, Hon. C.	Byng, G.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Dundas, Hon. T.
Aglionby, Major	Bernal, R.	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Craig, W.	Easthope, J.
Ainsworth, P.	Bewes, T.	Callaghan, D.	Crawford, W.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Alston, R.	Blackett, C.	Campbell, Sir J.	Crompton, S.	Edwards, J.
Andover, Lord Vt.	Blake, M. J.	Campbell, W.	Currie, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Blake, W.	Carnac, Sir J.	Curry, W.	Ellice, Capt.
Anson, Sir G.	Blewitt, R. J.	Cave, R. O.	Dalmeny, Lord	Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.
Archbold, R.	Blunt, Sir C.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Dashwood, G. H.	Erle, W.
Attwood, T.	Bodkin, J.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Davies, Col.	Etwall, R.
Bainbridge, E.	Bowes, J.	Cayley, E.	Denison, W.	Evans, Sir De L.
Baines, E.	Brabazon, Lord	Chalmers, P.	Dennistoun, J.	Evans, G.
Ball, N.	Brabazon, Sir W.	Chapman, Sir M.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Evans, W.
Bannerman, A.	Bridgeman, H.	Chester, H.	Divett, E.	Fazakerley, J.
Barnard, E.	Briscoe, J.	Chetwynd, Major	Duckworth, S.	Fenton, J.
Barron, H. W.	Brocklehurst, J.	Chichester, J.	Duff, J.	Ferguson, Sir Ron.
Barry, G.	Brodie, W.	Childers, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Beamish, F.	Brotherton, J.	Clay, W.	Duncan, Lord Vt.	Ferguson, R.
Bellew, R. M.	Browne, R. D.	Clayton, Sir W.	Duncombe, T.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Benett, J.	Bryan, G.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Finch, F.
	Buller, E.	Clive, E. B.		

Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, P.
Fort, J.
French, F.
Gillon, W. D.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Ld. R.
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Hallyburton, Lord
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Heneage, E.
Heron, Sir R.
Hill, Lord A.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F. J.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Johnson, Gen.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Leveson, Lord
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P. St. John
Milton, Lord
Moreton, Hon. A.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Breen, C.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, D.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, R.
Ord, W.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C.
Palmerston, Ld.Vt.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Potter, R.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Pryse, P.
Pusey, P.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T. N.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G. P.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Shelborne, Earl
Slaney, R. A.
Smith, J.
Smith, B.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R. V.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, Alexander
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Talbot, C. R.
Talbot, J.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Major
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wakley, T.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Wemyss, J.
Westenra, Hon. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Wilkins, W.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Winnington, H.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G. W.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Alford, Lord Visct.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.
Archdall, M.
Ashley, Lord
Ashley, Hon. H.
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, Hon. F.
Baring, Hon. W.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Lord
Bateson, Sir R.
Bell, M.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bethell, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blakemore, R.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bolling, W.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burdett, Sir F.
Burr, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H.
Calcraft, J. H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.
Cartwright, W.
Castlereagh, Ld. Vt.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chapman, A.
Chisholme, A.
Chute, W.
Clerk, Sir G.
Clive, Lord Visct.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Colquhoun, J. C.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Coote, Sir C.
Copeland, Ald.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Crewe, Sir G.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl of
Davenport, J.
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Fector, J.
Feilden, W.
Fellowes, E.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fox, G.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, Hon. Col.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G. G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heuniker, Lord
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hillsborough, Earl of
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, G. W.
Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnston, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Ker, D.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lincoln, Earl of
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Maclean, D.
Mahon, Lord Vt.

Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Owen, Sir J.	Price, R.	Somerset, Lord G.	Walsh, Sir J.
Manners, Lord C.	Packe, C.	Pringle, A.	Spry, Sir S.	Welby, G.
Marsland, T.	Pakington, J.	Rae, Sir W.	Stanley, E.	Whitmore, T.
Marton, G.	Palmer, R.	Reid, Sir J.	Stanley, Lord	Wilbraham, Hn.B.
Master, T.	Palmer, G.	Richards, R.	Stewart, John	Williams, R.
Mathew, G.	Parker, M.	Rickford, W.	Stuart, H.	Williams, T.
Maunsell, T.	Parker, R.	Rolleston, L.	Stormont, Lord	Wilmot, Sir J.
Maxwell, H.	Parker, T. A. W.	Rose, Rt.Hn.SirG.	Sturt, H.	Wodehouse, E.
Meynell, Capt.	Patten, J.	Round, C.	Sugden, Sir E.	Wood, Col. T.
Miles, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Round, J.	Teignmouth, Lord	Wood, T.
Miles, P.	Peel, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Tennent, J.	Wyndham, W.
Miller, W.	Pemberton, T.	Rushout, G.	Thomas, Col.	Wynn, Rt.Hn.C.W.
Milnes, R.	Perceval, Col.	St. Paul, H.	Thompson, Ald.	Wynn, Sir W.
Monypenny, T.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Sanderson, R.	Thornhill, G.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Mordaunt, Sir J.	Pigot, R.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Trench, Sir F.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Morgan, C. M. R.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Trevor, Hon. G.	Young, Sir W.
Neeld, James	Polhill, F.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Vere, Sir C.	
Neeld, John	Pollen, Sir J.	Sheppard, T.	Verner, Col.	
Nicholl, J.	Pollock, Sir F.	Shirley, E.	Vernon, G.	
Norreys, Lord	Powell, Col.	Sibthorp, Colonel	Villiers, Lord	*Tellers.*
Northland, Ld. Vt.	Powerscourt, Lord Visct.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Vivian, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.
O'Neil, Hon. J.	Praed, W.	Smith, A.	Waddington, H.	Baring, H.
Ossulston, Lord		Smyth, Sir G.	Wall, C.	

No. 149. BILL FOR THE MORE EFFECTUAL RECOVERY OF SMALL DEBTS IN THE JUSTICES OF PEACE COURTS (SCOTLAND) — (in Committee). — Second Clause, "Justices of the Peace to hear and determine causes for sums not exceeding :" — Proposed to fill the blank, p. 2., l. 17., with "one hundred pounds Scots:" — Afterwards proposed, to fill the blank with "five pounds sterling:" — Question put, "That the blank be filled with 'one hundred pounds Scots:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 60, Noes 40. — (May 16.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Clerk, Sir G.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hughes, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Gore, O. W.	Jones, J.	Somerset, Lord G.
Bagge, W.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Graham, Sir J.	Lockhart, A.	Stewart, J.
Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Stuart, V.
Baillie, Col.	Egerton, W.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Meynell, Capt.	Verner, Col.
Blackstone, W.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hawkes, T.	Morgan, C.	Waddington, H.
Blair, J.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)	Henniker, Lord	Nicholl, J.	Wood, T.
Boldero, H.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hepburn, Sir T.	Parker, R. T.	Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Broadley, H.	Farnham, E.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Brownrigg, S.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hinde, J.	Rolleston, L.	
Burrell, Sir C.	Fleming, J.	Hodgson, R.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Chandos, Marq. of	Forester, Hon. G.	Holmes, W.	Round, J.	Rae, Sir W.
	Gaskell, J. M.	Houstoun, G.	Sheppard, T.	Pringle, A.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Campbell, Sir J.	Fort, J.	O'Brien, C.	Villiers, C.
Aglionby, H.	Chalmers, P.	Hall, B.	Parrott, J.	Wallace, R.
Aglionby, Major	Collier, J.	Hector, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Warburton, H.
Alston, R.	Courtenay, P.	Hume, J.	Scholefield, J.	Wemyss, J.
Archbold, R.	Craig, W.	Hutton, R.	Smith, B.	Williams, W.(Cov.)
Barnard, E.	Davies, Col.	Lister, E.	Stanley, E. J.	
Barry, G.	Dennistoun, J.	Lushington, C.	Stewart, J.	*Tellers.*
Brotherton, J.	Duff, J.	Macleod, R.	Thornely, T.	Maule, Hon. Fox
	Elliot, Hon. J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Vigors, N.	Gillon, W.

No. 150. Third Clause, "Service of summons in such causes:" — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 75, Noes 14.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Alston, R.	Archbold, R.	Baillie, Col.	Blair, J.
Aglionby, H.	Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Bagge, W.	Barrington, Lord	Boldero, H.
		Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Blackstone, W.	Broadley, H.

Brotherton, J.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morgan, C.	Stanley, E. J.
Brownrigg, S.	Farnham, E.	Hinde, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stewart, James
Burrell, Sir C.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Stewart, John.
Campbell, Sir J.	Fleming, J.	Holmes, W.	Parker, R.	Verner, Col.
Chandos, Marq. of	Forester, Hon. G.	Houstoun, G.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Waddington, H.
Cole, Lord Vt.	Gaskell, J. M.	Hughes, W.	Rae, Sir W.	Warburton, H.
Courtenay, P.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Jones, J.	Rolleston, L.	Wood, T.
Craig, W.	Gore, O. W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Round, C.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Graham, Sir J.	Lister, E.	Round, J.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Davies, Col.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Scholefield, J.	
Duff, J.	Hall, B.	Mackenzie, T.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hawkes, T.	Macleod, R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Clerk, Sir G.
Egerton, W.	Henniker, Lord	Maule, Hon. Fox	Somerset, Lord G.	Pringle, A.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)				

NOES.

Aglionby, Major	Hume, J.	Smith, B.	Villiers, C.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Lushington, C.	Thornely, T.	Wemyss, J.	Wallace, R.
Dennistoun, J.	Parrott, J.	Vigors, N.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Gillon, W.
Hector, C.	Pechell, Capt.			

No. 151. Eighteenth Clause, "Decree of Justices not subject to review:"—Question put, "That the Clause stand part of the Bill:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 55, Noes 10.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Chandos, Marq. of	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Lister, E.	Rolleston, L.
Alston, R.	Codrington, C.	Forester Hon. G.	Lockhart, A.	Round, C.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Mackenzie, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bagge, W.	Courtenay, P.	Gaskell, J. M.	Mackenzie, W.	Smith, B.
Barrington, Lord	Craig, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Macleod, R.	Somerset, Lord G.
Blackstone, W.	Darby, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Wood, T.
Blair, J.	Davies, Col.	Grimsditch, T.	Nicholl, J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Boldero, H.	Duff, J.	Hawkes, T.	Pakington, J.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Broadley, H.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Parker, R.	
Brownrigg, S.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Houstoun, G.	Perceval, Hon. G.	*Tellers.*
Campbell, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hughes, W.	Rae, Sir W.	Clerk, Sir G.
	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hume, J.	Richards, R.	Pringle, A.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.		*Tellers.*
Aglionby, Major	Stewart, James	Warburton, H.		Wallace, R.
Chalmers, P.	Thornely, T.	Wemyss, J.		Gillon, W.
Dennistoun, J.				

No. 152. Prisons (Scotland) Bill — (in Committee). — Second Clause, "Gene Board of Directors of Prisons:" — Amendment proposed, p. 4., l. 26., af "Edinburgh," to insert "and nine persons to be nominated severally by county boards, as hereinafter designed, of the nine counties of Scotland which the circuit courts are held:" — (Mr. Colquhoun:) — Question p "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divid Ayes 50, Noes 78. — (May 18.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Dunbar, G.	Hotham, Lord	Mackenzie, W.	Sheppard, T.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Forester, Hon. G.	Houstoun, G.	Manners, Lord C.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Baillie, Col.	Gibson, T.	Hurt, F.	Maxwell, H.	Somerset, Lord
Blair, J.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Jackson, Serjt.	Monypenny, T.	Stuart, H.
Broadley, H.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	James, Sir W.	Nicholl, J.	Stuart, Lord J.
Chute, W. L.	Graham, Sir J.	Johnstone, H.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.
Clerk, Sir G.	Grimsditch, T.	Jones, J.	Pringle, A.	Waddington, H.
Cresswell, C.	Hawkes, T.	Kelly, F.	Round, C.	
Darby, G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Lockhart, A.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Colquhoun, J.
Duffield, T.		Mackenzie, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Hope, G. W.

NOES.

Hon.	Craig, W.	Hobhouse, T.	Pease, J.	Vivian, Sir R.
	Crompton, S.	Howard, F.	Pechell, Capt.	Walker, R.
.	Curry, W.	Howard, P.	Pryme, G.	Wallace, R.
ajor	Dennistoun, J.	Hume, J.	Rae, Sir W.	Warburton, H.
	Duke, Sir J.	James, W.	Redington, N.	Wemyss, J.
	Dundas, C. W. D.	Johnson, Gen.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilde, Serjt.
A.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. A.
	Dundas, F.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Wilshere, W.
n. H.	Dundas, Hon. T	Macleod, R.	Sharpe, Gen.	Wood, G.
	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Marsland, H.	Stanley, E. J.	Worsley, Lord
I.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Melgund, Lord	Style, Sir C.	Wyse, T.
, J.	R. C.	Morris, D.	Talbot, G.	Yates, J..
I.	Finch, F.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Talbot, J. H.	
).	Fitzroy, Lord C.	O'Brien, C.	Thornely, T.	
'.	Gillon, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Troubridge, Sir E.	*Tellers.*
	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M.	Turner, W.	Maule, Hon. Fox
	Hill, Lord A.	O'Ferrall, R.	Vigors, N.	Steuart, R.

Fourth Clause, "Secretary to the Board:"—Question put, "That the Cla d part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 68, Noes 40.

AYES.

Hon.	Crompton, S.	Hill, Lord A.	Pease, J.	Vigors, N.
	Curry, W.	Hobhouse, T.	Pechell, Capt.	Wallace, R.
I.	Dennistoun, J.	Howard, F.	Pryme, G.	Warburton, H.
ajor	Duke, Sir J.	Howard, P. H.	Redington, T.	Wemyss, J.
.	Dundas, C. W. D.	James, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilde, Serjt.
	Dundas, Capt. D.	Johnson, Gen.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. A.
A.	Dundas, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.
	Dundas, Hon. T.	Macleod, R.	Sharpe, Gen.	Worsley, Lord
H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Marsland, H.	Stanley, E. J.	Wyse, T.
, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Melgund, Lord	Stuart, Lord J.	Yates, J.
J.	R. C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Style, Sir C.	
).	Finch, F.	O'Brien, C.	Talbot, C. R.	
'.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Talbot, J. H.	*Tellers.*
.	Gillon, W.	O'Connell, M.	Thornely, T.	Maule, Hon. Fox
	Hawes, B.	O'Ferrall, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

Hon.	Duffield, T.	Hope, G. W.	Mackenzie, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.
	Dunbar, G.	Houstoun, G.	Manners, Lord C.	Verner, Col.
	Forester, Hon. G.	Hurt, F.	Nicholl, J.	Waddington, H.
	Gibson, T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmer, G.	
.	Gladstone, W.	James, Sir W.	Perceval, Col.	
..	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Johnstone, H.	Pringle, A.	
.	H.	Jones, J.	Rae, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
J. C.	Graham, Sir J.	Kelly, F.	Round, C.	Lockhart, A.
.	Grimsditch, T	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Sheppard, T.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.
	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, T.		

Thirteenth Clause, "Board to provide necessary prison accommodation of ry kind:" — Amendment proposed, p. 8., l. 44., to leave out the words "and ticularly for training the prisoners in good and industrious habits, by em- ying them in useful labour, by affording them religious and moral instruction, by effecting their complete separation from vicious society:" — Question , "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Clause:" — The nmittee divided; Ayes 22, Noes 49.

AYES.

G.	Dundas, Hon. T.	James, Sir W.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.
J.	Finch, F.	Macleod, R.	Vigors, N.	
).	Hobhouse, T. B.	Melgund, Lord	Wallace, R.	*Tellers.*
, J.	Howard, F.	Nicholl, J.	Warburton, H.	Hawes, B.
	Inglis, Sir R.	Pechell, Capt.	Williams, W.	Pease, J.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Craig, W. G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Adam, Sir C.	Cresswell, C.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stuart, Lord J.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Curry, W.	Hope, G.	Palmer, G.	Talbot, J. H.
Archbold, R.	Duke, Sir J.	Houstoun, G.	Perceval, Col.	Worsley, Lord
Baillie, Col.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Howard, P. H.	Pringle, A.	Wyse, T.
Bannerman, A.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Jones, J.	Pryme, G.	
Beamish, F.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Kelly, F.	Rae, Sir W.	
Blair, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lockhart, A.	Redington, T.	
Campbell, W.	Gillon, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Clerk, Sir G.	Gladstone, W.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Sharpe, Gen.	Rolfe, Sir R.
	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sibthorp, Col.	Steuart, R.
		Murray, Rt. Hn. J.		

No. 155. Registration of Electors Bill — (in Committee). — Eighteenth Clause, "Town Clerk to give a notice, requiring freemen entitled to vote to send in their claims in certain cases:"—Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 76, Noes 69. — (May 21.)

AYES.

Aglionby, Major	Dundas, C. W.	Jervis, S.	Pendarves, E.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Ainsworth, P.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Lambton, H.	Roche, E.	Turner, E.
Beamish, F. B.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Russell, Lord J.	Verney, Sir H.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Evans, W.	Lennox, Lord G.	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.
Bewes, T.	Finch, F.	Loch, J.	Seymour, Lord	White, A.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Lushington, C.	Somerville, Sir W.	White, S.
Brotherton, J.	Fleetwood, P.	Macleod, R.	Stanley, W. O.	Williams, W.
Bulwer, E. L.	Grattan, H.	Marshall, W.	Stansfield, W.	Winnington, T. E.
Campbell, Sir J.	Grey, Sir C.	Marsland, H.	Staunton, Sir G.	Winnington, H. J.
Cavendish, Hon. G.	Hastie, A.	Maule, W.	Stewart, James	Wood, G.
Clive, E.	Hawkins, J.	Muskett, G. A.	Stuart, Lord J.	Yates, J. A.
Collier, J.	Hector, C.	O'Brien, C.	Strickland, Sir G.	
Crawford, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Paget, F.	Strutt, E.	
Crompton, S.	Hodges, T.	Parnell, Sir H.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Curry, W.	Howard, P.	Parrott, J.	Tancred, H.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.
Dalmeny, Lord	Hutt, W.	Pease, J.	Thornely, T.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Cresswell, C.	Gaskell, J. M.	Knightley, Sir C.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bailey, J.	Crewe, Sir G.	Gibson, T.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Sibthorp, Col.
Bailey, J. junior	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Greene, T.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Sugden, Sir E.
Baring, H. B.	Darby, G.	Harcourt, G. G.	Maclean, D.	Thornhill, G.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Harcourt, G. S.	Maunsell, T.	Vivian, J.
Blackburne, I.	Duckworth, S.	Hinde, J. H.	Miles, P. W. S.	Waddington, H.
Blackstone, W.	Duffield, T.	Hodgson, R.	Monypenny, T. G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bolling, W.	Duke, Sir J.	Hurt, F.	Morris, D.	Wood, T.
Broadley, H.	Eaton, R.	Inglis, Sir R.	Noel, W.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Bruges, W.	Egerton, W.	Irton, S.	Palmer, R.	
Burroughes, H.	Fector, J.	James, Sir W.	Richards, R.	
Clerk, Sir G.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jervis, J.	Rickford, W.	
Cole, Lord Visct.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Kemble, H.	Rose, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Copeland, Ald.	Follett, Sir W.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Round, C.	Praed, W.
Courtenay, P.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knight, H.	Round, J.	Sandon, Lord

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No. 156. Forty-third Clause, "Power to Barrister to give costs in certain cases to parties claiming or objecting:" — Proposed to fill the blank, page 19., line 32., with "ten shillings:" — Afterwards proposed to fill the blank with "five pounds:" — Question put, "That the blank be filled with 'ten shillings:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 77, Noes 29.

AYES.

Adam, Admi.	Barrington, Lord	Campbell, Sir J.	Davies, Col.	Dundas, Capt. D.
Aglionby, Major	Blackstone, W.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Easthope, J.
Alsager, Capt.	Bramston, T. W.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Duke, Sir J.	Erle, W.
Archbold, R.	Brotherton, J.	Clive, E.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Evans, W.
Barneby, J.	Bulwer, E. L.	Dashwood, G.		Finch, F.

ın. H.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pease, J.	Stanley, E. J.	Williams, W. A.
N.	Lynch, A.	Pechell, Capt.	Stanley, W. O.	Wilshere, W.
	Maclean, D.	Philips, M.	Stansfield, W.	Winnington, H. J.
	Marsland, H.	Price, Sir R.	Steuart, R.	Wood, G.
T. B.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Pryme, G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Wood, T.
	Morris, D.	Redington, T.		Worsley, Lord.
H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rich, H.	Thornely, T.	
. B.	O'Connell, D.	Russell, Lord J.	Townley, R.	———
	O'Connell, Morg.	Salwey, Col.	Turner, W.	
	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Seymour, Lord	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
	Packe, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Wallace, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Ion. C.	Palmerston, Lord	Somerville, Sir W.	Warburton, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.

NOES.

. I.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimsditch, T.	Parker, T.	Waddington, H. S.
C.	Egerton, Sir P.	Halé, R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	
r S.	Farnham, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pigot, R.	———
.	Fector, J.	Jones, J.	Round, C.	
Vt.	Feilden, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
.	Filmer, Sir E.	Mackenzie, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Fremantle, Sir T.
	Gaskell, J. M.	Monypenny, T.	Thornhill, G.	Praed, W. M.

Forty-third Clause.—Line 43., proposed to fill the blank with 'ten shillings:" Afterwards proposed to fill the blank with "forty shillings:"—Question put, That the blank be filled with 'ten shillings:'"—The Committee divided; es 64, Noes 36.

AYES.

.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Kemble, H.	Price, Sir R.	Turner, W.
Major	Easthope, J.	Lennox, Lord G.	Redington, T.	Vigors, N.
pt.	Erle, W.	Lynch, A.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
.	Finch, F.	Maclean, D.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Ld.Vt.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Marsland, H.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W.
W.	Fitzsimon, N.	Morpeth, Lord	Salwey, Col.	Wilshere, W.
J.	Gordon, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Seymour, Lord	Winnington, H. J.
.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, G.
ir J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, M.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, T.
Hn. C.	Hodges, T.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stanley, W. O.	
	Howard, P.	Packe, C.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.	———
G.	Hughes, W.	Palmerston, Lord		*Tellers.*
	Hutt, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
W. D.	James, W.	Philips, M.	Townley, R.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

I.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Gaskell, J. M.	Pease, J.	Thornhill, G.
C.	Hn. C. T.	Grimsditch, T.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Waddington, H.
Hn. G.	Egerton, Sir P.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pigot, R.	
.	Evans, W.	Jones, J.	Praed, W.	———
Visct.	Farnham, E.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pryme, G.	
.	Fector, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
	Feilden, W.	Mackenzie, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Sibthorp, Col.
	Filmer, Sir E.	Monypenny, T.	Stansfield, W.	Worsley, Lord
C.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Parker, R. T.		

Nottingham Fields Inclosure Bill.—Motion made, and Question proed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:"—Amendment proposed, eave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words pon Tuesday next:"—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 108, Noes 128.—(May)

AYES.

t.	Attwood, M.	Bailey, J. junior	Barrington, Lord	Blennerhassett, A.
Hn. H.	Bagge, W.	Baring, H. B.	Bentinck, Lord G.	Boldero, H.
. H.	Bailey, J. (Worc.)	Barneby, J.	Blair, J.	Bolling, W.

Bramston, T.
Bruges, W. H.
Burroughes, H. N.
Chandos, Marq. of
Clerk, Sir G.
Clive, Ld. Vt.
Cole, Lord Vt.
Corry, Hon. H.
Crewe, Sir G.
Darlington, Earl of
Dick, Q.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn.W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Eastnor, Lord
Egerton, Sir P.
Eliot, Lord
Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)
Farnham, E. B.
Fector, J.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Graham, Sir J.
Grimsditch, T.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, W.
Houldsworth, T.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Mathew, G.
Meynell, Capt.
Mordaunt, Sir. J.
Needd, John
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Ponsonby, C. F.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Richards, R.
Round, C. G.
Rushbrooke, Col.
St. Paul, Horace
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Teignmouth, Lord
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Waddington, H. S.
Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Knight, G.
Rolleston, L.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.
Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Bainbridge, E.
Baines, E.
Barnard, E.
Barron, H.
Beamish, F.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hon. G.
Bewes, T.
Bodkin, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Buller, E.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Callaghan, D.
Clay, W.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Craig, W.
Dashwood, G.
Davies, Col.
Dennistoun, J.
Divett, E.
Duff, J.
Dundas, C. W.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
Fielden, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Finch, F.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Ld. R.
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hayter, W.
Hector, C.
Heron, R.
Hill, Lord A.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F.
Hume, J.
Hurst, R. H.
Hutt, W.
James, W.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Muskett, G.
O'Brien, C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C. F.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Philips, M.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rundle, J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Seale, Col.
Sharpe, Gen.
Smith, A.
Smith, B.
Somerville, Sir W.
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir, C.
Talbot, C. R.
Talbot, J. H.
Tancred, H.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Walker, R.
Ward, H.
Wemyss, J.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H.
Wood, G.
Wrightson, W.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Briscoe, J.
Ferguson, Sir Ron.

No. 159. NEGRO APPRENTICESHIP. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That it is the opinion of this House that Negro Apprenticeship in the British Colonies should immediately cease and determine:" — (SIR EARDLEY WILMOT:) — The House divided; Ayes 96, Noes 93.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.
Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. jun.
Baines, E.
Barnard, E.
Bewes, T.
Blake, M. J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Bodkin, J. J.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Bruges, W.
Bryan, G.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Byng, G.
Cayley, E.
Collier, J.
Conyingham, Ld.
Craig, W.
Crewe, Sir G.
Dashwood, G.
Divett, E.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncombe, Hn.W.
Eaton, R.
Erle, W.
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Finch, F.
Gore, O.
Greenaway, C.
Grimsditch, T.
Guest, J.
Harvey, D. W.
Hindley, C.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutt, W.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, W.
Jervis, S.
Jones, J.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lister, E.
Litton, E.
Long, W.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Mathew, G.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Monypenny, T.
Morris, D.
Muskett, G.
Needd, Joseph
Needd, John
Noel, W. M.
O'Connell, D.
Parrott, J.
Pease, J.
Price, R.
Richards, R.
Roche, W.
Salwey, Col.
Smith, Hon. R.
Staunton, Sir G.
Stewart, James
Strickland, Sir G.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Thornely, T.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N. A.
Vivian, J.
Ward, H.
Wemyss, J.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord

Tellers.
Wilmot, E.
Warburton, H.

NOES.

), Sir C.	Egerton, Lord F.	Howard, P. H.	Nicholl, J.	Stuart, Lord J.
thnott, Hn. H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hughes, W.	O'Brien, C.	Stuart, V.
e, Col.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hume, J.	Ord, W.	Strutt, E.
, G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hurt, F.	Palmer, G.	Talbot, J. H.
t, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hutton, R.	Peel, Sir R.	Tancred, H.
ett, C.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pendarves, E.	Teignmouth, Lord
, J.	Gladstone, W.	Irving, J.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
ston, T.	Godson, R.	Jephson, C.	Plumptre, J.	C. P.
, Rt. Hon. G.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Jermyn, Earl	Power, James	Vere, Sir C.
bell, Sir J.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Johnstone, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, J.
ac, Sir J.	H.	Jones, T.	Rickford, W.	Williams, W. A.
man, A.	Grey, Sir G.	Kemble, H.	Russell, Lord J.	Wodehouse, E.
lers, J.	Halford, H.	Knight, H.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Wood, Col.
, Sir G.	Hawkins, J.	Lemon, Sir C.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	Wood, T.
tenay, P.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Liddell, Hon. H. T.	Seymour, Lord	Yates, J. A.
y, W.	Hinde, J.	Loch, J.	Shelborne, Earl of	
eny, Lord	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
y, G.	Hogg, J.	Macleod, R.	Slaney, R.	Labouchere, Right
as, F.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Smith, B.	Hon. H.
las, Hon. T.	Holmes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stanley, Lord	O'Ferrall, R. M.

160. SPIRIT LICENCES (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 56, Noes 45. — (May 23.)

AYES.

nby, H.	Guest, J. J.	Lynch, A.	Pryme, G.	Turner, E.
nby, Major	Hall, B.	Maule, W.	Rumbold, C.	Vigors, N.
ard, E.	Hawes, B.	Melgund, Lord	Rundle, J.	Wallace, R.
on, H.	Hoskins, K.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.
nish, F. B.	Hume, J.	Morris, D.	Smith, B.	White, A.
al, R.	Humphery, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
in, J.	Hutton, R.	Muskett, G.	Stanley, W. O.	Williams, W. A.
, W.	Jephson, C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Steuart, R.	Wood, Sir M.
ley, S.	Langdale, Hon. C.	O'Connell, D.	Stewart, James	
nistoun, J.	Leader, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
ch, F.	Lister, E.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Talfourd, Serjt.	Gillon, W.
on, R.	Lushington, C.	Pendarves, E.	Thornely, T.	Macleod, R.

NOES.

thnott, Hn.	Follett, Sir W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Nicholl, J.	Sheppard, T.
	Fremantle, Sir T.	Johnstone, H.	Pease, J.	Sibthorp, Col.
ell, R.	Gaskell, J. M.	Kirk, P.	Plumptre, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
, J.	Glynne, Sir S.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Praed, W.	Stanley, Lord
dley, H.	Goddard, A.	Litton, E.	Pringle, A.	Sugden, Sir E.
oughes, H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lockhart, A. M.	Pusey, P.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ndos, Marquess	Hale, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Rae, Sir W.	
er, Hon. D.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
y, G.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Hope, G.
combe, Hn. W.	Hughes, W.	Morgan, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Clerk, Sir G.

161. SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS SALE BILL. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 16, Noes 59.

AYES.

nby, H.	Dennistoun, J.	Macleod, R.	Wallace, R.	*Tellers.*
nby, Major	Hall, B.	O'Connell, D.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Gillon, W.
nish, F.	Humphery, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Williams, W. A.	Hume, J.
ley, S.	Leader, J.	Vigors, N.	Wood, Sir M.	

NOES.

Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Hope, G.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rae, Sir W.	Sugden, Sir E.
	Hoskins, K.	Morris D.	Richards, R.	Talbot, C. R.
Barnard, E.	Howard, P. H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rundle, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Blair, J.	Hughes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Salwey, Col.	Thornely, T.
Craig, W. G.	Hutton, R.	O'Brien, W. S.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Turner, E.
Darby, G.	Jervis, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sibthorp, Col.	Warburton, H.
French, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pease, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	White, A.
Gaskell, J. M.	Lister, E.	Pendarves, E.	Smith, B.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Glynn, Sir S.	Litton, E.	Plumptre, J. P.	Stanley, E. J.	
Gordon, R.	Lockhart, A.	Praed, W.	Stanley, W. O.	
Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lynch, A.	Pringle, A.	Stewart, John	*Tellers.*
Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, T.	Pryme, G.	Strickland, Sir G.	Clerk, Sir G.
Hodgson, R.	Maule, W.	Pusey, P.	Style, Sir C.	Steuart, R.

No. 162. CUSTODY OF INFANTS BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 60, Noes 14.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Craig, W.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stanley, W. O.
	Crawley, S.	Leader, J.	O'Connell, M.	Steuart, R.
Aglionby, H. A.	Curry, W.	Lockhart, A.	Ossulston, Lord	Style, Sir C.
Aglionby, Major	Darby, G.	Lushington, C.	Pease, J.	Turner, E.
Alsager, Capt.	Dennistoun, J.	Lynch, A.	Pendarves, E.	Vigors, N.
Barnard, E.	Filmer, Sir E.	Mackenzie, T.	Power, James	Wallace, R.
Barry, G. S.	Gaskell, J. M.	Macleod, R.	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Beamish, F.	Hall, B.	Marsland, H.	Pusey, P.	Williams, W. A.
Benett, J.	Hawes, B.	Maule, W.	Rickford, W.	Wood, Sir M.
Bridgeman, H.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rundle, J.	
Butler, Hon. Col.	Hoskins, K.	Morris, D.	Scholefield, J.	*Tellers.*
Clay, W.	Howard, H.	Muskett, G.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Praed, W.
Copeland, Ald.	Hughes, W.	O'Connell, D.	Smith, B.	Talfourd, Serjt.

NOES.

Gillon, W.	Litton, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Sugden, Sir E.	*Tellers.*
Glynne, Sir S.	O'Brien, C.	Sibthorp, Col.	Turner, W.	Nicholl, J.
Hodgson, R.	Pringle, A.	Stewart, James	Wood, T.	Warburton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.	Richards, R.			

No. 163. DANISH CLAIMS. — Motion made, and Question put, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, praying that her Majesty will be graciously pleased to give directions to the Commissioners to whom it was referred to examine the claims of certain British subjects, for losses sustained on account of book debts and other property, confiscated by the Government of Denmark, in the year 1807, that they shall examine the claims for losses sustained on account of seizures of ships and cargoes by the said Government, in the said year; and that the said Commissioners shall report on such claims to the Lords Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury:" — Mr. CRESSWELL: — The House divided; Ayes 115, Noes 81. — (May 24.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Bethell, R.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Craig, W.	Filmer, Sir E.
Aglionby, Major	Blackburne, I.	Canning, Sir S.	Darby, G.	Gaskell, J. M.
Attwood, M.	Blackett, C.	Cayley, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Glynne, Sir S.
Bagge, W.	Blake, M.	Chalmers, P.	Duke, Sir J.	Godson, R.
Bailey, J. junior	Bowes, J.	Chapman, A.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Grey, Sir C.
Baker, E.	Broadley, H.	Chichester, J.	Dundas, F.	Grimsditch, T.
Barnard, E.	Bruges, W.	Chute, W. L.	Eaton, R.	Hall, B.
Bell, M.	Burr, H.	Clay, W.	Fector, J.	Harland, W.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Burroughes, H. N.	Collier, J.	Feilden, W.	Hinde, J.

;son, R.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Neeld, John	St. Paul, H.	Vigors, N.
ıes, W.	Leader, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Vivian, J. E.
, G.W.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Ord, W.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Waddington, H.
am, Lord	Loch, J.	Ossulston, Lord	Scholefield, J.	Wemyss, J.
ard, P.	Lockhart, A.	Packe, C. W.	Scrope, G.	White, A.
e, J.	Lowther, J. H.	Pakington, J.	Seale, Col.	Wodehouse, E.
, F.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Perceval, Col.	Sheppard, T.	Wood, Sir M.
, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Pigot, R.	Sibthorp, Col.	Wood, G.
ım, R.	Maclean, D.	Plumptre, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Worsley, Lord
, S.	Martin, J.	Pringle, A.	Staunton, Sir G.	Wyndham, W.
ion, Serjt.	Maunsell, T.	Pusey, P.	Stuart, V.	
s, Sir W.	Miles, P.	Richards, R.	Style, Sir C.	
P.	Morgan, C.	Round, C.	Thompson, Ald.	*Tellers.*
ıton, H.	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.	Trench, Sir F.	Cresswell, C.
dale, Hon. C.	Neeld, Joseph	Rushbrooke, Col.	Vere, Sir C.	Warburton, H.

NOES.

n, Hon. Col.	Duckworth, S.	Greenaway, C.	Nicholl, J.	Strutt, E.
bold, R.	Duff, J.	Grey, Sir G.	O'Ferrall, R.	Surrey, Earl of
, G.	Dundas, Capt. D.	Handley, H.	Palmer, C.	Tancred, H.
al, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Heathcote, G.	Parnell, Sir H.	Townley, R.
s, T.	Erle, W.	Hector, C.	Parrott, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
oe, J.	Etwall, R.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, E.
nrigg, S.	Evans, W.	Horsman, E.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
, G.	Fergusson, Rt.Hn. R. C.	Hoskins, K.	Rich, H.	Williams, W. A.
, Rt. Hn. G.	Finch, F.	Law, Hon. C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Winnington, T. E.
bell, Sir J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lister, E.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, T.
ac, Sir J.	French, F.	Lushington, Dr.	Seymour, Lord	Yates, J.
ndish, Hon. C.	Freshfield, J.	Macleod, R.	Sheil, R.	
ter, H.	Gordon, R.	M'Taggart, J.	Smith, Hon. R.	
, Sir G.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Marsland, H.	Smith, R. V.	
ns, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Melgund, Ld. Vt.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
tenay, P.	Grattan, H.	Morpeth, Lord	Stanley, E.	Wood, C.
ieny, Lord		Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stansfield, W.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
istoun, J.		Muskett, G.	Steuart, R.	

164. ROXBURGHSHIRE POLLING PLACES (HAWICK). — Motion made, and Question put, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill disqualifying Hawick from being a polling place for the county of Roxburgh, and enabling the sheriff of that county to appoint other polling places in lieu thereof:" — (SIR JAMES GRAHAM:) — The House divided; Ayes 250, Noes 272. — (May 25.)

AYES.

ad, Sir T. D.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Dowdeswell, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Inglis, Sir R.
nd, T. D.	Burr, H.	Duffield, T.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Irton, S.
urt, Capt.	Burrell, Sir C.	Dunbar, G.	Green, T.	Irving, J.
e, Lord Visct.	Burroughes, H.	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Grimsditch, T.	Jackson, Serjt.
rd, Lord Vt.	Campbell, Sir H.	East, J.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	James, Sir W.
ger, Capt.	Canning, Sir S.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Jenkins, R.
thnott, Hn.H.	Cantalupe, Ld. Vt.	Eaton, R.	Hale, R.	Jermyn, Earl
ey, Lord	Castlereagh, Ld.Vt.	Egerton, W.	Halford, H.	Johnstone, H.
ood, W.	Chandos, Marq. of	Egerton, Sir P.	Harcourt, G. S.	Jones, T.
ood, M.	Chapman, A.	Egerton, Lord F.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Kemble, H.
e, W.	Chute, W. L.	Eliot, Lord	Hawkes, T.	Kerrison, Sir E.
t, Hon W.	Clerk, Sir G.	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Hayes, Sir E.	Ker, D.
y, J. junior	Clive, Lord Vt.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Henniker, Lord	Kirk, P.
ie, Col.	Clive, Hon. R.	Farnham, E.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.
r, E.	Codrington, C.	Farrand, R.	Herbert, Hon S.	Knightley, Sir C.
g, Hon. F.	Cole, Hon. A. H.	Fector, J.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
on, Sir R.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Feilden, W.	Hillsborough, E. of	Liddell, Hon. H.
M.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Fellowes, E.	Hinde, J.	Lincoln, Earl of
inck, Lord G.	Compton, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hodgson, F.	Litton, E.
ell, R.	Conolly, E.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hodgson, R.	Lockhart, A.
kburne, I.	Copeland, Ald.	Fleming, J.	Hogg, J.	Long, W.
stone, W.	Corry, Hon. H.	Follett, Sir W.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Lowther, Hn. Col.
, J.	Courtenay, P.	Forester, Hon. G.	A'Court.	Lowther, Lord Vt.
dford, Marq. of	Cresswell, C.	Fox, G.	Holmes, W.	Lowther, J.
nerhasset, A.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Freshfield, J.	Hope, H. T.	Lucas, E.
ero, H.	Damer, Hon. D.	Gaskell, J. M.	Hope, G.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.
ng, W.	Darby, G.	Gladstone, W.	Hotham, Lord	Mackenzie, T.
shaw, J.	Darlington, Earl of	Glynne, Sir S.	Houstoun, G.	Mackenzie, W.
ston, T.	De Horsey, S.	Godson, R.	Howard, Hon. W.	Maclean, D.
dley, H.	Dick, Q.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hughes, W.	Mahon, Lord Vt.
dwood, H.	D'Israeli, B.	Gore, O. J. R.	Hurt, F.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
e, Lord E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Ingestre, Lord	Manners, Lord C.
es, W.	*Douro*, Marq. of		Ingham, R.	Marsland, T.

Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Maunsell, T.
Maxwell, H.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, P.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morgan, C.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Noel, W.
Norreys, Lord
Northland, Ld. Vt.
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, Sir J.
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, R.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Pigot, R.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J. W.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S. T.
Stanley, Lord
Stanley, E.
Stormont, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Ld. Vt.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H.
Wall, C. B.
Walsh, Sir J.
Wilbraham, Hn. J.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Baring, H. B.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.
Acheson, Lord
Adam, Admi.
Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Ainsworth, P.
Alston, R.
Andover, Ld. Vt.
Anson, Hon. Col.
Anson, Sir G.
Archbold, R.
Bainbridge, E.
Baines, E.
Ball, N.
Bannerman, A.
Barnard, E.
Barron, H.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F.
Bellew, R.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hon. G.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Bewes, T.
Blackett, C.
Blake, M. J.
Blake, W.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bodkin, J.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Lord
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R. D.
Bryan, G.
Buller, E.
Bulwer, E. L.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Byng, G.
Byng, Rt. Hon. G.
Callaghan, D.
Campbell, Sir J.
Campbell, W.
Carnac, Sir J.
Cave, R.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cavendish, Hn. G.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Chapman, Sir M.
Chester, H.
Chetwynd, Major
Childers, J.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Ld. Vt.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Colquhoun, Sir J.
Craig, W.
Crawford, W.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Davies, Col.
Denison, W. J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. C. T.
Dirett, E.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Duncombe, T.
Dundas, C. W. D.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J. C.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Dunlop, J.
Edwards, J.
Elliot, Hn. J. E.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, Rt. Hn. E.
Erle, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Fazakerley, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, P.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Grattan, J.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Hallyburton, Lord D.
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Heneage, E.
Heron, Sir R.
Hill, Lord A.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, R.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Johnson, Gen.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Mildmay, P.
Milton, Lord
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, C.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, M.
Ord, W.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrot, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G. R.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Pryme, G.
Ramsbottom, J.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, RB.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, M.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, C.
Talbot, J. H.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Tollemache, F.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Major C.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
Wemyss, J. E.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hn. J. C.
White, A.
White, L.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

165. St. Pancras Paving Bill. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 54, Noes 80. — (May 28.)

AYES.

nard, E.	Duckworth, S.	Hutton, R.	Pattison, J.	Style, Sir C.
nish, F.	Duncombe, T.	James, W.	Pendarves, E.	Tancred, H.
geman, H.	Dundas, C.	Langton, W.	Philips, M.	Thornely, T.
herton, J.	Easthope, J.	Leader, J.	Phillpotts, J.	Vigors, N.
ler, E.	Ellis, John	Lister, E.	Protheroe, E.	White, A.
ler, Hon. Col.	Erle, W.	Lushington, C.	Pryme, G.	
pman, Sir M.	Evans, G.	Macleod, R.	Rundle, J.	
twynd, Major	Fitzalan, Lord	Macnamara, Major	Salwey, Colonel	
e, E.	Hayter, W.	Nagle, Sir R.	Smith, B.	*Tellers.*
ry, W.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, D.	Stanley, E. J.	Hall, B.
ies, Col.	Hindley, C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strickland, Sir G.	Hume, J.
ett, E.	Hodges, T.	Palmer, C.	Strutt, E.	

NOES.

ager, Capt.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Gore, O. J. R.	Knight, H.	Pringle, A.
lie, Col.	Darby, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Lascelles, Hn. W. S.	Rae, Sir W.
er, E.	Dick, Q.	Greene, T.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Round, J.
ing, Hon. F.	Dottin, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Lowther, J. H.	Rushbrooke, Col.
ing, Hon. W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Halford, H.	Mackenzie, T.	Somerset, Lord G.
neby, J.	Dugdale, W.	Heneage, G.	Mackenzie, W.	Stanley, E.
rington, Visct.	Dunbar, G.	Hodgson, F.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Tennent, J.
bell, R.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hodgson, R.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Thompson, Ald.
idford, Marq. of	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hogg, J.	Neeld, Joseph	Trevor, Hon. G.
mston, T.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Holmes, W.	Neeld, John	Yorke, Hon. E.
ler, Sir J. Y.	Fector, J.	Hotham, Lord	Nicholl, J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
r, H.	Feilden, W.	Hughes, W.	Packe, C.	Wood, T.
twright, W.	Follet, Sir W.	Irton, S.	Palmer, G.	
pman, A.	Forester, Hon. G.	Irving, J.	Perceval, Col.	
k, Sir G.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jermyn, Earl	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	*Tellers.*
wford, W.	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Plumptre, J.	Inglis, Sir R.
sswell, C.	Glynne, Sir S.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pollock, Sir F.	Teignmouth, Lord

166. Negro Apprenticeship. — Order read, for taking into consideration the matter of the proceedings of the House of the 29th and 30th of March, and 22d of May: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That in order to prevent the injurious consequences which may follow from the intentions of Parliament being left in doubt, and in order to maintain the peace and welfare of the colonies, it is necessary to declare that in the opinion of this House it is not advisable to adopt any proceeding for the purpose of giving effect to the Resolution of the 22d of May:" — (Sir George Grey:) — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "it is the opinion of this House, that the Resolution passed on the 22d of May should be carried into effect by means of a legislative enactment, due provision being made to secure the peace of the colonies, and to promote the welfare and good conduct of the negro population, on their attaining the full enjoyment of their entire freedom," instead thereof: — Sir Eardley Wilmot:) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the question:" — The House divided; Ayes 250, Noes 178.

AYES.

and, Sir T. D.	Baillie, Col.	Bellew, R.	Buller, E.	Carnac, Sir J.
and, T. D.	Ball, N.	Benett, J.	Burdett, Sir F.	Cavendish, Hon. C.
m, Admi.	Bannerman, A.	Bethell, R.	Burroughes, H.	Cavendish, Hon. G.
sworth, P.	Baring, Hon. F.	Blackett, C.	Byng, Rt. Hn. S.	Childers, J.
re, Lord Visct	Baring, H. B.	Blair, J.	Calcraft, J. H.	Clay, W.
lover, Ld. Vt.	Baring, Hon. W. B.	Blake, W.	Callaghan, D.	Clayton, Sir W.
on, Hon. Col.	Barrington, Visct.	Blandford, Marq. of	Campbell, Sir H.	Clements, Lord
on, Sir G.	Barron, H.	Bolling, W.	Campbell, Sir J.	Clerk, Sir G.
uthnott, Hn. H.	Barry, G.	Bramston, T.	Campbell, W.	Colquhoun, J. C.
ley, Lord	Bell, M.	Broadley, H.	Canning, Sir S.	Corry, Hon. H.

Courtenay, P.
Crawford, W.
Cresswell, C.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Darby, G.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duckworth, S.
Duncan, Lord
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. T.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellice, Rt. Hon. E.
Estcourt T.(Ox.U.)
Fazakerley, J.
Fellowes, E.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Fitzalan, Lord
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fremantle, Sir T.
French, F.
Freshfield, J.
Gladstone, W.
Godson, R.
Gordon, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Greene, T.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Grosvenor, Lord R.
Halford, H.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hastie, A.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heneage, E.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Heron, Sir R.
Herries, Rt. Hon. J.
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, W.
Hope, G.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, F.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, R.
Howard, Hon. W.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
Jenkins, R.
Jephson, C.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, T.
Knight, H.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Lambton, H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Leveson, Lord
Loch, J.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Mahon, Lord
Manners, Lord C.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, T.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P. St. Jn.
Miles, P.
Milton, Lord Vt.
Morgan, C.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Nicholl, J.
O'Brien, C.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Ord, W.
Packe, C.
Paget, Lord A.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, C.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Palmerston, Ld.Vt.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parker, M.
Parnell, Sir H.
Patten, J. W.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.
Pinney, W.
Plumptre, J.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Pringle, A.
Pryme, G.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Ramsbottom, J.
Reid, Sir J.
Rice, Rt. Hn
Rich, H.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Rumbold, C. E.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord C.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Shelborne, Earl of
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Slaney, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, A.
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Somerset, Lord G.
Speirs, A.
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, Lord
Stanley, W. O.
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strutt, E.
Sturt, H.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, C. R.
Talbot, J. H.
Tancred, H.
Teignmouth, Lord
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornhill, G.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vere, Sir C.
Verney, Sir H.
Vernon, G.
Villiers, Lord
Vivian, J. E.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Waddington, H. S.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wall, C.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hn. J.
White, S.
Wilbraham, G.
Williams, R.
Williams, W.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, C.
Wood, Col. T.
Wood, T.
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Yates, J. A.
Young, J. (Cav.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.
Aglionby, Major
Alford, Lord Vt.
Alsager, Capt.
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Attwood, T.
Bailey, J. junior
Bainbridge, E.
Baines, E.
Barnard, E. G.
Beamish, F. B.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Bewes, T.
Blackstone, W.
Blake, M. J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Boldero, H.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Sir W.
Briscoe, J.
Broadwood, H.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Bruges, W.
Bryan, G.
Bulwer, E. L.
Burr, H.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Byng, G.
Cantalupe, Lord
Cayley, E.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chetwynd, Major
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Copeland, Ald.
Craig, W.
Crewe, Sir G.
Dashwood, G.
Dennistoun, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
De Horsey, S. H.
Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Divett, E.
Duff, J.
Duke, Sir J.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, T.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Easthope, J.
Eaton, R.
Eliot, Lord
Etwall, R.
Evans, Sir De L.
Evans, G.
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Fector, J.
Feilden, W.
Fielden, J.
Finch, F.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Foley, E.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gibson, T.
Gillon, W.
Goddard, A.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goring, H.
Grimsditch, T.
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hawes, B.
Hawkes, T.
Hector, C.
Hill, Lord A.
Hindley, C.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Hope, H.
Horsman, E.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R. H.
Hutt, W.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, W.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Johnson, Gen.
Jones, J.
Kelly, F.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Leader, J.
Lister, E.
Litton, E.
Long, W.
Lowther, J. H.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Martin, J.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Meynell, Capt.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Morris, D.
Muskett, G. A.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Noel, W.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Connell, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Parrot, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, J.
Phillpotts, J.
Polhill, F.
Protheroe, E.
Rice, E.
Richards, R.
Rippon, C.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rolleston, L.
Round, J.
Rundle, J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanderson, R.
Scholefield, J.
Seale, Col.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, M.
Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir C.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tennent, J. E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Trench, Sir F.
Verner, Col.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, J.
Walsh, Sir J.
Warburton, H.
Welby, G.
Wemyss, J.
White, A.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cav.)
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, Sir M.
Worsley, Lord

Tellers.
Wilmot, Sir E.
Ward, H.

167. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL — (In Committee). — Sixth Clause, "Occupiers of houses and shops of the value of , in boroughs in schedule A, and of the value of , in boroughs named in schedules B and C, entitled to be burgesses:" — P. 4., l. 24., Amendment made, by inserting after the word "owners," the following words:—"and shall, in respect of the same premises, be assessed under any Act which may be passed in the present Session of Parliament for the relief of the destitute poor of Ireland to a rate of:" — After the words "rate of," proposed to add the words "ten pounds:" — Question put, "That the words 'ten pounds' be added:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 111, Noes 137. — (June 1.)

AYES.

ıthnott, Hn. H.	Dunbar, G.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Smith, A.
ley, Lord	East, J.	Heneage, G. W.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Somerset, Lord G.
ie, Col.	Eaton, R.	Hillsborough, Earl	Meynell, Capt.	Stanley, E.
;r, E.	Egerton, Lord F.	Hodgson, R.	Monypenny, T.	Stanley, Lord
ieby, J.	Fazakerley, J.	Holmes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Sugden, Sir E.
;son, Sir R.	Fector, J.	Houldsworth, T.	Noel, W.	Teignmouth, Lord
tinck, Lord G.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Houstoun, G.	Ossulston, Lord	Tennent, J.
kburne, I.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hughes, W.	Palmer, G.	Thornhill, G.
', J.	Fleming, J.	Hurt, F.	Parker, M.	Trevor, Hon. G.
ınerhassett, A.	Follett, Sir W.	Ingham, R.	Patten, J.	Vere, Sir C.
ıdley, H.	Forester, Hon. G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Peel, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
'oughes, H. N.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Perceval, Col.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
ndos, Marq. of	Freshfield, J.	Jermyn, Earl	Plumptre, J.	Wodehouse, E.
te, Sir C.	Gaskell, Milnes	Jones, W.	Polhill, F.	Wood, T.
'y, Hon. H.	Glynne, Sir S.	Kelly, F.	Pollock, Sir F.	Wyndham, W.
rtenay, P.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Kemble, H.	Powerscourt, Lord	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
swell, C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Law, Hon. C.	Praed, W. M.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ymple, Sir A.	H.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Praed, W.	
ıer, Hn. D.	Graham, Sir J.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Rose, Sir G.	
)y, G.	Greene, T.	Lincoln, Earl of	Round, C. G.	
ington, Earl	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Round, J.	*Tellers.*
raeli, B.	Hale, R.	Lowther, J. H.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Clerk, Sir G.
ro, Marq. of	Halford, H.	Lucas, E.	Shirley, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
ield, T.	Harcourt, G. S.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.		

NOES.

m, Sir C.	Chester, H.	Howard, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Strutt, E.
onby, H. A.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Surrey, Earl of
onby, Major	Collier, J.	Humphery, J.	Parrott, J.	Tancred, H.
on, R.	Collins, W.	Hurst, R. H.	Pease, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
ıbold, R.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Hutton, R.	Pendarves, E.	C. P.
ıbridge, E.	Currie, R.	James, W.	Philips, M.	Thornely, T.
ies, E.	Curry, W.	Jephson, C.	Phillpotts, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
, N.	Dalmeny, Lord	Jervis, S.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.
ıard, E.	Dennistoun, J.	Labouchere, Right	Ramsbottom, J.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
y, G.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Hon. H.	Redington, T. N.	Warburton, H.
mish, F. B.	Hn. C. T.	Lister, E.	Rice, E. R.	Wemyss, J.
ew, R.	Duff, J.	Lushington, Dr.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Westenra, Hn. H.
es, T.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Lushington, C.	Roche, E. B.	White, A.
kett, C.	Dundas, F.	Lynch, A.	Roche, W.	White, S.
e, W.	Edwards, J.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilkins, W.
kin, J.	Erle, W.	Marshall, W.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
ɔazon, Lord	Fielden, J.	Maule, W.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. A.
geman, H.	Fenton, J.	Milton, Lord Vt.	Scholefield, J.	Winnington, T. E.
coe, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Morpeth, Lord	Scrope, G.	Winnington, H. J.
:klehurst, J.	R. C.	Morris, D.	Seymour, Lord	Wood, C.
:herton, J.	Finch, F.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sheil, R.	Wood, Sir M.
feild, W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Nagle, Sir R.	Smith, B.	Wood, G.
ler, Hon. Col.	Fleetwood, P.	O'Brien, W. S.	Smith, R. V.	Woulfe, Serjt.
aghan, D.	Gordon, R.	O'Callaghan, Hn. C.	Somers, J.	Wyse, T.
ıpbell, Sir J.	Grey, Sir C.	O'Connell, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J.
ıac, Sir J.	Hall, B.	O'Connell, J.	Stanley, W. O.	
ley, E.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
lmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connor Don	Stuart, V.	Stuart, R.
pman, Sir M.	Hoskins, K.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.

168. NEW ZEALAND. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That leave be given to bring in a Bill for the provisional government of British settlements in the islands of New Zealand:" — (Mr. FRANCIS BARING:)—(Queen's consent signified:) — Question put:— The House divided; Ayes 74, Noes 23.

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Aglionby, H. A.	Duckworth, S.	Hume, J.	Ponsonby, C. F.	
Aglionby, Major	Easthope, J.	Hutt, W.	Roche, W.	Vere, Sir C.
Ainsworth, P.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Marshall, W.	Round, C.	Vigors, N.
Baines, E.	Evans, Sir De L.	Maule, W. H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Vivian, J. H.
Blake, M. J.	Evans, G.	Melgund, Lord	Russell, Lord J.	Wallace, R.
Blake, W.	Evans, W.	Morris, D.	Russell, Ld. (Tav.)	Ward, H.
Blunt, Sir C.	Finch, F.	O'Brien, W. S.	Scholefield, J.	White, L.
Bowes, J.	Grey, Sir G.	O'Connell, M. J.	Seymour, Lord	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Brocklehurst, J.	Grimston, Lord Vt.	Packe, C. W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wilshere, W.
Brotherton, J.	Hawes, B.	Palmer, C. F.	Smith, B.	Yates, J.
Chalmers, P.	Hawkes, T.	Palmer, G.	Stansfield, W.	
Craig, W.	Hayter, W.	Palmerston, Lord	Staunton, Sir G.	
Curry, W.	Hoskins, K.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Stuart, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Howard, P.	Pease, J.	Strutt, E.	Baring, Hon. F.
Divett, E.	Howard, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.	Villiers, C.

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Litton, E.	Sheppard, T.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Ashley, Lord	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Sturt, H.	
Blair, J.	Hindley, C.	Plumptre, J.	Williams, R.	*Tellers.*
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	Wood, T.	Inglis, Sir R.
Darby, G.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.	Wood, Col.
Douglas, Sir C.	Lincoln, Earl of			

No. 169. County Rates Bill. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 37, Noes 105. — (June 6.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Duke, Sir J.	Hutton, R.	Pease, J.	Ward, H. G.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Jervis, S.	Philips, M.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Beamish, F.	Grote, G.	Lynch, A.	Smith, B.	Williams, W.
Bewes, T.	Handley, H.	Morris, D.	Strutt, E.	Yates, J. A.
Bridgeman, H.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Style, Sir C.	
Brotherton, J.	Hawkins, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
Craig, W.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, J.	Vigors, N.	Hume, J.
Curry, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parrott, J.	Warburton, H.	Villiers, C.
Duckworth, S.				

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Crewe, Sir G.	Grimsditch, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rolfe, Sir R.
A'Court, Capt.	Darby, G.	Hale, R.	Mackenzie, W.	Rolleston, L.
Alsager, Capt.	Darlington, Earl	Halford, H.	Mahon, Lord	Round, C.
Alston, R.	D'Israeli, B.	Harcourt, G. G.	Marton, G.	Round, J.
Attwood, M.	Dottin, A.	Harcourt, G. S.	Miles, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bagge, W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Milnes, R.	Russell, Lord J.
Bailey, J. junior	Dowdeswell, W.	Henniker, Lord	Moreton, Hon. A.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Baker, E.	Duffield, T.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morgan, C.	Thornhill, G.
Barneby, J.	Dugdale, W.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Nicholl, J.	Trevor, Hon. G.
Barrington, Lord	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hinde, J. H.	Ossulston, Lord	Vere, Sir C.
Bell, M.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Packe, C.	Vivian, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Egerton, W.	Hogg, J.	Pakington, J. S.	Waddington, H.
Bethell, R.	Ellis, J.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Palmer, R.	Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Blair, J.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hope, G. W.	Parker, M.	Wilshere, W.
Bramston, T.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hotham, Lord	Parker, R.	Wood, Col.
Broadley, H.	Fleming, J.	Houldsworth, T.	Patten, J.	Wood, T.
Burrell, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Howard, P.	Plumptre, J.	Worsley, Lord
Burroughes, H.	Gibson, T.	Ingham, R.	Pollock, Sir F.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Cayley, E.	Glynne, Sir S.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. M.	
Chetwynd, Major	Goddard, A.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W. L.	Graham, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.	Pringle, A.	Dungannon, Lord
Codrington, C. W.		Lowther, J.	Richards, R.	Sibthorp, Col.
Courtenay, P.				

o. 169. Election Expenses Bill — (In Committee). — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be read a second time, paragraph by paragraph:" — Afterwards, Motion made, and Question put, — "That the Chairman do now leave the chair:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 71, Noes 43.

AYES.

:land, T. D.	Duffield, T.	Hawkes, T.	Miles, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.
'Court, Capt.	Duncombe, Hn.W.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Miles, P.	Shirley, J. E.
:twood, M.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Henniker, Lord	Milnes, R.	Trevor, Hon. G.
ıgge, W.	Dungannon, Lord	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morgan, C.	Vere, Sir C.
ırneby, J.	Egerton, W. T.	Hinde, J. H.	Nicholl, J.	Vivian, J.
ıntinck, Lord G.	Ellis, J.	Hogg, J.	Pakington, J. S.	Waddington, H.
air, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hope, G. W.	Parker, M.	Walsh, Sir J.
amston, T.	Forester, Hon. G.	Houldsworth, T.	Parker, R. T.	Wilbraham, Hn.B.
ırrell, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Hughes, W.	Pollock, Sir F.	Williams, R.
ırroughes, H.	Goddard, A.	Inglis, Sir R.	Praed, W. M.	Wood, Col.
ıdrington, C.	Graham, Sir J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. T.	Wood, T.
arby, G.	Grimsditch, T.	Lowther, J.	Richards, R.	
ırlington, Earl of	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rickford, W.	*Tellers.*
ıuglas, Sir C.	Hale, R.	Mackenzie, W.	Round, C.	Knatchbull, Sir E.
ıwdeswell, W.	Harcourt, G. G.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Round, J.	Sibthorp, Col.

NOES.

ıines, E.	Ellice, Capt.	Hutton, R.	Russell, Lord J.	Wilshere, W.
ıamish, F.	Evans, W.	Jervis, S.	Smith, B.	Worsley, Lord
ewes, T.	Grote, G.	Lefevre, C.	Strickland, Sir G.	Yates, J.
idgeman, H.	Handley, H.	Lynch, A.	Strutt, E.	
iscoe, J.	Hawes, B.	Moreton, H.	Talfourd, Serjt.	
otherton, J.	Hawkins, J.	Muskett, G. A.	Thornely, T.	
raig, W.	Hector, C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
arry, W.	Hindley, C.	O'Connell, J.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
ckworth, S.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Palmer, C.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Jervis, J.
uke, Sir J.	Howard, P.	Parrott, J.	Williams, W. A.	

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o. 170. Married Women's Bill. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word "now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 21, Noes 56.

AYES.

glionby, H.	Howard, P.	Palmer, C.	Thornely, T.	Williams, W. A.
ampbell, Sir J.	Hume, J.	Power, James	Vigors, N.	
avies, Col.	Hutt, W.	Round, C.	Villiers, C.	*Tellers.*
ibson, T.	Hutton, R.	Smith, B.	Wallace, R.	Lynch, A.
awes, B.	Morris, D.	Tancred, H.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Beamish, F.

NOES.

'Court, Capt.	Burroughes, H.	Hawkes, T.	Mahon, Lord	Rushout, G.
rchdall, M.	Canning, Sir S.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Miles, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
aines, E.	Courtenay, P.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Miles, P. W.	Smith, Sir G.
arneby, J.	Cripps, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morgan, C.	Smith, Hon. R.
entinck, Lord G.	Dowdeswell, W.	Holmes, W.	Pakington, J.	Strickland, Sir G.
ethell, R.	Dungannon, Lord	Hope, H. T.	Pease, J.	Waddington, H. S.
lackburne, I.	Eaton, R.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Wood, Col.
lackstone, W.	Egerton, W. T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pigot, R.	Wood, T.
lair, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jervis, J.	Pinney, W.	
ramston, T.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lockhart, A.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
roadley, H.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, J. H.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Inglis, Sir R.
rotherton, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Sugden, Sir E.

No. 171. OXFORD AND GREAT WESTERN UNION RAILWAY BILL. — Report further considered (prints having been delivered on Wednesday, the 30th of May): — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Amendments made by the Committee to the Bill be now read a second time: — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 131, Noes 81. — (June 7.)

AYES.

Adare, Lord Vt.	Crawford, W.	Hodgson, R.	Palmer, G.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Aglionby, H.	Cripps, J.	Hope, H.	Palmerston, Visct.	Tancred, H.
Aglionby, Major	Darlington, Earl	Hoskins, K.	Parott, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Alsager, Capt.	Davies, Col.	Houstoun, G.	Pease, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Archbold, R.	Dennistoun, J.	Howard, P. H.	Philips, M.	
Bailey, J.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hughes, W.	Pinney, W.	Thornely, T.
Bailey, J. junior	Dowdeswell, W.	Jervis, J.	Powell, Col.	Townley, R.
Bannerman, A.	Duke, Sir J.	Johnson, Gen.	Price, Sir R.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barnard, E.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T.S.	Vere, Sir C.
Bewes, T.	Easthope, J.	Lambton, H.	Richards, R.	Verney, Sir H.
Blake, W.	Edwards, J.	Langton, W.	Roche, W.	Vigors, N.
Boldero, H. G.	Egerton, Sir P.	Lefevre, C. S.	Russell, Lord J.	Walker, R.
Bolling, W.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lister, E.	Sanford, E.	Warburton, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Evans, Sir De L.	Lockhart, A.	Scholefield, J.	White, A.
Briscoe, J.	Evans, W.	Lushington, C.	Sharpe, Gen.	Wilkins, W.
Broadwood, H.	Finch, F.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sheil, R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Brodie, W.	French, F.	Mackinnon, W.	Slaney, R.	Williams, W. A.
Brotherton, J.	Gore, O. J. R.	M'Taggart, J.	Smith, B.	Wilmot, Sir J.
Browne, R.	Gore, O. W.	Maher, J.	Somers, J.	Wilshere, W.
Bryan, G.	Guest, J.	Master, T.	Somerville, Sir W.	Winnington, T. E.
Burr, H.	Hall, B.	Miles, W.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, J.
Busfeild, W.	Hastie, A.	Morpeth, Lord	Stanley, W. O.	
Butler, Hon. Col.	Hawes, B.	Morris, D.	Steuart, R.	
Callaghan, D.	Hawkes, T.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stewart, James	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, D.	Stuart, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Cave, R.	Heathcote, G. J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stuart, V.	Harcourt, G.
Clive, Lord Visct.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, M.	Style, Sir C.	Pryme, G.
Craig, W.	Hinde, J. H.	Palmer, C.		

NOES.

Archdall, M.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Noel, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
Attwood, M.	Dungannon, Lord	Lowther, J. H.	Plumptre, J.	Stanley, E.
Bagge, W.	Egerton, Lord F.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Praed, W.	Wood, Col.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Pringle, A.	
Cole, Lord Vist.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Manners, Lord C.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Dick, Q.	Johnstone, H.	Mathew, G.	Round, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Dugdale, W.	Jones, J.	Milnes, R. M.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Inglis, Sir R.

No. 172. CROWN PROPERTY (WALES). — Motion made, and Question put, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into subjects contained in the petition of the landowners and others connected with the Principality of Wales (presented on the 10th of May last), and all other petitions presented on the same subject be referred to the same committee:" — (Mr. ORMSBY GORE:) — The House divided; Ayes 50, Noes 98.

AYES.

Adare, Ld. Vt.	Duke, Sir J.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Palmer, G.	Walsh, Sir J.
Alsager, Capt.	Dungannon, Lord	Hinde, J. H.	Plumptre, J.	Wilkins, W.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hodgson, R.	Polhill, F.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bailey, J.	Fellowes, E.	Hughes, W.	Powell, Col.	Wood, Col. T.
Bailey, J. junior	Gibson, T.	Lincoln, Earl of	Richards, R.	Wynn, Rt. Hon. C.
Bell, M.	Glynne, Sir S.	Mackenzie, W.	Salwey, Col.	Wynn, Sir W.
Blackburne, I.	Gore, O. J. R.	Mathew, G.	Spry, Sir S.	
Boldero, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Morgan, C. M.	Trevor, Hon. G.	
Clive, Lord Vt.	Hawkes, T.	Morris, D.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Cole, Hon. A.	Henniker, Lord	Nicholl, J.	Verner, Col.	Gore, O. W.
Cripps, J.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Owen, Sir J.	Vivian, J. E.	Jones, J.

NOES.

Adam, Adml.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Irton, S.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.
Aglionby, H. A.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Jervis, J.	Rickford, W.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Aglionby, Major	Fergusson, Sir Rob.	Jervis, S.	Roche, W.	Vigors, N.
Attwood, W.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Lascelles, Hn. W. S.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Villiers, C. P.
Attwood, M.	Finch, F.	Lister, E.	Rumbold, C.	Wallace, R.
Attwood, T.	Goddard, A.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Russell, Lord J.	Warburton, H.
Baines, E.	Gordon, R.	Lushington, C.	Russell, Lord C.	White A.
Bannerman, A.	Grey, Sir C.	Mackenzie, T.	Scholefield, J.	White, S.
Bridgeman, H.	Grey, Sir G.	Macleod, R.	Slaney, R.	White, L.
Briscoe, J. I.	Guest, J.	Martin, J.	Smith, B.	Wilbraham, G.
Bulwer, E.	Hall, B.	Maule, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	Winnington, H. J.
Busfeild, W.	Hector, C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E.	Wood, C.
Butler, Hon. Col.	Hindley, C.	Muskett, G. A.	Stanley, W. O.	Worsley, Lord
Campbell, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Noel, W.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Chapman, Sir M.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Ord, W.	Staunton, Sir G.	
Codrington, Adml.	Hope, G. W.	Palmer, C. F.	Stewart, James	
Craig, W.	Hoskins, K.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Strickland, Sir G.	
Crawford, W.	Howard, P. H.	Pease, J.	Style, Sir C.	
Crawley, S.	Hume, J.	Philips, M.	Surrey, Earl of	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord	Inglis, Sir R.	Pinney, W.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Stanley, E. J.
Dashwood, G.		Prothero, E.	Thornely, T.	Steuart, R.

No. 173. EDINBURGH, GLASGOW, AND NORTH OF ENGLAND RAILWAY. — Motion made, and Question put, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, that she will be graciously pleased to give directions for the appointment of an engineer or engineers, to ascertain and report on the best engineering line for a communication, by railway, from the North of England to Edinburgh and Glasgow, in communication with the existing railways from the South:" — (Mr. HODGSON HINDE:) — The House divided; Ayes 53, Noes 53: — Whereupon Mr. Speaker declared himself with the Noes.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Dungannon, Lord	Howard, F.	Martin, J.	Thornley, T.
Aglionby, Major	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Howard, P. H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Verney, Sir H.
Bell, M.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hughes, W.	Neeld, Joseph	Wallace, R.
Boldero, H.	Gibson, T.	Hume, J.	Nicholl, J.	Warburton, H.
Broadwood, H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Irton, S.	Ord, W.	Worsley, Lord
Busfeild, W.	Grey, Sir C.	Johnstone, H.	Palmer, G.	Wyse, T.
Campbell, Sir J.	Grimsditch, T.	Lister, E.	Pease, J.	
Craig, W.	Heneage, G.	Loch, J.	Plumptre, J.	
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Lowther, J. H.	Praed, W. T.	
Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Duke, Sir J.	Hope, G. W.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Stanley, E.	Hinde, H.
Dundas, C. W. D.		Macleod, R.	Style, Sir C.	Clerk, Sir G.

NOES.

Adam, Admiral	Hayter, W.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Slaney, R.	Vivian, J. E.
Archbold, R.	Hector, C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Smith, B.	White, L.
Bailey, J. junior	Herbert, H. S.	Morris, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	White, S.
Baines, E.	Hindley, C.	Packe, C.	Spry, Sir S.	Wilbraham, G.
Bridgeman, H.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Palmer, C. F.	Stansfield, W.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Brotherton, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Strickland, Sir G.	Wood, C.
Dalmeny, Lord	Hoskins, K.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talbot, C. R.	
Elliot, Hon. J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Philips, M.	Teignmouth, Lord	
Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Kemble, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	
Fleetwood, P.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rickford, W.		*Tellers.*
Goddard, A.	Mathew, G.	Salwey, Col.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Stanley, E. J.
Harcourt, G. G.	Maule, W. H.	Scholefield, J.	Vigors, N.	Steuart, R.

No. 174. LIEUTENANT THOMAS HILL. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to take into consideration the petition of Lieutenant Thomas Hill, late Commander of her Majesty's steam vessel Alban, complaining of having been removed from the command of the said vessel (presented the 24th of May): — (CAPTAIN BOLDERO:) —

Motion made, and Question put, "That this House do now adjourn:" — (Mr. Brotherton:) — The House divided; Ayes 13, Noes 56. — (June 8.)

AYES.

Aglionby, Major	Maule, W. H.	Style, Sir C.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Baines, E.	Salwey, Col.	Thornely, T.	Warburton, H.	Brotherton, J.
Hobhouse, T. B.	Stansfield, W.	Verney, Sir H.	Worsley, Lord	Dundas, C. W. D.
Martin, J.				

NOES.

Adam, Admi.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Mathew, G.	Teignmouth, Lord
Aglionby, H.	Ferguson, Sir R.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
Archbold, R.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Hope, G.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	C. P.
Boldero, H. G.	R. C.	Hoskins, K.	Neeld, Joseph	Troubridge, Sir E.
Broadwood, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Howard, F.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Wallace, R.
Busfeild, W.	Gibson, T.	Howard, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Wood, C.
Campbell, Sir J.	Goddard, A.	Hume, J.	Plumptre, J.	
Clerk, Sir G.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Johnstone, H.	Praed, W. T.	
Dalmeny, Lord	Grey, Sir C.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grimsditch, T.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Harcourt, G.	Lowther, J. H.	Round, C. G.	Inglis, Sir R.
Duke, Sir J.	Heneage, G. W.	Mackenzie, T. R.	Stanley, E. J.	Nicholl, J.
Dungannon, Lord	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Steuart, R.	

No. 175. Middlesex County Court Bill. — Motion made, and Question put, "That the time for the Committee on the Middlesex County Court Bill to make their Report be enlarged till Monday, the 18th of June:" — The House divided; Ayes 39, Noes 19. — (June 8.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.	Chalmers, P.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Smith, B.
Aglionby, Major	Clay, W.	Hayter, W.	Pattison, J.	Stuart, Lord J.
Barnard, E.	Duckworth, S.	Hector, C.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wemyss, J.
Bewes, T.	Duncombe, T.	Hoskins, K.	Pryme, G.	Wood, Sir M.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Edwards, J.	Johnson, Gen.	Round, C.	
Brotherton, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Law, Hon. C.	Sanford, E.	
Browne, R.	Freshfield, J.	Leader, J.	Scholefield, J.	*Tellers.*
Butler, Hon. Col.	Hall, B.	Lushington, Dr.	Sharpe, Gen.	Aglionby, H.
	Harvey, D. W.	M'Taggart, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Crawford, W.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Darby, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Philips, Mark	*Tellers.*
Barrington, Lord	Duffield, T.	Hodgson, R.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	Inglis, Sir R.
Blandford, Marq.	Dungannon, Lord	Jones, J.	Praed, W. T.	Wood, T.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Egerton, Lord F.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Somerset, Lord G.	
Cripps, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Packe, C.		

No. 176. Oxford and Great Western Union Railway Bill. — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be now read a third time." — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 79, Noes 26.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Barron, H.	Bramston, T.	Clay, W.	Evans, G.
Aglionby, H.	Beamish, F.	Brodie, W.	Clive, E. B.	Evans, W.
Aglionby, Major	Bewes, T.	Brotherton, J.	Craig, W.	Finch, F.
Alsager, Capt.	Blake, W.	Browne, R.	Crawford, W.	Gordon, R.
Archbold, R.	Blandford, Marq.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Curry, W.	Graham, Sir J.
Barnard, E.	Bodkin, J.	Campbell, W. F.	Duckworth, S.	Hall, B.
	Brabazon, Sir W.	Chalmers, P.	Edwards, J.	Harvey, D. W.

es, B.	Lefevre, C.	O'Ferrall, R.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Vivian, J. H.
er, W. G.	Lister, E.	Ord, W.	Smith, B.	Wemyss, J.
or, C.	Loch, J.	Parrott, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wilshere, W.
le, J.	Lushington, Dr.	Pattison, J.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, Sir M.
lley, C.	M'Taggart, J.	Philips, G.	Steuart, R.	Woulfe, Serjt.
ins, K.	Miles, W.	Redington, T.	Stuart, V.	
phery, J.	Miles, P. W.	Salwey, Col.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
on, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sanford, E.	Thornely, T.	Cripps, J.
ton, H.	O'Connell, D.	Scholefield, J.	Townley, R.	Philips, M.
er, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sharpe, Gen.	Turner, W.	

NOES.

ad, T. D.	Courtenay, P.	Filmer, Sir E.	Law, Hon. C. E.	Wood, T.
e, W.	Darby, G.	Freshfield, J.	Lowther, J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
nerhassett, A.	Duffield, T.	Grimsditch, T.	Mathew, G.	
r, Sir J. Y.	Dungannon, Lord	Halford, H.	Perceval, Hon. J.	*Tellers.*
oughes, H.	Ellis, J.	Irton, S.	Round, C.	Inglis, Sir R.
e, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Jones, J.	Tennent, J. E.	Maclean, D.

177. BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL. — Order for further consideration of Report read: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the amendments made by the committee to the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Bill be recommitted," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Mr. Speaker directed the Ayes to go forth to the Old Lobby, and the Noes to the New Lobby; the tellers reported to the House, the Ayes in the Old Lobby 145, the Noes in the New Lobby 36: — Whereupon the House was informed, that two Members, Lord Granville Somerset and Mr. Robert Gordon, who were in the New Lobby when the Question was put, and did not go forth with the other Members, had been counted in with the Noes; and the votes of the said two Members having been objected to, the House decided, that they had no right to vote; and their votes were disallowed accordingly; and Mr. Speaker reported the numbers; Ayes 145, Noes 34.

AYES.

rcromby, Hon.	Courtenay, P.	Grimsditch, T.	Lowther, J. H.	Russell, Lord J.
. R.	Craig, W.	Hale, R.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Russell, Lord C.
ind, T. D.	Crawley, S.	Halford, H.	Mackinnon, W.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
sworth, P.	Cresswell, C.	Handley, H.	Manners, Lord C.	Sibthorp, Col.
ger, Capt.	Crewe, Sir G.	Heathcote, G. J.	Master, T.	Smith, B.
bold, R.	Cripps, J.	Heneage, E.	Mildmay, P.	Stanley, E. J.
ley, Lord	Darby, G.	Heneage, G. W.	Miles, W.	Stuart, Lord J.
ge, W.	Darlington, Earl	Henniker, Lord	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Stuart, V.
ey, J.	Davies, Col.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Morpeth, Lord	Strickland, Sir G.
ey, J. junior	Douglas, Sir C.	Hill, Lord A.	Nagle, Sir R.	Sugden, Sir E.
es, E.	Dunconibe, Hn. W.	Hinde, J. H.	Nicholl, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
ng, H. B.	Duncombe, Hn. A.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
ng, Hon. W.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Packe, C.	C. P.
nard, E.	Dungannon, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Paget, F.	Thornehill, G.
eley, Hon. G.	Egerton, W.	Holmes, Hon. W.	Pakington, J.	Townley, R.
eley, Hon. C.	Egerton, Sir P.	A'Court	Palmer, G.	Vere, Sir C.
al, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hope, H.	Parrot, J.	Waddington, H.
ell, R.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hoskins, K.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Walsh, Sir J.
kstone, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hurt, F.	Pinney, W.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
ing, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Praed, W. M.	Williams, W. A.
adley, H.	R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Price, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
adwood, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Irton, S.	Protheroe, E.	Winnington, T. E.
die, W.	Follett, Sir W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pryme, G.	Wood, T.
roughes, N.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Reid, Sir J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
craft, J.	Freshfield, J.	Labouchere, Rt.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	
pbell, Sir J.	Gaskell, J. M.	Hn. H.	Rich, H.	
ning, Sir S.	Gladstone, W.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
twright, W.	Glynne, Sir S.	Law, Hon. C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
e, R.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lefevre, C.	Round, C.	Steuart, R.
pman, Sir M.	Gore, O. W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Round, J.	
ite, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
e, Lord, Visct.	H.	Lockhart, A.	Rushout, G.	

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Collier, J.	Hume, J.	Roche, E.	Wallace, R.
Aglionby, Major	Divett, E.	Hutton, R.	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.
Attwood, T.	Duncombe, T.	Leader, J.	Scholefield, J.	
Bewes, T.	Dundas, C. W.	Lushington, C.	Stanley, W. O.	——
Brotherton, J.	Evans, W.	Muskett, G.	Stansfield, W.	
Bryan, G.	Finch, F.	Pattison, J.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Bulwer, E. L.	Hector, C.	Philips, M.	Style, Sir C.	Hawes, B.
Childers, J.	Horsman, E.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Turner, W.	Clay, W.

No. 178. Amendment proposed, Clause 2., p. 2., l. 23., of printed Bill, as amended by the committee, and on recommitment, after "diocese," to insert "but such two benefices shall not each involve the cure of souls:"—(Sir Harry Verney:)—Question put, "That those words be there inserted:"—The House divided; Ayes 42, Noes 96.

AYES.

Aglionby, Major	Bryan, G.	Hawes, B.	Russell, Lord C.	White, A.
Attwood, T.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hector, C.	Salwey, Col.	White, S.
Baines, E.	Childers, J.	Hume, J.	Speirs, A.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bewes, T.	Clay, W.	Humphery, J.	Stanley, W. O.	
Blake, W.	Collier, J.	Leader, J.	Stansfield, W.	——
Bodkin, J.	Currie, R.	Lushington, C.	Stuart, Lord J.	
Bowes, J.	Dennistoun, J.	Muskett, G.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Brocklehurst, J.	Evans, W.	Paget, F.	Style, Sir C.	Aglionby, H.
Brodie, W.	Finch, F.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	Verney, Sir H.
Brotherton, J.	Guest, J.	Pryme, G.		

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G.	Darby, G.	Hinde, J.	Packe, C.	Somerset, Lord G.
Acland, T. D.	Davies, Col.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pakington, J. S.	Stanley, E. J.
Alsager, Capt.	Dungannon, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Palmer, G.	Steuart, R.
Anson, Hon. Col.	East, J.	Hope, H. T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sugden, Sir E.
Bagge, W.	Egerton, W.	Hoskins, K.	Parnell, Sir H.	Teignmouth, Lord
Bailey, J.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hurt, F.	Pemberton, T.	Vere, Sir C.
Bailey, J. junior	Ellice, Capt. A.	Ingestre, Lord	Perceval, Hon. G.	Waddington, H.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Plumptre, J.	Wall, C. B.
Berkeley, Hon. G.	Farnham, E.	Irton, S.	Praed, W. M.	Walsh, Sir J.
Bernal, R.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Jackson, Serjt.	Protheroe, E.	Westenra, Hn. J.
Bethell, R.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kemble, H.	Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.	Williams, W. A.
Broadley, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Rich, H.	Winnington, T. E.
Broadwood, H.	Freshfield, J.	Lascelles, Hn. W.	Richards, R.	Winnington, H. J.
Burroughes, H.	Gaskell, J.	Law, Hon. C.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	Wood, T.
Campbell, Sir J.	Gladstone, W.	Lemon, Sir C.	Round, C. G.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Clerk, Sir G.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Lockhart, A.	Round, J.	——
Cole, Lord Visct.	Graham, Sir J.	Manners, Lord C.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Courtenay, P.	Halford, H.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Crawley, S.	Hawkes, T.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Gordon, R.
Crewe, Sir G.		Nicholl, J.	Seymour, Lord	Wood, C.
		O'Ferrall, R.	Sibthorp, Col.	

No. 179. Another Amendment proposed, page 2., line 39., to leave out Clauses 4. and 5.:—

"And be it enacted, That no spiritual person holding any benefice shall accept, or take to hold therewith, any other benefice, unless it shall be situate within the distance of ten statute miles from such first-mentioned benefice."

"And be it enacted, That any spiritual person, holding one benefice, with a population of not more than three thousand persons, and not having any cathedral preferment, may hold therewith one other benefice, situate within the distance aforesaid, and which shall not, at the time of his admission, institution, or being licensed thereto, have a population of more than three thousand persons: provided that the two benefices jointly shall not at such time exceed the yearly value of 1000*l*."

And to insert, instead thereof, the following Clause: —

"And be it enacted, That no spiritual person holding any benefice involving the cure of souls, shall accept or take to hold therewith, any other benefice, involving the cure of souls, unless such benefices are situated contiguous to one another, and the parish churches are within three miles of each other, and the united population of such two benefices do not exceed three thousand souls, and the united incomes of such two benefices amount to less than 750*l.* per annum:" — (Sir Harry Verney.)

Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Bill:" — The House divided; Ayes 57, Noes 58.

AYES.

and, T. D.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hoskins, K.	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.
m, Admi.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hughes, W.	Protheroe, E.	Vernon, G.
ge, W.	Freshfield, J.	Hurt, F.	Rich, H.	Waddington, H.
nard, E.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Walsh, Sir J.
nal, R.	Hale, R.	Jackson, Serjt.	Round, C.	Winnington, T. E.
ling, W.	Halford, H.	Kemble, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wodehouse, E.
rtenay, P.	Harcourt, G. S.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, T.
wley, S.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Law, Hon. C.	Seymour, Lord	
we, Sir G.	Hinde, J.	Lockhart, A.	Sibthorp, Col.	
meny, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Pakington, J.	Slaney, R.	
k, Q.	Hope, H.	Palmer, G.	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
gannon, Lord		Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Teignmouth, Lord	Nicholl, J.
rton, Sir P.		Parnell, Sir H.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wood, C.

NOES.

rcromby, Hon.	Cavendish, Hn. C.	Gladstone, W.	Parker, R. T.	Walker, R.
. R.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hawes, B.	Plumptre, J.	White, A.
onby, H.	Clay, W.	Hayter, W.	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
onby, Major	Collier, J.	Hector, C.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. A.
ger, Capt.	Craig, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
mish, F.	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Stanley, W. O.	Yates, J.
es, T.	Davies, Col.	Humphery, J.	Stansfield, W.	
e, W. J.	Dennistoun, J.	Hutton, R.	Strutt, E.	
kin, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Jephson, C.	Style, Sir C.	
klehurst, J.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Lushington, C.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
lie, W.	Evans, W.	Macleod, R.	Vigors, N.	Baines, E.
ler, Hon. Col.	Finch, F.	Martin, J.	Villiers, C.	Verney, Sir H.

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180. At the end of the Schedule A, p. 45., after "Question 18.," proposed to add, "Question 19. — What is the gross annual value of your benefice?" — Question put, "That those words be there added:" — The House divided; Ayes 35, Noes 81.

AYES.

onby, H.	Brotherton, J.	Howard, F.	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
onby, Major	Childers, J.	Hutton, R.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. A.
es, E.	Clay, W.	Johnson, Gen.	Sheil, R.	Worsley, Lord
nerman, A.	Collier, J.	Lister, E.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
nish, F.	Duncombe, T.	Lushington, C.	Strutt, E.	
eley, Hon. C.	Evans, W.	Martin, J.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
es, T.	Gillon, W.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	Hume, J.
klehurst, J.	Hawes, B.	Protheroe, E.	Wallace, R.	Finch, F.

NOES.

n, Admi.	Clerk, Sir G.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hale, R.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.
ger, Capt.	Codrington, C.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hastie, A.	Inglis, Sir R.
e, W.	Craig, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hayter, W.	Jackson, Serjt.
bridge, E.	Darby, G.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Kemble, H.
al, R.	Douglas, Sir C. E.	Freshfield, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
kburne, I.	Dowdeswell, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hope, G.	Law, Hon. C.
dley, H.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hoskins, K.	Lennox, Lord G.
oughes, N.	Dungannon, Lord	Grey, Sir C.	Hughes, W.	Lockhart, A.
eild, W.	Egerton, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Hurt, F.	Lushington, Dr.
te, W. L.	Egerton, Sir P.		Hutt, W.	

Macleod, R.	Parker, R. T.	Smith, R. Vernon	Townley, R.	Woolfe, Serjt.
Manners, Lord C.	Perceval, Col.	Spencer, Hon. F.	Vere, Sir C.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Maule, W.	Plumptre, J.	Stanley, W. O.	Waddington, H.	
Mildmay, P.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Steuart, R.	White, L.	——
Monypenny, T.	Round, C.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.	
Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Wilshere, W.	*Tellers.*
Paget, Lord A.	Scarlett, Hon. J. Y.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Winnington, H. J.	Gordon, R.
Palmerston, Visct.	Sibthorp, Col.		Wood, T.	Nicholl, J.

No. 181. Clause, "That no stamp duty shall be chargeable on any instrument connected with the admission to any benefice not exceeding 200*l.* of any spiritual person not holding any other preferments of the annual value of 150*l.*:" — (Mr. NICHOLL:) — Brought up, and read a first and second time; Motion made, and Question put, "That the said clause be added to the Bill:" — The House divided; Ayes 46, Noes 55.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimsditch, T.	Parker, R. T.	Waddington, H.
Bagge, W.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hale, R.	Perceval, Col.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Baines, E.	Duncombe, T.	Hope, G.	Philips, M.	Wood, T.
Blackburne, I.	Dungannon, Lord	Howard, F. J.	Plumptre, J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Blackstone, W.	Egerton, W. T.	Hughes, W.	Round, C.	
Broadley, H.	Egerton, Sir P.	Jackson, Serjt.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	——
Burroughes, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Johnson, Gen.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Chute, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Law, Hon. C.	Sinclair, Sir G.	— *Tellers.*
Clerk, Sir G.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lockhart, A.	Stuart, Lord, J.	Nicholl, J.
Codrington, C.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Manners, Lord C.	Vere, Sir C.	Inglis, Sir R.
Darby, G.		Monypenny, T.		

NOES.

Adam, Admi.	Craig, W.	Hoskins, K.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Vigors, N.
Aglionby, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hume, J.	Palmerston, Lord	Wallace, R.
Aglionby, Major	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hutt, W.	Protheroe, E.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Ball, N.	Evans, W.	Hutton, R.	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. A.
Bannerman, A.	Finch, F.	Kemble, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
Beamish, F.	Gillon, W.	Lennox, Lord G.	Russell, Lord J.	Winnington, H. J.
Berkeley, Hon. C.	Greenaway, C.	Lister, E. C.	Salwey, Col.	Woulfe, Serjt.
Bernal, R.	Grey, Sir C.	Lushington, Dr.	Sheil, R. L.	
Brotherton, J.	Hastie, A.	Lushington, C.	Smith, R. V.	——
Busfeild, W.	Hawes, B.	Martin, J.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Campbell, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, W.	Style, Sir C.	Gordon, R.
Clay, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Mildmay, P. St John	Thomson, C. P.	Steuart, R.

No. 182. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL — (In Committee). — Sixth Clause, "Inhabitant householder in any borough, named in schedules, who shall hold and occupy any house, &c. &c., which shall be rated to the relief of the poor as of the net annual value of five pounds, entitled to be a burgess and a member of the body corporate:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out "five pounds," and insert "ten pounds:" — Question put, "That 'five pounds' stand part of the clause:" — The committee divided; Ayes 286, Noes 266. — (June 11.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Attwood, T.	Berkeley, Hon. C.	Brotherton, J.	Cave, R.
Acheson, Lord Vt.	Bainbridge, E.	Bewes, T.	Browne, R. D.	Cavendish, Hn. C.
Adam, Admi.	Baines, E.	Blackett, C.	Bryan, G.	Cavendish, Hn. G.
Aglionby, H. A.	Ball, N.	Blake, W.	Buller, E.	Cayley, E.
Aglionby, Major	Bannerman, A.	Blewitt, R.	Bulwer, E. L.	Chalmers, P.
Ainsworth, P.	Barnard, E.	Blunt, Sir C.	Busfeild, W.	Chapman, Sir M.
Alston, R.	Barron, H.	Bodkin, J.	Byng, G.	Chester, H.
Andover, Ld. Vt.	Barry, G.	Brabazon, Lord	Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Chetwynd, Major
Anson, Hon. Col.	Beamish, F.	Bridgeman, H.	Callaghan, D.	Chichester, J. P.
Anson, Sir G.	Bellew, R.	Briscoe, J.	Campbell, Sir J.	Clay, W.
Archbold, R.	Bentinck, Lord W.	Brocklehurst, J.	Campbell, W.	Clements, Ld. Vt.
	Berkeley, Hon. G.	Brodie, W.	Carnac, Sir J.	Clive, E. B.

, J.
, W.
ioun, J.
r, Hon. W.
W. G.
ord, W.
y, S.
ton, S.
R.
W.
ny, Lord
ood, G. H.
, Col.
n, W.
itoun, J.
court, Rt.
. C. T.
, E.
orth, S.
Sir J.
n, Lord Vt.
mbe, T.
s, C. W. D.
s, F.
s, Hon. J.
s, Hon. T.
pe, J.
ton, Ld. Vt.
ds, J.
Hon. J.
Capt. A.
Rt. Hon. E.
V.
, R.
, Sir D. L.
, G.
, W.
n, J.
, J.
ion, Sir Ron.
ion, R.
sson, Right
. R. C.
, F.
obon, Hon.
ood, P.

French, F.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Ld. R.
Grote, G.
Guest, J.
Hall, B.
Hallyburton, Lord
Handley, H.
Harland, W.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Heneage, E.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F.
Howard, P.
Howard, R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jephson, C.
Jervis, J.
Jervis, S.
Johnston, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lascelles, Hn. W.

Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Leveson, Lord
Lister, E.
Loch, J.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, W. H.
Melgund, Lord
Mildmay, P.
Milton, Lord
Moreton, Hon. A.
Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G. A.
Nagle, Sir R.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor, Don
O'Ferrall, R.
Ord, W.
Paget, Lord A.
Paget, F.
Palmer, C. F.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Parrott, J.
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.

Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, C. F. A.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Power, John
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Roche, E.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scholefield, J.
Scrope, G.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sharpe, Gen.
Sheil, R.
Shelborne, Earl of
Slaney, R.
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Speirs, A.
Spencer, Hon. F.
Standish, C.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Staunton, Sir G.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.

Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Talbot, C. R.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H. W.
Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Thornley, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, W.
Verney, Sir H.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C. P.
Vivian, Major
Vivian, J. H.
Vivian, Sir R.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Wall, C.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Wemyss, J. E.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hon. C.
White, A.
White, S.
Wilde, Serjt.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Steuart, R.
Wood, C.

NOES.

d, T. D.
rt, Capt.
, Lord
l, Lord Vt.
r, Capt.
hnott, Hn. H.
all, M.
r, Lord
r, Hon. H.
od, W.
od, M.
, W.
, Hon. W.
, J.
, J. junior
, Colonel
, E.
g, Hon. F.
g, H. B.
g, Hn. W. B.
by, J.
gton, Lord
n, Sir R.
d.
ck, Lord G.
ll, R.
burne, I.
tone, W.
J.
more, R.
ford, Marq.
erhassett, A.
ro, H.
g, W.

Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Bruges, W. H. L.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burdett, Sir F.
Burrell, Sir C.
Burroughes, H.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Cartwright, W.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chapman, A.
Chute, W.
Clive, Lord Visct.
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Cole, Hon. A.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Compton, H.
Conolly, E.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cresswell, C.
Crewe, Sir G.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Damer, Hon. D.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.

Dick, Q.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Duffield, T.
Dugdale, W. S.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Dungannon, Lord
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Fellowes, E.
Ferguson, Sir R.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fleming, J.
Foley, E.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fox, G. L.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.

Glynne, Sir S.
Goddard, A.
Godson, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. J. R.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heneage, G. W.
Henniker, Lord
Hepburn, Sir T. B.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hill, Sir R.
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W.
Holmes, W.
Hope, H. T.
Hope, G. W.

Hotham, Lord
Houldsworth, T.
Houstoun, G.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W. B.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Ingham, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irton, S.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jenkins, R.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Jones, T.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knightley, Sir C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lockhart, A.
Long, W.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.

Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W. F.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Mahon, Lord Visct.
Maidstone, Ld. Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Miles, P. W.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Morgan, C. M.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Nicholl, J.
Noel, W.
Norreys, Lord
Ossulston, Lord
Owen, Sir J.
Packe, C. W.
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hn. G. J.
Pigot, R.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J.
Pollock, Sir F.
Powell, Col.
Praed, W.
Praed, W. T.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
St. Paul, H.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Shirley, E.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Stormont, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J. E.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Trench, Sir F.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Tyrrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Vernon, G.
Villiers, Lord Fr.
Vivian, J. E.
Waddington, H. S.
Walsh, Sir J.
Welby, G.
Whitmore, T.
Wilbraham, Ha. B.
Williams, R.
Williams, T.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Young, J. (Cav.)
Young, Sir W.

—;

Tellers.
Clerk, Sir G.
Fremantle, Sir T.

No. 183. SPIRIT LICENCES (SCOTLAND) BILL—(In Committee).—**First Clause; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:"**—Afterwards, Motion made, and Question put, "That the Chairman do leave the chair:"—The Committee divided; **Ayes 101, Noes 70.**—(June 13.)

AYES.

A'Court, Capt.
Ainsworth, P.
Attwood, W.
Bailey, J.
Bailey, J. junior
Baker, E.
Barrington, Lord
Bethell, R.
Blair, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burrell, Sir C.
Calcraft, J. H.
Canning, Sir S.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chute, W. L.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Colquhoun, J. C.
Compton, H.
Darby, G.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marquess of
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Dungannon, Lord
Egerton, Sir P.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Farnham, E. B.
Filmer, Sir E.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hon. E.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayes, Sir E.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Ingham, R.
Irton, S.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, W.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lockhart, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W. F.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Master, T.
Miles, W.
Packe, C.
Parker, M.
Patten, J.
Pease, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Perceval, Hn. G. J.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J.
Praed, W. T.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, E.
Stanley, Lord
Sturt, H. C.
Thomas, Col.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H. S.
Walsh, Sir J.
Whitmore, T.
Williams, R.
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Young, J.

Tellers.
Clerk, Sir G.
Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G.
Aglionby, Major
Baines, E.
Barnard, E.
Barry, G.
Beamish, F.
Benett, J.
Bewes, T.
Blake, M.
Blake, W.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Busfeild, W.
Collier, J.
Craig, W.
Dennistoun, J.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Dundas, C. W. D.
Ellis, Capt. A.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
French, F.
Hall, B.
Harland, W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Heathcote, G.
Hector, C.
Howard, P. H.
James, W.
Jephson, C. D.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Long, W.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Scholefield, J.
Sheil, R.
Slaney, R.
Smith, B.
Stanley, E. J.
Stansfield, W.
Steuart, R.
Stuart, V.
Strickland, Sir G.
Thornely, T.
Vigors, N.
Walker, C. A.
Wemyss, J.
White, S.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Wallace, R.
Gillon, W.

No. 184. BRIBERY AT ELECTIONS BILL. — Order for committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will upon this day six months resolve itself into the said committee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 55, Noes 2.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.
Aglionby, Major
Archbold, R.
Bailey, J. junior
Ball, N.
Barnard, E.
Beamish, F.
Bewes, T.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burroughes, H. N.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Collier, J.
Craig, W.
Curry, W.
Douglas, Sir C.
Ferguson, Sir R. A.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Filmer, Sir E.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Glynne, Sir S.
Hodgson, R.
Hughes, W. B.
Jephson, C.
Kemble, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lynch, A.
Marsland, H.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, M. J.
Palmer, G.
Pechell, Capt.
Power, James
Pryme, G.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rundle, J.
Rushout, G.
Smith, B.
Stanley, E. J.
Stuart, V.
Thornely, T.
Vigors, N.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.
Young, J. (Cavan.)

Tellers.
O'Connell, D.
Finch, F.

NOES.

Bagge, W.
Pringle, A.

Tellers.
Dungannon, Lord
Sibthorp, Col.

No. 185. HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT. — Motion made, and Question put, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to take into consideration the most eligible site for the two Houses of Parliament:" — (COLONEL DAVIES:) — The House divided: Ayes 83, Noes 90. — (June 14.)

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.
Aglionby, Major
Baker, E.
Benett, J.
Bridgeman, H.
Brotherton, H.
Bulwer, E. L.
Burr, H.
Chester, H.
Chichester, J. P.
Collier, J.
De Horsey, S.
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Fleming, J.
Gibson, T.
Hall, B.
Heathcoat, J.
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Jephson, C.
Marsland, H.
O'Brien, W. S.
Pease, J.
Roche, D.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, B.
Strickland, Sir G.
Style, Sir C.
Vigors, N.
Wallace, R.
Wood, Col.

Tellers.
Davies, Col.
Mackinnon, W.

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.
Archbold, R.
Bailey, J.
Baillie, Col.
Barnard, E.
Bewes, T.
Blake, M.
Blennerhassett, A.
Brodie, W.
Bruges, W. H.
Bryan, G.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burroughes, H. N.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Canning, Sir S.
Clay, W.
Clerk, Sir G.
Collins, W.
Craig, W. G.
Crawley, S.
Dalmeny, Lord
Darby, G.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Dungannon, Lord
Eaton, R.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Farnham, E.
Fenton, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Freshfield, J.
Gordon, R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grey, Sir G.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Henniker, Lord
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Jermyn, Earl
Kirk, P.
Lambton, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lister, E.
Martin, J.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G. A.
O'Connell, J.
O'Conor, Don.
Palmer, G.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Phillpotts, J.
Plumptre, J.
Pringle, A.
Pryme, G.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Round, C.
Scrope, G. P.
Slaney, R. A.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, Lord
Stewart, James
Stuart, V.
Tennent, J. E.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Trench, Sir F.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vere, Sir C.
Villiers, C. P.
Vivian, J. E.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H. G.
White, A.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Smith, V.
Stanley, E. J.

No. 186. EDUCATION. — Motion made, and Question put, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, praying that she will be graciously pleased to appoint a board of commissioners of education in England, with the view, especially, of providing for the wise, equitable, and efficient application of sums granted or to be granted for the advancement of education, by Parliament, and for the immediate establishment of schools for the education of teachers, in accord with the intention already expressed by the Legislature:"—(Mr. WYSE:) — The House divided; Ayes 70, Noes 74.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Chichester, J. P.	Humphery, J.	Pease, J.	Thornely, T.
Aglionby, Major	Clay, W.	Jephson, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.
Ainsworth, P.	Collier, J.	Jervis, J.	Pryme, G.	Villiers, C. P.
Archbold, R.	Collins, W.	Jervis, S.	Rice, E. R.	Wallace, R.
Baines, E.	Craig, W. G.	Johnson, Gen.	Roche, W.	Ward, H.
Beamish, F.	Duckworth, S.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Roche, D.	White, A.
Bewes, T.	Duke, Sir J.	Lister, E.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blake, M. J.	Easthope, J.	Lynch, A.	Slaney, R.	Wood, Sir M.
Bridgeman, H.	Evans, Sir De L.	Marsland, H.	Smith, B.	Wood, G. W.
Brodie, W.	Finch, F.	Morris, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J. A.
Brotherton, J.	Grote, G.	Muskett, G. A.	Stansfield, W.	
Bryan, G.	Hall, B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stewart, James	
Bulwer, E. L.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, D.	Stuart, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Busfeild, W.	Hector, C.	O'Conor, Don	Stuart, V.	Wyse, T.
Cayley, E. S.	Howard, P. H.	Parrott, J.	Style, Sir C.	Hume, J.

NOES.

Adam, Admi.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Howard, R.	Palmer, C.	Stanley, Lord
Attwood, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Howick, Lord Vt.	Palmer, G.	Strickland, Sir G.
Bailey, J.	Evans, W.	Hughes, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Talfourd, Serjt.
Bethell, R.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hurt, F.	Perceval, Col.	Teignmouth, Lord
Blair, J.	Gladstone, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Plumptre, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Blandford, Marq.	Gordon, Hon. Cpt.	Kirk, P.	Praed, W. M.	Vere, Sir C.
Blennerhassett, A.	Gore, O. J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Pringle, A.	Vivian, J. E.
Briscoe, J.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Bruges, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.	Rickford, W.	Wemyss, J.
Burroughes, H.	Grey, Sir G.	Lowther, J. H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, T.
Clerk, Sir G.	Hawkins, J.	Lushington, Dr.	Round, C.	Wrightson, W.
Colquhoun, J.	Hodgson, R.	M'Taggart, J.	Round, J.	
Courtenay, P.	Houston, G.	Maule, W.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Crawley, S.	Howard, F.	Monypenny, T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Gordon, R.
Darby, G.		Noel, W.	Smyth, Sir G.	Wood, C.
Dowdeswell, W.			Stanley, E. J.	

No. 187. COURTS OF JUSTICE BUILDINGS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Order for further consideration of Report read: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be recommitted:" — The House divided; Ayes 35, Noes 65. — (June 15.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hutt, W.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.
Baines, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Kinnaird, Hn. A.	Perceval, Col.	Wilshere, W.
Bernal, R.	Fleetwood, P.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Redington, T.	Winnington, T. E.
Blake, W.	Gordon, R.	Lynch, A.	Rice, E.	Wood, G.
Busfeild, W.	Harland, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Clay, W.	Heathcoat, J.	O'Conor Don	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Steuart, R.
Craig, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)		Murray, Rt. Hn. J.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Beamish, F.	Campbell, Sir J.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Houstoun, G.
Aglionby, H.	Blackburn, I.	Chalmers, P.	Harcourt, G. S.	Hughes, W.
Aglionby, Major	Blackstone, W.	Darby, G.	Henniker, Lord	Hume, J.
Ainsager, Capt.	Bowes, J.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Hurt, F.
Attwood, W.	Broadwood, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hinde, J. H.	Inglis, Sir R.
Bailey, J.	Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Hodgson, R.	Jackson, Serjt.
Bannerman, A.	Callaghan, D.	Gladstone, W. E.	Holmes, W.	Jones, J.
Bateson, Sir R.	Campbell, Sir H.	Grimsditch, T.		Kemble, H.

P.	Morris, D.	Round, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Wallace, R.
Hon. T.	Nicholl, J.	Rundle, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
ier, J.	Pease, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Thompson, Ald.	
nsie, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Rushout, G.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
an, D.	Philips, M.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Vigors, N.	Clerk, Sir G.
nd, Lord Vt.	Praed, W. T.	Scholefield, J.	Waddington, H.	Pringle, A.

88. VESTRIES IN CHURCHES BILL. — Order for Second Reading read: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Debate be adjourned till Monday next:" — The House divided; Ayes 34, Noes 59.

AYES.

romby, Hon.	Chalmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Redington, T.	Vigors, N.
L.	Craig, W.	Hutt, W.	Rice, E. R.	Wallace, R.
iby, H.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rundle, J.	Wood, G.
iby, Major	Finch, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Salwey, Col.	
s, E.	Gordon, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Scholefield, J.	
W.	Harland, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
J.	Hawes, B.	Parrott, J.	Style, Sir C.	Hume, J.
ld, W.	Heathcoat, J.	Pease, J.	Thornely, T.	Brotherton, J.

NOES.

d, T. D.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hinde, J.	Lynch, A.	Sinclair, Sir G.
r, Capt.	Clerk, Sir G.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, W.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
od, W.	Darby, G.	Holmes, W.	Maclean, D.	C. P.
, J.	Douglas, Sir C.	Houstoun, G.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Thompson, Ald.
rman, A.	Ebrington, Lord	Hughes, W.	Morris, D.	Vere, Sir C.
n, Sir R.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hurt, F.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Waddington, H.
sh, F.	Gladstone, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Philips, M.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
l, R.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. T.	Wilshere, W.
urne, I.	Grimsditch, T.	Jones, J.	Round, C.	Winnington, T.
tone, W.	Harcourt, G. S.	Kemble, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
wood, H.	Henniker, Lord	Kirk, P.	Rushout, G.	*Tellers.*
han, D.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Knox, Hon. T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Pringle, A.
bell, Sir H.		Lowther, J. H.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Nicholl, J.

89. Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be read a second time this day:" — The House divided; Ayes 57, Noes 26.

AYES.

romby, Hon.	Campbell, Sir H.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, W.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
L.	Craig, W. G.	Holmes, W.	Maclean, D.	C. P.
d, T. D.	Darby, G.	Houstoun, G.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Vere, Sir C.
r, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hughes, W.	Morris, D.	Waddington, H.
od, W.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hurt, F.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
, J.	Gladstone, W. E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Praed, W. T.	Wilshere, W.
rman, A.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pringle, A.	Winnington, T.
n, Sir R.	Grimsditch, T.	Jones, J.	Round, C. G.	
sh, F.	Harcourt, G.	Kemble, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
urne, I.	Henniker, Lord	Kirk, P.	Rushout, G.	*Tellers.*
tone, W.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Knox, Hon. T.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Clerk, Sir G.
wood, H.	Hinde, J.	Lowther, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Nicholl, J.
han, D.		Lynch, A.	Steuart, R.	

NOES.

iby, H.	Chalmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Rice, E.	Vigors, N.
iby, Major	Finch, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rundle, J.	Wallace, R.
s, E.	Gordon, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Salwey, Col.	
, J.	Harland, W.	Parrott, J.	Scholefield, J.	*Tellers.*
erton, J.	Hawes, B.	Pease, J.	Style, Sir C.	Hume, J.
ld, W.	Heathcoat, J.	Redington, T.	Thornely, T.	Hutt, F.

No. 190. FREEMEN'S ADMISSION BILL. — Read a third time: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill do pass:" — Debate arising; Motion made, and Question put, "That the debate be adjourned till Wednesday next:" — The House divided; Ayes 24, Noes 57.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G.	Callaghan, D.	Heathcoat, J.	Rundle, J.	Wood, G.
Aglionby, H.	Chalmers, P.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	
Bannerman, A.	Craig, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.	
Beamish, F.	Gordon, R.	Pease, J.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
Bowes, J.	Harland, W.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	Hutt, W.
	Hawes, B.	Redington, T.	Wallace, R.	Style, Sir C.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Campbell, Sir H.	Hodgson, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Aglionby, Major	Darby, G.	Holmes, W.	Morris, D.	Vere, Sir C.
Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Houstoun, G.	Nicholl, J.	Waddington, H.
Attwood, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Finch, J.	Hurt, F.	Praed, W. T.	Wilshere, W.
Baines, E.	Gladstone, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pringle, A.	Winnington, T. E.
Bateson, Sir R.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Jackson, Serjt.	Rice, E. R.	
Bernal, R.	Grimsditch, T.	Jones, J.	Round, C.	
Blackburne, I.	Harcourt, G. S.	Kemble, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Blackstone, W.	Henniker, Lord	Kirk, P.	Rushout, G.	*Tellers.*
Broadwood, H.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Knox, Hon. T.	Scholefield, J.	Clerk, Sir G.
Brotherton, J.	Hinde, J.	Lowther, J. H.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Maclean, D.
Busfeild, W.		Mackenzie, W.	Sibthorp, Col.	

No. 191. Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill do pass:" — The House divided; Ayes 57, Noes 19.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Darby, G.	Hughes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Vere, Sir C.
Aglionby, Major	Douglas, Sir C.	Hurt, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Waddington, H.
Alsager, Capt.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Hn. G.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Attwood, W.	Finch, F.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. T.	Wilshere, W.
Bailey, J.	Gladstone, W.	Jones, J.	Pringle, A.	Winnington, T.
Baines, E.	Gordon, R.	Kemble, H.	Rice, E. R.	
Bateson, Sir R.	Grimsditch, T.	Kirk, P.	Round, C. G.	
Blackburne, I.	Harcourt, G. S.	Knox, Hon. T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Blackstone, W.	Henniker, Lord	Lowther, J. H.	Rushout, G.	*Tellers.*
Broadwood, H.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, W.	Scholefield, J.	Clerk, Sir G.
Brotherton, J.	Hodgson, R.	Maclean, D.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Hinde, J. H.
Busfeild, W.	Holmes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Campbell, Sir H.	Houstoun, G.	Morris, D.	Sinclair, Sir G.	

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Bowes, J.	Pease, J.	Steuart, R.	
	Callaghan, D.	Philips, M.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Aglionby, H.	Craig, W.	Redington, T.	Thornely, T.	Wood, G.
Bannerman, A.	Hawes, B.	Rundle, J.	Vigors, N.	Hutt, W.
Beamish, F.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	Wallace, R.	

No. 192. SODOR AND MAN BISHOPRICK BILL. Read a third time: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill do pass:" — The House divided; Ayes 69, Noes 5. — (June 16.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Baring, Hn. W. B.	Brotherton, J.	Darby, G.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Ainsworth, P.	Bewes, T.	Buller, E.	Davies, Col.	Evans, W.
Archbold, R.	Blake, W.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Egerton, W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Baines, E.	Bridgeman, H.	Chapman, A.	Ellice, Capt. A.	

, F.
n, T.
m, Sir J.
ditch, T.
R.
f, W.
ouse, Sir J.
es, Hn. W.
ourt
es, W.
es, W.
, R.
Hurt, F.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jermyn, Earl
Jones, J.
Kemble, H.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Leveson, Lord
Mackenzie, T.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Martin, T.
Miles, W.
Miles, P.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R.
Packe, C.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Praed, W.
Pryme, G.
Rolleston, L.
Round, C.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Seale, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, R. V.
Steuart, R.
Strutt, E.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Townley, R.
Vere, Sir C.
Waddington, H.
White, A.
White, S.
Winnington, H.
Wood, G. W.
Wrightson, W.

Tellers.
Maule, Hon. F.
Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

Aglionby, Major
Collier, J.
Easthope, J.
Redington, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Lushington, C.
Hawes, B.

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193. RAMSGATE IMPROVEMENT BILL. — Order read, for resuming adjourned debate upon Question (14th of June), "That the Bill be now read a third time:" — Debate resumed; Question put, and agreed to: — Bill read a third time: — Clause, "Drawback of duty on coal to be allowed on coal reshipped," offered: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the clause be brought up:" The House divided; Ayes 135, Noes 17. — (June 18.)

AYES.

romby, Hon. R.
nby, H.
nby, Major
er, Capt.
old, R.
od, M.
r, J.
r, J. junior
ridge, E.
s, E.
, E.
g, Hon. W.
rd, E.
gton, Lord
n, H.
ish, F.
M.
ll, R.
s, T.
burne, I.
stone, W.
lford, Marq. of
erbassett, A.
in, J. J.
lley, H.
e, W.
erton, J.
Buller, E.
Busfeild, W.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Campbell, W.
Chapman, A.
Clay, W.
Codrington, Adm.
Collier, J.
Collins, W.
Conolly, E.
Crawford, W.
Curry, W.
Divett, E.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dugdale, W.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Duncombe, Hn. A.
Easthope, J.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Evans, W.
Finch, F.
Freshfield, J.
Gibson, T.
Gillon, W.
Godson, R.
Gore, O. J. R.
Greenaway, C.
Grimsditch, T.
Hall, B.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hayter, W.
Heneage, E.
Henniker, Lord
Hill, Lord A.
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Houstoun, G.
Hughes, W.
Hutt, W.
Ingham, R.
Irton, S.
James, W.
James, Sir W.
Jervis, J.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, J.
Lambton, H.
Lefevre, C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Lister, E.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackinnon, W.
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Marsland, H.
Marton, G.
Morris, D.
Muskett, G.
O'Connell, M.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Packe, C.
Palmer, G.
Parker, M.
Parrott, J.
Pease, J.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Phillpotts, J.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W. T.
Pryme, G.
Richards, R.
Round, J.
Rundle, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
St. Paul, H.
Scholefield, J.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, B.
Somers, J.
Somerville, Sir W.
Standish, C.
Steuart, R.
Strickland, Sir G.
Sturt, H.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Thornely, T.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, J. H.
Wallace, R.
Walsh, Sir J.
Ward, H.
Wemyss, J.
White, A.
White, S.
Winnington, T.
Wood, T.

Tellers.
Attwood, W.
Hume, J.

NOES.

e, J. I.
, Sir J. Y.
Lord Visct.
mple, Sir A.
annon, Lord
Filmer, Sir E.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Mackenzie, W.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Nicholl, J.
Rice, E. R.
Round, C.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Wilshere, W.

Tellers.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Plumptre, J.

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194. BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL. — Clause 35., l. 19., after "body," proposed to insert "of himself, or by any dangerous illness of his wife or child, making part of, and residing with him as part of, his family:" — Question put, "That those words be there inserted:" — The House divided; Ayes 42, Noes 72.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Dundas, F.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.	Pechell, Capt.	Style, Sir C.
	Dundas, Hon. T.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pendarves, E.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Aglionby, H.	Ebrington, Lord	Langton, W. G.	Philips, M.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Aglionby, Major	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lennox, Lord G.	Philips, G. R.	Thornely, T.
Ainsworth, P.	Evans, G.	Lister, E.	Power, James	Turner, W.
Archbold, R.	Fazakerley, J.	Lushington, C.	Price, Sir R.	Vigors, N.
Barnard, E.	Finch, F.	Lynch, A.	Protheroe, E.	Vivian, Major C.
Barry, G.	French, F.	M'Taggart, J.	Pryme, G.	Vivian, J.
Beamish, F.	Grey, Sir G.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Rundle, J.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Grote, G.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.	Warburton, H.
Blackett, C.	Guest, J.	Milton, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	Ward, H.
Blake, W.	Handley, H.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sanford, E.	White, A.
Bodkin, J.	Harvey, D. W.	Morris, D.	Scholefield, J.	Williams, W. (Co.)
Bowes, J.	Hastie, A.	Muskett, G.	Sharpe, Gen.	Winnington, T. E.
Brodie, W.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, D.	Shelborne, Earl of	Winnington, H.
Brotherton, J.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Slaney, R.	Wood, Sir M.
Buller, E.	Hindley, C.	O'Connell, Morg.	Smith, J. A.	Wrightson, W.
Campbell, Sir J.	Horsman, E.	O'Conor, Don	Smith, R.	
Chalmers, P.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Ferrall, R.	Somers, J.	
Craig, W.	Hume, J.	Ord, W.	Speirs, A.	
Currie, R.	Hutt, W.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Stanley, E. J.	
Curry, W.	James, W.	Parrot, J.	Stansfield, W.	*Tellers.*
Divett, E.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Pattison, J.	Strickland, Sir G.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Dundas, C. W. D.	Lambton, H.		Strutt, E.	Gillon, W.

No. 198. SMALL DEBTS (SCOTLAND) BILL — (In Committee). — Second Clause, "Justices of the peace to hear and determine causes for sums not exceeding one hundred pounds Scots:" — Amendment proposed, p. 2., l. 17., to leave out "one hundred pounds Scots," and insert "five pounds sterling:" — Question put, "That 'one hundred pounds Scots' stand part of the clause:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 119, Noes 110.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Heneage, G.	Lucas, E.	Pusey, P.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Courtenay, P.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, T.	Reid, Sir J.
	Cripps, J.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Mackenzie, W.	Richards, R.
Attwood, M.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hinde, J.	Mackinnon, W.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Bagge, W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Round, J.
Baring, Hn. F.	Dowdeswell, W.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Manners, Lord C.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Baring, Hon. W.	Dunbar, G.		Master, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Barrington, Lord	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Holmes, W.	Miles, W.	Sheppard, T.
Bell, M.	Dungannon, Lord	Hope, G.	Miles, P.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Eastnor, Lord	Hope, Hon. C.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Stanley, Lord
Bethell, R.	Egerton, W.	Hughes, W.	Morgan, C.	Stuart, Lord J.
Blackburne, I.	Egerton, Sir P.	Hurt, F.	Neeld, Joseph	Sturt, H.
Blair, J.	Farnham, E. B.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Nicholl, J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Blandford, Marq. of	Feilden, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Packe, C.	Vere, Sir C.
Boldero, H. G.	Fleming, J.	Irton, S.	Pakington, J.	Villiers, Lord Fr.
Bramston, T.	Gibson, T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, M.	Waddington, H.
Broadley, H.	Gladstone, W.	James, Sir W.	Patten, J.	Wall, C. B.
Broadwood, H.	Glynne, Sir S.	Johnstone, H.	Peel, Sir R.	Walsh, Sir J.
Bruges, W. H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Kemble, H.	Pemberton, T.	Wilbraham, Hn. R.
Burroughes, H.	Graham, Sir J.	Knox, Hon. T.	Perceval, Col.	Wood, Col.
Calcraft, J.	Greene, T.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wood, T.
Canning, Sir S.	Grimsditch, T.	Liddell, Hon. H. T.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	
Chute, W. L.	Grimston, Lord	Litton, E.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
Clerk, Sir G.	Hanford, H.	Lockhart, A.	Powerscourt, Lord	Rae, Sir W.
Cole, Lord Vt.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Praed, W. T.	Pringle, A.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hn. G.	Bowes, J.	Dundas, C.	Hastie, A.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Aglionby, H.	Brodie, W.	Dundas, F.	Hawes, B.	
Aglionby, Major	Brotherton, J.	Ebrington, Lord Vt.	Hayter, W.	Lambton, H.
Ainsworth, P.	Buller, E.	Evans, G.	Hector, C.	Langdale, Hon. C.
Barnard, E.	Campbell, W.	Evans, W.	Hindley, C.	Leader, J.
Barry, G.	Cavendish, Hn. G.	Fielden, J.	Horsman, E.	Lennox, Lord G.
Beamish, F.	Chalmers, P.	Finch, F.	Howard, R.	Lister, E.
Bernal, R.	Crawford, W.	Gordon, R.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Lushington, C.
Bewes, T.	Currie, R.	Grey, Sir G.	Hume, J.	Lynch, A.
Blackett, C.	Dennistoun, J.	Grote, G.	Hutt, W.	M'Taggart, J.
Blake, M. J.	Davies, Col.	Guest, J.	James, W.	Maule, Hon. F.
Blake, W.	Divett, E.	Handley, H.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.

Mackenzie, T.	Noel, W.	Round, C.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	*Tellers.*
Mackenzie, W.	Plumptre, J.	Round J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Clerk, Sir G.
Miles, P.	Pringle, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Walsh, Sir J.	Colquhoun, J.
Nicholl, J.	Rae, Sir W.	Rushout, G.		

No. 196. PARTY PROCESSIONS (IRELAND) BILL.—Order for Second Reading read: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 74, Noes 10.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Craig, W.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sanford, E.
Adam, Admiral	Curry, W.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, Morg.	Scholefield, J.
Aglionby, H.	Darby, G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	O'Conor Don	Stuart, Lord J.
Aglionby, Major	Dennistoun, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Ferrall, R.	Style, Sir C.
Bailey, J. junior	Douglas, Sir C.	Howard, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thornely, T.
Ball, N.	Dundas, C. W. D.	Hughes, W.	Pease, J.	Vigors, N.
Beamish, F.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Hurt, F.	Pechell, Capt.	Wallace, R.
Bewes, T.	Evans, W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Power, James	Williams, W. A.
Blake, M.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Johnson, Gen.	Price, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	Winnington, T. E.
Bridgeman, H.	Finch, F.	Martin, J.	Rice, E.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Fleetwood, P.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Roche, D.	Wood, G.
Bruges, W.	Gordon, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Busfeild, W.	Greenaway, C.	Muskett, G. A.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
Collier, J.	Hastie, A.	Nicholl, J.	Rundle, J.	Steuart, R.
		O'Brien, W. S.	Salwey, Col.	Maule, Hon. F.

NOES.

Burroughes, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Miles, P.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W. L.	Litton, E.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Dungannon, Lord
Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Lockhart, A.	Sibthorp, Col.	Bateson, Sir R.
Fector, J.			

No. 197. SMALL DEBTS (SCOTLAND) BILL.—Order for further consideration of Report read:—Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the amendments be now read a second time:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Bill be recommitted," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 111, Noes 111:—Whereupon Mr. Speaker, in order to give the House a convenient opportunity for further considering the Bill, declared himself with the Noes.—(June 20.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Grimston, Lord Vt.	Mackenzie, W.	Round, C.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackinnon, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bagge, W.	Courtenay, P.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Maclean, D.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Bailey, J. (Wor.)	Cripps, J.	Hinde, J.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Sheppard, T.
Baring, Hon. F.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hodgson, F.	Master, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Baring, Hon. W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hodgson, R.	Miles, W.	Stanley, Lord
Barrington, Lord	Dowdeswell, W.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Miles, P.	Stuart, Lord J.
Bell, M.	Dunbar, G.	Hope, Hon. C.	Milnes, R.	Sturt, H.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hope, G. W.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Bethell, R.	Dungannon, Lord	Hurt, F.	Neeld, Joseph	Vere, Sir C.
Blackburne, I.	Eastnor, Lord	Ingham, R.	Nicholl, J.	Verner, Col.
Blair, J.	Egerton, W. T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Packe, C.	Villiers, Lord Vt.
Blandford, Marq. of	Egerton, Sir P.	Irton, S.	Pakington, J.	Waddington, H.
Boldero, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Jackson, Serjt.	Palmer, G.	Walsh, Sir J.
Bramston, T.	Farnham, E.	James, Sir W.	Parker, M.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Broadley, H.	Feilden, W.	Johnstone, H.	Peel, Sir R.	Wood, Col.
Brownrigg, S.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jones, T.	Pemberton, T.	Wood, T.
Bruges, W.	Fleming, J.	Kemble, H.	Perceval, Col.	
Burroughes, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	
Calcraft, J.	Gladstone, W.	Litton, E.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	
Canning, Sir S.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lockhart, A.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Powerscourt, Lord	Rae, Sir W.
Clerk, Sir G.	Greene, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Praed, W. T.	Pringle, A.
	Grimsditch, T.		Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	

Hindley, C.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Praed, W. M.	Sheppard, T.	Verney, Sir H.
Hodgson, R.	Kirk, P.	Praed, W. T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Welby, G.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Litton, E.	Pryme, G.	Stanley, W. O.	White, A.
Hope, Hon. C.	Lockhart, A.	Rice, E. R.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. A.
Houstoun, G.	Lowther, J. H.	Richards, R.	Style, Sir C.	Wood, Col.
Hurt, F.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.	Sugden, Sir E.	Worsley, Lord
Jackson, Serjt.	Neeld, Joseph	Rushout, G.	Talfourd, Serjt.	
James, Sir W.	Nicholl, J.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Trevor, Hon. G.	*Tellers.*
Jones, T.	Pakington, J.	Sanford, E.	Turner, E.	Plumptre, J.
Kemble, H.	Pease, J.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Vere, Sir C.	Inglis, Sir R.

NOES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Duckworth, S.	Johnson, Gen.	Ponsonby, C.	Villiers, C.
Aglionby, Major	Duke, Sir James	Langdale, Hon. C.	Power, James	Wallace, R.
Bainbridge, E.	Finch, F.	Leader, J. T.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Bannerman, A.	Grote, G.	Lister, E.	Rumbold, C. E.	Winnington, H. J.
Bewes, T.	Hawes, B.	Marshall, W.	Scholefield, J.	Wood, Sir M.
Blackett, C.	Hawkins, J.	Marsland, H.	Smith, B.	
Brodie, W.	Hector, C.	Melgund, Lord	Smith, R. V.	
Brotherton, J.	Howard, P. H.	Morgan, C.	Stansfield, W.	
Campbell, W.	Hume, J.	Ord, W.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Hutt, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tollemache, F.	Jervis, J.
Collins, W.	James, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, W.	Ward, H.
Dennistoun, J.	Jervis, S.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	

No. 201. LORD'S DAY BILL.—(In Committee).—First Clause, "Prohibiting certain acts from being done on the Lord's day."—P. 1., l. 14., after the word "shall" proposed to insert the words "do or cause to be done any manner of work, or shall:"—Question proposed, "That those words be there inserted:"—Whereupon, Motion made, and Question put, "That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 34, Noes 84.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Finch, F.	Leader, J. T.	Smith, B.	Ward, H.
Aglionby, Major	Gordon, R.	Marshall, W.	Stansfield, W.	Williams, W. A.
Bannerman, A.	Grote, G.	Ord, W.	Strutt, E.	
Chalmers, P.	Hawes, B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thornely, T.	
Collins, W.	Hawkins, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, W.	
Duckworth, S.	Hume, J.	Rumbold, C.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Duke, Sir J.	Hutt, W.	Salwey, Col.	Villiers, C.	Howard, P. H.
Dungannon, Lord	Johnson, Gen.	Slaney, R. A.	Warburton, H.	Brotherton, J.

NOES.

Adare, Lord Visct.	Chapman, A.	Hope, Hon. C.	Packe, C.	Stanley, W. O.
Attwood, M.	Darby, G.	Houstoun, G.	Pakington, J.	Stewart, James
Bagge, W.	Dennistoun, J.	Hurt, F.	Pease, J.	Style, Sir C.
Bainbridge, E.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Philips, M.	Talfourd, Serjt.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Power, James	Thompson, Ald.
Bewes, T.	Farnham, E.	James, W.	Praed, W. M.	Tollemache, F.
Blackburne, I.	Fleming, J.	James, Sir W.	Pringle, A.	Turner, E.
Blair, J.	Gillon, W. D.	Jervis, J.	Rice, E.	Vere, Sir C.
Blandford, Marq. of	Godson, R.	Jones, T.	Richards, R.	Verney, Sir H.
Boldero, H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Kemble, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wallace, R.
Bramston, T.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Round, J.	Welby, G.
Broadley, H.	Hastie, A.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Wood, Sir M.
Brocklehurst, J.	Henniker, Lord	Litton, E.	Sanford, E.	Wood, Col. T.
Brodie, W.	Hindley, C.	Lockhart, A.	Scholefield, J.	Worsley, Lord
Burroughes, H.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Lowther, J. H.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	
Campbell, Sir H.	Holmes, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
Campbell, W.		Morris, D.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Plumptre, J.
Cayley, E.		Nicholl, J.	Smith, R. V.	Fremantle, Sir T.

No. 202. Question put, "That the words 'do or cause to be done any manner of work, or shall,' be there inserted:'"—The Committee divided; Ayes 30, Noes 68.

uskett, G.	Philips, M.	Scholefield, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.	Ward, H.
'Connell, D.	Philips, G. R.	Seymour, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Westenra, Hn. H.
'Connell, Morg.	Power, James	Slaney, R.		White, A.
'Conor Don	Price, Sir R.	Smith, B.	Thornely, T.	Winnington, T.
'Ferrall, M.	Protheroe, E.	Stanley, E. J.	Turner, E.	Winnington, H. J.
rd, W.	Roche, D.	Stanley, W. O.	Turner, W.	Wood, Sir M.
arker, J. (Sheff.)	Roche, W.	Stansfield, W.	Verney, Sir H.	Wrightson, W.
arrott, J.	Rundle, J.	Staunton, Sir G.	Vigors, N.	
attison, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Strickland, Sir G.	Vivian, Sir R.	*Tellers.*
ase, J.	Salwey, Col.	Strutt, E.	Wallace, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
chell, Capt.	Sanford, E.	Style, Sir C.	Warburton, H.	Gillon, W.
ndarves, E.				

o. 199. NEW ZEALAND BILL. — Order for the Second Reading read: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day six months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 32, Noes 92.

AYES.

lionby, H. A.	Dennistoun, J.	Jervis, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Warburton, H.
lionby, Major	Finch, F.	Jervis, S.	Power, James	
nnerman, A.	Grote, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Scholefield, J.	
wes, J.	Hawes, B.	Leader, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
mpbell, Sir H.	Hinde, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Smith, B.	*Tellers.*
mpbell, W.	Howard, P. H.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Vigors, N.	Baring, Hon. F.
almers, P.	Hume, J.	Milnes, R.	Villiers, C.	Ward, H.
llins, W.	Hutt, W.	O'Brien, W. S.		

NOES.

ines, E.	Gillon, W.	Hurt, F.	Pollhill, F.	Sugden, Sir E.
rnard, E.	Gladstone, W. E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Talfourd, Serjt.
wes, T.	Godson, R.	James, W.	Praed, W. T.	Tollemache, F.
ckett, C.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	James, Sir W.	Pryme, G.	Turner, E.
ndford, Marq. of	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Jones, T.	Pusey, P.	Turner, W.
idgeman, H.		Kemble, H.	Rice, E. R.	Vere, Sir C.
oadley, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Richards, R.	Verney, Sir H.
ocklehurst, J.	Halford, H.	Kirk, P.	Rickford, W.	Vivian, J. E.
odie, W.	Hawkins, J.	Lister, E.	Rolfe, Sir R.	White, A.
otherton, J.	Hector, C.	Litton, E.	Rose, Sir G.	Williams, W. A.
uges, W. H. L.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Lowther, J. H.	Round, J.	Wood, Sir M.
apman, A.	Hindley, C.	Marshall, W.	Rushout, G.	Wood, Col. T.
ute, W.	Hodges, T.	Marsland, H.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Wood, T.
lquhoun, J. C.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court	Martin, T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Wrightson, W.
urtenay, P.		Noel, W.	Sheppard, T.	
ewe, Sir G.	Holmes, W.	Ord, W.	Stanley, W. O.	
ckworth, S.	Hope, G.	Owen, Sir J.	Stewart, John	
ncombe, Hn. W.	Hope, C.	Pakington, J.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
on, R.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Pease, J.	Strutt, E.	Grey, Sir G.
ns, W.	Humphery, J.	Plumptre, J.	Style, Sir C.	Inglis, Sir R.

. 200. LORD'S DAY BILL. — Order for further consideration of Report read: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be recommitted:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into consideration on this day three months," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided: Ayes 75, Noes 53.

AYES.

re, Lord	Blair, J.	Burroughes, N.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
wood, M.	Blandford, Marq. of	Campbell, Sir H.	Evans, W.	
ge, W.	Boldero, H.	Chapman, A.	Fleming, J.	Greene, T.
es, E.	Broadley, H.	Copeland, Ald.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Grimsditch, T.
M.	Brocklehurst, J.	Crewe, Sir G.	Godson, R.	Henniker, Lord
kburne, I.	Bruges, W.	Darby, G.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hinde, J. H.

out stand part of the clause:" Whereupon, Motion made, and Question put, "That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 44, Noes 55.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Dennistoun, J.	Howard, P. H.	Salwey, Col.	Villiers, C.
Aglionby, Major	Duckworth, S.	Hutt, W.	Sanford, E.	Warburton, H.
Bainbridge, E.	Duke, Sir J.	James, W.	Scholefield, J.	Ward, H.
Bannerman, A.	Dungannon, Lord	Johnson, Gen.	Smith, B.	Worsley, Lord
Bewes, T.	Finch, F.	Marshall, W.	Stansfield, W.	
Brocklehurst, J.	Gillon, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Strutt, E.	
Brodie, W.	Grote, G.	Pease, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.	
Brotherton, J.	Hastie, A.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Hawes, B.	Philips, M.	Turner, W.	Jervis, J.
Collins, W.	Hawkins, J.	Power, James	Vigors, N.	Leader, J.

NOES.

Adare, Lord	Evans, W.	Hurt, F.	Packe, C.	Tollemache, F.
Attwood, M.	Farnham, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pakington, J.	Vere, Sir C.
Bagge, W.	Fleming, J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W.	Verney, Sir H.
Baines, E.	Godson, R.	James, Sir W.	Pringle, A.	Wallace, R.
Blandford, Marq. of	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Jones, T.	Rice, E. R.	Williams, W.
Boldero, H.	Henniker, Lord	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	Wood, Col. T.
Broadley, H.	Hinde, J. H.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	
Burroughes, H.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court.	Litton, E.	Sandon, Lord Visct.	
Campbell, Sir H.	Holmes, W.	Lockhart, A.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	
Cayley, E.	Hope, Hon. C.	Lowther, J. H.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Houston, G.	Mackenzie, T.	Slaney, R.	Plumptre, J.
Duncombe, Hon. W.		Morris, D.	Style, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.
		Nicholl, J.	Thompson, Ald.	

No. 205. SHIP VIXEN. — Motion made, and Question put, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into the following allegations contained in the petition of Mr. George Bell and others, namely, that the petitioners have suffered seriously in their interests and characters through the seizure of their vessel 'the Vixen,' and her cargo, by a Russian man-of-war, in the Bay of Soudjouk Kalé; that the intention of the petitioner, George Bell, to send a vessel to the coast of Circassia, for the purpose of trading independently with the population of that coast, was previously made known to her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and had his approval and sanction; and that the final arrangements for the vessel's voyage were, before she sailed from Constantinople, communicated to and expressly sanctioned by her Majesty's representative at the Sublime Porte:" — (SIR STRATFORD CANNING:) — The House divided; Ayes 184, Noes 200. — (June 21.)

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Blennerhassett, A.	Corry, Hon. H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hepburn, Sir T.
Acland, T. D.	Boldero, H.	Courtenay, P.	Foley, E.	Herbert, Hon. S.
A'Court, Capt.	Bolling, W.	Cresswell, C.	Forester, Hon. G.	Herries, Rt. Hon. J.
Adare, Lord	Bradshaw, J.	Darby, G.	Gaskell, J. M.	
Alford, Lord Visct.	Broadley, H.	De Horsey, S.	Gibson, T.	Hillsborough, Earl
Alsager, Capt.	Broadwood, H.	Dick, Q.	Gladstone, W.	Hodgson, R.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Brownrigg, S.	Douglas, Sir C.	Godson, R.	Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court.
Attwood, W.	Bruce, Lord E.	Dowdeswell, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	
Attwood, T.	Bruges, W. H.	Dunbar, G.	Gore, O. J. R.	Holmes, W.
Bagge, W.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Hope, Hon. C.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Burdett, Sir F.	Dungannon, Lord		Hope, G.
Bailey, J.	Burr, H.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Graham, Sir J.	Hotham, Lord
Bailey, J. junior	Burrell, Sir C.	Egerton, Sir P.	Grimsditch, T.	Houldsworth, T.
Baillie, Col.	Burroughes, H. N.	Egerton, Lord F.	Grimston, Lord	Houstoun, G.
Baring, Hon. W.	Calcraft, J. H.	Eliot, Lord	Grimston, Hon. E.	Hughes, W.
Bell, M.	Canning, Sir S.	Ellis, J.	Hale, R.	Hurt, F.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Chandos, Marq. of	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Halford, H.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Bethell, R.	Chute, W. L.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hardinge, Sir H.	Jackson, Serjt.
Blackburne, I.	Clerk, Sir G.	Farnham, E.	Hawkes, T.	James, Sir W.
Blackstone, W.	Cole, Hon. A.	Feilden, W.	Hayes, Sir E.	Jermyn, Earl
Blair, J.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Fellowes, E.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Johnstone, H.
	Compton, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Henniker, Lord	Jones, T.

H.	Maclean, D.	Peel, Sir R.	Rose, Rt.Hn.SirG.	Teignmouth,Lord
Sir E.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Pemberton, T.	Round, C.	Tollemache, F.
	Marton, G.	Perceval, Col.	Round, J.	Trevor, Hon. G.
I.	Master, T.	Pigot, R.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
', Sir C.	Maunsell, T.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Rushout, G.	Vere, Sir C.
	Miles, W.	Polhill, F.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Waddington, H. S.
Hon. W.	Miles, P.	Pollen, Sir J.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Walsh, Sir J.
t. Hn. T.	Miller, W.	Praed, W. M.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Williams, W. A.
lon. H.	Mordaunt, Sir J.	Praed, W. T.	Shirley, E.	Wodehouse, E.
	Morgan, C. M. R.	Pringle, A.	Sibthorp, Colonel	Wood, Col. T.
	Neeld, Joseph	Pusey, P.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wood, T.
A.	Neeld, John	Rae, Sir W.	Smyth, Sir G.	Wyndham, W.
Hn. Col.	Nicholl, J.	Reid, Sir J. R.	Stanley, E.	
Lord Vt.	Norreys, Lord	Richards, R.	Stanley, Lord	*Tellers.*
on. Gen.	Pakington, J.	Rickford, W.	Stormont, Lord	Baring, H. B.
e, T.	Parker, T. A. W.	Rolleston, L.	Sugden, Sir E.	Fremantle, Sir T.
e, W. F.	Patten, J.			

NOES.

by, Hon.	Clive, E.	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, W. O.
	Collier, J.	Hawkins, J.	Muskett, G.	Stansfield, W.
Lord	Collins, W.	Heathcote, G. J.	O'Connell, D.	Staunton, Sir G.
ıml.	Cowper, Hon. W.	Hindley, C.	O'Connell, J.	Steuart, R.
Major	Craig, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stewart, James
ı, P.	Crawley, S.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stuart, Lord J.
R.	Crompton, S.	Hodges, T.	O'Connor Don	Stuart, V.
	Curry, W.	Hollond, R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Strickland, Sir G.
	Dalmeny, Lord	Horsman, E.	Ord, W.	Strutt, E.
ın, A.	Dashwood, G.	Hoskins, K.	Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.
E. G.	Davies, Col.	Howard, F.	Palmerston, Ld.Vt.	Surrey, Earl of
	Denison, W.	Howard, P.	Parrott, J.	Talbot, C. R.
F. B.	Dennistoun, J.	Howard, R.	Pattison, J.	Talfourd, Serjt.
	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Pease, J.	Thomson, Rt.
Hon. C.	Hn. C. T.	Hutt, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Hn. C. P.
	Duckworth, S.	Ingham, R.	Pinney, W.	Thornely, T.
	Duff, J.	Jephson, C.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Townley, R.
	Duke, Sir J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Power, John	Turner, W.
	Dundas, C. W. D.	Labouchere, Rt.	Price, Sir R.	Verney, Sir H.
C.	Dundas, F.	Hon. H.	Protheroe, E.	Vigors, N.
	Dundas, Hon. J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pryme, G.	Villiers, C.
n, H.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, J.
	Easthope, J.	Lennox, Lord G.	Roche, E.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
ırst, J.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Leveson, Lord	Roche, W.	Walker, R.
'.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Lister, E.	Roche, D.	Wallace, R.
n, J.	Etwall, R.	Lushington, Dr.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
	Evans, Sir De L.	Lushington, C.	Rumbold, C.	Ward, H.
.. L.	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Rundle, J.	Westenra, Hon. H.
W.	Fazakerley, J.	Macnamara, Major	Russell, Lord J.	Westenra, Hon. J.
ı, D.	Fenton, J.	M'Taggart, J.	Russell, Lord	White, A.
, Sir J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Maher, J.	Russell, Lord C.	Wilde, Serjt.
, W.	Ferguson, R.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, T. E.
	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Marsland, H.	Sanford, E.	Winnington, H.
ı, Hon. C.	R. C.	Martin, J.	Scolefield, J.	Wood, G. W.
ı, Hn. G.	Fleetwood, P.	Maule, Hon. F.	Seale, Col.	Woulfe, Serjt.
	French, F.	Melgund, Lord	Sharpe, Gen.	Wrightson, W.
, P.	Gillon, W.	Mildmay, P. St.	Sheil, R.	Wyse, T.
H.	Gordon, R.	John	Smith, J. A.	Yates, J. A.
l, Major	Greenaway, C.	Milton, Lord	Smith, B.	
r, J.	Grey, Sir C.	Moreton, Hon. A.	Smith, R. V.	*Tellers.*
J.	Grey, Sir G.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Somerville, Sir W.	Parker, J.
Sir W.	Harland, W.	Morris, D.	Speirs, Alexander	Stanley, E.

Tithes (Ireland) Bill. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That ıe Order of the Day for the second reading of the Tithes (Ireland) Bill be ow read:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "Tithes (Ire-ınd)," and insert the words "Factories Regulation," instead thereof: — uestion put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the uestion:" — The House divided; Ayes 119, Noes 111. — (June 22.)

AYES.

ml.	Bannerman, A.	Blake, W.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Chester, H.
Major	Barnard, E.	Brabazon, Lord	Callaghan, D.	Clay, W.
ı, P.	Beamish, F.	Bridgeman, H.	Campbell, Sir J.	Clive, E.
R.	Bentinck, Lord W.	Brodie, W.	Cavendish, Hon. C.	Collier, J.
	Bernal, R.	Buller, E.	Cavendish, Hon. G.	Craig, W.
	Blake, M.	Busfeild, W.	Chalmers, P.	Crawley, S.

Currie, R.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Divett, E.
Ebrington, Lord Vt.
Elliot, Hon. J. E.
Evans, W.
Feilden, W.
Fenton, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Ferguson, R.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Gordon, R.
Grattan, J.
Grey, Sir C.
Guest, J.
Hawes, B.
Hayter, W.
Hector, C.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Horsman, E.
Howard, F.
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Humphery, J.
Hutton, R.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lister, E.
M'Taggart, J.
Marsland, H.
Martin, T.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R.
Paget, F.
Parrott, J.
Pease, J.
Philipps, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Ponsonby, C. F.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rickford, W.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Seale, Col.
Sheil, R.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, W. O.
Stansfield, W.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strickland, Sir G.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Walker, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hn. H.
White, A.
White, S.
Williams, W.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.

Tellers.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Maule, Hon. Fox

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Aglionby, H.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Attwood, M.
Bailey, J. jun.
Baillie, Col.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Lord
Bethell, R.
Boldero, H.
Bradshaw, J.
Broadley, H.
Brocklehurst, J.
Brotherton, J.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W.
Burr, H.
Calcraft, J.
Chute, W.
Clerk, Sir G.
Codrington, C.
Colquhoun, J. C.
Compton, H.
Corry, Hon. H.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
De Horsey, S.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Dungannon, Lord
Egerton, Lord F.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Fielden, J.
Fector, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Follett, Sir W.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gibson, T.
Gore, O. J. R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hawkes, T.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heneage, G.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hindley, C.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, H.
Hughes, W.
Ingestre, Lord
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Jermyn, Earl
Johnson, Gen.
Jones, J.
Kemble, H.
Kirk, P.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Maclean, D.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Mordaunt, Sir J.
Nicholl, J.
O'Brien, W. S.
Packe, C.
Pakington, J.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Plumptre, J.
Praed, W. M.
Praed, W. T.
Pringle, A.
Richards, R.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, C. G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Sandon, Lord
Sheppard, T.
Shirley, E.
Smith, A.
Smyth, Sir G.
Stanley, Lord
Sturt, H.
Thompson, Ald.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Villiers, Ld. Vt.
Vivian, J.
Walsh, Sir J.
Wilbraham, Ha. B.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Wilmot, E.
Wood, T.

Tellers.
Ashley, Lord
Freshfield, J.

No. 207. HACKNEY CARRIAGES (METROPOLIS) BILL. — Order for receiving Report read; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Report be now brought up:" — The House divided; Ayes 56, Noes 15.

AYES.

Aglionby, Major
Beamish, F.
Benett, J.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blunt, Sir C.
Bowes, J.
Brotherton, J.
Clerk, Sir G.
Collier, J.
Craig, W.
Crompton, S.
Darby, G.
Dennistoun, J.
Evans, W.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
French, F.
Grimsditch, T.
Hayter, W.
Hinde, J.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, T.
Hodges, T.
Hodgson, R.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G.
Howard, P. H.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Johnstone, H.
Kemble, H.
Lister, E.
Lockhart, A. M.
Mackenzie, T.
Mildmay, P.
Morgan, C.
Muskett, G.
Pease, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Praed, W. T.
Pringle, A.
Protheroe, E.
Roche, D.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Round, C.
Salwey, Col.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Stanley, E. J.
Strutt, E.
Tancred, H.
Turner, E.
Vere, Sir C.
Vigors, N. A.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Wilshere, W.
Wood, G.

Tellers.
Wood, Sir M.
Pryme, G.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bruges, W.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
Dowdeswell, W.
Fielden, J.
Hawes, B.
Hector, C.
Jervis, S.
Marsland, H.
Rundle, J.
Thornely, T.
Turner, W.
Wood, T.

Tellers.
Hume, J.
Warburton, H.

208. Prisons Bill — (In Committee). — Sixth Clause (Exchequer Loan Commissioners may grant Loans for Borough Prisons): — Motion made, and Question put, "That the clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 96, Noes 18. — (June 23.)

AYES.

d, T. D.	Eliot, Lord	Hughes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Stanley, E. J.
irt, Capt.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hurst, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stanley, W. O.
orth, P.	Estcourt, T. (Ox.U.)	Hutton, R.	O'Conor Don	Staunton, Sir G.
old, R.	Evans, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stuart, V.
, W.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Jackson, Serjt.	Packe, C.	Strutt, E.
s, E.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Jermyn, Earl	Palmer, G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
, T.	R. C.	Kemble, H.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	C. P.
eman, H.	Gibson, T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.
e, J.	Gladstone, W.	Labouchere, Right	Pease, J.	Townley, R.
erton, J.	Glynne, Sir S.	Hon. H.	Pendarves, E.	Turner, E.
s, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.
, Sir J. Y.	H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Philips, M.	Waddington, H.
han, D.	Graham, Sir J.	Lockhart, A.	Praed, W. M.	White, A.
nan, A.	Grey, Sir C.	Mackenzie, T.	Pryme, G.	White, S.
W.	Hawes, B.	Maher, J.	Roche, W.	Wilshere, W.
r, J.	Hector, C.	Marsland, H.	Round, J.	Wood, G.
, G.	Hill, Lord A.	Martin, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
s, Col.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, W.	Russell, Lord J.	
t, E.	Hodges, T.	Maunsell, T.	Seale, Col.	*Tellers.*
eswell, W.	Hodgson, R.	Mildmay, P.	Seymour, Lord	Maule, Hon. F.
ope, J.	Howard, P. H.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

nby, Major	Dundas, C. W. D.	Johnson, Gen.	Salwey, Col.	*Tellers.*
ngton, Lord	Dungannon, Lord	Pechell, Capt.	Stansfield, W.	Hume, J.
ll, R.	Ellis, J.	Redington, T.	Vigors, N.	Warburton, H.
ley, H.	Fielden, J.	Rundle, J.	Wood, T.	
ngton, Adm.	Hobhouse, T. B.			

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209. Municipal Corporations (Ireland) Bill. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 169, Noes 134. — (June 25.)

AYES.

cromby, Hon.	Buller, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Jephson, C.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
	Bulwer, E. L.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn.	Jervis, J.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
nby, H.	Busfeild, W.	R. C.	Jervis, S.	Parrott, J.
worth, P.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Finch, F.	Lambton, H.	Pease, J.
n, R.	Callaghan, D.	Fitzpatrick, J.	Lushington, Dr.	Philips, M.
n, Hon. Col.	Carnac, Sir J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Lushington, C.	Power, John
bold, R.	Cayley, E.	French, F.	Lynch, A.	Protheroe, E.
ood, T.	Chester, H.	Gillon, W.	Macleod, R.	Pryme, G.
N.	Chichester, J. P.	Gordon, R.	Macnamara, Major	Pusey, P.
erman, A.	Clay, W.	Goring, H.	Maher, J.	Redington, T.
ard, E.	Clements, Lord Vt.	Grattan, J.	Marsland, H.	Rice, E.
, G.	Collier, J.	Grattan, H.	Martin, T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
ish, F.	Collins, W.	Grey, Sir C.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Rich, H.
w, R. M.	Colquhoun, Sir J.	Grey, Sir G.	Maule, W. H.	Roche, E.
s, T.	Craig, W.	Hall, B.	Mildmay, P.	Roche, D.
ett, C.	Crawley, S.	Hallyburton, Lord	Morpeth, Lord	Rolfe, Sir R.
, M. J.	Curry, W.	D.	Morris, D.	Rumbold, C.
, W.	Dalmeny, Lord	Harvey, D. W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rundle, J.
itt, R. J.	Denison, W.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Russell, Lord J.
, Sir C.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Hayter, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Russell, Lord C.
zon, Lord	Hn. C. T.	Hindley, C.	O'Callaghan, Hn.	Salwey, Col.
eman, H.	Duke, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	C.	Scrope, G.
oe, J.	Easthope, J.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, D.	Seale, Col.
dlehurst, J.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hoskins, K.	O'Connell, J.	Seymour, Lord
e, W.	Ellice, Capt.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sharpe, Gen.
erton, J.	Etwall, R.	Hume, J.	O'Conor Don.	Sheil, R.
ne, R. D.	Evans, G.	Humphery, J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Somerville, Sir W.
, G.	Fenton, J.	Hurst, R.	Palmer, C. F.	Staunton, Sir G.

Stewart, James
Stuart, V.
Strutt, E.
Surrey, Earl of
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Sir R.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wall, C.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hon. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
White, A.
White, S.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Alsager, Capt.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Baker, E.
Barrington, Visct.
Bateson, Sir R.
Blackburne, I.
Blair, J.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blennerhassett, A.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burr, H.
Cantilupe, Lord
Cartwright, W.
Castlereagh, Lord
Clive, Hon. R.
Compton, H.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Cresswell, C.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Lord.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Follet, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Godson, R.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Lord Vt.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heneage, G.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Houldsworth, T.
Howard, Hon. W.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Manners, Lord C.
Maunsell, P.
Miles, W.
Miles, P. W.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Noel, W. M.
Palmer, G.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W. M.
Praed, W. T.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Rae, Sir W.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Sandon, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Smyth, Sir G.
Stanley, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Verner, Col.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H.
Walsh, Sir J.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Baring, H. B.

No. 210. John Nicholl Thom. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into all the circumstances connected with the discharge of John Nicholl Thom, alias Courtenay, from the Kent Lunatic Asylum: — (Sir Edward Knatchbull:) — The House divided; Ayes 134, Noes 94. — (June 26.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.
Acland, T. D.
Adam, Admi.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Baillie, Col.
Baring, H. B.
Baring, Hon. W. B.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Visct.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blake, M.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blennerhassett, A.
Bolling, W.
Bramston, T.
Campbell, Sir H.
Campbell, Sir J.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chapman, A.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, Hon. R.
Courtenay, P.
Crawley, S.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl of
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
Dowdeswell, W.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Feilden, W.
Fielden, J.
Fector, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Gaskell, J.
Gibson, T.
Gordon, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Harvey, D. W.
Hawkes, T.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
Jackson, Serjt.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maunsell, T.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Morpeth, Lord
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Nicholl, J.
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, G.
Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Parker, T.
Peel, Sir R.
Polhill, F.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Rae, Sir W.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Round, J.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Sandon, Lord
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, Lord,
Stuart, V.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Thompson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Trench, Sir F.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vere, Sir C.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Winnington, T. E.
Wood, C.
Wyndham, W.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

ıby, H. A.	Chester, H.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strickland, Sir G.
′orth, P.	Childers, J.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, Morg.	Strutt, E.
ıold, R.	Craig, W.	Hoskins, K.	O'Conor Don	Style, Sir C.
s, E.	Dashwood, G. H.	Howard, P. H.	Ord, W.	Turner, W.
erman, A.	Denison, W.	Ingham, R.	Palmer, C.	Vigors, N.
ırd, E.	Dennistoun, J.	Jephson, C.	Parrott, J.	Walker, C.
, G.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. C. T.	Jervis, S.	Pease, J.	Walker, R.
l, R.	Duckworth, S.	Lefevre, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Westenra, Hn. H.
ı, T.	Edwards, J.	Lister, E.	Philips, M.	White, A.
ett, C.	Evans, Sir De L.	Lushington, Dr.	Phillpotts, J.	White, S.
, W.	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Wilkins, W.
tt, R.	Fenton, J.	Macnamara, Major	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. A.
eman, H.	Finch, F.	Marsland, H.	Ramsbottom, J.	Wilshere, W.
ıe, J.	French, F.	Martin, J.	Redington, T.	Winnington, H. J.
lehurst, J.	Grattan, H.	Maule, W. H.	Rice, E.	Wood, G.
e, W.	Guest, J. J.	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.	
erton, J.	Handley, H.	Muskett, G.	Salwey, Colonel	
r, E. L.	Hastie, A.	O'Brien, C.	Seale, Col.	*Tellers.*
ild, W.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, D.	Slaney, E.	Hodges, T.
y, E.		O'Connell, J.	Staunton, Sir G.	Warburton, H.

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211. Committee appointed: — (Sir Edward Knatchbull:) — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Earl of Lincoln be one other Member of the Committee:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the name of the "Earl of Lincoln," and insert, instead thereof, the name of Sir Thomas Acland:" — Question put, "That the name of the 'Earl of Lincoln' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 104, Noes 134.

AYES.

ıd, T. D.	Courtenay, P.	Granby, Marq. of	Litton, E.	Pringle, A.
', Lord Visct.	Cresswell, C.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rae, Sir W.
hnott, Hn. H.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hale, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Round, J.
, Hon. W.	Darby, G.	Halford, H.	Lygon, Hn. Gen.	Rushout, G.
', J.	Darlington, Earl	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
', J. junior	De Horsey, S.	Hawkes, T.	Mahon, Ld. Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
e, Col.	Dowdeswell, W.	Henniker, Lord	Manners, Lord C.	Somerset, Lord G.
g, Hon. W.	Dunbar, G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Marsland, T.	Stanley, Lord
by, J.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hinde, J.	Marton, G.	Sugden, Sir E.
ngton, Lord	Dungannon, Lord	Holmes, W.	Master, T.	Thomas, Col.
nck, Lord G.	Eaton, R.	Hope, Hon. C.	Mathew, G.	Trench, Sir F.
stone, W.	Egerton, W.	Hope, G. W.	Maunsell, T.	Vere, Sir C.
J.	Feilden, W.	Hughes, W.	Miller, W.	Vivian, J.
lford, Marq. of	Fielden, J.	Hurt, F.	Monypenny, T.	Wyndham, W.
ierhassett, A.	Fector, J.	Ingham, R.	Nicholl, J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ıg, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pakington, J.	
ston, T.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jackson, Serjt.	Palmer, G.	
', Lord E.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jermyn, Earl	Parker, T.	
dos, Marq. of	Gibson, T.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Peel, Sir R.	*Tellers.*
man, A.	Gladstone, W.	Kirk, P.	Polhill, F.	Fremantle, Sir T.
e, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	Baring, H.
, Hon. R.	Graham, Sir J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Price, R.	

NOES.

′romby, Hon. R.	Bridgeman, H.	Duckworth, S.	Hill, Lord A.	Marsland, H.
ı, Adml.	Briscoe, J.	Edwards, J.	Hindley, C.	Martin, J.
nby, H.	Brocklehurst, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. Fox
′orth, P.	Brodie, W.	Evans, G.	Hodges, T.	Maule, W.
ıold, R.	Brotherton, J.	Fenton, J.	Hoskins, K.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.
s, E.	Bulwer, E. L.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Howard, P. H.	Morris, D.
erman, A.	Busfeild, W.	Finch, F.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
ırd, E.	Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	Fleetwood, P.	Hume, J.	Muskett, G.
, G.	Campbell, Sir J.	French, F.	Humphery, J.	O'Brien, C.
ish, F.	Cayley, E.	Gordon, R.	Hurst, R. H.	O'Connell, D.
al, R.	Chester, H.	Grattan, H.	Jephson, C.	O'Connell, J.
s, T.	Childers, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Jervis, J.	O'Connell, M. J.
ett, C.	Craig, W.	Guest, J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	O'Connell, Morg.
', M. J.	Dashwood, G.	Handley, H.	Lefevre, C.	Ord, W.
', W.	Davies, Col.	Harvey, D. W.	Lister, E.	Palmer, G.
itt, R.	Denison, W.	Hastie, A.	Lushington, Dr.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
in, J.	Dennistoun, J.	Hawkins, J.	Lynch, A.	Parker, J. (Stud.)
s, J.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C. T.	Hayter, W.	Macnamara, Major	Parrott, J.
				Pease, J.

Stewart, James
Stuart, V.
Strutt, E.
Surrey, Earl of
Tancred, H.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Sir R.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wall, C.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hon. H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
White, A.
White, S.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, T.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Worsley, Lord
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Alsager, Capt.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Baker, E.
Barrington, Visct.
Bateson, Sir R.
Blackburne, I.
Blair, J.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blennerhassett, A.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burr, H.
Cantilupe, Lord
Cartwright, W.
Castlereagh, Lord
Clive, Hon. R.
Compton, H.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Cresswell, C.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Egerton, W.
Egerton, Lord.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Follet, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Godson, R.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Lord Vt.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heneage, G.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hinde, J. H.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Houldsworth, T.
Howard, Hon. W.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
Jackson, Serjt.
James, Sir W.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Liddell, Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackinnon, W.
Maclean, D.
Manners, Lord C.
Maunsell, P.
Miles, W.
Miles, P. W.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Noel, W. M.
Palmer, G.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Planta, Rt. Hn. J.
Plumptre, J.
Powerscourt, Lord
Praed, W. M.
Praed, W. T.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Rae, Sir W.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rolleston, L.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Sandon, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Smyth, Sir G.
Stanley, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Trevor, Hon. G.
Verner, Col.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H.
Walsh, Sir J.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, Col.
Wood, T.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Baring, H. B.

No. 210. John Nicholl Thom. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a Select Committee be appointed, to inquire into all the circumstances connected with the discharge of John Nicholl Thom, alias Courtenay, from the Kent Lunatic Asylum: — (Sir Edward Knatchbull:) — The House divided; Ayes 134, Noes 94. — (June 26.)

AYES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.
Acland, T. D.
Adam, Admk.
Adare, Lord Visct.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Baillie, Col.
Baring, H. B.
Baring, Hon. W. B.
Barneby, J.
Barrington, Visct.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blake, M.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blennerhassett, A.
Bolling, W.
Bramston, T.
Campbell, Sir H.
Campbell, Sir J.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chapman, A.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, Hon. R.
Courtenay, P.
Crawley, S.
Cresswell, C.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
Darlington, Earl of
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
Dowdeswell, W.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Feilden, W.
Fielden, J.
Fector, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Gaskell, J.
Gibson, T.
Gordon, R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Harvey, D. W.
Hawkes, T.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
Jackson, Serjt.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Mathew, G.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maunsell, T.
Miller, W.
Monypenny, T.
Morpeth, Lord
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Nicholl, J.
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, G.
Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Parker, T.
Peel, Sir R.
Polhill, F.
Praed, W.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Rae, Sir W.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Round, J.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Sandon, Lord
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Stanley, Lord.
Stuart, V.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Thompson, Rt. Hon. C. P.
Trench, Sir F.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vere, Sir C.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Winnington, T. E.
Wood, C.
Wyndham, W.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

ɔnby, H. A.	Chester, H.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strickland, Sir G.
worth, P.	Childers, J.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, Morg.	Strutt, E.
ibold, R.	Craig, W.	Hoskins, K.	O'Conor Don	Style, Sir C.
es, E.	Dashwood, G. H.	Howard, P. H.	Ord, W.	Turner, W.
ıerman, A.	Denison, W.	Ingham, R.	Palmer, C.	Vigors, N.
ıard, E.	Dennistoun, J.	Jephson, C.	Parrott, J.	Walker, C.
y, G.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. C. T.	Jervis, S.	Pease, J.	Walker, R.
al, R.	Duckworth, S.	Lefevre, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Westenra, Hn. H.
es, T.	Edwards, J.	Lister, E.	Philips, M.	White, A.
kett, C.	Evans, Sir De L.	Lushington, Dr.	Phillpotts, J.	White, S.
e, W.	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Wilkins, W.
itt, R.	Fenton, J.	Macnamara, Major	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. A.
geman, H.	Finch, F.	Marsland, H.	Ramsbottom, J.	Wilshere, W.
oe, J.	French, F.	Martin, J.	Redington, T.	Winnington, H. J.
klehurst, J.	Grattan, H.	Maule, W. H.	Rice, E.	Wood, G.
ie, W.	Guest, J. J.	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.	
herton, J.	Handley, H.	Muskett, G.	Salwey, Colonel	*Tellers.*
rer, E. L.	Hastie, A.	O'Brien, C.	Seale, Col.	Hodges, T.
eild, W.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, D.	Slaney, E.	Warburton, H.
ey, E.		O'Connell, J.	Staunton, Sir G.	

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211. Committee appointed: — (Sir Edward Knatchbull:) — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Earl of Lincoln be one other Member of the Committee:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the name of the "Earl of Lincoln," and insert, instead thereof, the name of Sir Thomas Acland:" — Question put, "That the name of the 'Earl of Lincoln' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 104, Noes 134.

AYES.

nd, T. D.	Courtenay, P.	Granby, Marq. of	Litton, E.	Pringle, A.
re, Lord Visct.	Cresswell, C.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rae, Sir W.
ıthnott, Hn. H.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hale, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Round, J.
ɔt, Hon. W.	Darby, G.	Halford, H.	Lygon, Hn. Gen.	Rushout, G.
ey, J.	Darlington, Earl	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
ey, J. junior	De Horsey, S.	Hawkes, T.	Mahon, Ld. Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
lie, Col.	Dowdeswell, W.	Henniker, Lord	Manners, Lord C.	Somerset, Lord G.
ng, Hon. W.	Dunbar, G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Marsland, T.	Stanley, Lord
eby, J.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hinde, J.	Marton, G.	Sugden, Sir E.
ington, Lord	Dungannon, Lord	Holmes, W.	Master, T.	Thomas, Col.
inck, Lord G.	Eaton, R.	Hope, Hon. C.	Mathew, G.	Trench, Sir F.
kstone, W.	Egerton, W.	Hope, G. W.	Maunsell, T.	Vere, Sir C.
r, J.	Feilden, W.	Hughes, W.	Miller, W.	Vivian, J.
dford, Marq. of	Fielden, J.	Hurt, F.	Monypenny, T.	Wyndham, W.
nerhassett, A.	Fector, J.	Ingham, R.	Nicholl, J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
ing, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pakington, J.	
nston, T.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jackson, Serjt.	Palmer, G.	
e, Lord E.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jermyn, Earl	Parker, T.	
ndos, Marq. of	Gibson, T.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Peel, Sir R.	*Tellers.*
pman, A.	Gladstone, W.	Kirk, P.	Polhill, F.	Fremantle, Sir T.
te, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	Baring, H.
e, Hon. R.	Graham, Sir J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Price, R.	

NOES.

rcromby, Hon. R.	Bridgeman, H.	Duckworth, S.	Hill, Lord A.	Marsland, H.
m, Adml.	Briscoe, J.	Edwards, J.	Hindley, C.	Martin, J.
onby, H.	Brocklehurst, J.	Evans, Sir De L.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. Fox
sworth, P.	Brodie, W.	Evans, G.	Hodges, T.	Maule, W.
ibold, R.	Brotherton, J.	Fenton, J.	Hoskins, K.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.
es, E.	Bulwer, E. L.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Howard, P. H.	Morris, D.
nerman, A.	Busfeild, W.	Finch, F.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
ıard, E.	Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	Fleetwood, P.	Hume, J.	Muskett, G.
y, G.	Campbell, Sir J.	French, F.	Humphery, J.	O'Brien, C.
mish, F.	Cayley, E.	Gordon, R.	Hurst, R. H.	O'Connell, D.
al, R.	Chester, H.	Grattan, H.	Jephson, C.	O'Connell, J.
es, T.	Childers, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Jervis, J.	O'Connell, M. J.
kett, C.	Craig, W.	Guest, J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	O'Connell, Morg.
te, M. J.	Dashwood, G.	Handley, H.	Lefevre, C.	Ord, W.
te, W.	Davies, Col.	Harvey, D. W.	Lister, E.	Palmer, G.
witt, R.	Denison, W.	Hastie, A.	Lushington, Dr.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
kin, J.	Dennistoun, J.	Hawkins, J.	Lynch, A.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
es, J.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C. T.	Hayter, W.	Macnamara, Major	Parrott, J.
				Pease, J.

Pechell, Capt.	Rundle, J.	Style, Sir C.	Walker, R.	Winnington, T. E.
Philips, M.	Salwey, Col.	Surrey, Earl of	Wallace, R.	Winnington, H. J.
Phillpotts, J.	Seale, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Warburton, H.	Wood, G.
Ponsonby, C. F.	Slaney, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Westenra, Hn. H.	Wrightson, W.
Pryme, G.	Smith, R. V.	Turner, E.	White, A.	
Ramsbottom, J.	Staunton, Sir G.	Turner, W.	White, S.	
Redington, T.	Steuart, R.	Vigors, N.	Wilkins, W.	
Rice, E.	Stuart, V.	Vivian, Sir R. H.	Williams, W. (Cor.)	*Tellers.*
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Strickland, Sir G.	Walker, C.	Williams, W. A.	Stanley, E. J.
Rolfe, Sir R.	Strutt, E.		Wilshere, W.	Wood, C.

No. 212. Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Marquess of Chandos be one other member of the Committee:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out the name of the "Marquess of Chandos," and insert the name of "Sir Robert Peel," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the name of the 'Marquess of Chandos' stand part of the Question·"—The House divided; Ayes 112, Noes 131.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Clive, Hon. R.	Graham, Sir J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Price, R.
Adare, Lord Vt.	Courtenay, P.	Granby, Marq. of	Litton, E.	Pringle, A.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Cresswell, C.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rae, Sir W.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hale, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Rolleston, L.
Bailey, J.	Darby, G.	Halford, H.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Round, J.
Bailey, J. junior	Darlington, Earl of	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Baillie, Col.	De Horsey, S.	Harvey, D. W.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Rushout, G.
Baring, Hon. W.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hawkes, T.	Maidstone, Ld. Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Barneby, J.	Dunbar, G.	Henniker, Lord	Manners, Lord C.	Somerset, Lord G.
Barrington, Lord	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Marsland, T.	Stanley, Lord
Bell, M.	Dungannon, Lord	Hinde, J.	Marton, G.	Sugden, Sir E.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Eaton, R.	Hindley, C.	Master, T.	Thomas, Col.
Blackstone, W.	Egerton, W.	Holmes, W.	Mathew, G.	Thompson, Ald.
Blair, J.	Feilden, W.	Hope, Hon. C.	Maunsell, T.	Trench, Sir F.
Blandford, Marq. of	Fielden, J.	Hope, G. W.	Miller, W.	Vere, Sir C.
Blennerhassett, A.	Fector, J.	Hughes, W.	Monypenny, T.	Vivian, J.
Bolling, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hunt, F.	Nicholl, J.	Waddington, H.
Bradshaw, J.	Forester, Hon. G.	Ingham, R.	Pakington, J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Bramston, T.	Gaskell, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmer, R.	
Broadley, H.	Gibson, T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Palmer, G.	
Bruce, Lord E.	Gladstone, W.	Jermyn, Earl	Parker, T.	
Burrell, Sir C.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Peel, Sir R.	*Tellers.*
Chapman, A.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Kirk, P.	Polhill, F.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Chute, W. L.		Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	Baring, H.

NOES.

Abercomby, Hon. G. R.	Chester, H.	Hodges, T.	Ord, W.	Thornely, T.
Adam, Adml.	Childers, J.	Hoskins, K.	Paget, Lord A.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Aglionby, H.	Dashwood, G.	Howard, P. H.	Palmer, C. F.	Turner, E.
Archbold, R.	Davies, Col.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Turner, W.
Baines, E.	Denison, W.	Hume, J.	Parrott, J.	Vigors, N.
Bannerman, A.	Dennistoun, J.	Hurst, R.	Pease, J.	Vivian, Sir R.
Barnard, E.	Duckworth, S.	Jephson, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Walker, C.
Barry, G.	Edwards, J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Philips, M.	Wallace, R.
Beamish, F. B.	Evans, Sir De L.	Lefevre, C.	Phillpotts, J.	Warburton, H.
Bernal, R.	Evans, G.	Lister, E.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Bewes, T.	Evans, W.	Lushington, Dr.	Pryme, G.	White, A.
Blackett, C.	Fenton, J.	Macnamara, Major	Ramsbottom, J.	White, S.
Blake, M.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Marsland, H.	Redington, T.	Wilkins, W.
Blake, W.	Finch, F.	Martin, J.	Rice, E.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blewitt, R.	Fleetwood, P.	Martin, T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Williams, W. A.
Bodkin, J.	Gordon, R.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
Bowes, J.	Grattan, H.	Maule, W.	Rundle, J.	Winnington, T. E.
Bridgeman, H.	Grey, Sir G.	Moreton, Hon. A.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
Briscoe, J.	Guest, J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Seale, Col.	Wood, C.
Brocklehurst, J.	Handley, H.	Morris, D.	Staunton, Sir G.	Wood, Sir M.
Brodie, W.	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.	Wood, G.
Brotherton, J.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Stuart, V.	Wrightson, W.
Bulwer, E. L.	Hawkins, J.	O'Brien, C.	Strickland, Sir G.	Yates, J.
Busfeild, W.	Hayter, W.	O'Connell, D.	Strutt, E.	
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, J.	Style, Sir C.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Surrey, Earl of	*Tellers.*
Cayley, E.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Parker, J.
				Stanley, E. J.

213. Vestries in Churches. — Order for further consideration of Report read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be recommitted:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 141, Noes 70. — (June 30.)

AYES.

cromby, Hon. R.	Campbell, Sir H.	Grimsditch, T.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Russell, Lord J.
nd, Sir T. D.	Canning, Sir S.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lefevre, C.	Sanford, E.
nd, T. D.	Chute, W.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
urt, Capt.	Clive, Hon. R.	Hale, R.	Liddell, Hon. H.	Sheppard, T.
e, Lord Vt.	Codrington, C.	Halford, H.	Litton, E.	Slaney, E.
worth, P.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Harcourt, G. G.	Lockhart, A.	Stanley, E. J.
n, R.	Colquhoun, J.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Stanley, Lord
dall, M.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hawkes, T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Stansfield, W.
ey, Lord	Darby, G.	Hayter, W.	Manners, Lord C.	Stewart, James
e, W.	Douglas, Sir C.	Heneage, G.	Marsland, T.	Stuart, V.
y, J. junior	Duncombe, T.	Henniker, Lord	Marton, G.	Sturt, H.
g, H. B.	Dungannon, Lord	Hepburn, Sir T.	Master, T.	Thomas, Col.
g, Hon. W	East, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maunsell, T.	Townley, R.
ington, Lord M.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Vere, Sir C.
ell, R.	Eaton, R.	Hogg, J.	Palmer, G.	Verner, Col.
kburne, I.	Egerton, W.	Holmes, W.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Vivian, J.
kett, C.	Elliot, Lord	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, R.	Vivian, J. E.
kstone, W.	Ellis, J.	Houldsworth, T.	Parker, M.	Waddington, H.
e, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Howard, P. H.	Peel, Sir R.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
shaw, J.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hughes, W.	Pendarves, E.	Williams, W. A.
aston, T.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Ingham, R.	Perceval, Col.	Winnington, T.
oe, J.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	Wood, T.
dley, H.	Fleming, J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. M.	Wrightson, W.
lie, W.	Freshfield, J.	James, Sir W.	Praed, W. T.	
er, E.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jermyn, Earl	Price, R. R.	
er, Sir J.	Gibson, T.	Johnstone, H.	Rice, E.	
oughes, H.	Gladstone, W.	Kemble, H.	Round, C.	*Tellers.*
raft, J.	Gore, O.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Round, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.
	Grant, Hon. Col.	Kirk, P.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Nicholl, J.
		Langdale, Hon. C.	Rushout, G.	

NOES.

onby, H.	Curry, W.	Hodges, T.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.
bold, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hoskins, K.	Pease, J.	Turner, E.
erman, A.	Divett, E.	Hutt, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, W.
nish, F.	Duke, Sir J.	Jephson, C.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.
es, T.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Lushington, Dr.	Phillpotts, J.	Walker, C.
e, M.	Evans, W.	Lushington, C.	Potter, R.	White, A.
es, J.	Fielden, J.	Marsland, H.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
geman, H.	Fenton, F.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Salwey, Col.	Wilshere, W.
klehurst, J.	Finch, F.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Sheil, R.	Worsley, Lord
herton, J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	O'Brien, C.	Smith, B.	Yates, J.
er, Hon. Col.	Grattan, H.	O'Connell, D.	Somers, J.	
ington, Sir E.	Hastie, A.	O'Connell, J.	Stanley, W. O.	
ier, J.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
ins, W.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stuart, Lord J.	Hawes, B.
rford, W.	Hindley, C.	O'Ferrall, R.	Style, Sir C.	Clay, W.

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214. (In Committee). — First Clause, "Vestry and other meetings not to be held in Churches or Chapels of parishes where the population exceeds one thousand:" — Amendment proposed, p. 1., l. 10., after the words "thirty-nine," to insert the words "it shall be lawful for the inhabitants in vestry assembled of any parish, if they shall at any time think fit, to order that:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 68, Noes 88.

AYES.

cromby, Hon. R.	Bernal, R.	Briscoe, J.	Clay, W.	Davies, Col.
bold, R.	Bewes, T.	Brocklehurst, J.	Codrington, Admi.	Divett, E.
nish, F.	Blake, M. J.	Brotherton, J.	Collier, J.	Elliot, Hn. J. E.
	Bridgeman, H.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Crawford, W.	Evans, W.

Fenton, J.	Hoskins, K.	O'Connell, M. J.	Salwey, Col.	White, A.
Fergusson, Rt.Hn. R. C.	Howard, P. H.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Slaney, R.	Wilbraham, G.
Finch, F.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Parrott, J.	Smith, B.	Williams, W.(Cor.)
Fitzroy, Lord C.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pease, J.	Speirs, A.	Williams, W. A.
Gordon, R.	Lushington, Dr.	Pendarves, E.	Stanley, W. O.	Worsley, Lord
Grattan, H.	Lushington, C.	Philips, M.	Stansfield, W.	Wrightson, W.
Hill, Lord A.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Phillpotts, J.	Steuart, R.	
Hindley, C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rice, E. R.	Stuart, Lord J.	
Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Brien, C.	Roche, D.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Hodges, T.	O'Connell, D.	Rundle, J.	Turner, E.	Aglionby, H.
	O'Connell, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Vigors, N.	Hawes, B.

NOES.

Alford, Lord Vt.	Colquhoun, J. C.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Kirk, P.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Ashley, Lord	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hale, R.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rushout, G.
Bagge, W.	Darby, G.	Halford, H.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Bagot, Hon W.	Dungannon, Lord	Hawkes, T.	Litton, E.	Somerset, Lord G.
Bailey, J. junior	East, J.	Heneage, G.	Lockhart, A	Stanley, Lord
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Henniker, Lord	Mackenzie, T.	Stuart, V.
Barrington, Lord	Eaton, R.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Sturt, H.
Blackstone, W.	Egerton, W.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Manners, Lord C.	Vere, Sir C.
Bradshaw, J.	Eliot, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Marsland, T.	Verner, Col.
Bramston, T.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Holmes, W.	Master, T.	Waddington, H.
Broadley, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hope, Hon. C.	Mathew, G.	Walker, R.
Broadwood, H.	Fleming, J.	Hughes, W.	Maunsell, T.	Wood, T.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Ingham, R.	Perceval, Col.	
Burroughes, H.	Freshfield, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Planta, Rt. Hon. J.	
Calcraft, J. H.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. M.	
Chute, W.	Gladstone, W. E.	Jermyn, Earl	Praed, W. T.	*Tellers.*
Clive, Hon. R.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Johnstone, H.	Price, R.	Nicholl, J.
Codrington, C.	Grimsditch, T.	Kemble, H.	Round, C. G.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)
Cole, Lord Viset.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Round, J.	

No. 215. Motion made, and Question put, "That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again:" — The Committee divided: Ayes 54, Noes 80.

AYES

Archbold, R.	Divett, E.	Howard, P. H.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.
Beamish, F. B.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Phillpotts, J.	White, A.
Bernal, R.	Evans, W.	Lushington, Dr.	Roche, D.	Wilbraham, G.
Bewes, T.	Fenton, J.	Lushington, C.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W.(Cor.)
Blake, M. J.	Fergusson, Right Hon. R. C.	Maule, Hon. F.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W.
Bridgeman, H.	Finch, F.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Smith, B.	Worsley, Lord
Brocklehurst, J.	Gordon, R.	O'Brien, C.	Stanley, W. O.	Wrightson, W. B.
Brotherton, J.	Grattan, H.	O'Connell, D.	Stansfield, W.	
Clay, W.	Hindley, C.	O'Connell, J.	Steuart, R.	
Codrington, Adml.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stuart, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Collier, J.	Hoskins, K.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.	Aglionby, H.
Crawford, W.		Parrot, J.	Turner, E.	Hawes, B.

NOES.

Ashley, Lord	Cole, Lord Viset.	Hale, R.	Kirk, P.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bagge, W.	Darby, G.	Halford, H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rushout, G.
Bagot, Hon. W.	Dungannon, Lord	Hawkes, T.	Litton, E.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Bailey, J. junior	East, J.	Heneage, G. W.	Lockhart, A. M.	Somerset, Lord G.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Egerton, W.	Henniker, Lord	Mackenzie, T.	Stanley, Lord
Barrington, Lord	Eliot, Lord	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mahon, Lord	Sturt, H.
Blackstone, W.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Manners, Lord C.	Vere, Sir C.
Bradshaw, J.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hodgson, R.	Marsland, T.	Verner, Col.
Bramston, T.	Fleming, J.	Holmes, W.	Master, T.	Waddington, H.
Broadley, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Hope, Hon. C.	Mathew, G.	Walker, R.
Broadwood, H.	Freshfield, J.	Hughes, W.	Maunsell, T.	Wood, T.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gaskell, J. M.	Ingham, R.	Perceval, Col.	
Burroughes, N.	Gladstone, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Planta, Rt. Hn. J.	
Calcraft, J. H.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Jackson, Serjt.	Praed, W. M.	
Canning, Sir S.	Grimsditch, T.	Jermyn, Earl	Price, R.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W. L.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Johnstone, H.	Round, C.	Nicholl, J.
Codrington, C.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Kemble, H.	Round, J.	Estcourt, T.(Ox.U.)

216. Amendment proposed, p. 1., l. 13., to leave out the word "ecclesiastical," and insert the words "charitable or religious:" — Question proposed, "That the word 'ecclesiastical' stand part of the Clause:" — Whereupon, Motion made, and Question put, "That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 42, Noes 61.

AYES.

bold, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. A.
ıish, F.	Fenton, J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Smith, B.	Worsley, Lord.
:s, T.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	O'Connell, D.	Stanley, W. O.	Wrightson, W.
ɛ, M.		O'Connell, J.	Stansfield, W.	
klehurst, J.	Finch, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.	
herton, J.	Grattan, H.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stuart, Lord J.	
W.	Hindley, C.	Parrott, J.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
ington, Adml.	Hodges, T.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.	Aglionby, H.
er, J.	Howard, P.	Roche, D.	Wilbraham, G.	Hawes, B.
tt, E.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	

NOES.

:e, W.	Cole, Lord Vt.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Jackson, Serjt.	Price, R.
:y, J. junior	Darby, G.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Jermyn, Earl	Round, C.
ng, Hn. W. B.	Dungannon, Lord	Hale, R.	Kemble, H.	Round, J.
ington, Ld. Vt.	East, J.	Hawkes, T.	Litton, E.	Stanley, Lord
shaw, J.	Egerton, W.	Heneage, G. W.	Lockhart, A.	Vere, Sir C.
ston, T.	Ellis, J.	Henniker, Lord	Mahon, Ld. Vt.	Verner, Col.
dley, H.	Fleming, J.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Manners, Lord C.	Waddington, H.
dwood, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Marsland, T.	Walker, R.
er, Sir J. Y.	Freshfield, J.	Hodgson, R.	Master, T.	Wood, T.
oughes, H.	Gaskell, J.	Holmes, W.	Mathew, G.	
raft, J.	Gladstone, W.	Hope, Hon. C.	Maunsell, T.	*Tellers.*
ning, Sir S.	Grant, F. W.	Hughes, W. B.	Perceval, Col.	Nicholl, J.
te, W. L.	Grimsditch, T.	Ingham, R.	Praed, W. M.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)

217. Tithes (Ireland) Bill. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question put, "That whereas, on the 3d of April, 1835, this House agreed to following Resolution: —

'That this House do resolve itself into a Committee of the whole House, in order to consider the present state of the Church Establishment in Ireland, with the view of applying any surplus of the revenues, not required for the spiritual care of its members, to the general education of all classes of the people, without distinction of religious persuasion.'

And whereas, on the 7th of April, 1835, this House agreed to a second Resolution, stating,

'That it is the opinion of this House, that no measure upon the subject of Tithes in Ireland can lead to a satisfactory and final adjustment, which does not embody the principle contained in the foregoing Resolution.'

And whereas, on the 21st of July, 1835, on going into committee upon the Irish Tithes Bill, the House refused to assent to an Instruction to the Committee, the object of which was 'to divide the Bill into two Bills,' because inconsistent with the preceding Resolutions:

And whereas, on the 4th of June, 1836, the House rejected an Amendment proposed upon the second reading of the Irish Tithes Bill of that Session, to the effect, 'That leave be given to bring in a Bill for the conversion of Tithe Composition into Rent Charges, and for the redemption thereof, and for the better distribution of Ecclesiastical Revenues in Ireland:"

And whereas, on the 17th of May last, in this present Parliament of 1838, this House refused to rescind the Resolutions of 1835, which, consequently, remain upon its Journals, —

It be an Instruction to the Committee, that they have power to make provision, in the present Bill, for giving effect to these Resolutions, by proceeding to a better distribution of ecclesiastical property in Ireland, and by appropriating the surplus revenues of the present Church Establishment, not required for the spiritual care of its members, to the moral and religious

education of all classes of the people, without distinction of religious persuasion:" — (Mr. WARD:) — The House divided; Ayes 46, Noes 270.—(July 2.)

AYES.

Bewes, T.
Blake, M.
Blunt, Sir C.
Bodkin, J.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Bryan, G.
Butler, Hon. Col.
Chalmers, P.
Collier, J.
Curry, W.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
Fielden, J.
Finch, F.
Gillon, W.
Grote, G.
Hastie, A.
Horsman, E.
Hume, J.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
Jervis, S.
Langton, W.
Lushington, Dr.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, T.
Melgund, Ld. Vt.
Muskett, G.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Conor Don
Pattison, J.
Pease, J.
Philips, M.
Protheroe, E.
Salwey, Col.
Somerville, Sir W.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Thornely, T.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Warburton, H.
Worsley, Lord

Tellers.
Ward, H.
Hawes, B.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.
Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Alston, R.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Archbold, R.
Ashley, Lord
Attwood, W.
Attwood, M.
Bagot, Hon. W.
Bailey, J. (Worc.)
Bailey, J. junior
Baillie, Col.
Ball, N.
Baring, Hon. B.
Barnard, E.
Barrington, Lord
Barry, G. S.
Bateson, Sir R.
Beamish, F. B.
Bell, M.
Bellew, R.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Bernal, R.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blennerhasset, A.
Bramston, T.
Bridgeman, H.
Brodie, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burr, H.
Burroughes, H.
Calcraft, J.
Campbell, Sir J.
Canning, Sir S.
Cartwright, W.
Cavendish, Hon. G.
Cayley, E.
Chute, W. L.
Clive, E.
Clive, Lord Vt.
Cole, Lord Vt.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W. G.
Crawley, S.
Cresswell, C.
Dalmeny, Lord
Davies, Col.
Denison, W.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.
D'Israeli, B.
Divett, E.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Duff, J.
Dugdale, W.
Dunbar, G.
Dungannon, Lord
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W. T.
Egerton, Sir P.
Egerton, Lord F.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Evans, W.
Farnham, E.
Feilden, W.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Ferguson, R.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleetwood, P.
Fleming, J.
Follett, Sir W.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gladstone, W. E.
Gordon, R.
Gordon, Hn. Cpt.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir C.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Lord
Grimston, Hn. E.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Handley, H.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hayter, W.
Heathcote, G.
Hector, C.
Heneage, W.
Henniker, Lord
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Hoskins, K.
Hotham, Lord
Houstoun, G.
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hughes, W.
Humphery, J.
Hurt, F.
Ingestre, Lord
Inglis, Sir R.
Jackson, Serjt.
Jones, W.
Johnstone, H.
James, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Kirk, P.
Knight, H.
Knox, T.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lennox, Lord G.
Lincoln, Earl of
Litton, E.
Loch, J.
Lockhart, A.
Long, W.
Lowther, Hn. Col
Lucas, E.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W. F.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Master, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Morgan, C.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Noel, W.
Norreys, Lord
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
Ord, W.
Ossulston, Lord
Paget, Lord A.
Palmer, G.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parrott, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Pemberton, T.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Philips, G.
Phillpotts, J.
Pigot, R.
Pinney, W.
Planta, Rt. Hon. J.
Plumptre, J. P.
Pollen, Sir J.
Ponsonby, C. F.
Power, James
Praed, W. T.
Price, Sir R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Reid, Sir J.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Richards, R.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
St. Paul, H.
Sandford, E.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sheppard, T.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Smyth, Sir G.
Somers, J.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, Lord
Stanley, W. O.
Stuart, V.
Stormont, Ld. Vt.
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Tancred, H.
Teignmouth, Lo.
Tollemache, F.
Townley, R.
Trench, Sir F.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Tyrrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Vernon, G.
Villiers, Lord
Vivian, J. E.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Walker, C.
Wall, C.
Walsh, Sir J.
Welby, G.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hn. J.
Wilbraham, G.
Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Williams, W.
Winnington, T. E.
Wood, T.
Wyndham, W.
Yates, J.
Young, J. (Cav.)

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

(In Committee). — Third Clause (Lands subject to the payment of Tithe Composition, charged with an annual sum by way of rent charge equal to of such composition): — Proposed to fill the blank with 'seven tenths;" afterwards proposed to fill the blank with "three fourths:" — Question put, "That the blank be filled with 'seven tenths:'" — The Committee divided; Ayes 167, Noes 188.

AYES.

mby, Hon.
Crawford, W.
Crawley, S.
ldml.
Crompton, S.
, H. A.
Curry, W.
R.
Denison, W.
, Lord
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C. T.
Hon. Col.
d, R.
Divett, E.
, T.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. T.
Elliot, Hon. J.
ıan, A.
Ellice, Capt. A.
, E.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
, F.
Evans, W.
R.
Ferguson, R.
Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
an, H.
Fleetwood, P.
ırst, J.
Gillon, W.
W.
Gordon, R.
ton, J.
Grattan, J.
, R.
Grattan, H.
Greenaway, C.
an, D.
Grey, Sir G.
Sir J.
Guest, J.
E.
Hall, B.
, J.
Handley, H.
s, Ld. Vt.
Harland, W.
. B.
Hastie, A.
J.
Hawkins, J.
W.
Hayter, W.
V.
Hector, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Howard, F.
Howard, P. H.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Kinnaird, Hn.A.F.
Labouchere, Rt. Hn. H.
Laugdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lushington, Dr.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Marshall, W.
Marsland, H.
Martin, J.
Maule, W.
Melgund, Lord
Moreton, Hon. A.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Callaghan, Hon. C.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Conor Don
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Palmerston, Ld.Vt.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parrott, J.
Pease, J.
Pendarves, E.
Philipps, G. R.
Phillpotts, J.
Pinney, W.
Ponsonby, C.
Power, J.
Pryse, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, E.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Roche, E. B.
Roche, W.
Roche, D.
Rundle, J.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Ld. (Tav.)
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Scrope, G. P.
Seale, Col.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Slaney, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, B.
Somers, J.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.
Stuart, V.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Strutt, E.
Talbot, C. R.
Talfourd, Serjt.
Tancred, H.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, W.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, J.
Vivian, Sir R.
Walker, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hn. H.
Westenra, Hn.J.C.
White, A.
White, S.
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Woulfe, Serjt.
Wrightson, W.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Dalmeny, Lord
Maule, Hon. F.

NOES.

Sir T. D.
T. D.
, Capt.
Lord Visct.
rth, P.
, Capt.
nott, Hon.
l, M.
Lord
J.
Joseph,
Col.
H. B.
Hn. W. B.
, Sir R.
:r, Lord G.
ırne, I.
one, W.
ore, R.
rd, Marq.of
rhassett, A.
aw, J.
on, T.
:y, H.
ood, H.
igg, S.
Sir J. Y.
H.
, Sir C.
ghes, H. N.
Calcraft, J. H.
Campbell, Sir H.
Canning, Sir S.
Chandos, Marq. of
Clive, Hon. R.
Codrington, C.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Courtenay, P.
Cripps, J.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dowdeswell, W.
Dunbar, G.
Dungannon, Lord
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J. (Newry)
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Feilden, W.
Fector, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Follett, Sir W.
Forester, Hon. G.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Freshfield, J.
Gaskell, J.
Gladstone, W.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grant, Hon. Col.
Grant, F. W.
Greene, T.
Grimsditch, T.
Hale, R.
Halford, H.
Harcourt, G. S.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heneage, G.
Henniker, Lord
Hepburn, Sir T.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, Hon. W. A'Court
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Hotham, Lord
Houstoun, G.
Howard, Hon. W.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Inglis, Sir R.
James, Sir W.
Johnstone, H.
Jones, T.
Kelly, F.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Kirk, P.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knight, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Knox, Hon. T.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lincoln, Earl of
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Mackenzie, T.
Mackenzie, W.
Maclean, D.
Manners, Lord C.
Marsland, T.
Marton, G.
Master, T.
Maunsell, T.
Meynell, Capt.
Miles, W.
Miller, W.
Morgan, C.
Nicholl, J.
Noel, W.
Norreys, Lord
Ossulston, Lord
Palmer, R.
Palmer G.
Parker, R.
Parker, T.
Patten, J.
Peel, Sir R.
Peel, J.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Plumptre, J.
Polhill, F.
Pollen, Sir J.
Powell, Col.
Praed, W. M.
Praed, W. T.
Price, R.
Pringle, A.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Reid, Sir J.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Sheppard, T.

Shirley, E.	Teignmouth, Lord	Vere, Sir C.	Wall, C.	Young, J. (Cavan)
Sinclair, Sir G.	Thompson, Ald.	Verner, Col.	Walsh, Sir J.	
Spry, Sir S.	Tollemache, F.	Vernon, G.	Welby, G.	Jackson, Serjt.
Stanley, Lord	Trench, Sir F.	Vivian, J.	Wilbraham, Hn.B.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Stormont, Lord	Tyrrell, Sir J.	Waddington, H.	Wodehouse, E.	
Sturt, H.				

No. 219. Third Clause: — At the end of the Clause, proposed to add the following Proviso: — "Provided always, That if at any time such rent charge shall be in arrear and unpaid for the space of six months next after the same shall have accrued due and payable, then and in such case a sum equal to four fifths of the annual amount of such Tithe Compositions shall, *pro illâ vice*, be due and payable in lieu of such three fourths:" — Question proposed, "That the Proviso be added:" — Whereupon, Motion made, and Question put, "That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 55, Noes 219.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Evans, G.	Macnamara, Major	Roche, E.	Vigors, N.
Archbold, R.	Evans, W.	Marshall, W.	Roche, W.	Walker, C.
Beamish, F.	Finch, F.	Marsland, H.	Roche, D.	Warburton, H.
Bellew, R.	Grattan, J.	Martin, J.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blake, M.	Grattan, H.	Maule, W.	Sheil, R.	Williams, W. A.
Bowes, J.	Hawkins, J.	O'Connell, J.	Smith, B.	Wood, G.
Bridgeman, H.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Steuart, R.	
Bryan, G.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stuart, V.	
Callaghan, D.	Hollond, R.	Philips, M.	Strutt, E.	
Clive, E.	Howard, F.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Curry, W.	Howard, P. H.	Power, John	Thornely, T.	O'Connell, D.
D'Eyncourt, Right Hon. C. T.	Hutton, R.	Redington, T.	Turner, W.	Brotherton, J.
	Langdale, Hon. C.			

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Codrington, C.	Gladstone, W.	Kirk, P.	Pendarves, E.
Acland, Sir T. D.	Collier, J.	Gordon, R.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Perceval, Col.
A'Court, Capt.	Courtenay, P.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knight, H.	Perceval, Hon. G.
Adam, Admi.	Craig, W.	Gore, O. J. R.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pinney, W.
Ainsworth, P.	Crawford, W.	Gore, O. W.	Knox, Hon. T.	Plumptre, J.
Alsager, Capt.	Cripps, J.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Polhill, F.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Crompton, S.	Graham, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.	Powell, Col.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Dalmeny, Lord	Grant, Hon. Col.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Praed, W. M.
Archdall, M.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grant, F. W.	Lincoln, Earl of	Praed, W. T.
Bailey, J.	Darby, G.	Green, T.	Lockhart, A. J.	Price, R.
Bailey, J. junior	D'Israeli, B.	Grimsditch, T.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Pringle, A.
Baillie, Col.	Divett, E.	Guest, J.	Lowther, J.	Pryse, P.
Ball, N.	Dottin, A.	Halford, H.	Lucas, E.	Pusey, P.
Bateson, Sir R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Harcourt, G.	Mackenzie, T.	Rae, Sir W.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hastie, A.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Reid, Sir J.
Bewes, T.	Dunbar, G.	Hayes, Sir E.	M'Taggart, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Blackburne, I.	Dundas, F.	Hayter, W.	Manners, Lord C.	Rose, Sir G.
Blair, J.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Heneage, G.	Marsland, T.	Round, J.
Blake, W.	Dungannon, Lord	Henniker, Lord	Marton, G.	Rundle, J.
Blakemore, R.	East, J.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Master, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Blandford, Marq. of	Eaton, R.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Maunsell, T. P.	Russell, Lord J.
Blennerhassett, A.	Egerton, W.	Hinde, J.	Meynell, Capt.	Sanderson, R.
Bradshaw, J.	Eliot, Lord	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Miles, W.	Sanford, E.
Bramston, T.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hodgson, R.	Miles, P.	Scarlett, Hon. J.
Broadley, H.	Ellis, J.	Hogg, J.	Miller, W.	Scrope, G.
Broadwood, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Holmes, W.	Moreton, Hon. A.	Seale, Col.
Brocklehurst, J.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hope, Hon. C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sheppard, T.
Brodie, W.	Etwall, R.	Hope, G. W.	Morris, D.	Shirley, E.
Brownrigg, S.	Farnham, E.	Horsman, E.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sibthorp, Col.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Fector, J.	Hotham, Lord	Neeld, Joseph	Sinclair, Sir G.
Burr, H.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Houstoun, G.	Neeld, John	Slaney, R.
Burrell, Sir C.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Hughes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Smith, J. A.
Burroughes, H. N.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hurt, F.	Noel, W.	Spry, Sir S.
Calcraft, J.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hutt, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stanley, E.
Canning, Sir S.	Fleetwood, P.	Inglis, Sir R.	Palmerston, Visct.	Stanley, Lord
Carnac, Sir J.	Follett, Sir W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, R.	Stormont, Lord
Chalmers, P.	Forester, Hon. G.	James, Sir W.	Parker, T.	Talbot, C. R.
Chandos, Marq. of	Fremantle, Sir T.	Johnstone, H.	Patten, J. W.	Tancred, H.
Clive, Hon. R.	Freshfield, J.	Jones, T.	Peel, Sir R.	Teignmouth, Lord
	Gaskell, Milnes	Kemble, H.	Peel, J.	Thompson, Ald.
			Pemberton, T.	Tollemache, F.

ley, R.	Vernon, G.	Westenra, Hn. H.	Winnington, H. J.	*Tellers.*
h, Sir F.	Vivian, J.	Wilbraham, Hn.B.	Wood, C.	Shaw,
ridge, Sir E.	Vivian, J. E.	Williams, R.	Woulfe, Serjt.	Litton, E.
Sir C.	Waddington, H.	Wilshere, W.	Yates, J.	
r, Col.	Wallace, R.			

220. Motion made, and Question put, " That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again : " — The Committee divided ; Ayes 78, Noes 137.

AYES.

romby, Hon.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C.	Howard, F.	Pinney, W.	Talbot, C. R.
t.		Howard, P. H.	Power, John	Tancred, H.
, Admi.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hutton, R.	Redington, T. N.	Troubridge, Sir E.
iby, H.	Evans, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Roche, E. B.	Vigors, N.
old, R.	Evans, W.	Macnamara, Major	Roche, W.	Walker, C. A.
N.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	M'Taggart, J.	Roche, D.	Warburton, H.
ish, F.	Finch, F.	Marshall, W.	Rundle, J.	Westenra, Hon. H
, T.	Fleetwood, P.	Martin, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W.
, M.	Gordon, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. A.
eman, H.	Grattan, J.	Morris, D.	Sanford, E.	Wilshere, W.
, G.	Grattan, H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Scrope, G.	Winnington, H.
ghan, D.	Hawkins, J.	Noel, W.	Sheil, R.	Wood, G.
ord, W.	Hayter, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Standish, C.	
pton, S.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, J.	Steuart, R.	
, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stuart, V.	*Tellers.*
ny, Lord	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Strutt, E.	O'Connell, D.
as, F.	Hollond, R.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Style, Sir C.	Brotherton, J.

NOES.

d, Sir T. D.	Cripps, J.	Grant, Hon. Col.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Rose, Sir G.
d, T. D.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grant, F. W.	Lincoln, Earl of	Round, J.
art, Capt.	Darby, G.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.
orth, P.	D'Israeli, B.	Halford, H.	Lowther, J. H.	Sanderson, R.
r, Capt.	Dottin, A.	Harcourt, G. S.	Mackenzie, T.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
all, M.	Douglas, Sir C.	Heneage, G.	Mackenzie, W.	Sheppard, T.
, J. junior	Dowdeswell, W.	Henniker, Lord	Manners, Lord C.	Shirley, E.
e, Col.	Dunbar, G.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Marsland, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
on, Sir R.	Dungannon, Lord	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Master, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.
ack, Lord G.	East, J.	Hinde, J.	Maunsell, T.	Spry, Sir S.
burne, I.	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, R.	Miller, W.	Stanley, Lord
more, R.	Egerton, W.	Hogg, J.	Neeld, Joseph	Stormont, Lord
ford, Marq. of	Ellis, J.	Holmes, W.	Neeld, John	Teignmouth, Lord
erhassett, A.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hope, Hon. C.	Nicholl, J.	Tollemache, F.
haw, J.	Farnham, E. B.	Hope, G. W.	Parker, R.	Trench, Sir F.
ston, T.	Fector, J.	Horsman, E.	Parker, T.	Vere, Sir C.
ley, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Houstoun, G.	Patten, J.	Verner, Col.
wood, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Hughes, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Vernon, G.
lehurst, J.	Follett, Sir W.	Hurt, F.	Pemberton, T.	Vivian, J. E.
e, W.	Forester, Hon. G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Col.	Waddington, H. S.
rigg, S.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wallace, R.
, Sir J. Y.	Freshfield, J.	Johnstone, H.	Plumptre, J.	Wilbraham, Hn.B.
ll, Sir C.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jones, T.	Polhill, F.	
ughes, H.	Gladstone, W.	Kemble, H.	Praed, W.	
uft, J. H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	
ing, Sir S.	Gore, O. J.	Knight, H.	Price, R.	*Tellers.*
los, Marq. of	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pringle, A.	Litton, E.
ngton, C.	Graham, Sir J.	Knox, Hon. T.	Pusey, P.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
enay, P.		Lascelles, Hn. W. S.	Rae, Sir W.	

221. Motion made, and Question put, " That the Chairman do report progress, and ask leave to sit again : " — The Committee divided ; Ayes 59, Noes 106.

AYES.

, Sir C.	Beamish, F.	Brocklehurst, J.	Callaghan, D.	Evans, W.
nby, H. A.	Bewes, T.	Brodie, W.	Crompton, S.	Gordon, R.
old, R.	Blake, M.	Brotherton, J.	Dundas, F.	Grattan, J.
N.	Bridgeman, H.	Bryan, G.	Evans, G.	Grattan, H.

Hawkins, J.	M'Taggart, J.	Power, John	Standish, C.	Wilshere, W.
Hector, C.	Martin, J.	Redington, T. N.	Steuart, R.	Winnington, H.
Hobhouse, T. B.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Roche, E.	Stuart, V.	Wood, G.
Hollond, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Roche, W.	Strutt, E.	
Horsman, E.	O'Brien, W. S.	Roche, D.	Troubridge, Sir E.	
Howard, F.	O'Connell, D.	Rundle, J.	Vigors, N.	
Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, J.	Salwey, Col.	Warburton, H.	*Tellers.*
Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M.	Sanford, E.	Westenra, Hn. H.	Walker, C.
Langdale, Hon. C.	Pinney, W.	Sheil, R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	O'Connell, M. J.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T.	D'Israeli, B.	Heneage, G.	Lockhart, A.	Pusey, P.
Acland, T. D.	Dottin, A.	Henniker, Lord	Lowther, J. H.	Rae, Sir W.
A'Court, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Mackenzie, T.	Rose, Sir G.
Alsager, Capt.	Dunbar, G.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Mackenzie, W. F.	Round, J.
Archdall, M.	East, J.	Hinde, J.	Manners, Lord C.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Bailey, J. junior	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, R.	Marsland, T.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Baillie, Col.	Egerton, W.	Holmes, W.	Master, T.	Sheppard, T.
Bateson, Sir R.	Ellis, J.	Hope, Hon. C.	Maunsell, T.	Shirley, E. J.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hope, G. W.	Miller, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
Blackburne, I.	Farnham, E.	Houstoun, G.	Neeld, Joseph	Sinclair, Sir G.
Blakemore, R.	Fector, J.	Hughes, W.	Neeld, John	Stormont, Lord
Blandford, Marq. of	Filmer, Sir E.	Hurt, F.	Nicholl, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Blennerhassett, A.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Noel, W.	Trench, Sir F.
Bradshaw, J.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, R.	Vere, Sir C.
Broadley, H.	Freshfield, J.	Jones, T.	Parker, T.	Verner, Col.
Broadwood, H.	Gaskell, J. M.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Perceval, Col.	Waddington, H. S.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gladstone, W.	Knight, H.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wallace, R.
Burroughes, H.	Gore, O. J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Polhill, F.	Wilbraham, Hn. B.
Chandos, Marq. of	Grant, Hon. Col.	Knox, Hon. T.	Praed, W. M.	
Courtenay, P.	Grant, F. W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Praed, W. T.	*Tellers.*
Cripps, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Lincoln, Earl of	Price, R.	Dungannon, Lord
Darby, G.	Harcourt, G. S.	Litton, E.	Pringle, A.	Kemble, H.

No. 222. HIGHWAY RATES BILL. — (In Committee). — Clause C. (If additional toll found not to answer the purpose, Justices at Quarter Sessions may order an additional highway rate): — Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 130, No, one. — (July 4.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Cripps, J.	Hope, G. W.	Pease, J.	Turner, E.
Bagge, W.	Darby, G.	Houstoun, G.	Perceval, Col.	Turner, W.
Baines, E.	Darlington, Earl of	Howick, Lord Vt.	Philips, M.	Vere, Sir C.
Baring, Hon. W.	Divett, E.	Hughes, W.	Plumptre, J.	Vernon, G.
Barnard, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hurt, F.	Price, Sir R.	Vigors, N.
Barrington, Lord	Dowdeswell, W.	Hutt, W.	Price, R.	Villiers, C. P.
Bell, M.	Duckworth, S.	Hutton, R.	Pusey, P.	Waddington, H.
Benett, J.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Redington, T.	Wall, C.
Bethell, R.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	James, W.	Rice, E. R.	Walsh, Sir J.
Bewes, T.	Egerton, W. T.	Jervis, J.	Richards, R.	Warburton H.
Blake, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Kemble, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	White, A.
Blandford, Marq. of	Feilden, W.	Knight, H.	Rumbold, C.	Wilbraham, G.
Blunt, Sir C.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Rundle, J.	Williams, W. A.
Bodkin, J. J.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wilshere, W.
Boldero, H. G.	Goddard, A.	Mackinnon, W.	Sanford, E.	Winnington, T. E.
Bolling, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Manners, Lord C.	Sheppard, T.	Winnington, H. J.
Bramston, T.	Grant, F. W.	Marsland, T.	Sibthorp, Col.	Wood, C.
Broadley, H.	Greene, T.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Smith, J. A.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Miles, W.	Smyth, Sir G.	Wood, Col. T.
Buller, E.	Harcourt, G. S.	Neeld, Joseph	Stanley, E. J.	Worsley, Lord
Burrell, Sir C.	Harvey, D. W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stanley, Lord	Wrightson, W.
Burroughes, H.	Hayter, W.	Ord, W.	Stanley, W. O.	Wyndham, W.
Cavendish, Hn. G.	Hector, C.	Paget, F.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Clive, Lord Visct.	Hinde, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stewart, James	
Clive, Hon. R.	Hodges, T.	Patten, J.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Collins, W.	Hodgson, R.	Pattison, J.	Style, Sir C.	Lefevre, C.
Crawley, S.	Hogg, J.		Thornely, T.	Howard, P. H.

NOES.

Halford, H.

Tellers. — J. Parrott, and Capt. Pechell.

223. Lord's Day Bill. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "This House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof: — Question put, — "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 45, Noes 57.

AYES.

and, T. D.	Cayley, E.	Mackenzie, T.	Sandon, Lord	Vernon, G.
ager, Capt.	Gaskell, J. M.	Marsland, T.	Sheppard, T.	White, A.
nes, E.	Henniker, Lord	Morpeth, Lord	Sinclair, Sir G.	Williams, W. A.
rington, Lord	Hinde, H.	Nicholl, J.	Smyth, Sir G.	Winnington, T. E.
ndford, Marq. of	Hodgson, R.	Pease, J.	Stewart, James	Wood, Col.
dero, H.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Stuart, V.	
scoe, J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pringle, A.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
adley, H.	Jermyn, Earl	Pusey, P.	Teignmouth, Lord	Plumptre, J.
roughes, H.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	Turner, E.	Acland, Sir T.
endish, Hn. G.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Vere, Sir C.	

NOES.

ionby, H.	Duckworth, S.	Hutt, W.	Roche, W.	Ward, H.
wood, T.	Duff, J.	Hutton, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
nard, E.	Easthope, J.	James, W.	Rundle, J.	Wilshere, W.
keley, Hon. C.	Elliot, Hon. J.	M'Taggart, J.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
res, T.	Evans, G.	Marshall, W.	Sibthorp, Col.	Worsley, Lord
te, M.	Fielden, J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, J.
ke, W. J.	Finch, F.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Stansfield, W.	
therton, J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	O'Connell, M. J.	Strutt, E.	
wne, R.	Grote, G.	O'Conor Don	Thornely, T.	
ler, Hon. Col.	Harvey, D. W.	Paget, F.	Turner, W.	*Tellers.*
lins, W.	Hawes, B.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Villiers, C.	Hume, J.
wford, W.	Hayter, W.	Pattison, J.	Warburton, H.	Jervis, J.
ett, E.	Hector, C.	Pechell, Capt.		

224. Sheriffs' Courts (England) Bill. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 54, Noes 23.

AYES.

wood, T.	Finch, F.	Marshall, W.	Rundle, J.	Ward, H. G.
nard, E.	Grimsditch, T.	Martin, T.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
es, T.	Grote, G.	Maule, Hon. F.	Smith, B.	Williams, W. A.
kett, C.	Hall, Sir B.	Morris, D.	Stanley, W. O.	Wood, Sir M.
e, M. J.	Harvey, D. W.	Muskett, G. A.	Stewart, James	Wood, G.
kin, J.	Hawes, B.	O'Conor Don	Strutt, E.	Yates, J.
coe, J.	Hector, C.	Ord, W.	Style, Sir C.	
herton, J.	Hodges, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Turner, E.	
er, Hon. Col.	Hume, J.	Pattison, J.	Turner, W.	
ley, E.	Hutt, W.	Pease, J.	Vivian, J. E.	*Tellers.*
kworth, S.	Hutton, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Walker, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.
ns, W.	Jervis, S.	Philips, M.	Warburton, H.	Villiers, C. P.

NOES.

onby, H.	Crawford, W.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Worsley, Lord
vood, W.	Fielden, J.	Jervis, J.	Perceval, Col.	
ey, J. junior	Follett, Sir W.	Kemble, H.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
emore, R.	Harcourt, G.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Sibthorp, Col.	Jackson, Serjt.
dford, Marq. of	Henniker, Lord	Marsland, T.	Smyth, Sir G.	Talfourd, Serjt.
, Lord Visct.	Hobhouse, T. B.			

No. 225. QUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS BILL. — Order for further consideration of Report read; Bill recommitted: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "This House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 67, Noes 11.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pattison, J.	Turner, E.
Archbold, R.	Finch, F.	James, W.	Pease, J.	Turner, W.
Baines, E.	Gordon, R.	Kemble, H.	Pechell, Capt.	Villiers, C.
Bewes, T.	Greenaway, C.	Lefevre, C.	Philips, M.	Walker, R.
Blackett, C.	Grimsditch, T.	Marshall, W.	Power, James	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blake, M.	Hall, Sir B.	Marsland, T.	Redington, T.	Wood, Sir M.
Blake, W.	Harvey, D. W.	Martin, J.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	Worsley, Lord
Briscoe, J.	Hawes, B.	Marton, G.	Rundle, J.	Yates, J.
Brocklehurst, J.	Hawkins, J.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Salwey, Col.	
Brotherton, J.	Hector, C.	Morris, D.	Smith, B.	
Crawford, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Muskett, G.	Stanley, W. O.	
Crompton, Sir S.	Hodges, T.	O'Conor Don	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
Dick, Q.	Hurt, F.	Ord, W.	Strutt, E.	Warburton, H.
Duckworth, S.	Hutt, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.	Hume, J.
Evans, W.	Hutton, R.			

NOES.

Cole, Lord Vist.	Grant, F.	Hodgson, R.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
Eaton, R.	Harcourt, G. S.	Nicholl, J.	Richards, R.	Sibthorp, Col.
Grant, Hon. Col.	Henniker, Lord	Perceval, Col.		Ward, H.

No. 226. HACKNEY CARRIAGES (METROPOLIS) BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be now read a third time:" — The House divided; Ayes 60, Noes 13.

AYES.

Adam, Adml.	Cole, Lord Visct.	James, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, J.
Archbold, R.	Crawford, W.	Kemble, H.	Perceval, Col.	Vivian, J.
Baines, E.	Evans, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Philips, M.	Wallace, R.
Barrington, Lord	Filmer, Sir E.	Marshall, W.	Plumptre, J.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Blackburne, I.	Grimsditch, T.	Marsland, T.	Power, James	Winnington, T. E.
Blackett, C.	Harvey, D. W.	Maule, Hon. F.	Redington, T.	Wood, G.
Blake, M.	Hawkins, J.	Miles, P. W. S.	Rickford, W.	Worsley, Lord
Blandford, Marq. of	Hinde, J.	Morris, D.	Salwey, Col.	Yates, J.
Bodkin, J.	Hobhouse, T.	Muskett, G. A.	Spry, Sir S.	
Bowes, J.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, D.	Stewart, J.	*Tellers.*
Brocklehurst, J.	Hodgson, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Strutt, E.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Hutton, R.	Pattison, J.	Thompson, Ald.	Dungannon, Lord
Cayley, E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pease, J.	Thornely, T.	

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Jervis, J.	Nicholl, J.	Waddington, H.	*Tellers.*
Finch, F.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Smith, B.	Warburton, H.	Sibthorp, Col.
Hector, C.	Martin, J.	Talbot, C.	Ward, H.	Hawes, B.
Hume, J.				

No. 227. Clause (limiting the number of passengers) brought up; and read a first, second, and third time: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause be added to the Bill:" — The House divided; Ayes 66, Noes 4.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Crompton, Sir S.	Hume, J.	O'Conor, Don	Talbot, C. R.
Archbold, R.	Duckworth, S.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Turner, W.
Baines, E.	Dungannon, Lord	James, W.	Pattison, J.	Waddington, H.
Barrington, Lord	Evans, W.	Jervis, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Wallace, R.
Blackburne, I.	Filmer, Sir E.	Kemble, H.	Perceval, Col.	Ward, H.
Blake, M.	Finch, F.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Philips, M.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Blandford, Marq. of	Grimsditch, T.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Plumptre, J.	Winnington, T. E.
Bodkin, J.	Harvey, D.	Marshall, W.	Redington, T.	Wood, G. W.
Bowes, J.	Hawes, B.	Marsland, T.	Rickford, W.	Worsley, Lord
Brocklehurst, J.	Hawkins, J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Salwey, Col.	Yates, J.
Brotherton, J.	Hinde, J.	Miles, P. W.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Cayley, E.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Cole, Lord	Hodges, T.	Nicholl, J.	Stewart, James	Wood, Sir M.
Crawford, W.	Hodgson, R.	O'Connell, D.	Style, Sir C.	Pease, J.

NOES.

Hutton, R.	*Tellers.*
Martin, J.	Warburton, H.
Smith, B.	Thornely, T.
Strutt, E.	

No. 228. BANKRUPTCY COURT BILL. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "This House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof: — Question proposed, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 37, Noes 28.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Hastie, A.	O'Connell, D.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.
Baines, E.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Conor Don	Stewart, James	Worsley, Lord
Bowes, J.	Hodges, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.	
Brocklehurst, J.	Hutton, R.	Pattison, J.	Thornley, T.	
Brotherton, J.	Jervis, J.	Pease, J.	Wallace, R.	
Crawford, W.	Lefevre, C.	Philips, M.	Warburton, H.	*Tellers.*
Evans, W.	Marshall, W.	Redington, T.	Westenra, Hn. H.	Maule, F.
Finch, F.	Martin, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Winnington, T. E.	Hawes, B.
Handley, H.	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.		

NOES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Duckworth, S.	Hume, J.	Perceval, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bagge, W.	Dungannon, Lord	Jackson, Serjt.	Plumptre, J.	Yates, J.
Barrington, Lord	Fector, J.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Blandford, Marq. of	Filmer, Sir E.	Marsland, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Broadley, H.	Harvey, D. W.	Miles, P. W.	Talbot, C.	Follett, Sir W.
Cole, Lord Vt.	Hinde, J. H.	Nicholl, J.	Turner, W.	Grimsditch, T.
Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.			

No. 229. VESTRIES IN CHURCHES BILL. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That this House will, upon Saturday next, resolve itself into the said Committee:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out "Saturday," and insert "Monday" instead thereof: — Question put, "That Saturday stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 23, Noes 32.

AYES.

Bagge, W.	Bowes, J.	Darby, G.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hinde, J. H.
Barrington, Lord	Broadley, H.	Dungannon, Lord	Follett, Sir W.	Hodgson, R.
Blandford, Marq. of	Cole, Lord	Fector, J.	Grimsditch, T.	Jackson, Serjt.

Knatchbull, Sir E.	Perceval, Col.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
Marsland, T.	Philips, M.	Talbot, C R.	Nicholl, J.
Pease, J.	Plumptre, J.		Sinclair, Sir G.

NOES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Hawes, B.	Parker J. (Sheff.)	Thornely, T.	Worsley, Lord
Archbold, R.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pattison, J.	Turner, W.	Yates, J.
Baines, E.	Hodges, T.	Redington, T.	Warburton, H.	
Brocklehurst, J.	Jervis, J.	Rundle, J.	Westenra, Hon. H.	———
Brotherton, J.	Marshall, W.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	
Duckworth, S.	Martin, J.	Stewart, James	Winnington, T.	*Tellers.*
Finch, F.	Maule, Hon. F.	Style, Sir C.	Wood, G.	Hume, J.
Hastie, A.	O'Conor Don			Wallace, R.

No. 230. BUSINESS OF THE HOUSE. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That, after the present week, this House, on Tuesdays and Thursdays, will sit from twelve till four of the clock for consideration of Orders of the Day, and resume at six of the clock to proceed upon Notices of Motions:" — (LORD JOHN RUSSELL:) — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "week" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "on Tuesdays and Thursdays Orders of the Day have precedence of Notices, instead thereof:" — (Mr. HUME:) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 128, Noes 97. — (July 6.)

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Codrington, Adm.	Hope, Hon. C.	Parrot, J.	Surrey, Earl of
Alsager, Capt.	Collins, W.	Hope, G. W.	Pollen, Sir J.	Tancred, H.
Alston, R.	Cresswell, C.	Hoskins, K.	Praed, W. M.	Tennent, J. E.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Curry, W.	Houstoun, G.	Pryse, P.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
Archbold, R.	Dashwood, G. H.	Humphery, J.	Reid, Sir J.	C. P.
Ashley, Lord	De Horsey, S.	James, W.	Rice, E. R.	Thornley, T.
Bainbridge, E.	Douglas, Sir C.	Kemble, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Townley, R.
Baines, E.	Edwards, J.	Knight, H. G.	Rickford, W.	Turner, W.
Baring, Hon. F.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Roche, D.	Vere, Sir C.
Barnard, E.	Erle, W.	Lefevre, C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Verner, Col.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Fielden, J.	Lemon, Sir C.	Russell, Lord J.	Vigors, N.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lennox, Lord G.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Bewes, T.	Finch, F.	Lockhart, A.	Scarlett, Hon. J. Y.	Westenra, Hn. H.
Bodkin, J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Lushington, C.	Scholefield, J.	White, A.
Bridgeman, H.	Fleetwood, P.	M'Taggart, J.	Seale, Sir J.	Wilshere, W.
Broadley, H.	Gore, O. J. R.	Maher, J.	Seymour, Lord	Winnington, H.
Brotherton, J.	Graham, Sir J.	Melgund, Lord	Sheppard, T.	Wodehouse, E.
Bryan, G.	Grattan, H.	Mildmay, P.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wood, Sir M.
Bulwer, E. L.	Greenaway, C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Slaney, R.	Wood, T.
Burdett, Sir F.	Grey, Sir C.	Nicholl, J.	Smith, B.	
Callaghan, D.	Grimsditch, T.	O'Connell, D.	Somers, J.	———
Campbell, W.	Hastie, A.	O'Connell, M. J.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Chandos, Marq. of	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stanley, Lord	*Tellers.*
Chute, W.	Herbert, Hon. S.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stanley, W. O.	Grey, Sir G.
Clay, W.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Palmer, C. F.	Style, Sir C.	Troubridge, Sir T.
Clive, Hon. R.	Hodges, T.	Palmer, G.	Sugden, Sir E.	

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Chichester, J. P.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pechell, Capt.
	Childers, J.	Evans, G.	Knightley, Sir C.	Phillpotts, J.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Clive, E B.	Fellowes, E.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Plumptre, J.
Attwood, W.	Crompton, Sir S.	Ferguson, R.	Litton, E.	Price, Sir R.
Beamish, F.	Dalmeny, Lord	Freshfield, J.	Lucas, E.	Rae, Sir W.
Bell, M.	Darby, G.	Gaskell, J. M.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Redington, T.
Benett, J.	Denison, W.	Gillon, W.	Lynch, A.	Rolleston, L.
Blackburn, I.	D'Eyncourt, Rt.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.
Blackett, C.	Hon. C. T.	Hall, B.	Manners, Lord C.	Rundle, J.
Blair, J.	Divett, E.	Hector, C.	Marshall, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Blake, M. J.	Duff, J.	Hill, Lord A.	Miles, P. W.	Sanford, E.
Bowes, J.	Dundas, F.	Hinde, J. H.	Morris, D.	Stansfield, W.
Bramston, T.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Hodgson, R.	Muskett, G. A.	Stuart, V.
Brownrigg, S.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Horsman, E.	O'Brien, W. S.	Teignmouth, Lord
Buller, E.	Dungannon, Lord	Hurt, F.	O'Conor Don	Thompson, Ald.
Cartwright, W.	Easthope, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Ord, W.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
Cayley, E. S.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pakington, J.	Vivian, J. H.
Chalmers, P.	Eaton, R.	Kinnaird, Hn. A.	Pease, J.	Waddington, H.

;er, R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Worsley, Lord	Wyndham, W.	*Tellers.*
ace, R.	Winnington, T.	Wrightson, W.	Yates, J.	Hume, J.
raham, G.				Warburton, H.

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231. SUPPLY. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, praying her Majesty to take into her consideration the parliamentary allowances hitherto granted to and at present enjoyed by his Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, with a view to recommend to this House some addition to the same," instead thereof: — (Mr. GILLON:) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 98, Noes 48.

AYES.

urt, Capt.	Cresswell, C.	Holmes, W.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stanley, Lord
n, Adml.	Cripps, J.	Hope, Hon. C.	Ord, W.	Stansfield, W.
nby, H.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hope, G.	Paget, Lord A.	Stewart, James
ood, W.	Darby, G.	Hoskins, K.	Palmerston, Lord	Strutt, E.
ood, M.	Duckworth, S.	Hughes, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Teignmouth, Lord
es, E.	Eastnor, Lord	Hume, J.	Parker, R. T.	Tennent, J.
g, Hn. W. B.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Humphery, J.	Peel, Sir R.	Thornely, T.
ard, E.	Gaskell, J. M.	Jackson, Serjt.	Philips, M.	Tollemache, F.
al, R.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	James, Sir W.	Plumptre, J.	Turner, W.
s, T.	Graham, Sir J.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	Vernon, G. H.
e, W.	Grimsditch, T.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pusey, P.	Vivian, J. E.
emore, R.	Harcourt, G. G.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wallace, R.
dford, Marq. of	Hardinge, Sir H.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Richards, R.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
es, W.	Harvey, D. W.	Litton, E.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. A.
r, Sir J. Y.	Hector, C.	Mackenzie, T.	Rundle, J.	Winnington, T. E.
, H.	Hinde, J.	Manners, Lord S.	Russell, Lord J.	Yates, J.
pbell, Sir H.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Scholefield, J.	
idos, Marq. of	Hobhouse, T. B.	Maule, W.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
, W.	Hodges, T.	Morris, D.	Sibthorp, Col.	Hawes, B.
tenay P.	Hodgson, R.	O'Brien, W. S.	Smith, B.	Warburton, H.
rley, S.			Somerset, Lord G.	

NOES.

cromby, Hon. R.	Butler, Hon. Col.	Evans, Sir D. L.	O'Connell, J.	Stuart, V.
ibold, R.	Campbell, W. F.	Freshfield, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Turner, E.
ood, T.	Chalmers, P.	Grey, Sir C.	O'Conor Don	Vigors, N.
ie, Colonel	Childers, J.	Guest, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Wilshire, W.
ierman, A.	Codrington, Adm.	Hill, Lord A.	Rice, E.	Wood, Sir M.
y, G.	Denison, W.	Horsman, E.	Roche, W.	Wood, G.
geman, H.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C. T.	Howard, P.	Roche, Sir D.	
oe, J.	Duff, J.	Lynch, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
n, G.	Dundas, F.	Macleod, R.	Sheil, R.	Gillon, W.
ver, Sir E. L.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Maher, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Dungannon, Lord
		Muskett, G. A.	Stuart, Lord J.	

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232. PRISONS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — (In Committee). — Clause 17., "County Boards established for the purpose of appointing Local Boards."—P. 11., l. 8., Amendment proposed, after the words, "Lord Lieutenant for such county," to insert the words, "or, in his absence, by one of the Deputy Lieutenants, to be named by the Lord Lieutenant:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 33, Noes 53. — (July 7.)

AYES.

uthnott, Hon.	Blandford, Marq. of	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hawkes, T.
	Boldero, H.	Burroughes, H.	Farnham, E.	Hepburn, Sir T.
lie, Col.	Broadley, H.	Chute, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hodgson, R.
r, J.	Bruges, W. H. L.	Darby, G.	Gordon, Hon. Cpt.	Hope, Hon. C.

Hope, G.	Jackson, Serjt.	Rae, Sir W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Houstoun, G.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Round, J.	Tennent, J.	Pringle, A.
Hughes, W.	Litton, E.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Vere, Sir C.	Lockhart, A.
Hurt, F.	Mackenzie, T.			

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Dundas, F.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Price, Sir R.	White, A.
Adam, Adml.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Loch, J.	Rice, E. R.	Wilbraham, G.
Alston, R.	Ferguson, R.	Maher, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Winnington, H.
Bewes, T.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Marshall, W.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, G.
Bridgeman, H.	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stansfield, W.	Wrightson, W.
Brotherton, J.	Hayter, W.	O'Conor Don	Stuart, V.	Yates, J. A.
Byng, Rt. Hn. G.	Heneage, E.	O'Ferrall, R.	Style, Sir C.	
Carnac, Sir J.	Hill, Lord A.	Paget, Lord A.	Thornely, T.	
Chalmers, P.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Pease, J.	Turner, E.	
Craig, W. G.	Howard, P.	Pendarves, E.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord	Howick, Ld. Visct.	Philips, M.	Wallace, R.	Steuart, R.
	James, W.	Power, James	Warburton, H.	Maule, F.

No. 233. Clause 35., "Assessment on counties:"—Amendment proposed, p. 16., l. 34., to leave out the words "and upon all houses within such county," &c., and to insert, instead thereof, the following words:—"and upon all inhabited and other houses and buildings, lime works, coal works, mines, and quarries, public works, and manufacturing premises, and other heritages, according to the annual value; (that is to say), for every five pounds Scots that shall be assessed on every one hundred pounds Scots of the valued rents of lands and heritages, there shall be assessed the sum of one penny sterling on every pound sterling of the annual value according to which such inhabited and other houses and buildings, lime works, coal work, mines, and quarries, public works, and manufacturing premises, shall be or have been assessed for the House Tax; or, if not so assessed, according as the rent or yearly value shall be estimated: Provided always, that no assessment according to the real value shall be imposed upon farmhouses or other buildings used exclusively for agricultural purposes, or upon hospitals or houses for charitable purposes, churches, and places of worship, public or parish schools:"—(Mr. LOCKHART:)—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Clause:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 54, Noes 45.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Craig, W. G.	Hodges, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Warburton, H.
Adam, Adml.	Dundas, F.	Howard, P. H.	Parrott, J.	White, A.
Aglionby, H. A.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hutt, W.	Philips, M.	Wilbraham, G.
Alston, R.	Ferguson, Sir R.	James, W.	Philpotts, J.	Winnington, H. J.
Archbold, R.	Ferguson, Rob.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rice, E. R.	Wood, G.
Baines, E.	Finch, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Seymour, Lord	Wrightson, W.
Bowes, J.	Fleetwood, Sir P.	Loch, J.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, J.
Bridgeman, H.	Grattan, H.	Maher, J.	Stansfield, W.	
Brotherton, J.	Hastie, A.	Marshall, W.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Hawes, B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Thornely, T.	Maule, F.
Collins, W.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Conor Don	Vigors, N.	Steuart, R.
	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Wallace, R.	

NOES.

Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Chute, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hughes, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bailey, J.	Darby, G.	Gore, O. J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Somerset, Lord
Baillie, Col.	Douglas, Sir C.	Gore, O. W.	Kemble, H.	Stuart, Lord J.
Baring, H. B.	Dowdeswell, W.	Grant, F. W.	Knight, H. G.	Vere, Sir C.
Barrington, Lord	Dungannon, Lord	Grimsditch, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Verner, Col.
Blair, J.	Egerton, W. T.	Henniker, Lord	Pakington, J.	Waddington, H. S.
Broadley, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U)	Hepburn, Sir T.	Pringle, A.	
Bruges, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hope, Hon. C.	Rae, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Burroughes, H.	Gibson, T.	Hope, G.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Lockhart, A.
	Gladstone, W. E.	Houstoun, G.	Sheppard, T.	Graham, Sir J.

234. MIDDLESEX COUNTY COURT BILL. — Order for further consideration of Report read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Amendments made by the Committee to the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Bill be recommitted," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 80, Noes 5. — (July 9.)

AYES.

onby, H. A.	Crawford, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Packe, C.	Tancred, H.
on, Sir G.	Divett, E.	Kemble, H.	Pakington, J. S.	Teignmouth, Lord
ıbold, R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Knight, H. G.	Palmer, C.	Turner, W.
wood, W.	Dundas, Hon. J.C.	Leader, J.	Patten, J.	Vere, Sir C.
ıes, E.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Lennox, Lord G.	Pease, J.	Verner, Col.
ıard, E.	Fellowes, E.	M'Taggart, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.
y, G. S.	Filmer, Sir E.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Pendarves, E.	Wallace, R.
mish, F.	Gladstone, W.	Marshall, W.	Praed, W. M.	Ward, H.
es, T.	Gordon, R.	Maule, Hn. F.	Rae, Sir W.	Wilbraham, Hn.B.
te, W.	Grant, F. W.	Noel, W.	Rice, E. R.	Winnington, H. J.
ıdwood, H.	Grimsditch, T.	O'Connell, D.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
herton, J.	Hodgson, R.	O'Connell, J.	Salwey, Col.	Yates, J.
g, G.	Horsman, E.	O'Connell, M. J.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	
ley, E. S.	Howard, P.	O'Connell, Morg.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
lmers, P.	Howard, Hon. W.	O'Conor Don	Somers, J. P.	*Tellers.*
, W.	Hughes, W.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stanley, E. J.	Freshfield, J.
ins, W.	Hume, J.	Ord, W.	Steuart, R.	Hall, Sir B.

NOES.

Evans, G.	Phillpotts, J.	*Tellers.*	
James, Sir W.	Tyrrell, Sir J.	Dungannon, Lord	
Lowther, Hn. Col.		Wood, Capt.	

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235. NATIONAL LOAN FUND ASSURANCE COMPANY BILL. — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 109, Noes 38.

AYES.

rcromby, Hon.	Cayley, E.	Hume, J.	O'Connell, Morgan	Turner, W.
. R.	Chute, W.	Irving, J.	O'Conor Don	Tyrrell, Sir J.
onby, H.	Codrington, Adm.	James, Sir W. C.	Packe, C.	Vere, Sir C.
sworth, P.	Collins, W.	Jones, T.	Palmer, G.	Verner, Col.
ger, Capt.	Denison, W. J.	Kemble, H.	Patten, J.	Vigors, N.
ıbold, R.	Divett, E.	Knight, H. G.	Pease, J.	Waddington, H.
wood, M.	Douglas, Sir C.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pechell, Capt.	Wallace, R.
wood, W.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Phillpotts, J.	Ward, H.
ıes, E.	East, J.	Leader, J.	Power, James	Welby, G. E.
ıard, E.	Erle, W.	Litton, E.	Praed, W. M.	White, A.
ry, G.	Evans, G.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Redington, T.	Wilbraham, G.
mish, F.	Fielden, W.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Rickford, W.	Wilbraham, Hon.
, M.	Gore, O. W.	Lushington, C.	Roche, W.	B.
es, T.	Graham, Sir J.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Round, J.	Williams, W.(Cov.)
kburne, I.	Grimsditch, T.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Wilmot, Sir J.
te, W.	Harvey, D. W.	M'Taggart, J.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	Winnington, T. E.
ıdley, H.	Hawes, B.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Scholefield, J.	Winnington, H. J.
ıdwood, H.	Hawkes, T.	Marshall, W.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wood, T.
herton, J.	Heneage, G. W.	Milnes, R.	Somers, J. P.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
ges, W.	Hinde, J.	Muskett, G.	Somerville, Sir W.	
er, Sir J. Y.	Horsman, E.	Nicholl, J.	Stansfield, W.	*Tellers.*
wer, Sir E. L.	Howard, P.	O'Connell, J.	Tancred, H. W.	Hall, Sir B.
lett, Sir F.	Howard, Hon. W.	O'Connell, M. J.	Tennent, J. E.	O'Connell, D.

NOES.

uthnott, Hon.	Byng, G.	Clive, E. B.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Gordon, R.
	Chalmers, P.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.
rington, Lord	Clay, W.	Dungannon, Lord	Gladstone, W. E.	Grant, F. W.

Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rae, Sir W.	Stanley, Lord	Yates, J.
Grey, Sir G.	Loch, J.	Rice, E. R.	Sugden, Sir E.	
Heneage, G. W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Hodgson, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Thornely, T.	Steuart, R.
Inglis, Sir R.	Pakington, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, G.	Freshfield, J.
	Philips, G.	Shirley, E. J.		

No. 236. HARTLEPOOL DOCK AND RAILWAY BILL. — Order for further Consideration of Report read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Amendments made by the Committee to the Bill be now read a second time:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 63, Noes 47.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Stanley, E. J.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	East, J.	Hawes, B.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Stanley, Lord
Barnard, E.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hawkes, T.	Mahon, Lord	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Barrington, Lord	Egerton, Sir P.	Heneage, G. W.	Manners, Lord C.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
Bell, M.	Evans, G.	Hennıker, Lord	Ord, W.	Waddington, H.
Blackburne, I.	Feilden, W.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Palmer, G.	White, A.
Broadwood, H.	Fector, J. M.	Hinde, J. H.	Pease, J.	Wood, T.
Bruges, W.	Freshfield, J.	Hodgson, F.	Phillpotts, J.	Wyndham, W.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hodgson, R.	Plumptre, J.	Wynn, Rt. Hn. C.
Burdett, Sir F.	Gore, O. W.	Hope, G. W.	Powerscourt, Lord	
Chichester, J. P.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Praed, W. T.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Dungannon, Lord
Darlington, Earl of	Grant, F.	Kemble, H.	Sanderson, R.	Fremantle, Sir T.
		Lascelles, Hn. W.	Sibthorp, Col.	

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Brotherton, J.	Hall, Sir B.	O'Connell, Morgan	Vigors, N.
Aglionby, H.	Bryan, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pakington, J.	Ward, H. G.
Anson, Sir G.	Bulwer, Sir E. L.	Leader, J.	Pattison, J.	Wilbraham, G.
Archbold, R.	Chalmers, P.	Litton, E.	Redington, T.	Winnington, T. E.
Attwood, M.	Collins, W.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Winnington, H. J.
Baines, E.	Crawford, W.	Milnes, R. M.	Scholefield, J.	Yates, J.
Beamish, F.	Dennistoun, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	
Bewes, T.	Divett, E.	Muskett, G. A.	Somers, J.	*Tellers.*
Broadley, H.	Dundas, Hon. J.	O'Connell, Dan.	Somerville, Sir W.	Hume, J.
	Gordon, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Thornely, T.	Cayley, E.

No. 237. SUPPLY — (In Committee). — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That a sum, not exceeding 4500*l.*, be granted to her Majesty, to pay, to the 31st day of March, 1839, the usual allowances to Protestant Dissenting Ministers in England, poor French Refugee Clergy, poor French Refugee Laity, and sundry small charitable and other allowances to the Poor of Saint Martin's-in-the-Fields, and others:" — Afterwards, Motion made, and Question put, "That a sum, not exceeding 2805*l.*, be granted to her Majesty, to pay, to the 31st day of March, 1839, the usual allowances to poor French Refugee Clergy, poor French Refugee Laity, and sundry small charitable and other allowances to the Poor of Saint Martin's-in-the-Fields, and others:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 16, Noes 84.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Tancred, H.	Wallace, R.	*Tellers.*
Baines, E.	Lushington, C.	Thornely, T.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
Bridgman, H.	O'Connell, Dan.	Turner, W.	White, A.	Hindley, C.
Brotherton, J.	Salwey, Col.	Vigors, N.	Yates, J.	

NOES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Attwood, W.
Bainbridge, E.
Barnard, E.
Barry, G.
Bateson, Sir R.
Blair, J.
Blake, W.
Blandford, Marq. of
Blunt, Sir C.
Briscoe, J.
Bruges, W.
Byng, G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Carnac, Sir J.
Chapman, A.
Clay, W.
Clive, E. B.
Clive, Hon. R.
Courtenay, P.
Crawford, W.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Gibson, T.
Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimsditch, T.
Hawes, B.
Hawkes, T.
Hayter, W.
Hector, C.
Heneage, G.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hinde, J. H.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hodges, T.
Hope, Hon. C.
Horsman, E.
Howard, P. H.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Kemble, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Litton, E.
Lushington, Dr.
Marshall, W.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
O'Brien, W. S.
Ord, W.
Pakington, J.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Patten, J.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Plumptre, J.
Power, James
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rickford, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Slaney, R.
Strutt, E.
Surrey, Earl of
Teignmouth, Lord
Vivian, J.
Walker, R.
Williams, W. (Cov.)
Williams, W. A.
Wood, C.

Tellers.
Steuart, R.
Troubridge, Sir T.

No. 238. Motion made, and Question put, "That a sum, not exceeding 35,900*l.*, be granted to her Majesty, to defray the charge of her Majesty's Foreign and other Secret Services, to the 31st day of March, 1839:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 111, Noes 18.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.
Acland, T. D.
Ainsworth, P.
Alsager, Capt.
Baring, Hn. W. B.
Barnard, E.
Barry, G.
Bateson, Sir R.
Blair, J.
Blake, W.
Blunt, Sir C.
Briscoe, J.
Brocklehurst, J.
Bruges, W.
Byng, G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Carnac, Sir J.
Chapman, A.
Childers, J.
Clay, W.
Clive, E. B.
Clive, Hon. R.
Cole, Lord Visct.
Courtenay, P.
Crawford, W.
Darby, G.
Evans, G.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, P.
Gaskell, J. M.
Gladstone, W.
Grant, F.
Greene, T.
Greenaway, C.
Grimsditch, T.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hn. E.
Hawes, B.
Hawkes, T.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W. G.
Heneage, G.
Hepburn, Sir T.
Hinde, J. H.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G. W.
Horsman, E.
Howard, P.
Hughes, W.
Hurt, F.
Hutton, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
James, Sir W.
Kemble, H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Litton, E.
Lockhart, A.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Macnamara, Major
Marshall, W.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Ferrall, R.
Ord, W.
Pakington, J.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Patten, J.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Phillpotts, J.
Plumptre, J.
Pusey, P.
Rae, Sir W.
Rice, E. R.
Rice, Rt. Hon. T.
Rickford, W.
Roche, W.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Salwey, Col.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Slaney, R.
Stewart, James
Strutt, E.
Sugden, Sir E.
Surrey, Earl of
Tancred, H.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vivian, J. E.
Ward, H.
White, A.
Wilbraham, G.
Williams, W. A.
Wood, C.
Wood, G. W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Grey, Sir G.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.
Blandford, Marq. of
Bridgeman, H.
Duke, Sir J.
Hector, C.
Hindley, C.
Jervis, S.
O'Connell, Dan.
Turner, W.
Villiers, C.
Walker, R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.

Tellers.
Hume, J.
Williams, W.

No. 239. QUALIFICATION OF MEMBERS BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 63, Noes 14.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Finch, F.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pakington, J.	Stanley, E.
Archbold, R.	Gladstone, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Parker, J.	Steuart, R.
Ashley, Lord	Gordon, R.	Lefevre, C.	Pease, J.	Style, Sir C.
Baines, E.	Grey, Sir G.	Litton, E.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Thornely, T.
Barrington, Ld.Vt.	Grimsditch, T.	Lockhart, A.	Pringle, A.	Vigors, N.
Beamish, F.	Hawes, B.	Mackenzie, T.	Rae, Sir W.	Wallace, R.
Bowes, J.	Hawkes, T.	Macleod, R.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T.	Wood, G.
Brotherton, J.	Hindley, C.	Maher, J.	Roche, Sir D.	
Bruges, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Maule, Hon. F.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Burroughes, H.	Hodges, T.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Rundle, J.	
Divett, E.	Howard, P.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Douglas, Sir C.	Hughes, W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Salwey, Col.	Aglionby, H.
Eaton, R.	Hutt, W.	O'Connell, J.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Warburton, H.
Filmer, Sir E.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sheil, R. L.	

NOES.

Bagge, W.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Inglis, Sir R.	Rose, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Blackstone, W.	Darby, G.	Perceval, Col.	Rushout, G.	Dungannon, Lord
Blandford, Marq. of	Hinde, J.	Plumptre, J.	Waddington, H.	Sibthorp, Col.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hodgson, R.			

No. 240. Question again proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Whereupon, Motion made, and Question put, "That the House do now adjourn:" — The House divided; Ayes 14, Noes 51.

AYES.

Bagge, W.	Cole, Lord Visct.	Hodgson, R.	Plumptre, J.	*Tellers.*
Blandford, Marq.	Dungannon, Lord	Litton, E.	Rushout, G.	Blackstone, W.
Bruges, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Perceval, Col.	Waddington, H.	Sibthorp, Col.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hinde, J.			

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Duke, Sir J.	Hutt, W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.
Alsager, Capt.	Eaton, R.	Hutton, R.	O'Brien, W. S.	Steuart, R.
Archbold, R.	Finch, F.	Inglis, Sir R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Style, Sir C.
Ashley, Lord	Gladstone, W. E.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pakington, J.	Thornely, T.
Baines, E.	Gordon, R.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vigors, N.
Beamish, F.	Grey, Sir G.	Lefevre, C.	Roche, Sir D.	Wallace, R.
Bowes, J.	Hawkes, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, G.
Brotherton, J.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Mackenzie, T.	Rundle, J.	
Burroughes, H. N.	Hodges, T.	Maher, J.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Divett, E.	Howard, P.	Maule, Hon. F.	Salwey, Col.	Parker, J. (Shef.)
Douglas, Sir C.	Hughes, W. B.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sheil, R. L.	Warburton, H.

No. 241. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE. — Motion made, and Question put, "That an humble Address be presented to her Majesty, praying her Majesty to issue a Commission to investigate on the spot the past and actual state of the relations between the inhabitants of the eastern province of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Kafir tribes; the causes and extent of the recent migrations beyond the frontier; and the best means of providing for the future security of the province:" — (Mr. GLADSTONE:) — The House divided; Ayes 32, Noes 41. — (July 10.)

AYES.

Bagge, W.	Dungannon, Lord	Grimsditch, T.	Mathew, G.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.
Barrington, Ld.Vt.	Egerton, W. T.	Hughes, W.	Packe, C.	Thompson, Ald.
Bateson, Sir R.	Egerton, Lord F.	James, Sir W.	Pakington, J.	Wood, T.
Blackstone, W.	Ellis, J.	Knight, H. G.	Palmer, R.	
Bolling, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Palmer, G.	*Tellers.*
Clive, Hon. R.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Powerscourt, Lord	Gladstone, W.
Darby, G.	Gibson, T.	Litton, E.	Richards, R.	Praed, W. T.
Douglas, Sir C.				

NOES.

isworth, P.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Paget, F.	Scholefield, J.	Warburton, H.
ton, R.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Palmerston, Visct.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
nard, E.	Grey, Sir C.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Slaney, R.	Wood, Sir M.
ckett, C.	Hawes, B.	Pease, J.	Smith, B.	
cklehurst, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Pechell, Capt.	Somerville, Sir W.	———
otherton, J.	Howard, P.	Philips, Mark	Style, Sir C.	
iges, W.	Hume, J.	Rice, E. R.	Tollemache, F.	*Tellers.*
mpbell, Sir J.	Hurt, F.	Rundle, J.	Turner, W.	Grey, Sir G.
wley, S.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Vigors, N.	Steuart, R.
ke, Sir J.	Lynch, A.			

. 242. HARTLEPOOL DOCK AND RAILWAY BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 65, Noes 15. — (July 11.)

AYES.

ager, Capt.	Courtenay, P.	Hayter, W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sugden, Sir E.
outhnott, Hon.	Darlington, Earl of	Henniker, Lord	Ord, W.	Thomas, Col.
l.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hinde, J.	Pease, J.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
nnerman, A.	Dowdeswell, W.	Holmes, W.	Philipps, Sir R.	C. P.
rrington, Ld. Vt.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Howard, F.	Phillpotts, J.	Thornely, T.
ntinck, Lord W.	Evans, G.	Hughes, W.	Pringle, A.	Wood, Sir M.
ckett, C.	Feilden, W.	Hurt, F.	Pusey, P.	Wood, T.
adwood, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Knox, Hon. T.	Rae, Sir W.	Yorke, Hon. E.
wnrigg, S.	Finch, F.	Lockhart, A.	Rushbroke, Col.	
iges, W.	Freshfield, J.	Lynch, A.	Seymour, Lord	———
ller, Sir J. Y.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Mackenzie, W.	Somerset, Lord G.	
rroughes, H. N.	Grant, F.	Mackinnon, W.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
almers, P.	Grimsditch, T.	M'Taggart, J.	Stewart, James	Dungannon, Lord
ute, W.	Hastie, A.	Marshall, W.	Strutt, H.	Hodgson, R.
llins, W.	Hawes, B.	Maule, Hon. F.		

NOES.

lionby, H.	Erle, W.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Scholefield, J.	*Tellers.*
nes, E.	Evans, Sir De L.	Maher, J.	Style, Sir C.	Cayley, E.
otherton, J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	O'Connell, Morgan	Wallace, R.	Muskett, G.
ng, G.	Litton, E.	Salwey, Col.		

. 243. MIDDLESEX COUNTY COURTS BILL. — Read a third time; Amendments made; another Amendment proposed, to leave out the Clause from the word "sent," in pr. 28., line 15., to the word "And," in pr. 29., line 25.: — Question put, "That the Clause stand part of the Bill:" — The House divided; Ayes 15, Noes 92.

AYES.

ke, W.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
laghan, D.	Hector, C.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Style, Sir C.	Hayter, W.
rley, E.	Howard, P.	Roche, E.	White, A.	Aglionby, Major
llins, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Rundle, J.		

NOES.

ercromby, Hon.	Bagge, W.	Bentinck, Lord W.	Bruges, W.	Douglas, Sir C.
. R.	Bannerman, A.	Blair, J.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Dowdeswell, W.
ager, Capt.	Baring, Hon. W.	Bridgeman, H.	Burroughes, H.	Dungannon, Lord
son, Hon. Col.	Barnard, E.	Broadwood, H.	Byng, G.	Erle, W.
outhnott, Hon.	Barneby, J.	Brotherton, J.	Chute, W.	Evans, Sir De L.
l.	Barry, G.	Brownrigg, S.	Darby, G.	Feilden, W.

Fector, J.	Houstoun, G.	Mackinnon, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Filmer, Sir E.	Howard, F.	M'Taggart, J.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	Thornely, T.
Finch, F.	Howard, Hon. W.	Manners, Lord C.	Seymour, Lord	Turner, W.
Gillon, W.	Hughes, W.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sheil, R. L.	Vivian, Sir R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hurt, F.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Walker, R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Somerset, Lord G.	Wallace, R.
	James, W.	Patten, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, C.
Grant, F.	Knox, Hon. T.	Pattison, J.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, Sir M.
Grimsditch, T.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pease, J.	Steuart, R.	Wood, G.
Hastie, A.	Lefevre, C.	Philipps, Sir R.	Stewart, J.	
Henniker, Lord	Lockhart, A.	Phillpotts, J.	Sugden, Sir E.	
Hodgson, R.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Pringle, A.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
Holmes, W.	Lushington, C.	Pusey, P.	Teignmouth, Lord	Courtenay, P.
Hope, Hon. C.	Mackenzie, T.	Rae, Sir W.	Thomas, Col.	Freshfield, J.

No. 244. PAROCHIAL ASSESSMENTS BILL. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words, "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now,' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 104, Noes 42.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Craig, W.	Henniker, Lord	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sturt, H.
Adam, Adml.	Crawley, S.	Hinde, J.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.
Baines, E.	Currie, R.	Hindley, C.	Parrott, J.	Thornley, T.
Bannerman A.	Curry, W.	Hodges, T.	Pease, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barnard, E.	Dalmeny, Lord	Houldsworth, T.	Pechell, Capt.	Villiers, C. P.
Barneby, J.	Darby, G.	Houstoun, G.	Perceval, Col.	Vivian, J.
Barry, G.	Divett, E.	Howard, P.	Phillpotts, J.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hutton, R.	Pusey, P.	Walsh, Sir J.
Bewes, T.	Duckworth, S.	James, W.	Rich, H.	Warburton, H.
Blake, W.	Duff, J.	Lemon, Sir C.	Roche, Sir D.	Ward, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Dunbar, G.	Loch, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W.
Briscoe, J.	Ebrington, Lord	Lockhart, A.	Rundle, J.	Winnington, H.
Brotherton, J.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lushington, Dr.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, C.
Bruges, W.	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Wyndham, W.
Bryan, G.	Finch, F.	Marshall, W.	Scholefield, J.	Yates, J.
Buller, E.	Gibson, T.	Martin, J.	Scrope, G.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Campbell, Sir J.	Gillon, W.	Maule, Hon. F.	Smith, B.	
Cayley, E.	Guest, Sir J.	Mildmay, P.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Chalmers, P.	Harvey, D. W.	Morpeth, Lord	Stansfield, W.	
Childers, J.	Hawes, B.	Morris, D.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W.	Hawkes, T.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stewart, James	Lefevre, S.
	Hector, C.	O'Conor Don	Strutt, E.	Aglionby, H. A.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Freshfield, J.	Hope, Hon. C.	Pakington, J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Alsager, Capt.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hope, G. W.	Palmer, R.	Tennent, J.
Baring, Hn. W. B.		Hurt, F.	Parker, M.	Wodehouse, E.
Blandford, Marq. of	Grant, F. W.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, T.	
Broadley, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Jones, T.	Price, R.	
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	
Courtenay, P.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Litton, E.	Rae, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hodgson, R.	Mackenzie, T.	Sandon, Lord	Inglis, Sir R.
Dungannon, Lord	Hogg, J.	Mackinnon, W.	Sheppard, T.	Nicholl, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Holmes, W.	Meynell, Capt.	Sibthorp, Col.	

No. 245. SMALL DEBTS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 45, Noes 63.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Darby, G.	Hinde, J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pringle, A.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Dunbar, G.	Hodgson, R.	Jones, T.	Sugden, Sir E.
Blandford, Marq. of	Dungannon, Lord	Hogg, J.	Kemble, H.	Teignmouth, Lord
Broadley, H.	Freshfield, J.	Holmes, W.	Litton, E.	Tennent, J.
Bruges, W.	Gibson, T.	Hope, G. W.	Lockhart, A.	Wodehouse, E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gordon, Hon. Cpt.	Hope, Hon. C.	Mackenzie, T.	Young, J.
Burroughes, N.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Houldsworth, T.	Meynell, Capt.	
Codrington, C.	Grant, F.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, M.	*Tellers.*
Courtenay, P.	Grimsditch, T.	Hurt, F.	Parker, R.	Rae, Sir W.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Price, R.	Nicholl, J.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.	Bryan, G.	Hector, C.	Parrott, J.	Thornley, T.
Adam, Admi.	Campbell, Sir J.	Hindley, C.	Pease, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Aglionby, H.	Cayley, E.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Vivian, J.
Baines, E.	Chalmers, P.	Hutton, R.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
Bannerman, A.	Craig, W.	James, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Barnard, E.	Crawley, S.	Lushington, Dr.	Rundle, J.	Ward, H.
Barry, G.	Curry, W.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bernal, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Marshall, W.	Smith, B.	Winnington, H.
Bewes, T.	Duckworth, S.	Martin, J.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Blake, W.	Duff, J.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Steuart, R.	
Bridgeman, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Morris, D.	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
Briscoe, J. I.	Evans, G.	O'Conor Don	Strutt, E.	Gillon, W.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tancred, H.	Maule, F.
	Hawes, B.	Parnell, Sir H.		

No. 246. Coal Trade (Port of London) Bill. — (In Committee). — Clause Thirteen "Bye laws for regulating coal vessels in the Port of London to be made by the Corporation of London, and allowed by the Board of Trade:" — Amendment proposed, page 9., line 40., to leave out the following Proviso: — "Provided, also, that no such regulations which apply exclusively to the coal trade shall prevent any vessel from remaining, with the cargo thereof unsold, within the Port of London, for a period not exceeding fifteen days:" — Question put, "That the proviso stand part of the Clause:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 49, Noes 96. — (July 12.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Chapman, A.	Gordon, Hn. Cpt.	Hope, G. W.	Rolleston, L.
Barrington, Lord	Darby, G.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Hughes, W.	Rose, Sir G.
Blackburne, I.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C.	Graham, Sir J.	Hurt, F.	Style, Sir C.
Blackett, C.	Dottin, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Thompson, Ald.
Blair, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Kemble, H.	Waddington, H.
Blandford, Marq. of	Dungannon, Lord	Heathcote, G.	Manners, Lord C.	White, A.
Bowes, J.	Eastnor, Ld. Vt.	Hinde, J.	Meynell, Capt.	Wyndham, W.
Bramston, T.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hodgson, R.	Ord, W.	
Broadley, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, G.	*Tellers.*
Bruges, W.	Gladstone, W.	Hope, Hon. C.	Praed, W. M.	Bell, —
Buller, Sir J. Y.			Richards, R.	Pease, J.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Callaghan, D.	Gillon, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pattison, J.
Aglionby, H. A.	Campbell, Sir J.	Grant, F.	Marshall, W.	Pechell, Capt.
Ainsworth, P.	Cayley, E.	Grattan, H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Perceval, Hon. G.
Archbold, R.	Clay, W.	Grote, G.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Polhill, F.
Attwood, W.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Hawes, B.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Power, James
Bainbridge, E.	Crawford, W.	Hawkins, J.	Miles, P.	Price, Sir R.
Baines, E.	Curry, W.	Hector, C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rich, H.
Barnard, E.	Divett, E.	Hill, Lord A.	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.
Barry, G.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Salwey, Col.
Beamish, F.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hodges, T.	Nicholl, J.	Sanford, E.
Bewes, T.	Easthope, J.	Howard, F.	O'Connell, J.	Somerset, Lord G.
Blake, M.	Eaton, R.	Howard, P.	O'Connell, M.	Somerville, Sir W.
Blake, W.	Egerton, W. T.	Hutton, R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stewart, James
Bridgeman, H.	Ellis, J.	James, W.	Paget, F.	Stuart, Lord J.
Brodie, W.	Farnham, E.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Palmer, C.	Strutt, E.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.
Bryan, G.	Gibson, T.			Teignmouth, Lord

Fector, J.	Houstoun, G.	Mackinnon, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Filmer, Sir E.	Howard, F.	M'Taggart, J.	Scarlett, Hon. J.	Thornely, T.
Finch, F.	Howard, Hon. W.	Manners, Lord C.	Seymour, Lord	Turner, W.
Gillon, W.	Hughes, W.	Maule, Hon. F.	Sheil, R. L.	Vivian, Sir R.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hurt, F.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Walker, R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Somerset, Lord G.	Wallace, R.
Grant, F.	James, W.	Patten, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, C.
Grimsditch, T.	Knox, Hon. T.	Pattison, J.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, Sir M.
Hastie, A.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pease, J.	Steuart, R.	Wood, G.
Henniker, Lord	Lefevre, C.	Philipps, Sir R.	Stewart, J.	
Hodgson, R.	Lockhart, A.	Phillpotts, J.	Sugden, Sir E.	
Holmes, W.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Pringle, A.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
Hope, Hon. C.	Lushington, C.	Pusey, P.	Teignmouth, Lord	Courtenay, P.
	Mackenzie, T.	Rae, Sir W.	Thomas, Col.	Freshfield, J.

No. 244. PAROCHIAL ASSESSMENTS BILL. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words, "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now,' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 104, Noes 42.

AYES.

Abercromby, Hon. G. R.	Craig, W.	Henniker, Lord	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sturt, H.
Adam, Adml.	Crawley, S.	Hinde, J.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.
Baines, E.	Currie, R.	Hindley, C.	Parrott, J.	Thornley, T.
Bannerman A.	Curry, W.	Hodges, T.	Pease, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barnard, E.	Dalmeny, Lord	Houldsworth, T.	Pechell, Capt.	Villiers, C. P.
Barneby, J.	Darby, G.	Houstoun, G.	Perceval, Col.	Vivian, J.
Barry, G.	Divett, E.	Howard, P.	Phillpotts, J.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hutton, R.	Pusey, P.	Walsh, Sir J.
Bewes, T.	Duckworth, S.	James, W.	Rich, H.	Warburton, H.
Blake, W.	Duff, J.	Lemon, Sir C.	Roche, Sir D.	Ward, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Dunbar, G.	Loch, J.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W.
Briscoe, J.	Ebrington, Lord	Lockhart, A.	Rundle, J.	Winnington, H.
Brotherton, J.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Lushington, Dr.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, C.
Bruges, W.	Evans, G.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Wyndham, W.
Bryan, G.	Finch, F.	Marshall, W.	Scholefield, J.	Yates, J.
Buller, E.	Gibson, T.	Martin, J.	Scrope, G.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Campbell, Sir J.	Gillon, W.	Maule, Hon. F.	Smith, B.	
Cayley, E.	Guest, Sir J.	Mildmay, P.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Chalmers, P.	Harvey, D. W.	Morpeth, Lord	Stansfield, W.	
Childers, J.	Hawes, B.	Morris, D.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W.	Hawkes, T.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stewart, James	Lefevre, S.
	Hector, C.	O'Conor Don	Strutt, E.	Aglionby, H. A.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Freshfield, J.	Hope, Hon. C.	Pakington, J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Alsager, Capt.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hope, G. W.	Palmer, R.	Tennent, J.
Baring, Hn. W. B.	Grant, F. W.	Hurt, F.	Parker, M.	Wodehouse, E.
Blandford, Marq. of	Grimsditch, T.	Jackson, Serjt.	Parker, T.	
Broadley, H.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Jones, T.	Price, R.	
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Kemble, H.	Pringle, A.	
Courtenay, P.	Hodgson, R.	Litton, E.	Rae, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hogg, J.	Mackenzie, T.	Sandon, Lord	Inglis, Sir R.
Dungannon, Lord	Holmes, W.	Mackinnon, W.	Sheppard, T.	Nicholl, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)		Meynell, Capt.	Sibthorp, Col.	

No. 245. SMALL DEBTS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 45, Noes 63.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Darby, G.	Hinde, J.	Jackson, Serjt.	Pringle, A.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Dunbar, G.	Hodgson, R.	Jones, T.	Sugden, Sir E.
Blandford, Marq. of	Dungannon, Lord	Hogg, J.	Kemble, H.	Teignmouth, Lord
Broadley, H.	Freshfield, J.	Holmes, W.	Litton, E.	Tennent, J.
Bruges, W.	Gibson, T.	Hope, G. W.	Lockhart, A.	Wodehouse, E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Gordon, Hon. Cpt.	Hope, Hon. C.	Mackenzie, T.	Young, J.
Burroughes, N.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Houldsworth, T.	Meynell, Capt.	
Codrington, C.	Grant, F.	Houstoun, G.	Parker, M.	*Tellers.*
Courtenay, P.	Grimsditch, T.	Hurt, F.	Parker, R.	Rae, Sir W.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hepburn, Sir T.	Inglis, Sir R.	Price, R.	Nicholl, J.

NOES.

Abercromby, Hn. G. R.	Bryan, G.	Hector, C.	Parrott, J.	Thornley, T.
Adam, Admi.	Campbell, Sir J.	Hindley, C.	Pease, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Aglionby, H.	Cayley, E.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Vivian, J.
Baines, E.	Chalmers, P.	Hutton, R.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
Bannerman, A.	Craig, W.	James, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Barnard, E.	Crawley, S.	Lushington, Dr.	Rundle, J.	Ward, H.
Barry, G.	Curry, W.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bernal, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Marshall, W.	Smith, B.	Winnington, H.
Bewes, T.	Duckworth, S.	Martin, J.	Stansfield, W.	Yates, J.
Blake, W.	Duff, J.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Steuart, R.	
Bridgeman, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Morris, D.	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
Briscoe, J. I.	Evans, G.	O'Conor Don	Strutt, E.	Gillon, W.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tancred, H.	Maule, F.
	Hawes, B.	Parnell, Sir H.		

No. 246. Coal Trade (Port of London) Bill. — (In Committee). — Clause Thirteen "Bye laws for regulating coal vessels in the Port of London to be made by the Corporation of London, and allowed by the Board of Trade:" — Amendment proposed, page 9., line 40., to leave out the following Proviso: — "Provided, also, that no such regulations which apply exclusively to the coal trade shall prevent any vessel from remaining, with the cargo thereof unsold, within the Port of London, for a period not exceeding fifteen days:" — Question put, "That the proviso stand part of the Clause:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 49, Noes 96. — (July 12.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Chapman, A.	Gordon, Hn. Cpt.	Hope, G. W.	Rolleston, L.
Barrington, Lord	Darby, G.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Hughes, W.	Rose, Sir G.
Blackburne, I.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C.	Graham, Sir J.	Hurt, F.	Style, Sir C.
Blackett, C.	Dottin, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Thompson, Ald.
Blair, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Kemble, H.	Waddington, H.
Blandford, Marq. of	Dungannon, Lord	Heathcote, G.	Manners, Lord C.	White, A.
Bowes, J.	Eastnor, Ld. Vt.	Hinde, J.	Meynell, Capt.	Wyndham, W.
Bramston, T.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hodgson, R.	Ord, W.	
Broadley, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, G.	*Tellers.*
Bruges, W.	Gladstone, W.	Hope, Hon. C.	Praed, W. M.	Bell, —
Buller, Sir J. Y.			Richards, R.	Pease, J.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Callaghan, D.	Gillon, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pattison, J.
Aglionby, H. A.	Campbell, Sir J.	Grant, F.	Marshall, W.	Pechell, Capt.
Ainsworth, P.	Cayley, E.	Grattan, H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Perceval, Hon. G.
Archbold, R.	Clay, W.	Grote, G.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Polhill, F.
Attwood, W.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Hawes, B.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Power, James
Bainbridge, E.	Crawford, W.	Hawkins, J.	Miles, P.	Price, Sir R.
Baines, E.	Curry, W.	Hector, C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rich, H.
Barnard, E.	Divett, E.	Hill, Lord A.	Morris, D.	Rundle, J.
Barry, G.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Salwey, Col.
Beamish, F.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hodges, T.	Nicholl, J.	Sanford, E.
Bewes, T.	Easthope, J.	Howard, F.	O'Connell, J.	Somerset, Lord G.
Blake, M.	Eaton, R.	Howard, P.	O'Connell, M.	Somerville, Sir W.
Blake, W.	Egerton, W. T.	Hutton, R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stewart, James
Bridgeman, H.	Ellis, J.	James, W.	Paget, F.	Stuart, Lord J.
Brodie, W.	Farnham, E.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Palmer, C.	Strutt, E.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Parnell, Sir H.	Tancred, H.
Bryan, G.	*Gibson, T.*			Teignmouth, Lord

Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Turner, E.	Warburton, H.	Wood, C.	*Tellers.*
Thornely, T.	Vigors, N. A.	Wilbraham, G.	Wood, T.	Hume, J.
Troubridge, Sir E.	Villiers, C. P.	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Yates, J. A.	Parker, J.
	Wallace, R.	Wilshere, W.		

No. 247. BANKRUPTS' ESTATES (SCOTLAND) BILL.—Order for further consideration of Report read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the further consideration of the Report be deferred till Saturday:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "Saturday," in order to insert the words "this day month," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the word 'Saturday' stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 62, Noes 34.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Divett, E.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Turner, E.
Baines, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Hutton, R.	Power, James	Turner, W.
Barnard, E.	Elliot, Hon. J.	James, W.	Rich, H.	Vigors, N.
Barry, G.	Fergusson, Rt. Hn. R. C.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rundle, J.	Villiers, C. P.
Beamish, F.		Macnamara, Major	Sanford, E.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Finch, F.	Melgund, Ld. Vt.	Somerville, Sir W.	Warburton, H.
Bewes, T.	Gillon, W.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E.	White, A.
Blake, M.	Grattan, H.	O'Connell, J.	Stuart, Lord J.	Wilbraham, G.
Blake, W.	Hawes, B.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Strutt, E.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bridgeman, H.	Hector, C.	Palmer, C.	Style, Sir C.	
Brotherton, J.	Hill, Lord A.	Parker, J.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
Bryan, G.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parrott, J.	Thornely, T.	Murray, Rt. Ha. J.
Callaghan, D.	Howard, F.	Pattison, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Maule, F.
Clements, Ld Vt.				

NOES.

Barrington, Lord	Egerton, W.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Blair, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, G.	Somerset, Lord G.
Blandford, Marq. of	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hope, G. W.	Parker, R.	Wyndham, W.
Bruges, W.		Hughes, W.	Perceval, Hon. G.	
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Graham, Sir J.	Hurt, F.	Polhill, F.	*Tellers.*
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grant, F.	Mackenzie, T.	Rolleston, L.	Rae, Sir W.
Darby, G.	Grimsditch, T.	Miles, P. W.	Rose, Sir G.	Gordon, Capt.
Dungannon, Lord	Hodgson, F.			

No. 248. PARLIAMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND) BILL.—Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 56, Noes 36.

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Bulwer, Sir E. L.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Pattison, J.	Style, Sir C.
Baines, E.	Callaghan, D.	Howard, P.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.
Barnard, E.	Corry, Hon. H.	Hutton, R.	Power, James	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barry, G.	Divett, E.	James, W.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.
Beamish, F.	Duke, Sir J.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Macnamara, Major	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Bewes, T.	Elliott, Hon. J.	Maher, J.	Sanford, E.	White, A.
Blake, M.	Finch, F.	Morpeth, Lord	Somerville, Sir W.	
Blake, W.	Grattan, H.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E.	*Tellers.*
Bridgeman, H.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, J.	Stuart, Lord J.	Maule, F.
Brotherton, J.	Hector, C.	Palmer, C.	Strutt, E.	Murray, Rt. Ha. J.
Bryan, G.	Hindley, C.	Parrott, J.		

NOES.

Barrington, Lord	Blair, J.	Bramston, T.	Bruges, W.	Dalrymple, Sir A.
Blackburne, I.	Blandford, Marq. of	Broadwood, H.	Buller, Sir J. Y.	Darby, G.

Dungannon, Lord	Graham, Sir J.	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, R.	Turner, W.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Grant, F.	Hope, G.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wood, T.
Egerton, W. T.	Grimsditch, T.	Hughes, W.	Polhill, F.	
Fremantle, Sir T.	Hawkes, T.	Lockhart, A.	Rose, Sir G.	*Tellers.*
Gladstone, W.	Hodgson, F.	Mackenzie, T.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Rae, Sir W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Somerset, Lord G.	Gordon, Capt.
	Holmes, W.			

No. 249. ROYAL EXCHANGE REBUILDING BILL.—Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:"—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 102, Noes 38.—(July 16.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Divett, E.	Hodgson, F.	Miles, P.	Sanford, E.
Archbold, R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Holmes, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Baillie, Col.	Eastnor, Lord	Hope, Hon. C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, Lord
Baines, E.	Ebrington, Lord	Howard, P. H.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stansfield, C.
Barnard, E.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hurst, R. H.	Paget, Lord A.	Steuart, R.
Blair, J.	Ferguson, Sir R.	Hurt, F.	Pakington, J. S.	Stewart, J.
Bradshaw, J.	Ferguson, R.	Hutton, R.	Palmer, G.	Sturt, H.
Bramston, T.	Freshfield, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sugden, Sir E.
Bruges, W.	Gordon, R.	James, W.	Parker, R.	Teignmouth, Lord
Buller, Sir J.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	James, Sir W.	Patten, J. W.	Thornely, T.
Callaghan, D.	Graham, Sir J.	Kelly, F.	Pattison, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Campbell, W.	Grant, F.	Knight, H.	Peel, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
Chapman, A.	Grimsditch, T.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Pendarves, E.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Chute, W.	Hastie, A.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Phillpotts, J.	Wilmot, Sir E.
Clay, W.	Hawkes, T.	Lascelles, Hn. W.	Praed, W. T.	Wood, C.
Clive, E.	Hawkins, J.	Lefroy, Rt. Hon. T.	Protheroe, E.	Yates, J.
Codrington, Adm.	Hayter, W.	Lockhart, A.	Redington, T.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Copeland, Ald.	Heathcote, G.	Lucas, E.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	
Crawford, W.	Hillsborough, E. of	Mackenzie, T.	Richards, R.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	M'Taggart, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, Sir M.
De Horsey, S.	Hodges, T.		Russell, Lord J.	Grote, G.
Dick, Q.				

NOES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Evans, Sir De L.	Morris, D.	Philips, M.	Ward, H.
Attwood, W.	Finch, F.	Muskett, G.	Praed, W. M.	White, A.
Attwood, M.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Nicholl, J.	Pryme, G.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
Bridgeman, H.	Gibson, T.	O'Brien, W. S.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, T.
Bryan, G.	Harvey, D.	O'Connell, D.	Somerset, Lord G.	
Chandos, Marq. of	Hawes, B.	Ord, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Clements, Lord	Hodgson, R.	Packe, C.	Style, Sir C.	Hall, B.
Collins, W.	Howick, Lord	Pechell, Capt.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
Denison, W.	Loch, J.			

No. 250. TITHES (IRELAND) BILL.—(In Committee).—Ninth Clause, "Composition for tithes may be revised on application to the Lord Lieutenant in Council:"—Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 103, Noes 88.

AYES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Brotherton, J.	Duckworth, S.	Hall, B.	Hume, J.
Archbold, R.	Bryan, G.	Easthope, J.	Handley, H.	Hutt, W.
Baines, E.	Campbell, Sir J.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Hawes, B.	Hutton, R.
Bannerman, A.	Chalmers, P.	Evans, G.	Hawkins, J.	James, W.
Barnard, E.	Childers, J.	Finch, F.	Hayter, W.	Jervis, S.
Blake, M.	Clements, Lord	Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.	Hector, C.	Langdale, Hon. C.
Blake, W.	Collins, W.	Fleetwood, Sir P.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.
Bowes, J.	Crawford, W.	Gordon, R.	Hodges, T.	Lynch, A.
Brabazon, Lord	Crawley, S.	Grattan, J.	Hoskins, K.	Macnamara, Major
Bridgeman, H.	*Curry, W.*	Grey, Sir C.	Howard, P. H.	Maher, John
Briscoe, J. I.	*Dalmeny, Lord*		Howick, Lord	Mahon, Lord Vt.

Melgund, Lord Vt.	Ord, W.	Roche, Sir D.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Williams, W. A.
Mildmay, P. St. J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Rolfe, Sir R.	Thornely, T.	Wilshere, W.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Russell, Lord J.	Townley, R.	Wood, C.
Morris, D.	Pechell, Capt.	Salwey, Col.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Wood, Sir M.
Muskett, G. A.	Pendarves, E.	Seymour, Lord	Vigors, N.	Wood, G.
O'Brien, W.	Philips, G.	Smith, R. V.	Wallace, R.	Wyse, T.
O'Connell, D.	Power, James	Somerville, Sir W.	Warburton, H.	Yates, J.
O'Connell, J.	Pryme, G.	Stanley, E. J.	Westenra, Hon. J.	*Tellers.*
O'Connell, M. J.	Redington, T.	Stansfield, C.	White, A.	Steuart, R.
O'Connell, Morg.	Rich, H.	Stewart, James	Williams, W. (Cov.)	Sheil, R.
O'Ferrall, R. M.	Roche, E.	Strangways, Hn. J.		

NOES.

A'Court, Capt.	Darby, G.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lockhart, A.	Rose, Sir G.
Bagge, W.	De Horsey, S. H.	Hale, R.	Lucas, E.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Baillie, Col.	Dunbar, G.	Hawkes, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Somerset, Lord G.
Baker, E.	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Hayes, Sir E.	Meynell, Capt.	Stanley, Lord
Baring, Hon. F.	Eaton, R.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Nicholl, J.	Sugden, Sir E.
Bateson, Sir R.	Egerton, W. T.	Hinde, H.	Norreys, Lord	Teignmouth, Lord
Blackburne, I.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hodgson, R.	Packe, C. W.	Trench, Sir F.
Blennerhassett, A.	Fellowes, E.	Hogg, J.	Pakington, J.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
Bramston, T.	Filmer, Sir E.	Holmes, W.	Palmer, G.	Vere, Sir C.
Broadley, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, R.	Villiers, Lord Vt.
Brownrigg, S.	Gladstone, W.	Hope, G.	Parker, T.	Vivian, J. E.
Bruges, W.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hotham, Lord	Peel, Sir R.	Wodehouse, E.
Chandos, Marq. of	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hurt, F.	Peel, J.	Wood, T.
Chute, W. L.	Graham, Sir J.	Ingham, R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Young, J. (Car.)
Codrington, C.	Grant, W.	Jermyn, Earl	Polhill, F.	*Tellers.*
Compton, H.	Greene, T.	Jones, T.	Powell, Col.	Lefroy, Mr.
Coote, Sir C.	Grimsditch T.	Kelly, F.	Praed, W. T.	Perceval, Col.
Corry, Hon. H.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pusey, P.	
Dalrymple, Sir A.				

No. 251. HIGHWAY RATES BILL. — Read a third time; Clause, "That money raised in parishes be appropriated only to the repair of the turnpike road passing through the same," brought up, and read a first time: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause be now read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 12, Noes 44.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Lucas, E.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.	*Tellers.*
Blake, M.	Parker, R.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Waddington, H.	Grimsditch, T.
Bruges, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Salwey, Col.		Aglionby, A.
Finch, F.				

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Egerton, W.	Hume, J.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.
Archbold, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hutton, R.	Russell, Lord J.	Wallace, R.
Baines, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Inglis, Sir R.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Warburton, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Knight, H.	Sibthorp, Col.	Williams, W.
Brotherton, J.	Hastie, A.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, G.
Burrell, Sir C.	Hinde, J.	Macnamara, Major	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Hodgson, R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Tennent, J. E.	Lefevre, S.
Curry, W.	Holmes, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Dunbar, G.	Howard, P.	Patten, J.	Thornely, T.	
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Philips, M.		

No. 252. MILITIA ESTIMATES. — Committee nominated: — Lord Viscount Howick, Sir Henry Hardinge, Mr. Fox Maule, Mr. Hume, Mr. Gore Langton, Colonel Perceval, Mr. Ayshford Sanford, Mr. Robert Gordon, Lord Viscount Clive, Mr. Eaton, Mr. More O'Ferrall, Mr. Hawes, Mr. John Parker, Mr. Shaw Lefevre, and all Colonels of Militia; five to be the quorum: — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Committee have power to send for persons, papers, and records: — The House divided; Ayes 25, Noes 102. — (July 17.)

AYES.

by, Major	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Sheil, R.	Yates, J.
rton, J.	Gillon, W.	Martin, J.	Stansfield, W.	
G.	Grote, G.	Muskett, G.	Stewart, J.	*Tellers.*
ers, P.	Hastie, A.	Pattison, J.	Thornely, T.	Hume, J.
, W.	Hector, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.	Divett, E.
pe, J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Salwey, Col.	Wallace, R.	

NOES.

rt, Capt.	Darby, G.	Hawkes, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sibthorp, Col.
Admiral	Denison, W.	Hayter, W.	Mackenzie, T.	Somerset, Lord G.
r, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Heathcote, G.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Stanley, E. J.
, R.	Dunbar, G.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Stanley, Lord
, Hon. Col.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Hodges, T.	Mildmay, P. St.	Stuart, Lord J.
d, E.	Egerton, W.	Hodgson, R.	John	Sturt, H.
gton, Lord	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hogg, J.	Miles, P.	Sugden, Sir E.
, R.	Ferguson, R.	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
urne, I.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hoskins, K.	Parker, R. T.	C. P.
tone, W.	Fleetwood, Sir P.	Houldsworth, T.	Patten, J.	Vere, Sir C.
o, H.	Freshfield, J.	Hughes, W.	Perceval, Col.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
, J.	Gladstone, W.	Hurst, R.	Perceval, Hn. G. J.	Waddington, H. S.
ey, H.	Gordon, R.	Hurt, F.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Walsh, Sir J.
, W.	Gore, O. W.	Ingham, R.	Praed, W. M.	White, A.
, W.	Goulburn, Right	James, W.	Praed, W. T.	Wilmot, Sir J.
, Sir J. Y.	Hon. H.	James, Sir W.	Price, Sir R.	Wood, T.
ell, Sir J.	Graham, Sir J.	Knight, H.	Pryme, G.	Worsley, Lord
g, Sir S.	Grant, F.	Labouchere, Right	Pusey, P.	Wyndham, W.
W.	Grey, Sir G.	Hon. H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
gham, Lord]	Grimsditch, T.	Langton, W.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Hon. H.	Hale, R.	Lincoln, Earl of	Sanford, E.	Burrell, Sir C.
W.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Lowther, J. H.	Seymour, Lord	Steuart, R.

53. GLASS DUTIES BILL.—Read a third time; Clauses added; Clause, "Makers of glass not to make of common bottle metal any bottles of less content than half a pint," brought up, and read the first time:—Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause be now read a second time:"—The House divided; Ayes 28, Noes 66.

AYES.

n, W.	Houldsworth, T.	Praed, W. M.	Sheppard, T.	Wood, T.
rt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hughes, W.	Reid, Sir J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Wyndham, W.
, Sir E.	Lowther, J. H.	Richards, R.	Vere, Sir C.	
eld, J.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rolleston, L.	Vivian, J. E.	*Tellers.*
ditch, T.	Parker, R. T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Waddington, H.	Hawkes, T.
Hon. C.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	White, A.	Blackburne, I.
G.	Philips, M.			

NOES.

by, H.	Conyngham, Lord	Hodges, T.	Price, Sir R.	Wall, C. B.
, R.	Craig, W.	Hoskins, K.	Rice, Rt. Hon. T. S.	Wallace, R.
, Hon. Col.	Douglas, Sir C.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
old, R.	Dundas, F.	Hume, J.	Salwey, Col.	Ward, H.
rman, A.	Dundas, Hon. T.	Ingham, R.	Smith, J.	Wilbraham, G.
rd, E.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Irving, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	Williams, W. (Cov.)
, R.	Edwards, Sir J.	James, W.	Stansfield, W.	Wood, C.
W.	Elliot, Hon. J.	James, Sir W.	Surrey, Earl of	Wood, G.
e, J.	Finch, F.	Lefevre, C. S.	Tancred, H.	Worsley, Lord
rton, J.	Hastie, A.	Lushington, Dr.	Thornely, T.	Yates, J.
rigg, S.	Hawes, B.	Lushington, C.	Turner, E.	
G.	Heathcote, G. J.	Martin, J.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
ell, Sir J.	Hector, C.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Villiers, C.	Seymour, Lord
, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Pechell, Capt.	Vivian, J. H.	Steuart, R.

254. REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL.—(In Committee).—Clause 49., "Power to Barristers to give costs in certain cases, to parties claiming or objecting:"—P. 20., line 41., after the words "in such cases," proposed to

insert the words, " where the person so objected to shall previously have been in the register of voters for the said county, riding, parts, or division of the said county, or for the said city or borough:" — Question put, " That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 39, Noes 56.

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Grimsditch, T.	Martin, J.	Sandon, Ld. Vt.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bridgeman, H.	Hall, Sir B.	Morris, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	Wood, T.
Brodie, W.	Hector, C.	Muskett, G.	Stansfield, W.	Worsley, Lord
Collins, W.	Hobhouse, T.	Nicholl, J.	Stewart, James	Yates, J.
Ebrington, Lord	Hodges, T.	Parker, R.	Style, Sir C.	
Edwards, Sir J.	Hurt, F.	Pechell, Capt.	Tancred, H.	*Tellers.*
Egerton, W.	Hutt, W.	Perceval, Col.	Vigors, N.	Aglionby, H.
Evans, G.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Praed, W. M.	Wallace, R.	Warburton, H.
Gillon, W.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.		

NOES.

Adam, Adml.	Graham, Sir J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Surrey, Earl of
Archbold, R.	Grant, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Philips, M.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Baines, E.	Grey, Sir C.	Lefevre, C.	Phillpotts, J.	Turner, E.
Blandford, Marq. of	Hardinge, Sir H.	Loch, J.	Polhill, F.	Vere, Sir C.
Bowes, J.	Hastie, A.	Mackinnon, W.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Waddington, H.
Briscoe, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Mildmay, P. St. Jn.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.	Wilbraham, G.
Broadley, H.	Hodgson, R.	Miles, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, C.
Bruges, W.	Hogg, J.	O'Ferrall, R.	Russell, Lord J.	Wood, G.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hoskins, K.	Palmerston, Lord	Sheppard, T.	
Curry, W.	Howard, P. H.	Parnell, Sir H.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hurst, R.	Pendarves, E.	Smith, R. V.	Parker, J.
Elliot, Hon. J. E.	James, W.		Sugden, Sir E.	Pryme, G.
Filmer, Sir E.	Knight, H.			

No. 255. Post Office Bill. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, " That the Bill be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word " now," and at the end of the Question to add the words " upon this day three months:" — Question put, " That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 48, Noes 12.

AYES.

Adam, Adml.	Elliot, J.	Howard, P.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Thornely, T.
Aglionby, H.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hume, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Troubridge, Sir E.
Archbold, R.	Filmer, Sir E.	Hurt, F.	Philips, M.	Vigors, N.
Baines, E.	Gillon, W.	James, W.	Ramsbottom, J.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Hall, Sir B.	Knight, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Warburton, H.
Blake, M.	Hayter, W.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Worsley, Lord
Brotherton, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	
Bruges, W.	Hobhouse, T.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
Campbell, Sir J.	Hodges, T.	Milnes, R.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.	O'Ferrall, R.
Chalmers, P.	Hodgson, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.		Steuart, R.
Curry, W.	Hogg, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.		

NOES.

Bagge, W.	Farnham, E.	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Broadley, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Wood, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
Darby, G.	Hope, Hon. C.	Rushbrooke, Col.		Buller, Sir J. Y.
Dick, Q.				

No. 256. Schools (Scotland) Bill. — Order for receiving Report read; Motion made, and Question proposed, " That the Report be now received:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word " now," and at the end of the

Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 37, Noes 12.

AYES.

Adam, Sir C.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	James, W.	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.
Baines, E.	Filmer, Sir E.	Knight, H.	Philips, M.	Wallace, R.
Broadley, H.	Grimsditch, T.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wood, T.
Brotherton, J.	Hall, Sir B.	Milnes, R. M.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Worsley, Lord
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Curry, W.	Hodges, T.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Thomson, Right Hon. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Campbell, Sir J.
Dick, Q.	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)		Steuart, R.
Elliot, Hon. J.	Hurt, F.			

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Lynch, A.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Archbold, R.	Howard, P.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.	Gillon, W.
Blake, M.	Hume, J.	Thornely, T.		Langdale, C.
Chalmers, P.				

No. 257. MIDDLESEX COUNTY COURT BILL. — Order read, for resuming adjourned Debate on Question (11th of July), "That the Clause (from the words 'said plaintiff' in press 29., line 25., to the word 'And' in press 32., line 1.,) stand part of the Bill:" — Question again proposed; Debate resumed: — Question put: — The House divided; Ayes 16, Noes 26. — (July 18.)

AYES.

Brodie, W. B.	Hector, C.	Lefevre, C.	Pechell, Capt.	*Tellers.*
Brotherton, J.	Holland, R.	Lushington, C.	Salwey, Col.	Crawford, W.
Evans, G.	James, W.	Martin, J.	Wallace, R.	Aglionby, H.
Hawes, B.	Langton, W.	Muskett, G.	Wood, Sir M.	

NOES.

Barnard, E.	Hayter, W.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Steuart, R.	Wyndham, W.
Bridgeman, H.	Hodges, T.	Palmer, G.	Style, Sir C.	Yates, J.
Darby, G.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tancred, H.	
Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Maclean, D.	Sheppard, T.	Teignmouth, Lord	*Tellers.*
Gordon, R.	Nicholl, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Tennent, E.	Maule, Hon. Fox
Grimsditch, T.	Noel, W.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, T.	Sugden, Sir E.

No. 258. RECOVERY OF TENEMENTS BILL. — Order for further consideration of Report read; Bill recommitted: — Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 112, Noes 7.

AYES.

Acland, T. D.	Blackstone, W.	Brownrigg, S.	Corry, Hon. H.	Ebrington, Lord Vt.
Bagge, W.	Blake, W.	Bruges, W.	Crawford, W.	Egerton, W.
Baillie, Col.	Blennerhasset, A.	Bryan, G.	Crawley, S.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.
Baines, E.	Bowes, J.	Campbell, Sir J.	Curry, W.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Barnard, E.	Bramston, T.	Chalmers, P.	Dalmeny, Lord	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Barrington, Lord	Brodie, W.	Chute, W.	Darby, G.	Fector, J.
Bellew, R.	Brotherton, J	Compton, H.	Douglas, Sir C.	Filmer, Sir E.

Freshfield, J.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Mildmay, P.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Waddington, H.
Gladstone, W.	Hume, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sanford, E.	Wallace, R.
Gore, O.	Hurst, R.	Muskett, G.	Sheppard, T.	Warburton, H.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Hurt, F.	Pakington, J.	Sibthorp, Col.	Welby, G.
	Hutton, R.	Palmer, G.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Wilbraham, G.
Graham, Sir J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Smith, B.	Williams, W.
Grant, F.	James, W.	Parker, M.	Stanley, E. J.	Wilmot, Sir J. E.
Greene, T.	Jermyn, Earl	Parker, R.	Stanley, Lord	Wodehouse, E.
Grote, G.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Pattison, J.	Strutt, E.	Wood, C.
Hardinge, Sir H.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Pechell, Capt.	Tennent, J.	Wood, G.
Harvey, D. W.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Peel, Sir R.	Thornely, T.	
Hastie, A.	Lefevre, C.	Philips, M.	Townley, R.	
Hawes, B.	Lemon, Sir C.	Praed, W. T.	Troubridge, Sir E.	
Hector, C.	Lushington, C.	Pusey, P.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Hodges, T.	Mackenzie, T.	Richards, R.	Verner, Col.	
Hope, Hon. C.	Martin, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Vigors, N.	Aglionby, H.
Howard, P. H.	Maule, Hon. F.	Salwey, Col.	Villiers, Ld. Vt.	Rolfe, Sir R.

NOES.

Baring, H. B.	Hayter, W.	Somerset, Lord G.	*Tellers.*
Collins, W.	Morris, D.	Style, Sir C.	Sugden, Sir E.
Fielden, J.			Wood, Capt.

No. 259. PAROCHIAL ASSESSMENTS BILL.—Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 59, Noes 31.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Crawley, S.	Hodges, T.	O'Brien, W. S.	Wallace, R.
Baines, E.	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Warburton, H.
Bannerman, A.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hurst, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Ward, H.
Barnard, E.	Darby, G.	Hutton, R.	Philips, M.	White, A.
Blake, M.	Duckworth, S.	James, W.	Pryme, G.	Williams, W.
Blake, W.	Finch, F.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Redington, T.	Wood, Sir M.
Brodie, W.	Gillon, W.	Lemon Sir C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, G.
Bruges, W.	Greene, T.	Lynch, A.	Salwey, Col.	Wyse, T.
Bryan, G.	Hall, Sir B.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Smith, B.	
Buller, E.	Handley, H.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
Campbell, Sir J.	Hawkins, J.	Morris, D.	Style, Sir C.	Lefevre, C.
Chalmers, P.	Hector, C.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Thornely, T.	Wood, C.
Chute, W. L.	Hindley, C.	Muskett, G.		

NOES.

Arbuthnott, Hn. H.	Egerton, W. T.	Grimsditch, T.	Praed, W. T.	Wodehouse, E.
Bagge, W.	Fellowes, E.	Hope, Hon. C.	Richards, R.	Wood, Col.
Blackstone, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Mackenzie, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Blair, J.	Freshfield, J.	Palmer, G.	Tennent, J.	
Blandford, Marq. of	Gladstone, W. E.	Parker, M.	Tyrrell, Sir J.	*Tellers.*
Bramston, T.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Peel, Sir R.	Vere, Sir C.	Inglis, Sir R.
Compton, H.	Grant, F.	Polhill, F.	Waddington, H.	Estcourt, T.
Dalrymple, Sir A.				

No. 260. PUBLIC RECORDS BILL.—Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:"—Afterwards Motion made, and Question put, "That this House do now adjourn:"—The House divided; Ayes 2, Noes 39.

AYES.

Bagge, W.	*Tellers.*
Blackstone, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
	Sinclair, Sir G.

NOES.

ınd, T. D.	Chalmers, P.	Hume, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Warburton, H.
ouby, H. A.'	Chichester, J. P.	Hurt, F.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. A.
ıes, E.	Craig, W.	James, W.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, G.
nerman, A.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Salwey, Col.	
te, M.	Filmer, Sir E.	Lefevre, C.	Sanford, E.	———
adley, H.	Freshfield, J.	Maher, J.	Smith, B.	
therton, J.	Gillon, W.	Mildmay, P.	Tennent, J.	*Tellers.*
ges, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Parker, R.	Vigors, N.	Maule, Hon. Fox
ıpbell, Sir J.	Hodges, T.	Redington, T.	Wallace, R.	Parker, J.

261. VESTRIES IN CHURCHES BILL.—Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof:—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 76, Noes 78.—(July 19.)

AYES.

and, T. D.	De Horsey, S.	Greene, T.	Mackinnon, W.	Somerset, Lord G.
uthnott, Hn. H.	Dick, Q.	Grimsditch, T.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Stanley, Lord
ley, Lord	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimston, Lord Vt.	Palmer, G.	Sturt, H.
llie, Col.	Eastnor, Lord	Herbert, Hon. S.	Parker, M.	Sugden, Sir E.
er, E.	Eaton, R.	Hillsborough, Earl	Peel, Sir R.	Teignmouth, Lord
ing, H.	Egerton, W.	Hodgson, R.	Perceval, Col.	Trench, Sir F.
ing, Hon. B.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hope, Hon. C.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Vere, Sir C.
rington, Lord	Fector, J.	Hope, G. W.	Praed, W. M.	Verner, Col.
ckstone, W.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jermyn, Earl	Praed, W. T.	Wall, C.
ir, J.	Follett, Sir W.	Jones, T.	Richards, R.	Welby, G.
dero, H.	Freshfield, J.	Knight, H.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	
dshaw, J.	Gibson, T.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Round, J.	———
mston, T.	Gladstone, W.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
wnrigg, S.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lowther, J. H.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	*Tellers.*
ges, W.	Graham, Sir J.	Lucas, E.	Sheppard, T.	Inglis, Sir R.
ite, W. L.	Grant, F.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Sinclair, Sir G.	Nicholl, J.
'by, G.		Mackenzie, T.		

NOES.

ıon, Hon. Col.	Fielden, J.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Philips, M.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
hbold, R.	Ferguson, R.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Philips, G.	Thornely, T.
nard, E.	French, F.	Langton, W.	Phillpotts, J.	Vigors, N.
nal, R.	Gillon, W.	Lushington, C.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Villiers, C.
scoe, J.	Grattan, J.	Lynch, A.	Power, James	Wallace, R.
die, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Macnamara, Major	Pryme, G.	Warburton, H.
therton, J.	Grote, G.	M'Taggart, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Ward, H.
an, G.	Harvey, D. W.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Salwey, Col.	White, A.
ler, E.	Hastie, A.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Sanford, E.	Wilmot, Sir J. E.
ıg, Rt. Hn. G.	Hawes, B.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Seymour, Lord	Worsley, Lord
're, R.	Hayter, W.	Morris, D.	Smith, B.	Yates, J.
lrington, Adm.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, D.	Somerville, Sir W.	———
lins, W.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, Morg.	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
wley, S.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Paget, F.	Stewart, James	Hume, J.
ihwood, G.	Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Strutt, E.	Hodges, T.
ıison, W.	James, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Style, Sir C.	
ckworth, S.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.			

262. TITHES (IRELAND) (ISSUE OF EXCHEQUER BILLS).—Considered in Committee.—(In Committee).—Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Exchequer Bills to an amount not exceeding the residue of the sum of one million, remaining unappropriated under an Act of the 3d and 4th of King William the Fourth, cap. 100., and under an Act of the 6th and 7th year of his said Majesty, cap. 108., be issued and applied, together with the instalments paid, or which may be paid, under the first-mentioned Act, to the relief of the owners of compositions for tithes in Ireland, for the years 1836 and 1837

and that the Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury be authorised to remit such instalments in certain cases:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "the proposed grant of 640,000*l.*, which had been advanced from the Treasury of the United Kingdom as a loan to the clergy of the Established Church, and the lay proprietors of tithes, in Ireland; also, the additional grants of 100,000*l.* and 260,000*l.*, now proposed to be made for the Church of Ireland, making in the whole one million sterling, will be highly unjust to the people of England and Scotland, and subversive of those principles on which good government and equal justice can alone be maintained," — (Mr. Hume,) — instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 170, Noes 61.

AYES.

Adam, Admiral	De Horsey, S.	Hogg, J.	Monypenny, T. G.	Seymour, Lord
Anson, Hon. Col.	Dick, Q.	Hope, Hon. C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Sheil, R.
Archbold, R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hope, G. W.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Sheppard, T.
Baillie, Col.	Duffield, T.	Hotham, Lord	Nicholl, J.	Sibthorp, Col.
Baker, E.	Dunbar, G.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sinclair, Sir G.
Bannerman, A.	East, J.	Hurst, R.	O'Connell, D.	Smith, R. V.
Baring, H.	Eaton, R.	Hurt, F.	O'Connell, J.	Somers, J.
Barnard, E.	Egerton, W. T.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stanley, Lord
Barrington, Lord	Ellis, J.	Ingestre, Lord	O'Connell, Morg.	Stewart, James
Bateson, Sir R.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Sturt, H.
Bellew, R. M.	Evans, G.	James, Sir W.	Paget, Lord A.	Sugden, Sir E.
Blair, J.	Farnham, E.	Jermyn, Earl	Pakington, J.	Teignmouth, Lord
Blennerhassett, A.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Jones, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Tennent, J.
Brabazon, Lord	Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.	Kemble, H.	Parker, M.	Thomas, Col.
Bradshaw, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Parker, R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Bridgeman, H.	French, F.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Parnell, Sir H.	Trench, Sir F.
Broadley, H.	Gibson, T.	Knight, H.	Peel, Sir R.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Brownrigg, S.	Gladstone, W.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pendarves, E.	Vere, Sir C.
Bruges, W.	Gordon, R.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.
Bryan, G.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Lefevre, C.	Philips, G.	Vigors, N.
Burrell, Sir C.	Graham, Sir J.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Phillpotts, J.	Vivian, J. E.
Campbell, Sir H.	Grant, F. W.	Lincoln, Earl of	Polhill, F.	Westenra, Hn. J.
Campbell, Sir J.	Grey, Sir C.	Loch, J.	Power, James	White, A.
Carnac, Sir J.	Grey, Sir G.	Lockhart, A.	Pusey, P.	Wilmot, Sir J.
Cavendish, Hon. C.	Grimsditch, T.	Lowther, Ld. Vis.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wodehouse, E.
Chetwynd, Major	Grimston, Lord	Lowther, J. H.	Rich, H.	Wood, C.
Childers, J.	Grimston, Hn. E.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Richards, R.	Wood, Col.
Clayton, Sir W.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Roche, E. B.	Wood, T.
Clements, Lord Vt.	Henniker, Lord	Mackinnon, W.	Roche, Sir D.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Coote, Sir C.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Corry, Hon. H.	Hillsborough, E. of	Macnamara, Major	Rose, Sir G.	
Cowper, Hon. W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maher, J.	Round, J.	
Crawley, S.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Martin, T.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Curry, W.	Hodgson, R.	Maule, Hon. F.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord		Milnes, R.	Russell, Lord C.	Steuart, R.
Dalrymple, Sir A.			Scarlett, Hn. J. Y.	Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Currie, R.	Hawkins, J.	Morris, D.	Villiers, C.
Bentinck, Lord W.	Dashwood, G.	Hector, C.	Muskett, G.	Wallace, R.
Blake, M.	Divett, E.	Hill, Lord A.	Pattison J.	Warburton, H.
Blake, W.	Duckworth, S.	Hindley, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Ward, H.
Boldero, H.	Dundas, F.	Horsman, E.	Philips, M.	Williams, W. (Cor.)
Bowes, J.	Easthope, J.	Hutt, W.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Williams, W. A.
Brodie, W.	Fielden, J.	James, W.	Pryme, G.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Jervis, S.	Pryse, P.	Wood, G.
Browne, R. D.	Grote, G.	Langdale, Hon. C.	Salwey, Col.	Worsley, Lord
Chalmers, P.	Hall, Sir B.	Leader, J. T.	Strutt, E.	
Clay, W.	Handley, H.	Lushington, C.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Collins, W.	Hastie, A.	Martin, J.	Thornely, T.	Harvey, D. W.
Craig, W.	Hawes, B.	Molesworth, Sir W.	Turner, E.	Hume, J.

No. 263. County of Clare Advance Bill. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Bill be now read a third time:" — The House divided; Ayes 57, Noes 60.

AYES.

, Admil.
, E.
rman, A.
gton, Lord
, R.
man, H.
rton, J.
, W.
W. G.
W.
ny, Lord
, E.
ır, G.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fleetwood, Sir P.
Hastie, A.
Hayter, W.
Hill, Lord A.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Howard, Sir R.
Hurst, R.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Jones, T.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lucas, E.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macnamara, Major
Mildmay, P. St. Jn.
Morpeth, Ld. Vt.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, M. J.
Palmer, G.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Perceval, Col.
Pinney, W.
Price, Sir R.
Pryme, G.
Roche, Sir D.
Sheil, R.
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Stanley, E. J.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Townley, R.
Verner, Col.
Vigors, N.
Wilshere, W.
Wood, C.
Wood, G.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Steuart, R.
O'Ferrall, M.

NOES.

ırt, Capt.
ıby, H.
ſ, H.
ıtone, W.
J.
ley, H.
, Lord
, G.
ll, Sir C.
, W. L.
ın, Sir W.
ngton, C.
ngton, Adml.
Collins, W.
Darby, G.
Dick, Q.
Douglas, Sir C.
East, J.
Easthope, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Fector, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Finch, F.
Forester, Hon. G.
Gillon, W. D.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grant, F.
Grimsditch, T.
Hawes, B.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hogg, J.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hume, J.
Kemble, H.
Knight, H. G.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, J.
Mackenzie, T.
Martin, J.
Monypenny, T.
Morris, D.
Neeld, John
Parker, R.
Pattison, J.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Philips, M.
Philips, G.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Salwey, Col.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Somerset, Lord G.
Thompson, Ald.
Trench, Sir F.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.

Tellers.
Inglis, Sir R.
Hodgson, R.

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264. SUPPLY. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House deeply regrets, that the laws affecting the regulation of the labour of children in factories, having been found imperfect and ineffective to the purpose for which it was passed, has been suffered to continue so long without any amendment," instead thereof: — (LORD ASHLEY:) — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 121, Noes 106. — (July 20.)

AYES.

ɔ, R.
ɔold, R.
ıridge, E.
s, E.
erman, A.
ırd, E.
v, R.
ley, Hon. C.
l, R.
, M.
e, W.
ıerton, J.
r, E.
, G.
ıbell, Sir J.
uers, P.
ıester, J.
ers, J.
W.
ents, Ld. Vt.
ıs, W.
ley, S.
ıpton, Sir S.
, W.
eny, Lord
t, E.
Duckworth, S.
Easthope, J.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Etwall, R.
Evans, G.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Ferguson, R.
Finch, F.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
French, F.
Gillon, W.
Gordon, R.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvenor, Lord R.
Hall, Sir B.
Handley, H.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hayter, W.
Hill, Lord A.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hollond, R.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, P.
Howard, Sir R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Hurst, R.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Langdale, Hon. C.
Lefevre, C.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Macnamara, Major
Maher, J.
Martin, J.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, M.
O'Ferrall, R.
Paget, F.
Parker, J.
Parker, R.
Parnell, Sir H.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, M.
Pinney, W.
Price, Sir R.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Roche, E.
Roche, Sir D.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Salwey, Col.
Sanford, E.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Smith, J.
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord, J.
Strutt, E.
Surrey, Earl of
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Sir R. H.
Wall, C. B.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
White, A.
Williams, W.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.

NOES.

ıd, Sir T. D.
ıd, T. D.
Aglionby, H.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hn. H.
Bagge, W.
Baillie, Col.
Baker, E.
Baring, H.
Bateson, Sir R.

Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blackburne, I.
Blackstone, W.
Bowes, J.
Bradshaw, J.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W.
Bryan, G.
Burrell, Sir C.
Canning, Sir S.
Chute, W.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
De Horsey, S.
Dick, Q.
Douglas, Sir C.
Duffield, T.
Dunbar, G.
Eaton, R.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Farnham, E.
Fielden, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Follett, Sir W.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Gordon, Hn. Capt.
Gore, O. W.
Goulburn, Right Hon. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grant, W.
Grimsditch, T.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayes, Sir E.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hillsborough, E. of
Hindley, C.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, G.
Inglis, Sir R.
James, Sir W.
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, J. H.
Lucas, E.
Mackenzie, T.
Maclean, D.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
Ossulston, Lord
Pakington, J. S.
Palmer, G.
Pemberton, T.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. J.
Praed, W. T.
Praed, W. M.
Richards, R.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Scarlett, Hon. J.
Sheppard, T.
Sibthorp, Col.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Smith, A.
Spry, Sir S.
Sturt, H.
Style, Sir C.
Teignmouth, Lord
Thomas, Col.
Thompson, Ald.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H.
Williams, W. (Cor.)
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wodehouse, E.

Tellers.
Ashley, Lord
Fremantle, Sir T.

No. 265. PRISONS BILL. — Order for resuming adjourned Debate on Question (21st of July), "That the Clause ('Where the average number of prisoners of a religion differing from the Established Church shall amount to Justices may appoint a teacher for the same),' be now brought up;" Debate resumed; Question put, and agreed to; Clause brought up, and read a first time; Motion made, and Question put, "That the said Clause be now read a second time:" — The House divided; Ayes 131, Noes 31. — (July 23.)

AYES.

Alston, Lord
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Bannerman, A.
Barnard, E.
Barrington, Lord
Bernal, R.
Blackburne, I.
Bowes, J.
Bramston, T.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brotherton, J.
Browne, R.
Brownrigg, S.
Bryan, G.
Buller, E.
Campbell, Sir J.
Chalmers, P.
Chetwynd, Major
Childers, J.
Clay, W.
Clements, Lord
Coote, Sir C.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W. G.
Crawley, S.
Curry, W.
Darlington, Earl of
Douglas, Sir C.
Duckworth, S.
Dunbar, G.
Duncan, Lord Vt.
Dundas, F.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Elliot, Hon. J.
Ellice, Capt.
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Evans, G.
Ferguson, R.
Finch, F.
Follett, Sir W.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Grant, F.
Grey, Sir G.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hn. H.
Grosvenor, Ld. R.
Harvey, D. W.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Herbert, Hon. S.
Hill, Lord A.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hobhouse, T.
Hodgson, F.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. C.
Howard, F.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hume, J.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lowther, J.
Lucas, E.
Lushington, C.
Macleod, R.
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, J.
Mahon, Lord Visct.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Mildmay, P.
Morpeth, Ld. Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
O'Brien, W.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Ferrall, R.
Parker, J.
Parker, M.
Paker, R.
Pechell, Capt.
Peel, Sir R.
Philips, M.
Pigot, R.
Ponsonby, J.
Power, James
Praed, W. M.
Praed, W. T.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Richards, R.
Roche, E.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Seymour, Lord
Smith, J.
Smith, R. Vernon
Somerset, Lord G.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, E. J.
Stanley, Lord
Steuart, R.
Strutt, E.
Sturt, H.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Teingmouth, Lord
Tennent, J. E.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Villiers, C.
Wall, C.
Warburton, H.
Wilmot, Sir J.
Wood, C.
Wood, G.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Langdale, C.
Gibson, T.

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.
Ashley, Lord
Baker, E.
Blackstone, W.
Blair, J.
Broadley, H.
Burrell, Sir C.
Chandos, Marq. of
Chute, W.
Darby, G.
Ellis, J.
Farnham, E.
Gladstone, W.
Hodgson, R.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lockhart, A.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackenzie, T.
Pakington, J.
Palmer, G.
Perceval, Col.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, J.
Sanford, E.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Trench, Sir F.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Wood, T.

Tellers.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Inglis, Sir R.

No. 266. TITHES (IRELAND) BILL — (In Committee). — First Clause; Amendment proposed, to leave out all the words after "authority of the same," and to

insert, instead thereof, the following words: "That the right of all persons in and to all tithes or compositions for tithes heretofore accrued, or at any time hereafter to accrue due in Ireland, shall wholly cease and determine: Provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to any arrears of compositions heretofore accrued due and payable to or by any person entitled to the receipt or bound to the payment of the same by virtue of any such certificate of agreement as is mentioned in an Act passed in the second and third year of his late Majesty's reign, intituled, 'An Act to amend three Acts passed respectively in the fourth, fifth, and in the seventh and eighth years of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Fourth, providing for the establishing of compositions for tithes in Ireland, and to make such compositions permanent;' and provided, further, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any composition for tithes, the right whereto may be vested in her Majesty under the provisions hereinafter following, nor to any tithes, or composition for tithes, for the recovery whereof any suit, action, or other proceeding shall have been commenced previous to the sixteenth day of July in the present year, in any court of law or equity, but that the plaintiff may either prosecute such action or other proceeding, or discontinue or dismiss the same without payment of costs, at his option; and if he shall think fit to discontinue or dismiss the same, and if such tithes or composition for tithes shall have accrued due for the years one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, or one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, then and in such case he shall be entitled to the like relief as other persons entitled to tithes or compositions for tithes for those years may have under the provisions of this Act:" — Question, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Clause," put, and negatived: —

Question proposed, "That the proposed words be added instead thereof:" — Amendment proposed to the said proposed Amendment, to insert after the word "accrued," the words "due in Ireland shall, in the cases hereinafter mentioned, be vested in her Majesty, her heirs, and successors, and that the rights of all persons in and to all tithes or compositions for tithes:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 101, Noes 122.

AYES.

cland, Sir T. D.	Dunbar, G.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Norreys, Lord	Sandon, Lord Vt.
cland, T. D.	East, J.	Hillsborough, Earl	O'Brien, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
'Court, Capt.	Eastnor, Lord	Hodgson, F.	Ossulston, Lord	Somerset, Lord
lsager, Capt.	Ellis, J.	Hodgson, R.	Pakington, J.	Stanley, Lord
ttwood, M.	Estcourt, T. (Oxf.)	Hogg, J.	Palmer, R.	Sugden, Sir E.
gge, W.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Holmes, W.	Palmer, G.	Tennent, J.
ntinck, Lord G.	Farnham, E.	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, M.	Tollemache, F.
lackburne, I.	Farrand, R.	Hotham, Lord	Parker, R.	Vere, Sir C.
lair, J.	Filmer, Sir E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Peel, Sir R.	Verner, Col.
lennerhassett, A.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Jones, T.	Pemberton, T.	Vivian, J.
radshaw, J.	Follett, Sir W.	Knightley, Sir C.	Praed, W. M.	Wall, C.
roadley, H.	Gibson, T.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Praed, W. T.	Walsh, Sir J.
rownrigg, S.	Gladstone, W.	Lincoln, Earl of	Pusey, P.	Welby, G.
ruges, W.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lockhart, A.	Reid, Sir J.	Wodehouse, E.
urrell, Sir C.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, J. H.	Richards, R.	Wood, T.
hute, W.	Grant, F.	Lucas, E.	Rickford, W.	
live, Lord Visct.	Greene, T.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rose, Sir G.	
orry, Hon. H.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.	
alrymple, Sir A.	Hayes, Sir E.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
arby, G.	Henniker, Lord	Meynell, Capt.	Rushout, G.	Lefroy, T.
e Horsey, S.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Neeld, John	Sanderson, R.	Perceval, Col.
ouglas, Sir C.		Nicholl, J.		

NOES.

dam, Admi.	Bridgeman, H.	Childers, J.	Duckworth, S.	Gordon, R.
glionby, H.	Briscoe, J.	Coote, Sir C.	Duncan, Lord	Grey, Sir C.
rchbold, R.	Brodie, W.	Cowper, Hon. W.	Dundas, F.	Grey, Sir G.
ines, E.	Brotherton, J.	Crawley, S.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Hall, Sir B.
nnerman, A.	Bryan, G.	Compton, Sir S.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hawes, B.
rnard, E.	Byng, G.	Curry, W.	Ellice, Capt. A.	Hawkins, J.
llew, R.	Byng, Rt. Hon. G.	Dalmeny, Lord	Evans, G.	Hayter, W.
lake, W.	Campbell, Sir J.	Denison, W.	Finch, F.	Hector, C.
oldero, H.	Carnac, Sir J.	D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hon. C. T.	Fleetwood, Sir P.	Hill, Lord A.
owes, J.	*Chalmers, P.*		French, F.	Hobhouse, Sir J.

Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, F.
Howard, P.
Howard, Sir R.
Howick, Lord
Hume, J.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
M'Taggart, J.
Maher, John
Marshall, W.
Maule, Hon. F.
Melgund, Lord Vt.
Mildmay, P.
Morpeth, Lord
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Ferrall, R.
Palmerston, Lord
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Philips, M.
Pinney, W.
Power, James
Protheroe, E.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Roche, E.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Sanford, E.
Scrope, G. P.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Stewart, James
Stuart, Lord J.
Strutt, E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, G.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Stuart, R.
Stanley, E. J.

No. 267. Question put, "That the Clause, so amended, stand part of the Bill:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 171, Noes 43.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Adam, Admi.
Alsager, Capt.
Archbold, R.
Attwood, M.
Bainbridge, E.
Bannerman, A.
Barnard, E.
Barrington, Ld.Vt.
Bellew, R.
Bentinck, Lord G.
Blackburne, I.
Blair, J.
Blennerhassett, A.
Bridgeman, H.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruges, W.
Bryan, G.
Burrell, Sir C.
Byng, G.
Byng, Rt. Hon. G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Cave, R.
Childers, J.
Chute, W.
Clements, Lord Vt.
Clive, Lord Vt.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Cowper, Hn. W.
Crawley, S.
Crompton, Sir S.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Denison, W.
Douglas, Sir C.
Dunbar, G.
East, J.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.
Ellice, Capt. A.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Evans, G.
Farnham, E.
Farrand, R.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fleetwood, Sir P.
Follett, Sir W.
French, F.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W.
Gordon, R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Grant, F. W.
Greene, T.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Hardinge, Sir H.
Hayter, W.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Holmes, W.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hoskins, K.
Hotham, Lord
Howard, F.
Howard, P.
Howard, R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hutton, R.
Inglis, Sir R.
Jones, T.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Knightley, Sir C.
Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Lascelles, Hon. W.
Law, Hon. C.
Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lowther, J. H.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Lynch, A.
Mackenzie, T.
Macleod, R.
Maher, J.
Mahon, Lord Vt.
Maule, Hon. F.
Meynell, Capt.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Ferrall, R.
Ossulston, Lord
Palmer, R.
Palmer, G.
Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
Parker, J. (Shef.)
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Parnell, Sir H.
Peel, Sir R.
Pendarves, E.
Perceval, Col.
Pigot, R.
Pinney, W.
Power, James
Praed, W. T.
Pusey, P.
Reid, Sir J.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Roche, E.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rose, Sir G.
Round, J.
Rumbold, C. E.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Rushout, G.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Sanderson, R.
Sandon, Lord
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Sibthorp, Colonel
Smith, B.
Smith, R. V.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, E.
Stewart, James
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J. E.
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, J.
Wall, C. B.
Walsh, Sir J.
Welby, G. E.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Wilshere, W.
Wodehouse, E.
Wood, C.
Wood, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Steuart, R.
Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

Aglionby, H.
Baines, E.
Blake, W.
Boldero, H. G.
Bowes, J.
Bradshaw, J.
Brodie, W.
Brotherton, J.
Chalmers, P.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. C. T.
Duckworth, S.
Duncan, Ld. Vt.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Finch, F.
Gillon, W.
Hall, Sir B.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayes, Sir E.
Hector, C.
Hill, Lord A.
Horsman, E.
Hutt, W.
James, W.
Lushington, C.
Marshall, W.
Melgund, Lord
Morris, D.
Pechell, Capt.
Philips, M.
Protheroe, E.
Sinclair, Sir G.
Stuart, Lord J.
Strutt, E.
Style, Sir C.
Thornely, T.
Tollemache, F.
Turner, E.
Villiers, C.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Wood, G. W.

Tellers.
Sanford, E.
Hume, J.

No. 268. Proposed to add Clause (Cases in which instalments shall not be remitted): — "Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall

authorise the remission of any such instalment as aforesaid," &c. &c.:—Amendment proposed, at the end of the Clause, to leave out the words "or by persons having such like estates or interests in the lands charged therewith as would make the owners thereof liable to the payment of rent charge under the provisions of this Act:"—Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Clause:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 64, Noes 98.

AYES.

m, Admil.	Gillon, W.	James, W.	Pendarves, E.	Thornely, T.
onby, H.	Gordon, R.	Lushington, C.	Pinney, W.	Troubridge, Sir E.
ies, E.	Grey, Sir G.	Lynch, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vigors, N.
e, W.	Hall, Sir B.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
herton, J.	Hawes, B.	Martin, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Wilde, Serjt.
, Rt. Hon. G.	Hector, C.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Seymour, Lord	Wilshere, W.
lmers, P.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Smith, R.	Wood, C.
g, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morris, D.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, G.
upton, Sir S.	Hodges, T.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.	Yates, J. A.
y, W.	Horsman, E.	O'Ferrall, R.	Stuart, Lord J.	
neny, Lord.	Howard, P. H.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Strutt, E.	*Tellers.*
das, Hon. J.	Howard, R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Surrey, Earl of	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
t, Hon. J.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Pechell, Capt.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	Maule, Hon. F.
h, F.	Hutt, W.			

NOES.

nd, Sir T. D.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hogg, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sheil, R.
nd, T. D.	Darby, G.	Holmes, W.	O'Connell, D.	Sibthorp, Col.
ger, Capt.	De Horsey, S.	Hope, Hon. C.	O'Connell, J.	Sinclair, Sir G.
bold, R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hotham, Lord	O'Connell, M. J.	Somerset, Lord G.
vood, M.	Dunbar, G.	Hutton, R.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stanley, Lord
ge, W.	East, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pakington, J.	Sturt, H.
ington, Lord	Eastnor, Lord Vt.	Knight, H.	Palmer, G.	Teignmouth, Lord
w, R. M.	Ellis, J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Parker, R.	Tennent, J.
kburne, I.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Peel, Sir R.	Thompson, Ald.
r, J.	Evans, G.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Perceval, Col.	Vere, Sir C.
ero, H.	Farnham, E.	Lockhart, A.	Pigot, R.	Verner, Col.
adley, H.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Power, James	Walsh, Sir J.
adwood, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Lowther, J. H.	Praed, W. T.	Westenra, Hn. J.
vnrigg, S.	Follett, Sir W.	Mackenzie, T.	Pusey, P.	Wood, T.
ges, W. H.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Maher, J.	Redington, T.	Wyse, T.
in, G.	Graham, Sir J.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Reid, Sir J.	
ell, Sir C.	Grant, F. W.	Martin, T.	Rickford, W.	
te, W. L.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Meynell, Capt.	Roche, E.	*Tellers.*
aents, Ld. Vt.	Hillsborough, Earl	Neeld, John	Round, J.	Lucas, E.
e, Ld. Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Nicholl, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Jones, T.
y, Hon. H.		Norreys, Lord	Sandon, Lord Vt.	

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269. Proposed to add Clause, "That the expenses of the revision of memorials and schedules be first defrayed out of the fund in the Exchequer, and the residue distributed rateably among the memorialists:"—Question put, "That the Clause be added to the Bill:"—The Committee divided; Ayes 62, Noes 51.

AYES.

m, Admil.	Gillon, W.	Lynch, A.	Power, James	Wallace, R.
onby, H. A.	Gordon, R.	Macleod, R.	Redington, T.	Warburton, H.
bold, R.	Grey, Sir G.	Maher, J.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Westenra, Hon. J.
herton, J.	Hastie, A.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Roche, E.	Wilde, Serjt.
n, G.	Hawes, B.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.	Wilshere, W.
g, Rt. Hn. G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morris, D.	Sheil, R.	Wood, G.
lmers, P.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Smith, R. V.	Wyse, T.
nents, Ld. Vt.	Horsman, E.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, J. A.
g, W.	Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, Morg.	Style, Sir C.	
upton, Sir S.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	
y, W.	Hutt, W.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
t, Hon. J.	Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Shef.)	Trowbridge, Sir E.	Rolfe, Sir R.
uson, Sir Rob.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Pinney, W.	Vigors, N.	Steuart, R.
twood, Sir P.		Ponsonby, Hon. J.		

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hope, Hon. C.	O'Brien, W. S.	Teignmouth, Lord.
Attwood, M.	Dunbar, G.	Jones, T.	Parker, R.	Tennent, J.
Bagge, W.	Ellis, J.	Knight, H.	Peel, Sir R.	Thompson, Ald.
Barrington, Lord	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Knightley, Sir C.	Perceval, Col.	Trench, Sir F.
Blackburne, I.	Farnham, E. B.	Lockhart, A.	Pigot, R.	Verner, Col.
Blackstone, W.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Praed, W. T.	Walsh, Sir J.
Blair, J.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, J. H.	Pusey, P.	Wood, T.
Bruges, W. H.	Grant, F. W.	Mackenzie, T.	Round, J.	
Clive, Ld. Vt.	Hodgson, R.	Meynell, Capt.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
Corry, Hon. H.	Holmes, W.	Neeld, John	Sibthorp, Col.	Inglis, Sir R.
Dalrymple, Sir A.		Nicholl, J.	Stanley, Lord	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.
De Horsey, S.				

No. 270. SCHOOLS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months:" — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 42, Noes 17.

AYES.

Adam, Adml.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.
Bagge, W.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lockhart, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Westenra, Hn. J.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.	Grey, Sir G.	Lowther, J. H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilde, Serjt.
Bernal, R.	Hastie, A.	Lynch, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Blair, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Russell, Lord J.	
Curry, W.	Hodgson, R.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Steuart, R.	
Darby, G.	Holmes, W.	Nicholl, J.	Tennent, J.	*Tellers.*
Douglas, Sir C.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Brien, W. S.	Thomson, Rt. Hon. C. P.	Stanley, E. J.
Dunbar, G.	Inglis, Sir R.	O'Ferrall, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Parker, J.
Elliot, Hon. J.	Jones, T.	Parker, R.		

NOES.

Aglionby, H.	Horsman, E.	O'Connell, Morg.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Archbold, R.	Hutton, R.	Power, James	Warburton, H.	Gillon, W.
Brotherton, J.	Maher, J.	Redington, T.	Wood, G.	Howard, P. H.
Bryan, G.	O'Connell, M. J.	Style, Sir C.	Wyse, T.	
Hobhouse, T. B.				

No. 271. PARLIAMENTARY BURGHS (SCOTLAND) BILL. — Read a third time; Clause offered, "respecting electors in boroughs in Schedule A.:" — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause be brought up:" — The House divided; Ayes 6, Noes 46.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*	
Hobhouse, T. B.	Warburton, H.	Gillon, W.	
Redington, T.	Wood, G.	Wallace, R.	

NOES.

Adam, Adml.	Darby, G.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Nicholl, J.	Tennent, J.
Archbold, R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hutton, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Thomson, C. P.
Bagge, W.	Dunbar, G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Col.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Barrington, Lord	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Jones, T.	Power, James	Verner, Col.
Blair, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lefroy, Rt. Hn. T.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Westenra, Hn. J.
Brotherton, J.	Hastie, A.	Lockhart, A.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wyse, T.
Bryan, G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maher, J.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Chalmers, P.	Hodgson, R.	Maule, Hon. Fox	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
Craig, W.	Holmes, W.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Steuart, R.	Stanley, E. J.
Curry, W.	Howard, P.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Style, Sir C.	Parker, J.

. 272. GIBRALTAR LIGHTHOUSE BILL — (In Committee). — "In respect of every vessel not belonging to her Majesty, at each time of departing from any port or place in the United Kingdom to any port or place in the Mediterranean Sea, or at, within, or near to the entrance of the said Sea :" — Proposed to fill the blank with "one shilling:" — Question put, "That the blank be filled with one shilling:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 92, Noes 22. — (July 24.)

AYES.

m, Adml.	Divett, E.	Hogg, J. W.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Sinclair, Sir G.
bbold, R.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hope, Hon. C.	Morris, D.	Stanley, Lord
er, E.	Dunbar, G.	Hope, G. W.	O'Brien, W. S.	Style, Sir C.
ard, E.	Ebrington, Lord	Houldsworth, T.	Palmer, G.	Sugden, Sir E.
ington, Ld.Vt.	Fergusson, Rt.Hn.	Howard, P. H.	Palmerston, Ld.Vt.	Surrey, Earl of
kburne, I.	R. C.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, M.	Thomas, Col.
r, J.	Follett, Sir W.	James, Sir W.	Parker, R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
nerhassett, A.	Gibson, T.	Jones, T.	Peel, Sir R.	C. P.
es, J.	Goulburn, Right	Knight, H. G.	Perceval, Col.	Townley, R.
nston, T.	Hon. H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Phillpotts, J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
dley, H.	Graham, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Turner, E.
herton, J.	Grant, F. W.	Lemon, Sir C.	Praed, W. T.	Williams, W.
nrigg, S.	Grattan, J.	Lockhart, A.	Price, Sir R.	Wilmott, Sir J. E.
es, W.	Grey, Sir G.	Lowther, J. H.	Pusey, P.	Wodehouse, E.
pbell, Sir J.	Hastie, A.	Lushington, C.	Rich, H.	Wood, G.
ning, Sir S.	Hawes, B.	Lygon, Hn. Gen.	Richards, R.	
te, W. L.	Hayter, W.	Lynch, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
nents, Ld. Vt.	Hill, Lord A.	M'Taggart, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Maule, Hon. F.
g, W.	Hindley, C.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Seymour, Lord	Stanley, E. J.
by, G.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Martin, T.	Sibthorp, Col.	

NOES.

onby, H.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	O'Connell, D.	Somers, J.	Ward, H.
ero, H.	Duncan, Ld. Vt.	O'Connell, Morg.	Tennent, J.	
geman, H.	Hector, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Thornely, T.	*Tellers.*
mers, P.	James, W.	Power, James	Vere, Sir C.	Hume, J.
ington, Adml.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Redington, T.	Warburton, H.	Wallace, R.

273. REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL. — Read a third time; Clause (how the distances are to be computed) brought up, and read a first, second, and third time; Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause be added to the Bill:" — The House divided; Ayes 50, Noes 18.

AYES.

n, Adml.	Clayton, Sir W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morris, D.	Townley, R.
onby, H.	Crawley, S.	Hodges, T.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Troubridge, Sir E.
Rt. Hon. N.	Crompton, Sir S.	Howick, Ld. Vt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Turner, E.
erman, A.	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.
ard, E.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	James, W.	Phillpotts, J.	Warburton, H.
e, W.	Finch, F.	Jervis, S.	Power, James	Yates, J. A.
geman, H.	Hall, Sir B.	Labouchere, Rt.	Rickford, W.	
oe, J.	Hayter, W.	Hon. H.	Russell, Lord J.	*Tellers.*
lie, W.	Heathcoat, J.	Lefevre, C.	Stock, Dr.	Rolfe, Sir R. M.
herton, J.	Hector, C.	Lushington, Dr.	Style, Sir C.	Wood, C.
es, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Thornely, T.	

NOES.

nerhassett, A.	Grant, F.	Kemble, H.	Vere, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
e, Sir C.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Lockhart, A.	Verner, Col.	
y, G.	Holmes, W.	Lucas, E.	Vivian, J.	Round, J.
urt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hope, Hon. C.	Palmer, G.	Wood, T.	Sibthorp, Col.
lburn, Rt. Hn.	Hope, G.	Trench, Sir F.		

274. Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said

Committee, instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 81, Noes 56.

AYES.

Adam, Adml.	Conyngham, Ld.A.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Tollemache, F.
Aglionby, H. A.	Craig, W.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, J.	Townley, R.
Archbold, R.	Crompton, Sir S.	Howick, Lord Vt.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Baines, E.	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Vigors, N.
Ball, Rt. Hn. N.	Dalmeny, Lord	James, W.	Parnell, Sir H.	Wall, C.
Bannerman, A.	Divett, E.	Jervis, S.	Pechell, Capt.	Wallace, R.
Bellew, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Phillpotts, J.	Warburton, H.
Bernal, R.	Evans, G.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Redington, T.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Blake, W. J.	Finch, F.	Lefevre, C.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wood, C.
Bowes, J.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, Sir M.
Bridgeman, H.	French, F.	Martin, T.	Salwey, Colonel	Wood, G.
Briscoe, J.	Gordon, R.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J. A.
Brodie, W.	Grattan, J.	Mildmay, P. St. John	Strangways, Hn. J.	
Brotherton, J.	Hawkins, J.	Morpeth, Ld. Vt.	Stock, Dr.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hayter, W.	Morris, D.	Style, Sir C.	
Chalmers, P.	Heathcoat, J.	Muskett, G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Childers, J.	Hector, C.		Thornely, T.	Maule, Hon. Fox
Clayton, Sir W.	Hindley, C.			Stanley, E. J.

NOES.

Blackburne, I.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Holmes, W.	Palmer, R.	Somerset, Lord G.
Blennerhassett, A.	Farnham, E.	Hope, Hon. C.	Palmer, G.	Trench, Sir F.
Boldero, H.	Gibson, T.	Hope, G.	Parker, M.	Vere, Sir C.
Bramston, T.	Gladstone, W. E.	Kemble, H.	Parker, R.	Verner, Col.
Broadley, H.	Gore, O. W.	Knightley, Sir C.	Peel, Sir R.	Wodehouse, E.
Bruges, W.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Lockhart, A. M.	Pigot, R.	Wood, T.
Canning, Sir S.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Praed, W. M.	
Chandos, Marq. of	Grant, F.	Lowther, J. H.	Richards, R.	
Chute, W.	Herries, Rt. Hon. J.	Lucas, E.	Round, J.	
Clive, Ld. Vt.	Hodgson, F.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
Darby, G.	Hogg, J.	Mackinnon, W.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Sibthorp, Col.
Eastnor, Lord Vt.		Mahon, Ld. Vt.	Sheppard, T.	Inglis, Sir R.
Ellis, J.		Neeld, John	Sinclair, Sir G.	

No. 275. (In Committee). — Sixth Clause, "The person first named as Commissioner may sit and vote as a Member of the House of Commons:" — Motion made, and Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:" — The Committee divided; Ayes 69, Noes 37.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Clements, Ld. Vt.	Heathcoat, J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Townley, R.
Adam, Adml.	Craig, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Morris, D.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Aglionby, H. A.	Dick, Q.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, J.	Verner, Col.
Archbold, R.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hodgson, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Vigors, N.
Ashley, Lord	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hogg, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Warburton, H.
Ball, Rt. Hn. N.	Finch, F.	Holmes, W.	Peel, Sir R.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Baines, E.	Fleetwood, Sir P.	Hope, Hon. C.	Pinney, W.	Williams, W. A.
Blake, W.	French, F.	Hope, G. W.	Redington, T.	Wood, G.
Brabazon, Lord	Gibson, T.	Howard, P. H.	Rice, E.	Wood, T.
Bramston, T.	Gordon, R.	Howard, Sir R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Brodie, W.	Graham, Sir J.	James, W.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	*Tellers.*
Brotherton, J.	Grant, F.	Lemon, Sir C.	Stock, Dr.	Labouchere, Rt. Hon. H.
Campbell, Sir J.	Grattan, J.	Lucas, E.	Strangways, Hn. J.	Steuart, R.
Cavendish, Hon. C.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Martin, T.	Strutt, E.	
Clayton, Sir W.	Hawkins, J.	Melgund, Lord Vt.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.	

NOES.

Blackburne, I.	Dunbar, G.	Hillsborough, Earl	O'Brien, W. S.	Vere, Sir C.
Boldero, H.	Ellis, J.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Parker, R.	Wallace, R.
Broadley, H.	Gladstone, W.	Kemble, H.	Pusey, P.	
Bruges, W. H. L.	Gore, O. W.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	
Canning, Sir S.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Lockhart, A.	Rushbrooke, Col.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Greene, T.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Salwey, Col.	Hume, J.
Clive, Lord Vt.	Hayes, Sir E.	Mackinnon, W.	Somerville, Sir W.	Sibthorp, Col.
Darby, G.	Henniker, Lord	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Thornely, T.	
Douglas, Sir C.		Neeld, John	Trench, Sir F.	

'6. Tithes (Ireland) Bill.—Order for Third Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read the third time:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three months;"—Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:"—The House divided; Ayes 148, Noes 30.—(July 26.)

AYES.

;, Capt.	Curry, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Maher, J.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
dmiral	Dalmeny, Lord	Hobhouse, T. B.	Martin, T. B.	Round, J.
Capt.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Hodges, T.	Meynell, Captain	Rushbrooke, Col.
d, R.	Denison, W.	Hodgson, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.
Hon. N.	Dick, Q.	Hogg, J.	O'Brien, W.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
nan, A.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hope, G.	O'Connell, D.	Scrope, G.
, E.	East, J.	Hoskins, K.	O'Connell, M. J.	Sheppard, T.
R.	Ebrington, Lord	Hotham, Lord	O'Connell, Morg.	Smith, J.
J.	Egerton, W.	Howard, P. H.	Palmer, C. F.	Smith, R.
R.	Elliot, Hn. J. E.	Howick, Ld. Vist.	Palmer, R.	Somerville, Sir W.
	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hurst, R.	Palmer, G.	Stanley, Lord
V. J.	Eastcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hutton, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stewart, James
hassett, A.	Evans, G.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parker, M.	Stock, Dr.
n, Lord	Ferrand, R.	Irving, J.	Peel, Sir R.	Sturt, H.
w, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	James, W.	Perceval, Col.	Teignmouth, Lord
n, T.	Follett, Sir W.	Jones, T.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
an, H.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Phillpotts, J.	Townley, R.
ood, H.	French, F.	Knight, H. G.	Pinney, W.	Trench, Sir F.
W.	Gordon, R.	Knightley, Sir C.	Polhill, F.	Troubridge, Sir E.
ion, J.	Gordon, Hn. Cpt.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Ponsonby, C. F.	Vere, Sir C.
gg, S.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Power, James	Vivian, J.
W.	Graham, Sir J.	Lefevre, C.	Praed, W. T.	Westenra, Hn. J. C.
ll, Sir J.	Grant, F.	Lemon, Sir C.	Price, Sir R.	Wilshere, W.
, Sir S.	Greene, T.	Leveson, Lord	Protheroe, E.	Wood, C.
n, A.	Grey, Sir C.	Lincoln, Earl of	Pusey, P.	Wood, T.
, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Redington, T.	Yates, J.
V.	Hastie, A.	Lowther, J.	Reid, Sir J.	
s, Lord	Hawkins, J.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	*Tellers.*
ion. H.	Hayter, W.	Mackinnon, W.	Rich, H.	Stanley, E. J.
, S.	Henniker, Lord	Macleod, R.	Richards, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.
			Rolfe, Sir R.	

NOES.

r, H.	Finch, F.	Langton, W.	Muskett, G. A.	Warburton, H.
s, P.	Grote, G.	Leader, J.	Salwey, Col.	Ward, H.
W.	Hall, Sir B.	Lushington, Dr.	Style, Sir C.	Worsley, Lord
urt, Rt.	Harvey, D. W.	Lushington, C.	Thornely, T.	
. T.	Hawes, B.	Marshall, W.	Turner, E.	*Tellers.*
r J.	Hector, C.	Martin, J.	Vigors, N.	Browne, R.
J.	Hutt, W.	Morris, D.	Villiers, C.	Hume, J.

'. Clause 38. (Printed Bill amended):—Question put, "That the Clause, as amended, stand part of the Bill:"—The House divided; Ayes 96, Noes 39.

AYES.

T. D.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hoskins, K.	Palmer, C.	Stock, Dr.
Capt.	East, J.	Howard, F.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sturt, H.
R.	Egerton, W. T.	Howard, P. H.	Parker, M.	Teignmouth, Lord
, R.	Elliot, Hon. J. E.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Peel, Sir R.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Hon. N.	Ellis, J.	Hurst, R.	Perceval, Col.	
J.	Evans, G.	Hutton, R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Thompson, Ald.
s, Lord W.	Farnham, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Phillpotts, J.	Townley, R.
R.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Knightley, Sir C.	Pigot, R.	Troubridge, Sir E.
rne, I.	Filmer, Sir E.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Power, James	Vere, Sir C.
	French, F.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Pusey, P.	Verner, Col.
n, T.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lemon, Sir C.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vigors, N.
an, H.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, J.	Richards, R.	Waddington, H.
, H.	Grant, F.	Macleod, R.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wilde, Serjt.
ood, H.	Grey, Sir C.	Martin, T.	Round, J.	Wodehouse, E.
gg, S.	Grey, Sir G.	Maule, Hon. F.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Wood, C.
W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.	Yates, J.
.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Brien, W. S.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	
n, A.	Hodgson, R.	O'Connell, D.	Sheppard, T.	*Tellers.*
s, Ld. Vt.	Hogg, J.	O'Connell, Morg.	Smith, J. A.	O'Ferrall, M.
V.	Hope, G.	O'Connell, Mau.	Stanley, Lord	Stanley, E. J.
r, Lord			Steuart, R.	

NOES.

Aglionby, H. A.	Duckworth, S.	Hector, C.	Muskett, G. A.	Williams, W. A.
Baines, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Hutt, W.	Protheroe, E.	Wood, G.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Easthope, J.	James, W.	Salwey, Col.	Worsley, Lord
Brodie, W.	Fielden, J.	Leader, J. T.	Style, Sir C.	
Brotherton, J.	Finch, F.	Lushington, Dr.	Thornely, T.	
Chalmers, P.	Grote, G.	Lushington, C.	Villiers, C.	
Collins, W.	Hall, Sir B.	Marshall, W.	Wallace, R.	*Tellers.*
Craig, W.	Harvey, D. W.	Martin, J.	Warburton, H.	Hume, J.
D'Eyncourt, Rt. Hn. C. T.	Hayes, Sir E.	Morris, D.	Ward, H. G.	Hawes, B.

No. 278. Customs Bill. — Clause 6.: — Amendment proposed, to leave out the words "and into the British Possessions abroad:" — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Clause." — The House divided; Ayes 39, Noes 8. — (July 28.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Howard, P. H.	Palmerston, Ld.Vt.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Archbold, R.	French, F.	Inglis, Sir R.	Pendarves, E.	Waddington, H.
Barrington, Lord	Grant, F. W.	Labouchere, Rt.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Wilshere, W.
Bernal, R.	Hale, R.	Hn. H.	Smith, B.	Wood, G.
Brotherton, J.	Henniker, Lord	Lefevre, C.	Style, Sir C.	Yates, J.
Chapman, A.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Lemon, Sir C.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.	
Dundas, F.	Hobhouse, T. B.	Mackinnon, W.	C. P.	*Tellers.*
Ellis, J.	Hodgson, F.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Troubridge, Sir E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Evans, Sir De L.	Hope, Hon. C.	O'Brien, W.	Turner, E.	Seymour, Lord

NOES.

Elliot, Hon. J.	Hutt, W.	*Tellers.*	
Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Warburton, H.	
Gibson, T.	Power, James	Chalmers, P.	
Hawes, B.	Vigors, N. A.		

No. 279. Forms of Pleadings Bill. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Whereupon, Motion made, and Question put, "That this House do now adjourn:" — The House divided; Ayes 5, Noes 38. — (July 30.)

AYES.

Chandos, Marq. of	Praed, W. T.	*Tellers.*	
Neeld, John	Waddington, H. S.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Perceval, Col.		Ellis, J.	

NOES.

Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Howard, P. H.	Palmerston, Ld.Vt.	Wallace, R.
Archbold, R.	Ebrington, Lord	Labouchere, Rt.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Warburton, H.
Baines, E.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Hon. H.	Power, James	Wood, G.
Ball, Rt. Hon. N.	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Redington, T.	
Brotherton, J.	Gordon, R.	Macleod, R.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	
Bryan, G.	Grey, Sir C.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Salwey, Col.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Hawes, B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Trench, Sir F.	Manle, Hon. F.
Craig, W.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, Morg.	Vigors, N.	Rolfe, Sir R.

No. 280. Spirit Licences (Ireland) Bill. — Order for Second Reading read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Bill be now read a second

time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out the word "now," and at the end of the Question to add the words "upon this day three mouths," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the word 'now' stand part of the Question:" The House divided; Ayes 43, Noes 15. — (July 31.)

AYES.

Adam, Adml.	Dalmeny, Lord	Mackinnon, W.	Redington, T.	Wallace, R.
Aglionby, H.	Elliot, Hon. J.	Maule, Hon. F.	Smith, J.	Warburton, H.
Archbold, R.	Finch, F.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Stanley, E. J.	Yates, E.
Bainbridge, E.	Hastie, A.	Morris, D.	Steuart, R.	
Barnard, E.	Hawes, B.	Muskett, G. A.	Stock, Dr.	
Benett, J.	Heathcoat, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Thornely, T.	
Blake, W. J.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, M. J.	Troubridge, Sir E.	*Tellers.*
Bryan, G.	Hume, J.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Verner, Col.	Tennent, J.
Chalmers, P.	Irving, J.	Parker J. (Sheff.)	Vigors, N.	O'Connell, D.
Craig, W.	James, W.	Pechell, Capt.	Villiers, C.	

NOES.

Brotherton, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Palmer, G.	Stanley, Lord	*Tellers.*
Canning, Sir S.	Graham, Sir J.	Richards, R.	Style, Sir C.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Curry, W.	Hodgson, R.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Turner, E.	Perceval, Col.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Kemble, H.	Sibthorp, Col.		

No. 281. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL. — Lords' amendments considered: — At the end of Clause B, proposed to add, "Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, with the advice of the Privy Council of Ireland, at any time within twelve calendar months after this Act shall have come into operation, in any borough, to alter the boundaries of any such borough, for the purpose of including therein any part or suburb of the town (if any) which may not be included within the boundaries of any borough as defined under this Act, and also to alter the boundaries of the several wards thereof, in such manner as may become necessary, by reason of any such addition to the borough, or for the purpose of equalising, as far as may be, the number of burgesses in each ward, and every such alteration shall be published in the *Dublin Gazette*, and every provision in this Act, concerning the boundaries of any borough or ward, as defined under this Act, shall, after any such publication, be taken to apply to the boundaries so altered, as if such altered boundary had been inserted in this Act, instead of the boundary defined by this Act:" — Question put, "That these words be added:" — The House divided; Ayes 111, Noes 103. — (August 2.)

AYES.

Adam, Adml.	Conyngham, Ld. A.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Strangways, Hn. J.
Aglionby, H. A.	Curry, W.	Hodges, T.	Palmer, C.	Thornely, T.
Alston, R.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hoskins, K.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Troubridge, Sir E.
Archbold, R.	Dashwood, G.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Parnell, Sir H.	Turner, E.
Baines, E.	Duke, Sir J.	Hume, J.	Pattison, J.	Vigors, N.
Ball, Rt. Hon. N.	Dundas, F.	Hutt, W.	Pendarves, E.	Villiers, C.
Bannerman, A.	Dundas, Hon. J.	Hutton, R.	Philipotts, J.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Baring, F. T.	Easthope, J.	James, W.	Power, James	Wallace, R.
Barnard, E.	Ebrington, Lord Vt.	Jervis, S.	Price, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Bellew, R.	Evans, Sir De L.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.	Protheroe, E.	Ward, H.
Benett, J.	Evans, G.	Lefevre, C.	Rich, H.	Westenra, Hon. J.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Ferguson, Sir R.	Lushington, Dr.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Williams, W. A.
Bernal, R.	Finch, F.	Lynch, A.	Russell, Lord J.	Wilshere, W.
Blake, W.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Macleod, R.	Russell, Lord C.	Winnington, H.
Bridgeman, H.	Gordon, R.	Martin, J.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, C.
Briscoe, J.	Grattan, J.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Scrope, G.	Wood, Sir M.
Brotherton, J.	Grosvenor, Ld. R.	Morris, D.	Smith, B.	Wood, G.
Bryan, G.	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Smith, Hon. R.	Wyse, T.
Byng, G.	Hayter, W.	Muskett, G.	Somerville, Sir W.	Yates, J. A.
Campbell, Sir J.	Heathcoat, J.	O'Brien, W. S.	Stanley, E. J.	
Cayley, E.	Hector, C.	O'Connell, D.	Stewart, James	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, J.	Stock, Dr.	Maule, Hon. F.
Collins, W.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Stuart, Lord J.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Darby, G.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Acland, T. D.	Dottin, A.	Hale, R.	Lucas, E.	Smith, A.
Alsager, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Stanley, Lord
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Dowdeswell, W.	Hayes, Sir E.	Manners, Lord C.	Sugden, Sir E.
Ashley, Lord	Dunbar, G.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Meynell, Capt.	Teignmouth, Lord
Attwood, M.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Miller, W.	Thompson, Ald.
Bagge, W.	East, J.	Hodgson, F.	Monypenny, T.	Thornhill, G.
Baker, E.	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, R.	Neeld, Joseph	Tollemache, F.
Blackstone, W.	Egerton, W.	Hogg, W.	Ossulston, Lord	Vere, Sir C.
Blennerhassett, A.	Eliot, Lord	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, M.	Vernon, G.
Bramston, T.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hope, G. W.	Peel, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
Broadwood, H.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hotham, Lord	Perceval, Col.	Waddington, H.
Brownrigg, S.	Farnham, E.	James, Sir W.	Pigot, R.	Wall, C.
Bruce, Lord E.	Fector, J.	Jermyn, Earl	Polhill, F.	Walsh, Sir J.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Filmer, Sir E.	Jones, T.	Pollock, Sir F.	Wood, T.
Canning, Sir S.	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Praed, W. M.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Chapman, A.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Codrington, C.	Graham, Sir J.	Knight, H. G.	Pusey, P.	
Coote, Sir C.	Granby, Marq. of	Knightley, Sir C.	Reid, Sir J. R.	*Tellers.*
Corry, Hon. H.	Grant, F.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rickford, W.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Lockhart, A.	Round, J.	Inglis, Sir R.
		Lowther, Hn. Col.	Sandon, Lord Vist.	

No. 282. Other Amendments agreed to, as far as Amendment pr. 9., l. 6., the said Amendment being to leave out from "be" to "shall," in line 22., and to insert, instead thereof, "of the yearly value of not less than ten pounds, to be ascertained and determined as hereinafter mentioned," (printed Bill, p. 10., l. 14.): — Amendment proposed to the words proposed to be inserted, to leave out the words "of the yearly value of," and instead thereof, to insert "rated to the relief of the poor under an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament at any sum which, with the addition of one fourth part thereof, to be made in consideration of the probable annual average cost of the rates and taxes, and of the repairs, insurance, and other expenses necessary to maintain the premises in their actual state, shall be:" — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Lords' Amendment:" — The House divided; Ayes 154, Noes 169.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Grimston, Lord Vt.	Lowther, Lord Vt.	Rushbrooke, Col.
Acland, T. D.	Darby, G.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Lowther, J. H.	Rushout, G.
A'Court, Capt.	De Horsey, S.	Hale, R.	Lucas, E.	Sandon, Lord Vt.
Alsager, Capt.	D'Israeli, B.	Hardinge, Sir H.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.	Dottin, A.	Hayes, Sir E.	Mackinnon, W.	Sibthorp, Col.
Ashley, Lord	Douglas, Sir C.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Smith, A.
Ashley, Hon. H.	Douro, Marq. of.	Heneage, G. W.	Manners, Lord C.	Somerset, Lord G.
Attwood, M.	Dowdeswell, W.	Henniker, Lord	Meynell, Capt.	Spry, Sir S.
Bagge, W.	Dunbar, G.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Miller, W.	Stanley, Lord
Baker, E.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Milnes, R.	Sturt, H.
Barrington, Lord	East, J.	Hillsborough, Earl	Monypenny, T.	Sugden, Sir E.
Blackburne, I.	Eaton, R.	Hodgson, F.	Neeld, Joseph	Teignmouth, Lord
Blackstone, W.	Egerton, W.	Hodgson, R.	Neeld, John	Thomas, Col.
Blair, J.	Ellis, J. (Newry)	Hogg, J.	Norreys, Lord	Thompson, Ald.
Blennerhassett, A.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hope, Hon. C.	Ossulston, Lord	Thornhill, G.
Boldero, H.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hope, H.	Pakington, J. S.	Tollemache, F.
Bramston, T.	Farnham, E.	Hope, G.	Parker, M.	Trench, Sir F.
Broadley, H.	Farrand, R.	Hotham, Lord	Parker, R.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
Broadwood, H.	Fector, J.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Peel, Sir R.	Vere, Sir C.
Brownrigg, S.	Fleming, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Col.	Verner, Col.
Bruce, Lord E.	Filmer, Sir E.	Irving, J.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Vernon, G.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	James, Sir W.	Pigot, R.	Vivian, J.
Burrell, Sir C.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jermyn, Earl	Polhill, F.	Waddington, H. S.
Canning, Sir S.	Freshfield, J.	Jones, T.	Pollock, Sir F.	Walsh, Sir J.
Castlereagh, Lord	Gibson, T.	Kemble, H.	Praed, W. M.	Whitmore, T.
Chandos, Marq. of	Gladstone, W.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Praed, W. T.	Wood, T.
Chapman, A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Pusey, P.	Yorke, Hon. E.
Chute, W. L.	Goulburn, Right Hon. H.	Knight, H.	Reid, Sir J.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Codrington, C.	Graham, Sir J.	Knightley, Sir C.	Richards, R.	
Compton, H.	Granby, Marq. of	Lincoln, Earl of	Rickford, W.	*Tellers.*
Corry, Hon. H.	Grant, F.	Lockhart, A.	Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.	Holmes, W.
		Lowther, Hn. Col.	Round, J.	Fremantle, Sir T.

NOES.

Adam, Admi.
Aglionby, H.
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Ball, Rt. Hon. N.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F.
Barnard, E.
Bellew, R.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord W.
Berkeley, Hon. H.
Berkeley, Hon. C.
Bernal, R.
Blake, W.
Bowes, J.
Brabazon, Lord
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Byng, G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Cave, R.
Cavendish, Hon. C.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Childers, W.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Ld. Vt.
Codrington, Admi.
Collins, W.
Conyngham, Ld. A.
Coote, Sir C.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W.
Crompton, Sir S.
Currie, R.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G. H.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Eliot, Lord
Ellice, Capt.
Evans, Sir De L.
Evans, G.
Fielden, J.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, Sir P.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grey, Sir G.
Grosvener, Ld. R.
Grote, G.
Hallyburton, Ld. D.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Hill, Lord A.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, P. ¶
Howard, Sir R.
Howick, Ld. Vt.
Hume, J.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Johnson, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hn. A.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Paget, Lord A.
Palmer, C.
Palmerston, Visct.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Phillpotts, J.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Redington, T. N.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Rumbold, C.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R. L.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, B.
Smith, Hon. R.
Smith, R. V.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, E. J.
Stewart, James
Stock, Dr.
Steuart, Lord J.
Strangways, Hn. J.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Villiers, C.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wall, C.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, H.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J. A.

Tellers.
Wood, C.
Steuart, R.

No. 283. Amendments agreed to, as far as Amendment, pr. 10., l. 1., the said Amendment being "after 'all' to insert 'rates for the relief of the poor, and all;' and in the same line, after 'municipal,' to insert, 'or other local:'" — Amendment proposed to the Amendment, to leave out "and in the same line, after 'municipal,' to insert, 'or other local:'" — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the said Amendment proposed by the Lords:" — The House divided; Ayes 144, Noes 162.

AYES.

Acland, Sir T. D.
Acland, T. D.
A'Court, Capt.
Alsager, Capt.
Arbuthnott, Hon. H.
Attwood, M.
Bagge, W.
Baker, E.
Barrington, Ld. Vt.
Blackburne, I.
Blair, J.
Boldero, H.
Bradshaw, J.
Bramston, T.
Broadley, H.
Broadwood, H.
Brownrigg, S.
Bruce, Lord E.
Buller, Sir J. Y.
Burrell, Sir C.
Canning, Sir S.
Chapman, Sir M.
Chute, W.
Codrington, C.
Compton, H.
Coote, Sir C.
Corry, Hon. H.
Dalrymple, Sir A.
Darby, G.
De Horsey, S.
D'Israeli, B.
Dottin, A.
Douglas, Sir C.
Douro, Marq. of
Dowdeswell, W.
Dunbar, G.
Duncombe, Hn. W.
East, J.
Eaton, R.
Egerton, W.
Eliot, Lord
Ellis, J.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)
Estcourt, T. (Dev.)
Farnham, E.
Fector, J.
Filmer, Sir E.
Fitzroy, Hon. H.
Fleming, J.
Forester, Hon. G.
Freshfield, J.
Gibson, T.
Gladstone, W. E.
Gordon, R.
Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.
Graham, Sir J.
Granby, Marq. of
Grant, F. W.
Grimston, Ld. Vt.
Grimston, Hn. E.
Hale, R.
Hayes, Sir E.
Heathcote, Sir W.
Heneage, G.
Henniker, Lord
Herbert, Hon. S.
Herries, Rt. Hn. J.
Hillsborough, Earl
Hodgson, F.
Hodgson, R.
Hogg, J.
Hope, Hon. C.
Hope, H.
Hope, G. W.
Hotham, Lord
Ingestre, Lord Vt.
Inglis, Sir R.
Irving, J.
James, Sir W.
Jermyn, Earl
Jones, T.
Kemble, H.
Kerrison, Sir E.
Knatchbull, Sir E.
Knightley, Sir C.
Lincoln, Earl of
Lockhart, A.
Lowther, Hn. Col.
Lowther, J. H.
Lowther, Lord Vt.
Lygon, Hon. Gen.
Mackinnon, W.
Mahon, Ld. Vt.
Manners, Ld. C.
Meynell, Capt.
Miller, W.
Milnes, R.
Monypenny, T.
Neeld, Joseph
Neeld, John
Norreys, Lord
Ossulston, Lord
Pakington, J.
Parker, M.
Parker, R.
Peel, Sir R.
Perceval, Col.
Perceval, Hon. G.
Pigot, R.
Polhill, F.
Praed, W. T.
Reid, Sir J.
Richards, R.
Rickford, W.
Rose, Rt. Hn. Sir G.
Round, J.
Rushbrooke, Col.
Sandon, Lord Vt.
Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Sibthorp, Col.
Smith, A.
Somerset, Lord G.
Spry, Sir S.
Stanley, Lord
Sturt, H.
Sugden, Sir E.
Teignmouth, Lord
Tennent, J.
Thomas, Col.
Thompson, Ald.
Thornhill, G.
Tollemache, F.
Trench, Sir F.
Tyrrell, Sir J.
Vere, Sir C.
Verner, Col.
Vivian, J.
Waddington, H.
Wall, C.
Walsh, Sir J.
Whitmore, T.
Wood, T.
Yorke, Hon. E.
Young, J. (Cavan)

Tellers.
Fremantle, Sir T.
Holmes, W.

NOES.

Adam, Adml.
Aglionby, H.
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Ball, Rt. Hon. N.
Bannerman, A.
Baring, F.
Barnard, E.
Bellew, R. M.
Benett, J.
Bentinck, Lord W.
Berkeley, Hn. H.
Berkeley, Hn. C.
Bernal, R.
Blake, W.
Brabazon, Lord
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Byng, G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Cave, R.
Cavendish, Hon.C.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W. R.
Clements, Lord Vt.
Codrington, Admi.
Collins, W.
Conyngham, Lord
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W. G.
Crompton, Sir S.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Denison, J.
D'Eyncourt, Right Hon. C. T.
Divett, E.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. C.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Lord
Ellice, Capt.
Evans, G.
Evans, Sir De L.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Fielden, J.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, Sir P.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Hill, Lord A.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, P. H.
Howard, Sir R.
Howick, Ld. Visct.
Hume, J.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Johnson, Gen
Kinnaird, Hn. A.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lefevre, C.
Leveson, Lord
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G.
O'Connell, D.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Paget, Lord A.
Palmer, C.
Palmerston, Ld. Vt.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Phillpotts, J.
Ponsonby, C. F.
Ponsonby, Hn. J.
Power, James
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Scrope, G.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, B.
Smith, Hon. R.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stock, Dr.
Stuart, Lord J.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Thomson, Rt. Hn C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, Sir R.
Warburton, H.
Ward, H.
Westenra, Hn. J.
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
Smith, V.
Wood, C.

No. 284. Motion made, and Question put, "To disagree with the Lords in leaving out the fourth Clause:" — The House divided; Ayes 157, Noes 137.

AYES.

Adam, Adml.
Aglionby, H.
Alston, R.
Archbold, R.
Baines, E.
Ball, Rt. Hon. N.
Baring, F.
Barnard, E.
Bellew, R.
Bentinck Ld. W.
Berkeley, Hn. H.
Berkeley, Hn. C.
Bernal, R.
Blake, W.
Brabazon, Lord
Brabazon, Sir W.
Bridgeman, H.
Briscoe, J.
Brotherton, J.
Bryan, G.
Byng, G.
Campbell, Sir J.
Cave, R.
Cavendish, Hn. C.
Cayley, E.
Chalmers, P.
Clay, W.
Clayton, Sir W.
Clements, Ld. Vt.
Codrington, Admi.
Collins, W.
Conyngham, Ld. A.
Cowper, Hon. W.
Craig, W. G.
Crompton, Sir S.
Curry, W.
Dalmeny, Lord
Dashwood, G.
Denison, W.
Duckworth, S.
Duke, Sir J.
Dundas, F.
Dundas, Hon. J. C.
Easthope, J.
Ebrington, Ld. Vt.
Ellice, Capt.
Evans, Sir De L.
Evans, G.
Ferguson, Sir Rob.
Finch, F.
Fitzgibbon, Hon. Col.
Fitzroy, Lord C.
Fleetwood, Sir P.
Gordon, R.
Goring, H.
Grattan, J.
Grey, Sir C.
Grey, Sir G.
Hastie, A.
Hawes, B.
Hawkins, J.
Hayter, W.
Heathcoat, J.
Hector, C.
Hill, Lord A.
Hindley, C.
Hobhouse, Sir J.
Hobhouse, T. B.
Hodges, T.
Hollond, R.
Horsman, E.
Hoskins, K.
Howard, P.
Howard, Sir R.
Howick, Lord Vt.
Hutt, W.
Hutton, R.
James, W.
Johnson, Gen.
Kinnaird, Hon. A.
Labouchere, Right Hon. H.
Lefevre, C.
Lemon, Sir C.
Leveson, Lord
Lushington, Dr.
Lushington, C.
Lynch, A.
Macleod, R.
Marshall, W.
Martin, J.
Martin, T.
Maule, Hon. F.
Mildmay, P. St. John
Morpeth, Lord Vt.
Morris, D.
Murray, Rt. Hn. J.
Muskett, G. A.
O'Brien, W. S.
O'Connell, J.
O'Connell, M. J.
O'Connell, Morg.
O'Ferrall, R. M.
Paget, Lord A.
Palmer, C.
Palmerston, Visct.
Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Parnell, Sir H.
Pattison, J.
Pechell, Capt.
Pendarves, E.
Ponsonby, C.
Ponsonby, Hon. J.
Power, James
Price, Sir R.
Protheroe, E.
Pryme, G.
Pusey, P.
Redington, T.
Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.
Rich, H.
Rolfe, Sir R.
Russell, Lord J.
Russell, Lord C.
Salwey, Col.
Scrope, G. P.
Seymour, Lord
Sheil, R. L.
Smith, J. A.
Smith, B.
Smith, R.
Somerville, Sir W.
Stanley, E. J.
Steuart, R.
Stewart, James
Stock, Dr.
Stuart, Lord J.
Style, Sir C.
Surrey, Earl of
Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Thornely, T.
Troubridge, Sir E.
Turner, E.
Vigors, N.
Vivian, Sir R.
Wallace, R.
Warburton, H.
Westenra, Hon. J.
Williams, W. A.
Wilshere, W.
Winnington, H. J.
Wood, C.
Wood, Sir M.
Wood, G. W.
Wyse, T.
Yates, J.

Tellers.
O'Connell, D.
Hume, J.

NOES.

nd, Sir T. D.	Dottin, A.	Grimston, Hn. E.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Smith, A.
nd, T. D.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hale, R.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Somerset, Lord G.
ourt, Capt.	Douro, Marq. of	Hardinge, Sir H.	Manners, Lord C.	Stanley, Lord
ger, Capt.	Dowdeswell, W.	Heathcote, Sir W.	Meynell, Capt.	Stormont, Lord
athnott, Hon.	Dunbar, G.	Heneage, G.	Miller, W.	Sturt, H.
.	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Henniker, Lord	Milnes, R.	Sugden, Sir E.
vood, M.	East, J.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Monypenny, T.	Teignmouth, Lord
ge, W.	Eaton, R.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Neeld, Joseph	Tennent, J. E.
er, E.	Egerton, W.	Hillsborough, Earl	Neeld, John	Thomas, Col.
ington, Ld. Vt.	Eliot, Lord	Hodgson, F.	Norreys, Lord	Thompson, Ald.
kburne, I.	Ellis, J.	Hodgson, R.	Ossulston, Lord	Trench, Sir F.
r, J.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hogg, J.	Pakington, J.	Tyrrell, Sir J.
lero, H.	Estcourt, T. (Dev.)	Hope, Hon. C.	Parker, M.	Vere, Sir C.
lshaw, J.	Farnham, E.	Hope, G. W.	Parker, R.	Verner, Col.
nston, T.	Fector, J.	Hotham, Lord	Peel, Sir R.	Vernon, G.
adley, H.	Filmer, Sir E.	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Perceval, Col.	Vivian, J.
adwood, H.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Waddington, H.
wnrigg, S.	Fleming, J.	James, Sir W.	Pigot, R.	Walsh, Sir J.
ce, Lord E.	Forester, Hon. G.	Jermyn, Earl	Polhill, F.	Whitmore, T.
er, Sir J. Y.	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Praed, W. T	Wood, T.
rell, Sir C.	Gibson, T.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Reid, Sir J.	Yorke, Hon. E.
te, W.	Gladstone, W. E.	Knatchbull, Sir E.	Richards, R.	Young, J. (Cavan)
rington, C.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Knightley, Sir C.	Rickford, W.	
apton, H.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Rose, Sir G.	
ry, Hon. H.	H.	Lincoln, Earl of	Rushbrooke, Col.	
rymple, Sir A.	Graham, Sir J.	Lockhart, A.	Sandon, Ld. Vt.	*Tellers.*
by, G.	Granby, Marq.	Lowther, Hn. Col.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Horsey, S.	Grant, F. W.	Lowther, J. H.	Sibthorp, Col.	Holmes, W.
raeli, B.	Grimston, Lord			

285. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.—Lords' Amendments further considered, as far as Clause 10.; some agreed to; some amended, and agreed to; other disagreed to:—

Clause 10.: After the word "And," proposed to insert the following words, "whereas, by the said recited Act, of the ninth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Fourth, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that, upon the application of twenty-one or more householders residing in any city, town corporate, borough, market town, or other town, in Ireland, the lighting, watching, cleansing, or paving of which is not provided for under any Act of Parliament, each of such householders occupying a dwelling-house or other tenement of the annual value of twenty pounds or more, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief governor or governors of Ireland, to authorise the carrying of the said Act into execution, and for that purpose to order and direct that a meeting shall be convened; Be it enacted, That so much of the said Act as requires, or may be construed to require, that an application shall be made by any number of householders, to the Lord Lieutenant or other chief governor or governors in any borough named in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, in which, under the provisions of this Act, commissioners are to be elected to administer the corporate property until the grant of a charter of incorporation to such borough as hereinbefore provided, and in which no commissioners shall have been previously elected under the last recited Act, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed, but so as not to affect anything already done under the provisions of the said Act; and that the Lord Lieutenant, or other chief governor or governors of Ireland, without any application from any householder of any such borough as last aforesaid, shall direct that the last recited Act shall be carried into execution in every such borough as last aforesaid, and for that purpose shall direct that any two or more justices of the peace resident within ten miles of any such borough as last aforesaid shall convene a meeting for the purpose of carrying the said Act, as altered by this Act, into execution, and shall preside thereat; and such order and direction shall be signified and published in the same manner as an order made under the said recited Act is thereby directed to be signified and published; and at every meeting so convened, the persons who, under the provisions of the said Act, would be entitled to vote at a meeting convened under the said Act, shall be entitled to vote; and it shall not be lawful for the said meeting to determine that the provisions of the said Act shall not be carried into execution as directed by

such order; but the persons so assembled and entitled to vote shall proceed to elect commissioners as directed by the said Act, from among the persons qualified according to the provisions of the said Act: Provided always, however, that in case a poll shall be demanded, it shall not be continued longer than the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon on the second day of polling, but may be closed before that hour, after the lapse of one hour without any person having tendered his vote; and the commissioners elected as aforesaid shall have all the powers, rights, and privileges which commissioners elected under the said recited Act now have, and shall continue in office for the same period, and be bound to perform the same duties, and be liable to the same penalties, as the commissioners under the said Act are, and new commissioners to supply their places shall be elected as is provided by the said Act with respect to the commissioners elected under the provisions thereof, and all provisions herein contained concerning commissioners to be elected as aforesaid, shall apply to the commissioners (if any) who shall have been previously elected under the last recited Act:" — Question put, "That the proposed words be there inserted:" — The House divided; Ayes 116, Noes 97. — (August 3.)

AYES.

Adam, Admi.	Curry, W.	Hume, J.	Parnell, Sir H.	Strangways, Hn. J.
Aglionby, H. A.	Dalmeny, Lord	Hutt, W.	Pattison, J.	Style, Sir C.
Alston, R.	Dashwood, G. H.	Hutton, R.	Pechell, Capt.	Thomson, Rt. Hn. C. P.
Archbold, R.	Divett, E.	Labouchere, Right Hon. H.	Pendarves, E.	Thornely, T.
Ball, Rt. Hon. N.	Duke, Sir J.	Lemon, Sir C.	Ponsonby, Hon. J.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Bannerman A.	Easthope, J.	Leveson, Lord	Power, James	Turner, E.
Barnard, E.	Ebrington, Ld. Vt.	Lushington, Dr.	Pryme, G.	Vigors, N.
Bellew, R.	Evans, G.	Lushington, C.	Redington, T.	Villiers, C. P.
Benett, J.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lynch, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vivian, Sir R. H.
Berkeley, Hon. H.	Finch, F.	Macleod, R.	Rich, H.	Wallace, R.
Bernal, R.	Gordon, R.	Marshall, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Warburton, H.
Bowes, J.	Grattan, J.	Martin, J.	Russell, Lord J.	Williams, W. A.
Brabazon, Lord	Grey, Sir G.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Ld. (Tav.)	Winnington, H. J.
Brabazon, Sir W.	Harvey, D. W.	Morris, D.	Russell, Lord C.	Wood, C.
Briscoe, J.	Hastie, A.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, G.
Brotherton, J.	Hector, C.	Muskett, G. A.	Scrope, G. P.	Wyse, T.
Bryan, G.	Hill, Lord A.	O'Connell, D.	Seymour, Lord	Yates, J. A.
Cave, R.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	O'Connell, J.	Sheil, R.	
Cayley, E.	Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, M. J.	Smith, J. A.	
Chalmers, P.	Hodges, T.	O'Connell, Morgan	Smith, Hon. R.	
Childers, J.	Hollond, R.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Smith, R. V.	
Clements, Ld. Vt.	Hoskins, K.	Palmer, C. F.	Somerville, Sir W.	*Tellers.*
Codrington, Adm.	Howard, P. H.	Palmerston, Ld. Vt.	Stewart, James	Steuart, R.
Collins, W.	Howard, Sir R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stock, Dr.	Stanley, E. J.
Crompton, Sir S.	Howick, Ld. Visct.		Stuart, Lord J.	

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	De Horsey, S.	Grimston, Ld. Vt.	Mackinnon, W.	Sturt, H.
A'Court, Capt.	Douglas, Sir C.	Grimston, Hon. E.	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Tennent, J.
Attwood, M.	Douro, Marquess of	Heneage, W.	Manners, Lord C.	Thomas, Col.
Bagge, W.	Dowdeswell, W.	Herbert, Hon. S.	Meynell, Capt.	Thornhill, G.
Baker, E.	Dunbar, G.	Herries, Rt. Hn. J.	Miller, W.	Tollemache, F.
Barrington, Lord	Duncombe, Hn. W.	Hillsborough, Earl	Neeld, Joseph	Trench, Sir F.
Blackburne, I.	East, J.	Hodgson, R.	Neeld, John	Tyrrell, Sir J.
Blackstone, W.	Eaton, R.	Hope, H. T.	Norreys, Lord	Vere, Sir C.
Blair, J.	Egerton, W.	Hope, G. W.	Ossulston, Lord	Verner, Col.
Blennerhassett, A.	Eliot, Lord	Hotham, Lord	Peel, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
Bramston, T.	Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Ingestre, Lord Vt.	Perceval, Col.	Waddington, H.
Broadley, H.	Farnham, E.	Inglis, Sir R.	Perceval, Hon. G.	Walsh, Sir J.
Buller, Sir J. Y.	Filmer, Sir E.	Irvine, J.	Praed, W. T.	Wood, T.
Canning, Sir S.	Fitzroy, Hon. H.	Jones, T.	Richards, R.	Young, J. (Cav.)
Chute, W.	Fleming, J.	Kemble, H.	Rushbrooke, Col.	
Codrington, C.	Forester, Hon. G.	Knightley, Sir C.	Rushout, G.	
Compton, H.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lascelles, Hon. W.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	
Coote, Sir C.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn. H.	Lockhart, A.	Sibthorp, Col.	*Tellers.*
Corry, Hon. H.	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, J. H.	Somerset, Lord G.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Dalrymple, Sir A.	Granby, Marq. of	Lucas, E.	Spry, Sir S.	Holmes, W.
Darby, G.		Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Stanley, Lord	

No. 286. SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) BILL. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question put, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — The House divided; Ayes 28, Noes 23.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Hodges, T.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Salwey, Col.	Vigors, N.
Archbold, R.	Howard, P.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Sheil, R.	Wallace, R.
Blennerhassett, A.	Lynch, A.	Pechell, Capt.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Bridgeman, H.	Morris, D.	Power, James	Steuart, R.	*Tellers.*
Finch, F.	O'Connell, J.	Pryme, G.	Stock, Dr.	O'Connell, D.
Grattan, J.	O'Connell, M. J.	Redington, T.	Verner, Col.	Tennent, E.
Hobhouse, T. B.	O'Connell, Morg.			

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Hutton, R.	Rushbrooke, Col.	Young, J.
Acland, T. D.	Goulburn, Rt. Hn.	Inglis, Sir R.	Style, Sir C.	
Brotherton, J.	H.	Jones, T.	Thornhill, G.	*Tellers.*
Clements, Lord	Graham, Sir J.	Lowther, J. H.	Trench, Sir F.	Lucas, E.
Curry, W.	Hawes, B.	Perceval, Col.	Wood, G.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.
Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Perceval, Hon. G.		

No. 287. BENEFICES PLURALITY BILL. — Lords' Amendments agreed to, as far as Amendment in pr. 3., l. 36.: — Amendment, in pr. 3., l. 36., to leave out from "preferment" to "And," in pr. 4., l. 18.: — Motion made, and Question put, "To disagree with the Lords in the said Amendment:" — The House divided; Ayes 28, Noes 54. — (August 6.)

AYES.

Archbold, R.	Divett, E.	Lushington, C.	Redington, T.	Warburton, H.
Brotherton, J.	Douglas, Sir C.	Morris, D.	Somers, J.	Yates, J.
Brownrigg, S.	Finch, F.	O'Connell, M. J.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Bryan, G.	Hector, C.	Pechell, Capt.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Codrington, Adm.	Hill, Lord A.	Philips, M.	Thornely, T.	Aglionby, H. A.
Currie, R.	Hutton, R.	Pryme, G.	Wallace, R.	Hawes, B.
Curry, W.	Kinnaird, Hon. A.			

NOES.

Alston, R.	Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lemon, Sir C.	Palmerston, Ld.Vt.	Stock, Dr.
Anson, Hon. Col.	Freshfield, J.	Lincoln, Earl of	Parker, R.	Surrey, Earl of
Ashley, Lord	Gladstone, W.	Lowther, J. H.	Perceval, Col.	Thomson, Rt. Hn.
Baker, E.	Harvey, D. W.	Lucas, E.	Praed, W. M.	C. P.
Blackburne, I.	Hayter, W.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Praed, W. T.	Thornhill, G
Broadwood, H.	Hodgson, R.	Lynch, A.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Vere, Sir C.
Bruce, Lord E.	Hope, G. W.	Macleod, R.	Richards, R.	Verner, Col.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hotham, Lord	Mahon, Lord Vt.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Wood, Sir M.
Chute, W.	Inglis, Sir R.	Maule, Hon. F.	Russell, Lord J.	
Clayton, Sir W.	Kemble, H.	Maule, W.	Sandon, Lord	*Tellers.*
Eliot, Lord	Labouchere, Right	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Somerset, Lord G.	O'Ferrall, R.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Hon. H.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	Steuart, R. M.

No. 288. Amendments considered as far as pr. 70., l. 16.; some agreed to; some disagreed to; some amended, and agreed to; Amendment, pr. 70., l. 16., to leave out from "Benefice" to "And," in pr. 71., l. 19.; Motion made, and Question put, "To disagree with the Lords in the said Amendment:" — The House divided; Ayes 26, Noes 46.

AYES.

Bowes, J.	Divett, E.	Lefevre, C.	Power, James	Vigors, N.
Brotherton, J.	Duke, Sir J.	Lushington, Dr.	Pryme, G.	Yates, J.
Bryan, G.	Finch, F.	Lushington, C.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Clements, Lord Vt.	Fitzroy, Lord C.	Pechell, Capt.	Stock, Dr.	*Tellers.*
Codrington, Sir E.	Hector, C.	Philips, M.	Style, Sir C.	Aglionby, H.
Currie, R.	Hutton, R.	Ponsonby, Hn. J.	Tollemache, F.	Hawes, B.

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Gladstone, W.	Macleod, R.	Sandon, Lord Vt.	Vivian, J. E.
Bellew, R.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Maule, Hon. F.	Seymour, Lord	Wood, C.
Blennerhassett, A.	Hodgson, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.	Wood, Sir M.
Byng, G.	Hogg, J.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, T.
Dalmeny, Lord	Howard, P. H.	Parker, R. T.	Steuart, R.	
Eaton, R.	Inglis, Sir R.	Parnell, Sir H.	Surrey, Earl of	
Ellis, J. (Newry)	Jones, T.	Price, Sir R.	Thomson, Right	
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Kemble, H.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Hon. C. P.	*Tellers.*
Etwall, R.	Lemon, Sir C.	Richards, R.	Turner, E.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Lucas, E.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Vere, Sir C.	Troubridge, Sir E.
Freshfield, J.	Maclean, D.	Russell, Lord J.		

No. 289. SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) BILL. — Order for Committee read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the word "That" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "this House will, upon this day three months, resolve itself into the said Committee," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 35, Noes 25.

AYES.

Aglionby, H.	Hector, C.	Morris, D.	Pendarves, E.	Wallace, R.
Archbold, R.	Hobhouse, T.	Muskett, G.	Philipps, M.	Wyse, T.
Bellew, R.	Howard, P. H.	O'Connell, Dan.	Power, James	Yates, J.
Blennerhassett, A.	Lushington, C.	O'Connell, J.	Somerville, Sir W.	
Chalmers, P.	Lynch, A.	O'Connell, Morg.	Stock, Dr.	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord	Macleod, R.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Thornely, T.	O'Connell, M. J.
Etwall, R.	Maule, W.	Parnell, Sir H.	Townley, R.	Pryme, J.
Gordon, R.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Pechell, Capt.	Vigors, N.	

NOES.

Acland, Sir T. D.	Freshfield, J.	Kemble, H.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Vivian, J.
Alsager, Capt.	Hawes, B.	Lefevre, C.	Russell, Lord J.	
Brotherton, J.	Hodgson, R.	Lockhart, A.	Spry, Sir S.	*Tellers.*
Clements, Lord	Holmes, W.	Lucas, E.	Thornhill, G.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
Estcourt, T. (Ox. U.)	Inglis, Sir R.	Praed, W. T.	Tollemache, F.	Ellis, J. (Newry.)
Ferguson, Sir Rob.	Jones, T.	Richards, R.	Vere, Sir C.	

No. 290. SPIRIT LICENCES (IRELAND) BILL. — Reported; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Amendments be now read a second time:" — Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 48, Noes 28. — (August 9.)

AYES.

Alston, R.	Duckworth, S.	O'Connell, Morg.	Seymour, Lord	Wilmot, Sir J.
Archbold, R.	Finch, F.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Smith, B.	Wilshere, W.
Bannerman, A.	Hayter, W.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Stanley, E. J.	Wood, Sir M.
Blennerhassett, A.	Hector, C.	Parnell, Sir H.	Steuart, R.	Yates, J.
Bowes, J.	Hoskins, K.	Pendarves, E.	Stock, Dr.	
Bryan, G.	Lushington, Dr.	Philips, M.	Thornley, T.	
Chalmers, P.	Lynch, A.	Phillpotts, J.	Townley, R.	
Clay, W.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Power, James	Vigors, N.	*Tellers.*
Codrington, Admi.	Morris, D.	Pryme, G.	Vivian, Sir R.	O'Connell, Dan.
Divett, E.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Pryse, P.	Wall, C.	Pechell, Capt.
Douglas, Sir C.	Muskett, G. A.	Salwey, Col.	Ward, H.	

NOES.

Adam, Admiral	Ebrington, Lord	Irving, J.	Reid, Sir J.	Wood, C.
Alsager, Capt.	Follett, Sir W.	Labouchere, Right	Rolfe, Sir R.	
Anson, Hon. Col.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Hon. H.	Russell, Lord J.	
Brotherton, J.	Grey, Sir G.	Lefevre, C.	Scrope, G.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Hawes, B.	Lemon, Sir C.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Chute, W.	Hutton, R.	Milnes, R.	Troubridge, Sir T.	Shaw, Rt. Hon. F.
D'Israeli, B.	Inglis, Sir R.	Polhill, F.	Vivian, J. E.	Perceval, Col.

No. 291. CIRENCESTER HUNDRED COURT BILL. — Reported; Amendments read; Motion made, and Question proposed, "That the Amendments made by the Committee to the Bill be now read a second time:"—Amendment proposed, to leave out from the words "That the" to the end of the Question, in order to add the words "Report be taken into further consideration upon this day three months," instead thereof: — Question put, "That the words proposed to be left out stand part of the Question:" — The House divided; Ayes 25, Noes 43. — (August 13.)

AYES.

Alsager, Capt.	Dalrymple, Sir A.	Freshfield, J.	Lowther, J. H.	Wilmot, Sir J.
Bentinck, Lord G.	Dottin, A.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	
Blennerhassett, A.	Douro, Marq. of	Hodgson, R.	Pollock, Sir F.	*Tellers.*
Chapman, A.	Ellis, J.	Holmes, W.	Shaw, Rt. Hn. F.	Ashley, Lord
Chute, W.	Follett, Sir W.	Hotham, Lord	Stanley, Lord	Somerset, Lord G
Coote, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.	Kemble, H.	Vere, Sir C.	

NOES.

Ball, Rt. Hon. N.	Hawes, B.	Martin, T.	Russell, Lord J.	Troubridge, Sir T.
Briscoe, J.	Hayter, W.	Morpeth, Lord	Sanford, E.	Vigors, N.
Brotherton, J.	Hobhouse, Sir J.	Morris, D.	Smith, R.	Wood, C.
Bryan, G.	Hoskins, K.	Murray, Rt. Hn. J.	Stanley, E. J.	Wyse, W.
Campbell, Sir J.	Hutton, R.	Muskett, G.	Steuart, R.	Yates, J. A.
Chalmers, P.	Labouchere, Right	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Stewart, James	
Codrington, Adm.	Hon. H.	Palmer, C. F.	Stock, Dr.	*Tellers.*
Dalmeny, Lord	Leader, J.	Parker, J. (Sheff.)	Style, Sir C.	Phillpotts, J.
Gordon, R.	Lefevre, C.	Pendarves, E.	Thomson, Right	Scrope, G.
Grey, Sir G.	Macleod, R.	Pryme, G.	Hon. C. P.	

No. 292. REGISTRATION OF ELECTORS BILL. — Clause B read; Motion made, and Question put, "That this House do disagree to Clause B:" — The House divided; Ayes 43, Noes 25. — (August 14.)

AYES.

Adam, Admiral	Finch, F.	Macleod, R.	Rice, Rt. Hn. T. S.	Thornely, T.
Aglionby, H.	Grey, Sir C.	Maule, W.	Rolfe, Sir R.	Vigors, N.
Archbold, R.	Grey, Sir G.	Morpeth, Lord Vt.	Russell, Lord J.	Wilde, Serjt.
Bernal, R.	Hoskins, K.	Morris, D.	Salwey, Col.	Wood, C.
Brotherton, J.	Howard, P. H.	O'Ferrall, R. M.	Sanford, E.	
Bryan G.	Howard, Sir R.	Palmer, C.	Stanley, E. J.	
Campbell, Sir J.	Howick, Lord Vt.	Power, James	Stock, Dr.	
Cave, R.	Leader, J.	Price, Sir R.	Style, Sir C.	*Tellers.*
Chalmers, P.	Lefevre, C.	Pryme, G.	Thomson, Right	Parker, J. (Sheff.)
Ebrington, Lord	Lushington, Dr.	Pryse, P.	Hon. C. P.	Steuart, R.

NOES.

Acland, T. D.	Douglas, Sir C.	Hotham, Lord	Round, J.	Wood, T.
Attwood, W.	Ellis, J.	Inglis, Sir R.	Sibthorp, Col.	
Bentinck, Lord G.	Follett, Sir W.	Kerrison, Sir E.	Stanley, Lord	*Tellers.*
Bramston, T.	Gordon, Hn. Capt.	Lygon, Hon. Gen.	Vere, Sir C.	Fremantle, Sir T.
Chute, W.	Henniker, Lord	Meynell, Capt.	Verner, Col.	Holmes, W.
Darby, G.	Hodgson, R.	Parker, R.	Wodehouse, E.	

LISTS OF DIVISIONS.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

(SESSION 1837-38.)

No. 1. Poor Laws (Ireland) Bill. — MINORITY of 20, against MAJORITY of 149, against the second reading. — (May 21.)

DUKE.	Westmeath	Glengall	Stanhope	Boston
Beaufort		Hardwicke	Stradbroke	Brougham and Vaux
	EARLS.	Roden		
MARQUESSES.	Belmore	Limerick	LORDS.	Clanbrock
Clanricarde	Caledon	Sheffield	Alvanley	Teynham
Londonderry	Charleville			

No. 2. Education (Ireland). — MINORITY of 26, against MAJORITY of 71, on moving the resolutions, —

I. "That it appears to this House that the system of national education in Ireland has failed to effect the objects stated in the letter from Mr. Stanley (now Lord Stanley) to his Grace the Duke of Leinster, dated October, 1831, so far as the education of Protestants and Roman Catholics in common is concerned."

II. "That the working of the system has been productive of undue encouragement of the Roman Catholic, and discouragement of the Protestant, religion in Ireland."

III. "That the modifications announced in the Fourth Report do not appear adequate to the preventing or remedying of the evils which have been produced."

ARCHBISHOP.	EARLS.	Lorton	London	Gage
Canterbury	Bandon	Strangford		Grantley
	Mountcashel		LORDS.	Kenyon
DUKE.	Warwick	BISHOPS.	Bexley	Rayleigh
Newcastle	Winchelsea	Bangor	Carbery	Saltersford (E. Courtoun)
		Carlisle	Clanbrassil	
MARQUESS.	VISCOUNTS.	Exeter	(E. Roden)	Sondes
Cholmondeley	Combermere	Gloucester	De Saumarez	

No. 3. Poor Relief (Ireland) Bill.—MAJORITY of 93, against MINORITY of 31, in favour of the third reading of the Bill. — (July 9.)

DUKES.	Headfort	Effingham	Shaftesbury	Chichester
Leinster	Lansdowne	Galloway	Uxbridge	Derry
Rutland	Westminster	Harewood		Durham
Somerset		Ilchester	VISCOUNTS.	Hereford
	EARLS.	Leitrim	Falkland	Ripon
MARQUESSES.	Abingdon	Lovelace	Lismore	Salisbury
Breadalbane	Albemarle	Minto	Melbourne	
Bute	Bathurst	Moray		LORDS.
Carmarthen	Camperdown	Morton	BISHOPS.	Ashburton
hire	Cork	Radnor	Bangor	Bexley

Calthorpe	Ellenborough	Littleton	Montford	Vaux of Harrowden
De Saumarez	Grantley	Montagu	Redesdale	Wodehouse
Downes	Howden	Mostyn	Saye and Sele	Wynford

PROXIES 24. (These not published.)

No. 4. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.—MAJORITY of 96, against MINORITY of 36, in favour of Amendment (in committee), to leave out after the words "of the" the words "yearly value of not less than ten pounds, to be ascertained and determined as hereinafter mentioned," and to insert "and that such yearly value be ascertained and determined in manner following, and not otherwise; that is to say, such value shall be composed of the net annual value of the premises occupied by the persons, and rated as they are hereby required under an Act to pass for the relief of the poor in the present Session of Parliament, and of the landlord's repairs and insurance, as established and stated in such rate."—(LORD LYNDHURST.) (July 12.)

DUKES.		VISCOUNTS.		
Dorset	Glengall	Beresford	Camden (E. of Brecknock)	Melros (E. of Haddington)
Rutland	Hardwicke	Combermere	Carteret	Middleton
Wellington	Harewood	Gort	Clanwilliam	Montagu
	Harrington	St. John	Colchester	Northwick
MARQUESSES.	Hawarden	Willoughby de Broke	Clonbrooke	Penshurst, (Visct. Strangford)
Hertford	Home		Colville	Ravensworth
Salisbury	Liverpool	BISHOPS.	Cowley	Rayleigh
	Melville	Bangor	Dalhousie	Reay
EARLS.	Morton	Carlisle	De Lisle	Redesdale
Abingdon	Mountcashel	London	Downes	Rolle
Arbuthnot	Ripon		Dunsany	Sandys
Bandon	Rosslyn	LORDS.	Ellenborough	Sondes
Bathhurst	Shaftesbury	Alvanley	Gage	Salterford (E. of Courtoun)
Bute	Strathallan	Ashburton	Glenlyon	Stewart of Garlies (E. of Galloway)
Cawdor	St. Vincent	Bagot	Grantley	Southampton
Charleville	Talbot	Bexley	Heytesbury	Wharncliffe
Dartmouth	Verulam	Bolton	Kenyon	Wodehouse
De la Warr	Warwick	Boston	Londes	
Devon	Westmeath	Braybrooke	Lyndhurst	
Doneraile	Wicklow	Calthorpe	Meldrum (M. of Huntley)	
Eldon	Wilton			

No. 5. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS (IRELAND) BILL.—MAJORITY of 144, against MINORITY of 67, on the Motion that the Amendment of the House of Commons, fixing the qualification at eight pounds, be agreed to. Present 64. (August 7.)

DUKE.				
Wellington	Brecknock	Ripon	Strangford	De Lisle
	Clancarty	Roden		Dunsany
MARQUESSES.	Clanwilliam	Rosslyn	BISHOPS.	Ellenborough
Abercorn	De Grey	Shaftesbury	Oxford	Forester
Ailesbury	De Lawarr	Tankerville	St. David's	Lyndhurst
Downshire	Devon	Verulam		Montagu
Exeter	Digby		LORDS.	Rayleigh
Ormonde	Eldon	VISCOUNTS.	Alvanley	Reay
Salisbury	Falmouth	Canning	Ashburton	Redesdale
	Haddington	Canterbury	Bayning	Sandys
EARLS.	Jersey	Exmouth	Bexley	Sondes
Abingdon	Limerick	Gage	Calthorpe	Southampton
Bandon	Mansfield	Hawarden	Carbery	Stuart de Rothsay
Bathhurst	Munster	Hood	Colchester	Tenterden
	Powlett	St. Vincent	Colville	Wharncliffe

PROXIES (80).

DUKES.		EARLS.		
Montrose	Camden	Airlie	Donoughmore	Home
Northumberland	Hertford	Balcarres	Dunmore	Hopetoun
	Huntley	Bradford	Elgin	Howe
MARQUESSES.	Waterford	Caledon	Guilford	Leven
Bute	Westmeath	Cardigan	Hardwicke	Lucan
			Harrington	Macclesfield

Malmesbury
Morton
Mayo
Mount Edgcumbe
Onslow
Plymouth
Powis
St. Germain's
Sandwich
Selkirk
Somers
Stamford
Waldegrave
Warwick
Westmoreland
Winchelsea

VISCOUNTS.
Combermere
Doneraile
Ferrard
Lorton
Sidmouth
Strathallan
Sydney

BISHOPS.
Bangor
Gloucester

LORDS.
Abinger
Arden
Bagot
Boston
Carrington
Carteret
Churchill
Clinton
Delamere
De Saumarez
De Tabley
Douglas
Downes
Faversham
Forbes
Gifford
Glenlyon
Grantley
Harris
Manners
Maryborough
Monson
Rivers
Rodney
St. Helen's
Wallace
Walsingham
Willoughby de Broke
Wodehouse
Wynford

No. 6. CANADA GOVERNMENT ACT DECLARATORY BILL. — MAJORITY of 54 against 36, in favour of second reading.—(August 9.)

DUKE.
Wellington

MARQUESSES.
Exeter
Salisbury
Tweedale

EARLS.
Abingdon
Bandon
Cadogan
Cardigan
Charleville
Clancarty
Clanwilliam
De Grey
De Lawarr
Devon
Eldon
Falmouth
Glengall
Haddington
Harrowby
Jersey
Limerick
Mansfield
Pembroke
Ripon
Rosslyn
Verulam
Wicklow
Wilton

VISCOUNTS.
Canterbury
Exmouth
Gage
Hawarden
Hood
St. Vincent
Strangford

LORDS.
Alvanley
Bayning
Bexley
Brougham
Calthorpe
Churchhill
Cowley
De Lisle
Dunsany
Ellenborough
Forester
Lyndhurst
Montagu
Rayleigh
Redesdale
Sandys
Sondes
Stuart de Rothsay
Wharncliffe

MINORITY of 36.

DUKES.
Argyll
Leinster
Norfolk
Sutherland

MARQUESSES.
Clanricarde
Headfort
Lansdowne

EARLS.
Charlemont
Cowper
Effingham
Fingall
Ilchester
Lovelace
Minto
Scarborough
Thanet

VISCOUNTS.
Falkland
Lismore
Melbourne

BISHOP.
Hereford

LORDS.
Barham
Cottenham
De Manley
Dinorben
Glenelg
Holland
Howden
Lilford
Montford
Mostyn
Plunket
Saye and Sele
Seaford
Strafford
Sudeley
Vaux

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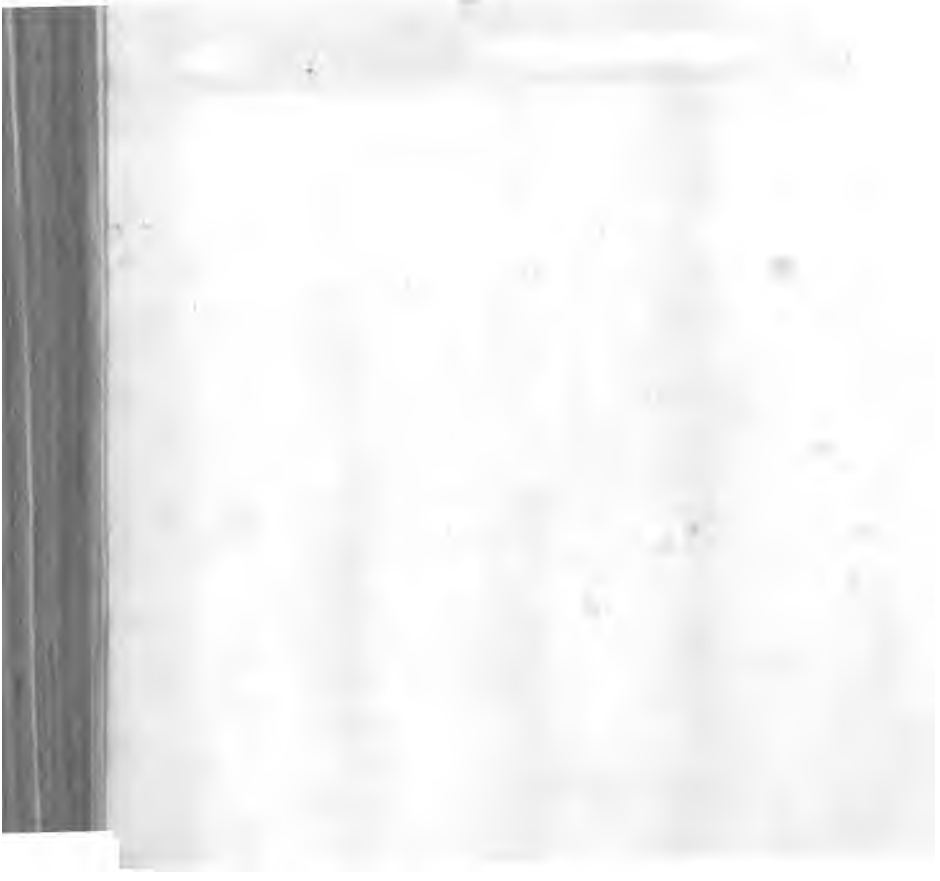
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